BUSINESS MEN FIND THE BEE'S MARKET PAGE UNEXCELLED.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1904—TEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

Friends of Parker Are Explaining Why He Sent the Famous " rram.

SENT ONLY ONE MESSAGE TO NVENTION Did Not Demand That Gold nk as Inserted in Platfori

IT LET CONVENTION KNOW HC _ I STOOD

Through a Misunderstanding vention Was Stampeded.

Expected He Will Conduct His Campaign Similar to that of Pres-

ident McKinley by Staying at Home.

ESOPUS, N. Y., July 11.-Light was thrown on the history of the now famous declined to allow the use of his name. "When Judge Parker retired at 9:45 Fri-

day night," said this man, "he did not know anything at all about the financial side of the platform, which had been agreed brief bulletine telephoned from Kingston. When informed by the Associated Press correspondent at 6:50 a. m. of the bare fact of his nomination, he knew no more, and of his nomination, he knew he more, she the candidates and platform are mishts, the first real knowledge he had of the The former offends the Bryanites, and the action of the convention on the financial plank in the platform was when he read the New York morning papers. Immediately after breakfast, that is to say, a little after 9 o'clock, he started for a borseback ride. Just before mounting his horse a telegram was handed him, giving a concise outline of the platform. From the moment of his reading of that telegram it was noticed that he was very much pre-occupied, and as he rode off his head was bowed as if in deep thought,

"About 10:30 o'clock he rode up to the railroad station, asked for telegrams and received quite a bunch of them. I happen to know that none of them gave him the information he wanted. He chatted with the reporters for a while, and it was afterward recalled that some of his questions to them betrayed the fact of his lack of first hand knowledge of the convention's action. He waited about the station, almost irresolute in bearing, for fully ten minutes, and then suddenly galloped back toward Rosemont. An hour afterward his famous telegram was filed with the operstor and the remarkable series of events was under way.

Parker Becomes Anxious. That night while the convention tossed and billowed with the sensation he had pro- tional committee, to be held in New York duced, he did not go early to bed, as he had City. It being Judge Parker's wish to meet done the night before, although the local as many as possible of the national comcelebration in his honor ceased and the mitteemen in attendance upon the meetpeople dispersed as early as 10:15 p. m. He ing. It is for this purpose that Chairman sat up until after 8 a. m. closely watching Jones will first consult with Judge Parker the bulletins and made no move toward re- in order to make dates or the notification

"It is not true," said the gentleman his campaign in the various states, prioted above, "that Judge Parker sent a message to Senator Hill demanding the in-Wm. F. Sheehan was his first communication, directly or indirectly, with the con-

Judge Parker received today the follow ing message from former President Cleve-

"You must permit me to express my gratitude and admiration for the splendid manifestation of honor and courage you have given to your countrymen and to the democracy in your St. Louis dispatch. The telegram from William R. Hearet sent on Saturday evidently went astray, but a duplicate was received today as fol

lows, dated Chicago, July 10: I congratulate you on your nominati and on the expression of the democratic principles in the platform on which you stand. I hope and believe that battling for the people and for such principles you will lead the democracy to victory.

Judge Parker immediately wrote Mr. Hearst the following letter: Hon W. R. Hearst: Dear Sir—Just a word to thank you for your very kind message of congratulation and to assure you of my very grateful appreciation. Very truly yours,

ALTON B. PARKER.

Parker Thanks Hearst.

Other telegrams received today include the following:

John R. Williams of Illinois Accept my your election. Senator Patrick H. McCarren of Brooklyn-Congratulations to the next president J. M. Fage of Jerseyville, Ill.—It is better to be right than to be president. You will be both.

be both.

Right Rev. Charles C. Grafton, Episcopal Bishop of Fond Du Lac, Wis.—We will daily pray God to possess thee with His wisdom and give thee a courageous and peaceful heart.

Former Mayor Josiah Quincy, of Boston—Heartlest congratulations. Your telegram Former Mayor Josiah Quincy, of Boston—Heartlest congratulations. Your telegram gave great satisfaction here.

United States Supreme Court Judge, Rufus W. Peckham and his son, H. A. Peckham, dated Colorado Springs, Colo.—Congratulations. Now for a win.

From President Francis of the St. Louis exposition—Hearty congratulations, not only on your nomination but on your sagacious telegram which the convention has sustained. Those who have been asking that you announce your position on the issues can no longer have any question as to your convictions or your courage to express them.

express them. Former Vice President Adlai E. Stevenson, from Bloomington, Ill.—My hearty

Surveyors began today laying down the lines for the new West Shore station at ready to kill tomorrow. It will be two or Esopus, which will be completed in about two weeks. A long siding will also be put there can resume.

in for special trains. As far as his plans have as yet beer made, Judge Parker will not tour the country making 'speeches. His personal campaign will be conducted in a way similar to that of President McKinley to a large degree from the porch at Rosemont. He will probably make only one or two pilgrim- in the flood situation. Most of the business ages to the larger cities.

Othera Break Parker's Silence. An explanatory statement of the long silence of Judte Parker was given by a close personal friend of the judge this afternoon to the Associated Press. judge, sald the authority, Judge Parker had kent silent on political questions. He believed it was not compatible with the dignity of a judge on the bench to discuss such questions. When he was prominently mentioned as a candidate, Judge Parker thought that the people of the country

knew his full views. He realized that the democratic party cals and conservatives. He knew that he servatives and became convinced that it statement of his views. Judge Parker had

(Continued on Second Page.)

DISSATISFIED WITH PARKER BOURKE COCKRAN ON PARKER

Bryan Democrats and Populists Will Put Their Heads Together and Call National Conference.

ST. LOUIS, July 11 .- After three conferences held Saturday night by members of the executive committee of the people's party with prominent Bryan democrats, who are dissatisfied, not so much with the platform as with the presidential nomination made by the democratic national convention, it has been decided to call a national conference of Bryan democratic leaders within the next thirty days, to decide on some line of action during the coming campaign.

This statement is given to the Associated Press on the authority of Mr. George F. Washburn of Boston, Mass., national treasurer of the people's party, who, with sev-PARKER WILL MAKE FEW SPEECHES eral members of the national executive committee of that party, has been in St. Louis attending the democratic national convention.

Mr. Washburn, when asked to divulge the names of some of his associates in the conference, declined to make them known The extent of the movement and the names of those engaged in it, he said. would be made public when the call for the national conference was issued, and Parker telegram and the reply to it made their prominence, he added, would be a by the democratic convention at St. Louis surprise. A number of those present in the by a close friend of Judge Parker, who conference, Mr. Washburn said, were Missourians, while others were from Parker's own state. Commenting on Judge Parker's

nomination, Mr. Washburn said: "Next to Cleveland, the populists most desired the nomination of Parker. His more than was outlined in the very nomination emphasizes the parting of the ways of allied forces and will help immensely to restore the populist party to it's former strength and effectiveness, "The candidates and platform are misfits. latter displeases the reorganizers."

MACK MAKES STATEMENT

Explains When, Why and Where National Democratic Committee

Will Be Organised. ST. LOUIS, Mo., July 11.-National Democratic Committeeman Norman E. Mack of New York tonight sent the following message to Hon. W. F. Sheehan, at New York, making clear the exact status of the new national committee, and when it will hold its first regular meeting, in order to dispel all rumors that have arisen regarding the organization of the new committee:

"Senator James K. Jones will, under the nstructions given him by the resolution passed by the convention Saturday night, call a meeting of the national committee as soon as he confers with Judge Alton B. Parker, the nominee of the party for president, and his friends and learns from them the date fixed for notifying the nominces of their selection by the conven-

"He will then call a meeting of the na tiring until after the action of the con- and the national committee meeting coinvention on his telegram was made plain to cide and thus afford the cam-

will elect a chairman, secretary, treasurer sertion of a gold plank. His telegram to and sergeant-at-arms. The committee will then take up such other matters as may properly come before it at that time. The national committee will, of course, consult Judge Parker and his friends before organizing.

"So many garbled reports have been sent out that I deem it necessary to make this statement, as made to me by Chairman James K. Jones, who has been chairman of the national committee for eight years. "NORMAN E. MACK."

REGRETS DAVIS' CANDIDACY Son of Democratic Vice Presidential Nominee Wants Father to

NEW YORK, July 11 .- John T. Davis, the nly son of former Senator Henry G. Davis, democratic nominee for the vice presidency, is visiting this city. His father's nomination at St. Louis came, he said, as a great

Quit Polities.

surprise. "At the same time I rather regret it, peronally," he added. "We thought when we dissuaded father from accepting the nomination for the governorship of West Vir ginia that he would remain out of politics altogether. He is an active man and looks much younger than his 81 years might in dicate"

GOVERNMENT HELPS VICTIMS Water Falls at Hansas City, but

Many People Are Home-

KANSAS CITY, July 11 .- With the exception of a part of Kansas avenue in the lower part of Armourdale the flood water in the Kansas City, Kansas, suburbs has practically disappeared today. It will be several days, however, before some of the streets in the lowest portion of Armourdale are dry, as the river must fall below the sewer mouth to allow the water to drain

out. The west bottoms are entirely dry and the stock yards began receiving stock to-

Many hundreds of persons are still being fed by the city with the aid of the government rations sent from Fort Leavenworth WICHITA, Kan., July 11 .- On the streets specially in the downtown district which is drained by the Arkansas river there is a decided change today for the better houses on Douglas avenue have been cleared of the muddy water today.

MILLS ARE AGAIN RUNNING Manufacturers Tired of Curtailment

Policy and Promise is Made of Greater Industrial Activity.

FALL RIVER, Mass., July 11.-Most of the Fall River common mills resumed operations today after a ten days' shutdown. Many of the manufacturers are tired of the curtailment policy which has been in progress here for four years and as soo would be composed of two elements when as a new agreement, now being worked out the national convention assembled-radi- by many members of the Fall River manufacturers, is formally assented to, it is was regarded as the candidate of the con- believed the mills will be more active. The loss sustained in wages during the was not necessary for him to make any spring and summer amounts to a reduction of 40 per cent. The textile unions ex yoted for Mr. Bryan in 1896 and 1900 and he peet a revision in wages will be made which will be a reduction of at least 10 per cent.

Tammany Orator Says Democracy Has Now Developed a True Leader.

DARK PROSPECT WHEN HEWAS NOMINATED

Action of Candidate Improves Democratic Hope for Success by Showing Parker to Be

Honest and Brave, NEW YORK, July 11 .-- The Associated Press today received the following communication from Bourke Cockrah, dated Indianapolis, July 10, explaining his de-

convention at St. Louis:

I left St. Louis yesterday at 12:45 o'clock because, as matters then stood, I did not want to be in the convention when nominations for vice president wers reached.

Calls for me to make a speech, which had been made repeatedly on prior days, would very likely be renewed at the final session, and at the time I could not truthfully assure the convention that Judge Parker had in my opinion the faintest prospect of success. I have made it a rule never to say on a public olatform anything which I could not repeat in the wipness chair. I could not repeat in the wipness chair. I could not prophesy victory and I would not forestall defeat. Slience was therefore the only course open and the beat way to secure it was by absence.

When I reached Indianapolis I was handed a telegram from Charles F. Murphy, informing me of Judge Parker's message to Governor Sheehan and urging me to return liminediately.

In an instant the whole situation was changed. The prospect which had been black with signs of disaster at once beconvention at St. Louis:

In an instant the whole situation was changed. The prospect which had been black with signs of disaster at once became splendid with promises of victory. For many months I had been preaching that the success of the democratic party this year involved the continuance of constitutional government in this country. This view was expressed in the resolution submitted to the state convention last April by the Tammany members, and I think it is shared by every thoughtful man in the country. The one thing absolutely essential to democratic success is a leader.

Cleveland Was the Only Leader.

Till now, no one possessing anything like availability was conspicuous except Mr. Cleveland. To him there were weighty objections. His age is advanced. Many politicians believe there is a widespread objection to giving any man, however wise or virtuous, more than two terms in the presidency. The antagonisms which he has provoked are numerous and bitter. Still his running qualities were so excellent that the delegates from the old city of New York urged his nomination as the only one that furnished the slightest hope even of an axciting contest. To brin, this about and to secure an unequivocal acknowledgment that the money question was settled, were the two objects to which the Tammany delegation confined the efforts of its members. It appeared quite early that the first of these was wholly impossible. To accomplish the second we felt it was only necessary that the delegates from all the doubtful states should demand it firmly as a condition absolutely necessary to success. At the meeting of the New York delegation on Tuesday morning a resolution to this effect offered by me was suppressed by a parliamentary manoeuver. After it had been agreed by the leaders to aliminate all reference to the money querion, I again moved that the New York delegation of fer as an amendment in the convention the financial plank submitted by Senator Hill to the committee on resolutions, but the motion was rejected by a vote of fifty to twenty-eight of the delegates.

Parker's Record Not Good. Cleveland Was the Only Leader.

Parker's Record Not Good. Under these circumstances the nomina-tion of Judge Parker, who is without any record on the coinage queston, except that he had voted twice for Bryan, seemed to preclude the slightest hope that he would receive even as many electoral votes as Mr. Bryan polled in 1900, but this very pus-tilization of the managers, which led portunity to meet the men who will lead them to surrender their own convictions and to stiffe every attempt of the New York and to stiffe every attempt of the New York will elect a chairman and committee their constituents on this momentous questions. city delegates even to voice the opinions of their constituents on this momentous questions furnished Judge Parker with an opportunity which he has improved decisively. It has revealed him to the people of this country almost in an instant as a great leader, the greatest of this generation; an honest man—the most impressive in displaying that virtue that I have ever known either through experience or reading; a courageous man of such incomparable courage that he was willing to throw away not merely the hope or prospect of a nominamerely the hope or prospect of a nomini tion but an actual nomination for the pres tion but an actual nomination for the presidently rather than to stoop to an evasion or equivocation on a matter of principle.

I, who had left St. Louis before the final adjournment as the only way to avoid being placed in a position where I must have told the convention that Judge Parker could not, in my opinion, escape crushing defeat, on the receipt of Mr. Murphy's message at once ordered a special train and hastened back, because I then felt free to tell the members, if they still desired to hear from me, that on the new platform, which he himself had made, he would be overwhelmingly elected.

When my train arrived at 4 o'clock in the morning the convention had completed its

When my train arrived at 4 o'clock in the morning the convention had completed its work, but if I had been present I could not have made a single suggestion which would have been an improvement on its course. Indeed, the admirable temper displayed by the men who at first blush might have considered themselves belittled or aggrieved by the singularly independent course of their candidate is one of the most ausbictions features under which the cam-

spicious features under which the campaign opens. Senator Clark Approves Work. KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 11.-William A. Clark, United States senator from Montana, who was in Kansas City today on his way home from the east, said regarding the ticket named by the democratic

national convention: "It is a good ticket, and the platform s all right. The silver question as a po litical issue is dead. I am just as much a bimetallist as ever but the unusual increase in the production of gold has temporarily shelved the free silver issue. The platform is not one that particularly appeals to the west, but we will not fight it. As far as the monetary question is concerned it is a standoff between the p latforms of the republican and the democratic conventions. But Mr. Parker is a safe conservative man and the nominee for the vice presidency is entirely satisfactory. They will be elected. We will carry New York by 100,000 and West Virginia will go from the republican to the democratic col

day. The Armourdale packers expect to be HOME TORN BY DYNAMITE three days before some of the factories Residence of Mining Superintendent is Destroyed by Unknown Persons at Ironwood, Mich.

IRONWOOD, Mich., July 11.-The home

Superintendent Walton has no idea as to at the mines in January against a 10 per City and Tulsa (L. T.) men. cent cut in wages. Some of the old em ployes found their places taken when the two mines resumed shipping. Sheriff Olson has sworn in an extra force of depu-

TURNS ITS BACK ON DEMOCRACY Only Morning Paper of that Faith in

Chicago Turns Back on Parker.

hereafter appear as a republican newspaper. In Chicago years age

British Look Upon Story of London

Paper Without Evidence of Excitement.

LONDON, July 11.-The attempt of the London Daily Express to revive the boger of a possible Russian invasion of India by the publication of an alleged secret plan of campaign prepared by General Kouropatkin, as cabled to the Associated Press early this morning, has not created a ripple of excitement. Even if the dooument is authentic, it is recognized that it will not give the slightest cause for alarm It is pointed out that the whole scheme as published is of so academic a character that there is nothing in the nature of a direct menace therein. Probably the pigeonclination to address the national democratic holes of all the War offices in Europe are filled with similar plans, providing for theoretic invasions of their next door neighbor's territory.

NO POLITICS IN THE TELEGRAM

German Papers Deny Significance Attaches to Emperor's Message. BERLIN, July 11.-The semi-official newspapers deny that any political character attaches to the telegram sent by Emperor William to the commander of the Wiborg, Finland, regiment, of which the emperor is honorary colonel-in-chief, congratulating the regiment on the prospect of meeting the Japanese, adding that he was proud it would have the honor of fighting for its emperor, the fatherland and the fame of the Russian army and expressing his sincere wishes for the regiment with a prayer that God might bless his standards.

The papers recall a similar message sent by the emperor to a British regiment of dragoons of which he was honorary colonel on its departure for South Africa, and point to the fact that his majesty at the spring parade at Potsdam expressed to the Japanese representative his admiration for the bravery of the Japanese troops. They say that the message was purely a courtly and military one from a soldier's point of view, that the greatest honor s regiment can have is to be sent to the front. The prayer was merely for the welfare of the Wiborg soldiers and the expression of sincere wishes was that they only should add to their laurels as a regi-

The deduction from the message by the St. Petersburg public, the paper says, of a German alliance, cannot be shared by the Russian government, which well knows that this would be no advantage, since Russia has more troops than she can forward to or employ at the seat of war, and they point out that a breach of neutrality on the part of Germany would give the signal for a universal war.

The opposition papers content themselves by saying that the zeal of the semi-official press doubtless is due to the impression reated by the emperor's telegram, declaring that Russian mourning would be German mourning.

MEXICO SELECTS A PRESIDENT Dias and Corral Are Re-elected to Serve for Six Years.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 11.-The formal election for the president of the Republic of Mexico took place today. The electors met, transacted their business and anunced the election of Porfirio Diaz as president and Ramon Corral as vice president. The election took place two weeks

The electors were named last week by the various states and met today. The election is taken to mean that Corral-will in a few years be the real president, for President Diaz is rapidly aging and is going to retire, although he nominally will be the president, . In doing this he will be relieved of the arduous duties of office and will at the same time satisfy the people, who love and honor him.

It is believed that Miguel Ahumada of the state of Jalisco will be selected as Mr. Corral's successor as minister of the interior.

RUSSIA GETS A RAY OF LIGHT Hereafter Political Prisoners Will Be

Tried in Court. ST. PETERSBURG, July 11 .- The system of condemning political prisoners by administrative order has been abolished by imperial decree and persons accused of political crimes henceforth will be tried by the ourts under the regular procedure.

This reform is most far-reaching, ending forever the arbitrary condemnation to exile or even death of political suspects without the intervention of the courts. It is considered to be one of the most sweeping reforms of this generation and it is understood that it was recommended by the council of the empire with the guiescences and approval of the minister of the interior, M. Plehve.

RAISOULI RULES WITH HIGH HAND Makes Successful Ruid on Ghard and Threatens Tangier,

TANGIER, July 11 .- According to news from the interior, the bandit Ralsouli and is tribe made a raid on Ghard and, after two days' fighting, Raisouli was victorious. The tribe looted many cattle. Owing to threats sent by Raisoull and the neighporing tribes to Mohammed El Torres, the foreign minister, the work on the new custom house in course of erection in Tangier has been discontinued. The tribe said they would raid Tangier if the work con-

NEW RAILROAD GETS CHARTER Will Connect with Gould Line and Build Road Through Indian Territory.

GUTHRIE, Okl., July 11.-The Kansas City, Tulsa & Southwestern Railway comrany, capital \$2,000,000, was chartered here of Earl Walton, superintendent of the today to lay a line commencing at a point Brotherton and the Sunday Lake iron on the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southmines at Wakefield was destroyed by dy- ern railway, in Cherokee Nation, I. T., namite today. Sections of the house and passing through the Cherokee, Creek, Semveranda were blown 206 feet, but the incle and Chociaw Nation, L. T.; Potafamily, asleep up stairs, escaped serious in- wotomie. Cleveland, Lincoln, Oklahoma and Comanche counties in Oklahoma, and Clay and Wichita counties in Texas to of the plants tonight said they had made the identity of the perpetrators of the Wichita Falls, Tex. Estimated length is crime or their motive. A strike occurred 250 miles. The incorporators are Oklahoma

SENATOR CLARK

Wedded in France Three Years Ago to the Daughter of a Chicago Physician.

NEW YORK, July 11 .- Senator William A. Clark of Montana was married to Miss Anna E. La Chappelle of Hutte, Mont., in Marsellles, France, on May 25, 1901, ac-CHICAGO, July 11.-The Chicago Chroni- tonight. It is also announced that Senator cle, which has been generally regarded as and Mrs. Clark are the parents of a 2-yearformally in its issue tomorrow that it will of Dr. La Chappelle, a physician, who died

THINK LITTLE OF DISCLOSURES PACKERS FIX FOR STRIKE NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST OKU TAKES KAI PING

Advise Commission Men. Who in Turn Wire Shippers No Market Today.

FAINT HOPES STILL OF AVERTING FIGHT

Manager Murphy of Cudahy's Says Order Calls for Shutdown at Neon, but Vail Talks Differently.

When the live stock market at South Omaha closed at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon the packers notified the live stock commission dealers that there would be no market today.

In speaking of this notice one of the packers said to a reporter for The Bec: "In view of the impending labor difficulties, we decided to notify the commission men that there would be no market Arthus, from July 2 to 5. It says: Tuesday in order that shippers might be wired not to send stock to South Omaha. the first line of defenses and the Japanese. In case of cattle receipts the cattle would The results are not announced. Neverthe have to be shipped back to the country. less, little at a time, the facts are becoming With hogs the situation would be a grave known. Our side sent scouts to ascertain situation is such that the employes of the whether they were protected by trenches, packing houses are liable to walk out at it was impossible to find out the exact any moment and leave the yards full of strength of the Japanese, but they do not the stubborn resistance of the Russians, stock."

dealers immediately wired shippers all against a fortress like this, unless they ex- sians had strongly fortified the hills situ-Omaha market to hold back shipments

until further notice. At 6 o'clock last night the packers asserted that the situation was decidedly dublous. As negotiations are being carried on in Chicago little was known as to what the outcome would be, but the prediction was made that a settlement would not be reached and that a strike was inevitable. Stephen Vail, second vice president of the amalgamated association, comprising all the employes' unions, spent the entire afternoon in his office in the Pioneer block. He stated that he had no inside informa tion, but admitted that it scarcely looked like a settlement. Mr. Vail declared he hoped trouble would be averted.

"I am waiting now for word from Chicago. A conference is on and I expect to hear the result some time this evening." Four Thousand Local Men. Further, Mr. Vail said if the packing

house employes went on a strike about 40,000 men would be involved. "If the word is given," said Mr. Vail, 'every employe will quit work."

Up till midnight Vail had received no word from Chicago or elsewhere as to any Intended move other than to strike, and no report had been made of the pr.bable outcome of the conference between President Donnelly and the packers.

About 4,000 men are employed in the packing houses in South Omaha at this time. In case a general strike is ordered the markets at Chicago, South Omaha, St. Joseph, Kansas City, East St. Louis, Fort Worth, Bloux City and South St. Paul will be closed,

Late last night, M. R. Murphy, general manager of the Cudahy Packing company, derstanding was that orders had been issued by President Donnolly for all packing house employes to quit work at noon Tues-

"We propose opening the plant Tuesday morning and keep it in operation just as long as the men feel inclined to work. There is a bare possibility now that a strike may be averted. The packers in Chicago, this afternoon, submitted to President Donnolly and his advisors a proposition to submit the difficulty to a board of arbitration. It now rests with the packing house employes whether they will consent to having the questions involved decided by an arbitration board or not. South Omaha is not really involved in the difficulty as the packers here are paying a

higher scale than at Chicago." He expressed the hope that all differences would be amicably settled and that the men would continue at work.

ON VERGE OF A BIG STRIKE

Thirteen Thousand Men May Be Ordered Out. KANSAS CITY, July 11 .- Unless the packers recede from their position in the wage scale controversy it is said that the 13,000 men and women employed in the Kansas City packing plants, and who owe allegiance to the Amalgamated Meat Cutters' and Butcher Workmen's unions will

go on a strike tomorrow at noon. The plants that will be affected are the Armour, Swift, Fowler, Ruddy, Cudahy and Schwarzschild & Sulzberger. Louis Reinhardt, business agent of the ters' and Butcher Workmen's union, received the following telegram from Michael

connelly, president of the union, today: UNION HEADQUARTERS, CHILACO, July 11.—Call out all men at noon tomorrow unless otherwise ordered. Instruct each man to take all his tools when leaving the plant and proceed direct to his home. During the strike all are ordered to obey the laws and use no violence to obey the laws and use no violence to the control of th toward any one. MICHAEL DONNELLY. The executive committees of the various unions of the two Kansas Citys that owe allegianco to the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and Butcher Workmen's union met

in Kansas City, Kan., tonight and re-

ceived final instructions as to the strike

in the packing houses which has been

called for noon tomorrow. One thousand

attended the meeting. When the telegram

ordering a strike was read the men rose to their feet and cheered. STRIKE IN SOUTH ST. JOSEPH Six Thousand Men Affected by Orders

Received from Chicago. ST. JOSEPH, Mo., July 11 .- Union leaders of employes in the packing houses in South St. Joseph say tonight that all union men in the four plants: Swift's St. Joseph. Nelson Morris and Hammond's will strike tomorrow, according to orders received from the national offices.

Many nonunion men can be secured to take their places, but managers of each no arrangements on this line, but probably would do so after the men walk out Six thousand union men are employed in the plants in South St. Joseph. Not all MARRIED of the union men are in favor of a strike. but they will obey orders from the national headquarters.

MANY EMPLOYES WILL WALK OUT Fourteen Thousand Men Will Be

Affected at Chicago, CHICAGO, July 11 -- A general strike of all the employes of the big packing plants to leave for the front on or about July 30 throughout the country was ordered to- It is believed that the newspaper corcording to the announcement given out night by Michael J. Donnelly, president of the Amalgamated Meat Cutters and leave about July 23. Butchers' Workmen of America. Unless a democratic newspaper, will announce old daughter. Mrs. Clark is the daughter the packing companies offer some sort of

(Continued on Second Page.)

Pair and Warmer Tuesday and

Wednesday. Temperature at Omaha Yesterday: Deg. Hour. Hour. Deg. 2 p. m

6 a. m 68 7 n. m 68 8 a. m 68 4 p. m 9 s. m..... 70 10 n. m 74 6 p. m 83 11 a. m..... 77 8 p. m..... 80 9 p. m..... 77 12 m..... 70

Russian Newspaper Tells of Fight ing by the Belenguered Garrisons.

CHE FOO, July 11.-4 p. m .- The Port Arthur Nova Kral of July 7, a copy of which has just reached Che Foo, contains an account of the operations around Port

'Heavy fighting has occurred between one as the weather is so warm. The labor the position and strength of the enemy, and As soon as notice had been served that credit them with 60,000 men. Thirty thou- Friday, driving the Russians northward there would be no market, commission sand men are not sufficient for operations in the direction of Hai Cheng. The Rusover the territory tributary to the South pect assistance. After three days fighting ated in a semi-circle south of Kai Ping the positions of the two armies were as fol- Their forces consisted of over thirty thoulows: On the left flank we retained the position we originally occupied. The forcing some of which will strike the hearts of our treated.

cuntrymen. "We started to take the offensive the ack at Kin Chou, were waiting for an oportunity to get at the Japanese. The resuit was most satisfactory. The infantry pened a fierce fire with shrapnel on the nemy's lines, resulting in their retirement

'During the three days battle the Novik and a fleet of gunboats left the harbor Cally, covering the right flank of the army and stopping the fire of the enemy's artiltained the range of the enemy's batteries morning the gunboats, without receiving any return fire, shelled the enemy's troops narching toward our defenses. The Japancse fleet appeared in the afternoon and our gunboats returned to the inner harbor without sustaining any damage."

EMPEROR TALKS TO THE TROOPS.

zar of Russia Receives Assurances of Loyalty from Workingmen. MOSCOW, July 11 .- The emperor's second journey to south Russia to speed the desaid to a reporter for The Bee that the un- parting troops has thus far been attended tops of the high precipices and again

during his first tour. At Kelomna, after holding a review, the emperor addressed the troops, expressing his assurance that they would maintain the honor of the Russian arms. An impressive scene followed. The emperor, who was mounted, talsed aloft an !kon and the officers and men sank to their knees while his majesty made the sign of the cross with the ikon above their heads and conferred the blessing of himself and the empress upon them. A deputy of workmen from mechanical through their spokesman addressed the

emperor thus: Little Father: We are happy to see you take such a personal interest in the soldiers and we workingmen are ready to enter the ranks and shed our blood for the emperor and the fatherland. Graciously accept bread and salt on behalf of your loyal subjects, the workingmen.

OKU WEARS A CHINESE COSTUME

Japanese Vessels Keeping in Touch with Land Forces. YIN KOW, July 11 .- Japanese vessels that they are keeping in touch with the advance of the land forces and if the Japanese take Ta Tohe Kiao it is believed that a landing will be made simultaneously at

Yin Kow. The Japanese began to push their advance north at dawn July 9, after taking Kal Chau and since then they have probeeded steadily. They kept their artillery well to the front and shelled and occupied Pintzan, seven miles north of Kai Chau at noon July 9. It is reported they are Packing Trades council and seventh vice in close touch with Ta Tche Kiao. General president of the Amalgamated Meat Cut- Oku is said to be wearing a Chinese cos-

tume. Japanese scouts are close to Yin Kow They can be seen on the neighboring hill UNION HEADQUARTERS, CHICAGO, tops, from which they occasionally fire on the Russian outposts.

> SQUADRONS MEET IN BATTLE. Russian Boats Retreat After Exchang-

ing Shots with Japanese. TOKIO, July 11-11 a. m.-The Russian cruisers Bayan, Diana, Pallada and Novik, two gunboats and seven torpedo boat destroyers came out of the harbor of Port Arthur on Saturday morning, July 9, preceded by a number of steamers engaged in clearing away mines. In the afternoon the Russian vessels reached a point be tween Bensikat and Lun Wan Tang, where they were attacked by a Japanese flotilla of torpedo boats and torpedo boat destroyers. Fire was exchanged with the Bayan. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon the Russian vessels retreated to the harbor. Admiral Togo reports that the Japanes vessels had one cabin boy slightly wounded. The vessels themselves sustained no dam-

ATTACK TRAIN NEAR DEDE AGACH Many Persons Are Reported to Have

Been Killed. VIENNA, July 11 .- A dispatch from Belgrade to the Neus Weiner Tagblatt says it is reported that an attack was made on a train running from Salonica to Constantinople near Dede Agach, as a result of which many persons were killed or injured. No details are given. Dede Agach is the capital of the prov-

Belgrade and Constantinople railway. Attaches to Start to Front. TOKIO, July 11.-Noon.-The foreign at nches assigned to the Second Japanese army have been informed that they are

ince of the same name in European Turkey

and is the terminus of a branch of the

Quiet at Scoul. SECUL. July 11 -Evening .- Everything was quiet here today

respondents with the Second army will

After Three Days of Severe Fighting Japa Storm Town and Drive Out Russians.

ENEMY OCCUPIED STRONG POSITIONS

Makes Stubborn Resistance to Repeated Attacks, but is Put to Flight.

CONDITIONS AT PORT ARTHUR RUSSIANS HAD THIRTY THOUSAND MEN This Force Occupied Strongly Fortified

Positions Around the City.

FORCED TO ABANDON THEM ONE BY ONE

Japanese Begin Last Day's Assault with an Artillery Fire Which Commences at Break

of Day.

TOKIO, July 10.-12:30 p. m.-After three days of severe fighting, characterized by the desperate attacks of the Japanese and number less than 30,000 men. The Chinese General Oku's army occupied Kai Ping last

sand men. In his report of the engagement, General of our right flank back previous to this was | Oku does not give any details, but shows rectified, and now we have both Green and the difficulties of the struggle. The opera-Semaphore hills in our hands. In front of tions began last Wednesday by the Japathese hills we were not opposed, but we are nese driving sixteen hundred Russians from being heavily shelled from both sides. The the heights south of Kai Ping, constituting enemy retired a considerable distance. Of the first line of defense. The Japanese occucourse, all this was not won without losses, pied the position and the Russians re-

On the same day the right wing of the Japanese army southeast of Kai Ping denight of July 1, when we began a strong feated a small force of Russians and the attack. Our soldiers, who had been forced left wing occupied the heights to the southenst.

On Thursday the entire Japanese army forced its way closer to Kai Ping, overmarched out as if engaged in manouevres, awing the stubborn resistance from the while the artillery, taking up a position, Russian infantry, cavalry and artillery located in the narrow defiles. Nussian Are Reinforced.

in the mountainous country, but despite their desperate resistance they were forced lery. On July 4 the Novik fortunately ob- to abandon them one by one. During the night the Russians were largely reinforced and did frightful damage to them. All the by troops brought from the north by train, in preparation for a big battle Friday.

The Russians held many strong positions

The Japanese began the last day's fighting at daylight with an artillery fire from guns placed on the heights previously captured from the Russians. At 8 o'clock in the morning they drove the Russians from their positions and forced them into their last line of defenses around the town. The Russians evidently saw that the town was doomed, as General Oku re-

ports that many troops were withdrawn during the morning. The Russians finally took position on the by demonstrations similar to those made offered a stern resistance. About noon ther were forced to again withdraw, the Japanese occupying the last line of defenses. The Japanese pursued the enemy despite a nevere artillery fire from the Russian batteries on the high kills to the north. The Japanese artillery finally occupied new positions and silenced these batteries.

In the afternoon the Japanese occupied the town without further resistance. While the particulars of the fighting are not known, it is evident that the Russians made a determined stand. The losses and the number of men engaged have not been

reported. Further details are awaited. Will Not Defend Ta Pehe Kino. ST. PETERSBURG, July 11.-General Kouropatkin, according to private advices from the front, will not make a serious atempt to hold Ta Tche Kiao, above Kat Ping, midway between that place and Hai Cheng and where the railroad conencts with the branch from New Chwang, Developments of the Japanese strength on the Siu Yen roads seem to be forcing a Russian concentration between Hai Cheng and Liao have been seen off Kai Chau. It is believed Yang, but preparations seem to be making to defend the former as long as possible. General Count Keller's force, which little southwest of Liao Yang, has apparently moved further southward, to stay the advance of the Japanese direct from

the Feng Wang Cheng-Hal Cheng road. The pressure on the Russian left rear as it wilhdraws continues. There is now seemingly practically nothing in the way of a Japanese occupation of New Chwang and the completion of the Japanese line across the head of the Liao Tung peninsula. The fortification of the passes of the Fen Shui range and the semi-circle castward of Liao Yang is reported. With pressure on two sides, if the Japa-

nese have any serious intentions of push-

ing home their advance in the direction of Mukden, General Kouropatkin's position would seem decidedly dangerous. The northern advance posts are at Tai Din Sin and Sia Syr. Whether the Japanese operations north will be pressed in the face of the rainy season, which is not regarded as probable here, the Japanese seem assured of the command of the mouth of the Liao river valley, which will give them a new base with two railroads. one direct to Mukden and the other to the Sin Ming Ting river and the imperial highroad. The Sin Min Ting road opens vast

possibilities for flanking if an advance is begun at the end of the rains. Severe fighting is not improbable north of Ta Tche Kiao, but the belief is growing that Kouropatkin does not intend to accept a general engagement at this time, even if

challenged. Additional details of the Hol Yan fight July 4 describes the Russian bayonet charge as being the most brilliant incident of the war. Japanese and Russians were found dead in the trench with their bayonets through each other's bodies.

Russians Make Light of Loss. ST. PETERSBURG, July 1L -6:08 p. m .-Detals of the Russian refirement from Kai Ping, which is hailed as a great victory at Tokio, show, according to the official report of Lieutenant General Sakharoff, commander of the eastern army, that it was little more than a series of skirmishes. The Russian losses were about 200 men. The Tokio report that ten guns were captured is unfounded. The Russians retired in perfect order before Gen-

eral Oku's army, consisting of four divisions. Staff Captain Count Nerod, who killed, was a brother of the midshipmen of that name, who was killed at the time of the sinking of the Russian protected cruiser Variag off Chemuipo. Captain Nerod was in command of the rear guard, which is a post of honor. A Russian officer occupying this post must be behind

his nan, and it was while following the troops that Nerod met his death. General Oku's advance continues: His main force, which the general staff be-