## POSITION OF VENEZUELA

Attorney General Says French Cable Company Pailed to Keep Its Contract.

SUIT AGAINST ASPHALT COMPANY

Appellate Court Finds that Corporation Furnished Funds and Supplies to Matos Revolutionary Party.

CARACAS, April 1.-Francisco Arrora Perejo, attorney general of Venezuela, today outlined to the Associated Press the grounds taken by the supreme court in its decision to annul the French Cable company's contract.

The company contracted to construct a submarine cable between LaGuaira and the United States, but it built a land line over Santo Domingo and repeated Dominican revolutions interrupted it, causing loss to Venezuelan commerce. The company also contracted to construct national coastwise cables, but made the line international from Porto Cabello to Coro, by touching the Dutch Island of Curacao.

The French Cable company's attorney announces that he will appeal from the decision of the court, but France has not made any further representations. Of the New York and Bermudez Asphalt

company case the attorney general said: Venezuela has not confiscated the New Venesuela has not confiscated the New York and Bermudes company property. It is provisionally in charge of a receiver, who is responsible to the court and who makes a menthly fifancial report to the court. The receiver and not the govern-ment holds the property in trust. When the receivership ends a full accounting will be made.

Suit Against Asphalt Company. WASHINGTON, April 1 .- Senor Veloz-

Goiticca, charge d'affaires of Venezuela, called today on Acting Secretary Adee and handed to him, as a mere matter of reference, a translation of the decision of the federal district superior court rejecting the motion to dismiss made by the New York and Bermudez company in the action against said company by the nation to for its participation in the revolution called "libertodora." The text contains some rather startling statements, the facts set out being in substance as follows:

The attorney general for Venezuela on September 22, 1904, brought suit against the New York and Bermudez Asphalt company, in the person of Robert Kemp Wright, its resident representative, for damages by reason of the company's participation in the last revolution (the Matos revolution) called "Libertodora." Mr. Wright pleaded that even if the hypothesis were true (which he denied) there was no ground for action, because under article 123 of the penal code in case of crimes against the national powers any and all proceedings cease upon the re-establishment of public order, whereas he moved to dismiss the suit.

Finding of the Court.

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Upon motion of the attorney general, the court of first instance rejected the motion to dismiss and the case came before the superior court of the federal district on appeal. In passing upon this motion that court remarked in substance that "Upon the definite conclusion of the alliance between the New York and Bermudez company and the chief of the liberating revolution (General Matos), when the latter was in New York in June, 1901, the company began to supply him with the necessary funds to carry on the revolution. President Francis C. Greene of the asphalt company went to meet General Matos in Paris in July to contract for the purchase of a steamer and other necessary elements of war. Greene went to London and Glasgow to examine several steamers on sale, and returning to Paris he drew through the Credit Lyonnais, on the Seaboard National bank of New York, of which bank Greene was a director and where the trust to which the New York and Bermudez company belonged, kept its account. Said draft, amounting to the sum of \$100,000, was ordered to be paid by Mr. Sewall, secretary of the trust, who directed his cashier to charge that amount to an account under the name of 'government's relations,' which contained without details. secretary of the trust, who directed his cashier to charge that amount to an account under the name of 'government's relations,' which contained without details all the money expended on Venezuela. A few days later a draft for \$30,000 was drawn, paid and entered in the same manner. A few months later, as the results of Greene's work in Europe, the fatally celebrated steamer. Ban Righ, whose history of piratic depredations is known to all, came to the coast of Venezuela, carrying an immense amount of munitions of war, and having on board the chief of the revolution.

"The wonderful campaign, during which the present chief executive routed and put to flight the armies of the revolution, was not sufficient to convince the company in reference of the total failure of its plans nor to make it sbandon its purpose, because after the celebrated battle of La Victoria the company continued to aid Matos, thus prolonging an iniquitous war under any circumstances which increased the sufferings of the nation and delivered it almost and defenseless to foreign oppression."

Motion to Dismiss Overruled.

Motion to Dismiss Overruled.

Without attempting to pass upon the subject matter of these charges the appellate court, confining itself to the motion to dismiss, filed by the company, held that the right of civil action exists independently of the penal action and the cessation of the revolutionary armed movement did not necessarily imply or embody the actual fact that the disturbing force had been destroyed or that such force might exist in a latent condition while the constituted state preserves its sacred and paramount duty of watching for its security. The civil action did not mean the abrogation of the amnesty granted by the state in criminal cases, so the motion to dismiss

HIGH FINANCE IN GAS MERGER Secretary Obliterates Discrepancy of Three and a Half Millions by Charging it to Construction.

NEW YORK, April 1 .- Officers of the Consolidated Gas company, the controlling organization of the local gas and electric lighting concerns, appeared again today as witnesses before the legislative committee which is inquiring into the alleged menopoly in lighting New York City. There were interesting developments during the day, including the admission by B. A. Whiteley, assistant secretary of the Consolidated company, that in order to show a balance in a statement submitted by him to the committee he had obliterated a discrepancy of \$3,500,000 by charging that amount to "construction," when as a matter of fact such a sum had not been spent. R. A. Carter, secretary of the Consolidated Gas company, explained the apparent discrepancy of more than \$12,000,000 in a statement of the company's investments submitted to the committee by declaring the larger amount represented the ectual amount invested, the smaller the present

values of the property. Counsel for the committee endeavored to show that the earnings of the company on the value of its plant in 1904 was 17 per cent, but counsel for the company pointed out that this did not include any earnings upon the value of its franchises. It looked now as though the company would have to pay its franchise tax, he said.

Mr. Whiteley promised to produce figure showing the amount of gas furnished, the rate charged to the city of New York and the cost of gas production. The committee then adjourned until Monday.

PARKER WILL MAKE SPEECH New York Democratic Club An-

nounces Program for Jefferson Day Dinner April 13.

NEW YORK, April 1.-The Democratic club announces that preparations for its Jefferson day dinner at the Waldorf Ascompel it to pay damages to Venezuela toria April 13 have been completed, the list for its participation in the revolution called of speakers and the toasts assigned to some of them being as follows:

Alton B. Parker-"The Future of the Democratic Party." Augustus Van Wyck-"The World of

Graft." Other speakers are Senator Carmack of Tennessee, Mayor George B. McClellan, Joseph W. Willett of Alabama, Senator Francis Newlands of Nevada, John W. Kern, recently candidate for governor of Indiana; D. Cady Herrick, recently demo cratic candidate for governor of New York, and Henry T. Rainey, the only democratic congressman elected to the next congress

from Illinois. Governor Folk, according to the an nouncement, told ex-Mayor Van Wyck, who has charge of the arrangements, that he probably would accept the invitation to be one of the speakers.

SHOOTING AFFRAY AT ST. JOE Government Chemist at Packing Houses Fatally Wounded During Quarrel.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., April 1 .- P. P. Duck miller, a government chemist at the packing houses, was shot and fatally wounded tonight. He accuses Miss Grace V. Vest with firing four bullets at him during a quarrel at a rooming house at Fourth and Hickory streets. Only one shot took effect.

. G. Vanderbilt Arrested. NEW YORK, April 1.—Alfred Gwynne Vanderbilt, who was arrested for alleged violation of the automobile speed law, was held in \$500 bail for trial when he was arranged in police court today. Vanderbilt was arrested in Harlem after a long chase by a bicycle patrolman.

## CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY.

For the last month the Oratorical society has debated "That Trade Unions Are Detrimental to the Best Interests of the Country," as this subject is the one chosen for the intercollegiate debate with South Dakota university. At the last meeting a team of four were chosen-Edward Leary, '62; William Schall, '01 (law school); George McCracken, '06, and Francis Colfer, '66. The following competed for the team: William Sternberg, John O'Mally, Frank Kushan, Bryant Rogers, Richard Patterson, George Enenr, William Calahan, Amos Henliy and Fred Anheuser.

The Dramatic circle held its regular weekly meeting Friday, Declamations were given by John Brady, William Calahan, James Lanahan, Edward Hogan and John O'Mally.

"Resolved, That the housing of the poor should be improved by municipalities," was debated by the Literary society. Charles Theilan and Mick Stagno represented the affirmative and Charles McGrath and Raymond Carrigan the negative. The latter won by a majority of 13 to 7.

Through the courtesy of Superintendent Page of the smelter, a large number of the upper classmen, accompanied by Father Riggi and Prof, Calhoun, were granted the privilege of visiting the plant Thursday morning.

HAS AS MUCH INTEREST AS FRANCE

German Government Declines to Admit that There is Any Formal Notice of Disantisfac-

treaty of which article I reads:

shall exist between his majesty, the German emperor, and his majesty, the suitan of Morocco, also between their empires and their subjects. Between both empires shall the present freedom of trade continue and for this purpose each of the high contracting parties binds itself to give and to secure to the subjects of the others rights, advantages and privileges now or in the future held by the most favored nation.

Britain, to which Germany is not a signa tory. Germany declines altogether to recog position in Morocco than Germany.

As to whether France informed Germany of the agreement with Great Britain has been fully discussed in the French and British press.

No Official Notice. The German Foreign office regarded Foreign Minister Delcasse's conversation with Prince von Radolin, the German ambassador, as being no more than "tea table talk," very interesting, but as not supplying the place of an official communication which would have called for an official reply. Prince von Radolin's passive and receptive attitude toward M. Delcasse-cannot, it is said at the Foreign office here. be accepted as the German government's assent to the Franco-German agreement. Germany does not trust to France to

The German ambassador to the United States, Baron von Speck Sternburg, under instructions from the Foreign office, has explained to the State department at Washington that Germany stands for the open door in Morocco. Germany has not asked the United States to do anything, nor have negotiations of any sort been begun or proposed. Germany does not expect the Probably also Germany is willing to em- more pretentious exhibition than many may United States to do anything, but it desires that it should be known in Washington that the basis of its action in gaged elsewhere. These motives are, will have many unique and exceedingly at- and our word is good." Morocco is the open door to trade. This phrase "open door" has become a part of German speech. It is used in the Reichstag with the definition Secretary

Hay gave it. Protector of Morocco. The Lokal Anzeiger, in a dispatch from Tangler, says that in replying to the members of the German colony, Emperor William said he was glad to make the acquaintance of the pioneers of Germany in Morocco and to tell them that they had done their duty. They must remain united and continue to fulfill their duty under the emperor's protection. Germany had great commercial interests in Morocco and its trade was advancing gratifyingly. He, the emperor, would make it his business to promote this trade, which was only

created an immense impression in the foreign colony at Tangler and especially

ence of Moroce Great political significance, it is further asserted, is attached to the fact that the

German charge d' affaires accompanied the German emperor to Gibraltar.

declaration. Would Check France Behind this legal attitude, as it may be people when they are in the eastern councalled, of the German government are dip- try and are served with salmon other than ing stamps that have been circulated.

the action is denied with costs against the BERLIN EXPLAINS POSITION

Speech of Emperor at Tangier Based on Present Treaty with Merocco.

BERLIN, April 1.-The Berlin side of the Moroccan controversy is founded on a

tion at Paris.

Continuing and unchanging friendship shall exist between his majesty, the German

This is the treaty of 1891, which under its terms might have been revised in 1896, but was not revised and runs without limitation and without any provision for its denunciation. Such a contract with Morocco cannot of right be dissolved or impaired, it is asserted, by the German government by the agreement between France and Great nize France as having any more dominant

protect German trade. It prefers rather

to deal with the sultan.

possible on the assumption of the equality of all the powers and the sovereignty of FLAVOR OF THE BIG SALMON as have been attempted in Omaha within the sultan and the independence of the land. His visit was a recognition of this Royal Chinook is Not Appreciated in would print the value on the face of each The speech, the Lokal Anzeiger adds,

among the natives, who now refer to the emperor as the protector of the independ-

Interest at Washington. WASHINGTON, April 1.-It is declared at the State department that there have been no exchange whatever between Germany and America respecting the maintenance of the open door in Morocco, When the department was endeavoring to secure the release of Perdicaris it availed itself with gratitude of the good offices of the French representatives and this fact was red, while that of the royal chinook is of a construed by some of the French newspapers into a quasi-recognition by America of the predominance of French influence in Morocco, though really the government never has committed itself in that matter and on the cost where, of course, very little and there has been no occasion for a

lomatic motives which are not easy to measure. Germany is disinclined to see

# We Offer \$5,000

As a Guarantee on Liquozone. The First Bottle is Free.

A great deal is said in these days
bout Liquozone.

What we say about Liquozone is c. Yet it is absolutely harmless to the gotte-Oout
Millions are telling of the good it has again, been done. And in any disease

What we say about Liquozone is c. Yet it is absolutely harmless to the gotte-Oout
Muman body. Not only harmless, but done done. And in any disease helpful in the extreme. Even a well about Liquozone. done; for one home in five-wherever which we claim that Liquozone will help, person feels its instant benefit. you go-has some one whom Liquozone we assume the whole risk on a two

has cured. This remarkable product has become the talk of the world. In the past two years, the sick of nine nations have come to employ it.

But so great a good could not be done o humanity without harming the interests of a few.

The consumption of medicine has immensely decreased. The popularity of the few physicians who cling solely to drugs has diminished. And in numberess homes where Liquozone is in daily ise, sickness has been almost banished. These facts have injured some inter-its. And a few of the injured—to

serve a selfish interest-seek to disparage that which has done the good. The usual method is to insinuate that Liquozone itself is a medicine; that, despite our claims, it is a compound of acids and drugs.

Such statements are oft repeated; and

Our answer to all is this: The virtues of Liquozone are derived solely from gas, by a process requiring immense apparatus and from 8 to 14 The gas is made, in large days' time. part, from the best oxygen producers. Nothing whatever enters into the product, save the gas and the liquid used to absorb it, plus a touch of color.

In this business, methods which are subject to criticism are most carefully tion; no claims which have not been ful-

manity to be laid open to prejudice.

that Germany does not consent to have

its old relations with Morocco modified by

an agreement to which it is not a party.

chooses this moment to object by diplo-

Privy Counsellor Rosen, special envoy at

the court of King Menelik of Abyssinia,

will, it is unofficially reported, be German

minister to Morocco in succession to the

deceased Baron von Mentzingen. Herr

Rosen began as a dragoman to the German

consul general at Smyrna, served at The-

heran and was consul at Jerusalem. When

Emperor William visited that city Baron

Rosen was transferred to the foreign office.

He has the great gift of speaking several

country along the Missouri river and

further south, for those brands of salmon

which contain the genuine royal chinook

fish and which have the peculiar flavor

that so many desire and which has made

that kind of salmon so famous. Other

kinds of salmon cost about the same price,

but the flesh is of a different color, being

"Those who are familiar with the different

qualities of the salmon," said Mr. Sanborn,

"can distinguish the difference in a moment

canned fish is sold to the local trade, as

the consumer wants the fresh fish, they in-

sist on the royal chinook; and these same

"The leading event on the northwest

their favorite, note the difference.

pink color.

oriental languages, including Arabic.

matic activity at Fez.

months' test with every patient who kill germs in the body without killing the asks It.

Before we bought the rights to Liquezone, it had been tested for years in dealing with inside germs. thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable. We found that diseases which had resisted medicine for years yielded at once to it. Sickness which had been pronounced incurable was cured.

The value of the product was placed beyond possible question, before we staked our fortunes and reputations on It was amply proved that, in germ roubles. Liquozone did what medicine could not do.

Then we gave the product awaygave millions of bottles, one to each of millions of sick ones,

We have published no testimonials; no evidence of cures. We have never asked a soul to buy it. Our method has been to buy the first bottle ourselves; to let the sick try it we cannot doubt that some are led to without the cost of a penny; to let the

product itself prove its power. Most of you know the result. There is no neighborhood—no hamlet so remote -but knows some wonders which Liquozone has wrought.

And Liquozone is probably doing more to cure sickness, and to prevent it, than all drugs, all medicines combined How petty is that self-interest which would have you go back to the old methods-to the days before Liquozone! Back to emphasize this answer, we to the time when the very cause of disoffer \$5,000 to any one who can dis- ease was unknown, or when no one knew how to meet it!

What Liquozone Is.

The greatest value of Liquozone lies avoided. We permit no misrepresenta- in its germicidal powers. It is a germicide so certain that we publish on every Our product is too vital to hu- bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill.

GOOD FOR TRADING STAMPS

the Firms Interested in the

Little Stickers.

In connection with the passage of a bill

by the legislature regulating the giving of

trading stamps, B. H. Kemper, representa-

tive of the Sperry & Hutchinson company

the desires of his company and simply

amounts to a recognition of trading stamps

by the state of Nebraska in such manner

as to forever dispose of any attempts to

interfere with it by city ordinances or by

schemes and conspiracies and boycotting,

the last year. When asked if his company

Sperry & Hutchinson company had for sev-

eral months anticipated this requirement

tory. By this law the state of Nebraska

has virtually sanctioned the giving of

J. E. Baum of the Bennett store says his

company had long ago taken legal advice

and had been informed by undoubted au-

thority that any law which undertook to

hamper the conduct of his business would

be unconstitutional and invalid, therefore

the boasts of the opponents of trading

stamps were never seriously considered.

The Bennett company from the first an-

ays the law is entirely in harmony with

France spread further in northern Africa coast," continued Mr. Sanborn, "Is the ex-

and would check and delay indefinitely, if position to be held at Portland. A beauti-

possible, that policy of "peaceful penetra- ful site has been selected and the buildings

tion" which would add strength to France. are nearing completion. It will be a much

barrass France and gain a diplomatic vic- think, and will not be a mere imitation of

tory while France's enemy is en- the great expositions held elsewhere, but

and after remaining passive for a year Bill Passed by Legislature Pleases

Frank H. Sanborn, representing the San- and was already complying with it on all

born-Cutting company of Astoria, Ore., sal- stamps issued. Asked as to whether his

mon packers, is at the Her Grand. He says company opposed or favored the present

that the outlook for the salmon industry law, Mr. Kemper replied that they had op-

on the Columbia river the coming season, posed a certain paragraph of the bill as

which opens April 15, is considered excel- originally introduced, but after explaining

lent. In speaking of the salmon trade, he their views to the legislative committee

said it is a fact peculiar to the trade, that | this clause was stricken out, and the bill

there is not much demand in this middle in its present form is perfectly satisfac-

trading stamps.

however, obscure. One obvious thing is tractive features."

Liquozone is the only way known to

tissues to. Any drug that kills germs is a poison, and it cannot be given in-ternally. Medicine is almost helpless in But germs are vegetables; and Liquo-zone—the very life of an animal—is deadto vegetal matter. This fact-above

all others-gives Liquozone its value.

There is no other way to directly end the cause of any germ disease. Germ Diseases.

These are the known germ diseases. Nearly all forms of all these diseases have been traced to germs, or to the

poisons which germs create. These are the diseases to which medicine does not apply, for drugs cannot kill inside germs. All that medicine can do is to act as a tonic, aiding Nature to overcome the germs. But those results are indirect and uncertain. The sick cannot afford to rely on them. And no one

needs to now. Liquozone alone can destroy the cause of these troubles. It goes wherever the blood goes, so no germ can escape it. The results are almost inevitable. have seen them so often in every disease in this list that we have come to rely on them. Liquozone has proved itself so certain that in any stage of any of these diseases, we will gladly send to any patient who asks it an absolute guaranty.

heed to any reports about the Bennett

have told our customers that they would

continue to receive trading stamps from us,

KENWORTHY TO GIVE UP COW

Bovine Shorty Hensel Went to Get

Will Be Handed Over by

Other Constable.

A black and white cow kept a bunch of

people jumping about town all of Thurs-

day and Friday and Saturday morning.

The animal originally was owned by a

Mrs. Nelson, but was selzed on an execu-

tion against her husband by Constable

Kenworthy. Then Mrs. Nelson got out a

writ of replevin in Justice Hunt's court.

and Constable Hensel went out looking for

the cow. He didn't get it, but insists that

instead he was given a steer by Kenworthy

-not a four-footed steer even, but one

of those slangy ones which takes a man

out of his way in a most unsatisfactory

He went to the farm of Charles Fuerat

at Grand and Fortieth with Mr. Nelson.

They failed to find the missing cow, but

Kenworthy, when approached, said he

would produce her. He did not, and so

Constable Hensel secured a citation from

Judge Vinsonhaler directing Kenworthy to

come into court with the cow or show

cause why he should not be punished for

Answering this Kenworthy appeared in

person and by going on the witness stand

purged himself of contempt. He promised

to deliver the troublesome animal to his

brother constable at 1 o'clock Saturday,

and the hearing on the case was set for

Wednesday morning next. In the mean-

time the cow is chewing the cud of con-

troversy somewhere, while her hunters are

chewing all kinds of inelegant language;

Manager for Relief Store.

and she is also advertised for sale under

the execution on April 7.

manner.

contempt.

Asthma

Hay Fever-Influence Kidney Diseases Kidney Diseases
LaGripps
Leucorrhoes
Liver Troubles
Maiaris—Nedralgia
Many Heart Troubles
Piles—Precentais
Pieurisy—Quinsy
Rheumatism
Ecrofuis—Syphilis
Skin Diseases
Stomach Troubles
Throat Troubles
Toberculosis

All diseases that begin with fovers oil inflate-mation—all ceterrh—all contagious diseases—all the results of impure or poisoned blood. In nervorts declifty Liquorons acts as a vitalisme, accomplishing what no drugs can do.

#### 50c Bottle Free.

The way to know Liquozone, if you have never tried it, is to ask for a bottle free. We will then send you an order on a local druggist for a full-size bottlea 50c bottle—and will pay the druggist ourselves for it. This applies only to the first bottle, of course—to those who

have never used it. The acceptance of this offer places ou under no obligations. We simply wish to convince you; to let the product itself show you what it can do. Then you can judge by results as to whether you wish to continue.

This offer itself should convince you that Liquozone does as we claim. We would certainly not buy a bottle and give it to you, if there was any doubt of results. You want those results; you want to be well and to keep well. Then be fair with yourself; accept our offer today. Let us show you, at our expense, what this wonderful product means to

Liquozone costs 50c and \$1.

Cut Out This Coupon for this offer may not appear again. Fill out the blanks and mail it to The Liquozone Company, 452-464 Wabash Ave., Chicago. Give full address-write plainly.

Any physician or hospital not yet using Liquotons will be gladly supplied for a test.

company discontinuing the giving of stamps, as they are a fixed element in our business. They have been given the approval of the state of Nebraska and we the year except Sundays.

NEW WAGON TO COLLECT MAIL Postmaster Palmer Installs Vehicle to Gather Third and Fourth

Class Matter.

For the convenience of collecting third and fourth-class mail in the city the Postoffice department has finally been authorized to use a special horse and wagon for collecting this mail from business houses and business men. Complaints have been made hitherto that the facilities for gathering third and fourth-class mail were insufficient, and Postmaster Palmer has been working on the matter for two months to be authorized the use of a wagon and horse for this purpose, and has finally succeeded. The wagon is similar to the regular large mail wagons, is handsomely painted and is a big ornament to the postoffice equipment of this city. The wagon started on its initial trip through the business district this morning at 11 o'clock. Hitherto the letter carriers have overburdened collecting these great piles of third and fourth-class matter, such as pamphlets, price lists, catalogues, printed circulars, etc., from business establish-ments and offices, and it is to relieve the carriers from the labor of carrying huge loads of this character that the wagon has been provided. Everything of the third and fourth-class character of mail will be

collected by the wagon. Motion for New Trial Argued. Attorneys for both sides on Saturday morning argued before Judge Kennedy a motion for a new trial in the Rezek-Bazar case. This is the case in which Mrs. Rosa Rezek recovered a verdiet of \$5,000 against Anton Bazar, a South Omaha saloon keeper, on the charge that he had soid her husband liquor which caused a quarrel that resulted in his death. Judge Kennedy took the motion under advisement.

## LOCAL BREVITIES.

Charles Brainard, 2417 Maple street, has gone to St. Benard's hospital in Council Bluffs. The Bennett company from the first announced that it would keep faith with its customers and stamp collectors and has for many months refused to recognize or pay any attention to false recorts by competitors, and has felt that the public in general has refused to give credit to the many rumors of the discontinuing of trading stamps that have been circulated. "However," said Mr. Baum, hereafter even the most thoughtless person will not give

Ayer's Hair Vigor has now been on the market for sixty years, and we have never known it to fail to restore color to gray hair.

That's a pretty strong statement, isn't it? But we stand back of every word we write, and we can positively assure you that if you want the color restored to your gray hair, Ayer's Hair Vigor will do it every time.

Your ordinary, everyday common sense tells you that it's better to trust something that has been tried for sixty years, rather than some thing you only heard of yesterday; isn't that so?

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.