

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

VOTE TO STAY OUT

Chicago Striking Butchers Will Continue Struggle for Better Conditions.

THEIR LEADERS IN A QUANDARY

Effort to Secure a Conference with the Packers in Failure.

MAY PUT MEAT UP

Allied Trades Conference Will Be Asked to Sanction Move.

EMPLOYERS TALK OVER THE SITUATION

So Opportunity Will Be Given the Labor Leaders to Present a Proposition Embracing Arbitration.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—The strikers having voted to continue the strike...

When the result of the vote of the men...

General Vasquez, minister of war, who led the government troops...

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 7.—The news from Uruguay of the defeat of General Vasquez...

The following is an extract from an official dispatch received by President Ordoñez...

"On joining the northern division of the army we attacked the revolutionary forces...

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WILLING TO CALL IT OFF. Wednesday passed very quietly in union circles...

With practically continuous fighting since 6 o'clock on a defense line established by General Bell...

Just before the recall was sounded Colonel Bell, notwithstanding the repulse of the attack on his corner...

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 7.—The delegates to the democratic state convention assembled today with conflicting opinions as to the final make-up of the state ticket...

Some speculation as to who will be named is confidential.

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UNION MEN FOR FREE TRADE

British Congress Passes Resolution Denouncing the Proposed Reciprocal Tariff Law.

LEEDS, England, Sept. 7.—The Trades Union congress at today's session adopted by an almost unanimous vote the following resolution:

"That, in the opinion of this congress, any special trade agreement which would be detrimental to the interests of the working classes, on whom the burden of protecting the people's necessities is unjustly placed, and which would be injurious to the prosperity of the nation as a whole, that protective duties, and the cost of the people's necessities, are unjustly placed on the shoulders of the working classes, and that the expense of labor, and that a system of preference or retaliation by creating cause for dispute with other countries would be a hindrance to international progress and peace.

Resolution condemning conscription carried by acclamation. It emphatically protests against the proposal of the royal military committee to introduce conscription or any form of compulsory military service.

URUGUAY LOSES ONE BATTLE

Two Thousand Men Said to Be Killed in Fight with Revolutionists.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—Two thousand men were killed in a recent three days' battle between the Uruguayan government forces and the revolutionists, according to a Herald dispatch from Buenos Ayres, Argentine.

General Vasquez, minister of war, who led the government troops, is asserted to have been defeated and driven back, abandoning arms and munitions.

BUENOS AYRES, Sept. 7.—The news from Uruguay of the defeat of General Vasquez, in the recent battle between the Uruguayan government forces and the revolutionists, is published only in Buenos Ayres newspapers favoring the revolution in Uruguay.

The following is an extract from an official dispatch received by President Ordoñez of Uruguay from General Vasquez, dated Monday:

"On joining the northern division of the army we attacked the revolutionary forces, which were well armed and equipped and supplied with artillery. Notwithstanding this we forced them, after severe fighting, to retire into Brazilian territory. I am informed the rebels estimated their losses at 1,200. The government casualties were: Officers, 11 killed and 23 wounded; men, 83 killed, 346 wounded, 23 missing."

Crown Prince Fight Flamed.

GELBENSANDE, Mecklenburg-Schwerin, Sept. 7.—There was a fire today in the forest near the hunting lodge where the crown prince, Frederick William, is visiting in the Grand Duchy of Mecklenburg-Schwerin and her daughter, Cecilia, the betrothed wife of the crown prince. The latter and other members of royal families there assisted the foresters and servants in extinguishing the flames, which, if not spread, would have endangered the lodge.

Frenchman Tries to Swim Channel.

FOLKSTONE, England, Sept. 7.—Burlingame, a French swimmer, accompanied by the English swimmer, Weller, yesterday made an ineffectual attempt yesterday to swim the channel, started again this morning. He was about four and one-half miles off St. Margarets at 2:15 p. m. and going well.

Successor to Von Plevne.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 7.—5:33 p. m.—The Associated Press learns on high authority that the Russian minister of war, General Plevne, has been selected to succeed the late von Plevne as minister of the interior.

London Fully Wins St. Ledger Stakes.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The Londoner, in the Grand National, won the St. Ledger stakes of 25 sovereigns for 3-year-olds, about one mile and six furlongs, at Doncaster today. Henry I. was second and Almsicht was third.

Fort Worth Wants to Quit.

FORT WORTH, Tex., Sept. 7.—The striking butcher workmen today voted to declare the strike over and return to work under the old conditions. The vote was practically unanimous.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

Rural Carriers Appointed and Two National Banks Authorized to Commence Business.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—(Special Telegram.)—Rural carriers were appointed; Nebraska, Dolphman, regular, Jesse P. Button, substitute, James R. Button, Nelson, regular, Jonathan H. Fay, substitute, George D. Cato, Iowa, regular, Leon D. Taylor, substitute, Patrick Barrett, Illinois, regular, Charles C. Cartwright, substitute, Elmer Cartwright. The application of J. B. Gracie, Lars L. Brekke, Louis Brekke, J. G. Eggen and H. G. Eggen to organize the First National bank of Vienna, S. D., with \$25,000 capital, has been approved by the controller of the currency.

The First National bank of Ansel, Neb., was today authorized to begin business, with a capital of \$25,000. Frank H. Young is president and C. Mackey cashier.

Fremont F. Ward of Deadwood has been appointed superintendent of construction of the Deadwood (S. D.) public building, at \$2,000 per annum.

WELLS OF CONDITIONS IN TURKEY

American Consul at Harput Reports After Making Trip to Sasana.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The American consul at Harput has reported to the State department that he has visited Bitlis and is now in Mouah.

The consul states that the district of Mouah is a peaceful one and the strategic points are garrisoned by infantry detachments and permanent barracks erected. The survivors of the massacre are in a destitute condition, but are attempting to rebuild their ruined villages with a little government aid. The consular corps at Bitlis estimates the number massacred and died from exposure and hunger, etc., at 350. The American colony at Bitlis appears to be in no present or prospective danger. In the Mouah district insurgents have adopted a guerrilla form of warfare, ambushing troops.

The recent reforms which concern matters of local administration and economic questions now involve the integrity of the empire. A number of villages have been plundered and burned and many persons killed and maltreated and another massacre is daily expected by the Armenian population. Bitlis is in destitute circumstances. About 15,000 have lost everything and are starving, many being ill and wounded.

Approve Plans for Ships.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 7.—The board of construction has finally approved the plans and specifications for the armored cruisers North Carolina and Montana and the battleship New Hampshire, which were authorized by the last congress, and as soon as they have been approved by Secretary Marton, they will be published. The armored cruisers, save in their interior arrangements, follow closely the lines of the Tennessee class and the New Hampshire of the Louisiana class.

TWO HUNDRED MEN RETURN

Small Proportion of Striking Body Secure Old Places.

NO MATERIAL BREAK IN THE RANKS

Majority of Packing House Men Debarred from Applying Until Donnelly Passes on Result of Vote.

Even after voting to return to work as soon as possible, there was no decided break in the ranks of union labor yesterday. At the four packing houses about 200 former employes secured work. Quite a proportion of those who returned to work were skilled laborers.

Through the efforts of the leaders here the majority of the men are holding back for a day or two, in order that the result of the vote may reach President Donnelly. The statement was made by a number of union men that it was only due to President Donnelly to await the formal announcement of the vote. It was further stated that as many here wanted to return to work, the chances are the men would gradually drift back to work as rapidly as employment could be secured.

In speaking of the vote in Chicago, the union men here did not appear to be at all surprised, as the big battle of the strike is being fought in Chicago, and it being the headquarters of the Amalgamated association, President Donnelly and other high officials of the order are holding the men together.

The mechanical workers held a meeting at Frank's hall for the purpose of further discussing the Chicago proposition. At the meeting Tuesday night the men could not reach an agreement. While nothing particularly new was given out for publication during the session, the understanding is that the mechanical workers here will decline to accept the Chicago proposition and will insist upon being taken back in a body.

Willing to Call It Off.

Wednesday passed very quietly in union circles. All interest seems to be centered on the action of the union men in Chicago. While the majority of the members of the Amalgamated association voted to return to work, the break in the ranks was slight as compared to what some thought it would be. Many of the men say that they are willing to go back to work just as soon as the order comes from Chicago, but they do not want to do so before they can help it. When it became known here Wednesday that another vote was being taken in Chicago in order to get some decided expression from the union men there, a great many of the men appeared pleased and predicted that the long struggle would be over by the end of the week.

Vice President Vail received quite a lengthy telegram from Chicago last evening, but declined to disclose the contents of the message to any but a few trusted leaders. Every effort is being made at labor headquarters to hold the men together until some official notice comes from President Donnelly. The men who broke over yesterday and went back to work are being roundly scored by those who remained out waiting for the word from President Donnelly. Over to the efforts of the leaders it is thought that but few union men will apply for work at the packing plants today. The situation is peculiar in that so little information can be obtained. Well known union men visit headquarters and come away with only the information, "We are waiting on Chicago." Some still express confidence that the executive officers in Chicago will bring about a settlement of some sort and that this will be done within the next few days.

Packing house managers here received telegrams last night from Chicago to the effect that the union men had declared the strike off.

Strikers Up in Federal Court

Arraigned on Charge of Fight with the Breakers.

Henry McGrath, Dan Lucy, P. J. Griffin, Louis Aile and John Cross were arraigned in United States Commissioner's court on the charge of obstructing the administration of justice. The accused are packing house strikers and are alleged to have been connected with recent disturbances between strikers and strike breakers at South Omaha. Lucy and Griffin waived examination and were committed to the Douglas county jail in default of \$500 bail each. The others all gave bail in a like amount and all are held for hearing before the federal grand jury.

Parliamentarians on Tour

Members of Union Are in Philadelphia on Their Way to the West.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—The International union, made up of members of the English law-making body and the parliaments of Europe, arrived here today, the guests of the United States in a tour of the continent.

The twelfth conference of the union is to be held at St. Louis this week. Its purpose is to discuss international arbitration on a scale "broader and more efficient than that afforded by the Hague tribunal." An effort will be made to secure another international arbitration congress within a year, if possible, and President Roosevelt will be requested to sponsor the proposed congress.

Omaha Foresters Second

Winners in Modern Woodmen Prize Drills at St. Louis Announced.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 7.—The winners in the team prize drills of the Modern Woodmen foresters, which have been in progress at the World's fair, were announced today as follows:

Senior Class—Joliet, Ill., first; Omaha, Neb., second; Rockford, Ill., third.

Junior Class—St. Paul, Minn., first; Beulieu, Wis., second; Bloomington, Ill., third.

Montana Republicans Meet.

BILLINGS, Mont., Sept. 7.—The republican state convention was called to order here today. After the appointment of the temporary committee and an address by the union chairman an adjournment was taken. William Lindsey of Cheyenne, former United States senator, Lee Mantle of Butte, and Attorney John M. Kiril of Butte, are candidates for governor. There is no special interest in the office.

FULL VALUE RECEIVED

DUBUQUE Ia., Aug. 29, 1904. Publishers The Bee.

Dear Sirs—Your replies to my advertisement received. They were the first replies from eighteen papers between Portland, Ore., and Galveston, Tex. I appreciate this, and gladly give credit where credit is due. When you send your bill it will cheerfully be paid and the reading of having received value.

J. E. BRUELMAYER, Manufacturer of Church Furniture.

GRANT BREAKS BELL'S LINE

First Military Problem Ends with Blue Army in the Better Position.

GAINESVILLE, Va., Sept. 7.—The first military problem closed at noon today with General Grant's force pushed through the left wing of General Bell. This put the blue force within two miles of Thoroughfare Gap, the objective point. However, General Bell had Smith's brigade on the right and Barry's brigade on the left of this branch in his line, and Colonel Wagner, chief engineer, was not inclined to what might have happened had not hostilities ceased under the command previously issued by General Corbin to cease hostilities at noon, so the tired troops might be given rest.

During the afternoon the troops returned to their respective camps to rest until 6 a. m. tomorrow, when the problem will be reversed and the brown army will take the field against the blue, in an effort to strike at Washington.

General Grant took up his task of forcing General Bell and his brown army through Thoroughfare Gap at midnight. Fighting did not begin at that hour, but the realignment of positions and the assuming of new ones occupied the forces of both armies until daylight. General Bell, notwithstanding the repulse of the attack on his corner, which was in progress when the day closed yesterday, deemed it advisable to fall back to a shorter defensive line. This defense was established by daylight, and it is on this line that General Grant is advancing.

General Grant has not yet fully developed his attack, but the indications from the firing are that his main attack is to be delivered by General Will, forming his right.

With practically continuous fighting since 6 o'clock on a defense line established by General Bell, notwithstanding the repulse of the attack on his corner, which was in progress when the day closed yesterday, deemed it advisable to fall back to a shorter defensive line. This defense was established by daylight, and it is on this line that General Grant is advancing.

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