three stories or more-87 to 0.

defeated by a vote of 37 to 40.

adjourned for the noon recess.

game commissioner to \$1,800 a year.

and that of his first assistant to \$1,500-was

recommitted for specific amendment.

H. R. 44, by Smith of Burt-To prohibit

attorneys, Judge England and Judge Frost,

hearing before the house or a committee,

as the house saw fit. The speaker appointed

Windham of Cass, Casebeer of Gage, Jack-

son of Antelope and McAllister of Deuel.

The Omaha water board bill matter was

then taken up and the motion of Lee to re-

nearly an hour. The bill was passed by a

vote of 67 to 24, just the required number

H. R. 36, by Kid, providing for sewer dis-

tricts in cities of Beatrice's size, was

H. R. 47, by Gerden of Richardson-Cre-

H. R. 61, by Saddler of Adams-Allowing

These bills were introduced in the house

high schools for non-resident pupils among

high schools.

H. R. 215, by Kyd of Gage—To require townships to certify in April the amount of money needed for township purposes instead of at this time, making the levy in

Committee Hearing on County Option

Bill.

The talk was delivered to the senate ju-

for local option, while the bill provided for

was a popular demand for a change. He

asserted the Slocumb law had given satis-

Mrs. Dora Wheelock, president of the state

Women's Christian Temperance union;

President Lampan of Bellevue college, Prof.

Fairchilds of Doane college, Dr. Wight,

president of the Hastings college; J. B.

Lynch, reprecenting the Guideons; Dr. Bat-

Editor Esser of the Pilger, published here

and Carl Herring of Omaha represented

The advocates of the bill protested that

itself and the citizens of the county they

advocated should have the right to say

brewers, it was claimed, owned or backed

most of the saloons in the smaller towns

that the farmers should have a right to say

whether these saloons should operate. It

share of the cost of prosecutions in cases

where men under the influence of liquor

committed crimes, and yet the farmers had

no say in the matter of saloons. The ob-

ject of the bill, it was stated, was merely

to give to the people the right to express

Editor Esser, in opposition to the bill, told

that prohibition would not stop the sale of

liquor; that in prohibition states it was

he gave instances from his own personal

The committee met in the senate chamber

with spectators. Chairman Epperson pre-

themselves on the question.

Grand Island college, Chancellor

for an amendment to it.

schools which have maintained such

to carry the emergency clause.

ating village boards of health.

\$60 for the burial of an old soldier.

passed, as was also:

a committee consisting of Douglas of Rock,

Good, warm Knitted Underwear for these cold days.

Men's Fine Camel Hair Shirts and Drawers, shirts well finished, drawers bave taped seams and suspender straps, \$1.50 per garment. Wright's Health Underwear; a good, wool, fleeced, winter weight garment,

Ladies' Union Suits-All wool, mediu weight, Swiss ribbed garment; in

gray; good value; \$3.00 per suit. Ladies' Union Sults-Heavy weight ribbed cotton, beautifully made, \$2,50

Ladies' Corset Covers-High neck, long sleeves, in merino, mercerized, silk and wool and all wool. We have Corset Covers at 75c, 85c, \$1.00 and \$1.50 each. All sizes and broken lines of Underwear for men, women and children at

THOMPSON BELDEN & GQ

Y. M. C. A. Building. Corner Sixteenth and Douglas Streets.

last night and made reports on a number to five years in the penitentiary, eighty of bills. These were placed on general file: 8. F. 79-Providing for the publication of the action of irrigation district meetings. 8. F. 117-Reenacts the law establishing the Hastings asylum and leaving out of the title of the institution the word "in-

curable."

8. F. 21—For the appointment of a registrar of vital statistics.

8. F. 59—To consolidate the Home for the Friendless and the Industrial school at

Milford.

8 F. 101, 102 and 103—Providing for constitutional amendments; providing the legislature shall create courts; providing the legislature shall have power to regulate the power of executive state officers; five-sixths of a jury in civil cases may return a verdict.

dict.
S. F. 21—Providing that drivers of trac-tion engines must use proper diligence in preventing the frightening of horses and damages to bridges and culverts, amended. B. F. 66—Allowing fishing in boundary S. F. 78-Providing for the taking of fish spawn from streams. S. F. 58, providing for the formation of

drainage districts, was passed, as was S. F. 57, providing for the relief of Daniel John-

S. F. 120 was indefinitely postponed after a debate which lasted most of the morning This bill gave authority to the State Board of Pharmacy to grant permission to any dealer or corporation to sell harmless drugs. It was introduced by Dimery, who made a gallant but losing fight for his measure. Dimery explained the bill was in the interest of the rural district residents who had to travel many miles to a drug store. Beghtol of Lancaster held the bill was in the interest of the department stores and was a bad measure. Haller and Gilliboth made talks against the measure. and it was defeated. Harsh spoke for it. S. F. 48, the bulk sales bill, was recommitted to the judiciary committee.

The senate went into a committee of the whole, with Meserve of Knox in the chair. The entire time of the committee was taken up in the discussion of S. F. 55, which provided that the capital stock of banks should be increased from \$5,000 to \$10,000. The bill was finally recommended for passage, after an amendment providing that no bank now organized should be affected. Adjournment was taken at 12:30 until 10 o'clock tomorrow.

The following bills were introduced and read for the first time:

S. F. 147, by Harsh-Providing county clerks shall be ex-officio county assessors in counties of lees than 20,000 inhabitants, and providing salaries for the county assessors in counties of over 20,000 inhabitants.

S. F. 145, by Bresee of Sheridan-Amend-

S. F. 139, by Thomas of Douglas—To distribute funds heretofore paid into county treasury for free high schools.

S. F. 150, by Thomas of Douglas—To provide for the punishment of persons guilty of breaking and entering buildings of all characters, with intent to commit any felony or with intent to steal property of any value.

any value.

8. F. 151, by Whaley (by request)—To regulate the sale of malt, vinous and spiritions liquors by labeling vessels containing liquor with the ingredients and name of

manufacturer.

8. F. 152, by Gould—To regulate the carrying of live stock by railroads, to fix the minimum rate of speed and to provide damage for the violation of this act. Making age for the violation of this act. Making minimum rate of speed in certain cases twenty-five and fifteen miles an hour.

S. F. 153, by Gould—To authorize the guardians of insane persons to relinquish and convey the right of dower and homestead in real estate belonging to their

wards.

S. F. 154, by Vore (by request)—One who secures a marriage license must take an onth and declaring false awearing perjury. Providing a penalty of from one to five years in the penitentiary if prosecution is commenced within six months from time in the senate by Shreck of York county.

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS OF HOUSE

Disnoved Of. (From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 2.-(Special Telegram.)-The house this morning passed these bills: to tinker with existing laws unless there H. R. 33 by Foster of Douglas-Making the bribing or attempted bribery of jurors a

NERVOUS DYSPEPSIA.

felony, punishable by a term of from one

A CURE FOR ALL

Not a Patent Cure-all, Nor a Modern Miracle, But Simply a Rational Cure for Dyspepsin.

In these days of humbuggery and deception, the manufacturers of patent medicines, as a rule, seem to think their of the Anti-Saloon league; Thomas Darnell. edicines will not sell unless they claim that it will cure every disease under the And they never think of leaving the brewers, and were the only ones who spoke in opposition to the bill. out dyspepsia and stomach troubles. They are sure to claim that their nostrum is absolutely certain to cure every dyspeptic it was the right of the county to govern

and he need look no further. In the face of these absurd claims it is eshing to note that the proprietors of whether or not they wanted saloons. The Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets have carefully refrained from making any undue claims false representations regarding the merits of this most excellent remedy for drapesia and stomach troubles. They make was argued that the county had to pay its but one claim for it, and that is, that for digestion and various stomach troubles Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is a radical cure. They go no further than this, and any man or woman suffering from indigeschronic or nervous dyspepsia, who will the remedy a trial will find nothing is claimed for it that the facts will not fully

It is a modern discovery, composed of vegetable ingredients acceptable possible to secure any kind of drink, and to the weakest or most delicate stomach. Its great success in curing stomach troubles is due to the fact that the medicinal propties are such that it will digest whatever holesome food is taken into the stomach, no matter whether the stomach is in good ing order or not. It rests the overrked organ and replenishes the body blood, the nerves, creating a healthy appetite, giving refreshing sleep and the sings which always accompany a good estion and proper assimilation of food. In using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets no dicting is required. Simply eat plenty of ome food and take these Tablets at each meal, thus assisting and resting the atomuch, which rapidly regains its proper digestive power, when the Tablets will be

longer required. Nervous Dyspepsia is simply a condition n which some portion or portions of the ous system are not properly nourished. lood digestion invigorates the nervous system and every organ in the body. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by all morning presented to the senate a petition once proceed to argument.

signed by 500 residents of Scott's Bluff county asking for the passage of S. F. 98, which provides that irrigation districts shall have the power to condemn irrigation is to prevent a few capitalists from getting hold of all the irrigation property in that part of the state and from establishing : system of tenant farming.

Representative Foster of Douglas today took the initiative for a general overhauling and revision of the freight rates of Nebraska and therefore to carry out the policy announced and being pursued by President Roosevelt for more equitable freight rates. He introduced this resoluion, which was unanimously passed by the house:

Resolved. That the speaker of the house Resolved, That the speaker of the house be and is hereby directed to appoint a committee of three with instructions to revise the present freight rate law and report back to this house in ten days a just and reasonable freight-rate bill—one that will be fair and equitable between the shippers and the railroads of this state.

Speaker Rouse appointed as the committee Foster, Junkin of Gosper and Davis of Buffalo. Junkin is the author of the anti-trust and anti-rebate bill, now pending before the house.

In a recent interview Representative Kyd gave this explanation of his bill:

gave this explanation of his bill:

It has been argued that the immediate result would be to put existing societies out of business unit! special sessions of the legislative body of the various organizations affected by it could be held and their laws amended to conform to the provisions of this act. This is an erroneous conclusion. All business of these societies can go on without interruption until a session of the legislative body is held and then the provisions of this act will become immediately operative. votes being cast for and none against the H. R. 108, by Windham of Cass-Applying the fire escape law to office buildings of this act. H. R. 30, by Douglas of Rock-To incorporate the Elks lodge in Nebraska-91 to 0. H. R. 80, by Jackson of Antelope-To in-

Commenting on this today, Hon. E. J. crease the salaries of the chief deputy fish Harris, member of the legislative committee of the National Fraternal congress, said: "This statement is erroneous and not sorne out by the bill itself. The bill has dumping in drainage canals or ditches-was attached to it an emergency clause and is expected to go into immediate force after Shortly before moon the house took up the its passage, approval and publication as

passage of the Omaha water board bill, H. | required by law. R. 8, by Dodge of Douglas, and was delib-"Nearly all the fraternal organizations erating on a motion of Lee of Douglas to of this state, as well as of other states, recommit for specific amendment when it convene their legislative body only once in four years. Some of these societies will Just before noon Burns introduced his have their legislative bodies meet this fall, Lincoln Evening News resolution and others not until next year, and still they Speaker Rouse had the warrant for the ed- would be required to conform to the proitor prepared. However, he was informed visions of this bill as soon as it was passed, Mr. Dobbins would appear without a warapproved and published. rant as soon as the house reconvened at 2

"If extra sessions were called in the p. m. At that hour Mr. Dobbins, with his forty-three societies which would have to amend their laws to comply with the Kyd appeared and stated his willingness to a bill, it would cost not less than \$1,000,000. Who is expected to foot this bill? Again, even in case of the calling of special sessions, owing to the manner of electing and assembling the legislative bodies, it would require from six to nine months.

"All these questions have been gone over very thoroughly and provisions made commit for specific amendments voted in the uniform bill to take care of each down by 73 to 24. The clerk then began and all societies to the end that the memthe reading of the bill which consumed bers of the several societies will have fully protected their rights in the premises.

"The statement that the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Modern Woodmen of America and other societies carrying about three-fifths of all the fraternal insurance now in force in this state are now in harmony with every requirement of this act is not true, and those societies, as well as all the fraternalists of the state are speaking in no uncertain terms in denouncement of the drastic provisions of the Kyd and Shreck bills.

something may happen-manifestly a poor twenty years so as to issue live-year policies.

H. R. 213, by Crosby of Jefferson—To confer on cities of the second class, having
less than 5,000 inhabitants, the authority to
exercise "the right of eminent domain" in
procuring rights-of-way for the construction of sewers and drains.

H. R. 214, by Andersen of Douglas—To
protect persons, associations and unions
of workingmen and others in their labels,
trade-marks and forms of advertising.

H. R. 215, by Dodge of Douglas—To provide for the proportionate distribution of
all funds heretofore paid into the treasury
of any county for the maintenance of free
high schools for non-resident pupils among foundation for legislation."

(Continued from First Page.)

that in breaking up the demonstration of January 22, of the thousands of troops on guard only 480 actually fired. These troops represented eight different units, from a squad of eight to a company of 130, and the total number of ball cartridges expended was 1,002. The authorities point out that this indicated that there was no reckless or general volleying. The number

mills, H. R. 217, by Glenn of Red Willow-To provide for the payment of outstanding provide for the payment of outstanding road district warrants. of wounded in the hospitals today is 208. The report of Maxim Gorky's release apparently either is incorrect, or, if true, he was released on the promise to leave St. Petersburg without the slightest delay. He had not returned home up to a late hour last night. The friend with whom he lives and who was permitted to visit him yesterday afternoon for the first time since his arrest told the Associated Press that he found the author still in solitary confinement in the St. Peter and St. Paul diciary committee. Bringing to bear his fortress. The novelist, whose real name is not Maxim Gorky, which is a pseudonym, the bill and sought to bring to light its meaning "Maxim the Bitter," but Alexis hidden object. He said the title provided Pyeshkoff, did not expect release for some time and did not know whether he would prohibition. He told how dangerous it was be brought before the court trial or deported by administrative order. He philosophically proposed to devote his period of imprisonment to learning the English lanfaction and there was no popular demand guage and remedying other deficiencies in his peasant's education. He begged his Those who favored the measure were: friend to procure text books of English Chancellor Andrews of the State university, and German, natural sciences, etc. At present he speaks only Russian.

Trouble is Subsiding.

The latest reports received by Consu General Watts from the American consuls in Russia indicate a cessation of the trouble in most of the industrial centers of the country.

Allsworth of Cotner, Chancellor Lewis of Union college, Dr. J. B. Carns, president The consul at Riga reports that the riot ing at that place was precipitated by students and rowdies, who fired on the police. The police and troops returned the fire and fifty-three persons were killed and 150 wounded.

At Reval the soldiers were obliged to defend a factory on Saturday against a mob. Three rioters were killed and several others were wounded.

Gorky is Released. Maxim Gorky, the author who was ar ested shortly after the disturbances at St. Petersburg January 22, has been released from custody.

Identify Chief's Assailant. ODESSA, Feb. 2.-The assailant of Chief right shoulder yesterday, has been identified as Abraham Stilman, an artisan from

Berdicheff, Chief Galovine is progressing satisfactorily, but the bullet has not been Strike is Spreading. BATOUM, Caucasia, Feb. 2.-The strike which started here yesterday is becoming general. Large bodies of men are crowding the streets, the quays and docks are de-

serted and the military are patrolling the

and the lobby and gallery were well filled RAILROADS GET CONTINUANCE Hearing of Tax Injunction Suits Post-

poned for Another Weak in

Federal Court.

The hearing on the amended petition in

the railway tax injunction matter as re-

lating to the Union Pacific Railway com-

pany, which was set for February 4, has

been continued until February 11 owing to

the illness of Attorney Baldwin of the

Union Pacific. The adjournment was by

consent of all parties interested and was

concurred in by Attorney General Norris

Brown, who did not desire to put the vari-

ous county attorneys to the expense of

positive assurance that the cases would at

A petition signed by the mayor and members of the city council of Beatrice, endorsing S. F. 63, which allows cities and counties to foreclose on tax liens, was read to the senate. The petition stated that if such a bill became a law the city of Be atrice could clear up about \$50,000 worth of

Senatore Cady, Fries and Wilsey returned this morning from Lansing, Kan., where they went to investigate the manufacture of binding twine. Their report is not yet ready for the senate. Mr. Cady said the penitentiary was making 5 per cent on its

Senator Giffin of Dawson county this

FIRE CONSUMES STOCK FOOD

property. The object of this bill it is claimed Blaze Starts in Alfalfa Company's Plant from Exploding Lantern.

LOW PRESSURE HANDICAPS FIREMEN

Streams from Steamer Only Ones Which Are Effective-Intense Cold Also Makes Work of Firemen Diffeult.

The explosion of a lantern in the rear of the building occupied by the Alfalfa Meal company on Jones, between Fourth and Fifth streets, started a fire that damaged property in that vicinity to the extent of \$33,000. The fire was discovered by the watchman of the Alfalfa Meal company and an alarm sent in about 6:45 last evening. The principal losers by the fire will be the Alfalfa Meal company and the International Manufacturing mpany, located next to the meal company. H. G. Payne, president of the Alfalfa Meal company, estimated the value of his company's stock at \$25,000, and stated the company carried about \$19,000 insurance. The value of the stock of the International Manufacturing company was placed at \$15,000, fully covered by insurance. The building occupled by that company was owned by Sheriff Power, and is valued at \$4,000. There was about \$2,000 insurance on this Alfalfa Meal company was owned by Mrs. day in years. Twenty such cases are re about \$1,500. It is not known whether any insurance was carried. The building of the Alfalfa Meal company was burned to the ground and it is thought that the stock and today, the local government weather will be a total loss. The building occupied by the International Manufacturing com-

covered by insurance. Owing to the inflammable character of the stock in the building occupied by the Alfalfa Meal company the fire spread very rapidly and soon the whole building was a mass of flames. A second alarm was turned in soon after the firemen arrived and a number of streams were soon playing upon the fire. Of all the streams turned on the fire only one or two of them were of any use, owing to lack of pressure. Only the lines of hose attached to steamers had pressure enough to reach the top of the buildings. Had it not been for this difficulty it would have been possible to save the establishment of the International Manufacturing company. In spite of all the firemen could do under these adverse circumstances the roof of that building soon caught fire and was burned off and the upper story gutted by the flames

pany was only partially destroyed, and

the loss to building and stock will not

amount to more than \$7,500, which is fully

A barn in the rear of the Alfalfa company, in which a team of horses owned on exported flour made in part from imby the International Manufacturing company were kept, caught fire soon after the flames were discovered and it was with establish the right of a mar-ufacturer to a difficulty that the horses were saved, the drawback. roof of the barn falling in almost on the the stable. The owners of the buildings were unable

to state last evening whether or not they the would rebuild.

The intense cold was also a handicap to H. R. 212, by Knox of Buffalo—An act to enable mutual life insurance companies of Nebraska to amend their charters after twenty years so as to issue five-year polisomething may happen—manifestiy a poor of spray froze almost instabily, accentu the work of the firemen, in addition to of spray froze almost instantly, accentuating the discomforts which kept every one ndoors whom necessity did not compel to face the rigors of 12 below zero,

COLD WAVE, IS WIDESPREAD

registered 14 below zero. Rallroad traffic

s somewhat delayed. MARSHALLTOWN, Ia., Feb. 2-(Special Telegram.)-This section of Iowa has suffered the coldest snap for years. The mercury was down to 30 below zero. Frank Arnold, a young man living at Legrands, this county, was thrown from his buggy last night and before he could get shelter both feet were frozen to the knees, making amputation necessary.

CRESTON, Ia., Feb. 2.-(Special Telegram.)-The coldest weather in many years from 28 to 35 degrees below zero. The frozen body of a man, supposed to be George Hall, was found near Cromwell in a cornfield.

Coldest Point to Report. ARMOUR, S. D., Feb. 2.-The government thermometer here registered 45 degrees below zero, the coldest weather in

this vicinity for the winter. SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Feb. 2 .- Last night was the coldest in many years. The mercury reached 37, below by official registra tion. Public schools are closed on account

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 2.-Temperatures ranging from 5 to 10 degrees below zero are reported from numerous Kansas towns tonight. Heavy snow is falling in Saline, Dickinson, Pawnee, Baston and other coun-

of Police Galovine, who was shot in the ties in the wheat belt, the snowfall being nearly three inches. In Hodgma county there have been serious losses of live stock. LAWTON, Okla., Feb. E.-The worst blizzard for years raged over southwest Oklahoma today. The thermometer registered down to near zero and a gale swept over the country. For two days snow has been falling continuously and today the storm was reinforced by a strong north wind. On many homesteads in the new country stock in unprotected and suffering. All public work has been abandoned and traffic is de-

> SILVERTON, Colo., Feb. 2.-For thirtyatk hours it has been snowing here and the storm is still continuing with unabated fury. A foot and a half of snow on the level has fallen since the night before last and all outdoor occupation has been abandened. All the mountain trails have been rendered impassable and the railroads are snowed in. The morning train for Denver proceeded as far as Elk Park, twelve miles below here, where it encountered a snow-

layed.

slide which had swept down but a moment before the train arrived. ST. PAUL, Feb. 2.-Today marks the The official record in St. Paul was 24 decoming to Omaha unless there could be a grees below zero, with a keen northwest wind blowing. The temperature at Medicine Hat, Manitoba, was 40 below to- ture of E. W. Grove. 250

day. Havre was 36 below and other below Williston, N. D., 42; Devil's Lake, N. D., 36; Winnipeg, Man ... Bismarck, N. D., 36; Miles City, Mont., 36; Pierre, S. D., 38; Huron, S. D., 36. SUPERIOR, Wis., Feb. 2.-Last night was

the coldest of the winter. Today 26 degrees below zero was the mark reached by street thermometers.

LA CROSSE, Wis., Feb. 2.-Today was 16 degrees colder than any other day of the winter, the thermometer registering 35 below zero. All outside work was impossible. DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 2.-The cold wave still lingers at the head of the lakes, the temperature today being 26 degrees below zero, 2 degrees colder than yesterday. Ice is forming fast in the lake. In the inner harbor the ice is twenty-four to twenty-six inches thick.

MILWAUKEE, Feb. 2.-This is decidedly the coldest day of the winter throughout Wisconsin. The weather bureau here re ports the thermometer today registering 16 below zero. Reports from other places throughout the state show a temperature to 30 degrees below zero.

CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 2.-In this city the thermometer today registered 2 above zero. At many points down the state the mercury is reported to have indicated from 5 to 10 below zero.

PEORIA, Ill., Feb. 2.-The cold wave struck this city at 10 o'clock last night. At 6 o'clock this morning the thermometer registered 22 degrees below zero

In the South.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 2.-Although streets of Cincinnati are comparatively free of ice, more persons sustained broker bones in the last twenty-four hours by building. The building occupied by the failing on the street than on any single Hennessey of this city, and is valued at ported at one hospital alone, while the other hospitals report a number of cases. ST. LOUIS, Feb. 2.-The coldest weather of the season prevailed here last night report showing a fraction over 9 degrees below zero at an early hour. Since then there has been some moderation. Reports from other points in the immediate vicinity

of St. Louis indicate a lower temperature. MEMPHIS, Tenn., Feb. 2.-Another cold wave prevails today over the central south and southwest. The mercury at Memphis registered 17 above zero today. Reports from northern Arkansas and Oklahoma state that zero weather prevails and the cold wave is advancing southward. Fruit and produce dealers have been advised to hold their shipments for two or three days. COLUMBUS, Ky, Feb. 2.- The thermometer here today registered 6 degrees below zero, it being the coldest of the year.

MILLERS MAY GET A REBATE Attorney General Sustains Position Taken by Secretary of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-The attorney general has rendered an opinion in which he holds that drawback may be allowed ported wheat. He also holds that evidence of books of account may be used to

The question was raised by Secretary heels of the horses as they were led from Shaw as to whether drawbacks may legally be allowed on exported flour made in part from imported wheat. It has been before Treasury department for several months and has excited much interest, especially in the milling sections of the coun try where considerable quantities of Canadian hard wheat is annually imported for the purpose of mixing with domestic wheat, thus, it is said, materially increasing the quality of the flour produced. The attorney general holds in effect that drawback may e allowed on flour produced in part from imported wheat, provided the customs officlais can identify the foreign material and can ascertain to their satisfaction by the or measure of the foreign material presented in the completed article. The attorney general adds:

The attorney general adds:

It is to be presumed that having in view the dangers of mistake or substitution of material, suitable regulations will be framed which will require clear proof of the identity and quantity of the imported material used, the amount of duty paid thereon and the quantity or measure of the imported material actually present in the completed article offered for export. Under the conditions which I have stated the manufacturer, in my opinion, is entitled to the drawback allowed by section 30 of the tariff act of July 24, 1897, and I so advise you.

prevails here, the thermometer registering HOT WORDS FROM GENERAL TART Urges Congress to Pass Philippine Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-Secretary Taft house committee on ways and means an ever, the ballot which was recorded as his exhaustive statement of the reasons which had two marks upon it, one a cross after impel him to urge earnestly on congress the name of a democratic candidate for the passage during the present session of the pending Philippine tariff bill. The secretary's reasons are in substance as fol-

cury reached 37, below by official registration. Public schools are closed on account of the cold.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—The government temperature record here last night showed 29 degrees below zero, the lowest record in the last fourteen years.

MITCHELL, S. D., Feb. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—Thirty-nine degrees below zero was registered here this morning.

HURON, S. D., Feb. 2.—(Special Telegram.)—This was the coldest day of the season, 25 below zero this morning and 15 tonight and the mercury going down. The past five days were the coldest in this section for several years. Farmers have pienty of fuel and abundance of hay and feed for stock, and no serious results from the cold are anticipated.

Hissard in Southwest.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 2.—At 10 o'clock tonight the storm has become a blizzard. The temperature is 5 below zero and snow is falling, driven by a bitter wind.

Live stock in the pens at the stock yards suffered from the severe coid and a few head froze to death. Nearly all stock trains were late in reaching the yards today and stock in transit suffered to some extent.

TOPEKA, Kan, Féb. 2.—Temperatures record in etemperatures from the cold and a few head froze to death. Nearly all stock trains were late in reaching the yards today and stock in transit suffered to some extent.

TOPEKA, Kan, Féb. 2.—Temperatures ranging from 5 to the development of the duties on sugar and tobacco has been duties on sugar and tobacco has been carried only in American for the United States. A total removal of duties on Philippines have lost the spanish trade of 3 cents per pound when interests of the Import fax of the Philippines. Now Spain buys in the cheapest market and the Philippines have lost the Spanish trade. The United States is under obligation to make good this deficiency which has been made larger by the increase of the Philippines commodities. Unless the American tariff is reduced in favor of the Philippines have lost the Spanish trade of 3 cents per pound when imported into Spanish trade

have free trade.

The opposition to the reduction of the duties on sugar and tobacco has been nursed by paid professional agents circulating misleading and unfounded statements, which has now developed a decided opposition to the bill by the representatives of all the sugar and tobacco interests of the country except Hawaii and Porto Rico. The entire present production of the Philippines would not appreciably affect the American market if admitted under the proposed rates. The Philippine sugar land is limited; is not as good as the Cuban land, and the truth is that the same land will produce hemp, copra and rice sugar land is limited; is not as good as the Cuban land, and the truth is that the same land will produce hemp, copra and rice much more profitably than sugar, so it is the height of absurdity to suppose that even with free trade in sugar with the United States there would be any considerable increase in the Philippine sugar product. No Philippine tobacco of any kind is exported commercially to the United States and only wrappers and fillers are raised, but fobacco cannot be laid down in New York at less than 7s cents per pound, considerably more than the price for the superior Connecticut wrapper, so there is not the slightest danger of competition with the American filler. The Philippine cigar cannot compete with the Cuban cigar und is not in the same class. The total export of Philippine cigars to all countries was only 166,000, whereas America produces 7,000,000,000 cigars, so that the suggestion of competition is absurd. A 50 per cent reduction of the tariff rates would not do the islands the slightest good, as has been proved by experience with the 25 per cent reduction.

The secretary, in conclusion, pleads for The secretary, in conclusion, pleads for justice for the Philippines. He supports

his statement by letters from Colonel Edwards of the insular bureau and figures from Collector Colton of Iloilo. Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world, wide Cold and Grip remedy, removes the cause

SMALL BEGINNINGS **BUILD UP FORTUNES**

Cornelius Vanderbuilt began life as a farmer. Wanamaker's first salary was \$1.25 per week.

Cyrus Field began as a clerk in a New England store. Adam Forepaugh was a Philadelphia butcher.

Andrew Carnegie did his first work as a Pittsburg telegraph operator at \$3.00 a week.

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Denver Election Judges Testify that There Was Not Room for Them.

POSTMASTER'S BALLOT IS FRAUDULENT

Federal Official Identifies His Ticket from Among Those Which Were Condemned by Experts.

DENVER, Feb. 2.-One of the mysteries of the alleged ballot box stuffing at the lection last November was cleared away by a witness in the Peabody-Adams gubernatorial contest before the joint legislative diately. ommittee this afternoon. The experts in nany precincts have declared a number of allots probably illegal because they were suffering from paresis. He imagined some ot creased in such a manner as was neces- story concerning him had been printed in sary for them to be passed through the one of the morning papers and made a slot in the loxes. Alderman A. D. Mauff trip downtown to look it up. On his rewas called by the democratic attorneys to turn home he said goodbye to his wife identify his ballot. He was successful in and told her to tell his children goodbye. this and on cross-examination he was asked to show how he folded his ballot to put it through the slot. This brought out the statement that many of the ballots in that precinct had never been in the ballot box because there was not room for them. Instead, with the consent of the election officials and the supreme court watchers, they were cast in the outside case of the ballot box and were not folded in the same manner as those which were put in the ballot ox proper.

Most of the witnesses examined this afternoon were foreign-born persons residng in Elyria, a suburb of this city, whose callots had been declared by the Peabody experts to be fraudulent. They identified their ballots when they were shown them. but were unable to pick them out of a number of ballots with any certainty after the ballots were mixed up by the attorneys. Each witness was asked to write the word "Democratic" as he had written it on the ballot and in each case the handwriting was identical with that on the ballots.

Postmuster's Ballot Fraudulent. The unsealers of ballots reported on a number of ballots which the experts had testified were written by the same hand. books of account or otherwise the quantity | One of the bunches of ballots alleged to in the same handwriting were found to be those voted by John C. Twombly, formerly postmaster of Denver, and Milton Aufanger, a republican state senator, and two members of his family. One of the principal witnesses

light session was Senator Milton Anfenger, a republican member of the committee. He was shown a ballot included among the fraudulent ones reported by Expert Fleury, the number of which corresponded with the number appearing opposite his name on the poll book of the precinct in which he lived and voted. While he was unwilling to say positively that this was his ballot, he declared the handwriting resembled his very closely and he could not say the ballot was the one he voted. Senator Anfenger testified that he intended to vote a straight republican ticket and was has addressed to Chairman Payne of the under the impression that he did so. Howrepresentative and the other a mark for the constitutional amendment provision. He said he marked his ballot according to the latter, but was surprised that another mark appeared on the ballot accredited to him. On cross-examination he said he believed a great deal of repeating was carried on at a number of polling places in the city where he visited during the day On redirect examination he was questioned as to his opinion concerning his competency to sit as a fair and impartial juror in the governorship contest. He admitted that from what he saw on election day was committed in the interest of Alva Adams and therefore doubted his competency to judge fairly and impartially according to the evidence admitted in the contest hearing. Asked by Attorney John Rush, representing the contestee, as to his having attended meetings, caucuses and conferences of members of the legislature at which the question of reseating Governor Peabody was discussed and whether or not those discussions had not already determined his decision in case of a contest, he said it would not have effect on his vote. He also denied that he had re-

ceived instructions from corporations concerning his vote on the contest. Physician Identifies His Ballot. Dr. Thomas Hopkins, a prominent physician of this city, was called to the stand and identified his bailot among the alleged fraudulent ballots reported by the expert. Robert S. Lamont, a republican judge in eged fraudulent ballots were found by experts, testified that the conduct of the election in his precinct was "fair and square," and that the supreme court watchers found no fault with the conduct of the election He told of the necessity of using the ballot box case for depositing the ballots whe the ballot box had become filled, and on cross-examination admitted that he was away from the polling place ten or fifteen minutes later in the afternoon. He said that his watchers and those of the supremo court were in the room during his absence. and he did not believe that any ballot box stuffing, as alleged, could have been en

MORMON MEASURES IN IDAHO Senate Passes Laws Imposing Heav;

Adultery. BOISE, Idaho, Feb. 2.-The senate today by unanimous vote passed two bills knows

exertive Bromo Ouining Call for the full name and look for signa-

BOXES as Mormon measures. One is a bill propolygamy shall be sentenced to pay a fine of from \$200 to \$2,000 ond suffer imprisonment from six months to five years. The other measure makes adultery a

> three months to three years or by a fine of from \$100 to \$1,000. The motion for the passage of the bills was made by Senator Hart, a Mormon.

crime punishable by imprisonment of from

THROAT CUT FROM EAR TO EAR Theodore Diesing, Sr., Commits Suicide While Suffering from Delusion Due to Iliness.

Theodore Diesing, sr., aged 50 years, cut his throat from ear to ear at his home yesterday afternoon, and died almost imme-

Diesing, who was a carpenter by trade, has been in poor health for some time, Then he went directly to his room and

killed himself. Diesing had lived in Omaha for about twenty-two years. He leaves a wife and six children, four sons and two daughters, all grown.

Signs of Disease

The First Signs of Disease are a Poor Complexion, Weakness, Emaciation and Lack of Vitality.

The first sign of returning health is increase of flesh, strength and vigor. This weakness, emaciation and lack of vitality simply means that certain substances, which go to make up the blood and nerves, have become exhausted; and to renew flesh, muscle and strength, these substances must be restored. Dr. Chaze's Blood and Nerve Food is composed of the same kind of substances that are lacking in the impoverished blood and nerves when in poor health, and abundant in the rich juices that flow through the system when in perfect health. If pec ple would take this food occasionally when in health to keep their blood and nerves in good condition, many spells of sickness and wasting disease would be prevented. It makes sick people cell, puts solid flesh and muscle on thin people, gives strength to weak people, restores the lost vitality to nervous people, imparts the tint of health to pale and sallow people. It adds years to life and puts life into years. Price 50 cents. Book free.

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AMUSEMENTS

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WEDNESDAY-

Modern Vaudeville. Every Night. Matinee Thurs., Sat., Sun. Herrmann the Great, Frederick Hallen and Mollie Fuller, Mallery Brothers, Brooks & Holliday; Charlotte Havenscroft; Hennings, Lewis & Hennings; The Alpine Family and the Kindrome. PRICES-10c, 25c, 50c.

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ROAST TURKEY and BAKED FISH Friday Dinner at

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