TWO 'PHONES IN COLUMBUS

Experience of Ohio's Capital City with the Duplicate Service.

ANALYSIS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Some Lessons to Be Drawn from Study of Conditions Produced by Attempted Telephone Competition.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 30 .- (Special.) -- After four years of competition, the telephone situation at Columbus may be summed up us follows:

First. The Bell rates are the same as be-

stations, whereas it had only 3.467 when garet Brady, 156 Whitman St., Cleveland, competition began-Third-The Independent exchange has 6,515

Fourth-The double telephone nuisance is

in 1,077 business pinces and 418 residences. Bixth-An advance in the rates of the Independent company is inevitable; otherwise quate to cover the proper charges against

Seventh-The business men of Columbus have about \$300,000 of their money invested in the Independent's common stock without any prospect for fair dividends on the

stock. The Independent concern is known as the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company, and it began paid service August I. 1900. Its switchboard eapsofty is 5.30 mair line telephones, and for some months the comany has been operating at full capacity. It is now arranging to install a new automatic switchhoard, so that it may increase of Piles, which is sent free for the asking. the number of its subscribers. The rates of the Columbus Citizens' company are \$4 for business service and \$24 for residence service, there being but very few party lines. Ralph Reamer, the cashler of the company, was asked if the rates were sufficient to make the business profitable, and

than doubling the number of its local sta- ference that the "surplus" is now repretions, as will be shown in this table;

August 1, 1900...... September 20, 1900... December 31, 1900... June 30, 1901... September 30, 1904...

just that many telephone users in the city wonders what has become of the pense to them amounts to \$58,112

Columbus public have gained for having would be \$30,000, as the common year for double telephone service?

The Columbus Citizens' Telephone company has recently issued a typewritten statement of its business for the purpose of inducing investment in \$300,000 of its preferred stock, and \$100,000 of its bonds, the proceeds to go toward the new work nepessary for the installation of the automatic in place of the manual system. This statement, which is carefully guarded by the company's brokers, is remarkable both for the amount of misleading information it contains, and for the amount of important information it omits.

Statement of Independents.

Earnings and Expenses. The statement based by the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company contains a table showing its earnings and expenses for the first seven months of 1904, followed by these estimates on the business for the whole year:

Telephone rentals. 12 months, at 315,306.78 per month. 12 months. 4,806.58 fent of duct. 4,806.58 fent of duct. 78,50 Operating expenses
Maintenance expenses
General expenses



Very Wealthy in search of quality in sverything, drink



hampagne because it is the best - irrespective of price...But it might interest you to know that it costs one-half as much as foreign champagnes, since it pays no duty or ocean freight

PERMANENCE OF CURE

The Chief Merit.

Many so-called pile remedies will afford the user slight temporary relief, and the amount for the four years will be \$186.906 majority of sufferers do not expect more Add to this the admitted depreciation on than this. Women especially, after having switchboard and telephones and the total tried every preparation recommended for for the four years is \$531,256, or \$171,569 dread, because of the shock to the delicate there is any help in sight for them. We invite the attention of all such to the to in excess of that "surplus."

given below. "I feel it my duty to recommend the

Pyramid Pile Cure, for after suffering ten telephone property. years with a most distressing form of Piles, I am entirely cured, thanks to this remedy, Second-The Bell exchange now has 6,965 Anyone doubting this can write to Mar- extended; that at the present time the

Ten months later she writes "I am glad stations, including extensions and farmers' to say that I am still perfectly free from trouble since I first used your remedy, I ling nearly \$100,000 of its "quick assets" am well known in Cleveland and have Fifth-Miles of asphalt paving have been advertised Pyramid Pile Cure extendively rulned in placing the Independent conduits, here. I take pleasure in doing so as i saved me from an operation, which I always dreaded, and you are assured the

> than I Testimony like this should convince the most skeptical, that Pyramid Pile Cure not in the form of a suppository; can be applied in the privacy of the home, directly quickly and paintessty.

Druggists cell this famous remedy for fifty cents a package, and we urge all sufferers to buy a package now and give It a trial tonight. Accept no substitutes. Write Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall Mich. for their little book on the cause and cure

Taxes	11,278.
Total	99,598,1 188,681,1 99,598,1
Net earnings	89,083.0 82,500.0
Available dividends	

Number of Bell Stations.

3,407
3,258
3,354
3,549

Sented in the assets of the company are stated at a total of \$1.512,189.36—only \$67,774.61 more than its liabilities. It is evident, therefore, that the "surplus" of the company are stated at a total of \$1.512,189.36—only \$67,774.61 more than its liabilities. It is evident, there-3.622 represented wholly in the present assets. The prospective investor, noting that The "double" telephone is in 1,077 business among the asset items are only \$5,312.47 of places and 418 residences, which means that cash and \$800 of sinking fund, naturally of Columbus are paying for two services. part of the surplus. The writer asked the and the aggregate yearly additional exhad really been paid during the four years, An analysis of a statement recently is- and they evaded a direct answer by saying sued by the Columbus Citizens' company in- "the surplus earnings were sufficient to pay dicates clearly that the independent con- 6, per cent per year." From an outside cern must advance its rates in order to source the writer was informed that the can carry out its promise of increasing make its business safe and profitable for company had, during the four years, paid its service without increasing the general the investors in it. And if the rates are 2 per cent dividends on its common stock. expenses. to be advanced ultimately, what will the If this is true, the total amount thus paid its streets turn and encumbered by a sec- amounts to \$750,00. Here, then, is \$20,000 proper chi ond telephone company, and what will be to add to the \$57,774.61 of excess of assets the compensation for the telephone users over Habilities, accounting for \$97,774.61 of are paying a total of over \$53,000 g the "surplus" of \$190,387.40, and leaving the prospective investor over \$100,000 to guess about. Has this \$100.000 really been paid out in dividends, or has it been put into construction w rk and included in the cost of the plant, shown in the table of assets at \$1,368,494.167 If it has been included in the "cost of plant" item, what explanation

is there for the difference between the amount of that item and the present capitalisation of the plant? The total capitalization is \$1,400,000, and "cost of plant" is given at \$1,368.494. If about \$100,000 of the draw annual dividends of more than 12 "surplus" has been included in "cost of plant," then only about \$1,268,000 was realized from the original capitalization of \$1,400,000. It seems that a company, in asking investors for \$400,000 of their money. ought to make a statement of dividends it

mads of \$190,000 of so-called "surplus" earnings. Analysis of the Figures. The statement of the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company contains the following table of figures to show the so-called "sur-

plus" of \$190,387.40; Total earnings and expenses of the company from the commencement of pald service August 1, 1900, to August 1, 1904; to allow for the depreciation of the physical property in which it is invested. It is impossible to fix a standard rate for depreciation on telephone property, but ex-\$680,625.76

General expense... Taxes 269,962 92

Net carnings ... Interest on bonds. "Surplus" Then the statement proceeds to say "this surplus of \$190,387.40 is a little more than 6 per cent per year on the common stock"

-misleading the prospective investor with the inference that 6 per cent dividends on the common stock have either been paid or could have been paid out of the surplus earnings. 'The word "depreciation" does not appear at all in the company's statement and all the figures on past, and probable future, earnings are made without the slightest consideration of the fact that telephone property goes to the scrap heap with remarkable rapidity. In ignoring the important item of depreciation in its statement to prospective investors, does the Columbus Citigens' Telephone company show good faith? The very purpose of the statement is to raise money to make alterations and extensions of the company's plant, which necessitates the wante of hundreds of thousands of dollars of its

present assets. Question of Depreciation. Ralph Reamer, cashler of the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company, recently said to the writer; 'In making this change from the manual to the automatic system our company will sustain a very heavy loss. The present switchboard and telephones, which will be put out of service. cost us \$200,000, and we will be lucky if we realize \$25,000 in selling the property second-

we sustain in making the change." So, here we have an admission direct with 8,000 other subscribers at the same from the company that on the item of cost it can give him service with only switchboard and telephones alone the de-\$175,000. This one item, therefore, wipes the renting of telephone instruments out all but \$15,000 of that so-called surplus

deduct the cost of switchboard and telephones and allow depreciation of only 4 per cent on the remainder of the property, which is said to have cost \$1,168,694, the

the cure of Piles, have come to the con- more than the so-called surplus earnings. clusion, that there is no cure except by an When we take the figures from the state operation. This is rightfully viewed with ment of the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company and add the proper charges for nervous system of women, and many of depreciation we find that instead of earnthose afflicted, have resigned themselves ing a surplus of \$190,387 in four years the to the situation with never a thought that company has sustained a loss of whatever the depreciation of its property amounts experience of the lady whose address is will deny that the ownership of depreciating property is an expense, and a very heavy expense, when it happens to be

It may be said that within the twenty years the property will be improved and company is arranging to improve and extend its plant at a cost of \$495,000. This is true, but at the same time the company is issuing \$200,000 of additional stock Piles, and have not had the slightest and \$100,000 of additional bonds and spend-'surplus' earnings. The present stock and bondholders have nothing to gain from the improvements and extensions to the plant, for as improvements and extensions the income of the company will be inade remedy can have no firmer advocate liabilities against them. The only security enjoyed by the original investors is that afforded by the original plant, and this must necessarily depreciate in value only cures, but cures to stay cured. It is Ordinarily a fair allowance for depreciation is I per cent on the cost of the plant, and this amounts to \$54,739 a year for the to the parts affected, and does its work present plant of Columbus Citizens' Tele phone company. But in this case a depreciation of \$175,000 on a \$200,000 part of the plant is probable within four years Without considering this special item of depreciation and charging only 4 per cent on the whole plant we find the total depreciation for a year amounts to \$51,739. or within \$1,844 of the amount the company estimates as "available for dividends' in case no depreciation charge is made

In regard to probable net earnings of the reconstructed plant as proposed, the statement of the Columbus Citizens' Tele-

nance, operation and taxes on its present Installation amount to 41.7 per cent of the gross income of the company. Although this 41.7 per cent does not include the general expenses of the present business, the statement concludes that 42 per cent of the gross earnings will cover all the expenses, including general expenses, of the proposed new installation. It is contended that the general expenses, which ent business, will not increase with the addition of 2,800 'phones to the exchange, To the experienced telephone man this is indeed a novel proposition, but for the sake of argument we will grant that the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company

The statement of the Columbus Citizens' company concedes the following to be arges against the business of its proposed 8,000 main line exchange;

Deducting this total of \$195,260 of estimated charges from the \$258.000 of estimate: income the balance is \$92,740, which, the statement says, becomes "net earnings for common stock." The inference is that the common stock, amounting to \$750,000, will per cent.

Figuring is Misleading.

ing and extending its plant, proposes to has paid, or of what disposition has been spend \$495.410, and this amount added to the original amount invested will make the total cost of the plant \$1,863,834, according to the company's statement. This plant, costing \$1,868.904, is to stand for a capitalization of \$1,800,000, of which \$750,000 will be in bonds, \$750,000 in common stock and \$300,000 m preferred stock. To protect perts will agree that 4 per cent is a very

preciation on telephone property, but experts will agree that 4 per cent is a very low rate, especially on a plant with automatic equipment if 4 per cent is allowed for depreciation on the proposed reconstructed plant of the Columbus Citizens' company the annual charge under that head will amount to 374,886, and if this is deducted from the estimated net carnings of 422,740 only 318,181 remains "for the common stock." This reduces the probable annual dividends on the common stock. This reduces the probable annual dividends on the common stock from 12 to less than 2½ per cent.

It may be said that it is unfair to deduct about 475,000 a year from the earnings for depreciation, because if that amount should be laid aside each year for twenty-five years the total of the principal and interest would amount to a great deal more than the original cost of the plant. But it should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the second and a sixteenth. Selling: This face, five and one-half furlongs: Temper (4 to 1) won. Diamond second. Him leads third. Time: 1:37%.

Sixth race, five and one-half furlongs: Temper (4 to 1) won. Arietta second, Bouvier than the original cost of the plant. But it should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount to a great deal more than the original cost of the plant. But it should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount to a great deal more than the original cost of the plant. But it should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telephone property is company the amount should be borne in mind that the depreciation of telepho

The foregoing estimates of the net earnings of the reconstructed plant of the Columbus Citizens' Telephone company have been made on the basts of the figures given in the company's own statement to repre sent the average income per telephone, and the operating, maintenance and gen eral expenses, although these figures are pear to be unreasonable. As before stated, the average income per 'phone is not at all likely to be as high on the additional in-stallation as it is on the present or initial installation. As to expenses, it is a well established fact that the cost of furnishing telephone service per subscriber increases as the volume of the service inhanded. This is only one item of the loss creases. It is fully for any company to assert that it can give a subscriber service preciation in four years has amounted to of furnishing telephone service, and not

JOE GANS WINS ON A FOUL

Fight for the Lightweight Championship Ends in Fifth Round.

GREAT CROWD IS BADLY DISAPPOINTED Britt Shows Marvelous Strength and

Quickness and Has Much the Best of It When He Loses His Hend.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 31.-Jimmy Britt of California lost the lightweight champion ship of the world tonight when he fouled Joe Gans. He had sent Gans to his knees In the fifth round, and then, losing his head, gave him a vicious punch, and Referee Grancy promptly awarded the fight to Gans on a foul. The same thing had happened in the fourth round. Gans had dropped to his knees to escape a blow that did not land. Britt struck at him, but Grancy would not allow the foul. In the next round, however, Graney very promptly recognized the foul fighting. It looked almost from the start as if it were Britt's He actually outboxed Gans and landed blow after blow. In the fourth cound it was apparent that Gans was scared, and, barring a foul, the fight was Britt's to a certainty. While no excuse can be made for Britt losing his head, it certainly seemed that Gans invited a foul. The, decision was a great shock to the biggest crowd that ever filled the pavillon, but fair minded men agreed that Graney's udgment was just.

Referee Grancy said after the fight: "I eally should have given Gans the decision in the fourth round, when Britt fouled him but as Gans was not hurt I overlooked it though Britt himself admitted that I coul have called a foul at that time. The second offense in the fifth round was so palpable however, that I was forced to give Clan-The fifth round lasted but thirty-eigh

seconds, when the foul was declared.

Fight by Hounds.

right and left or, the face, as the beil rangibit feit to the head Britt, did most of the leading in this round. The honors were a considered to the head Britt, did most of the leading in this round. The honors were a considered to the head guarters both doing some-yeary clever boxing. Ganz got in a good dight to the body, but Britt retailated with straight to the body. An ineffectual mix followed? Britt caught to the followed the advantage with a right and left to the head, forcing Ganz to a lineheolistik rounding, fighting wildly. He bombarded Gans' face and body with right and helf the advantage with a registration. It was Britt's round.

Round 4-Britt waded in hercely, rushing Gans to a clineheolistic light of the body with right of the body. Gans to the ropes with a heavy left over the heart. He then missed right and left so the face and a left to the body. Jimmy then shot as straight right to the body with right and lefts to the face and a left to the body and followed it with right and lefts to the face and a left to the body. Jammy then shot as straight right to the body. Jimmy then shot as straight right will gans to his knees. After a mix up Britt sent Gans to the floor with a sincession of rights and lefts to the face and a left to the body. At close quarters Brit sent Gans back with a succession of rights and lefts to the face and a left to the body. Jimmy then shot as straight right of the body and followed it with right and lefts to the face of the school and then some more after swing to the body.

An ineffectual mix followed it with right and here left and left to the body with right and here left and left to the face and a left to the body with right and here left and left to the face and a left to the body. Jimmy then shot as straight right of the body with right and left to the face and a left to the body. Jimmy then shot as straight right to the law shot his left hard to Britt's law but his result of

But here again the statement fails to consider the important and inevitable item of depreciation. The company, in improvement of the center of cheered Britt as he went to the center of

EVENTS ON THE RUNNIG TRACKS Rucing Senson Ends on Chicago and

St. Louis Tracks. NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—Dick Bernard, 15 to 1. easily won the Hichmond bandicap today, six furlongs, at Jamaica, defeating a good field. He made the fast time of 1.13%. Ascension was second and Hamburg Bell, the favorites third. Toscan and Manile Worth were the pacemakers to the stretch, where Bernard came up on the outside and won 5y three lengths. Two favorites won. Weather colu, track fast. Results:

1) won, Tam O'Shanter second, Mansard third. Time: 1:13%.

Fifth race, mile and a sixteenth: Falernian (12 to 1) won, Berkeimore second, Brand New third. Time: 1:47%.

Sixth race: mile and seventy yards: Arab (7 to 2) won, Harney second, Flaunt third. Time: 1:48%.

BT. LOUIS. Oct. 21.—Today was getaway day at Deimar and the closing of the racing season on St Louis trucks, Results:

First race, mile and a sixteenth, selling: Leenja won, Kingstelle second. Bradley Button was arrested here at 8 o'clock Friday night upon the complaint of Joseph Schlenter clarged with selling lands without a title. The lands consist of 100 acres situated in Antelops county. New Third rates at a second to the complaint of the second race, seven furious, solling: Wakeful won, Byplay second. Tartan third. Time: 1:28%.

Third of the complaint of the second with selling lands without a title. The lands consist of 100 acres situated in Antelops county. New Third rates are second.

Wakeful won, Byplay second, Tartan third, Time: 1:284.

Third race, six and one-half furlongs: Foiles Bergres won, Ingolthrift second, Anne Davis third. Time: 1:214.

Fourth race, six furlongs, handicap: Edith May won, Braden second, Malster third. Time: 1:144.

Fifth race, mile and one-eighth, handicap: Mainspring won, Sam Craig second, Frottights Favorite third. Time: 1:54.

Sixth race, six furlongs, seiling: St. Daniel won, Ben Lear second Oudon third. Time: 1:15.

Seventh race, mile and one-sixteenth, selling: Amberita won, Mindora second, Frank Rice third. Time: 1:59.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 21.—Results at Latonia;

tonia:
First race, six furlongs: Showman (6 to 1) won, Determination second, Lem Reed third. Time: 1:14.
Second race, five furlongs: Monnet (5 to 1) won, Ethel Day second, St. Bonnie third. Time: 1:00%.
Third race, Easy Trade (9 to 5) wo Santa Luna second, Kilmoris third. Time

Santa Luna second, Klimorie tuira, Lime, 1:414.
Fourth race, steeplechase handicap, short course: Thornhedge (12 to 5), won Red Car second, Picktime third. Time: 3:904.
Fifth race, six furiongs: Wainamoinen (9 to 5) won. Comrade second, Sir Galiant third. Time: 1:14.
Sixth race, mile and a quarter: Prof. Neville (6 to 5) won, Varro second, Prism third. Time: 1:56.

WITH THE BOWLERS.

On the Omaha Bowling association's alleys list evening the Waverleys won two
games of the three played with the Krug
Park team. The last year's champions are
getting back to their old-time form. Score:
WAVERLEYS.

1st. 2d. 3d. Total.

t, d	Hodges Griffiths Molynea Lehman Reed	ux		197 146	166 181 182 180 204	179 168 163 163	567 592 517 489 644
18	Tota	laK	RUGI	957 PA P 1	883	969	2,809
it.	Clay Zitzman French Bengele Berger .		********	1st. 213 185 179 189	2d. 212 149 242 197 175	3d. 175 195 144 188 172	Total. 993 525 565 544 602
det	Tota The U of three of the Score:	ls nion ste games World	player	ds to	am w	on ty	wo out
0	March 161	UNION	STOC	K Y	ARDS		10

3d. Total. 177 568 202 578 232 56 162 56 169 56 2d. 211 199 170 163 165 Denman Totals...... 856 908 WOODMEN. 942 2,706 2d. 181 160 153 191 183 McKelvy Stiles Lawler Brink Stapenhorst Totals..... 883 868 814

Yankton Defeats Morningside. SIOUX CITY, la., Oct. 31.—(Special Tele-gram.)—Yankton college, 10; Morning Side college, 5.

Compels Boy to Smoke. SIOUX CITY, Ia., Oct. 31 .- (Special Telegram)-The mother of Arthur Livermore, aged 12 years, of Correctionville has filed with County Attorney Whitney a complaint against Prof. R. R. Thomas, superintendent of the schools of Correction-ville, for forcing the boy to smoke cigar-

Wednesday, fair. Local Record. Maximum temperature. 10 57 59 6 Minimum temperature. 10 57 59 6 Mean temperature. 46 48 55 4 Mean temperature. 58 52 57 56 Precipitation . 50 42 14 1.0 Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day since March 1, 190.; Normal temperature. 45 Excess for the day. 12 Total deficiency since March 1 . 13 Normal precipitation . 06 inch Deficiency for the day . 06 inch Total rainfall since March 1 2.00 inches Deficiency since March 1 4.00 inches Deficiency for cor. period. 1903. 2.91 inche Excess for cor. period. 1902. 2.00 inche Reports from Stations at 7 p. m.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER.

Reports from Stations at 7 p. m.

Charles and the second	40	-7.9		
Omaha, elear,	ID	62	70	46
Valentine, clear	-1 3	58	70	46
North Platte, clear		50	68	5
Cheyenne, clear	41117	48]	58	-,0
Sait Lake City, clear	1 1	52	58	250
Rapid City, clear	8	52	68	-8
Huron, clear	43	54	72	40
Williston, clear	41.3	16	64	100
Chicago, clear	de s	58	67	-0
St. Louis, clear		P8	55	1.50
St. Paul, clear		58 L	智	-10
Davenport, clear	1 3	104	4 0	100
Kansas City, clear		19	44	100
Havre, part cloudy	1 3	100	5.4	100
Helena, clear		GC	28	100
Bismarck, clear		50	79	-00
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	81 3	70	244	12.75

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecaster,

CONSTIPATION-

is the starting point of disease. It can be easily removed by taking, on arising, half a glass of the Natural Laxative Water,

Hunyadi János

For your own protection ask for it by the full name, HUNYADI JANOS, SUBSTITUTES ARE WORTHLESS AND HARMFUL.

acres situated in Antelope county, branks. The price to be paid by Schlenter was \$5,200. Button received \$1,000 and a note for \$1,200, which he immediately sold. The balance of the purchase money was to be secured by a mortgage on the land. The title of the land is alleged to be in C. L. Wattles of Neligh, Neb., who, it is sald, knew nothing of the contemplated sale. Mr. Schlenter is a prominent German farmer living a couple of miles east of Seward. Mr. Button resides at Plain view, Neb., and is the head of the Button Land company, with offices in several Ne-braska towns. They have conducted a branch office in Seward for some months and Mr. Button has made frequent visits to this city. A large number of sales of town and farm lands have been effected by this office. Many Seward county people have purchased farms around Plainview. The defendant was placed under \$1.000 bonds to appear before County Judge Leavens on November 28, at which time the preliminary hearing will be held.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The report that Maurice Barrymore, the actor, is dying is denied by the authorities at the Long Island home, of which he is an inmate. That there is no hope of his recovery has long been understood, but his condition at present is the same as it has been for months.

Archbishop's Condition Unchanged. CINCINNATI. Oct. 21.—There was no change for the better in the condition of Archbishop Elder today. His death may occur at any moment.

Dr. Lyon's **Tooth Powder** AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century PREPARED BY

J. W. Lyon. D.D.S.

Cured of Asthma

After Years of Terrible Suffering,

Mary Josephine Bezy, Floyd Knob, Ind. writes: "After suffering untold agonics for 32 years from Asthma, I was cured by Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. I used to be so bad that I could not move without help, but I can now do all my own work." Another writes: "My little boy 7 years old has been a sufferer for several years, sometimes so bad off that we could not hold him in bed, expecting any moment for him to breathe his last. Doctors did him no good and we had almost-given up in despair, when through accident we heard of Schiff-mann's Asthma Cur. Atried it and it almost instantly relieved him." Mrs. D. C. Harris, Elbow P. O., Va.

Sold by all druggists at 50c and \$1.00.



Hydrocale, Blond Poleon, Stricture, is Debility, Lore of Strength and Vitality a of chronic diseases, by mail. Call or write. Ben 18th Office dib St. Occase, No.



BCHAEFER'S DRUG STORES, 16th and Chicago sts.; So Omaha, 2th and N sta.; Council Bluffs, 5th and Main sts. KUHN & CO., 15th and Douglas street.



MEN AND WOMEN. Use Big G for unnatural discharges inflammational irritations of ulcerations. Rold by Draggists,





Many of you are suffering from physical weakness and loss of sexual vigor, your nervous system is being depleted and your mind weakened and in parced. Life is not what it should be. Despondency and gloomy forebodings have taken the place of bright prospects and happy smb.tion. You no longer enjoy your daily labors or duties, your hights are restless and unretressing and each morn is you awaken again to the cheeless tealization of your physical impediments and weaknesses, and you have neither the ambition nor the power to maintain you position among your fellow men, drag through a miserable existence often wishing for death to end your troubles. In many cases self-abuse, night losses and day drains are the cau e of your condition, while in others it is some secret disease. Gonorrhoed or Contaginus Blood Polson, or frequently he result of neglected or improperly treated private diseases, which cause tricture Variencele Prostatic, Kidney and Bladder diseases. These diseases (or symptoms of disease) cannot be cared until first their cause is removed and cared, which loss in the deep nervous and physical centers. MEN, DON'T DELAY, Don't give up if others have failed you. Delays are always diseases tomorrow may be too late. Come today to the MEN'S TRUE SPECIALISTS and learn your true condition. Get the right treatment first and be cured quickly, safely and thoroughly. We care

Stricture, Varicocele, Emissions, Nervo-Sexual Debility, Impotency, Blood Poison (Syphilis), Rectal, Kidney

and Urinary Diseases, and all diseases and weaknesses of men due to inheritance, evil habits, self-abuse, excesses or the result of specific or private diseases. CONSULTATION FREE office Hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 to 1 only.

STATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE

1308 Farnam St., Bet. 13th and 14th Sts., Smaha, Nob



The Bee Building Are being rearranged. By making application, at once, we will divide the space into offices of any size, to suit your requirements. These offices are particularly desirable, on account of having splendid

cations at once. R. C. Peters @ Co., RENTAL AGENTS. GROUND FLOOR-BEE BUILDING.

light and will be finished in hardwood throughout. Make your appli-



ALL DISEASES OF MEN

By our system of making a careful examination; our many years of experience (i) years in Gmahm), the many thomsands of the worst cases perfectly and permanently cured of all forms of diseases of men, makes us proficient, certain, accurate. Men boke no chances in coming to us. We use our own name and you know who you are doing business with. Who ever iteard of a good doctor that would not use his name IN HIS BUSINESS? We charge mathings for examination and consultation. If we cannot cure you we knosstly tell you so. We havit all men and women that need the services of a thoroughly competent and honest SPECIALIST, to call at our office or write us and we will gladly explain anythins you may wish to know. We never make an EXTRA CHARGE FOR MEDICINES. We positively guarantee (if curable) to outer.

Blood Polson cured for life, soon every baricose Veins, Hydrocale cuptured, ended for life, soon every baricose Veins, Hydrocale cuptured, ended body, in mouth, tongue, throaty hair and knotty veins eured without entitue, pala eyebrows falling out disappear completely on loss of time. Never falls Guickest cure in the world. Weak, Nervous Men from exhaustion went Kidney, Bladder and Piles our method of debility, early decline, lack of older and diseases differs from all others, and never strength.

CHARGES LOW-HOME TREATMENT. DR. SEARLES & SEARLES

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