regards the trusts, the money question,

Cuba, the Philippines, the army and navy,

the internal and external relations of the

country were reviewed briefly but suc

Policy is Perpetual.

Yet we may rejoice, that while he lived he was crowned with honor, that the ran-cor of party strife had ceased; that suc-cess in his great tasks, the restoration of peace, the approval of his countrymen, the affection of his friends, gave the last quiet months in his home at Canton repose and contentment.

Character of the Candidate.

Unveils Roosevelt's Picture.

his right. The tableau brought forth a

was devoted to the New York statesman.

He had hardly started when cries of

ered power, however, and his well enun-

The most striking sentences of his speech

were liberally applauded. When he re-

viewed in figures the money of the country

and when he announced the enormous

sum- of gold accumulated the convention

became enthusiastic. All of the figures

the administration's restriction of trusts.

been curbed to an extent never before

He paced back and forth in a brief space

on the platform and enforced his words

Discussing the Cuban question, Mr. Root

ead the dispatch from President Palma to

President Roosevelt. It was the first time

Le had mentioned the president's name

and the convention grasped the opportunity

to applaud. Shortly afterward he brough

in the name of Secretary Taft, which also

Cheers for Panama Canal.

The administration's Panama policy re-

ceived a round of applause when Mr. Root

declared that "the weaklings would have

postponed its construction to another gen-

The Connecticut delegation was provided

with large silk American flags which they waved on every provocation, forming a bright patch of color in the seaf of black-

Mr. Root's challenge, of "Judgment on

plause. Reverential gilence prevailed as

tion of President McKinley, and again ap-

the speaker alluded briefly to the assautha

plause as his successors was mentioned.

reached pleased the convention.

finger played an important part.

was heartly applauded.

eration."

conted delegates.

There was a round of applause. The dec

hall.

cincily, and the speaker continued:

Telephone 694.

"Acquire the habit of conquering difficulties

### New Wash Shirt Waist Suits and Skirts

Emil Kunts, Girant Farrar and H. B. M.

WORK ALL MAPPED OUT NOW

(Continued from First Page.)

will support the interests of America. We

accept the issue and confidently appeal to

the people for their judgment. The pro-

abandonment has always been followed

by general disaster to all interests except

Method of Reducing Revenue.

In the plank relating to the reduction

of the national revenue, after referring

to the internal revenue taxation and the

method proposed in reducing the revenue,

was stated as follows: "And by such re-

vision of the tariff laws as will tend to

check imports of such articles as are pro-

duced by our people, the production of

which gives employment to our labor and

release from import d les those articles

of foreign production except luxuries, the

like of which cannot be produced at

The first plank in the platform of 189

was devoted to the principle of protection.

It read: "We reaffirm the American doc-

trine of protection. We call attention to

its growth abroad. We maintain that the

prosperity of our country is largely due

foundation of American development and prosperity." It concluded the paragraph

any particular schedules. The question of

rates is a practical question, to be gov-erned by the conditions of time and of pro-

duction; the ruling and uncompromising

principle is the protection and developmen

it wants rest."

of American labor and industry. The coun

Last Deliverance on Tariff.

The platform of 1900 had an elaborate

plank devoted to the subject of protec-

which we do not ourselves produce in re-

It is understood, however, that as at

present forecasted the platform is to con-

declaration may not be necessary. The

Massachusetts platform is especially in-

ator Lodge undoubtedly had a controlling

Upon reciprocity it reaffirms the national

platform of 1900, as quoted, which is in

esence the Iowa declaration upon that

question. Upon the question of revision

Proposed Plank for 1994.

immutable. Rates of duty may be altered

when changed conditions demand their al-

teration, but no revision should be under-

taken unless it is clear that the benefit

will more than compensate the inevitable

disturbance of business which attends any

revision of tariff schedules. Nor can it be

safely intrusted to any other than the

With the exception of the clause under-

taking to state the conditions under which

revision will be undertaken, that is, with

the change of a few immaterial words.

the proposed plank. There is no good

reason why any friend of the protective

tariff need have apprehension from

the adoption of such a plank, and as it meets in a reasonable degree the desires

of the wing of the party that is liberal in its tendencies on that subject, it would seem to be desirable from every stand-

Mr. H. H. Kohlmat late this afternoon

made a suggestion that meets with much

favor and has strong sentimental reasons

"Make McKinley's declaration on the

tariff in his last message to the American

people at Buffalo the plank," he says.

for the national platform. It says:

turn for free foreign markets."

influence in its formation.

party of protection."

those of the usurer and of the sheriff."

tective system must be maintained.

Today we have for their first showing many new styles and Colliseum Decorated for the Occasion materials made up in the neat shirt waist suit and separate skirts. As the days grow warmer you will appreciate their usefulness, as there is no summer garment as comfortable and at the same time as r'dressy."

WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 6 P. M.

#### Shirt Waist Suits-

and you can rejoice in

the strength that

comes from easy victories."

White Linen Suits at \$5.50, \$7.50, \$9.00, \$9.50 and \$12.00, Linen Voiles, in mixed gray and white, red and white, brown and white-Denin Suits, in champagne piped in blue-16.00 each. Blue Linen Suits at 19.50 each.

#### Separate Skirts-

Blue Duck Skirts at \$3.50, \$4.50, \$6.00, \$6.00 and \$6.50 Black and Wiste Check Skirts, \$2.25 and \$4.50 each. White Duck Skirts at \$2.55 and \$4.00 each. Natural Linen, Skirts at \$2.50, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$6.50 each. White Duck Skirts at \$2.25, \$3.75, \$4.25, \$4.50, \$5.00, \$6.00 and \$3.50 each. White Pique Skirts at \$5.00, \$6.50 and \$7.50 each.

Investigate Our Deposit Account Department.

## Thompson. Belden a Co

Brown.

home.

Y.M. C. A. Building, Corner Sixteenth and Douglas Sts.

rostrum - Senstord Samble and Kittridge Governor Herried and Representatives Martin and Burke occupied seats on the platform during the proceedings. E. C. S.

PROTEST FROM WISCONSIN LaPollette Pollowers Say They Will

Lenve Question to State. CHICAGO, June II .- The La Follette faction of the Wisconsin republicans declined to make a contest before the credentials committee this afternoon, declaring that it refused to do so on the ground that the committee on credentials was not an unprejudiced body and making the flat statement that they understood that some members of the committee had been "ap proached." What the nature of the "approach" might be, or by whom made, the La Follette people declined to state. They entered into no particulars, simply making further emphasizing the protection idea. the broad and general charge of "approach" and withdrew

The Wisconilla case was one of the eartiest called when the credentials committee went into session at 4 o'clock. The contestants were not present when the ser-geant-at-arms announced that the committee was ready to gear the Wisconsin fight and the case was passed until a contest in the Fourth Alabama district had been in the Fourth Alabama district and been heard. In this case the contestants withdrew, and the action of the national committee in seating. It. It addicts was allowed to stand by default.

The Wisconsin case was then called for the second time and both parties filed into the committee room. The La Feliette people.

ple were represented by W. D. Conner of Marshfield, Wist, Gitbert E. Roe of New York and Henry P. Codfeens of Milwaukee.

Tork and Messey F. Cochems of Milwaukee. The burden of proof was on the contestants, and they opened and closed their case with a single statement by Mr. Ros, who spoke as follows:

"Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen of the Committee: We do not consider this an unprejudiced committee. We haderstand moreover, that asceral members of this committee have been approached and we therefore during the product of the party upon the question of the ferring to submit to the policy of reciprocity and was entitled "Triumph of Onte, one of the reading clerks, to do the reading clerks. consign at the encourse man November I of Reciprocity."

will file with the committee the paper. In 1884, in an extended plank entitled containing life statement. I have just "Tarie." the platform declared: "We remade."

ead slience followed the speech of policy of protection as the bulwark of Roe. Some members of the committee American industrial independence and the scoffed at him and others smiled margas-tically, but not one word was said in reply. Mr. Roe advanced to the clerk's desk, by the assertion: "We are not pledged to handed up his paper and then, in company the committee room.

As they were leaving Senator McComas, who was acting as chairman of the com-

mittee, rose and saids "I have grave doubts as to whether we try demands a right settlement, and then should permit that paper to be filed at

No further comment was made, however, and the paper went in.

The La Follette people declined to make tion. It opened with the declaration: "We any statement as they left the committee renew our faith in the policy of protecroom, but marched straight across the tion to American labor. In that policy our ante room, down the stairway and left the industries have been established, diversi-building. By protecting the

The "stalwart" faction upon leaving the home market competition has beer committee room was handed the statement strengthened and production cheapened." turned in by Mr. Roe and retired to the After calling attention to the beneficial reoffice of the sergeant-at-arms to formulate suits derived from the operation of the a reply.

"They were simply afraid to meet us on policy of reciprocity so directed as to open the floor of the convention or before the our markes on favorable terms for that committee on credentials. Then they insuited every member of the national committee and every member of the credentials committee and went away."

The rule adopted that the hearing on each side should be limited to twenty-five minutes was set aside in a number of instances, and the hearing extended to twice that time. By the unanimous vote the committee on credentials, which assembled after adjournment of the convention, upheld the action of the pational committee and declared the J. Edward Addicks delegation from Delawars entitled to seats in

The action of the national committee in regard to the Third Mississippi district was affirmed. The two contestants and

two contestees were scated, each man being allowed one-half of the vote. The fight between the contesting dele-"We insist upon the maintenance of its principles. We recognize that particgates-at-large from Louisiana was long ular tariff schedules are neither sacred nor and vigorous. The contest was taken up at 5 o'clock and ht 8:15 terminated by the cition of the committee to seat all four delegates-at-large from the "Lilly Whites" and an equal number from the "Black and Tane," each delegate to have one-half of a vote. The four "Lilly Whiten" delegates seated by the committee are Pearl Wight, H. C. Warmoth, W. J. Behan and L. F. Suthon. The four "Black and Tan" who hold over are Walter L. Cohen,

### Pale. Thin

Pale cheeks, white lips, and languid step tell the story of thin blood, impure blood. Doctors call it "anemia." They recommend Aver's Sarsaparilla. Ask them and they will tell you just why it makes the blood so rich and red. an fregues. Anemic people are almost siways constipated. Their liver is singgish. They have frequent attacks of sick-headache, nauses, billiousness, Just one of Ayer's Pills each night will cor-

Bee, June 21, 1904.

Thirteenth Quadrennia: Convention Called to O der at Noon.

> with Flags and Portraits-Nomination of President

CROWD COMES EARLY TO THE HALL

REPUBLICANS IN SESSION

(Continued from Page One.)

Set for Thursday.

without attracting attention, save for a few hand shakes from Washington friends. When he removed his hat the recognition was instantaneous and the speaker was warmly greeted by the balconies and dele-

Cheers for Fairbanks. By a quarter of 12 each entrance to the floor of the hall was pouring in a stream of delegates. They came in quietly, few delegates arriving in a body. Mingling with the strains of the band was a great hum of conversation, but there was no disorder. The hall filled rapidly, but the chairs in the balconies were filled slower. The gavel sounded with a burst of ap-

The acting chairman, Ellhu Root of New York, temporary chairman, read a re-

Senator Fairbanks entered the ball at the head of the Indiana delegation. As the first ovation was tendered a smile lit up the face of the senator and amid round after round of applause he worked his way to the seats of the Indiana delegation. near the platform.

When the hands of the big clock over the main entrance marked 12 o'clock, the floor was filled, but the galleries held not more than half their capacity. Another prominent arrival at this me ment was Ex-Gov. Black of New York The Alaska delegation carrying totem poles mounted upon eagles attracted attention

and was greeted with applause. There was a very small crowd comparatively outside the hall. The arrangements were such that delegates and spec tators were rapidly admitted and in an orderly manner. A few bands that had led the marching clubs played outside the entrance, but no especial demonstrations were made by the small crowd of spectators who were in the street,

Convention is Called to Order. Some difficulty was experienced in seat ing the delegates. The noon hour found Acting Chairman Payne, gavel in hand waiting patiently for the delegates to find their places before calling the convention to order. Shortly after noon special messengers were sent out through the large hall in efforts to get the delegates seated. Loud applause greeted the Pennsylvania delegates as they filed in.

With three severe raps of the gavel Acttion to order at 12:16. He then introduced Rev. Timothy Frost, pastor of the First Methodist church of Evanston, Ill., who pronounced the opening prayer,

to the wise revenue legislation of the last republican cottgress. We believe that all articles which cannot be produced in the United States, except luxuries, should be citizens' committee, which co-operated with the national committee on arrangements, admitted free of duty, and that on all presented Payne with a handsome gavel.

> the reading. As he send a band played on the outside, to some extent drowning the range of the clerk. When he reached the signature of the call, "M. A. Hanna." the convention broke into a spontaneou

applause. Address of Temporary Chairman.

Applause greeted Governor Odell and it was some momenta before he could put his motion. It was at once adopted by the convention. Mr. Root was greeted with renewed cheers as he advanced to the speaker's stand. "Mr. Chairman," he said, "I am deeply-" another burst of heers cut him off. "I am deeply," resumed Mr. Root, when quiet was restored, and this time he was permitted to proceed. Mr. Root's opening remarks dealt with

the control of the government by the republican party, and the principles which underlie the formation of the popular government under which we live. He went

when the course of the next administration is but half done the republican party will have completed the first half contury of its national life. Of the eleven administrations since the first election of Abraham Lincoln, nine-covering a period of thirty six years—have been under republican presidents. For the greater part of that time, the majority in each house of congress has been republican. History affords no parallel in any age or country for the growth in national greatness and power and honor, the whole diffusion of the comforts of life, the uplifting of the great mass of the people above the hard conditions of poverty, the common upportunity for education and individual advancement, the universal possession of civil and religious theory, the protection of property and security for the rewards of industry and enterprise, the cultivation of national morality, respect for religion, sympathy with humanity and love of liberty and justice, which have marked the life of the American people during this long period of republican control.

With the platform and the candidates of policy, the paragraph closes with this declaration: "We favor the associated tain no declaration upon reciprocity. If the suggestion above made are sound this is an unnecessary precaution, although much teresting, by reason of the fact that Senwith the platform and the candidates of this convention, we are about to ask a re-newed expression of popular confidence in the republican party.

Why It is Asked. We shall ask it because the principles to which we declare our adherence are right, and the best interests of our country require that they should be followed in its covernment.

we shall ask it because the principles to which we declare our adherence are right, and the best interests of our country require that they should be followed in its government.

We shall ask it because the unbroken record of the republican party in the past is an assurance of the sincerity of our declarations and the fidelity with which we shall give them effect. Because we have been constant in principle, loyal to our beliefs and feithful to our promises, we are entitled to be believed and trusted now.

We shall ask it because the character of the party gives assurance of good government. A great political organization, competent to govern le not a chance collection of individuals brought together for the moment as the shifting sands are piled up by wind and sea, to be swept away, to be formed and re-formed again. It is a growth. Traditions and sentiments reaching down through struggles of years gone, and the ingrained habit of applying fixed rules of interpretation and of thought—all give to a political party known and inalienable qualities from which must follow in its deliberate judgment and ultimate action, like results for good or bad government. We do not deny that other parties have in their membership men of morality and patriotism; but we assert with confidence that above all others, by the influences which gave it birth and have maintained its life, by the causes for which it has striven, the ideals which it has followed, the republican party as a party has acquired a character which makes its ascendency the best guarantee of a government loyal to principle and effective in execution. Through it more than any other political organization the moral sentiment of America finds expression. It cannot depart from the direction of its tendencies. From what it has been may be known certainly what it must be. Not all of us are worthy of its giorious history; but as a whole this great political organization—the party of Lincoln and McKiniey—cannot fall in the work in the confidence of the people we have a sel Enights of St. Jean et Work.

PEORIA. Ill., June 31.—The Knights of St. John attended high mane at St. Joseph's church today and in the subsequent business session. Henry J. West of Ohio, supreme president, prosented his annual address showing a great increase in membership. Prediction is may freshy made among the deseguese that the revised constitution as presured by the committee named at the convention at Golumbus. O., last year will go through without amendment.

Chear Name of Hauna. When he mentioned the name of the late Sensior Hanna, the convention responded Mr. Root concluded his address with the not want any reference to the subject,

husiness is being well dene and ought not to be interfered with words "Theodore Roosevelt" and they were magic to the delegates. The most marked demonstration of the session en-Problems Party Has Faced. He then reviewed the many vexations and stupendous problems with which the administration has had to grapple during the last four years, and explained how each had been successfully solved or put into a fair way of solution. The policy as

tossed hats and handkerchiefs into the air. A white haired irrepressible in the Con necticut delegation lead off with his silk fing which he waved frantically. A numher of the national committeemen crowded around Mr. Root and shook his hand in congratulation while the orchestra rendered a medley of the national airs. Temporary Officers.

The roll of temporary officers of the convention was then read by the clerk and approved by the convention. They are as follows: President's Desk-Asher C

Clerk at President's Desk-Asher C. Hinds, Maine. Official Reporter-Milton W. Blumenberg. District of Columbia. Taily Clerks-Fred H. Whitney, Illinois; George W. Dixon, Nebrasks; Lucian Swift, George W. Dixon, Nebraska; Lucian Swift, ir., Minnesota.

Messenger to the Secretary—Henry F. Daniels, Wisconsin.

Messenger to the Chairman—Guerley Brewer, Indiana.

Sergeant at Arms—William F. Stone, Sergeant at Arms-William F. Stone First Assistant Sergeant at Arms—David Owen, Wisconsin. f Doorkeepers Charles S. Montell,

cincity, and the speaker continued:

The present administration has reduced taxation, reduced the public debt, reduced the annual interest charge, made effective progress in the regulation of trusts, fostered business, promoted agriculture, built up the navy, reorganized the army, resurrected the militla system, inaugurated a new policy for the preservation and rechmation of public lands, given civil government to the Philippines, established the republic of Cuba, bound it to us by ties of gratitude, of commercial interest and of common defense, awang open the closed gateway of the lathmus, strengthened the Monroe dectrine, ended the Alaskan boundary dispute, protected the integrity of China, opened wider its doors of trade, advanced the principle of arbitration and promoted puace among the nations.

We challenge judgment upon this record of effective performance in legislation, in execution and in administration.

The work is not fully done; policies are not completely wrought out; domestic questions still press continually for solution; other trusts must be regulated; the tariff may presently receive revision, and if so, should receive it at the hands of the Chaplains—First day, Rev. Timothy P. Prost; second day, Rev. Thomas E. Cox. hird day, Rev. Thadeus A. Sniveley, all of General Secretary—Charles W. Johnson Minnesota.

Assistant Secretaries—John R. Malley,
Ohlo: James G. Cannon, New York:
Thomas Clifford, New Hampshire: Lucten
Grey, Illinois: Willett M. Spooner, Wisconsin; T. Larry Eyre, Pennsylvania; J. T.
Wilson, Kentucky: Rome C. Stephenson,
Indiana; John H. King, South Dakota:
Walter S. Mellick, Cahifornia; T. St. John
Gaffney, Missouri; Edgar G. Silver, Verment; Frank D. Waterman, New York;
George W. Armstrong, Minnesota; Franklih Murphy, New Jersey; Edwin C. Simms,
Illinois. other trusts must be regulated; the tariff may presently receive revision, and if so, should receive it at the hands of the friends and not the enemies of the protective system; the new Philippine government has only begun to develop its plans for the benefit of that long-neglected country; our fisg floats on the fishmus, but the canal is yet to be built; peace does not yet reign on earth, and cansiderate firmness backed by strength are still needful in diplomacy. lomacy.

The American people have new to say whether policles shall be reversed, or committed to unfriendly guardians; whether performance, which now proves itself for the benefit and honor of our country, shall be transferred to unknown and perchance to feeble hands.

Reading Clerks-W. H. Harrison, Ne-braska; Dennis Alvord, Michigan; F. L. Lampson, Ohio; T. W. B. Duckwall, West Virginia. Senator Carter of Montana presented the following resolution:

This Was Adopted. "Resolved, That until a permanent or ganisation is effected this convention be governed by the rules of the last national republican convention." Senator L. H. McComas of Maryland,

then offered the following resolution:

Resolved, that the roll of states and territories be now called, and that the chairman of each delegation announce the names of the persons selected to serve on the several committees as follows:

Permanent organization, rules, credentials, resolutions; and further, that the chairman of each delegation send to the secretary's desk in writing, the names of the persons selected from the delegation to serve on the aforesaid committees."

This was adopted. then offered the following resolution

Seat Colonial Delegates. The chairman stated that the national ommittee had placed upon the roll the names of two delegates from Porto Rico and six from the Philippines with two votes, and asked the pleasure of the con vention upon the action of the committee on ordering a roll call. Senator Foraker moved that the action

No dividing line came be drawn athwart the course of this successful administration. The fatal 14th of September, 1801, marked no change of policy, no lower level of achievement. The builet of the assassin robbed us of the friend we loved; it took away from the people the president of their choice; it deprived civilization of a potent force making always for righteousness and for humanity. But the tabric of free institutions remained unshaken. The government of the people went on. The great party that William McKinley led, wrought still in the spirit of his example. His true and loyal successor has been equal to the burden east upon him. Widely different in temperament and methods, he has approved himself of the same elemental virtues—the same fundamental beilefs. With faithful and revering memory he has executed the purposes and continued unbroken the policy of President McKinley for the peace, prosperity and honor of our beloved country. And he has met all new occasions with strength and resolution and far-sighted wisdom.

As we gather in this convention our hearts go back to the friend—the never to be forgotten friend, whom when last we met we acclaimed with one accord as our universal choice to bear a second time the highest honor in the nation's gift; and back still, memory goes through many a year of leadership and loyalty.

How wiss and skillful he was! how modest and self-effacing! how deep his insight into the human heart! how swift the intuitions of his sympathy! how compelling the charm of his gracious presence! He was so unselfieh, so thoughtful of the happiness of others, so genuine a lover of his mother country and his kind. And he was the kindest nad tenderest friend who ever grasped another's hand. Alas, that his virtues did plead in vain against cruel fate!

Yet we may rejoice, that while he lived he was crowned with how to that the ranbe approved and the motion was carried but one voice being heard in the negative. The call of the roll for announcement of delegates followed. Confusion arose that names called could not be heard. Speaker Cannon asked unanimous consent that as soon as a state was called its list of committeemen be sent to the clerk's desk, without being read in the convention. The motion of Mr. Cannon was adopted and almost instantly the assemblage lost all resemblance to a convention. Mr. Root was surrounded by a group of chatting friends, while messengers forced their way through the crowd to collect the committee lists. Several impromptu receptions occurred in various parts of the hall. Speaker Cannon Honor, truth, courage, purity of life, domestic virtue, love of country, loyalty to high ideals—all these combined with active intelligence, with learning, with experience in affairs with the conclusive proof of competency afforded by wise and conservative administration, by great trings aiready done and great results at things aiready done and great results at things actived—all diese, we bring to in the Illinois delegation was the center of a group, and Chauncey M. Depew was fairly routed out of his seat by the dele gates who pressed around him. The gaileries, not full at any time during the session, were three-fourths empty by the time the lists of committeemen had bee presented.

Delegate Thomas of Illinois, after introducing a resolution which he wished to go o the committee on resolutions without being read, made a motion that the convention adjourn. Nobody paid attention to his motion and he withdrew it a few min-

A few raps from the chalrman's gavel brought order in the convention and the clerk proceeded to tabulate the names of the committeemen and the chairman anounced the places of meeting. Elx-Senator Mason of Illinois presented

netition which was referred to the committee on resolutions without debate. Chairman Root announced the time and place of meeting of the various commit-

He then announced that there would be a meeting at the Auditorium tonight, at which prominent men would speak. The public were cordially invited. The secretary was then instructed to announce the committees, which were read

to the convention. Senator Depew presented to the convention an invitation from the Louisiana Purchase exposition for the convention and the representatives of the press to attend

and conservative animistration, by great timings aiready done and great results attractly schieved all dises we bring to the people with amother candidate. Shall not these henor in our land? Truth, sincerity contage! these underlie the fabric of our institutions. Upon hypority and sham, upon dunning and false pretense, upon weakness and cowardice, upon the arts of the demagogue and the devices of the mere politician, no government can stand. No system of popular government can endure in which the people do not believe and trust. Our president has taken the whole people into his confidence. Incapable of deception, he has put aside concealment. Frankly and without reserve, he has told them what their government was doing, and the reasons it is no campaign of appearances upon which we enter, for the people know the good and the bad, the success and the failure, to be credited and charged to our account. It is no campaign of sounding words and specious pretences, for our president has told the people with frankness what he believed and what he intended. He has meant every word he said, and with him this convention agrees because every word has been sound republican dootrine. No people can maintain free government who do not in their hearts value the qualities which have made the president of the United States conspicuous among the men of his time as a type of noble manhood. Come what may here—come what may in November, God grant that those qualities of brave true manhood shall honor throughout America, shall be held for an example in every home, and that the youth of generations to come may grow up to feel that it is better than wealth, or office, or power, to have the honesty, the purity, and the courage of Théodors Roosevelt.

Envetts Roosevelt's Picture. the exposition as the guests of the exposition. Mr. Depew was made to go on the platform amid applause and read the in-Simultaneously with Root's appearance at the speaker's table an immense oil paintvitation. Upon resolution of Senator De pew the chairman was required to appoint ing of President Roosevelt was unveiled at a committee to arrange and report upon the invitation. Senator Depew made burst of enthusiasm. As Mr. Root began brief speech, asking that the convention to speak the picture was reveiled and the sole attention of the immense gathering would accept. The resolution was adopted and this committee appointed: Senator Carter, Montana; Governor Van Sant, Minnesota, and Mr. Parker of Missouri. 'louder" were heard. His voice soon gath-The convention adjourned at 2:12 until noon tomorrow. clated words rang well through the still

LODGE PRESENTS HIS PLATFORM Draft Given to Subcommittee as Basis

for Work. CHICAGO, June 21 .- When the subcommittee of the committee on resolutions met Senator Lodge for the first time pre Mr. Root pronounced without reference to sented his draft of a platform, saving that nemorandum. He turned his attention to it was intended largely as a basis for action by the committee. His draft included a plank strongly commending the establaration that those corporations which had lished republican policy on the tariff and encroached on the rights of the public had presenting in terse language the necessity for maintaining the protective policy in the interest of American labor and American industries. Added to this was a declaration committing the party to a rewith quiet gestures in which his index adjustment of the schedules if found to be desirable, in the future.. There was also a mild declaration on the subject of reciprocity and a pronouncement against trusts, but with a reservation in the intereat of "established, legitimate industries." There were also planks dealing with the isthmian canal and the policy of the United States toward Cuba, upon which the republican party is felicitated. It also contained a declaration in favor of eacouraging American shipping.

A number of suggestions made by outsiders were considered, but none of them had been acted upon when, at 7 o'clock, the committee took a recess for dinner. deed, none of the propositions, including those presented by Senator Lodge, had at that time been more than tentatively considered, and members of the committee exressed the belief that many changes would be made before the final acceptance of the the record of these republican administra-tions was the signal for a shout of ap-

platform. The tariff plank is attracting more attention than any other feature of the plat-form and members of the subcommittee think that no agreement will be reached until a very late hour. Already objections have been raised by the wording of the plank, and Representative Dalzell and Benator Hansbrough are opposing the clause while Senator Hansbrough is contending for the suggestion contained in his ution that an adjustment of the tariff should be made with regard to enlarged commercial relations with foreign coun-

AGREEMENT ON THE PLATFORM Subcommittee Ready to Report to Pull

Membership. CHICAGO, June 22.-The subcommitte on resolutions adjourned at 12:30 a, m Chairman Lodge announced that the committee had concluded the platform and at 10 o'clock this morning. "Not one word as to the platform" was

for details.

The tariff plank as finally agreed upon after an especially strong reiteration of the republican policy of protection, announces a willingness to change the sched "wherever businessy conditions demand the change," but the opinion is expressed that all changes should be along protection lines.

MEN WHO WILL MAKE PLATFORM

Committee on Resolutions Practically Complete Before Convention Meets. CHICAGO, June 21 .- The committee of esolutions is made up as follows:

CHICAGO, June 21.—The committee of resolutions is made up as follows:
Alabama—Andrew N. Johnson.
Arkansss—Charles F. Duke.
California—Frank H. Short.
Colorado—C. C. Dawson.
Connecticut—Edwin W. Higgins.
Delaware—Caleb R. Layton.
Florida—W. H. Northrup.
Georgia—W. H. Northrup.
Georgia—W. H. Johnson.
Idaho—Welden B. Heyburz.
Illinois—Albert J. Beveridge.
Illinois—Albert J. Beveridge.
Illinois—Albert J. Hopkins.
Indiana—Albert J. Beveridge.
Iowa—J. W. Blythe.
Kansas—Fred D. Smith.
Kentucky—George W. Long.
Louisians—J. Madison Vance.
Maine—E. P. Spofford.
Maryiand—Philip L. Geldsborough.
Massachusetts—H. Cabot Lodge.
Michigan—Rolph Loveland.
Minnesota—Knute Neison.
Mississippl—W. E. Mollison.
Mississippl—W. E. Mollison.
Mississippl—W. E. Mollison.
Mississippl—W. E. Mollison.
New Bersey—John F. Dryden.
New York—Edward Lauterbach.
North Carolina—V. S. Lusk.
North Dakota—H. C. Hansbrough.
Ohlo—J. B. Foraker.
Oregon—J. U. Campbell.
Pennsylvanis—John Daizell.
Rhode Island—William L. Hodgman.
South Carolina—E. J. Dickerson.
Weston-William P. Dellingham.
Virginia—F. Groner.
Washington—J. S. McMillan.
West Virginia—George C. Sutherland.
Vermont—William P. Dellingham.
Virginia—F. Groner.
Wyoming—C. D. Clark.
Alaska—J. W. Ivey.
Arizona—H. B. Tenney.
District of Columbia—Robert Reyburn.
Indian Territory—W. H. Darrough.
New Mexico—H. O. Burson.
Oklahoma—R: A. Lowry.
Philippines—
Porto Rico—Robert H. Todd.
Hawail—J. K. Kalanianaole.

NAME NEW NATIONAL COMMITTEE

Delegates from Nearly All States Hav Selected Men for Camualen. CHICAGO, June M .- The following is the new republican national committee, quite number of changes having been made;

a number of changes having been n
Alabama—Charles H. Scott.
Arkansas—Powell Clayton.
California—George A. Knight.
Colorado—A. M. Stevenson.
Connectiout—Charles F. Brooker.
Delaware—J. Edward Addicks.
Florida—J. N. Coombs.
Georgia—Judson W. Lyons.
Idaho—Welden B. Heyburn.
Illinois—Frank O. Lowden.
Indiana—Harry S. New.
Iowa—Ernest E. Hart.
Kansas—David W. Muivane.
Kentucky—John W. Yerkes.
Louisians—Walter L. Cohen.
Maine—John F. Hill. Louisians—Watter L. Cohen.

Maine—John F. Hill.

Maryland—Louis F. McComss.

Massachusetts—M. Murray Crane.

Michigan—John W. Blodgett.

Minnesota—Frank B. Kellogg.

Missispipl—L. B. Moseley.

Missourl—Thomas J. Alkens.

Montana—John B. Wayte.

Nebraska—Charles H. Morrill.

Nevada—P. L. Flanigan.

New Hampshire—Frank T. Streeter.

New Jersey—Franklin Murphy.

New York—William L. Ward.

North Carolina—B. C. Dumean.

North Carolina—B. C. Dumean.

North Dakota—Alexander McKenzie.

Ohio—Myron T. Herrick.

Oregon—Charles H. Carey.

Pennsylvania—Boles Penrose.

Rhode Island—
South Carolina—John G. Capers.

South Dakota—J. M. Greene.

Tennessee—W. P. Brownlow.

Texas—Cecil A. Lyons.

Utah—C. B. Loose.

Vermoni—James Brock.

Virginia—George E. Booden.

Washington—Levi Unkeny.

West Virginia—N. B. Scott.

### SHAKE INTO YOUR SHOES

Allen's Foot-Ease, 2 powder. It cures painful smarting, nervous feet and in growing nails, and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in stamps. Trial package FREE, Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Wisconsin-Heary C. Payne.
Wyoming-George E. Pexton.
Alaska-John G. Held.
Arizona-W. S. Steargis.
District of Columbia-Robert Reyburn.
Indian Territory-P. L. Soper.
New Mexico-Solomon Luna.
Oklahoms-C. M. Cade.
Philippines

Philippines— Porto Rico—Robert H. Todá. Hawaii—Alexander G. M. Robertson. DEATH RECORD.

W. B. Conlee, BEATRICE, Neb., June 71.-(Special.)-W. B. Conlee, an old resident of this was ready to report to the full committee city, died Sunday morning suddenly of hemorrhage of the lungs. He was born in Jo Daviess county, Illinois, in 1842, and Chairman Lodge's statement when asked located at Tecumseh, this state, in 1988, He came to Beatrice in 1871 where he has The document contains about 2,300 words since resided. He was a veteran of the and was agreed to unanimously by the civil war and was a member of the 142nd Illinois infantry. He leaves to mourn his loss a widow and six children, three daugh-

Mrs. E. S. Overtuet.

ters and three sons.

TABLE ROCK, Neb., June 21 .- (Special.)-Mrs. E. S. Overturf, wife of J. M. Overturf, who lives eight miles north of Table Rock dled Sunday and was buried today at Mt. Zion cemetery, northeast of here. The funeral services were held at the family residence. Deceased leaves an aged husband and several children to mourn her loss. She was over 70 years of age and had lived here for nearly a score of years, coming here from Illinota.

J. H. Halladay.

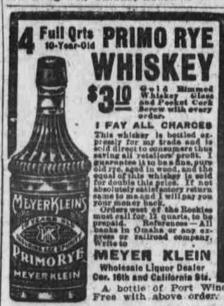
BEATRICE, Neb., June 21 .- (Special.)-Colonel J. H. Halladay, one of the best known theatrical men in the west, died at his home here this morning, aged 64. He was for a number of years owner of Halladay's colored minstrels.

Mrs. Caroline Muensenmater. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., June 21 .- (Special.)-The funeral of Mrs. Caroline Muenseumaler was held this afternoon from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. M. Selzer. The deceased was 73 years of age and leaves three grown children.

Mrs. Nora McCarty. BEATRICE, Neb., June 21 .- (Special.)-Mrs. Nora McCarty, widow of James McCarty, died Sunday morning of dropsy and heart trouble, aged 30 years. She is survived by four children.



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AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S Woodward & Burgess,
Managera,
TODAY-TONIGHT
Ferris Stock Co. Woman Against Woman Thurs, and Balance Week.
"CHARITY BALL."
Prices-10c, 15c, 15c, 16c, Mat.

Wednesday Dinner Special. SPRING CHICKEN, Family Style, at the

MANHATTAN RESTAURART, 1420 Dodge. First class meats at popular prices.



# The Omaha People Will Have a Chance

To see some very fast Automobile, Motorcycle and Bicycle Races Sunday, June 26th, at the Omaha Driving Park. Races commence at 3 p. m. sharp. Seven big races. Fast time guaranteed. Time limit of eight minutes on five-mile motor cycle race. A rare chance. Admission 25 cents.

Tickets for sale at Louis Flescher, 1622 Capitol Avenue; Omaha Bicycle Co., corner 16th and Chicago.