tent. There was no heart in it. The night had taken the temper out of the cheering multitude and made the occasion much like a burned out roman candle.

There was the Nebraska delegation, looking as if they had just awakened from a troubled sleep, showing the effects of the strain that has been on them ever since their arrival in the convention city.

Bryan Almost Collapses.

A number of seats were vacant in the Nebraska delegation, the absence of William Jennings Bryan being generally remarked. Mr. Bryan almost collapsed when he finished his speech early this morning and his friends, recognizing that he had just about used up all his strength in his appeal to the sober judgment of the convention to nominate a candidate that would be acceptable to the rank and file, hurried Mr. Bryan to his hotel, where he was at once put to bed. A physician was summoned, who prescribed for his distinguished patient and commanded complete rest. Later in the day Mr. Bryan was taken to the home of his cousin, Dr. Dwight Jennings of this city, where he will have the best of care. Mr. Bryan, it is said, is suffering from a slight congestion of the lungs, which it is expected will yield readily to the treatment.

When Nebraska was called for nominations for vice president C. J. Smyth mounted a chair and in his most impressive manner said:

"Nebraska passes, but awaits with profound interest the course of New York."

This remark was occasioned by a desire on the part of some of the delegates from Nebraska to wait upon the New York delegation, ascertain their wishes and then lend assistance wherever possible. A clear case of the "tail going with the hide," as Mr. Phillips of Columbus expressed it. "New York has nominated Parker, I now believe in giving the state the right to complete the ticket to its own liking."

E. C. S.

Cleveland is Gratified.

BUZZARD'S BAY, N. Y., July 9.—Former President Grover Cleveland, who is the guest here of Joseph Jefferson, was advised of the nomination of Judge Parker for president as soon as he awoke this morning. Later Mr. Cleveland sent the following statement to the Associated Press:

"Mr. Cleveland declines to see any reporter or representative of the press, but sends the following word from his room to the Associated Press:

"I am in absolute ignorance of the action of the St. Louis convention except insofar as it has nominated Mr. Parker as presidential candidate. With the result I am abundantly gratified and I hope that the remainder of the work of the convention will add to the encouraging prospects of democratic success. This is all I can possibly say at this time. I don't know when I shall have an opportunity to read the platform adopted or to learn of the entire proceedings of the convention. In any event, it is absolutely certain that no further expression from me may be expected at present. I hope to be relieved of further importunity on this subject."

Wall Congratulates Parker.

MILWAUKEE, July 9.—Edward C. Wall, Wisconsin's candidate for president before the democratic national convention, when informed by the Associated Press report of Judge Parker's nomination, sent the following congratulatory message to the successful candidate:

Judge Alton B. Parker, Esopus, N. Y.: Please accept my hearty congratulations on your nomination by the democratic national convention for president. No one will strive harder to secure your election than I. There is a reasonable prospect of your receiving the electoral vote of Wisconsin. You can rely upon every democrat in the state doing his full duty to accomplish that result. E. C. WALL.

Parker to Have a Side Track.

NEW YORK, July 9.—A side track to the home of Judge Alton B. Parker, at Esopus, N. Y., was ordered constructed today by the West Shore railroad for the increased business at that point on account of Judge Parker's nomination.

PARKER FIRES BOMB

(Continued from First Page.)

mean dictation to the convention and aroused the greatest anger.

Governor Vardaman, speaking for Mississippi, said that the delegation of that state, would not consent that any gentleman shall dictate to the convention as to what should be its platform and would join an effort to reconsider the nomination if such declaration should be attempted. Senator Tillman, talking with the other delegates, asked "if the committee on resolutions was to be kicked and cuffed about" as though it was nothing?

He sent word to Senator Daniel, chairman of the committee on resolutions, that any attempt to reconsider the action on the platform and insert the gold standard plank would raise a storm in the convention. Many delegates expressed the opinion that Judge Parker would have to back down or that another candidate would be named.

There was a rumor that W. J. Bryan would come to the convention, although ill, and make a fight against a gold standard plank, but Chairman Smythe of the Nebraska delegation said this was not true.

Finally, shortly after 7 o'clock, when the convention had ordered a ballot for the nominee for vice president and the secretary was about to call the roll, Senator Culberson of Texas arose and in an excited manner said that before a vice president was nominated "we had better find out who is to be the candidate for president." He moved a recess until 8:30. The motion was put and unanimously carried.

Mr. Sheehan called Judge Parker on the long distance telephone and had a prolonged conversation with him, the result of which has not been disclosed.

STRUGGLE FOR VICE PRESIDENT

Convention Resumes Its Efforts for a Running Mate for Parker.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—With the announcement of the nomination of Chief Justice Alton B. Parker early this morning an adjournment was taken until afternoon, and the great covention hall was quickly emptied of its wearied delegates and spectators. The terrific strain of the night was over and there was a general movement in the direction of the hotels.

It was 5:37 o'clock when the first sign of opening the session was made. Chairman Clark called the convention to order and directed the delegates to take their seats. Representative John Sharp Williams of Mississippi was recognized and moved that nomination speeches be limited to fifteen minutes and seconding speeches to five minutes, but that no more than four seconding speeches be allowed for any one nomination. Ball of Texas offered a substitute limiting the nominating speeches to ten minutes, leaving the time of the seconding speeches at five minutes and limiting the number to three. Mr. Williams at once withdrew his motion in favor of the substitution and it was adopted without dissension.

Roll Call for Vice President.

Roll call of states was then called for the presentation of candidates for vice president. Alabama was called several times with no response, but finally Mr. Russell of that state announced that Alabama would give way to Illinois.

Samuel Alschuler of Illinois arose and announced that Freeman Morris would speak for that state.

Mr. Morris took the platform to name James R. Williams of Illinois.

News Disturbs Convention.

As the unexciting routine of the nominating and seconding speeches proceeded in the convention the storm that seemed inevitable was gathering. Leaders hurried to and fro with anxious faces and the news from Esopus spread rapidly. The floor filled with delegates and in the Parker states men sat with heads close together in whispered consultation. At 7 o'clock there were signs to the initiated that the session was going to be dramatic in the extreme, but the delegates smiled and listened to the flow of "favorite sons'" oratory all unconscious of the great things that were moving in the party's heart.

The roll call of states proceeded until Maryland was reached without a response. For Maryland John Prentice Poe took the platform and seconded the nomination of Mr. Davis of West Virginia. (Applause punctuated his speech.)

Nebraska's response was a statement that it waited with interest the choice of New York. New York requested to be passed when called on the roll.

Senator E. W. Carmack of Tennessee was placed in nomination by delegate Hersey of that state. Mr. Hersey spoke from his chair and his speech was very brief. The name of Senator Carmack was received with applause. H. G. Davis' nomination received a second from the District of oClumbia delegation.

Convention in Uproar.

The first rumble of the approaching storm was heard at just 7 o'clock. Senator South of Arkansas broke in on the roll call with a motion that in view of the rumors that were disturbing the convention a recess be taken until 8 o'clock. His motion did not prevail. The convention was in such an uproar because of the Parker telegram rumors that the latter part of the roll call for the presentation of candidates for vice president was inaudible.

Chairman Clark directed that the roll be called for the announcement of the votes.

Senator Culberson of Texas secured recognition. He was visibly excited when he secured recognition and mounting his chair said: "For reasons which are obvious to all the delegates here it seems to me that we ought not to proceed at this time to nominate a candidate for vice president, and I therefore move that the convention" —here cries of "Why?" "Why?" interrupted Senator Culberson.

"I repeat," concluded Senator Culberson, "that in the present exigencies which confront the convention it ought not proceed to the nomination of a vice president. We want to know before a candidate for vice president is nominated who will be the candidate for president."

His motion was put by the chairman.

News Electrifies Delegates.

The vote was in the opinion of most people lost, but Chairman Clark loudly banged his desk and declared it carried and quickly left the platform before the convention recovered from its amazement. The confusion, great before Culberson arose, was intensified greatly when he intimated that Judge Parker might possibly vacate the head of the ticket. A dense throng, through which it was impossible to pass, gathered in front of the chairman's desk and strove desperately to learn the exact import of the message. Their efforts were unavailing, however. The leaders disappeared and the session closed with an atmosphere of tense expectancy as to what would occur when it reconvened at 8:30 p. m.

Evening Session Begins.

The convention did not go into session promptly at the time appointed, although the greater number of delegates and alternates were in their seats, keyed up to a high pitch of excitement over the possible events of the night.

The news that there would in all probability be all sorts of political fireworks had spread rapidly through the city and the people commenced to pour into the building.

At 9:10 Chairman Clark pounded vigorously with his gavel and asked that the delegates be seated and the aisles cleared. He did not formally call the convention to order, but soon as some degree of quiet had been restored Governor Vardaman of Mississippi rose and without formal recognition by the chairman proceeded to address the convention on the subject of the mysterious telegram.

The conference committee reached the hall at 9:05 and filed slowly along the crowded aisles in the center of the convention floor. Delegates thronged about them, asking, "What shall we do?"

"Keep your heads and behave," retorted Senator Tillman with emphasis, and he repeated the injunction at numerous intervals.

John S. Williams, Governor Vardaman, Senator Tillman and Senator Carmack made their way to the platform with the mysterious message in their possession. A short conference took place among the four and Chairman Clark, while the delegates sang "My Old Kentucky Home." Chairman Clark pounded for order with John S. Williams standing by his side.

"I wish to announce in advance," said the chairman, "that on this important matter every man shall have a full and fair hearing. I now introduce John Sharpe Williams of Mississippi." Mr. Williams spoke as follows:

Williams Breaks the News.

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: All of you were very much surprised and excited this afternoon, to use no stronger words, at what purported to be copies of telegrams which had been sent by our nominee to Mr. Carmack and others in this city. I want to tell you that but one telegram has been received. Mr. Carmack not only received no telegram today of the character published. (Loud cheering and applause.)

from Mr. Parker to Mr. Sheehan, however, which I shall read in a moment, and it is so important that you should know what it is that, after I have read it I shall hand it to my friend, the governor of my state, Mr. Vardaman, and have him read it over again. When you shall have heard it you will note that there is not in it one word about requiring or demanding or asking or requesting that anything should be placed in the democratic platform. (Loud appualse.)

You will also note that if there is any error in it at all it is an error of judgment proceeding from a senitive spirit of honor. (Applause.)

Money Not an Issue.

Governor Vardaman spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman, I think you will bear me out in what I said. This is the first time in the history of the United States that a man already nominated for the greatest office on the surface of this earth has been so supersensitive about a matter of personal rectitude and honor as to send a telegram to a friend asking him to decline the nomination for him, if, as he seems to have been informed, there is something in the platform which is not in accord with his opinion. We purposely made this platform silent on the question of monetary standard. We made it silent because we all agreed that was not an issue in this campaign, and we all agreed furthermore that nothing should be placed in the platform which was not a campaign issue.

Now, my friends, Judge Parker expresses his opinion for fear somebody might think that you did not know it. There was not in all this vast assembly one single, solitary man who did not already know that Judge Parker was a gold standard man. I have been one of the most consistent, persistent, and, perhaps, radical silver men in the United States, and I knew that he was a gold standard man, and he never made any attempt to conceal it from anybody. He had supported our candidates and had said that, although he did not agree with us upon this plank, he was still a democrat. (Applause.)

Official Vote in Detail.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—The following is a copy of the official ballot for president:

	Parker	Hearst	Olney	Gray	Cockrell	Pattison	Williams	Wall
Alabama	22	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arkansas	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
California	..	20	..	..	..	..	..	..
Colorado	4	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Connecticut	14	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Delaware	..	..	..	6	..	..	..	..
Florida	6	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Georgia	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Idaho	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Illinois	..	54	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indiana	30	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Iowa	..	26	..	..	..	..	..	..
Kansas	7	10	..	..	1	..	..	..
Kentucky	26	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Louisiana	15	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maine	7	4	..	..	..	..	..	..
Maryland	16	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Massachusetts	..	..	32	..	..	..	..	..
Michigan	28	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Minnesota	9	9	..	1	1	..	..	..
Mississippi	20	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Missouri	..	..	..	..	36	..	..	..
Montana	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Nebraska	4	1	1	4	4	..	1	..
Nevada	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Hampshire	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Jersey	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
New York	78	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Carolina	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
North Dakota	..	..	..	..	..	..	8	..
Ohio	46	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oregon	4	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Pennsylvania	68	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Rhode Island	2	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Carolina	18	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
South Dakota	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Tennessee	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Texas	36	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Utah	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Vermont	8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Virginia	24	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Washington	10	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
West Virginia	10	2	..	..	..	..	..	..
Wisconsin	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	26
Wyoming	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Alaska	6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Arizona	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Dist. of Columbia	6	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Indian Territory	5	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Hawaii	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
New Mexico	..	6	..	..	..	..	..	..
Oklahoma	2	1	..	..	..	..	..	..
Porto Rico	2	..	..	4	..	..	..	..
Philippines	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Totals	658	200	38	12	32	4	8	27

Scattering vote: McClellan—Colorado, 1; Oregon, 1; Oklahoma, 1; total, 3. Miles—Kansas, 2; Nebraska, 1. Towne—Minnesota, 2. Morgan—West Virginia, 2.

Tammany Will Get Busy.

ST. LOUIS, July 9.—To the Associated Press Charles F. Murphy of Tammany said today:

No one need have any doubt where Tammany stands in this presidential canvass. It is solidly behind Alton B. Parker for president. There is never any doubt where Tammany stands when a candidate is regularly nominated. We came here with the belief that Cleveland was the strongest man to nominate and the easiest to elect. It was ascertained after consultations that in this conclusion we did not agree with the majority of the delegates. Now that the convention has spoken and paid the high honor to Judge Parker Tammany hall will go to work at once in New York county and roll up for him the largest plurality ever given to the presidential candidate of the democracy.

Cockrell Congratulates Nominee.

WARRENSBURG, Mo., July 9.—When the action of the democratic national convention at St. Louis was told him, Senator Cockrell expressed himself as highly pleased with the nomination of Parker. "Parker is an affable, capable man who is loved by all who know him,' he said. "I think his nomination is the best that could have been made under the circumstances."

Senator Cockrell sent the following telegram:

To Judge Alton B. Parker, Esopus, N. Y.:
I tender you my sincere congratulations and will heartily labor for your election.
F. M. COCKRELL.

Harrity is Happy.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9.—In speaking of the nomination of Jude Parker today, former democratic National Chairman William F. Harrity said:

Judge Parker whose nomination has been clearly foreshadowed for seevar weeks past will make a strong candidate. He is made of excellent presidential timber and I believe his strength will become more apparent as the campaign progresses. The omission of a gold standard resolution from the platform is to be regretted."

BOURKE COCKRAN, of New York.

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