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The Depositors Account Department is a feature inaugurated were conducted. A section of a battery to facilitate purchases made by customers who wish to have fired a president's salute of twenty-one goods charged. By placing money to your credit with this de- suns. partment your purchases can be referred to it for payment. Interest will be allowed on balance at the rate of 4 per cent per annum to be computed every three months, with the distinct understanding that the account is for the payment of purchases in the house and not for general banking purposes. You can take dent to study at close range some of the out in cash part or all of your deposit at a moment's notice.

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(Continued from First Page.)

self-government and therefore fit for liberty. Freedom is not a gift which can be enjoyed save by those who show themselves worthy of it. In this world no privilege can be permanently appropriated by men who have not the power and the will successfully to assume the responsibility of using it aright. In his recent admirable little volume on freedom and responsibility in democratic government, Fresident Hadley of Yale has pointed out that the freedom which is worth anything is the freedom which is worth anything is the freedom which means self-government and not anarchy. Freedom thus conceived is a constructive force, which anables an intelligent and good man to do better things than he could do without it; which is in its essence the substitution of self-restraint for external restraint—the substitution of a form of restraint which retards it. This is the right view of freedom, but it can only be taken if there is a full recagnition of the close connection between liberty and responsibility in every domain of human thought. It was essen itself the view taken by Abraham Lincoln, and by all those who, when the civil war broke out, realized that in a self-governing democracy those who desire to be considered fit to enjoy liberty must show that they know how to use it with moderation and justice in peace, and how to fight for it when it is jeoparded by malice domestic or foreign levy.

Application of the Lezsen. self-government and therefore fit for lib-

Application of the Lesson

The lessons they taught us are lessons as applicable in our everyday lives now as in the rare times of great stress. The men who made this field forevar raemorable did so because they combined the power of fealty to a lofty ideal with the power of fealty to a lofty ideal with the power of showing that fealty in hard, practical commonenes fashion. They stood for the life of effort, not the life of ease. They had that love of country, that love of Justice, that love of their fellow men, without which power and resourceful efficiency but make a man a danger to his fellows. Yet, in addition thereto, they likewise possessed the power and the efficiency; for otherwise their high purpose would have been barren of result. They knew each how to act for himself, and yet each how to act with his fellows. They learned, as all the generation of the civil war learned, that rare indeed is the chance to do anything worth deed is the chance to do anything worth doing by one sudden and violent effort. The men who believed that the civil war would be ended in ninety days, the men who cried loudest 'On to Bichmond,' if they had the right stuff in them speedily learned their error; and the war was actually won by those who settled themselves steadfastly down to fight for three years, or for as much longer as the war might last, and who gradually grew to understand that the triumph would come, not by a single brilliant victory, but by a hundred painful and tedious campaigns. In the east and the west the columns advanced and recoiled, swayed from side to side, and again advanced; along the coasts the black ships wtood endiessly off and on before the hostile forts; generals and admirals emerged into the light, each to face his crowded hour of success or failure; the men in front fought; the men behind supplied and pushed forward those in front; and the final victory was due to the deeds of all who played their parts well and manfully, in the scores of battles, in the countiess skirmishes, in march, in camp, or in reserve, as commissioned officers, or in the ranks—wherever and whenever duty called them. Just so it must be for us in civil life. We can make and keep this country worthy of the men who gave their lives to save it, only on condition that the average man among us on the whole does his duty bravely, loyally and with commonsense, in whatever position life allots to him.

Exactly as in time of war, courage is the cardinal virtue of the soldler, so in time of peace honesty, using the word in its deepest and broadest significance, is the essential basic virtue, without which all else avalls nothing.

National greatness is of slow growth, It leed is the chance to do anything worth loing by one sudden and violent effort. The men who believed that the civil war would

A Trip to St. Louis

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A Trip to St. Louis

Votes for.

avails nothing.

National greatness is of slow growth, It can not be forced and yet be stable and enduring; for it is based fundamentally upon national character, and national character is stamped deep in a people by the lives of many generations. The men who went into the army had to submit to dis-

Omaha Bee

One Vote for_

Omaha Bee

Address

cipline, had to submit to restraint through the government of the leaders they had chosen, as the price of winning. So we, the people, can preserve our liberty and our greatness in time of peace only by ourselves exercising the virtues of honesty, of self-restraint, and of fair dealing between man and man. In all the ages of the past men have seen countries lose their liberty, because their people could not restrain and order themselves, and therefore forfeited the right to what they were unable to use with wisdom.

With wisdom.

It was because you men of the civil war both knew how to use liberty temperately and how to defend it at need that we and our children and our children schildren shall hold you in honor forever. Here, on Memorial day, on this great battlefield, we commemorate not only the chiefs who actually won this battle; not only Meade and his lieutenants, Hancock and Reynolds and his lieutenants, Hancock and Reynolds and Howard and Sickles, and the many others whose names flame in our annals; but also the chiefs who had made the Army of the Potomac what it was, and those who afterwards led it in the campaigns which were crowned at Appomatiox; and furthermore those who made and used its sister armies; McClellan, with his extraordinary genius for organization; Rosecrans; Buell; Thomas, the unyielding the steadfast; and that great trio. Sherman, Sheridan, and last and greatest of all. Grant himself, the silent soldier whose hammer-like blows finally heat down even the prowess of the men who fought against him. Above all we meet here to pay homage to the officers and enlisted men who served and fought and died, without having, as their chiefs had, the chance to write their names on the tablets of fame; to the men who marched and fought in the ranks, who were buried in long trenches on the field of battle, who died in cots marked only by humbers in the hospitals; who, if they lived, when the war was over, went back each to fits this to it the farm or in the town, to do his daily in peace as he had done it in war; to take up the threads of his working life where he had dropped them when the trumpets of the nation pealed to arms. Today all over this land our people meet to pay reverent homage to the dead who died that the nation might live; and we pay homage also to their comrades who are still with us.

All are at one now, the sons of those who wore the blue and the sons of those Honor to the Men.

special train to Penmar, Pa. There, in a delightful park in the mountains, the train was sidetracked at 2 a. m., remaining until 7:30 this morning. A crowd began to assemble at the park as early as 5:30, and before the train left for Gettysburg several

hundred people had gathered. Before leaving Penmar the president ap car and was given an enthusiastic reception. He spoke as follows:

"It is a great pleasure to greet you this morning and I am glad to have such de- troops, the United States marine corps, and lightful weather on the occasion of my visit to this, the greatest battlefield of the civil war, on Decoration day. I will not attempt to speak now, as I am to speak located the soldiers' and sailors' monument later in the day. I will merely repeat how and representatives of the city, state and giad I am to see all of you, especially those

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who wear the button that shows you have right greater than any of the rest of us to be here and to rejoice in all that this Memorial day means."

The train was stopped in Gettysburg at Reynolds avenue, the road which traverses the position of the confederate forces on the first day of the battle. There the president and party entered carriages and started on a drive over the battlefield.

As President and Mrs. Rooseveit alighted from their car they were greeted by Governor Pennypacker on behalf of the com monwealth of Pennsylvania and by a reception committee of Corporal Skelly post No. 9, Grand Army of the Republic, under whose auspices the ceremonies of the day of the Third artillery, United States army,

Drive Over Battlefield. The drive over the battlefield occupied hours and a quarter, the entire twenty miles of the fine roads built by the national government being covered. Frequent stops were made to enable the presimore important features of the historic field. He manifested familiarity with the details of the battle and expressed the deepest interest in various incidents recounted by General O. O. Howard and General Daniel E. Sickles, both of whom participated in the three days' engagement on Little Round Top, where a prolonged stop was made. Generals Howard and Sickles described the battle, the president, Mrs. Roosevelt and the entire party listening attentively to the graphic word-picof the situations as they arose during the battle. At the president's request General Sickles pointed out where he received the wound which cost him his right leg. In that connection he said that he did not know precisely when he received the wound, as he did not know that he had been hit until he returned to his headquarters, about 6:30 p. m., only discovering the fact then by finding his right hand,

Confederates in Evidence. While Generals Howard and Sickels were talking Major Robbins, who served as a

which had been resting on his leg; covered

and had to get back" The major then recounted some interesting details of the part of the contest in which he participated. After hearing crossfire of graphic descriptions from both the union and confederate participants President Roosevelt remarked: "This country is all right so long as we can have this kind of a talk on Little Round Top."

Topeka Observes the Day. TOPEKA, Kan., May 30.-Topeka was decorated today in honor of her semi-cen tennial and there were great crowds here Secretary of War Taft was the crator of the day. He arrived in the city from the east at 1 e'clock and after riding at the head of a parade in a carriage with Governor Bailey, was driven to the auditorium. There Secretary Taft was greeted by a crowd of 6,000 people and delivered a patri otic address.

Secretary Taft said: It is fifty years to a day since President Franklin Pierce signed the Kansas-Nebraska bill. We do not mean to praise the author of the bill, Shephen A. Douglas, or those by whose votes and unrestricted into law. Though our party prejudices are send associate of Governor Pingree, delivered line or affective was unveiled the law of though we can take a more judicial view of the act we still find nothing in it which can reflect credit on those who were responsible for

in peace as he had done it in war; to take up the threads of his working life where he had dropped them when the trumpers of the nation pealed to arms. Today all over this land our peeple meet to pay reverse to the nation pealed to arms. Today all over this land our peeple meet to pay reverse the had one of faith so paying the land of their comrades who are still with the nation might live; and we pay homage also to their comrades who are still with the nation might live; and we pay homage also to their comrades who are still with the nation might live; and we pay homage also to their comrades who are still with the nation might live; and the sense of these who were the gray, and all can unite in paying respect to the majorn of these who fiell, each of them giving his life for his duty as he saw it; and all should be at one in learning from the deaths of these men how to live usefully while the times call for the performance of the countless necessary duties of everyday life, and how to hold ourselves ready to die nobly should the nation ever again demand of her sons the ultimate proof of loyalty.

The ceremony was concluded by an address by Hon. Eugens F. Ware, commissioner of pensions, and a benediction by Rev. Dr. Clutz.

Morning at the Park.

President Roosevelt and party arrived at this historic battleground at 8:30 o'clock today. Leaving Washington at 16:35 last night, a letsurely run was made by the Baltimore & Ohlo raliroad special train to Penmar, Pa. There, in a series of the limits of excitement which three ends of the controversy which limits and nothing in it which can responsible for the train and supporter where the hard supporters and supporter while list opposite that its beneficiaries an

Governor Bailey entertained Secretary of War Taft tonight at dinner. Luter in the evening Secretary Taft, in company with Governor Balley, attended a patriotic concert at the Auditorium

NEW YORK, May 30 .- A threatening sky overhead did not in any way interfere with peared on the rear platform of his private the observance of Memorial day in this city today. The parade of the Grand Army of the Republic included the various Grand Army posts, the old guard, United States the National Guard.

The reviewing station was at Eighty ninth street and Riverside drive, where is national governments reviewed the parade The usual sports and picnics attracted crowds to nearby resorts, business in the city being abandoned for the day.

Geremonies at Chicago. CHICAGO, May 80 .- In spite of a chilly wind which swept across Lake Michigan and made the weather decidedly uncom

fortable, the ceremonies in which Chicago

honored its dead heroes of the civil was

were carried out faithfully today. The morning hours were set apart for the decoration of graves by the posts of veterans, by their wives and daughters This was followed by the annual parade of the soldiers of '6i. As a tribute to the sailors and soldiers who died on the sea the survivors of the posts of naval veterans marched to the edge of the lake at Grant park and amid appropriate cereonles strewed flowers upon the water. In Oakwood street, the resting spots of the confederate soldiers who are buried in Chicago, were not neglected. With the old soldiers at all the cemeteries, trudged arm in arm, their wives and the widows of their former comrades, who are banded together in the Women's Relief Corps

ial parades. PARIS, May 30.-Memorial day exercises were held this afternoon at Picpus cemetery, where the tomb of Lafayette was decorated with flags and flowers. Ambassado: Porter, who presided, pronounced a eulogy of the Franco-American heroes. General Barnes of Lafayette post, Grand Army of

The Sons and Daughters of Veterans ac-

companied their elders in these real memor-

the Republic, Brooklyn, delivered an ad-The statue of Washington on the Place des Etats Unis was handsomely decorated

Detroit Unvella Statue. DETROIT, Mich., May 30 -A feature of the Memorial day observances here today was the unveiling of a statue of fermer Governor Hasen S. Pingree in Grand Circus The Grand Army of the Republic posts of the city, the state militia, bodies of Spanish war veterans and a detachment of United States regulars from Fort Wayne invited.

States of the city, the state militia, bodies at II.

Funeral at his late residence, 2228 Lake street, Thursday at 2 p. m., June 2 Friends invited. posts of the city, the state militia, bodies

Charles Flowers or this city, a warm friend daughter. 17.134

Day at Pierre. PIERRE, S. D., May 30.-(Special Telegram.)-Memorial day was observed in this city by a general display of the national The cavalry troops, firemen and other civic organizations took part in the ceremonies of the decemating of graves and marching in parade. The address of the day was delivered by E. F. Swarts in the hall of

the house of representatives. Flowers for the Ocean. SAN FRANCISCO, May 30 .- Memorial day was observed in this city by the decorthe graves of veterans at the Presidio and at the Odd Fellows cemeter; and by the strewing of flowers over the ocean outside the Golden Gate, in tribute to those who died while fighting on the

GENERAL BLACK AT WASHINGTON Commander-in-Chief of Grand Army

Speaks at National Capital. WASHINGTON, May 30.-With a dawn overshadowed with threatening clouds, Washington's patriotic citizens turned out today to participate in Memorial day exercises in the various national cemeteries. Of chief interest were the exercises at Arlington cemetery. This marble-studded place upon the Virginia hill overlooking the Potomac river and Washington was transformed from its broad, white expanse to a field black with visitors, who reverently placed their tributes of flowers on the graves. Seldom has there been a year when, by reason of a belated spring, such a profusion of flowers was available. While the Fifteenth United States cavalry band played a dirge the graves were decorated. The exercises were participated in by patriotic societies, a parade was had to the cemetery and back to the amphitheater. where the band, vocalists and craters completed the program. The oration of the day was delivered by General Black, commander-in-chief of the Grand Army. At the Soldiers' home the exercises were equally elaborate. The parade included the invalided and aged soldlers who live at the

civil officials. The Sons of Veterans had charge of the exercises at Congressional cemetery and committees appointed by the various societies conducted services at the other buris.

home, which marched to the National cem-

etery, where the program was concluded

with addresses by District of Columbia

The Day at Sibley, Is, SIBLEY, Is,, May 30.—(Special Tele-gram.)—Memorial services here continued through two days. -Yesterday forenoon Rev. Emanuel Breeze of Fox Lake, Wis. delivered a fine address. In the afternoon Rev. Father Edward O'Reilley of Sibley gave a fine memorial oration, while today Colonel David J. Palmer of Washington, In., delivered a stirring memorial address At all the exercises there was especially fine music. Today the school children take part with songs and drills. This afternoon graves of about forty union soldiers were

Day at Springfield. SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 30.-Memorial day opened with rain and the weather was ccol. For the first time in years the courts were in seasion in the morning and the public offices generally were open, though all closed in the afternoon. Members of Grand Army of the Republic posts and women's auxiliaries after a short parado went to Oak Ridge and decorated the

DIED.

WOODWORTH-Carlos, Monday morning

River at Topeka Occasions Considers ble Trouble by High Water.

TWO BRIDGES ARE OUT OF SERVICE Street Cars Cannot Cross the Stream

and the Rock Island Road

is Crippled by the Flood.

TOPEKA, Kan., May 30 .- The Kaw river is eighteen feet above low water mark at this point at 8 o'clock and apparently at a standstill. The run of driftwood has been very heavy and the Rock Island was busy the greater part of the night dislodging the accumulation at its bridge with dynamits. Notwithstanding these efforts the greater portion of the false work of this bridge, which is being reconstructed, went out, making the bridge unsafe for traffic. The street railway bridge also was knocked out of alignment, making the passage of cars impossible. The waters extend far up in the city park and out on the north side to some of the dwellings, but no serious damage, further than the washing away of chicken coops and sidewalks, is reported. In "Little Russia" a number of the familles are moving out, as the waters are backing up to their dooryards. Many North Topeka citizens came across the bridge to Topeka proper.

West of here, at Abliene and Manhattan the Smoky and Kaw rivers are falling. At Vassar the flood is the most serious since 1844. The river reaches from bluff to bluff; crops are practically rulned in the bottoms, and nearly all the bridges on the Dragoon and 110 feet of road have been washed out. Several farms are under from one to three feet of water and much live stock has been drowned.

One Missouri Pacific and three Santa Fe passenger trains are stalled at Quenemo, surrounded by high water. It is estimated that 1,000 passengers are refugees there. Frank Stephens of San Bernardino, Cal. enroute on the Santa Fe passenger No. 2 to some point in Pennsylvania, died today of tuberculosis. The waterbound pas sengers of the three trains are being cared

for by the citizens of Quenemo. Many small buildings have been washed down stream Foreman Siemantel and party are marconed in the Santa Fe shops. Cottonwood is High.

EMPORIA, Kan., May 30.-The Cotton wood and Neosho rivers here are out of their banks and the entire bottoms are inundated. The damage, however, is not so great as it was in the flood a year ago, as the rise was more gradual and people had ample time to save their stock of household goods. The crops are not so far advanced as last year, so that the damage in that line will not be as great. The rivers are

KANSAS CITY, May 30.-After rising slowly for twenty-four hours the Kaw river at this point was stationary today and as the streams west of here are stationary or receding no damage is anticipated. It would take a rise of twelve feet at this point to do any great damage. LAWRENCE, Kan., May 30.-The Kaw

river here rose two feet during the night, but is stationary today. The water is two feet higher than at any time since the great flood last summer. The bottoms south of town are flooded and the stream there is from two to three miles wide. water is over many of the wagon bridges and the crops in the valley are ruined All trains are late.

Bad at Ottawa. OTTAWA, Kan., May 20,-The Marais des Cignas river here is higher than ever known and the overflow has caused a serious flood Above here, however, the stream is falling and the worst probably is over. The hundred families are homeless in the lower part of Ottawa, Business houses are flooded, there are two feet of water in the Santa Fe depot and the lower floor of the

Marsh hotel is covered with water. The Santa Fe yards are two feet under water and no trains on the Santa Fe or the Missouri Pacific can move in or out of Ottawa.

Soda Cracke

of To-day

Until a few years ago people didn't think very much about soda crackers—house-wives bought them occasionally, but the position of the soda cracker in the family larder was a very humble one indeed.

There were two: first the soda crackers were not of the best possible quality; and second, the method of selling them in bulk from barrels or boxes resulting

Then the National Biscuit Company came upon the field. This company saw

the possibilities of the soda cracker-saw that it possessed many of the qualifica-

First they improved the quality of the cracker itself-used only the finest mate-

Next they adopted a new and better way of packing these crackers—they packed them fresh from the oven in air tight, damp proof packages so that they reached the consumer with their delicate flavor fully retained, pure, clean, and crisp.

Then these crackers were named Uneeda Biscuit and sold at the remarkably

They are sold in every city, village and hamlet in the country.

They are bought in place of the old fashioned crackers, and they are bought by people who never bought the old fashioned crackers.

But perhaps the best proof of the place that they hold in the hearts of the people, is found in the fact that in five years America has eaten over 300,000,000

Uneeda Biscuit

in loss of flavor, and exposure to damp, dust and odors.

tions of an ideal article of food-and started in to perfect it.

rials and gave a care to the baking hithertofore unknown.

Their success was instantaneous, unprecedented.

To-day Uneeda Biscuit are one of the staples of life.

What was the reason?

low price of 5c. a package.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

TOPEKA, Kan., May 30 .- The high water in the Kansas river is receding slowly tonight and all danger is past. Two bad washouts on the Santa Fe between Topeka and Emporia have not yet been repaired. but trains will be running as usual by tofell in parts of Kansas other than the Kaw valley, or there would have been much higher water here. Much damage has been

done to growing crops by the rains of the past two days.

GUTHRIE, Okla., May 20.—Heavy rains in eastern Oklahoma and the Indian Territory have greatly interrupted traffic. On the Fort Smith & Western railroad between Sparks and Paden, three miles of track went understanding that if at the end of that out. There are small washouts on the

EDITOR MAY BE IN CONTEMPT North Carolina Federal Judge Holds Him to Explain Articles.

RALEIGH, N. C., May 30 .- An order to contempt of court has been served on Hon. Josephus Daniels, editor of the News and Observer and national democratic committeeman from North Carolina, by Federal Judge Purnell because of editorials and squibs appearing in the News and Observer Sunday morning. These concerned the appointment on Saturday by Judge Purnell of a receiver for the Atlanta & North Carolina Raffroad

SPECIAL GRAND JURY AT WORK Body is Called to Investigate Murder of Indiana School Teacher.

BEDFORD, 14d., May 30.-A special grand jury was called today to investigate the murder of Miss Sarah Schaffer. The men called include many of the prominent residents of the country. Judge Palmer who in his argument for the defense in the McDonald trial announced that he had evidence locked in his bosom that would shed light on the mystery, said he would go before the grand jury and displace everything he knew. "It is my duty," said he today, "and !

AGREE IN THE ACRE DISPUTE Peru and Brazil Said to Have Comto Terms on Serious

shall not shirk it."

NEW YORK, May 50 .- Baron Rio Branco and Senor Velard, the Peruvian minister, have practically reached an agreement for the settlement of the Acre controversy, cording to the Herald correspondent at Rio Janeiro, but, the dispatch adds, the basis of the arrangement has not been made

It is reported in Rio Janeiro that the Peruvians have repulsed the Brazilians pear the frontier, but a high official declared that the report is untrue.

Distressing Stomach Disease

Quickly cured to stay cured by the masterly power of Drahe's Palmetto Wine. Invalids no longer suder from this dread maindy, because this remarkable remedy gures absolutely every form of atomach trouble. It is a cure for the whole world of stomach weakness and constipation, as well as a regulator of the kidners and liver.

Only one dose a day, and a cure begins with the first dose. No matter how long or how much you have suffered you are certain of a cure with one small dose a day of Drake's Palmetto Wine, and to convince you of this fact the Brake Formuis Company, Drake Building, Chicago, Ill., will send a trial bottle of Drake's Palmetto Wine free and prepaid to every reader of this apper who desired to make a thorough tost of this splendid tonic Palmetto remedy. A postal card or letter will be your only expense.

Breathe Hyomei Three or Four Times Daily and Be Cared of Catarrh.

The Sherman & McConnell Drug company, corner Sixteenth and Dodge streets, one of the most reliable business firms in Omaha, has seen many instances of the remarkable power of Hyomei to cure ca-

tarrhal troubles and other disorders of the respiratory organs. Results in this treatment have given them so much confidence in Hyomei that they will give a month's trial with the positive time a cure is not effected or enough relief gained to warrant a continued use of the

treatment for a while longer, the money will be refunded. Hyomel is the only treatment for catarrh that has ever been sold under a "no cure, no pay" plan, and the only one where a month's trial treatment is free unless it cures.

Hyomel is not a pill or liquid. Just breathe it through the neat inhaler that comes with every outfit, and benefit will be seen from the first day's use. Breathed in this way, the health-giving Hyomel penetrates to the minutest air cells of the lungs and drives catarrhal germs and poisons from the system.

The complete outfit costs but \$1, and extra bottles of Hyomei may be obtained for

Remember that if Hyomel does not cure you after a month's trial. Sherman & Mo-Connell will refund your money and the reatment will be absolutely free.



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