

FOG COVERS ATTACK

Russians Make Assault on Japanese Outposts at Mao Tien Pass. JAPANESE PURSUE ENEMY THREE MILES. Russians Leave Thirty Dead and Fifty Wounded on Field of Battle. JAPS ATTEMPT TO TURN RUSSIAN FLANK. Position Saved by Detachment of Russian Hussars and Cossacks. TWO RUSSIAN SHIPS REPORTED MISSING. Chinese Recently Arrived at the Foo Asert that Only Nine of the Larger Warships Are at Port Arthur.

AUSTRALIAN LABOR TROUBLE

Militia Ordered Out at Sydney to Preserve the Peace. JULY 5.—The strike situation critical but the city officials are of opinion that the militia now on duty will be able to hold the disorderly elements. The Sydney field battery detachment from the Forty-ninth regiment are patrolling the Esplanade and steel company's property, which confronts this section of the city. The strike of the steel corporation which, although the interests which own the steel works has not been brought into the difficulty up to this time. Yesterday's disorders were precipitated by the attempt of the Dominion Iron and Steel company to start a portion of the plant with nonunion men, most of whom are foreigners and who are said to have been offered higher wages than the corporation was willing to pay its old employees. The militia and the strikers clashed today when the crowd about the steel works refused to let Director Fraser of the works, a sales agent and the superintendent reach the gates. A squad of soldiers was called and it was only by vigorous use of the bayonet that a passage was made. The trouble subsided soon afterwards. It is apparent that the strikers are masters of the situation outside the works, and this afternoon there is strong expectation that the militia force will be increased.

TO MAINTAIN FINNISH AUTONOMY

Czar in Autograph Letter Gives Instructions to New Governor. ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—In commenting on the appointment of Prince Chinsky as governor general of Finland, the Emperor sent an autograph letter to the Prince relative to the situation there. This letter, which is in the nature of an imperial rescript, was published today. The Emperor expresses his conviction that it will be possible to maintain the local autonomy, with the privilege of legislation. "I consider," writes the Emperor, "that the murder of General von Bobrikoff was merely the work of a madman and a few like-minded confederates, and that the Finnish people had no part in the nefarious action. The executive power must inflexibly strive for the close observance of the bayonet that a passage was made. The trouble subsided soon afterwards. It is apparent that the strikers are masters of the situation outside the works, and this afternoon there is strong expectation that the militia force will be increased.



SENATOR BENJAMIN TILLMAN of South Carolina. Copyrighted, 1904, by The North American Co., Phila. Used by Courtesy of the North American.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. It shows temperature forecasts for Omaha for the next 24 hours.

FIRE SCARES THE ORIENTALS

Blaze in Jerusalem Concession at the World's Fair Threatens Many Buildings. ST. LOUIS, July 5.—Fire broke out at 2:30 this morning in the kitchen of the American cafe in the Jerusalem concession at the World's fair and for more than an hour threatened Festival hall, the west pavilion and the whole Jerusalem exhibit. After considerable excitement among the Turks, Arabs and other Oriental people who were asleep when the fire broke out, it was gotten under control. The American cafe, which is in two wings and elaborately furnished, was gutted in both wings of being seriously injured, but none sustained more than light bruises. The restaurant was a two-story structure, erected of staff. It cost about \$10,000. The equipment was valued at \$5,000. It is a total loss, but is fairly covered by insurance. It was owned by the Jerusalem Catering company. The widest excitement prevailed all over the Jerusalem quarter. The sounds of the shots fired by the watchman had awakened the 700 persons who occupy the various buildings of the exhibit. Without waiting for clothes many jumped from the windows or rushed into the streets, half-clad. Others thought of their possessions and packed their trunks, only to throw them from the windows when they had them strapped, fearing they would be unable to convey them downstairs. Trunk after trunk was thrown to the street, breaking open when it struck the ground, scattering trinkets around. After their owners would jump, in danger of being seriously injured, but none sustained more than light bruises. Wadie Shacitty, a Syrian who lives within the enclosure, rushed from his rooms to the scene of the fire and as he passed the Central hotel, a trunk thrown from the second story struck him on the head. He was picked up unconscious and was taken to the emergency hospital. His injuries are thought to be serious and perhaps fatal. It is believed his skull was fractured. A. J. C. Jeurs, manager of the restaurant, and his son, Norman Jeurs, were compelled to leap from the second-story windows of the building to save themselves. They were first awakened by the shots fired by the watchman.

PARKER STOCK RISES

Developments of Day Lend Added Confidence to His Managers. SAY HE WILL WIN ON THE FIRST BALLOT. Opponents as Loud as Ever in Proclaiming They Will Defeat Him. PLANS FOR DOING IT NOT IN EVIDENCE. No Bond of Common Interest Between Parker's Opponents. PLATFORM INTENDED TO CATCH THEM ALL. Nebraska Delegation Not the Center of Attraction It Was at Kansas City Four Years Ago—Bryan Controls It. (From a Staff Correspondent.) ST. LOUIS, July 5.—(Special Telegram.)—Developments today have only confirmed the Parker managers in their confidence that their candidate will win the nomination, although the opponents of Parker are just as vociferous as ever in asserting that they will keep the prize from him by some stroke yet to be devised. As one observer put it, the Parker crowd are like a merchant who keeps telling the people that he has the biggest and best stock of goods at the lowest prices and recites it until they begin to believe him and then surprises himself by finding that he has really what he claims. The people who were yesterday predicting Parker's nomination on the second ballot are now saying that his nomination may be expected on the first ballot, but in their hopes are getting the better of their reason. In the meantime the opposition has not been idle. The efforts to consolidate the anti-Parker forces have been manifested in frequent conferences, but it is uphill work, especially as they have no common bond of union to unite them on one man. Tammany's antipathy to Parker is manifested by a demand for Cleveland, which is no more tempting to Bryan and his friends, much as they would like to elect Parker. A few big green badges inscribed "Anti-Parker Protesting Delegation," seen, very few. Some McClellan literature is also being distributed, but without creating the expected diversion. The daily edition of the Commoner that Bryan promised some time ago has not materialized; in fact, Bryan has been so busy mending his broken fence that he would not have had time to devote to such an enterprise. Talk of Platform. The talk about platform is all to the effect that a declaration of principles will be all patched up to which no one will take very decided exceptions. Bryan will present his Nebraska platform to the committee which may accept part of it to hold him to it. The platform is to be left entirely to a few leaders, the rank and file of the delegates are evincing little interest in it. So far as Nebraska's sixteen votes are concerned, the meeting of the delegation merely emphasized the fact that they are to be placed wherever Bryan wants to plant them. Nebraska, however, is by no means the center of political gravity here that it was four years ago at Kansas City, nor even so near the center as it was eight years ago at Chicago. In all the tables Nebraska's votes are simply labeled "anti," and no one undertakes to figure where any will finally land. All Bryan gives out is that no one has a right to quote him as favoring any particular candidate. His nearest friends, however, express the belief that no matter what the convention does he will smile and take his medicine if he has to. Parker Men Court Bryan. The Parker men are making strenuous overtures to Bryan and his Nebraska delegation in the hopes of placating them to what they insist is the inevitable. Judge Elliott Danford of New York called today to tell Mr. Bryan and his supporters of the friendly feeling harbored by Judge Parker for him. He wanted to assure him above all of Parker's regularity in the campaigns of 1896 and 1900, and had the documents with him to show that Parker had contributed to the Bryan campaign fund both times. In 1896 Parker gave \$50, which, next to the contribution of Hearst, was the largest resolved in the state of New York, and in 1900 Judge Parker's contribution was \$500. All these statements were taken under advisement by the Bryanites. Another effort along the same line was made late last night just after the Pennsylvania delegation had declared for Parker when a representative of the Pennsylvania delegation called at the Nebraska headquarters to tell him what they had done and to make the request, coupled with their friendly greetings, that Bryan be a good boy after Parker should be named. To one of the Nebraska delegation, they declared that with Parker the cause they could get all kinds of money out would make sure the necessary vote in several eastern states. One of the Nebraska men to whom they spoke said to me: "That is what galled me most. The unblinking frontistry with which these Parker fellows are taking about having the election. One of them asked me what I would do, if Parker should be named, and I told him that for myself and the rest of our delegation we were down here paying our own way and were under no obligations to no one and if the convention here nominated a man who was more under trust influence than the republican candidate I would vote for Roosevelt. That staggered him and he went away. Notwithstanding all these advances the Nebraska still insist Parker will not be nominated and refuse to say what they will do if he wins out. VICTOR ROEWATER.

TOKIO, July 4.—(Delayed in Transmission.)—General Kuraki reports that two battalions of Russian soldiers at the Japanese outpost at Mao Tien Pass at dawn on July 4, under cover of a dense fog. The Russians were repulsed, but they returned and charged three times before they were finally driven off. The Japanese pursued them for three miles to the westward of Mao Tien Pass. The Russians left thirty dead and fifty wounded on the field. The Japanese lost fifteen killed and thirty wounded.

Attacking Russians Repulsed. ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—The general staff has received the following from General Sakharoff, the secretary of staff of General Kouroupatkin, dated July 4: On July 3 the Russian army of the Russo-Japanese force operating east of Liao Yang, occupied a position at Lang Tee pass. Toward evening the same day our scouts ascertained that a detachment of the enemy's advance guard, 1,800 strong, had occupied the villages of Eshui and Tcha Kumen Za, on our front, the main force having remained in Fen Shui and Mo Tien passes. At this moment we discovered the movement of a Japanese detachment, consisting of a battalion of infantry, to turn our left flank positions in the Yang Tee pass, in the direction of Lian Dian Shan. In order to check this movement a force, consisting of five companies of infantry, two detachments of mounted hussars and half a company of Cossacks, was sent forward in the direction of the threatened point. Thirteen companies of Russian troops sent out by Lieutenant-General Count Keller in a reconnaissance in force to ascertain the strength of the Japanese column advance force moving on Liao Yang came into collision with the Japanese between Mo Tien and Fen Shui passes yesterday. Sharp fighting resulted and the Russians retired before overwhelming numbers after ascertaining the exact strength of the Japanese forces. The Russian losses are officially stated to be 300. In case the information obtained by General Keller leads Kouroupatkin to consider that Liao Chien is seriously threatened it is probable that some of the troops will return north from Tai Tschai. The Japanese are likely to repeat their attempt to capture New Chwang.

Desperate Bayonet Fighting. The fact that Lieutenant General Sakharoff, chief of staff to General Kouroupatkin, witnesses the fighting near Mo Tien pass is taken here to indicate that he is in command of the Russian forces. Liao Yang, which inside the army corps under Lieutenant General Count Keller. The desperate character of the fighting is shown by the repeated bayonet charges, the Russians pushing the Japanese from the trench. The fighting around Benchen shows that the Japanese are determined to hold the ground to the south, as well as Dallen pass, until a favorable opportunity presents itself for an advance on Yin Kow, the port of New Chwang. TWO SHIPS ARE MISSING. Chinese Say Only Nine Out of Eleven Russian Boats Returned. CHE FOO, July 4.—(Special Telegram.)—Chinese just arrived here, who left Port Arthur on July 3, say that only nine of the larger Russian warships were there. On June 2, when the fleet engaged the Japanese squadron outside Port Arthur harbor, it consisted of eleven of the larger ships. On July 4 the Russian and Japanese armies outside of Port Arthur, according to reports, were only separated, one from the other, by a mile, the Japanese advancing steadily from hill to hill, on all of which they are placing big guns. It is said they landed 100 of these guns at Dally.

Russian Press Denounces Tolstoy. ST. PETERSBURG, July 5.—The Russian newspapers are beginning to discuss the article on the Russo-Japanese war by Dmitri Tolstoy, recently published in the London Times. Almost unanimously the papers refer to the article adversely and a few speak of it in denunciatory terms. Bron Tolstoy's old admirers consider that he has gone too far. The slow recommendation of the republication of the article as the best cure for Tolstoyism. The article is said to be the product of a once great mind, disordered by senile vanity.

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