Bee, Feb. 16, 1905.

FANCY

Pillow Tops-A nice assortment. All in new designs. Conventional, poster and flower effects.

home. Stamped Pillow Tops, 50c each. Cords and Tassels, in all the bright shades, 25c and 50c each Gibson Pillow Tops, all finished, \$1.50 each.

Full line of Linen Floss for working.

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ROUTINE SENATE PROCEEDINGS. Number of Bills Passed and Sent Over

to House. (From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 16 .- (Special.) -- The senate was busy on engrossed bills this morning and passed these measures:

S. F. 107, transferring \$2,646.15 from the penitentiary special labor fund to the genfund.

F. 104, allowing county courts to dise with administration of estates and
nter decrees in certain cases.

F. 128, providing when a husband or
is competent to testify for or against

each other.

S. F. 113, to prevent the illegal expenditure of public funds.

S. F. 123, to repeal the statute providing for the appointment of county attorneys.

S. F. 106, to transfer \$8,939.45 from the inheritance tax fund to the general fund of the state.

heritance tax fund to the general fund of the state. S. F. 129, to provide for suspended sen-tences in cases of wife desertion. S. F. 86 district clerk fee bill. S. F. 116, providing for the payment of road taxes in cash or labor. A motion by Sheldon of Cass was adopted to not consider H. R. 49, providing for the establishment of a binding twine fac-

tory at the state penitentiary until the appropriation bills had all been considered. An invitation was read to the senate requesting the presence of the members at a grand rally and feast at the Auditorium Friday night given by the Modern Woodmen. Upon motion of Epperson the invitation was referred to the committee on fish and game.

S. F. 146 was reported for the general file. The senate resolved itself into committee of the whole, with Haller in the chair. S. F. 98, the irrigation bill, by Giffin, was recommitted to the committee, after a

Immediately after reconvening in the afternoon the senate again went into committee of the whole, with Bresee in the chair, to discuss bills on general file. 8. F. 114, Sheldon's bill to elect deputy county assessors, was indefinitely postponed.

S. F. 74, by Thomas, legalizing voting S. F. 22, by Tucker, providing that cities laugh. of less than 5,000 should not be liable for damage when a person is injured on a defective sidewalk unless a notice of condiauthorities five days previous.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS OF HOUSE Much Work Done in Committee of the Whole.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 16 .- (Special Telegram.) The house went into committee of the whole immediately upon convening this morning and took up bills on general file, of which there were a large number.

H. R. 20, by Richardson of Madison, ap propriating \$35,000 for general repairs at the Norfolk Insane asylum, including the rebuilding of the old wing, was favorably acted on, despite the protest of Jones of Polk, who wanted the bill to lay over until the investigation committee appointed under his resolution yesterday reported.

H. R. 62, by Ernst of Johnson, provoked much discussion, being an appropriation bill. It provided \$10,000 for an agricultural pavilion at the State fair. McClay, Burns and Burgess of Lancaster, Junkin of Gosper, Luce of Harlan, Andersen of Douglas, Cassell of Otoe, Douglas of Rock and Ernst spoke for the bill, and Lee of Douglas and Horton of Keya Paha against it. The opponents took the position that the State fair should be self-supporting.

Ernst said he was authorized to say the

THINK IT OVER.

Something You Can See in Any Restaurant or Cafe. A physician puts the query: Have you never noticed in any large restaurant at lunch or dinner time the large number of hearty, vigorous old men at the tables; men whose ages run from 60 to 80 years; many of them bald and all perhaps gray, but none of them feeble or senile?

Perhaps the spectacle is so common as to have escaped your observation or comment, but nevertheless it is an object lesson which means something.

If you will notice what these hearty old fellows are eating you will observe that they are not munching bran, crackers nor gingerly picking their way through a menu card of new fangled health foods; on the contrary they seem to prefer a juicy roast of beef, a properly turned loin of mutton, and even the deadly brolled lobster is not

altogether ignored. The point of all this is that a vigorous old age depends upon good digestion and plenty of wholesome food, and not upon sieting and an endeavor to live upon bran

crackers. There is a certain class of food cranks who seem to believe that meat, coffee, and many other good things are rank polsons, but these cadaverous, sickly-looking individuals are a walking condemnation

of their own theories. The matter in a nutshell is that if the siomach secretes the natural digestive juices in sufficient qualities any wholesome stomach does not do so, and certain foods cause distress, one or two of Stuart's Dys- osteopathy. pepsia Tablets after each meal will remove all difficulty, beckuse they supply just what every weak stomach lacks, pepsin, hydro-

chloric acid, diastase and nux. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not act upon the bowels, and in fact are not strictly a medicine, as they act almost entirely upon the food eaten digesting it thoroughly, and thus gives a much-needed rest and giving an appetite for the next meal. Of people who travel nine out of ten use Stup Dyspepsia Tablets, knowing them to be perfectly safe to use at any time and also having found out by experience that they are a safeguard against indigestion any form, and eating, as they have to, at all hours and all kinds of food, the travel-

ing public for years have pinned their All druggists sell them at 50 cents for full-sized packages, and any drugglet from Maine to California, if his opinion were asked, will say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tublets is the most popular and successful remedy for any stomach trouble

One can never have too many pillows to brighten up their

Stamped Centers and Table Covers, Laundry Bags, 50c, 65c and \$1.25 each. Hardanger Cloth, 48 inches wide, \$1.25 per yard.

of the city tax department, Board of Pub- State Board of Public Lands and Buildings He Works and Advisory board seems quite | would give \$5,000 toward this purpose if the

legislature gave \$10,000. The bill, until amended, called for \$15,000. Douglas pointed out the appropriation meant only I cent per capita. The bill was recommended for passage.

H. R. 110, Junkin's anti-trust bill, was amended so as to have sults brought under this act for its enforcement in the state and not county courts. The bill has been ecommended for passage. H. R. 164, by McMullen of Gage, appro-

priating \$30,000 for the purchase by the state of 5.000 sets of Cobbey's Annotated Statutes, to be sold, on application, for \$6 a set, brought forth the usual appropriation debate. McMullen spoke for the bill. Windham offered an amendment to cut the number of statutes to 2,000 and the appropriation to \$12,000. Jackson of Antelope opposed the bill even if amended. Jones of Polk voiced Jackson's plea not to set up any man in the book or any other business. Jackson moved to report the bill for indefinite postponement. Voter of Cedar spoke for the bill with the Windham amendment. McClay of Lancaster spoke

against it. Jackson's motion prevailed, 50 to 14. H. R. 175, by Howe of Nemaha, making obligatory the present county fair law with respect to the county board appropriations was recommended for passage.

S. F. 8, by Beghtol of Lancaster, to make the county surveyor the county engineer in Douglas and Lancaster counties stormed the battlements for a time, and progress finally was reported on it.

"We need it and you know it and we ought to have it," was the impressive argument used by Peabody of Nemaha this afternoon in supporting H. R. 135 by Howe of Nemaha, appropriating \$32,000 for a library at the Peru State Normal school. Howe made a speech for his bill. Tucker of Douglas supported It.

bill, said: "I went to Peru prejudiced against it, but I had that prepudice removed by closer knowledge of the place." "I don't know why you should have gone

McLeod of Stanton, in speaking for the

there prejudiced against the place when you got your wife from there," retorted machines, was recommended for passage. | Peabody. The remark provoked a hearty

The bill was recommended for passage.

H. R. 195, by Rouse of Hall, requiring saloonkeepers to give guaranty bonds of tion of walk has been filed with the city \$5,000, was recommended for passage, but jority of this legislature there is an evi-Horton moved to except it from the committee's report and have the bill recommended for indefinite postponement. speaker took the floor in defense of the oill, calling Perry to the chair. In explaining the bill the speaker said the purose was to make bonds given by saloon eepers substantial and responsible bonds. He added that the idea was to make it possible for a "widow who sues a saloonseeper to be able to recover damages." Horton's motion was lost, and the bill reported for passage.

Burns moved to except H. R. 169, his bill to allow university regents to condemn land for university purposes, which had been reported for indefinite postponement and recommended it for passage. McClay was allowed to speak for the bill under uspension of the rules.

Burns' motion prevailed. At 4:35 p. m. the house adjourned. These bills were introduced: S. F. 198, by Epperson of Clay and Me-erve of Knox-To establish a State En-S. F. 138, by Epperson of Clay and Meserve of Knox-To establish a State Engineers' Examining board.

S. F. 136, by Gilligan of Holt-To amend an act to regulate the purchase of supplies and to create a Board of Control therefor. The board is composed of the members of the Board of Public Lands and Buildings and is authorized to purchase supplies in wholesale quantities.

S. F. 200, by Cady, by request—To allow the State board to grant certificates to osteopaths when latter have diploma from a school of osteopathy.

DOINGS OF THE LEGISLATORS Lumbermen and Coal Dealers Explain

Holding Up of Bill. (From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 16.—(Special.)—The legis lative committees of the Lumbermen's association and the Coal Dealers' association have taken the responsibility of withholding from the senate the bill they prepared and requested Senator. Fries to introduce shippers. Today these committees sent out this resolution clearing Benator Fries of the charge of holding the bill as a club over the railroads to get them to come to time. The resolution reads:

time. The resolution reads:

We, the undersigned representatives of the Nebraska Lumber Dealers' association and of the Coal Dealers' Association of Iowa and Nebraska, having met the representatives of the car service associations and agreed upon mutually satisfactory rules governing the assessment and collection of demurrage charges, do hereby request Senator M. L. Fries to withhold the reciprocal demurrage bill prepared by representatives of our associations and placed in his hands for introduction before the legislature of Nebraska.

This is signed by George W. Baldwin, T. U. Whiffen and P. C. Cornell for the lumber dealers, and John T. Dorgan, R. K Brown, E. O. Halstead and George W. Baldwin for the coal dealers.

A bill was introduced in the senate this morning by Cady of Howard, by request which, if it becomes a law, will allow osteopathists to secure a certificate from the state medical board to practice their food will be promptly digested; if the profession in this state when they file with the board a diploma from some school of

> A bill affecting engineers was introduce in the senate this morning by Epperson and Meserve. It provides for a state en gineers' examining board to be composed of the governor, attorney general auditor. It shall be the duty of this board to examine and grant licenses to every person who operates a traction or stationary engine. The board shall appoint a secretary who has had five years' practical experience and who shall receive \$5 for each applicant he shall examine

> Lee of Douglas, one of the "wits" of the touse, provoked hearty laughter this morning at the expense of the Lancaster dele gation during the course of a debate on the Ernst bill calling for an appropriation of \$10,000 for the establishment of a live stock pavilion at the State Fair grounds All the Lancaster county members persistently fought for the bill and it became a matter of acceptation among many of the

members that it was distinctly a Lincol affair. Lee was opposing the bill.

"It is interesting to see how these Lincoln fellows are fighting for this bill," he "You will notice, gentlemen, that nothing inspires the eloquence of a Lincoln man like an appropriation."

The remark, which came spontaneously from the lips of the Irish statesman, struck the house as being so apt that every member present, even those from Lincoln greeted it with laughter.

Proceeding in his argument against the bill, Lee said in a facetious vein: "These Lincoln chans always come to this legislature every time they want anything. How different it is in Omaha. Up there the people wanted a big public meeting place and what did they do, go to the legislature with a request that the state build it? No, sir. The people themselves, out of their own pockets, subscribed funds and built the magnificent Auditorium. And now, gentlemen (this to the Lancaster county delegation), if you want to exhibit your fine bulls, bring them up to Omaha and we will let you show them in our

"Colonel" McClay of Lancaster is nothng if not methodical. In speech and action ne clings rigidly to discipline. He is the 'flag champion of Lancaster," He is a veteran of the civil war and always found the forefront when it comes to anything His painful devotion to discipline has been attributed to his service as a soldier. One of the idiosyncracles which has fixed itself so thoroughly upon the colonel is a certain little sentence with which he invariably prefaces his remarks on whatever subject under discussion. It is this:

"Mr. Speaker (or chairman, as the occaion may be), it scarcely seems necessary for me to speak on this matter, but" And on that "but" hangs the tale,

factory project is asleep. Sheldon of Cass dissenting vote.

E. S. Mickey, executive clerk to the gov rnor, his father, wants it distinctly understood that he is not and never has been a candidate for the position of state accountant contemplated in a bill introduced in of his critics at the time said his son was candidate for the place.

"I have never thought of the thing, let alone being a candidate for the place," says Mr. Mickey.

At least five individuals in Lincoln have managed to get themselves in a very unfavorable light before certain legislators who make it a rule to keep their "weather eye" out for the kind of work these men are said to be pursuing. The "holdup" lobbyist is said to be a common thing with all legislatures and because of these men this legislature is said to be no exception to this rule. There may be more than five of this class of lobbyists, who, as recognized lobbyists who come here as the official representatives of some corporation of public dentity, are despised, but five at any rate have been here so constantly and have been watched so closely that by common consent they have come to be classed as the leaders of this variety of coachers. They clique together, so to speak; stop at the same hotel, habitually visit the same places and their handiwork is discernible in nore ways than one. They are believed to he at the bottom of more than one measure pending before the legislature. But be it said to the credit and honor of the masteps should be taken to rid the legislature once for all (by making an example or two) of this pernicious breed of lobbyists.

MESSAGE TO THE SENATE

(Continued from First Page.)

name, but in fact independent and selfname, but in fact independent and self-governing.

I call attention to the urgent need of prompt action on this matter. We now have a great opportunity to secure peace and stability in this island without friction or bloodshed by acting in accordance with the cordial invitation of the governmental authorities themselves. It will be unfortunate from every standpoint if we fail to grasp this opportunity. For such failure will probably mean increasing revolutionary violence in Santo Domingo and very possibly embarrassing foreign complications in addition. This protocol affords a practical test of the efficiency of the United States government in maintaining the Monroe doctrine. THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The White House, February 15, 1905.

PEABODY BEGINS REBUTTAL Witnesses from Little Russia Testify that the Ballots Were Changed After They Voted.

DENVER, Feb. 16.-Former Governo Peabody today began to introduce testimony in rebuttal in his contest for the office of governor, now held by Alva Adams, Nine witnesses from precinct 3, ward 16, known as "Little Russia," testified that they had voted the republican ticket, though the ballots whose numbers corresponded with their names on the poll books the ballot box were democratic. Only three of these witnesses had written their ballots without assistance from the judges to require railroads to pay a demurrage to Two of the three identified their ballots among those unchallenged by the experts They bore the heading "Republican," but the numbers on them were different from those entered in the poll books. The books were in a confused state, and it was shown that in several cases different numbers ap peared against the same name in the books Five witnesses from precinct 6, ward 12 one of the finest resident districts, were ex amined. The numbers on the ballots in this precinct and in the poll books were also evidently carelessly kept, as in every case the correct ballot was found by the witnesses properly numbered, according to one poll book, but incorrectly according to the others. By mutual consent two democratic ba

ots, both marked with the same number, were put in evidence. The committee ad journed until tomorrow afternoon.

SENSATION IN WEST VIRGINIA Statement that Paid Whisky Lobby Has Made a Deal with a Legislative Combine.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Feb. 16,-Another sensation was created in the West Virginia legislature today, when a newspaper article alleging a coalition of demo crats and recalcitrant republicans brought about by a paid whisky lobby was pre sented to the senate. An unsuccessful effort was made to send the story to Gov ernor White to incorporate it in his spe cial message to the senate, which was re turned to him to supply omissions yester day. The message was not returned to the senate today as expected.

Headache and Neuralgia from Colds Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause Call for the full name and look for signs ture of E. W. Grove, Mc.

Chief of Police is Suspended. SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 16.—As a result of the recent acandals in the police department in connection with gambling in the Chinese quarter Chief of Police Wittman has been suspended from duty on charges of incompetency and neglect of duty.

Senate's Amendment of Agricultural Bill Alleged to Be Improper.

IT ORIGINATES REVENUE LEGISLATION

Vote to Return Measure with State ment that it Intringes Privilege of House is Nearly Unantmous.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.-The naval apropriation bill today further occupied the attention of the house for a major portion of the session, but the debate was without particular incident and no material amendent was adopted. Its consideration had not been concluded when adjournment was taken.

Before taking up the naval bill the house ntered an emphatic protest against the acon of the senate in amending the agricultural appropriation bill so as to intercept the drawback feature of the Dingley tariff act affecting wheat. By a vote of 261 to 5 the bill was sent back to the senate with PROCEEDINGS the statement that its amendment was an infringement of the constitutional privilege with a military or patriotic sound to it. of the house to originate revenue legisla tion. Both Mr. Payne of New York, the majority leader, and Mr. Williams of Mississippi, the minority leader, urged that ac

Panama Bill Passed.

The Mann bill to provide a government for the canal zone was passed without further discussion. The bill gives all the right of government of the canal zone to the president until the end of the next congress, but provides that the government shall be so exercised as to protect the in-For a time at least the binding twine habitants in the free enjoyment of their liberty, prosperity and religion. It abolishes this morning in the senate moved to not the Isthmian canal commission and places consider the bill passed by the house until the work of the construction of the canal after it had acted on the appropriation in the hands of the president and such perbills. The motion was adopted without a sons as he may appoint and employ. It does not undertake to determine whether the canal shall be constructed as a sea level or lock level waterway.

It is also provided that the persons ap pointed by the president, both in the government of the canal zone and in charge of the work of construction, shall make an the house by Jackson of Antelope. The nual estimates in detail as far as possible governor in his annual message advocated of the sums needed for the ensuing fiscal the creation of such a position, and some year, and says that after June 30, 1906, no money shall be expended on the canal or canal zone government except in accordance with appropriations hereinafter made thus doing away with the lump sum appropriation carried by existing law. Frequen reports to the president and to congress of the progress of the construction, as well as the expenditures of money, are required. The bill authorizes the president to retain the commission as a commission, or its individual members as consulting en-

gineers if he shall so desire. Authority to condemn 1,064 shares of stock in the Panama railroad, now in the hands of private owners, is carried in the bill and the president is authorized when com plete control of the land is secured to operate it through such persons as he may select, in order that the road may be used as far as is necessary as a part of the enstruction work on the canal.

In the house today a bill was passed making applicable to the Panama canal zone all laws affecting imports and the entry of persons into the United States after which the naval appropriation bill was taken up. It was brought out during a discussion of the paragraph providing for the purchase of torpedoes that the navy had on hand at this time only a sufficien number of torpedoes to permit of but one shot to each torpedo boat.

Agricultural Bill Sent The Payne resolution sending the agricultural appropriation bill back to the senate because it contained original legislation effecting the revenues was adopted on i roll call, 261 to 5.

The bill to ratify and amend an agree ment with the Indians of the Shoshone or Wind River reservation, in Wyoming, was passed after eliminating the provision granting a preferential privilege to Asmus Baysen to select 640 acres of mineral and coal land within that reservation. Rising to a question of privilege, Mr

Payne (N. Y.) offered a resolution regarding the action of the senate in adopting ar amendment interpreting the Dingley act with reference to drawbacks on wheat. The resolution was as follows:

Resolution was as follows:

Resolved. That the amendment No. 208, added by the senate to the house bill, H. R. 18, 229, in the opinion of the house, contravenes the first clause of the seventh section of the first article of the constitution of the United States, and is an infringement of the privileges of the house, and that the said bill, with the amendments, be respectfully returned to the senate with a message communicating this resolution. The reading of the resolution was greeter with applause.

In explaining the senate's action Mr Payne said the amendment abolished the drawback clause in the Dingley bill on wheat imported into the United States and afterwards manufactured into flour and exported. He said he did not intend to discuss the merits of the amendment, whether it was wise or unwise. He was loudly ap plauded by both republicans and democrati when he asserted that the main question was "whether that clause in the constitution which declares that all bills for raising revenue shall originate in the house shall be cherished by this house as one of its privileges."

The question, he said, also was "whether we will resent any infringement from any source of that clause of the constitution. Mr. Payne called attention to the facthat the house uniformy had insisted on its rights as guaranteed by the constitution and read a number of precedents in proof of his assertion.

Mr. Payne said that the right to originate the house. He declared that "none could be originated, none should be" and, he added, "none will be originated in the other body if the house stands by its rights and privileges guaranteed by the constitution." Mr. Williams (Miss.), the minority leader, alluded to the action of the senate "in engaging in a strenuous effort to prevent a real or supposed attack by the executive usurpation, in the opinion of the senate, upon its 'function and dignity' and said it was a peculiar inappropriate time for the senate to attempt 'to make a plain, palpable, obvious and aggressive attack upon the dignity of the house."

Except in connection with legislation af feeting the revenue, Mr. Williams said, the house stood as a body composed of a great many house committees and that all it did was to prepare legislation in some shape or other and send it over to the senate, as was done with the rate bill, "to be put into the shape that even a majority of the house desired.

Mr. Williams charged the republicans with being afraid to touch the Dingley law. Instead of making changes through legislation he declared it was being done by executive construction.

Mr. Payne denied a statement by Spalding (N. D.) that there had been many violations or infringements of the privileges of the house by the senate in the matter of revenue legislation. The resolution was adopted on a yea and nay vote, 261 to 5. those voting against it being Messrs. Davis and Volstead (Minn.), Adams (Wis.), Masshall (N. D.) and Jones (Wash.), all re-

Naval Bill Taken Up. When the item appropriating \$150,000,000 for the purchase and manufacture of reserve guns for ships was reached, a lively ernmental manufacture of guns, an amendauthorization that the government manufacture the guns being responsible for the controversy. In supporting the amendme

Mr. Sibley (Pa.) declared that governmen manufacture of guns tended in the direction of socialism. He thought it well to go slowly in that direction so that society might have a chance to adapt itself "to

the marvelous changes pending."

Mr. Hull (Is.) said if the amendment was adopted it would close the gun shops in Washington. The amendment was opposed by Messer. Talbott and Mudd (Md.) and W. W. Kitchen (N. C.) It was defeated. An unsuccessful attempt was made by Mr. Fitzgerald (N, Y.) to strike out the appropriation of \$300,000 for coaling stations Mr. Baker (N. Y.) declared that the propo sition for coaling stations had its inception "in going out and looking for trouble." Such stations, he contended, stimulated the desire for war, and war stimulated the business of the Carnegies, the Krupps, the Armstrongs, Maxims and others.

On a point of order the provision for survey and estimate of costs for a channel into Welles harbor, Midway islands, was stricken out.

The naval bill was laid aside and several [minor bilis were passed. At 5:05 p. m. the house adjourned until 11 clock tomorrow.

OF THE SENATE Debate on Admission of Swayne's

Statement. WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.-Aside from two hours spent in routifie business the senate today gave its entire attention to the Swayne impeachment trial. Two hours and a half of the time given to that case was spent behind closed doors considering the admissibility of a statement made by Judge Swayne before a committee of the house of representatives.

The point was argued at length by a volved construction of the statute of 1862, which provides that a statement made by favoring the admissibility of the statement as a rule contended that the impeachment and that the senate sitting for the trial of Judge Swayne is not a court in the sense in which that word is used in the statute Mr. Balley presented this view at length. the admissibility of the statement, took band. issue with him on the points mentioned, but based his plea on the fact that Judge Swayne had appeared voluntarily before the house committee, arguing that in doing so he removed himself from the protection of the law. On the other hand, Messrs. Foraker and McCumber contended that the statute is so broad in scope as to apply to witnesses. They said its purpose was to protect witnesses against the sense of fear in giving testimony before congressional committees.

Mr. Bacon, who had previously voted against the admissibility of the Swayne statement, today spoke in support of its acceptance, saying that an examination of the statutes had convinced him of his error on the previous occasion. Mr. Clarke of Arkansas was speaking when the senate took a recess until 11 o'clock tomorrow, with the intention of proceeding with the case immediately on convening.

Only two witnesses were examined today and when they' were excused the house members announced that they would close their case with the testimony of one more witness, who has not arrived in the city. Meanwhile the case of the respondent will be presented as soon as the legal point in controversy is settled.

LOCAL PRINCE BRANCH RUNS and Continues Doing Light Business.

The local branch of the E. H. Prince Commission company, which is reported the grain market quotations in the Board of Trade building and is without information as to the condition of the house. Telegrams have been sent to Chicago, but as yet no answer has been received and the management of the local branch has only the press dispatches to rely on. It is hoped, however (as these say the trades have been transferred to another house), the customers have been only about \$2,000 loss will follow a complete | his lieutenants. failure. The house enjoyed a good business, but at the present time had no large trades on in Omaha. The loss will be di- full details of the situation to the minister vided among a number of speculaters. The Prince company has forty-eight houses in the country. In Nebraska it of the largest in Lodz, paid off their men was not very largely represented and had

no branch at Lincoln. RECEIVER FOR E. H. PRINCE Creditors of Commission Merchan Allege that He Made Preferthe office.

ential Payments. CHICAGO, Feb. 16-Creditors of Earl H Prince, the Chicago commission merchant who transferred his open trades on the Board of Trade yesterday, today filed an involuntary petition in bankruptcy to have Prince declared bankrupt. William H. Beebe was appointed receiver of the assets of the concern by Judge Kohlsaat in the United States district court. It is charged in the petition that Prince made preferential payments to many of his creditors, thereby jeopardizing the claims of the petitioning creditors, who appealed to the court for protection. Receiver Beebe's bond was fixed at \$20,000.

AMERICAN LEAGUE MEETING revenue legislation was a sacred one of Directors Discuss the Proposed Series of Games for World's Championship.

> NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The representatives of the American league discussed the agreement and rules covering the proposed world's championship series between the winning teams of the two major leagues at their meeting today.
>
> No opposition to the changes suggested by President Pulliam of the National league developed.
>
> The change in ownership of the Washington club and the transfer of the franchise were approved.
>
> The National league's playing schedule was favorably discussed.
>
> Both the National and American league representatives met tonight and a conference was held on the proposed amendments to the national agreement proposed by the American association. No action was taken, the matter being left for action by the national committee. he national committee. Rules and regulations for the world's Rules and regulations for the world's championship series were agreed upon by the National league. The American league men considered the rules and regulations for the world's championship series ratified by the National league. It is understood these rules will be approved and that a world's series is assured. The National league adjourned, but the American league will meet again tomorrow.

American Skater Wins. TORONTO, Feb. 16.—Morris Wood, the American champion skater, defeated Fred J. Robson, the Canadian champion in a series of races, 230 yards, half-mile and mile. Wood won all three events easily. The time for the 220 yards was 6:21, half-mile 1:27 and mile 8:16.

Lumber Associations Merge. BURLINGTON, Ia., Feb. 16 .- The South ern Iowa Lumbermen's association and the Northern Missouri and Southern Iowa Lum bermen's association were combined today under the name of the Southeastern Iowa Lumbermen's association. The following officers were elected: President, S. discussion ensued over the subject of gov- Wright, Keota, Ia.; vice president, A. J. Reaney, Columbus Junction, Ia.; secretary ment by Mr. Hill (Conn.) to eliminate the treasurer, C. M. Porter, Oskaloose

RENEW FIGHT ON SHAKHE

Russians Lead in Offense on Positions of Japanese in the North.

ISLANDERS TELL OF THE ENGAGEMENTS

Manchurian Headquarters Reports Repulse of Japanese Infantry-Retreat of Cavalry and Firing Upon One Village.

was received today from the headquarters of the Japanese armies in Manchurla: In the direction of the Shakhe river our artillery, February 14, bombarded Chiensunmupaotzu and set fire to that village. The enemy's artillery in the neighborhood of San Chengtzu mountain replied.

During the night of February 14 a section of the enemy's infantry attacked Waitao mountain and a dawn February 15 a battalion attacked Waitao mountain, but the Russians were entirely resulted.

TOKIO, Feb. 16.-The following dispatch

talion attacked Waitao mountain, but the I Russians were entirely repulsed.

In the direction of Chitalizu in the morning of February 15 500 of the enemy's cavairy advanced into Santaits from Skengtsainen, three miles northwest of Chitalizu. Another force of cavairy advanced south along the right bank of the Hun river February 14 and passed the night in the neighborhood of Chenchiawatzu, placing outposts in the vicinity of Kavehangtzu. Before the arrival of our detachment dispatched to dislodge the enemy his force began to retreat north. Our detachment quickly pursued him toward Helyukon, inflicting some damage. The enemy's artillery, taking up a position in the neighborhood of Wanchiawopeng, covered his retreat. The enemy's strength was about ten squadrons of cavairy and artillery.

Japanese Use Siege Guns.

Japanese Use Siege Guns. MUKDEN, Wednesday, February 15 .- The Japanese fired Tuesday and are firing today on Poutiloff hill with eight-inch guns, carumber of lawyers of the senate. It in- rying 250-pound projectiles, indicating that they are siege guns used at Port Arthur and the first to be mounted in position bea witness called before a congressional com- fore the Russian lines below Mukden. A mittee cannot be used against him in a new situation, therefore, confronts the Ruscriminal proceeding in a court. Senators sian center and the general situation ap- a rate of 12 cents per hundred on corn and pears to have been rendered more uncertain and complicated by the battle of Sanproceedings are not criminal in character depas and the arrival of open weather, indicating an early spring.

At some parts of the lines there is unusual familiarity. Russian and Japanese officers in parties entertain each other. At Mr. Spooner, who agreed with him as to Sinchinpu the Japanese cheer the Russian Kansas City 31/2 cents, which would benefit

> Noncombattants from Port Arthur. CHE FOO, Feb. 16 .- A steamer with 117 concombatants arrived here today from Port Arthur. Very few noncombatants now remain at that place. Convalescent soldiers numbering 2,500, will begin arriving at Che Foo February 20. The local Russians are indignant, claiming that they are unable to care for the healthy, let alone invalids. The Japanese say they lack means of transport to take the invalids to Shanghal. Chinese and Russians Fight.

from Saehetun reports that a fatal affray has occurred between the Russians and Chinese at a village forty miles northwest of Sachetun, where a party of Russians into the woods. It is presumed that the went on a foraging expedition. The villagers seized the Chinese interpreter with the Russians and a fight ensued, during tols. It is not known whether they hit anywhich a Chinaman was killed. The villagers killed the interpreter and fied. General Grippenburg, recently commander of the second army in Manchuria, arrived here at midnight.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 16.-A telegram

Danes Will Watch Russians. COPENHAGEN, Feb. 16.-Two Danish torpedo boats are waiting at Gjedesby to escort the Russian Third Pacific squadron through Danish waters.

Has No Advice from Parent House RUSSIAN WORKMEN AGAIN ACT Refuse to Resume Places Until Men Under Arrest Are Released.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 16.-The employes of the Putiloff Iron works appeared at the works today, but instead of resumto have failed in Chicago is still receiving ing their tasks demanded as a condition of going to work the release of their comrades who are under arrest. Similar action was taken by the men of the Neva works. Upon other grounds the workmen again went out at the Franco-Russian works, the Russo-American Rubber works, the St. Petersburg Car works and the Nicholas railroad shops. Considerable mystery surrounds the recrudescence of the strike movement, it being rumored that Father protected. It is estimated in the building Gopon is again directing operations through

> meeting this evening resolved to telegraph of finance. Twenty-five factories, among them some

LODZ, Feb. 16.-The manufacturers at

today and closed indefinitely. The men dismissed numbered 40,000, Somother mills which previously had closed refused to pay the strikers, who demanded noney claimed to be due them. At one mill which thus refused yesterday the strikers spent the entire night around

The city is quiet this evening. STEAMER PARISIAN FOUNDERS Report that Vessel Sinks in the Se

Near Liverpool. MONTREAL, Feb. 16 .- H. and A. Allan agents of the Allan line steamers, today made a statement to the effect that the steamship Parisian had foundered at sea near Liverpool. They say the Parislan sailed from Moville, 180 miles west of Liverpool, at 2 o'clock, February 10, and is not due to arrive at Halifax until Saturday, February 18,

Betrothal of Grand Duke. COBURG, Feb. 16.- The betrothal is an nounced of the duke of Saxe-Coburg to the Princess Victoria, eldest daughter of Duke Frederick of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Glucksburg. The princess is a niece of the German empress, while the bridegroom-elect is a nephew of King Edward of England

SUMMERS FOR THE DEFENSE Former United States Attorney Ap pears for Bootleggers in

Federal Court.

The entire afternoon was spent yesterday in securing a jury to try the saloon con spiracy cases in the United States district court. The cases to be tried are those of Sherman Ennis and Ed Lulkhart. The at torneys for the defense are W. S. Sum mers and John Lindsay, while the govern ment will be represented by United States District Attorney Baxter and Assistant Dis

riot Attorney Rush. This will be the last of the cases tried by the present term of court. The case will go to trial this morning at 9 o'clock, and from the number of witnesses sum moned it looks as if it will occupy the remaining days of the week. Among the wit nesses for the government is the famous Father Schell.

Gold Shipment to Cuba NEW YORK, Feb. 16.—The National City ank shipped \$2,000,000 in gold certificates o Cuba today as one of the final install-nents of the Speyer loan to the Cuban gov-

Always Remember the Full Name Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

Idle Funds

May find temporary employment and bear 4% interest if deposited with the

City Savings Bank

S. E. Cor. 16th & Douglas Sts.

MISSOURI PACIFIC IS ALONE Local Road Has Yet Met Its Intest Reduction of Rates on Grain.

Whatever the other lines are doing, if anything, to meet the corn and oats raics announced Wednesday by the Missouri Pacific to points in Arkansis, Louisiana and the south, the same has not yet been given out. It is stated by one rallroad man that the St. Louis & San Francisco announced oats from Kansas City to Texarkana and Shreveport, and that some of the lines south of Kansas City would cut the Kansas City rate 3% cents under the Omaha rate, no matter what the latter might be. In this connection the Missouri Pacific people said they have reduced the differential over the Omaha grain market and place the Omaha and Kansas City rates to the territory mentioned on the same basis. A Burlington man said: "I understand

the matter is under consideration by this company, but nothing has as yet been an-MAN TAKEN FROM OFFICERS

Probably Hanged by Mob at Dale, Texas. HOUSTON, Tex., Feb. 16.-A mob near Dale, Caldwell county, took an unknown one-eyed Mexican from a constable and deputies tonight and spirited him away Mexican has been hanged. The officers offered resistance and emptled their pis-

one or not. The Mexican assaulted Mrs.

Myers, wife of a farmer living between

Mexican Accused of Criminal Assault



Dale and Lockhart this afternoon,

If you don't drink Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate you are denying health and taste. No cocoa preparation is richer in the nerve, brain and muscle building elements nor possesses the smooth, rich, delicious flavor of Ghirardelli's.

Best for cakes and pastry....

AMUSEMENTS.

TONIGHT-SATURDAY AND SATUR-

DAY MATINEE. HELEN GRANTLY IN HER GREATEST SUCCESS HER LORD AND MASTER MATINEE, 25c, 50

Coming-ANDREW MACK. E CREIGHTOP PHONE 484. Every Night-Matinees Thursday, Saturday and Sunday.

McMahon's Minstrel Maids and Water-meion Girls, Ching Lan Foo Troupe, Cun-ning the Jall Breaker, Eleanor Fake, Gardner and Stoddard, Dancing De Muths, Lindsay's Dogs and the Kinodrome. PRICES 10c, 25c and 50c.

MODERN VAUDEVILLE

KRUG THEATER Melville B. Raymond Presents THE ELINORE SISTERS In the Musical Extravaganza MRS. DELANEY OF NEWPORT. A polite satire of Newport society. New Songs-New Dances-Big Chorus-

unny Comedians. Sunday-THE FATAL WEDDING. Auditorium, Thurs. Evening, Feb 23. World's Greatest Violinist.

Direction Concert Promoters. Prices Sec. 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50, \$2. Box office opens Tuesday morning at 16. Roller Skating

Auditorium AFTERNOON AND EVENING

Delicate Oyster Patties at the

Calumet FRIDAY DINNER.