ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 24, 1904.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

SHARP FIGHT **ALONG FRONT**

Russians Are Entrencl 7 3he Ground Re-Them. cently Occupie ARMIES IN TOUCH WI ACH OTHER Cmar's Men Are Expected Offensive Within F 33ys. BIG BATTLE IS EXPECT SHORTLY

Weather Cold and Neither Army Can Winter in Present Location. GENERAL KOUROPATKIN STANDS PAT

There is No Evidence that His Forces Will Rush North as They Did After the Battle of Lino

Yaug.

MUKDEN, Oct. 23 .- Sharp fighting continues along the front. The Russians are entrenching ground recently occupied by

While no pitched battle has occurred during the last few days, the two armies are kept in touch with one another, holdbig battle ended. There is no evidence In fact, the Russians have another line of defenses to fall back on in the event that they are forced out of their present

During the last few days there has been frequent artillery fire, occasional infantry attacks and dally clashes between outposts

soon the Russians, it is expected, will dition of the exposition, resume the offensive and endeavor to drive the Japanese back, for the purpose of insuring the safety of their winter quarters unless a southward advance is successful. Another big battle is expected shortly,

as the weather is already turning cold. It will be impracticable for the two armies to winter in their present positions midway between Mukden and Liao Yang. Many incidents are coming to light showing the bravery of the Russian soldiers during their stubborn resistance to the

Japanese advance and in their attempts to drive the Japanese back. The men fought night and day without rest and afterwards worked for hours carrying the wounded to the hospitals. When the Rus-

HARBIN, Oct. 23 .- More than 20,000 are being tended with the greatest care, Every available hand has been set to work in the making of 40,000 shirts for the

Jap Estimate of Russian Losses. total of forty-five guns during the Shakhe

neudquarters follows: The enumerated spoils, etc., of the battle of Shakhe:
Prisoners, about 506; enemy's dead left on
the field, 10,550; 45 guns, 37 ammunition
wagons, 6,920 shells, 5,474 rifles, 78,000 small
arms ammunition, number of swords,
shovels, axes and tents. Besides the enumerated property the uncounted property,
extending over twenty-five miles, will reach
an enormous quantity.

ing to the number of dead the Russian casualties are estimated at over

PETERSBURG, Oct. 23.-Lieutenant General Sakharoff, in a dispatch dated Oc-

tober 22 says: There is no serious fighting, but there has been a desultory artillery duel throughout the day. The Russian batteries bombarded the portion of the village of Linshinpu, occupied by Japanese, as well as Shakhe station and the village of Laington, while the enemy bombarded the portion of Linshinpu in the occupation of the Russians and the village of Shakhe.

Fighting at Port Arthur. CHE FOO, Oct. 23.-4:30 p. m .- The Japanese on the afternoon of October 16 resumed their attack on the Russian outer works at Riblung mountain. After four hours' fighting they succeeded in capturing a number of the Russian trenches and one small hill. It is the belief at Dainy that a general assault on Port Arthur will be

Working Toward Japanese Left. MUKDEN, Oct. 22, noon .- (Delayed in that one of the Russian western corps has gone around the Japaness left and is now abreast of Lino Yang, but the statement

The Russians bombarded the village of Shakhe on October 26 and 21, but fired only about sixty rounds. After the evacuation of Shakhe village by the Japanese they were compelled to abandon the station to avoid a flank attack from the village. 3 p. m.-Neither combatant seems willing to give way. The time for resuming issian advance has not yet come The armies continue in close touch. Simuntil the Jupanese hurriedly evacuated this important position the night of October 30, and Russians and Japanese remain in joint possession Linshingu, west of the railroad, the Jap anese obstinately defending the furtified temple there. The Russians have driven trench to the village wall. The weather is growing colder and some nights there are 15 degrees of frost. Great hardships are suffered by the troops in the trenches

alight shelter from the inclement weather Montinued on Second Page.)

Nearly Three Million Persons See the Big Show in October-Total Over Fifteen Millions.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 28 -- The total record of exposition during the last week was 867,-297. The total number of admissions during October was 1,785,734, and with a dupli- People Generally Prosperous, Taxacation of the attendance of the last week October's total attendance will exceed by a small margin the banner month's attendance of September. The record for last

week stands: Monday, October 17..... Thursday Recopitulation: June, 25 days
July 27 days
August, 27 days
September, 28 days
October, 19 days 3,088,743 8,651,873 2,785,734

.15,183,927 of the receipts and expenditures of the World's fair for the first four months of . the fair period-May. June, July and August-were received tonight from Washington. The figures are those embodied in reports from the officials of the exposition. The summaries show that the total receipts of the exposition for the first four months of the exposition for the first four months amounted to \$20,655,020.64, the disbursements for the same period being \$20,477,065.07, leaving a balance on hand September 1 of \$188,955.57. During that period the revenue from admissions and sale of admission tickets amounted to \$2,674,065.11 and the percentage income from the concessions amounted to \$1,516,526.04. Receipts from the intramural railroad for the four months amounted to \$171,221.64.

When the fair opened on April 30 the balance in the treasury amounted to \$1,451,-276.67.

As September had the largest month's attendance since the opening and October bids fair to exceed that of September, it is estimated that later figures now being compiled will reveal a very prosperous condition of the exposition. amounted to \$20,665,020.64, the disbursements ing the positions they occupied when the tickets amounted to \$2,674,005,11 and the that the Russian army will rush north, as amounted to \$1,316,526,64. Receipts from the was the case after the battle of Liao Yang, Intramural railroad for the four months

Unless the Japanese take the initiative compiled will reveal a very prosperous con-

CHILD IS FOUND MURDERED which undoubtedly will be north of Mukden | Had Been Kidnaped Day Before, Sup posedly by Band of Gypsies.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 23.-With the forenead crushed and the throat cut, the body of 4-year-old Michael Mayerski, who was kidnaped near his home in Phoenixville, twenty-eight miles from this city, Friday evening by a band of men supposed to be gypsies, was found today in an abandoned farm house, a few miles from Valley Forge. In connection with the murder six men belonging to a party of gypsies were arrested by Chief of Police Carter of Phoenixville and several constables, and

ficers' ward. The army hospital corps and parties were out trying to trace the wagthe Red Cross societies did splendid work. ons, but without success. This morning The wounded were dressed and forwarded while three men were in the woods gatherto the hospitals with the greatest expedi- ing chestnuts they accidentally came across the body of the boy. Nearby lay a club The Russian commissariat also was ad- with hair and blood on it. The authorities mirably handled. Portable soup kitchens were quickly notified and the entire police were most useful, going under fire to feed force of Phoenixville and vicinity started out in search of gypsy bands. During the afternoon one party came across a comounded soldiers have arrived here and pany of them and took them into custody. They are Henry and Robert Wells, Michael and Barney Dougherty, Samuel Rigler and George Wolverton. They denied any

knowledge of the crime. The report that six gypsies had been arrested soon spread through Phoenixville TOKIO, Oct. 23.-9 a. m .- Manchurian and hundreds of men and women gathered headquarters reporting by telegraph yester- along the streets. As the prisoners were day says that the number of Russian dead brought through the streets there were found on the battlefield and interred up to cries of "Lynch them." "Burn them." The October 22 makes a total of 10 550. On this officers guickly drew their revolvers and total the Russian casualties are estimated kept the angry crowd back. At the lockup to exceed 60,000. The Japanese captured a la le crowd was gathered and the officers had difficulty in getting their prisoners operations. The report of the Manchurian through the threatening mob into the jail. The prisoners were badly frightened.

POPE BLAMES THE FREE MASONS

Premier Combes' Majority. ROME, Oct. 23.-Pope Pius X was almost the whole of last night waiting for telegrams from Mgr. Montagnini, auditor of an enormous quantity. grams from Mgr. Montagnini, auditor of The enemy's dead are being interred with the papal nunciature of Paris, about the discussion in the French Chamber of Deputies. His holiness was not surprised at the which were much as had been expected, but he had not thought, from private information he had received, that the premier's majority in the chamber would be so large as it was. The pope and his entourage attribute the new success of Premier Combes to the influence of the Free Masons, who, according to reports received Vatican, are determined to bring at the about the separation of church and state, in order to be freer to undertake a campaign with the object of destroying all religious feeling in France. When the news was received the pontiff exclaimed, "God's will be done."

DENMARK IS SEVERELY SHAKEN

Much Property Damaged by an Earthquake Shock. LONDON, Oct. 23.-Dispatches received here from various points report a rather severe earthquake and much damage to property throughout Denmark about 11:30 Transmission.)-Rumors are affoat that o'clock this morning. Thus far, however, no fatalities have been reported.

Bomb Thrower is Killed. BERLIN, Oct. 23.-A telegram from Bialystok, government of Grodno, October 19, says; This evening a man about 29 years old and attired as a workman, entered the office of the prefect of police and threw a bomb. The terrific explosion which followed killed the miscreant and injured some policemen and civilians.

OPEN SUNDAY AFTERNOONS ultaneously they held the village of Lewis and Clark Exposition Takes

Middle Ground on Mach Discussed Question. PORTLAND, Ore., Oct. 23.-The Lewis and Clark exposition grounds will be kept open Sunday afternoons, but the buildings with one exception, are to remain closed. The fair will be kept open, however, under such restrictions as seem entirely in keep ing with the character of the day. The gates will not be opened until noon and all buildings except the Fine Arts and others services will be conducted in the after-noons in the Auditorium.

Gevernor of Philippines Says the Judge is Grossly Deceived.

admissions into the Louisiana Purchase GLOOMY PICTURE OF CONDITIONS FALSE

tion is Not High and Press is as Free as in United States.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21-The following cablegram from Secretary Taft to Governor Wright of the Philippine islands and from the governor to the secretary in reply thereto were made public at the War de

partment today:
October 20, 1804. To Mr. Wright, Manila:
The democratic candidate for president, on
the fifteenth of the present month, in a
public address, said:
"But two classes of our people can hope
to be benefited by our holding the Philippinea, the class which is always hunting
for special government privileges and the
class which seeks to make of omce-holding
a means of livelihood. The latter class in
the Philippines comprises some officials of a means of livelihood. The latter class in the Philippines comprises some officials of whom students of conditions there recently said: 'Of the character of many in office too little cannot be said. At the best they have been inefficient, at the worst dishonest, corrupt and despotic. The islands seem to have succeeded in getting the very dregs of our people.'"

He also said: "The situation in the Philippines today is so terrible that it passes the comprehension of our people at home. Agriculturally the country is for the time ruined. Land is going out of cultivation.

The reply of Governor Wright was re-

ceived here from Manila at 1 p. m. today

(October 23), and was as follows: Governor Wright's Reply.

MANILA. Secretary of War, Washington.—With reference to your telegram of 20th quoting recent utterances of Judge Parker upon administration and conditions here and requesting statement of facts relating thereto, I report as follows:

First—The statement that any considerable number of officials have proven corrupt, inefficient or despotic does great injustice to a body of hard working, self-respecting Americans, whose character and service will compare favorably with those of employes of the federal or state governments. Whilst there have been a number of defaults by subordinates, they are few as compared with the whole, and have been promptly detected and punished. Total defaults since July, 1801, beginning civil government, \$73,559. No u.timate loss. Government protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law, Governor Wright's Reply.

the insurrection, save few burned by in-the insurrection, save few burned by in-surgents, which have been rebuilt and re-occupied, towns generally populated as be-occupied, towns generally populated as be-ganitary conditions greatly imfore. Sanitary conditions greatly improved, demand for labor generally equals and in some cases exceeds the supply and at increased wages.

Pest Destroys Farm Animals. In 1901-2 epidemics surna, Rinder pest, destroyed probably 70 per cent of the animals used in agriculture, causing reduced area cultivated land and considerable distress, which can be relieved by inaugurating public work through ald generously extended by congress. Have succeeded by inoculation in checking rinder pest. Those localities most seriously affected have drawn from those where disease did not prevail, and this together with anireval', and this together with ani-imported and natural increase, has sed steady increase, so that at present e is under cultivation all lands here-re cultivated.

tofore cultivated.

During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1904, exports were \$30,225,127; imports, \$33,221,250. Exports fell off as compared with previous year because of decrease in copra and sugar crop due to phenomenally small rainfal in certain sections and the plague

pal food of the people. Present crop in all lines exceptionally good and prices re-munerative, and there is not now, and will not be for the coming year, any suffering from lack of food. Enrollment in the public schools in 1906 was 194, 502 and in 1904

Internal and Customs Taxes. Third-Taxation is not oppressive. Cus-oms duties average about is per cent, ar-compared with 25 per cent under the Span-

Receipts honestly applied for the

compared with 25 per cent under the Spanish regime. Industrial taxes also less than Spanish. Receipts honestly applied for the benefit of the people.

Fourth-It is not true that there are whole districts in the hands of the ladrones. There has been occasional instances during the last year of depredations of ladrones, who find conceniment in remote mountain fastnesses and raid isolated settlements of natives and steal their carabos. They have been relentlessly pursued by the constabulary and scouts, who are natives commanded by American officers. As a result of this policy isdronism is no longer popular or profitable. There is at this time not a single band of ladrones operating in the great island of Luzon, and in Visayan Islands there are only four or five ladrone leaders, with a few followers, who occasionally give evidence of life by stealing carabos or plundering remote settlements. They pass most of their time endeavoring to dodge the constabulary. There is no disorder or disposition to violence among the great mass of the people, who are attending to their usual vocations. Americans can and do go everywhere without danger or thousht of it. In 1904 there were about 18,000 American troops in the Islands. This year there are only about 12-000. It may be stated generally that life and property are as ante here as in the Ilnited States. These general statements as to peace and order are intended to apply to all of the Islands inhabitated by civilized Filipinos, excent the island of Samar, it has a population in the mountains of the interior, many of whom have never seen a weakness for raiding towns along the coast. They are also religious fanctics, generally directed by a pope claiming to be invulnerable. Seven months since there was an irruption of these neonle was an irruption of these neonle who plundered and burned a number of barrios of coast towns, killing men, women and children, when the Elishiest resistance was menifected. They have heen siven a severe lesson by the constabulary and securiously disco nd until their country is ensued up he

Press as Pree as in America.

Fifth—Statements that newspapers are bought up or browbeaten into silence, that men of influence, who criticise the commission are contractized, that all organs of public expression are controlled and that there is no free expression of the popular mind, are wholly unsupportable by facts. The right of free expression of opinion, through press or otherwise, is recognized here as in the United States, and practiced with the same freedem; the only limitation being responsibility for libelous and seditlous utterances; the law relative to those being drawn from federal and mate statutes of the union. No newspaper has been subsidized or browbeaten, nor has anyone been ostractized for criticism the commission. The latter have frequently been the subject both of criticism (Continued on Second Page)

(Comtinued on Second Page.)

Says President Combines Practical Politics with Statesman.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-Rt. Hon. John Morley, the English statesman and author, arrived tonight on the steamer Celtic, During his stay in this city Mr. Moriey will be Andrew Carnegle's guest.

When Mr. Carnegie, who also arrived or the Celtic, was informed that money is needed to maintain the Peace palace at The Hague he mid: "I have nothing to do with that. There is a convention between the powers to maintain it and they sould not find any trouble in raising \$100,000." On the question of calling a peace con-

"Let us not call a peace conference now when two nations are struggling in awful battle. Such an action of President Roosevelt would be a great error and would not be looked upon with favor in Europe." Turning to Mr. Morley he asked: you agree with me, Mr. Morley, that Mr. Roosevelt has taken a strong hold on th

imagination of the English people?" "Yes, Mr. Carnegie," was the reply. agree with you." Mr. Moriey will make his first and only address while in the country in Pittsburg on November 3 before the Iron and Steel Institute.

"I visited this interesting country thirtyfive years ago. I have made my life since then and I expect to find a completely new

country. ways. England is, of course, interested in your political situation, and naturally I, as every liberal, have a great admiration for American institutions. I have been correhave a very great regard for him. President Rossevelt is one of your men of letters, but also combines practical politics and statesmanship."

On the question of expansion he said that he was very much averse to lecturing any nation. He added: "It is much easier to get into external expansion than to get out of it. All over England and the provinces there is a growing good feeling toward America. Every Briton admires America and its institutions," Mr. Morley will remain in America until

at least the last of November. He leaves the city tomorrow for Canada.

DEMOCRATS MAKE PREDICTIONS Committee Claims New York, Indiana

New Jersey and Other States. NEW YORK, Oct. 23 .- A statement was given out today by the democratic national committee after a consultation between Thomas Taggart, chairman; William F. Sheehan, chairman of the executive committee, and Delancey Nicholl, vice chair- most innocent pursuit. man for the east. It says:

wounded to the hospitals. When the Russian troops recaptured Lone Tree hill they retook several guns and a quantity of ammunition which the Japanese had previously captured. They also took several guns in addition.

At the conclusion of the fight the hill was covered with the dead and wounded of both armies. The Japanese prisoners were treated by the Russians with the greatest kindness. At one hospital visited by the Associated Press correspondent Japanese privates were found in their officiers ward. The army hospital correspondent of the last stration before this dovernment, \$78,559. No u.timate loss. Government protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected the political situation before this dovernment protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected the political situation before this dovernment protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protected by insurance. We have comprehensive civil service law rejoid protect during dusting enforced, under which altered and rejoid protect during dusting enforced, under wheh antercates and qualifications employees scrutified and corrected. Repair the fighty enforced, under wheh antercates and qualifications employees scruting during disturbed conditions, prop to the inauguration of the law. Complaints of oppressive acts exceptional and promptly investigated and correct and qualifications employees scruting during disturbed conditions, prop to the inauguration of the law. Complaints of oppressive acts exceptional and promptly investigated and correct under the are working harmoniously and astically for the ticket. Our canvass shows that scarcely anywhere is there a trace of the dissensions which for the last eight years has unhappily divided the party. In the states of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Indiana, Maryland, Delaware and West Virginia and in many of the western states our organization is now complete and more effective than ever before in the history of the party. Candidates for governor who stand for the very highest type of citizenship and represent popular demogreatly aiding the national ticket by their energetic campaigns.
Our canvass shows that we shall certainly carry by good majorities the states of New York, New Jersey, Connecticut, Maryland, Delaware, West Virginia and Indians, and that in addition to these electoral votes we shall have the majority if not all of the electoral votes of the Rocky mountain states. It is impossible at this juncture to predict the outcome in Wisconsin. Consin.

Illinois must be classed in the doubtful column, for although at this moment cur canvass there is imperfect, it is sufficiently advanced to indicate an unmistakable re-

DEBS SPEAKS AT NEW YORK Mass Meeting at Academy of Music

Ratifles His Nomination. NEW YORK, Oct. 23.-Eugene V. Debs. the presidential candidate of the socialist party, addressed a meeting which was held here today in the Academy of Music to ratify his nomination. The hall was crowded and Mr. Debs was given an enthusiastic reception. He said that the conomic freedom of the laboring class serious. hinges upon the showing which the socialists may make in the coming election, and declared that the enmity eisure class and the laboring class is increasing. He continued:

creasing. He continued:

The so-called middle class will cease to exist as soon as the laboring class finds out that it has had enough of capitalism. You need a few more millionaires and tramps, the one enslaved by superabundance of food with lack of digestion, the other cursed with abundance of digestion, but lack of food. The capitalist is bound to attack the so-called middle class, and when he gets through with you, gentlemen of the middle classes, you will be ready for us. You will then find that the time has come to shake off the two platforms of the same party, which are in the field for election. The nominee of one of these platforms was the choice of J. P. Morgan, the nominee of the other the choice of John D. Rockefeller. You have no candidate, you middle class. You will be expropriated by these capitalists, then you will come to us. We will, in turn expropriate the expropriators.

Candidate Will Make Fourteen Addresses Today.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 23 .- Senator Faircanks will cross the eastern half of Ohio tomorrow from Bridgeport to Columbus on a special train, making fourteen stops and as many speeches. Governor Herrick will

Senator Fairbanks will reach Columbus at 6 p. m., where he will address a meetthe Columbus Auditorium in the evening. Prior to the meeting he will be entertained at dinner at the Southern hotel by former Adjutant General Henry A. Axline, who was a classmate of the vice presidential candidate at Ohio Wesleyan university. From here Senator Fairbanks

Movements of Ocean Vessels Oct. 23. At New York-Arrived: Celtic, from Liverpool; Slavonia, from Trieste; St. Paul, from Southampton; Umbria, from Liver-Southampton - Arrived: Germanic, New York: Columbian, from New York.
At Queenstown-Sailed: Campania, for
New York.
At Dover-Sailed: Moltke, for Hamburg.

ATTENDANCE AT WORLD'S FAIR WRIGHT REPLIES TO PARKER MORLEY PRAISES ROOSEVELT ENGLAND DOUBTS AT FIRST NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Firing on Fishermen, Seems Incredible, but Truth Finalty Bealised.

MUST BE SPEEDY REPARATION OR WAR

British Press and Public Men Speak Calmly But in No Uncertain Tone Concerning the Incident.

(Copyright by New York Herald Co., 1904.) LONDON, Oct. 24.-(New York Herald Cablegram-Special Telegram to The Bec.) -The Baltic fleet agency dispatches displayed at the clubs and hotels yesterday evening repeated that the Russian Baltle fleet had been sighted off Dover, but no indication was given of the events which had marked its passage through the North sea, and with which all England will be ringing this morning.

During the night of Friday to Saturday British fishing fleet from Hull and opened fire upon it, sinking several trawlers, killing two fishermen and wounding about a score of others.

It is stated that the Russian warships fired live shells without giving any warning or even using preliminary blank shot, and here will be interesting. I want to see it is suggested that the unfortunate incldent is the outcome of a dread that has haunted the Russian naval authorities that European waters are studded with disguised Japanese torpedo boats and mine sponding with President Roosevelt and I laying vessels bent upon destroying the Baltic fleet before it could reach the open sea. The Daily Telegraph suggests that, judging by information supplied by persons who were actually present when the catastrophe occurred at midnight, is the usual hour which the commodore of the fishing fleet signals to the boats under his command the direction they should take on the morning. So far as has been ascertained no one witnessed any such sig-

Guessing at Motive.

It may however have been made and the given away to panic and have imagined that these rockets, supposing them to have been fired, were signa's from some Japanese fiotilia bent upon destroying the squadron. This hypothesis, unsubstantial as it is, can alone explan this wanton attack upon unarmed boats engaged in a

When the warships opened fire it was We have made no formal statement concerning the political situation before this time because the materials on which alone a correct judgment could be formed were not at hand.

Our chors during the last three months have been devoted to the task of organizing and harmonizing the party in the states hitherto considered doubtful by reason of former dissensions. That work is now finished and it is possible for the first time to reach a conclusion based upon a systematic canvass, which can never be satisfactorily made until after organization is completed and the campaign his well progressed. In every state and in all sections democrats have buried their differences and are working harmoniously and enthusi-

deck lay the headless corpse of the captain, while the first mate was dead, with half of his head blown away. The boatswain had his hand shot off and five other men were seriously wounded.

The Russian fire was maintained for from twenty minutes to half an hour, which was apparently delivered from quick-firing guns.

Rescue of the Wounded. When the warships sailed away to the southward rockets were sent up from one of the trawlers. The Moulmein steamed in the direction of the spot indicated and on getting near cries were heard and it was found that the trawler Crane had been so badly damaged that it was sinking. Another trawler of the Gamecock fleet had arrived and was taking off some injured members of the Crane's crew. They included the engineer, who had a wound in the chest, supposed to be from a splinter, and another man, who had his hand shot

These men and others were placed on board the Great Northern mission vessel, where their injuries were attended to, those of the engineer being stated to be

These cases, however, were not the worst, for on the deck of the Crane lay its skipper, George Smith, and the second hand, both of whom had had their heads shot away. Their mutilated corpses were placed on board the Moulmein and taken to Hull. and some men with minor injuries were put on board of the trawler Gull, which had not arrived at Hull up to a late hour

News of the outrage rapidly spread in Hull and thousands of persons assembled in the neighborhood of the docks. No information could be obtained regarding the names or right of the warships which fired on the trawlers. Another telegram from Hull says the

fishermen can assign no reason for the attack by the warships. The only suggestion is that the trawlers appearing suddenly to the Russians caused a momentary panie SENATOR FAIRBANKS IN OHIO on board. The Russian warships were steaming in line, and the leading ships passed without incident, though most of the vessels turned their searchlights on the fishing craft for a period long enough to show the Russians the identity of the strangers. After the greater part of the squadron had steamed by the vessels opened fire. Nearly all of them took part in the firing. Officials Cannot Be Located.

Foreign Minister Lansdowne and M. Benckendorff, the Russian ambassador, both were out of town yesterday and all the government offices in London were closed as usual on Sunday; therefore no official view could be gleaned of the firing by Russian war vessels upon a British fishing fleet in the North sea. The first reports of the affair received in London were regarded as almost incredible. When, however, cumulative evidence no longer left doubt of the general accuracy of the reports, astonfshment became bewilderment as to what possible motive could have led Russian officers into such an extraordinary and inexplicible course of action, which unless a satisfactory explanation is immediately forthcoming, could only be refrom New York: Columbian, from New York.

At Rotterdam—Sailed: Amsterdam, for New York.

At Cherbourg — Sailed: Friedrich der Grosse, for New York.

At Palermo—Sailed: Pannonia, for New York.

At Queenstown—Sailed: Camparia for New York. viewed here, is the heartlessness displayed

Fair Monday and Colder in North Por-

tion. Tuesday Fair.

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SUMMARY OF THE WAR NEWS Several Other Trawlers in the Hull Fleet No Important Change Noted in Post-

tion of the Hostile Armles.

So far as the dispatches from the Far East show, there has been no change in the relative positions of the hostile armies confronting each other on the lines of the Shakhe river. There is an unconfirmed report that a

Russian force of 20,000 men has been concentrated at Kauta Pass, twenty miles Warships Flashed Their Searchlights the Baltic fleet came in contact with the northeast of Liao Yang, which may be indicative of the direction in which General Kouropatkin is likely to strike the next Upward of 20,000 of the Russian soldiers

wounded in the battle of the Shakhe have reached Harbin. Cold weather is causing suffering to the armies in the field, although it has wrought an improvement in the conditions for the movement of troops A report has reached St. Petersburg, but lacks confirmation, that the Port Arthur fleet has left its anchorage in the harbor and has taken up a position in the road- shortly after midnight Friday the Russian

CARE OF WOUNDED A PROBLEM

Hospitals Are Filled to Overflowing and More Provision Must Be Made.

(Copyright by New York Herald Co., 1904.) ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 23 .- (New York Herald Cablegram-Special Telegram to The Bee.)-During the ten days previous to the recent continued fighting extraordinary measures were taken to get rid of the wounded at the hospitals in Harbin, 26,000 of the unfortunates being sent north during commander of the Russian fleet may have that period. The famous nine days' engagement has brought some 30,000 more, filling the hospitals to overflowing. General Kouropatkin, who, like all good generals, look after every detail, is little likely to make a move forward and engage in another battle until the congestion at the Harbin hospitals is relieved.

The colossal number of fil and wounded is developing one of the most serious problems of the campaign.

JAPANESE SHIFTING THEIR ARMY Reports Indicate Important Move is Progressing.

MUKDEN, Oct. 23 .- During the bombardnent of Shakhe station, shells destroyed the water tower which the Japanese were using as an observatory. The Japanese advance guard, after evacuating Shakhe, has gone south. About two

miles below Shakhe the Russians discovered extensive entrenchments. The Russian siege guns are beginning to come into action. There was considerable artillery firing October 19 to October 22. The Japanese have evacuated Shakhe,

but it would be premature to regard this as the beginning of a general retreat. It appears rather to be a strategic move, so as to reinforce and realign their greatly broken front.

movement to the eastward, indicating that ing there. They expect soon to hear rugraphed to St. Petersburg that the Japa-

The Riagan regiment then came up and of October 20 the Thirty-fifth Western Si- not arrived at Hull. berian rifle regiment, taking advantage of the for advanced and Lieutenant Zavayaloff with a small detachment crept up to able. the Japanese lines and carried off a gun ! and caisson.

LOTTERY TICKETS ARE SEIZED

District Attorney Jerome's Agents Arrest Seven Wholesale Venders for Foreign Concerns. '

NEW YORK, Oct. 23 .- In a series of raids representatives of District Attorney Jerome's office today seized \$2,000 worth of lottery tickets here and arrested six men and one woman, all residents of the lower East Side.

The prisoners are charged with selling lottery tickets at wholesale its ticket peddlers. Most of them ostensibly sold "steamship tickets," though one advertised his another was the proprietor of a dry goods store. All of the places, it is alleged, sold four kinds of tickets, representing foreign lotteries. The tickets of two German lotteries which are legalized by the German government are said to be brought into the country by stewards of steamships and smuggled to the agents, who, in turn, deliver them to the smaller agents.

The attention of the district attorney was called to the traffic in lottery tickets here by the receipt of a number regarding the methods used by some of the wholesale dealers. The only way for the winners of the prize tickets to get their noney has been through the dealers who sold them. These men, according to Assistant District Attorney Kreisel, have in nany cases taken the winning ticket, sent t to the company and received and the winnings, with the result that the ticket holder has reported the matter to the district attorney. As there is no law to reach such a case there has been no redress and the custom has continued.

The prisoners will be prosecuted under the section of the penal code which makes the selling of lottery tickets a misde-

Patul Fight at Race Track.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 23.—Henry O'Connell, a trainer for M. Boasfberg at the
Elim Ridge race track, died today from the
effects of knife wounds received while engaged in a fight at the race track. Charles
Lange, a horse exerciser with whom O'Connell had frequently quarrelled, has been
arrested and will be held for investigation.

every one of our fieet. Suddenly some of
the warships started firing at about twenty
boats which were nearest to them. We
at first supposed they were blank shots,
and the boatswain of the Tomtit, which
was closs in, held two big fish out at arm's

BRITISHERS Temperature at Omeha Yesterday:

Russian Pacific Squadron Sinks Two Fishing Boats in the North Sea.

TWO MEN KILLED AND SEVERAL WOUNDED

Sustain Serious Damage.

MOST INTENSE EXCITEMENT PREVAILS

Owners of Vessels Notify British Foreign

Office and Admiralty.

NO MOTIVE ASSIGNED FOR OUTRAGE on Fishermen and Then Began

Bombardment Which Lusted

Twenty Minutes,

HULL, England, Oct. 23 .- A. M. Jackson & Co., solicitors for the owners of fifty Hull fishing boats, have notified the Foreign office and Admiralty of an attack on the Hull fishing fleet by the Russian Pacific squadron, commonly designated as the Baltic fleet. The official information is that squadron fell in with the Hull fishing fleet in the North sea. The first portion of the fishing fleet passed safely. Then the Russian ships turned their searchlights on the British vessels for some time and a little later opened fire. The steam trawler Crane was sunk and the decapitated bodies of its skipper and mate have been brought to Hull. The boatswain and other members

the crew has arrived at Hull. Steam Trawlers Damaged. The steam trawlers Moulme and Melno have arrived at Hull seriously damaged by shots, the latter having sixteen holes in its

hull. It is feared that other damage was

done to trawlers and that at least one

of the crew, who are understood to be

seriously wounded, are on board the mission

ship. The only slightly injured member of

more was lost with all hands. According to other reports the affair occurred 200 miles of Spurn Head. The Russian ships were steaming in line. The leading ships passed without incident, though most of the vessels turned searchlights on the trawlers long enough to prevent any mistake as to identity. After the bulk of the squadron had passed it opened fire, nearly all participating in the firing. The Crane was struck below the water line and raked above deck. Skipper Smith and Third Hand Leggott had their heads carried clean away by a shot, many of the crew being seriously wounded. Another trawler also was sunk, but the Moulme, which brought the news to Hull, has no

particulars as to its fate. Indignation at Hall

The news has created an intense sensation and indignation in Hull. The Moulme arrived with its flag at half-mast. The skipper states that the trawlers were fishing about 220 miles cast by north of Spurn Head at 1 o'clock Saturday morning, th weather being hazy, when the outlines of several vessels, apparently warships sailing in a line, were dimly seen. Whilst the crew was watching the warships searchlights were flashed upon them, in the glare of which the crew observed what they took to be torpedo boats approaching, apparently with the intention of boarding the Moulme. They steamed away, however, Scouts confirm the news brought into and soon the fishermen were horrifled to the Russian lines by Chinese of a Japanese find they were being fired upon. First one and then another trawler was struck by they have some fresh developments matur- flying shot. What seemed to be a round shot went through the Mouline, The mors circulated here and probably tele- Cominio, lying nearby, also was struck with many shots, but fortunately the damage nese have abandoned Yental and retired was above its water line and none of fire to Liao Yang. On the contrary they ap- crew was struck. The bombardment lasted parently are preparing for a stubborn re- about twenty minutes. When it had ceased the fleet sailed south and some of the The Japanese on October 19 undertook a trawlers sent up rockets. The Moulme reconnaissance south of Linshingu, but the steered in the direction of the rockets. Russians drove back their advance guard Soon cries were heard and the Crane was and silenced their battery with a loss of found sinking, with another trawler taking four killed and eight wounded. The Japa- off some of its crew. Those seriously innese occupied the village of Shakhe the jured were removed to a mission ship and night of October 20 and drove out Russian the bodies of Smith and Leggott were olunteers by an attack in the darkness. placed aboard the Moulme. The other men with minor injuries were put aboard the drove out the Japanese in turn. The night trawier Sea Gull, which at a late hour had

> Crowds have gathered around the dock here, but no further information is avail-

Representatives of the fishing fleet started late tonight for London to consult with the authorities there.

No motive can be assigned for the ex-

traordinary procedure of the Russian warships.

Son of Captain in Port. The only survivor of the Crane who has yet mached here is J. A. Smith, son of the deceased skipper, and who, with the captains of the Moulme and Meine, is going to London to consult with the authorities. Young Smith was asleep in his bunk when the firing aroused him. Just as he was getting up a shot struck the starboard side and penetrated to the forecastle, smashing a lamp near which he was standing. He rushed on deck, where the searchlights revealed the horrible sight of his father and Leggott lying headless, and the deck strewn with the injured. It was soon found that the vessel was sinking and signals for assistance were sent up. Smith and others

siready been given. Whole Thing a Mystery.

oncur in the details of the firing that have

LONDON, Oct. 23.-The steam cutter Magple, belonging to the Gamecock trawler fleet, which was fired on by the Russian Baltic fleet, arrived in the Thames tonight. Captain Peaker of the Mugple confirmed the details of the story received from Hull.

"Friday night there were about forty vessels of the Gamecock fleet fishing in latitude 55 degrees 15 minutes and longitude degrees 6 minutes. It was misty and drizzling. Our admiral had just previously signalled by rockets and colored lights the fishing direction for the night. Whether that had anything to do with what followed do not know. The whole thing is a

"Presently through the mist there appeared the lights of many vessels, big and small. Knowing that the Bultic fleet was enroute, we naturally assumed that they were Russians, but I cannot say for cartain. They were signaling one another and with powerful searchlights spied out