10 a. m..... 73

11 a. m .... 75

12 m,.... 68

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OMAHA, MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 10, 1904.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

## WATSON IS WILLING

Populist Candidate for President Writes Letter Accepting the Nominative

DISCUSSES THE NEED OF THIN ZERTY 5 = the Two Great Parties Have Tried to Question of the Hour and Fai

SAYS PARKER DARE NOT SPEA Should He Express His Real A

Bryan Democrats Abandon Hin. WON THE HONOR WITH "LOADED DICE"

Quotes Language of Nebraska Leader in Describing Methods Used to Get the Nomination for

Parker. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 9.-The letter of acceptance of Thomas E. Watson, populist candidate for president, was made

public tenight. It says, in part:

To Hon. Samuel W. Williams, Chairman Committee on Notification: When two great political parties have, in turn, governed a country, and have between them brought about unsatisfactory conditions, it is but a natural fact that a third party should arise. Citizens who have looked in vain to "the two great parties" for remedial legislation lose confidence in both after a while, and adopt one of two courses; they either submit to the evils of bad government or protest by organizing a third party.

To the student of history there is nothing more saddening than the tendency of the public tonight. It mays, in part:

had government or protest by organizing a third batty.

To the student of history there is nothing more saddening than the tendency of the people to submit. As a rule, political education never reaches the masses. Statecraft, like priestcraft, jealously guards its secrets. There is always the inner sanctuary which the people are taught to believe would be profaned by the touch of their unholy feet.

Again to organized government there is

in, in organized government there is Again, in organized government there is a mysterious reverence for authority. "Whatever is, is right" to the unthinking multitude; and the votaries of power never cease to deepen that impression. Thus partly from ignorance and partly from reverence for established authority, the people, in every age, have shown more inclination to submit to bad government than to resist it. Those who rule by corruption, being corrupt themselves, sap the very foundation of social and political order; and when there is nothing in the masses of the people but tame submission to tyranny, there is no robust strength left to meet the enemy, within or without.

Reason for Third Party.

A third party has no right to exist un-

Reason for Third Pasty.

A third party has no right to exist unless there are abuses in government which "the two givest parties" refuse to reform. Unless both the two old parties are wrong there is no room or excuse for a third. But if both the two old parties are equally guilty of class legislation, and are equally subservient to the beneficiaries of special privilege, then it is not only the right of the patriot to form a party of protest, but a duty. Civil liberty is at once a heritage and a trust. We are recreant to the higher requirements of citizenship if we fall to realize our responsibility. The ballots is one of the weapons with which we must hold our ground. The contention of the people's party being that both the old parties are wrong, we wage war on both. Ours is a two-edg d sword. In our campaign it may happen that we do greater damage to the republicans than to the democrats—as in 1892, when Mr. Bryan and other western democrats were instructed by the Cleveland managers to yote for er western democrats were instructe the Cleveland managers to vote for ver. In another campaign it might ce that the greater damage is done lemocrats. In the one case as in the we would not concern ourselves about

other we would not concern ourselves about the matter. Such a result is the accident of war, not the purpose of the campaign. It is our business to preach sound populism, which is sound Jeffersonian democracy, and to hit the republicans on the one hand and the democrats on the other. We must "hew to the line," letting the chips fall where they may.

The statement has been made that in a speech in Atlanta I expressed a preference for Mr. Roosevelt over Mr. Parker. Neither in that speech nor in any other have I done so. Being a candidate for the presidency myself. I would have made myself a side show to whichever of the other two candidates I expressed a preference forwhereas I am in full, militant, aggressive control of an independent show of my own.

Roosevelt Not a Bodger, Roosevelt Not a Dodger.

Auch abuse as been heaped about the cause more time was devoted by me to denunciation of Parker than of Roosevelt. The reason is obvious enough. Roosevelt is a straight-out republican, who declares boidly for republican principles, defiantly defending existing conditions. To attack him is a short, easy job. He is so conspicuous and stationary a target that no one who wished to take a shot at him could possibly miss the mark. He is not in ambush; he is behind no "blind"; he stands out in the open. Mr. Roosevelt will get republican votes and no others. He is not seeking the support of Bryan democrats upon false pretenses.

But with Mr. Parker it is different. Ha is not a Jeffersonian democrat, yet he seeks to secure the support of Jeffersonians. If he would speak out plainly and tell the people that he is in principle the same thing, practically, that Roosevelt is, the Bryan democrats would fall away from him by the million. I would then be enabled to organize such a party of revolt against the republican rule as would sweep the country. His attitude is thoroughly disingenuous, profoundly lacking in true manhood and leadership. He was willing to stand upon the New York platform which Mr. Hryan denounced as a dishonest platform. His position was so indefinite, so foxy, so entirely neutral, that Mr. Bryan declared to cheering thousands that Parker was "absolutely unfit for the democratic nomination" and that "nobody but an artful dodger" could stand upon that New York platform, which so much resembled its father, David R. Hill. I believe it was also in the same apeeches that Mr. Bryan declared that a man should be willing to die for his convictions, which is also a very sound proposition.

Bryan on Parker.

Mr. Bryan, who is always careful in the

Brynn on Parker.

Bryan on Parker.

Mr. Bryan, who is always careful in the statement of matured opinions, has assured the country that "the influences back of the Parker candidacy are so intimately associated with trusts and great corporations that the democratic party could not appeal to the masses." "With such a candidate," said Mr. Bryan, "they would begin with a foot race and end with a rout." Likewise he stated a self-evident fact when he declared that "the plutocracy element for the time being is in control of the democratic party.

It was equally clear to Mr. Bryan, as it was to so many others, that "the nomination of Farker was secured by crooked and indefensible methods," and that the nomination of such a man, who had, as Mr. Bryan declared, won the honor with "leaded dies." virtually sullified the antitrust plank in the democratic platform.

These were tearfully important facts and they produced the impression on the minds of millions that there was semething stealthy, deceitful, cowardly and utterly dishonest in the Parker campaign for the homination. Mr. Bryan stated facts, profoundly important facts, and they continued to be facts up to the time that Parker actually got the nomination which he had sought on a "cowardly and straddling platform," the honor for which he had played with "loaded dies."

Whether or not the healing virtues, the nomination, cured all the hypocrisy and fraud by which it had been obtained, is a question each citizen should put to his own intelligence before he votes.

These things which Mr. Bryan said were facts before the nomination were not obliterated from the catologue of facts by the nomination; they are facts yet.

Parker's Gold Telegram.

By a dictatorial tone amounting to mensee, Judge Parker was driven by the New

Parker's Gold Telegram.

By a dictatorial tone, amounting to menace, Judge Parker was driven by the New
York World into sending of the telegram
which told the democratic convention for
the first time, and many hours after
Parker had accured the nomination that
the gold standard was "Irrevocably fixed."
Neither then nor in any utterance afterward did he say that the gold standard
was right, until he had been shelled so
vigorously by myself and others for having
deserted the free silverites without saying
they were wrong, and having gone over to
the gold standard without saying it was
right. Even Judge Parker finally realized
that the ground was caving under his feet,
and was literally driven to firmer footing.
At last he has taken his place side by side (Continued an Second Page.)

#### SIX TRAINMEN SUFFOCATED URGES Employes of Grand Trunk Railway Meet Death in Tunnel Under

St. Clair River.

PORT HURON, Mich., Oct. B .- Six employes of the Grand Trunk railway were DOES NOT EXHAUST THE SOIL suffocated to death by coal gas early today in the St. Clair tunnel which runs under the St. Clair river from Port Huron to Sarnia, Ont. A coal train broke in two while pass-

ing through the tunnel and three of the train crew were suffocated while part of the train lay stalled in the tunnel. The engineer lost his life when he returned and endeavored to push the stalled cars back to safety, and two other rescuers perished in valu attempts to penetrate the gaseous atmosphere of the great tube. The dead:

Huron, CONDUCTOR J. B. SIMPSON, Sarnia Ont. CONDUCTOR D. T. TNSLEY, Samia, Ont. BRAKEMAN THOMAS M'GRATH, Sarnia, Ont. BRAKEMAN D. A. GILLES, Sarnia, Ont.

The train, which entered from the American side of the tunnel, was made up of seventeen coal cars. When it broke Engineer Coleman realized that the accident had happened and with the three cars that were still attached to the engine steamed out of the tunnel into the Sarnia yards. He hastily detached his engine and went back into the tube for the stalled cars. tempted to push them back through the tunnel and out of the American portal. The grade proved too steep, however, tunnel and Engineer Coleman was suffofireman, Fred Forester, with great presence of mind, jumped into the partly filled aroni wheat, water tank of the engine, where there was enough air to preserve his life, although he is in a serious condition tonight. When news of the broken train reached the American side of the tunnel Superintendent Begg, accompanied by two other employes, started in on foot, hoping that the train was near enough to the entrance so that they might rescue and carry out some of the crew. They had gone but a short distance when the coal gas became stiffing and Begg succumbed. The other two rescuers succeeded in crawling to the portal of the tunnel on their hands and

knees. Meanwhile preparations were being made at the Sarnia end of the tunnel to rescue the imprisoned train crew. An engine with a party of rescuers entered the tube and had proceeded but a short distance when they found John Haley, a track walker, lying unconscious on the track. He was taken out and again the eagine plunged into the gaseous atmosphere. The rescuers were overcome, however, by the gas be. fore the train was reached and Brakeman McGrath died. Switchman Blake, who was a member of the party, after a time made another attempt to penetrate the gas, and this time succeeded in reaching the stalled engine, coupled it to the cars and ran the train out into the daylight. Simpson, Tinsley and Gillis were found dead in the caboose. Fireman Forester was in the water tank of the engine nearly two hours before he was rescued, and his escape is little short of miraculous.

## ANOINTING OF KING PETER

formed by the Metropolitan, Assisted by Many Bishops

BELGRADE, Servia, Oct. 9 .- The anoint ing of King Peter was performed here with great ceremony this morning. At 9 o'clock amid the pealing of bells, the king, in full coronation robes, proceeded to the church, where the metropolitan innocent, attended by an array of bishops and clergy, celebrated high mass. The king being then formally invited to anointment by the bishops, laid aside his crown, regalia and sword and proceeded to the ikonostas, where he took up his position on a gold embroidered carpet and where the metropolitan, taking an ampulla containing the holy chrism in one hand and the ancinting rod in the other, touched his majesty with the rod on the forehead, nostrils, mouth, ears, chest and palms of the hands making each time the sign of the cross and saving. "The seal of the grace of the Holy Ghost." The king was then conducted to the altar and partook of the communion, afterward returning to the throne, where he resumed his royal emblems. The metropolitan then invoked God's blessing and the ceremony terminated with the singing of an anthem, the king taking the cross to kiss as he left the church.

#### FOOT BALL PLAYER IS INSANE Exertions in High Altitude Temporarily Affects Brain of One of Nebraska Eleven.

DENVER, Colo., Oct. 9 .- (Special Tele. gram.)-Laboring under the hallucination that he was yet in the foot ball game between Colorado and Nebraska, Charles Richardson startled the guests at the Hotel Adams by making a mad rush through the corridors, frightening all the occupants of the fashionable hotel. The police were called and soon had Richardson subdued, removing him to the emergency hospital. It is said by physicians in charge of his case that his insanity is temporary, brought

on by the effects of high altitude. Players of the Nebraska eleven express ignorance as to Richardson's home, although it is stated he played as a freshman. Richardson is a glant in stature, being six feet two inches in height and weighing 210 pounds.

Had the Nebraskans possessed a few nore players like Richardson in yesterday's struggle with Colorado the result would have been different.

# Watson is Ill and Nebraskan Takes

His Dates. LINCOLN, Neb., Oct. 9 .- Thomas H. Tib bles, populist nominee for vice president, announced this evening that he had received advices from Presidential Candidate Thomas E. Watson that on account of illness Mr. Watson will be unable to fill his speaking dates in the northwestern states, and requesting Mr. Tibbles to take his place. Mr. Tibbles left tonight for the northwest on a trip which will extend as

far as the Pacific coast.

Parker Goes to New York Today. ESOPUS, N. Y., Oct. 9.-Judge Parker epent a quiet Sunday. He attended church at Kingston and in the afternoon took long walk. William F. Sheehan, chairman of the executive committee of the democratic national committee, called at Rosenount and later returned to New York. Judge Parker will go to New York tomorrow, returning here Thursday,

## MACARONI WHEAT

Secretary Wilson Says More Farmers Should Try the New Brand.

This Year's Wheat Crop Barely Sufficient to Feed This Country-Demand for Bread is Growing by Leaps and Bounds.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 9 .- (Special.)-Folowing up his statement to The Bee correspondent yesterday concerning the enorous crop of magnificent corn grown in A. S. BEGG, Port Huron, superintendent of terminuls.

ENGINEER JOHN COLEMAN, Port ture James Wilson pointed out that the ture James Wilson pointed out that the Millard, Rosewater and Burgess Go yield of wheat in the United States this year was "just about enough to feed our own people." In this connection he said: "The raising of wheat, particularly in the populated regions of the country, is growing harder each year, the increased valuation of farm lands in the wheat sections of the United States making the growing of that cereal much more costly than it used to be. Then again in some of the states, particularly slong the Pacific coast, the constant use of lands for wheat growing purposes has sapped the soil of its fertility and productivity and something must be done to give these lands a resting spell. When his engine reached them he at- For this purpose the Department of Agriculture sent experts into Africa and Russia for the purpose of making a first hand study of the wheats of those countries. As a reand the attempt was a failure. The engine sult of this scientific investigation we urged all over the country, particularly west-of cated at his post in the engine cab. His the 100th meridian, we are receiving the most gratifying reports of the yield in Mac-

Immense Horde to Feed. "It must not be forgotten that 800,000 peo ple are coming into the United States every year, and this enormous addition to our population must be fed. The yield of wheat may be immense one year and fall off the next. One year we may have a large volume for export and then again, like this year, we may have only enough to feed our people. Then there might come a year when the yield would fall far below the normal, in which event, if we had no Macaroni wheat to fall back upon, we would be compelled to buy the wheat of the Argentines and foreign countries. It has been ascertained that Macaroni wheat does not sap the soil of its fertility and as there is very little difference between our wheat and the Macaroni wheat in taste, it is easily seen how vital its growth is to our people. Wherever there is ten inches of rainfall Macaroni wheat will thrive. It will have good growth up to twenty inches of rainfall, but beyond that precipitation rust will strike it and its yield will be diminished Macaroni wheat is a spring wheat, and anticipate that there will be hundreds of farmers who have never grown Macaroni putting it in next year."

Farmers Have Made Up Their Minds The secretary was asked why it was that there was so much apathy prevalent among the American people over the election. "There is no apathy," said Mr. Wilson. "The people have made up their minds how they are going to vote, due in great measure to the introduction of the rural free delivery service, which brings the daily paper to the door of all classes. The farmer knows the situation quite as well as the politician and he needs no spellbinders to inform him how to cast his ballot. People come out to hear men of national reputation and out of curiosity to see members of the cabinet. They go to hear these men discuss the issues. I have had very good meetings this year and find that the people are alive to the importance of the contest. Having been in a number of the doubtful states I feel certain that President Roosevelt will carry New York, West Virginia, Connecticut. New Jersey and Indiana. The trend is that way. I think as the campaign progresses Mr. Roosevelt will be constantly adding to his majority. The president is confident that New York will be republican and from what I know of the state I believe his confidence is well

founded." Here's One on Bryan. Secretary "Jim" Wilson-in Iowa he was also known as "Tama Jim," to distinguish him from Senator "Jim" Wilson, who represented the state as Senator Allison's colleague for six years—is naturally of a serlous turn of mind. He thinks right into the subsoil of things and knows more about the chemical analysis of soils, the best' remedy for boll weevil and bugs and other scientific agricultural matters than any other man who ever occupied the position which he so ably fills. Secretary Wilson is a very ardent republican and during the last four or five weeks has taken an active part in the campaign in a number of states in the east. He will continue to exploit the reasons why, in his judgment, the republican party should be retained in power for the next four years until the close of the campaign. Like many other orators, Sec-

twice without making a motion to pull him in. Then as he saw his friend going down for the third time he leaned over to the starboard and yelled, 'Say, old man, if you don't come up any more, can I have

the boat?' Parker is the man who is going down for the third time." Propose Changes in Land Laws. The commission appointed by the president to report upon the timber, mining and and laws of the United States has held number of sessions during the last six weeks. As a result of these meetings it is safe to predict that a number of very important recommendations will be made to congress touching these questions. It is even expected that the commission will ecommend a change in the homestead laws of the United States, going so far as to suggest an increase in the number of

Roosevelt Congratulates Gensch. The interest which President Roosevelt akes in military rifle practice is shown by a letter which he has written to Private Howard Gensch of the First regiment of nfantry, New Jersey National Guard, at Madison, N. J. Private Gensch recently won

(Continued on Second Paice.)

### IN THE VERY FIRST RANK

Holdrege Progress. The Omaha Daily Bee has been

greatly enchanced by the addition of a colored comic and magazine supplement for the Sunday edition. The Bee has been, almost from the start, the leading daily paper of the state. The new features just mentioned appeared for the first time last Sunday, and places The Bee in the front rank with other metropolitan dailles of the country.

# MEET THE FAIRBANKS PARTY

to Escort Vice Presidential Candidate to Omaha.

Senator Millard, Edward Rosewater and H. C. M. Burgess, chairman of the republican state committee, left Omaha at 4:10 yesterday afternoon over the Union Pacific to meet the Fairbanks-Dolliver special and escort it into Omaha. The Omaha party will meet the campaigners at North Platte leaving there at 7 o'clock this morning. Brief stops will be made along the road.

Senator Fairbanks of Indiana, the repub lican vice presidential candidate, and Senator Dolliver of Iowa and Congressman Walter I. Smith of Council Bluffs, and others in the party, will be at the Auditorium in the evening, when the big reand cars rolled back into the gas laden the planting of Macaroni wheat and from publican rally of the campaign in Omaha will be held.

The republicans of Omaha and Nebraska have made great preparations for this meeting. There is every indication that an audience as large as the vast building will hold will be out to hear the noted speakers. Senator Manderson will preside at the meeting and a number of prominent republicans will be on the stage.

Senator Fairbanks has been to the Pacific coast on this trip, covering a vast amount of territory on his "swing around the cir-

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 9.-Senator Fairbanks attended church today at the Methodist church and heard a sermon by Rev Dr. Stull. He was accompanied by Senators Dolliver and Warren. Senator Dolliver left during the day for Colorado to fill his engagements in that state and Senator Fulton took a train for his home in Oregon.

Senator Fairbanks left in his special train tonight. Tomorrow will be spent in speaking at points on the Union Pacific in Nebraska.

The night meeting will be held at Omaha KOUROPATKIN ISSUES AN ADDRESS

General Congratulates Army and Says Time Has Come to Advance. ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 9.-Following is he text of an order of the day issued by General Kouropatkin and dated Mukden

October 2: More than seven months ago the enemy treacherously fell upon us at Port Arthur before war had been declared. Since then by land and sea Russian troops have performed many heroic deeds, of which the fatherland may justly be proud. The enemy, however, is not only not overthrown, but in his arrogance continues to dream of complete victory. The troops of the Manchurian army, in unvarying good spirits, hitherto have not been numerically strong enough to defeat the Japanese army Much time is necessary for overcoming all the difficulties of strengthening the active army so as to enable it to accomplish with complete success the arduous but honorarmy so as to enable it to accomplish with complete success the arduous but honor-able task imposed upon it. It is for this reason that, in spite of the repeated re-pulse of Japanese attacks upon our postpulse of Japanese attacks upon our posi-tions at Tatchekiao, Liandiansian and Liao Yang, I did not consider that the time had arrived to take advantage of these suc-cesses and to begin a forward movement and I therefore gave the order of retreat.

Congratulations on Masterly Retreat. You left the positions you had so heroically defended covered with piles of the enemy's dead and without allowing yourselves to be disturbed by the foe and in full preparedness for a fresh fight. After a five days' battle at Liao Yang you retired on new positions which had been prepared previously. After successfully defending all advanced and main positions will be advanced and main positions.

on new positions which had been prepared previously. After successfully defending all advanced and main positions you withdrew to Mukden under most difficult conditions. Attacked by Kuroki s army, you marched through almost impassable mud, fighting throughout the day and extricating guns and carts with your hands at night and returned to Mukden without abandoning a single gun, prisoner or wounded man, and with the baggage train entirely intact.

I ordered the retreat with a sorrowful heart, but with unshaken confidence that it was necessary in order to gain complete and decisive victory over the enemy when the time came.

The emperor has assigned for the conflict with Japan forces sufficient to assure us victory. All difficulties in transporting these forces over a distance of 10,060 versts are being overcome in a spirit of self-sacrifice and with indomitable energy and skill by Russian men of every branch and rank of the service and every social position to whom has been entrusted this work, which for difficulty is unprecedented in the story of warfare.

In the course of seven months, hundreds of thousands of men and tens of thousands of horses and carts and millions of pounds of stores have been coming uninterruptedly by rail from European Russia and Siberia to Manchuria.

campaign. Like many other orators, Secretary Wilson has discovered that a humerous story often goes a long way to winning an audience and he has fixed up a few which he will spread through the country between now and election day. One of these stories will be regarded as a good one by everyone who hears it, except those in the audience who are firm adherents of the cause of William J. Bryan.

"After Parker is defeated," said Secretary Wilson today. "Mr. Bryan will at once take charge of the reorganization of the democratic party. He will do this on the theory which actuated a friend of mine who was out with a companion on the Cedar river in Iowa in a row boat. There was a pretty heavy wind blowing at the time and the man who wasn't rowing got funny and rocked the boat. He naturally pisched overboard. Incidentally he owned the boat. The chap at the oars watched him go down and come up again twice without making a motion to pull him

There was a pretty heavy wind blowing at the time and the man who wasn't rowing got funny and rocked the boat. He naturally pisched overboard. Incidentally he owned the boat. The chap at the oars watched him go down and come up again twice without making a motion to pull him

To be a subject to the target of the regiments which already have been sent out prove insufficient. fresh troops and the regiments which already have been sent out prove insufficient. fresh troops and prove insufficient. fresh troops and interver, for the infexible wish of the emperor that we should vanquish the foe mperor that we should vanquish the foe mperor that we should vanquish the foe emperor that we should vanquish the foe and in prove insufficient. fresh troops and interver, for the infexible wish of the emperor that we should vanquish the fore enemy. If the prove in sufficient. fresh troops and Now Ready to Advance.

Appeal to Pride of Army.

Appeal to Pride of Army.

Our army, strong in its union with the emperor and all Russia, performed great deeds of heroism for the fatherland in all our wars and gained for itself well merited renown amongst all nations. Think at every hour of the defense of Russia's dignity and rights in the far east which have been entrusted to you by the emperor's wish. Think at every hour that to you the defense of the honor and fame of the whole Russian army has been confided.

The illustrious head of the Russian land, together with the whole of Russia, prays for you, blesses you for your heroic diseds. Strengthened by this prayer and the small consciousness of the importance of the task that has fallen to us, we must go forward fearlessly with a firm determination to do our duty to the end without sparing our lives.

The will of God be with us all.

Watching for Blockade Runners. CHE FOO, Qct. 9 .- 6 p. m .- The increased ctivity of the Japanese fleet blockading Port Arthur in the stopping of merchant men is due to a lookout which is being kept for three British ships, which, it is expected, intend to attempt to enter Port Arthur with tinned meats and vegetables. The British steamer Victoria was stopped near Wel Hal Wel this evening and the above explanation was made to it by the Japanese boarding officer.

## SERMON

Great Congregation Hears English Divine Speak at Trinity Church, Boston.

BISHOP DOANE ON DIVORCE EVIL

it is Time for the Church Canons to Agree with Book of Prayer on This Sub-Seet.

BOSTON, Oct. 9.-Great crowds went to Trinity church today to hear the archbishop of Canterbury preach, and to the Church of the Advent, where a mass meeting in the interest of upholding the sanc

tity of the mayriage bond was addressed by several well known leaders in the Episcopal church. At both places the crowds were so time had come for a forward movement, large that the doors had to be closed some time before the opening of the services. It is expected that the archbishop of cal points held by the Japanese. The Canterbury will leave Boston on Thursday event did not precipitate a severe engagefor New York, from which port he will ment, though the Japanese are reported sail for home.

noon Right Rev. William Croswell Dosne, D. D., bishop of Albany, delivered an ad-Bishop Doane is chairman of the inter-

At the Church of the Advent this after-

denominational committee of churches. which is endeavoring to secure conformity regarding the remarriage of persons who have been divorced. In his address the bishop said:

I think that the time has arrived when ny own church should deal with the ques-lon concerning remarriages. Although the my own concerning remarriages. Although the Church of England does not permit the remarriage of persons who have been divorced, the Episcopal church of this country allows the marriage of the innocent person in a case of infidelity.

Bishop Doane quoted from the marriage ritual of the prayer book to show that nothing but death could sever those who have been united in holy matrimony, and continued:

I think it is time that the canons of the church agreed with the prayer book. Rev. Dr. W. W. Webb of Noshota, Wis. told of the widespread evils of divorce, and among other things said:

There have been 60,000 divorces in the United States in the past year. Signs were not wanting that the people are realizing that the divorce evil must be checked. Many of the pulpits of the Episcopal churches in eastern Massachusetts were filled today by the bishops and other leading preachers.

Attracts Great Throng.

His Grace Rev. Randall Davidson, the archbishop of Canterbury, today preached to the largest congregation that has attended a regular service at Trinity church duce the days when the eloquence of the late Phillips Brooks was a feature of the religious world. The archbishop found his text in Acts 1:7-8.

It is not for us to know the times or the seasons which the Father has set within His own authority. But ye shall receive power.

You in the United States are face to face with problems bewildering in their greatness and perplexity. No nation has ever before now in the world's story had to deal, with such a gigantic transfer to its own shopes of people from other lands; people of other creeds and tongues and races, in different giages of civilization, who have got to be assimilated and combined and nationalized, and that speedily, if harm and confusion are not to ensue. got to be assimilated and combined and nationalized, and that speedly, if harm and confusion are not to ensue.

It raises—is it not so?—almost novel questions about the perlious suggestion of the incoming hosts in great racial groups, and about the stamina, moral and physical, of more who are to come. Nothing, I suppose, is more clear in the world's past history than that the chief co-ordinating force—where co-ordination was difficult—has been religious force. For it is the power of the gospel of Jesus Christ. How you may best bring that force to bear I am not presumptuous enough to try fo know. When and with what speed and through what channels, direct or indirect, it can be done I dare not even guess, but no Christian man, I imagine, will gainsay the truth that if the thing is to be done at all it is the gospel that must do it.

DR. HARPER'S IDEAS ON THEOLOGY Seminaries Too Busy Teaching De-

nominationalism. CHICAGO, Oct. 9 .- "Not a single gious problem of any importance has been solved by the theological seminaries of the United States in fifty years. The churches are too much occupied with denominational questions to direct their attention to them. The solution of these problems must come from our great universities, which are realtzing that they must furnish the religious training in the future."

President Harper of the University of Chicago, in addressing the students and faculty on "The University and Its Relation to Religious Education," today set forth in these words his opinion of the status of religious institutions. After branding the theological seminaries

of the country as failures in true religious education, and lamenting the extreme denominationalism in the churches, Dr. Harper offered a curriculum and plans for university which should embody ideals of religious training, saying:

The work of the university which under-takes this will include provisions for lec-tures, correspondence and reading courses for the students. Biblical history and lit-erature, religion, ethics, philosophy and science also will be included in the cur-

The study will not be restricted to theory. The university will constitute itself a laboratory in which practical work will be done. Our university stitlement furnishes a good example of this.

Inactivity Along the Front. -A crossing of the Taltse river east of each in three other houses. Benshiu, by Russian cavalry shows that the Japanese are retiring on their positions at Liao Yang and in the nest of hills east Japanese after approaching the Hun river gating them. Coroner Scholer in a stateappear merely to hold General Kuroki's ment said: late battle ground, where cannon firing upon the Russian cavalry occurred during with any kind of whisky and find out where they bought this cheap stuff, I will take immediate action. It was quiet there yesterday. The Japanese right is understood to be guarded by a Japanese force, beyond which outposts of Lehman, today said he would have the con-Cossacks are stationed, but no action be- tents of the stemach analyzed. tween the Cossacks and Japanese has been reported within a week. In order to retake ost ground the Russians have now a task similar to that of the Japanese, that is to make a road over a hitherto unmapped region, but the season being dry is highly favorable to the task of road making.

The inactivity of the Japanese is not musual. It recalls their retirement from the vicinity of Kai Chou before the battle of Vafangow. It also recalls General Kuroki's strategy throughout the firing in Motien Pass. The Japanese north front has been located on a line extending from Benshiu to the Yental coal mines and bending north in the center toward Hua Pass.

Movements of Ocean Vessels Oct. 9.

## BY ARCHBISHOP NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Fair and Colder Monday, Tuesday Temperature at Omaha Yesterday: Hour. Deg. 1 p. m..... 70 Hour, Deg. 5 s. m..... 71 Hour. 6 s. m..... 72 7 s. m..... 72 2 p. m ..... 76 4 p. m ..... 78 8 a. m .... 71

## 9 p. m..... 67

Simultaneously with General Kouropat-

S p. m..... 70

Russians Break Japanese Line Near Yental-Blockade of Port Arthur More Vigilant.

kin's announcement to his army that the captured Bentsiaputze, one of the strategito have suffered a considerable loss, the turning of their position having exposed them to a severe fire.

In his address to his army, General Kouropatkin asserts that the Russians have a force numerically superior to that of the Japanese and predicts a telling victory for his soldiers. The retirement of the Japanese on their position at Liso Yang is construed as evidencing the desire of Field Marshal Oyama to draw the Russians into an attack upon a strong defensive position. The dry weather is favorable to military operations.

The fleet blockading Port Arthur is re ported to be more than usually alert, watching for British ships that are supposed to be planning to take supplies into the harbor.

#### CZAROVITCH VISITS FLEET Youthful Heir to Russian Throne Creates Enthusiasm Among Sailors.

(Copyright, by New York Herald Co., 1904.) ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 9 .- (New York Herald Cablegram-Special Telegram to The Bee.)-The tiny exarovitch today at Reval performed the first patriotic duty of his brief life, having journeyed with the emperor and empress to inspect the fleet before its departure.

The idea of taking the little heir to the throne along was the happiest one possible. It stirred every fibre of loyalty patriotism and devotion among the personnel of the fleet, from the admiral down to the cabin boy, in a manner which no other power in Russia could have effected.

The presence of the young empress served to complete the happiness of every one. A more touching appeal than that of the emperor, encouraging his men to fight for Russia and the little czarovitch, has never been made in the annals of history. Admiral Birtleff will make an inspection

of the fleet tomorrow and if satisfactory will give the word to go. Otherwise the fleet will remain. The Grand Duke Vladimir has gone

#### Berlin to take medical advice. WORLD'S FAIR ATTENDANCE Nearly a Million Visitors Saw the Big Show at St. Louis Last

Week. ST. LOUIS, Oct. 9.-The official statement issued by the World's fair shows that the attendance on Chicago day, which was observed yesterday, was 163,317, and an attendance for the week ending Saturday, October 8, of 860,945. The total attendance since the opening of the exposition to date

was 13,376,456. The attendance record for the week end ing Saturday, October 8, is as follows: Monday, October 3..... Vednesday ...... Phursday ..... Friday ...... Total.... Recapitulation-April, 1 day.

May, 26 days.

June, 25 days.

July, 27 days.

August, 27 days.

September, 28 days.

October, 7 days.

#### Total.....13,376,456 DEATH DUE TO IMPURE WHISKY New York Coroner Investigating Sudden Demise of Fifteen Men

in One Neighborhood. NEW YORK, Oct. 9.-Fifteen deaths within eight days in the neighborhood known as Stryker's Farms, on the West Side, have started an investigation by the police and coroner's office. Coroner Scholer says the deaths were caused by impure liquor. All the victims knew one unother and a curious circumstance is that the men had attended their friends' funerals until all were dead. Of the fifteen deaths in the MUKDEN, Oct. 8 .- (Via Tien Tsin, Oct. 9.) eight days four were in one house and two

All were reported to the coroner as sudden deaths. Captain Hussey, commanding the police of Yentai, as though they were still de- precinct in which the deaths occurred. siring decisive action near Liao Yang. The says that he has detectives out investi-

> Coroner's Physician Weston, who formed an autopsy on the body of Adolph

## WRECK NEAR KANSAS CITY Missouri Pacific Train Bound

Omaha Runs Into Freight-

Fourteen Persons Injured.

KANSAS CITY, Oct. 9 .- The Omaha and St. Joseph express on the Missouri Pacific railway ran into an open switch as it was leaving the yards today and collided with a freight train. Fourteen persons were injured, two seriously. Mrs. J. M. Partello, wife of Major Partello, commanding officer at Fort Reno, Okl., sustained an injury to her back, her wrist was broken At New York—Arrived: Columbia, from Glasgow: Hamburg, from Hamburg.
At Liverpool—Arrived: Ionian, from Montreal: Umbria, from New York.
At Rotterdam—Sailed: Nordam, for New York via Houlogne.
At Queenstown—Sailed: Lucania, for New York.
At I——Sailed: Pennsylvania, for New York. and she was badly cut about the face, while

Russians Take Offensive and Break Oyama's Line at Bentalaputse.

MAKES FATAL MISTAKE

6 p. m..... 74 7 p. m..... 66 and Fortify It.

Russians Seize a Hill He Failed to Cocupy

SUMMARY OF WAR SITUATION EXPOSES FLANK TO HEAVY FIRE

Japanese Right Also Turned and They Are Forced to Abandon Position.

NIPPONESE MOVEMENT TO THE EAST

there comes news that the Russians have Two Armies Are Now in the Anomealous Position of Threatening Each Other's Lines of

Communication,

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 10 .- 2:55 a. m .-General Kouropatkin's order of the day announcing his determination to take the offensive is supplemented tonight by the news that an offensive movement has already been begun and that the Japanese line has been broken at Bentslaputze. The Japanese occupied a front of about fiftytwo miles, stretching from Bentslaputse on the east through Yental and across the rallway to the banks of the Hun river on the west. The Russian force had been moving south in close touch with the Japanese advance since October 4. The Japanese outposts were driven back in a series of skirmishes, and on October 6, the Russians reoccupied the station of Shakhe, fifteen miles south of Mukden, the railway battalion restoring the bridge across the Shakhe river the next day in order to facilitate the advance. Now General Mistchenko's Cossacks pushed southwestward as far as the Yental mines, defeating the Japanese in a series of warm skirmishes. The most important action, however, occurred on the Japanese right at Bensiaputze. Here the Japanese held a strong and important position, but it seems they made the inexplicable omission to fortify a commanding hill which was the key to the whole situation. A portion of General Kouropatkin's force made a strong attack on Bentslaputze, and taking a leaf from the Japanese book, occupied the hill from the east and flanked the Japanese out of the town, causing a serious loss in a rear guard fight. The Russian

casualties have been inconsiderable. Japs Begin Flunking Move. While these operations are progressing south of Mukden, it is reported that two Japanese divisions, under General Fushima are marching west up the Liao river and are now twenty-two miles south of Sinmintin. General Kuroki is expected to make a similar movement eastward. This statement, if accurate, leaves the two armies each other's lines of communication, the Japanese by a wide turning movement. while the Russians, pushing southward, have already inflicted a blow on the Japanese right and are crowding back their

center along the railway. While it is understood that Mukden is not avily fortified, General K. a powerful force behind him strongly posted at Tie Pass, and he asserts the Russians are now powerful enough to assume the offensive. It is possible his aggressive movement will force the Japanese flanking column to withdraw in order to protect its own base. On the other hand, there seems to be a possibility of one or both the Japanese columns threatening the railway behind the Russians and forcing a

#### suspension of their aggressive movement. RUSSIAN FORWARD MOVEMENT OF

Key to Japanese Position Seized and Break Made in the Line. MUKDEN, Oct. 9.-The Russian forward movement has begun and Bentslaputze has been captured with a small loss. In order to get a clear understanding of the situation it may be stated that two days ago the Japanese had ten divisions confronting the Russians north of the Taitse river. Their left flank, consisting of two divisions, was on the railway at Sandiapu, thirty miles southwest of Mukden and close to the Hun .860,945 river. Their center, comprised of four divisions, occupied the railway between Line Yang and Bentsiaputze, twelve miles north, Two more divisions occupied the extreme Japanese right along the road between Bentsiaputse and Benshiu. Their front ex-

tended about fifty-two miles. Selze Key to Japanese Posttion. The position at Bentsiaputze was strongly fortified and intended to withstand attack. It is reported that General Kuroki was there in person. The Japanese had omitted to fortify one hill, which was the key to the position. The Russians, aware of the omission, made a wide detour eastward and seiged the hill with little opposition. hill once occupied, exposed the whole Japanese position to a heavy flanking fire. The Russians also turned the Japanese right and the fortified positions thus becoming untenable the Japanese were forced to withdraw hurriedly from Bentslaputze, fighting a rear guard action, in which they suffered heavily. The Russian losses throughout

were small, though severe opposition had been expected. General Mistchenko's Cossacks had bee harrying the Japanese outposts for several days and were entirely successful in a num-

ber of engagements. The Russian southern advance began October 4 with the occupation of Shakhe, a railway station. The next day the station, which had been dismantled by the Japanese, was restored by the railway brigade following immediately behind the fighting line, and the same brigade also restored the bridge across the Shakhe river. On October 6. General Mistchenko advanced almost to the Yental mines, driving the Japanese cutposts with heavy loss at the expense of only one killed and five injured.

In Heavy Marching Order. The Russian forward movement, made in the heaviest marching order, one sees everywhere whole companies of which every man carries a large knapsack on his back, a rifle on his shoulder and a large kettle or teapot slung to his waist, while hanging from the belt is the cartridge case in front and a big wooden water bottle and an axe or spade on either side. Altogether, with overcoats, the equipment weighs 100 pounds. The soldiers move steadily and cheerfully, though the column looks

more like a pack train than an army. First ald stations of the Red Cross are being organized and the nurses are working untiringly everywhere. Doctors and Sisters of Charity are going to the front in Chinese carts at the rate of two miles an hour over heavy roads, but are cheerful and devoted as ever, in spite of the fmminent prospect of more of the difficult and dangerous work under fire which wen them the undying gratitude of the army at Lino Yang.