ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, FRIDAY MORNING, AUGUST 19, 1904-TEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

General Wilmon 1 ar of Massachusetts Elected Con E er-in-Chief. CHOSEN FOR OF = BY ACCLAMATION

Bakewell in Race, but His Name is 22 resented. Colonel Bakewell

NAME OF COLONEL SHOTTS IS WITHDRAWN

No Other Names Show Any Strength in the Contest.

DENVER SELECTED FOR NEXT ENCAMPMENT

Electrical Parade, with Floats Representing Sixteen Epochs in Amerlean History, Among Spectacalar Events of Encampment, BOSTON, Mass., Aug. 18.-General Wil-

mon W. Blackmar of this city was elected commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic by acclamation at the closing session of the national encampment today, and Denver, Colo., was selected as the place for the encampment of 1905. The other national officers elected were: Senior Vice Commander-in-Chief--John R.

King, Washington. Junior Vice Commander-George W. Patton, Chattanoogs, Tenn. Surgeon General-Dr. Warren R. King, Indianapolis.

Chaplain-in-Chief-Rev. J. H. Bradford, Later Blackmar made the following ap-

pointments: Adjutant general, John E. Gilman, Massachusetts; quartermaster general, Charles Burrows, New Jersey; assistant quartermaster and custodian of the records, J. Henry Holcomb, Pennsylvania; assistant adjutant general, E. B. Stillings, Massa-

The Grand Army of the Republic convestion was adjourned sine die shortly

after 3 o'cleck this afternoon. The principal business was the passage of the resolution declaring that any modification of the voting of the franchise should be along lines of "intelligence and fitness, and not along lines of race and color;" disapproving of the admission of Sons of Veterans to secret Grand Army of the Republic meetings, and laying on the table of a resolution regarding the proposed fraternal convention of the survivors of the DEEP CUT IN STEERAGE RATES union and confederate armies.

Mrs. Hager of Chleago Elected. Mrs. Mary T. Hager of Chicago was elected national president of the Ladies of the Grand Army of the Republic. All the other branch organizations were also in

In the afternoon the Grand Army delegutes made a pilgrimage to Lexington and Concord in antomobiles,

Tonight the Women's Relief Corps held a campfire in Mechanics building. holding the national Grand Army of the

Republic encampment. The first general order of General Blackmar was issued shortly after his election. It announced the following appointments: To be adjutant general, Past Department Commander John E. Gilman of Massachu-

To be quartermaster general, Charles Burrows of New Jersey.

The order announced that the headquarters of the commander-in-chief will be at 95 Milk street, Boston.

The national encampment, Grand Army of the Republic, adjourned sine die at 3:14

A resolution of sympathy with General was passed and a resolution was adopted that the veterans of the civil war, or wid- send-off. ows of such veterans, in the employ of the government, who may have been discharged without just cause or proper charge against them, be restored to the highest grade held by them at the time of their dismis-

Election is Unantmous. The election of officers was the first business. Massachusetts presented the name of General Blackmar. The nomination was seconded by states, Corporal James Tanner of the New York department had been chosen to present the name of Colonel Shotts, but instead of making the nomination, he said that because it was apparent that General Blackmar was the choice of the majority of the encampment, he had urged Colonel Shotts to withdraw and he then formally announced the withdrawal. The name of Colonel Bakewell was not presented.

On motion of Past Commander-in-Chief Wagner of Pennsylvania the nomination of General Blackmar was made unanimous amid a tumultuous demonstration, Colonel Shotts headed the committee which esstated General Blackmar to the platform and with the new commander was loudly cheered. General Blackmar accepted his new office in a brief speech.

Badges for Army Nurses. An arrangement was made looking to the

preparation of a suitable badge for the Army Nurses' association. It is understood that the association has asked for official One of the most important measures to be acted upon was that of the admission of

the Sons of Veterans to the secret meeting of the Grand Army of the Republic. An adverse reply on the question was adopted. The race question was touched on by the committee, which recommended the adoption by the encampment that if any modification of the voting franchise should ever be necessary such modification should be along lines of intelligence and fitness and not along lines of race or color. The new officers were installed by Louis Wagner of Philadelphia, the senior past commander-in-chief, and the convention adjourned.

Relief Corps Ballots. The completion of the election of officers occupied the convention of the Women's Relief corps today. Mrs. Sarah Philips of N. Y., was elected trensurer; Mrs. Mary M. Fair of South Dakota, senior vice president; Mrs. Lydia Oldroid of Washington, junior vice president; Mrs. Hannah

Maxon of Ohio, national chaplain. In the afternoon Past Commander-in-Chief Black and Mrs. Black paid a visit to the convention and both were the reedpicate of many honors. The election of the nutional executive board resulted as strike in the Rapid Transit subway. The follows:

Mrs. Jennie S. Wright of Ohio, chair-Mrs. Olive A. Killen of Colorado. Mrs. Mary T. Jones of California, Mrs. Alice Oliman of Maine and Dr. Orpha Bruce of Florida. The two vacancies on the

(Continued on Second Pages)

American Legation Will Take Official Cognisance of Receipt of Message from Porte,

CONSTANTINOPLE, August 18.-The merican legation will acknowledge the receipt of the porte's note confirming its ndertaking to accord the same treatment American schools and kindred instituons as is granted to the most favored nation, subject to the usual departmental formulities.

The verbal assurances given Minister Leishman of Inget Pashs, secretary of the palace, and Nedjib Melhame, assistant minister of public works, that the list of American schools will be immediately recognized, which Mr. Leishman subsequ mbodied in a note to the powers with the ntention of obtaining the porte's conrmation, are understood to have been disapproved at the palace, and hence the porte's reservation that instead of imnediate recognition, as in the case of France and the other powers, the American list must be submitted to the scrutiny of the ministery of public instruction and the necessary permits obtained before it will be officially recognized. It is anticipated that objections will be raised to some of the schools. The legation, however, declares it is satisfied, but at the same time points out that undue delay in the execution of the undertaking would surely be followed by fresh trouble

It is understood the \$25,000 compensation due to an American citizen at Emyrna for land illegally taken has been deposited in the Ottoman bank.

TAKES OFFICE UNDER THREATS New Governor General of Finland As-

sumes Duties. HELINGSFORS, Aug. 18.-Prince Obolensky today assumed his functions as governor general of Finland. Upon his arrival here he was driven to the Uspensky cathedral, where he attended divine service. Subsequently the governor held a grand reception at the Imperial palace. The governor will start at once on a tour of inspection of the grand duchy.

Prince John Obolensky, formerly governor of Kherson and later of Kharkoff, was appointed July 4 last to succeed as governor general of Finland General Bobrikoff, who was shot June 12 by a student, Eugene Schaumann, son of ex-Senator Schaumann, General Bobrikoff died the following day. According to a dispatch to the Associated Press August 5 Princess Obolensky, wife of the new governor general, is said to have received many threatening letters declaring that her husband will be killed within a week after his arrival in Finland.

From Liverpool to Boston for Eight Bollars and Seventy-Five Cents. LIVERPOOL, Aug. 18 .- The International Mercantile Marine company today announced a cut in steerage rates from Liverpool on the Boston steamers to \$8.75, a rejuction of \$3.75.

LONDON, Aug. 18 .- The Cunard line of steamers decline to furnish any information regarding their latest cut in eastbound rates. The White Star line intends to be Denver was chosen as the next place for content at present with meeting the at- democratic candidate's gold telegram as foitack by a corresponding cut in second lows: cabin rates. No change will be immediately made in salon rates. It is anticipated that other lines in the American services will meet the cut in eastward passages. The Canadian lines, it is asserted, propose to maintain the existing

> TRISH LEADERS COMING OVER Nationalist Members of Parliment

Sail for America. LIVERPOOL, Aug. 18.-John Redmond. the Irish leader, and Patrick O'Brien and Captain Donelal, nationalist members of Parliament, sailed for New York today or the White Star line steamer Teutonic. Mr. Nelson A. Miles upon the death of his wife Redmond and his companions, who are going to the United States to attend the con asking the president of the United States vention of the Irish league in New York to instruct the Civil Service commission August 30 and 31, were given a hearty

DANISH TORPEDO BOAT SINKS

Accident Occurs During Maneuvers and Crew is Saved by Comrades COPENHAGEN, Aug. 18.-While the Dan sh training squadron was engaged in ma neuvering in the Great Belt today the torpedo boat Haversten was sunk in collision with the torpedo boat Storen. The crew of the Haversten were rescued. The Storen was only slightly injured.

PYTHIANS ELECT OFFICERS Vote on Place for Next Meeting of Knights Will Be Taken

Today. LOUISVILLE, Ky., Aug. 19 -The supreme lodge of the Knights of Pythias today elected these officers for the ensuing

two years: Supreme Chancellor-Charles F. Shively, hmond, Ind. unreme Vice Chancellor-Charles A. Supreme Prelate-L. H. Farnsworth, Suit

ake, Utah.
Supreme Keeper of Records and Scal-R.
C. White, Nashville, Tenn.
Supreme Master of Exchequer-Thomas
lears, Wilmington, N. C.
Supreme Master at Arms Cyrus W. Hall,
harleston, W. Va.
Supreme Inner Guard-J. T. Haggard,
Innipeg Manitoba.
Supreme Outer Guard-J. W. Thompson,
Jashington, D. C. Washington, D. C. President of the Board of Control-C. F.

Major General of the Uniform Rank-J. Carnshan, Indianspolis.
The election of officers and the hearing of invitations from New Orleans and Nashville for the encampment took up all the time of the supreme lodge today. A vote on the place of the next meeting will be taken tomorrow.

The Khorassans today decided to hold a meeting at Detroit, Mich., in 1905. The conventious hereafter will be independent of the Pythians, the joint meeting having proved unsatisfactory to both sides. Captain M. M. Fry, quartermaster of the Sixth Pennsylvania regiment of Pythians, accidentally shot himself in the leg today while experimenting with a magazine revolver. His wound is not serious.

APPEAL TO TAMMANY LEADER Delegation of Building Trades Alli-

would do all that he could to assist them.

People's Party Candidates Officially Informed of Nomination.

WILLIAMS OF INDIANA MAKES ADDRESS

Presidential Candidate Delivers Long Address, Reviewing the Hopes and the Purposes of Bis Party.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.-Thomas E. Watson of Georgia, the people's party candidata for president, and Thomas H. Tibbles of Nebrasks, vice presidential candidate, were formally notified of their nomi nation here tonight at Cooper Union. The big hall was crowded when, at 8 o'clock, the two candidates, accompanied by Alfred G. Boulton of Brooklyn, chairman of the meeting, appeared on the platform. There was much cheering.

Chairman Boulton at once introduced George Samuel Williams of Indiana, who made the speech officially notifying the candidates of their selection. In address ing Mr. Watson, Mr. Williams said the nominating convention was made up of unselfish, self-sacrificing patriots, who attended and participated in its deliberations solely through a high sense of duty. The purpose of the convention, he con tinued, was to take one more step in the evolution to progress which is to finally bring us to that ideal condition of society where the laborer shall receive the full fruits of his labor, and an injury to one is the concern of all. He said:

All a Matter of Conscience.

The work of the hour was not to trim a, sail of expediency to catch a passing breeze of popular, though translent, approval, but rather to proclaim and again declare in plain and concise language the principles and promises of the people's party as first laid down at Omaha in 1882, and subsequently reaffirmed in 1896 and in 1990.

It was understood there that our nominee must be a man with whom politics was a matter of conscience and who believed thoroughly and fully in the tenets of populism, who subscribed to the doctrine of the brotherhood of man and the fatherhood of Almighty God; who stood ready, able and willing to defend against any and the converse each and every plank in our able and willing to defend against any and
fil comers each and every plank in our
platform, and who, if elected president,
would have the broadness of mind, the
goodness of beart, the firmness of character, the knowledge of men and affairs,
to so administer the duties of that high
office as to bring the best possible degree
of peace, harmony and happiness to the
whole recolle. whole people.

We confidently invite the country to say whether or no the convention fulfilled these requirements. We realize with pride that you stand with Jefferson and Lincoln, with Peter Cooper and Henry George, with Polk and with Donnell, in placing the man above the dollar.

Mr. Watson's Speech. When Mr. Watson arose to speak the theering continued nearly four minutes. Chairman Boulton introduced him in half a dozen words, simply referring to him as the candidate of the People's party.

After a formal notice that he would soon prepare a formal letter of acceptance, Mr. Watson gave up a great portion of his address to a discussion of the democratic and republican platforms and the candidacy of Judge Parker. He referred to the

Surrounded by the Wall street magnates who had financed his campaign for two years, Judge Parker bided his time till the perils of the two-thirds rule were passed, and when it was too late for the convention to retrace its steps-for even the democratic bosses require more than fitteen minutes to turn completely round in-he cracks the Wall street whip over the heads of his leaders, and with prompt obedience the great democratic legions were made to furl their flag and reverse their line of march. who had financed his campaign for

At another point the speaker said he would not venture to say a word against Judge Parker's character, "for I believe him to be an eminently worthy man." Of President Roosevelt, Mr. Watson said:

I have no words of abuse for Theodore Rooseveit. I believe him to be a brave, honest, conscientious man. I give him full credit for having a splendid courage of conviction, but inasmuch as he stands for those government principles which, in my judgment, are burrying this republic into a sordid despotism of wealth, I will compat him and his principles as long as there judgment, are burrying this republic into a sordid despotism of wealth, I will combat him and his principles as long as there is breath in my body.

Answering a self-asked question as to why he consumed more time discussing the democrats than in speaking of the tember 3 and 5; Los Angeles, September 7 republicans, the populist leader made this reply: "It's an easier and quicker job to 13; Fort Scott, Kan., September 17. strike an open enemy right between the eyes than it is to tear off the mask from the face of a pretended friend and show him to be the hypocrite that he is." The speaker opened with the statement

that there was never a time when the committee is preparing to send out large plain people of America were so dissatisfied with the conditions which prevail in this Bryan in opposition to Judge Parker. republic. He said:

People Are Dissatisfied.

Deep down in their hearts the masses of the people feel that the reins of power are slipping out of their hands. In spite of all that can be done by a partisan press, the fact cannot be concealed from the eyes of the average citizen that the vast preponderance of all the wealth produced in this laind is transformed by legalized robbery into the hands of a few; that the courts are run in the interest of a few; that the lawnaking power is manipulated by the few; that while both the old political parties pretend to devote themselves to the interests of the common people, they are both financed by Wall street, botherdominated by Wall street. Do you need proof that the masses are ready to rush to the support of any leader who is brave enough to challenge the right of the corporations to rule this land? See how they railled to W. R. Hearst. Because he had taken sides with the masses, because he was denounched oppression and pleading for the rights of the common man, there was from ocean to ocean an upheaval in his favor winch astounced the professional politicians and strained all of the resources of political strategy to defeat that noble hearted champion of the Jeferosonian democracy.

Tought, fellow citizens, I ask you which People Are Dissatisfied.

that noble hearted champion of the Jef-fersonian demogracy.
Tonight follow citisens, I ask you which is the party and who is the candidate that proclaims the principles of Thomas Jeffer-son and goes forth to fight for the great mass of the American people? Is it the republican party? How can any same man answer yes? Every corporate interest on the continent knows that it has a champion in the republican party. Every beneficary of special privilege knows that he has a welcome in the republican party. Every trust levying its tribute upon the million homes of the people of this land feels aure in the organized power of the republican party.

party.

How is with the democratic party? Our political history has never seen a situation so indicrous as that which the national democracy now holds. I can understand how the citizen can work for the republican party and vote its ticket with entituistic neal, but why any human being should, in the year 1904, vote the national democratic ticket is something that passes my comprehension.

Delegation of Building Trades Allianse Calls on Charles F. Murphy
to Help Settle Btrike.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.—A delegation from the Building Trades alliance called on Charles F. Murphy, the leader of Tammany Hall, today with a request that he give his assistance in bringing to an end the strike in the Bapid Transit subway. The spokasman for the delegation informed Mr. Murphy that the whole trackle was caused by the employment of nonunion men and that if the objectionable ones were discharged the strikers would return at once to work. Mr. Murphy assured them, seconding to their statement later, that he would do all that he could to assist them.

Gemocratic ticket is something that passes my comprehension.

I do not believe that 5,500,000 men who followed Bryan with cheers on their lips and warm convictions. In their bearis can now be delivered like catile to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket or boltred in their strike or boltred in their who knifed the ticket is something that passes my comprehension.

I do not believe that 5,500,000 men who followed Bryan with cheers on their lips and warm convictions. In their bearis can now be delivered like catile to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket is something that passes and young comprehension.

I do not believe that 5,500,000 men who followed Bryan with cheers on their tips and warm convictions. In their passes and warm convictions. In their state to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket is something that passes and converted fire and warm convictions. In their states can now be delivered like catile to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket is something year of some warm once the service on their tips and warm convictions. In their task to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket is something year on the lips and warm converted for the my object that the extinct to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket is something that be converted for my object that the extinct to the Cieve-landites who knifed the ticket is something that their samething in th

(Continued on Second Page.)

G. A. R. PICKS LEADER WILL ACKNOWLEDGE THE NOTE WATSON AND TIBBLES TOLD WESTERN TOUR FOR PARKER WHEAT OWNERS TAKE PROFIT Managers of His Campaign Are Planning a Trip for the Democratic

Candidate.

ESOPUS, Aug. 18-Judge Parker spent the morning reading the various reports BAD REPORTS BRING THE REBOUND of the notification ceremonies at White ulphur Springs, W. Va., which took place yesterday. He sent his running mate, Senator Henry G. Davis, a telegram of ongratulation on his very excellent speech. On account of the meeting of the Amer ican Bar association at St. Louis on September 26 Judge Parker will probably go to the exposition at that time and not return to attend the New York day cereonies which will be held on October 4: It is not the plan now for Judge Parker o make any speeches on his way to St. Louis. Mrs. Parker will probably remain at the exposition for two weeks as the guest of Daniel Manning. It is likely that the judge will make a detour on his return in order to address political meetings in Indianapolis, Chicago and one or two other points. The suggestion has been made that after that Judge Parker go on an extended stumping tour to continue until the day before election, but no decision has been reached in regard to this. His closing speech, if the trip is made, will probably be delivered in New

York City. The suggestion of having the candidate make a vigorous personal campaign meets the approval of Senator Balley of Texas, Edward M. Shepard of Brooklyn, Senator Martin of Virginia, Hardy B. Hawes of St. Louis and other political advisers of the judge, including hearly every member of the national committee. The question will be taken up by the national committee at an early meeting.

Representative Fitzgerald of Brooklyn came to Rosemount today to talk over with Judge Parker an address which he has prepared for general use in the campaign. Mr. Fitzgerald has taken up the discussion of labor troubles and has quoted liberally from Judge Parker's decisions.

Letter Defending His Attitude Toward the Workingman Given Out. ROANOKE, Va., Aug. 18.-The following letter from H. G. Davis, the democratic each. candidate for vice president, has been made public here:

made public here:

ELKINS, W. Va., Aug 5, 1904—Mr. I. V. Johnson, Roanoke, Va.: My Dear Mr. Johnson—I am glad to have your letter calling my attention to the publication placing me in an attitude of hostility to the laboring risss. No one who knows me personally or is at all acquainted with the circumstances of my life will put any credence in the statements to which you refer. I think I can well claim that I belong to the laboring class. For many years I worked in the ranks as a wage carner and I know what it is to earn my living by the sweat of my brow. On the other hand I have been a large employer of labor, in railroads, coal mines lumber mills, etc., and have never had any serious trouble with our men. I can recall but two instances in which there were strikes, and these were of short duration and peaceably settled. No man has ever been discharged from our service because he was a umon man, or been evicted from a company house for any reason. I think you will find that the conditions of the railroad man and the miner in conceiton with the enterprises I have directed will compare favorably with those in where localities of the country.

I have always believed, and my canvic-

ountry.

I have always believed, and my conviction came from the hard school of experience, that measured by the character of the work he does and the cost of living every man is entitled to full compensation for his services. strikers

or his services. I am charged with having instituted pro-ceedings which led to an injunction against strikers by Judge Jackson of this state. The fact is, I had nothing whatever to do The fact is, I had nothing whatever to come with the case and knew nothing about the matter until I read of it in the new papers. The injunction did not apply the men in our employ nor pertain them in any way. On the contrary I remaind the many way. On the contrary I remaind the many way. member on one occasion one of our super-intendents suggested an injunction against our men, and I declined to consider it H. G. DAVIS.

SHAW'S TTINERARY COMPLETE

Republicans Will Use Brynn's Anti-Parker Speech in Campaign. CHICAGO, Aug. 18.-The itinerary for Secretary Shaw's western campaign tour was completed today by the republican national committee and is as follows: Helena, Mont., August 24; Spokane Wash., August 25; Seattle, August 29; Portland, Ore., August 31; San Francisco, Sep-

Denver, September 12; Pueblo, September

The formal distribution of campaign literature was today begun by the repub-Hean national committee. The beginning was made on an installment of 200,000 copies of Secretary Root's convention speech. The numbers of the speeches made by Mr.

National Committee Work.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18.-Both national ommittees continue to give attention to the states of Vermont and Maine. Speakers are being engaged and sent to the states as fast as arrangements can be made with

Senator Proctor of Vermont was at the republican headquarters today and expressed confidence of a full republican vote, which would be about 25,000 majority. He told members of the national committee that the gold democrats generally would return to their party this year and it is estimated that about 8,000 democrats voted with the republicans eight years ago. Senator Proctor says there has not been an election since 1888 when party conditions in the state were so normal and regular.

Deadlocked Convention Takes Receas. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Aug. 18 -- At the conclusion of the 785th ballot for congressman, without change, the Fourth district democratic convention, which has been in deadlock since July 26, took a recess. Cochran, Wilson and Booher are still the only names own. Dr. Charles F. Folsom, head of before the convention.

NEW TRANSATLANTIC RATES

White Star Line Issues Announcement of a Reduction in First-Cinas Fares.

NEW YORK, Aug. 18 .- The New York agent of the White Star line today announced the following rates for first class passage on their steamers to Liverpool: Oceanie, \$65; Malestie and Teutonie, \$55 Baltic, Celtic, Cedric and Arabic, \$50. They also announced that the rate from Boston to Liverpool on all steamers between those ports had been fixed at \$50.

SEVEN MEN ARE INJURED Collision on the San Pedro Road Be-

tween Work Trains Scenes Near Calientes.

SALT LARE CITY, Aug. 18 -- In a headon were injured. All will recover,

Chicago Longs Unload and Send Prices Down Materially.

Winnipeg Sends Word that Black Rust is Rulning the Manitoba Fields as it Did the Dakota and Minnesota.

CHICAGO, Aug. 18 - A nervous crowd of interested spectators awaited the tap of the opening bell today on the Board of Trade, as eager to sell wheat as on the previous day they had been to buy. The price suffered a decline at the moment of opening, ranging from 1 cent to about 5 cents a bushel. Later prices had a sudden rebound and May wheat, which was sold down to \$1.08% at the start, jumped up again to \$1.12.

The reason for the change in sentiment among the traders over night, as shown in the early trading, was the fallure of the weather bureau's forecast of the possible frost in the spring wheat country to come true. There was nothing within 15 degrees of frost temperature. The price of wheat since the middle of June last has advanced 30 cents a bushel. Naturally numbers of traders had made hundsome profits, and the wheat they had been buying constantly since then was the wheat that was for sale as soon as the market opened today.

Black Rust in Manitoba.

reported in a telegram from Winnipeg sent by a well known crop examiner who had gone up to Manitoba, that the rust that had ruined the crops of Minnesota and the Kakota was at work in the British Northwest and threatened that part of the country with a similar calamity.

How immense is the interest taken in the grain market by people of all sections may CANDIDATE DAVIS AND LABORER be judged from the fact that one Chicago ommission house bought and sold for customers 18,000,000 bushels of the various kinds of grain yesterday and other large

The last hour of trading showed the sentiment of traders again divided, with a strong leaning toward the bear side. Conflicting reports from North Dakota caused doubt as to the real seriousness of the situation and the timid among the holders of

Changes in New York. NEW YORK, Aug. 18 .- There was a genposition in wheat today on a violent open- rible one. ing break of 3 cents a bushel, carrying September down to \$1.09%. December to \$1.11% and May to \$1.10% in the local market, and bulls, who stood ready on just such a break acter. to assume the burden.

The result was an equally rapid recovery, comparative weakness of early Liverpool still intact. Rear Admiral Prince Ucktom- the Japanese. They confess, however, that advance in American markets, explained sky has been appointed to command the necessity for their removal exists. it is exthe disposition among bulls here to take fleet. ePople in Port Arthur are said to pected that the Japanese attack will be re-

profits. Corn declined 1 cent on reports of good showers through the belt.

London Undisturbed. LONDON, Aug. 18.-The condition of the American wheat markets caused little effect on the Produce exchange here. No excitement prevails. There has been a rise of 12 cents, but there are few buyers. The flurry in America caused a slight increase in the price of Russian and Argen-

tine wheat. Venerable Statesman Constantly Grows Wenker, but Fully Realises

Approach of Death. WORCESTER, Mass., Aug. 18.-No.

tives and intimate friends. Arrangements have been made to notify

the people of Worcester of the senator's bells. At noon Senator Hoar was resting easily.

He was still conscious and during the forsnoon had taken a little liquid nourishment. strength, but rather a slight increase of the weakness which developed yesterday. The last bulletin for the night was issued at 18 o'clock from the home of Senator Hear, his condition being so favorable that it was considered unnecessary to give out

any later news except in case of a sudden change. Senator Hoar remained in about the same condition during the day. He siept quietly, talked but little, but his mind was clear and he was entirely comfortable His heart was still very weak at times, but on the whole he had perhaps held his the City hospital at Boston, and Dr. Warren F. Gilman remained at the sen utor's bedside tonight. The prolongation of the senator's life during the last hours has given his family some slight

Affectionate inquiries as to Sension Hour's condition were received today from President Roosevelt, Senators Fairbanks McComas and Whitemore and a large number of the senator's friends in public and private life.

NEGROES LEAVE THE LOCALITY Statesboro Farmers Find Themselves Short of Help for Cotton

Picking.

ngs have been reported from the country jest to now under consideration. districts. Two negroes, a man and a woman, were whipped near Register, ten desirous of adjusting the question of the miles from here. It is reported also that flour on board the Arakita, connecated oblision between a construction and a several others received lumblogs at other by the Viadivostok prise court, but it is relief train on the San Pedro. Los An- localities. Many negroes have left and it put that the decision of the court geles & Salt Lake City road, also miles is said that a scarcity of labor in the mates it difficult to adjust it diplomatically Aing measur is at hand,

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Showers and Thunderstorms Friday. Saturday Pair. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour. Deg. 5 a. m..... 05 6 a. m.... 64 Hour. Deg. 1 p. m. . . . 80 B. Mirerer S p. m 5 p. m..... O.B. Merrers an 0 a. m. 71 7 p. m..... 74 8 p. m..... 70 9 p. m..... 00 11 s. m 74 12 m..... 78

TERMS OFFERED TO RUSSIANS

Japanese Willing to Take Fortress and Fleet and Let Army Depart.

(Copyright, by New York Herald Co., 1904.) CHE FOO, Aug. 18 -- (New York Herald

Cablegram-Special Telegram to The Bee. A refugee who quited Port Arthur last night says that a major of the Japanese staff was blindfolded and conducted to a war counic lat Port Arthur, where he asked for the surrender of the fortress on the following conditions: "The Russian troops to be allowed to

go underarms past the Kin Chau positions in order to unite with General Kouropatkin's army. "All citizens who should desire it to be protected by the Japanese government and

sent at its expense to any place. "In exchange th Russians must leave Hundreds of nervous wheat owners had hardly got rid of their grain when it was Port Arthur intact and deliver up all the ships in the harbor."

General Stoessel replied: "As long as there is a man in the last fort, Port Arthur will fight."

Later refugees state that the Japanese made a great attack on Port Arthur on August 15. They charged over a huge mine field, when there was a terrible explosion and the men were blown to pleces. It is estimated that the Japanese had 10,000 casualties. The Japanese are said to be houses sold from 8,000,000 to 10,000,000 bushels driving large herds of cattle over the Russian mines, trying to explode them. The Russians captured the cattle and this assists their food supplies. The price of one carcass of beef is now 100 roubles (\$75).

Refugees who arrived here tonight from Port Arthur state that on Sunday the Long lines preferred to be on the safe side. Japanese losses were terrific. One battery The close on the May delivery was easy at of horse artillery, two squadrons of cav-\$1.09%@1.09% a decline of 1% from previous alry and half a division of infantry are asserted to have been completely annihilated by mines. The men's bodies were eral shifting around of the speculative dismembered and the spectacle was a ter-

It is said that the Japanese right and left flanks are retiring and that they are many big holders took their profits and now attacking teh center positions. The turned their loads over to a fresh-set of fighting is described as fearful in its char-

Other refugees who left Port Arthur at but later the market again yielded to a 10 o'clock last night state that during the midday break that carried active positions last three days 200 shells have fallen in the offer made by the Japanese of the reback again to within a cent of their low the town. The Japanese have occupied price. A failure of the predicted frosts to Little Pigeon bay, where there is an unappear in Manitoba and the consequent fortified hill. The main line of forts in

> be cheerful and confident. STOESSEL'S WONDERFUL PROFAMITY

Made the Air Blue When Japanese Proposed Surrender. CHE FOO. Aug. 19 -6 a. m .- Two Japanese torpedo boat destroyers enlered the parbor at 5:30 a. m. today. They remained half an hour and then departed. Five other destroyers are reported to be outside. The

object of the visit is unknown. S p. m .- A battle of huge proportions SENATOR HOAR NEARS END raged around Port Arthur August 14 and 15 and it was resumed August 17. The Japanese, it is reported, sacrificed 20,000 more men, but gained important advan-

tages in the matter of position. The above news was brought here on junks, one of which having on board three Russians concealed in the baggage of Chimarked change was noticeable in the con- nese to escape from the Japanese, left dition of Senator George F. Hear this Port Arthur last night and was blown morning. It is evident, however, that he is rapidly to Che Foo by a gale. The main growing weaker constantly, although he force of the attack was directed against may live twenty-four or possibly forty- the left wing and resulted in the capture of Pigeon bay positions and some of the

The senator's mind is perfectly clear and forts at Liao Tieshan. he thoroughly realizes the seriousness of At Palunchang the Japanese hastily his condition. He awaits the end with mounted guns which did excellent service calm resignation. Yesterday he talked with in aiding the storming of the right wing, his son and daughter and requested them where the Japanese are said to have capto convey farewell messages to near rela- tured two forts of minor importance nounting eight guns, two siege und six ouick-firing guns.

The position that the Japanese ocdeath. As soon as the news is received cuppy on Lino Tieshang peninsula fifteen strokes will be sounded on the fire is not clear, but numerous Chinese cources aver that the Japanese have been seen in force in that section. Apparently a cruising attack originating in Louisa bay swept through the There had been, however, no gain in Pigeon hay position into the peninsula, in the doing of which a majority of the lives of the expedition were sacrificed. On the night of the 15th the battle lulled. somewhat when the Japanese sent the erms of surrender to Lieutenant General Stoessel. The terms declared that a garrison should march out with the honors war and join General Kouropatkin; that all civilians be brought to a place lesignated by the Japanese admiral; that the Russian warships in the harbor, numbering seven, namely, the battleships Retvizan, Sevastapol, Pobleda, Peresviet, Poltava, the armored cruiser Bayan and the protected cruiser Pallada, and twelve or nore torpedo boat destroyers and four gunboats, to be surrendered to the Japanese. Lieutenant General Stoessel is alleged to have received the terms with a burst of conderful profanity, his habitual taciturnity deserting him. He strode the floor until he became calmer and then remarked that if the Japanese proposition was a joke was in bad taste.

> BUSSIA WILL CONCEDE THE POINT Necessary Modifications to Exclude

Foodstuffs Will Be Made, ST. PETERSBURO, Aug. 18.-4:65 p. m .-It becomes more and more probable that Russia will meet the views of the United States and Great Britain regarding foodatuffs as contraband of war by agreeing STATESBORO, Ga., Aug. 18.-The de- that foodstuffs bound to a belligerent elopments in the situation here following unblockeded ports and consigned to prithe burning of the negroes. Reed and Cate, vate firms or individuals, when the ship's Tuesday show today only a repetition of papers leave no room for suspicion, be resterday's events, excepting that no kill- not regarded as contraband. The sun-The emperor's government appears to be be appealed to the admirally court here, goes to give up the Bussian terroits bout

General Stoessel Declines Mikado's Request to Surrender Port Arthur,

ST. PETERSBURG APPROVES HIS ACTION

Women, Children and Other Noncombatants Will Not Be Allowed to Leave.

SHIPS AT SHANGHAI WILL BE REPAIRED

Fears that Jap Fleet Will Seize Askold

and Grosovoi. CZAREVITCH IS ENTIRELY DISMANTLED

Dispatches from Peking Say the Byeshitelat Trouble Will Be Amicably Adjusted by China and Japan.

(Copyright by New York Herald Co., 1904.) ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 18 .- (New York Herald Cablegram-Special Telegram to The Bee.)-With the knowledge, brought by dispatches published this afternoon, that General Stoessel had refused the Japanese request to surrender, Russians accept with characteristic fortitude and inborn fatalism the fact that the last act of the

siege of Port Arthur has commenced. . A'l seemed agreed that the fortress will fall, but are unanimous in their expressions that the enemy will be made to pay dearly for their victory. I hear much discontent expressed that whereas the sinking of the Rurik took place last Saturday, today it is announced here for the first time. But this is nothing new. Little is known here, as a rule, of war news until it is four days old, when the European edition of the Herald and London papers arrive. Intelligent classes complain of this condition of affairs.

The loss of the Rurik comes as a terrible blow, but is mitigated by the news that the Rossia and the Gromobi have returned to Viadivostok, which is also an English spurce.

The Russ, in a sensible article, remarks: It is seven days since the naval battle. We know comparatively nothing. If a great distaster has befallen our fleet it is surely known. Admiral Togo's reports of losses in men are serious for a sea battle. The return of our squadron to Port Arthur is unconfirmed."

TOKIO, Aug. 18 .- Noon .- Lieutenant General Stoessel, in command at Port Arthur, has refused to surrender and has dec moval of noncombatants there. Reasons for this latter action are not given, but it is probable that the noncomb sumed immediately. It now enters upon its

final stage. LONDON, Aug. 18 .- A dispatch to the Japanese legation from Tokio announces that a reply was received from the commander of the Russian forces at Port Arthur yesterday refusing either to the besleging force of Japanese to surrender or

to send out the noncombafants. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 18.-12:20 p. m .-The report that General Stoessel, the Russian commander at Port Arthur, declined to capitulate in response to the Japanese ummons creates no surprise. The War office would have been amazed in he had vielded.

Russians Resume Firing. CHE FOO, Aug. 18-7:30 p. m.-Russians and Chinese who left Port Arthur last night and arrived here today declare that Lieutenant General Stoessel, in command at Port Arthur, refuses to surrender to the Japanese and that the Russians began firing again at the time set for replying to the Japanese demand. They confirm also previous reports that there are seven Russian ships in Port Arthur harbor, in addition to torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers, and aver that the Japanese have lost 20,000 men before Port Arthur during

the last ten days. Japa Refuse Request for Time. LONDON, August 19 .- A dispatch to the Central News from Tokio says it has been announced that the Japanese commander in front of Port Arthur has been unable to accede to a Russian request for grace in order to permit the removal of noncombatants from that place. Nothing has been received from any source confirming the foregoing.

Two Cruisers Reach Port. ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 18.-11:10 a. m .-It is learned from official sources by the Associated Press that the cruisers Gromoboi and Rossia have reached Vladivostok after the battle with Admiral Urius' squadron off Tsu island. Both ships were considerably damaged. The Rossia lost two officers

killed. There is no confirmation of the report that the cruisers Pallada and Diana have reached Viadivostok and the admiralty had no news this morning bearing on the whereabouts of the other vessels of the late Admiral Withoft's squadron.

Lament the Burik.

12:18 p. m.-This morning, for the first time, the newspapers were allowed to print the fact that the cruiser Rurik had been sunk. The news was held back until the government had received official confirmation from Vladivestok. The tone of the press comment is summed up by a line in the Russ: "The Rurlk died a heroic death, That is the only consolation we have."

Every Officer Killed or Wounded, A later official dispatch frob Vladivostok shows that every officer on the Rossia and Grombol was either killed or wounded. Rear Admiral Jassen narrowly escaped the fate of Admiral Withoft. He was standing on the bridge of the Rossia when it was wrecked by a shell. The two cruisers were literally riddled, their guns and engines being partially dismantled. The escape of the Hussian vessels from Admiral Kamimura's four armored cruisers is regarded us a wonderful piece of luck. It is precumed that the pursuers of the Russian ships did not dare so far north, fearing that some of the vessels of the Port Arthur squadron would break through the

straits of Corea. Will Not Give Up Epochitetul. LONDON, Aug. 16 .- Japun has officially south of Callentee, Nev., seven frainmen seeds is sure to follow, as the cotton pick- and it is suggested that the case should notified Great Britain that it does not pro-