Bee, Feb. 9, 1905. Children's

We carry a full line of sizes in Children's Fay Stockings, made from the best of yarn, reinforced knee, heel and toe. They button to the waist line and need no supporters. Especially good for winter wear.

Heavy weight peeler cotton, one and one rib, sizes 5 to 7 inches, 25c per pair; sizes 71/2 to 9 inches, 30c per pair. Children's Fay Stockings, made of fine two thread, medium weight best combed Egyptian yarn, listé finish, one and one rib, sizes 5 to 7 inches, 35c per pair; and sizes 71/2 to 9 inches, 40c per pair Children's "Poney" Stockings, manufactured by the Wayne Knitting Mills They are made with triple knees, heels and toes, and of Fort Wayne, Ind. are soft, elastic, very strong and durable. For boys we have a medium weight black cotton, one and one rib, and a heavy black cotton one and one or two and one rib, 25c a pair.

For girls, a medium or light weight fine ribbed black cotton or lisle Poney stockings are noted for their excellent wearing qualities and are all sold at one price, 25c a pair.

THOMPSON BELDEN & GO

Y. M. C. A. Building. Corner Sixteenth and Douglas Streets.

The old appropriation of \$2,000 for the libra- | He declared foot ball to be a brutal comrian and clerk of the supreme court, the bat, exciting the same brutish-passions and clerk being the librarian, is inserted. This instincts as did the old combats of the was cut out two and four years ago. The Roman gladiators. He asserted that coldeputy librarian is cut from \$3,200 to \$2,000, lege students and high school pupils who and three stenographers for supreme court devote themselves to football are poorer judges and commissioners dispensed with, students than those who do not engage bringing this appropriation down from habitually in this sport. \$10,800 to \$5,400. This is in view of the expiration of the commissioner law. The ment to include basket ball, crokinols, salary appropriation for the members of croquet and other such games. The house the court, for the same reason, is cut from then was treated to a discussion, illus-\$30,000 to \$15,000. The force in the supreme trated by object lessons on the subject of court clerk's office is now eleven, and this broad shoulders and good lungs and how bill reduces it to nine, by a process of they might be obtained. changes. This was in conformity with recommendations of Clerk Lindsay. The new appropriation of \$5,000 for the state architect is included.

The university's appropriation is \$350,000 whereas it was \$300,000 two years ago. The Peru Normal gets \$71,400, as compared with 55,000 two years ago. The new Kearney Normal gets \$47,500, c

The bookkeeper in the Lincoln insans asylum gets a cut in his pay from \$1,800 to This institution gets a chaplain at 1300. It also is provided with a steward at tising the university. \$3,000. The superintendent of the girls' school at Geneva is cut in her salary from 2,000 to \$1,800; two family managers from \$2,400 to \$2,000, and the matron from \$1,200 to \$1,000. The night engineer at the Grand Island Soldiers' Home is raised from \$960 to \$1,000, and the engineer at the Milford tome from \$480 to \$1,440.

These cover all the changes made by the bill. The bill is introduced considerably earlier than two years ago. Then it came in February 26.

ANTI-FOOT BALL HILL IS KILLED University Students Cheer Announcement of Result.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 9.—(Special.)—The house today refused to say that the game of foot ball shall never again be played in Nebraska by voting for indefinite postpone ment of the Cunningham bill, after a persistent fight lasting a couple of hours. The vote, however, by which the house in committee of the whole disposed of the bill was so close as to cause uncomfortable feelings to the advocates of the game. The vote was 37 to 42. Lobbies and galleries were thronged during the course of this debate. University, students, male and fethe victory was won they set up a roar of applause.

A little blaze of oratory arose in the nouse soon after it convened this morning when the railroad committee reported Bowman's railroad demurrage bill for indefinite os:ponement. Bowman sought to have the offi lifted from the committee's report. Roberts of Dodge, chairman of the commitse, informed the house that Bowman had nad ample opportunity to appear before the committee and defend his bill, but had falled to take advantage of such opportuni-

The house then adopted the committee re-

The house then on roll call adopted a me tion by Windham of Cass that when the house adjourn it be at noon Friday until Monday at 2 p. m. The vote stood 56 to 21. The house adopted, also by roll call and ote of 64 to 6, a resolution offered by Windm charging that the World-Herald had discredited the motives of Speaker Rouse in the appointment of the committee to draft freight rate bill, and demanding that paper retract the statement and the reporter confine himself to facts under senalty of expulsion from the house. These bills were passed:

H. R. 145, by Roberts of Dodge, permit-ing towns along the Platte valley to im-rove roads six miles out and tax it up to the municipality,

H. R. 117, by Hill of Hitchcock, appropriting \$5,000 for the measurement of water
sed on frigated areas, and the making
f other beneficial experiments in determing the best methods of irrigation.

H. R. 29 by Burns of Lancaster, to aprepriate 1240 te reimburse former Attorney
teneral Prout for premium on his surety
and.

band.

H. R. 67, by Hill, authorizing the printing and distribution of the blennial report of the secretary of the State Irrigation board.

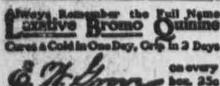
H. R. 148, by Hand of Cass. providing for the registration of automobiles and the regulation of thir speed—Vote, 60 to 14.

H. R. 168, by McMullen of Gage, compelling practitioners of Christian Science to submit to the same examinations regulating medical physicians and others who treat human disease—Vote, 57 to 23. The vote by members was:



H. R. 148, by Cunningham of Hamilton, attracted much attention in the committee of the whole in the afternoon. This is the sill to prohibit foot ball playing, imposing litimately a penitentiary sentence as Cunningham stoutly defended his ill as being a means to protect life and limb in Nebraska. He said foot ball was putal and dangerous and often served divert students' attention from their ool work. He read an article from President Ellot of Harvard, condemning he same and another protest from a Chi eago man whose son was killed by foot

Windham of Cass also defended the bil



Hosiery loose their batteries, with the result as already stated. Those opposed to the bill argued that to enact such a measure would be to take from the revenue law its greatest force and best feature. Those in favor of the measure argued that the people should have the right to elect their pre-

Warner of Lancaster offered an amend-

An amendment by Kyd of Gage to apply

McAllister begged the house to treat the

the bill only to children over 16 was lost,

with. He said he believed Chancellor An-

went to the Nebraska university to play

thought this was a poor means of adver-

Douglas was for the bill. He said: "We

send our boys to universities to become

Junkin of Gosper drew a vivid picture

of a foot ball game, with the players forti-

Wilson of Pawnee regarded the bill as an

attempt to infringe on personal liberty and

Horton of Keya Paha spoke for the bill.

He urged the game of foot ball was a

brutal pastime and could be made nothing

After a couple of hours' debate the com-

mittee of the whole voted down the motion

to recommend the bill for passage by 37 to

43. The bill then was recommended for in-

definite postponement, and cheers arose

from a bevy of university students in the

ROUTINE SENATE PROCEEDINGS

Bill to Consolidate State Institutions

in Pussed.

LINCOLN, Feb. 8 -(Special.)-At its

bills, killed one and recommended for pas-

by Dimery to consolidate the Home for

These bills were placed on general file:

open for the ling the issuance of school S. F. 34, limiting the issuance of school

district bonds.

S. F. 23. exempting cities of less than 8,000 population from damages for injuries creceived because of defective sidewalks unless by written notice the condition of the walk has been called to the attention of the city authorities.

S. F. 22, providing that in cities of the first class sidewalks may be laid at the expense of the property owner.

S. F. 75, the Bresse judicial apportionment

s. F. 31. the Wilsey bill, providing that smended. S. F. 31. the Wilsey bill, providing that employes of the rallroads shall not work more than twelve hours without an intermission of eight hours was indefinitely postponed.

S. F. 102. increasing the salary of city officers in South Omaha, was indefinitely postponed.

peddle without a license, was indefinitely postponed.

8. F. 82, by Cady, amending the licen law so that work done on animals and vehicles should be a lien on the property, was placed on general file.

8. F. 44, by Gibson, the Bouth Omaha sewer bill, was placed on general file.

At noon the senate took a recess until

to far as the senate is concerned, occurred

this afternoon when by a vote of 17 to 14 S. F. 38, by Laverty, was recommended

for passage I nihe committee of the whole

and by a vote of 16 to 15 the senate in-definitely postponed the bill. This bill provides for the election of deputy county

assessors, and when the arguments started on the measure it seemed apparent that the bill would be lost by an overwhelming

The greatest surprise of the session,

'clock.

morning with that position.

These bills were passed:

sage in the committee of the whole the bill

At 4:15 the house adjourned.

These bills were introduced:

pleaded for the indefinite postponement of

fied by various mechanical devices to save

their several organs from destruction.

drews made a "great mistake" in encourag-

The amendment was lost

scholars and not gladiators."

the bill.

lobbies.

party, whether the bill was defeated or passed, was discussed at length. Following this came a lengthy discussion of Sheldon's bill to make a 2-mill levy for the purpose of paying off the state debt. After a debate in which the arguments advanced yesterday were gone over, the bill was amended to make the levy mill and recommended for passage.

When the committee arose Thomas moved that the report be not concurred in re garding S. F. 38, the Laverty bill. The vote stood 15 to 14 in favor of the Thomas motion, when Fries moved a call of the

Cady moved the report of the committee of the whole on S. F. 7 be not concurred in and that the bill be indefinitely postponed. The motion was lost. These bills were introduced and read first time:

S. F. 174, by Gould of Greeley, regulating collection of poll taxes in cities of the first-class and allowing a levy of 25 mills for improvement of highways.

S. F. 175, by Petersen of Franklin, fixing price of fish spawn to be placed in private ponds.

ponds.
S. F. 176, by Petersen of Franklin, to permit schools to draw their share of state apportionment when closed by an epidemic or because building has been destroyed.
S. F. 177, by Good of Nemaha, to amend law relating to service of process.
S. F. 178, by Cady of Howard, declaring what property is exempt from taxation.
S. F. 179, to regulate the practice of veterinary surgery. inary surgery.

REPORTS ON STATE INSTITUTIONS House Committee Makes Recommen

dations for Appropriations. (From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 9 .- (Special Telegram.) The house committee on public lands and buildings has finished its junketing trips, compiled its data and will submit its re

bill seriously, for it pertained to human life, which was too precious to be trifled port, possibly today. The report in full Your Committee on Public Lands and Buildings hands you herewith a partial re-port, covering the institutions they have visited. This report will be supplemented with a second report covering the remain-ing institutions as soop as we get a chance to visit them. ing foot ball. He said the student who foot ball had better go somewhere else. He

ing institutions as soon as we get a chance to visit them.

We beg to state that we have made our recommendations, having in mind the fact that the state financial condition makes it necessary to practice economy in the appropriations and we have refrained from making recommendations that we did not consider necessary for the proper conduct of the different institutions: Home for the Friendless, Lincoln. We recommend the appropriation of \$3,000 for improvements and repairs, provided no change is made in the location of the in-

committee found the different parts Your committee found the different parts of this institute in perfect order, the wants of the inmates carefully looked after and have no criticisms to offer.

It was suggested by the superintendent that if there was a little land connected with an institution of this kind so they could raise some of their own vegetables, it would enable them to considerably economize in the conduct of the institution and add to the comfort of the inmates.

State Penitentiary, Lincoln. Your committee recommends that the appropriation asked for by the warden, \$10,300 for additional equipment, engine, boilers, motors, repairs, etc., be allowed.

We would also recommend that the penitentiary lands outside of Lancaster county be sold and the proceeds of same be invested in lands close to the penitentiary, provided that such lands can be purchased at a reasonable price.

The warden suggests that the roof over the east cell building, which is of inflamma-

H. R. 250, by Wilson of Pawnee, the salary bill; total appropriation, \$1,050,000, H. R. 251, by Currie of Dawes, an act providing for the inspection of horses about to be driven or shipped out of the state, H. R. 253, by Doran of Garfield, an act to require railroad companies and common carriers to erect and maintain a side track. the east cell building, which is of inflamma-hle material, should be replaced by a fire-proof roof, the investment in cells being jeopardized by the danger of the roof fallcarriers to erect and maintain a side track, or switch, extending a reasonable length, the outer edge of which shall be at least within four feet of the outer edge of the right-of-way, to any slewator or elevators erected by any firm, corporation, association, person or persons for the purpose of buying, storing and shipping grain.

H. R. 253, by Tucker or Douglas, to provide for the appointment of district court reporters by the judge on request of county commissioners and receive M a day for time actually employed. ing in, in case of fire, which would destroy the new cells. We are satisfied that the warden is conducting the affairs of this institution in a very economical and satisfactory manner.

State Farm.

We recommend an appropriation for a water supply, heating apparatus and equipment in the shape of electric machinery, etc., for the supplying of light and power. Your committee were unable to report from the estimates presented the cost of these different items and hence make their recommendations in this form.

A woman's building, additional land, a sewer system, house for swine, charge of veterinary science building, cottage for employes, etc., are desired by the director, but we did not consider this required recommendation at our hands. We feel that this institution should be encouraged in every way consistent with our ability, without working an injustice on other institutions, which it is incumbent on us to provide for.

Asylum for Insane at Liucolu, We recommend an appropriation for a norning session the senate passed eight

the Friendless with the Girls' Industrial school at Milford. Mockett and Beghtol were the only members voting against the bill and Mockett made the only speech Asylum for Insane at Liucolu, We recommend an appropriation as folagainst it. The Lancaster member made a strong pica for Linesh to retain the institution, but it evidently fell on deaf ears. Dimery, Gilligan, Giffin, Haller, Wall, Jones and others spoke for the measure. Thomas of Douglas who did General repairs
Electric irons and sewing machine attachments ...\$ 6,000 tachments
tepairs for laundry.....ew bollers of Douglas, who did so well yesterday as

Your committee commends the superin-tendent of this institution, which is found in excellent shape throughout. a presiding officer, was again honored this We recommend an appropriation of \$85,000 for repairing old wing and putting the grounds in shape, making tunnels, repairing boilers and making other necessary re-

These bills were passed:

S. F. 103, by Saunders of Douglas, a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution providing that five-sixths of a jury may return a verdiet in civil cases and that the legislature may provide that a jury may consist of less than twelve men.

S. F. 102, by Saunders of Douglas, providing that the legislature may fix the salaries of executive officers.

S. F. 46, by Shreck of York, providing that railroads must furnish transportation to parties shipping stock.

S. F. 48, by Giffin of Dawson, the bulk sales law. boilers and making other necessary repairs.

Your committee feels that the cottage constructed under the supervision of the state architect during the last blennium, now nearing completion, were being furnished in a manner to call for a maximum expense, especially the administration build, ing and that a great economy could have been practiced without any deterioration to the buildings.

We would also suggest that the employment of a bookkeeper at Norfolk, with the present capacity of the institution, should be dispensed with, as we consider such an officer unnecessary, as the steward should perform the duties of that office.

S. F. 45, by Giffin of Dawson, the bulk sales law.

S. F. 62 by Meserve of Knox, providing a penalty for anyone practicing law without first having been admitted to the bar.

S. F. 65, by Jones of Otoe, taking the boundary streams from the jurisdiction of the game laws of the state.

S. F. 75, by Giffin of Dawson, providing that irrigation districts may publish the proceedings of meetings.

S. F. 101, by Saunders of Douglas, providing that the constitution be amended to establish courts of appeal inferior to the supreme court was defeated.

S. F. 155, providing that the capital stocks of banks shall be not less than \$10,000, was referred back to the committee for amendaments. Soldiers' Home, Grand Island. Soldiers' Home, Grand Island.

We recommend an appropriation of \$10,000 for general repairs, including repairs or additions necessary to cowbarn, painting, standplpe, etc.

The management is desirous of having a new administration cottage and some additions to the hospitals.

This institution is badly crowded, a great many of the inmates being in a more or less helpless condition, and we felt that the management was doing everything possible for the comfort of the immates, considering the crowded condition. S. F. 134 by Gilligan of Holt, providing for the repeal of the law creating the state banking department.
S. F. 36, by Sheldon of Cass, providing that railroads must keep waiting rooms open for the accommodation of the travel-

Industrial School for Boys, Kearney. Industrial School for Boys, Kearney. Your committee recommends an appropriation of \$1,800 for increase in trade department, \$2,000 for boilers, dynamos and general repairs; total. \$2,000.

We were impressed with the policy of the superintendent of this institution in trying to impress on the inmates that the institution was an educational rather than a penalestablishment. The policy is to create in the inmates self-respect and the system adopted gives them every encouragement to make themselves trusted and respected by others. Their records show that they are succeeding along those lines and making good citizens out of what were considered incorrigible youths.

Asylum for Insane, Hastings. We recommend appropriations as follows mproving grounds, curbing, planting wo fire escapes

\$15,500 Your committee found this institution also

tendents, etc.. of various institutions that could live outside the state building and perform their duties during regular office hours, leaving additional room and effecting a saving to the state, as your committee fects that the salaries paid such officials are high enough to enable them to pay house rent and living expenses.

One Hundred and Fifty Killed at Nefka made and living expenses. yote. These spoke against the bill before a word had been said in its favor: Jen-nings, Saunders, Gibson, Jones, Mesorve, Epperson, Whaley, Haller and Mockett. Then in rapid succession Harsh, Sheldon, Williams and Gilligan turned

Peeble-Minded Institution, Beatrice. We recommend an appropriation as fol-Repairs and improvement ... Cold storage New boller 1,000

\$5,500 cinct assessors. It would prevent the Your committee feels that this institution building up of a political machine they especially well conducted by the super lendent, Mr. Johnson, and his administra intendent, Mr. Johnson, and his administra-tion of affairs the most economical of any institution we visited. The service of a steward has been dispensed with, the super-intendent assuming the duties in addition to his own, which, considering the nature of the inmates, ar not light.

A new building is desired by the manage-ment and we suggest that if any new buildings are appropriated for that the needs of this institution have careful con-sideration, as it is necessary to separate claimed. The result to the republican deration, as it is necessary to separate he inmates and exercise constant vigil-

ance over them. State Normal School, Peru. We recommend appropriation as follows: Repairs and improvements \$5,000 Addition to heating plant, boller, tun-nel and fatures 2,5 6 umping plant

Total

We were impressed with the excellent work being done by the Peru school, which is justly growing in popularity each year. At present it is cramped for room, but the new building will soon be available, which will somewhat relieve the present congested condition.

\$10,000

will somewhat relieve the present congested condition.
The library building in use now is a frame structure and a firsproof building is desired by the board and faculty. Considering the very valuable contents of the building, it is unsafe for that purpose, and would be valuable as a class room when a new library building is constructed.

In the boiler house at Peru the shovel plan of firing the boilers is adopted, and your committee feels that it is much more economical than the self-stokers used by a great many of the other institutions and would recommend that the shovel plan of firing be adopted at all the institutions as soon as the change could be conveniently made.

Too much credit should be given to the Too much credit cannot be given to the professor in charge for his untiring efforts to make the Peru Normal one of the most thorough and practical institutions of

earning Deaf and Dumb Institution, Omaha. We recommend an appropriation as fol-

One fre escape..... Electric light connection..... Total \$5,060 A new building is also asked for at this institution.

Outside of repairs which we consider necessary we find everything connected with the institution in good shape, and everything pertaining to the comfort and welfare of the inmates, carefully looked

We would suggest that this institution, as well as the institution for the Blind at Nebraska City be placed under the supervision and control of the Board of Public Lands and Buildings, the same as other state institutions. Institution for Blind, Nebraska City. We recommend an appropriation as fol-

pairs rounds and walks.....

Total ..\$4,20

THE LEGISLATORS DOINGS OF to Take Census of Property Exempt from Taxation.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN; Feb. & (Special.) Senator Cady of Howard county this morning in-troduced S. F. 173, a bill to enumerate all property which under the constitution is exempt from taxation. The property enu-

exempt from taxation. The property enumerated in the bill is as follows:

First—All the lands donated by the
United States for school purposes, not sold;
all public school houses, all property of
institutions of learning not conducted or
used with a view of profit, including real
estate, not rented or leased, on which such
institutions are located.

Second—All church property actually and
exclusively used for public worship, when
the land (to be of ressonable size for the
location of the church building) is owned
by the congregation. location of the church building) is owned by the congregation.

Third—All lands used exclusively as grave yards or grounds for burying the dead, and not conducted for profit, in which latter case the portions sold only shall be

acres.
Seventh—All property of institutions of purely public charity, when actually and exclusively used for such charitable purposes, not leased or otherwise used with a view to profit; and all free public libra-

ries.

Eighth—All fire engines and other implements used for the extinguishment of fires, with the buildings used exclusively for the safekeeping thereof, and the ground of reasonable size on which the building is located, when belonging to any city, village

located, when belonging to any city, village or town.

Ninth-All market houses, public parks, squares or other public grounds used exclusively for school purposes; all walks, machinery and fixtures belonging exclusively to any town, village or city and used exclusively for conveying water, gas or electric light to such city, town or village.

Tenth-All property which may be used exclusively for agricultural, horticultural, mechanical or philosophical purposes and not for pecuniary profit.

The house this morning passed McMulen's anti-Christian Science bill by a vote of 57 to 29. The essential provision of this bill requires those who practice the art of heating under the doctrines of Christian Science to undergo an examination before the State Board of Health and be able to diagnose disease. The promoters of the bill contend t was not aimed at the religious liberty of any sect or cult and that it probably will not require Christian Scientists to be able o pass an examination in materia medica or therapeutics. The regulations, they contend, will depend largely upon the board, They affirm the prime object sought in the bill is to compel all who practice the art of nealing human disease, whether by prayer or any other means, to know disease when

they see it. Against no bill that has yet passed the ouse has a stronger fight been made than this one. The advocates of Christian Science persistently sought to defeat the bill, maintaining it was an unjust blow at

The Douglas county men divided in voting on the bill. Barnes, Dodge and Clarke, who fought it on the floor, voted against the measure, while Tucker, Lee, Muxen, Foster and Fittle voted for it. Andersen was absent.

Automobilists may be interested to know that the Hand till, regulating the registration and speed of their machines, passed the house this morning. The bill provides that the owners of automobiles shall register their names and addresses and machines with the secretary of state and shall keep displayed on their machines the numbers presented by the secretary of state. As to speed it provides: "No greater rate than is reasonable and proper, having regard for the traffic and use of the highways, or so Automobilists may be interested to know Your committee found this institution also in excellent condition, everything possible is excellent condition, everything possible exemed to be done for the comfort of the institution and speed of their machines, passed to and speed of their machines, passed the house this morning. The bill provides that the owners of automobiles shall register their names and addresses and massociating effect on them, besides making it possible to serve the meals warm, on account of the shorter time necessary in setting tables and distributing food.

We feel that the fourth physician asked for is not necessary, as those now on the payroll ought to be able to look after the number of patients the institution is capable of carring for.

In all the limitiutions we visited we as to endanger the life or limb of any person, or in any event in the closer built up portions of a city, town or village, no greater rate than one mile in six minutes, or claewhere in a city, town or village ne greater rate than one mile in four minutes. ble of caring for.

In all the institutions we visited we found all the officers of the institutions living in the administrative departments at the expense of the state. In most cases it is necessary that the officers live in the institutions, but there are some officers, such as stewards, bookkeepers, farm superingers, for the figure of the figure

be courteous to every horse it meets. The Omaha members present voted against the

(Continued from First Page.)

in the matter of the Esch-Townsend bill, not that he did not have confidence in his bill, but because he did not want the committee "to be the target of every scribbler who wanted sensational headlines."

then defeated, 151 to 186, Messrs, Gaines (Tenn.), Rider and Soudder (N. Y.), and fifty. The military fired eight volleys. Livernash and Wynn (Cal.), voting with the republicans.

The roll then was called on the Esch-Cownsend bill, which was passed, 326 to 17. The following republicans voted against the bill: Adams (Pa.), Caster (Pa.), Dwight (N. Y.), Gardner (N. J.), Hill (Conn.), Huff (Pa.), McCall (Mass.), Porter (Pa.), Sibley (Pa.), Southwick (N. Y.) and Vreeland (N. Y.).

The following democrats voted no: Harrison (N. Y.), McDermott (N. Y.), Rider (N. Y.), Scudder (N. Y.), Goulden (N. Y.) and Shull (Pa.), During the day the following members spoke in favor of regulating freight rates: Messrs. Thomas (N. C.), Gillespie (Tex.), Burnett and Bowle (Ala.), Kennedy (O.),

Mr. Shull (Pa.) opposed legislation of any kind. Statehood Bill Referred.

and Calderhead (Kan.).

Immediately the rate bill was passed Mr Moon (Tenn.) called attention to the fact that the statehood bill had been transmitted to the house and inquired of Speaker Cannon if it would be in order to make a motion to agree to the senate amendments. Speaker Cannon notified Mr. found that as the amendments provided for an appropriation, the bill had gone to the committee on territories at once The house at 5:30 adjourned until tomorow at 12 o'clock.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SENATE Day Devoted to Discussion of Agri-

cultural Appropriation Bill. WASHINGTON, Feb. 9 .- The senate de voted the day to debate on the agricultural appropriation bill, but did not complete the measure. There was a renewal of the discussion of the general policy of distributing the appropriation bills among number of committees. Mr. Gorman and Spooner contended that the change had resulted in a vast increase in the cost of conducting the government. Mr. Hale agreed that in recent years there had been great increast in the appropriations, but he attributed it to what he characterized as "the war craze."

CORBIN REPORTS MORE FIGHTING scouts and Pulajanes Meet, with Disaster to the Latter.

WASHINGTON. Feb. 9.-The following cablegram has been received at the War department from General Corbin at Manila:
Brigadler General William H. Carter reports engagement of scouts with Pulajanes, San Jose, Samar, February 2. Six guns captured. No casualties, February 3 Gustin, second lieutenant of Philippine scouts, wounded, moderately; one scout killed, five wounded. Thousand Pulajanes located at Mount Tago, due east Calbayog. Our forces co-operating with native troops, with good effect. Have ordered additional battalion of infantry Samar to have them there should their services be required. Governor general consulted and approves. We agree with general policy. partment from General Corbin at Manila:

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.-The president oday sent to the senate the following nominations:

To be Assistant Secretary of the Treasury—James B. Reynolds of Massachusetts.

Postmaster: Hawail—Joseph G. Pratt,
Honolulu.

LINDEN HELD TO GRAND JURY Vocal Teacher Charged with Forgery Bound Over in Thousand Dollar Bail.

Wilfred B. Linden was bound over to the

latter case the portions sold only shall be exempt.
Fourth—All unrented government lands, all public buildings or structures of whatsoever kind, and the contents thereof, and the lan don which the same are located, belonging to the United States.
Fifth—All property of every kind belonging to the state of Nebraska.
Sixth—All property belonging to any county, township, city or incorporated town, with the ground on which such buildings are erected, not exceeding in any case ten acres.

All property of institutions of district attorney, and lodged in the county jail. Linden is a music teacher with an office in the Woodmen of the World build-

ing. The girl's story has already been made public in The Bee. It appears from the evidence of one of the detectives that Linden had returned \$20 of the money to the girl or was about to do so when the messenger, who was to convey the money was intercepted, and through this means Linden was subsequently located. Linden has returned the remaining \$22 to the girl through his attorney.

Linden did not testify in his own behalf, but it developed from the testimony of trict Judge Henry W. Blodgett died today the detectives that he admitted to appropriating the money order, and on this testimony, Judge Anderson concluded that there was sufficient cause to bind him over to the federal grand jury.

Miss Gibson was released on her own recognizance in the sum of \$100 to appear before the grand jury as the complaining witness. It is learned that Miss Gibson will in the meanwhile visit her home in Virginia.

Hurt by a Fall,

F. E. Adams of Washington, D. C., stepped on an iron coal cover while walking on Farnam street at Thirteenth and Farnam streets, and slipped and fell, and it was thought for awhile that his injuries were serious. He was taken to the police station, where he was attended by Police Surgeon Empey. Adams had undergone an operation for appendicitis only a short time ago, and it was thought for a time that he had opened the wound made at that time, but further investigation proved that he had strained himself.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

At the Merchants: J. B. Siens of Butte, B. B. Hopkins of Hastings, Oliver Fehlman of Beemer.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Weller left Thursday afternoon for St. Louis to attend the funeral of the late James Richardson.

William Wolfe, M. C. Remington and L. A. Farber of Neligh, C. H. Reynolds, C. C. Hughes and D. C. Horton of Norfolk were guests at the Her Grand last evening.

SITUATION IS CRITICAL AT LODZ

Strikers Force Employers to Pay Them for Part of the Time They Have Been Idle.

BERLIN, Feb. 9 .- Press dispatches from Sosnovice describe the bloody character of the conflict between the military and He was loudly applauded as he took his strikers at the Katherinen iron works. One correspondent telegraphs that fifteen The substitute bill of the minority was persons were killed and thirty-five wounded, while another gives the number killed as Another collision occurred at the Nifka

> day forenoon near Milovice, but this affair was bloodless. It was feared that numerous outbreaks would take place last night in various parts of the strike district of Russian Poland, since strikers were gathering in groups, gestleulating and talking in threatening manner.

mine, where it is rumored 150 persons were

killed. A third collision occurred yester-

Situation Critical at Lods. LODZ, Feb. 2.-At the Coates thread ills and many other establishments the strikers were today paid three days' wages as an advance, although it was claimed that nothing was legally due them. The managers of Heintzel's mill refused to pay anything and the workmen threatened to wreck the place. The military prepared to fire and for a moment the situation was extremely grave, but the management finally yielded and agreed to pay, provided men promised to return to work on Monday. Another manager refused payment to the strikers, but at the point of a revolver was compelled to promise payment tomorrow. Employers are paying services will be at the home Friday after-Moon that he had examined rules and only as a method of expediency. The manufacturers were in conference all day and had frequent conferences with the gover- Mrs. Hepry Herold, Mia, Henry and Barnor general. There were serious disturbances today at Baplance. The troops fired on the men, killing one and wounding two. Baplance is in the Dobrzynka river and is the seat of cotton, woolen and wall paper manufactures

Strikes at St. Petersburg.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 10.-12:30 a. m. men in two more factories, one of which is a small concern, employing only 300 hands, ceased work yesterday and more of the employes of the Putloff Iron works joined the strikers. The renewal of the strike has, however, not yet gained a threatening formation. Though somewhat restive, the strikers are not showing a troublesome disposition. At the Putloff works about one-third of the force are said to have quit work at the expiration of the eight hours' shift, quietly laying down their tools and walking out. Two battalicus of troops are stationed at the works, but there has not been the slightest disorder.

Four other establishments are still at work, but rumors of a strike with which the air was filled yesterday, are positively denied. The manufacturers were again in session yesterday, but came to no definite conclusions in regard to the questions in dispute.

Concessions of strike pay will be made but the extent of this allowance is no being decided.

Governor General of Warsaw Dead LONDON, Feb. 10.-Special dispatches from Warsaw, published in the morning papers here, report the death of Governor General Tscherkoff of the province of Warsaw, who was wounded in the leg in a recent encounter between troops and strikers.

Pneumonia and Grip Follow Snow LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE prevents Pneumonia and Grip. Call for the full name and look for the signature of E. W. Grove. 25c.

DEATH RECORD. Adolph Von Menzel.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.-Adolph von Menzel, the artist, died today. He was about 90 years old. His death was due to weakness, superinduced by a severe cold. Menzel had been identified with the best in German art for sixty years and had been treated by this generation with that rever ence and respect which Germans love to show to their old men. His quaint figure. about five feet tall, with hat, cravat and dress, suggesting the fifties, was known to most of the people of Berlin, for he was often in the streets walking for pleasure and observing people. He sat in

taking a glass of wine and walking home Menzel's work, even to within the last five years, was regarded as very good, and he worked every morning until He was often mentioned as the first artist to receive the highest Prussian decoration, the Black Eagle, conferred on him by the present emperor, who held him in much esteem. By order of the emperor, the body of

a certain restaurant almost every evening,

until last Friday, for an hour or tw

von Menzel will be buried here in the ro tunda of the old Museum of Art. Judge Benry W. Blodgett.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.-Former Federal Disof old age, at his home in Waukegan, Ill Judge Blodgett was born in 1821 at Amherst Mass. He was closely identified with the building of the first railway line between Chicago and Milwaukee, and later became the general attorney of the Chicago & Northwestern railway. He was a membe of the sanitary commission during the civil war. While a member of the Illinois legislature, Judge Blodgett, as chairman of the senate judiciary committee, originated and put through a bill giving married women control of their separate property. It was the pioneer legislation of that kind where in the United States, and has since



Any doctor will tell you how nutritious Ghirardelli's Ground Chocolate is. But the people who drink it are the best exponents of its healthfulness.

An ideal winter drink; excellent for children.

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been universally adopted in alm state in the union. In 1892 Judge Bangett resigned from the bench to accept an appointment by President Harrison as one of the counsel for the United States in the Bering sea arbitration.

Paul Gering. PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Feb. 9. - (Special.) Paul Gering died at his home in this city last evening after a short illness with typhoid pneumonia. The deceased was both in Kempten, Germany, June 13, 1831, and came to America in 1866, the family settling at Cedar Falls, Ia. In 1887 the fam ily removed from Omaha to Plattsmouth, where they have since resided. The funeral noon at 2:30 by Canon H. B. Burgess, A. wife and five grown children, Matthew, bara, survive him.

Mrs. Mary M. Staring. NEBRASKA CITY, Feb. 9.—(Special.)— Mrs. Mary M. Staring, widow of the late William W. Staring, died this morning of a complication of diseases after an illness of several months. She was 73 years of and and has been a resident of this city since, 1866. The deceased leaves one son, William

Staring of Cedar Rapids, Ia. To Prevent the Grip. Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signa ture of E. W. Grove. 25c.

Change on Southern Pacific. Change on Southern Pacific.

PORTLAND, Ore., Feb. 2.—E. E. Calvin, general manager of the Oregon Railroad and Navigation company, leaves tonight for San Francisco to become general manager of the Southern Pacific system. G. A. Worthington, assistant director of maintenance and operation of the Harriman system, will succeed Mr. Calvin as general manager of the northwestern grand division of the Harriman lines.

Don't Eat Drugs

Better Take the Food Cure.

Most diseases arise from defective blood or from a disordered or exhausted nervous system. Dr. Chase's Blood and Nerve Food is the most effective blood builder and nerve vitalizer. It restores blood integrity and nerve strength. All forms of nervou debility, exhaustion or prostration are cured by this greatest of all restora tives. Even long-standing cases and advanced stages of physical relaxation and vital decline, the various results of over-taxation, excesses or violations of the laws of health, are quickly cured by this best of all strengtheners and vitalizers. It is the surest known preventive and curative of mental-fag, brain-break, spine-ail, nerve-wreck, and all manner of general or special debility. It enriches the blood, feeds, fortifies and vitalizes the nerves; regulates, sustains and strengthens all natural functions. It is the hope and prop of the weak and discouraged, the restoration of the chronically ill. Under its influence, hope and ambition revive, courage comes, energy and strength develop. rice 50 cents. Book free.

Sold and guaranteed by Myers-Dil-ion Drug Co., Omaha, Neb.

AMUSEMBNTO

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WAY DOWN EAST Matinee, 25c, 50c, 75c. O CHEIGHTON Orpheur PHONE, AND

Night-Matinees Thur., Sat., MODERN VAUDEVILLE Mabel McKinley, Willy Zimmerman, Wol-fing's Horse and Dog, Van Fossen & Mo-Cauley, Texana Sisters, Irving Jones, Murphy and Francis and the kinodrome.

PRICES-10c, 25c. 50c. KRUG THEATER

PRICES, 15c, 25c, 50c and 75c. TONIGHT, 8:15-MISS ROSE MELVILLE SIS HOPKINS SUNDAY-"WHY GIRLS LEAVE HOME"

NEW BONNET FOR MARY Original Comedy.

Dramatized by Miss Jessie H. Barton. CREIGHTON UNIVERSITY AUDITORIUM 25th and California, SATURDAY EVENING FEB. 11TH. TICKETS, 50 CENTS.

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