

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 28, 1904—TWELVE PAGES.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

HOOSIER TICKET UP

Elects Delegates to Republican National Convention and Endorse Administration.

DRAW UP A VIGOROUS PARTY PLATFORM

Reviews Work Accomplished by the Republic During Quarter of Century.

PUT COUNTRY IN FRONT RANK OF NATIONS

People Demand a Continuance of Present Prosperous Conditions.

CONFIDENCE IN PROTECTIVE TARIFF

Platform Approves the Course of President Roosevelt in Protecting the Impaired American Interests in Panama.

INDIANAPOLIS, April 27.—The republican state convention today nominated J. Frank Hanly of Lafayette for governor on the first ballot.

The nomination was the result of a steady campaign by Madison county, which, before a count was made by the tellers, changed its vote, which had been divided among the other candidates, W. L. Penfold of Auburn, W. L. Taylor of Indianapolis and Warren G. Bayne of Wabash, and voted as a unit for Hanly.

Platform Approves the Course of President Roosevelt in Protecting the Impaired American Interests in Panama.

For delegates-at-large to the national convention, Senator Charles W. Fairbank, Senator Albert J. Beveridge, both of Indianapolis; Governor W. T. Durbin, Anderson; state chairman James Goodrich, Winchester.

Indiana Platform.

The platform of the republican party, as adopted by the resolutions committee, was read to the convention by Ward Watson of Charleston, chairman of the committee. It says:

The republican party, in convention assembled, presents with profound satisfaction the achievements of the nation since the party was founded and intrusted with the government.

It has resulted a divided country, freed from the shackles of a monetary system on a gold basis, restored the national credit and developed the American system of production, the leading industrial nation of the world.

In the cause of humanity, it has fought a victorious war, and has freed those who were held in bondage from the burdens of oppression.

Peace and other national deeds of peace and war under republican administrations, have won the respect and praise of the world and placed our country in the first rank among the nations.

And now, under continuing duty and patriotic leadership, the republican party moves forward, extending its policies and its purposes, and with unabated confidence again invites the support and assistance of the people of this state.

We heartily and unreservedly endorse the wise and patriotic administration of Theodore Roosevelt. His presidency has met the tremendous responsibilities of his great office with the wisdom, courage, energy and national honor.

His administration has been thoroughly republican and generally popular, and has maintained our national integrity, and in securing a treaty with the United States, has secured a treaty which has been enacted by congress. Evil-doers have been driven from the land.

Present Conditions Should Continue. The people demand a continuance of the present stable and prosperous conditions, and therefore favor a re-election of Theodore Roosevelt for president and hereby instruct the delegates chosen by this convention to support the policy of the people.

We pledge anew our confidence in the wisdom and efficacy of the protective tariff. This tariff is a just and equitable one, and it is our duty to maintain it in its integrity, and to prevent any attempt to tamper with it.

The republican party has firmly established the gold standard against violent democratic opposition. Our monetary system, which is primarily republican, is the result of republican statesmanship. We have more money among the people than any other nation in the world.

We commend President Roosevelt for his faithful enforcement of the laws applicable to commerce and trade, and for his wise and judicious administration of the government.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

We approve the reciprocity treaty with the republic of Cuba. Our relations with the republic of Cuba should be such as are dictated by justice and generosity, to the end that the people of both countries may continue in peace and amity.

GERMAN TROUBLES IN AFRICA

Typus Renders Ineffective a Large Part of Column Sent Against Natives.

BERLIN, April 27.—Captain Dannbauer, the Lokai Anseger special correspondent with Major von Glanemann's column in German Southwest Africa, has sent a dispatch telegraph via Windhoek announcing the loss of the column through the wounding and sickness since the commencement of the battle of Ovilokokoro.

WORK DONE BY MCKINLEY AND ROOSEVELT

United States' Progress in Foreign Affairs Exceeds Record of Any Similar Period in Its History.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The attention of the senate was devoted today to consideration of reports of conference committees, set speeches, passage of bills to which there was little or no objection, and an executive session. The session began at 10 o'clock in the morning and concluded at 8 o'clock at night, the reports on the sundry civil bill, general deficiency, general postoffice and the military academy appropriation bills were agreed on practically without opposition.

Speeches were made by Mr. Cullom on the conduct of foreign affairs by Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt, by Mr. Teller on the public land question, and by Mr. McLaughlin on the old age pension order and trusts.

A resolution authorizing the continuation during the recess of the inquiry into the right of Mr. Smoot to his seat in the senate was favorably considered during the day.

Mr. Hale presented the conference report on the general deficiency bill, which was agreed to without debate.

Mr. Burrows, chairman of the committee on privileges and elections, presented a resolution authorizing that committee to sit during the recess of congress for the purpose of preparing a report on the charges against Mr. Smoot as a senator from Utah. The resolution was referred to the committee on contingent expenses.

Mr. Allison presented the report of the conference on the appropriation bill, Mr. Platt (Conn.) committed the feature of the report dealing with the proposed extension of the capitol, expressing the opinion that the act definitely committed congress to the extension and that in the future nothing would be said against the extension.

Mr. Hale and Mr. Allison expressed disagreement with the service, saying that congress was in no wise committed.

As to Purchase of Silver. In response to a request from Mr. Aldrich Mr. Allison made a statement bearing upon the amendment covering the purchase of silver bullion for subsidiary coin. He said the amendment had been proposed because the provision which it had been proposed to insert is already law, and that there is no limitation on the power of the secretary of the treasury to purchase silver bullion for subsidiary coinage.

Mr. Aldrich agreed with Mr. Allison, saying that the finance committee had given attention to the subject and had concluded that under the provisions of the sundry civil act of 1903 the secretary's authority for the purchase of silver for subsidiary coinage is complete. He referred to the situation of the Hawaiian republic, saying that the amendment, as "historical," saying that there is no more danger that the secretary will corner the silver market or the market in any other metal.

Mr. Cullom then addressed the senate on the subject of the country's foreign relations. The speech of Senator Cullom, who is chairman of the committee on foreign relations, was a careful review of the diplomatic and international questions which had been disposed of under the McKinley-Roosevelt administration; more important diplomatic questions had been brought to a successful conclusion than under any previous administration in the history of the United States.

He then discussed in their order the acquisition of the Hawaiian islands, the war with Spain and its results, the Philippines, Cuba, the Alaskan boundary, international arbitration, the Panama canal, our relations with the United States, the Japanese war, reciprocity and the consular service, concluding with a glowing tribute to President Roosevelt and Secretary Hay.

The acquisition of the Hawaiian islands, he said, was the first important achievement of the McKinley administration. He gave to the United States a foothold in the Pacific and were the beginning of our great expansion under the McKinley administration.

The war with Spain awoke us to a realization of the fact that more than a century of remarkable industrial development rendered us an important factor in the world's system. Under the administration of McKinley and Roosevelt the United States attained a position among the nations of the world which it never occupied in any former period of our national life.

Bright Future for Philippines. He discussed the Philippines mainly from a business standpoint and said that under American rule their exports had increased nearly \$100,000,000 in the last year. He said that it was not unwise to say the total value of the trade would eventually amount to several hundred millions annually. Manila in the not far distant day would become the great commercial center of the Orient.

Discussing international arbitration, the senator declared that "no previous administration and no country have done more toward the settlement by peaceful methods, rather than by war, of the differences which arise among nations, as have the administrations of Presidents McKinley and Roosevelt."

Regarding the disposition of the diplomatic complications which had stood in the way of an inter-oceanic canal, he said: "This is only another illustration of the success of the Roosevelt administration in bringing to a successful termination a question which other presidents had failed to settle. During the three years of the Roosevelt administration the canal has been made toward the construction of an inter-oceanic canal than the three-quarters of a century of our previous history."

Relations in the Orient. Bearing on our relations with the Orient, the senator said the United States had stood for the open door in China and in our dealing with that country we had pursued a disinterested policy not of territorial aggrandizement, but of disposition to protect its rights and confine our interests to the peaceful development of trade. We had no hesitation on proper occasions to exert our influence to preserve the independence of

St. Asant Wins Race. LONDON, April 27.—The race for the 2,000 guinea stake at Newmarket today was won by St. Asant, John O'Gaunt was second and Henry the First was third. Fourteen horses started, including Richard Croker's, Connell, which came in last.

Three Die in Fight Preceding Capture of Illig. LONDON, April 27.—The admiral has received an official report of the capture of Illig, on the coast of Somaliland from the derwishes. Three bluejackets were killed and six were wounded during the attack on the enemy's works.

Derishes Kill Bluejackets. LONDON, April 27.—The admiral has received an official report of the capture of Illig, on the coast of Somaliland from the derwishes. Three bluejackets were killed and six were wounded during the attack on the enemy's works.

Great Britain Will Be the Loser. Strip of Salt Deposits Decided in Favor of Congo State. LONDON, April 27.—The Associated Press understands that one of the most important results of the Berlin Africa work, the East Africa, along the Anglo-German-Congo frontier, west of Victoria Nyansa, is the discovery that the whole of Albert Edward Nyansa belongs to the Congo independent state. As a result Great Britain loses an important strip of territory, including the valuable salt deposits north of Lake Albert Edward.

It is also announced that the mouth of the Kagera river is in British territory. Hitherto it had been believed to be in German territory.

St. Asant Wins Race. LONDON, April 27.—The race for the 2,000 guinea stake at Newmarket today was won by St. Asant, John O'Gaunt was second and Henry the First was third. Fourteen horses started, including Richard Croker's, Connell, which came in last.

St. Asant Wins Race. LONDON, April 27.—The race for the 2,000 guinea stake at Newmarket today was won by St. Asant, John O'Gaunt was second and Henry the First was third. Fourteen horses started, including Richard Croker's, Connell, which came in last.

St. Asant Wins Race. LONDON, April 27.—The race for the 2,000 guinea stake at Newmarket today was won by St. Asant, John O'Gaunt was second and Henry the First was third. Fourteen horses started, including Richard Croker's, Connell, which came in last.

St. Asant Wins Race. LONDON, April 27.—The race for the 2,000 guinea stake at Newmarket today was won by St. Asant, John O'Gaunt was second and Henry the First was third. Fourteen horses started, including Richard Croker's, Connell, which came in last.

St. Asant Wins Race. LONDON, April 27.—The race for the 2,000 guinea stake at Newmarket today was won by St. Asant, John O'Gaunt was second and Henry the First was third. Fourteen horses started, including Richard Croker's, Connell, which came in last.

CULLOM TALKS OF TREATIES

Head of Senate Foreign Relations Committee Reviews Acts of Seven Years.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—The attention of the senate was devoted today to consideration of reports of conference committees, set speeches, passage of bills to which there was little or no objection, and an executive session. The session began at 10 o'clock in the morning and concluded at 8 o'clock at night, the reports on the sundry civil bill, general deficiency, general postoffice and the military academy appropriation bills were agreed on practically without opposition.

READY TO OPEN THE FAIR

When President Touches the Key Cascades Will Start and Flags Will Fly.

ST. LOUIS, April 27.—All arrangements have been perfected by the telegraph company for transmitting to St. Louis the electric current, to be started by President Roosevelt at the White House in Washington, which will formally open the Louisiana Purchase exposition on April 30.

Two separate circuits will be used to guard against possible interference by storms in any particular section of the country. The first will run from Washington through Cumberland, Baltimore, Pittsburgh and Indianapolis, to St. Louis, and the second from Washington, through Baltimore, Philadelphia, Harrisburg, Pittsburgh, Cleveland and Chicago to St. Louis.

The key to be used by President Roosevelt to start the current on his western journey has been made. It is of gold, and after it has been used by President Roosevelt it will be presented by the telegraph company to President D. R. Francis of the World's Fair.

When President Roosevelt touches the key in Washington he will not only start all the machinery on the World's Fair grounds in motion, but the current will also start the cascades and at the same time unfurl all the flags on all several buildings.

Thirty thousand men form the army of laborers and artisans who are rushing to completion the work of putting the world's fair in order for opening day. The force is being increased as rapidly as men can be hired, practically every applicant being put to work.

Over a thousand more men have been added to the regular night force in handling the exhibits and working on the roadway and landscape department. Every day the force will be added to, and Friday and Friday night it is expected that upward of 40,000 men will be doing the giants' work of the final cleaning. The most important work taken up today was that of the roads.

Governor A. M. Dockery today issued a proclamation making Saturday, April 30, a day of Thanksgiving throughout the state and declaring it a general holiday in honor of the completion of the world's fair and the one hundred and first anniversary of the acquisition by the United States of the Louisiana territory.

UNIDENTIFIED BOAT AGROUND

Schooner Rigged Vessel is in Trouble Off the New Jersey Shore. ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., April 27.—South Brigantine life saving station reports a steamship ashore about three miles off that station.

The steamship is schooner-rigged and has a black funnel with white stripes. It is possible that the vessel may be the Ward line, as the funnel of steamships of this line are marked in that way. The steamship was driven ashore during the severe northeast storm last night.

Neither the Atlantic City nor Brighton life savers have yet been able to reach the stranded steamship. There is a dense fog and a heavy sea, which makes it impossible to learn the name of the steamship.

NEW YORK, April 27.—The agents of the Ward line say that the steamer ashore near Atlantic City cannot be one of their line, as none of their steamers could have been in the vicinity last night.

The Panama Railroad Steamship company's steamer Alliances, which sailed here yesterday afternoon for Colon, has a black funnel, with a broad white band marked with the letter "P" in black.

A report from one of the life saving stations says that the steamer ashore near Atlantic City is undoubtedly the British steamer Craigniek, from Mantanzas, for New York, with a cargo of sugar. The vessel is resting in a good position, the report says, and an effort will be made at high tide to float it.

MUST PRODUCE MORE COTTON

New England Manufacturer Says Raw Material Should Be More Abundant and Cheaper. BOSTON, April 27.—In his annual address to the members of the New England Cotton Manufacturers' association, which began its yearly convention here today, President F. Herbert Walmesley said that one of the most pressing questions engaging the attention of the cotton world today was that of the development of the resources of the southern cotton belt. He held that it was essential to the interests of the United States, as a producer, manufacturer and exporter of cotton, that the supply from our fields be increased.

He said that the cotton world today was so anxious to retain an enormous source of wealth to the country. He expressed the belief that the trade would never be free from "unlawful high prices, speculation and unfairness and harmful fluctuations which are a simple supply of the raw material."

The South Dakota delegation, which has been after the scalp of C. E. McChesney, agent of the Rosebud Indians for some time past, has run up against a stone wall in the person of the president, who refused to consent to the appointment of another man in McChesney's place. McChesney is strongly endorsed by Bishop Hare and the Indian Rights association.

Minor Matters at Capital. Carl Gunderson of South Dakota has been assigned to the Rosebud reservation as allotting agent.

Senator Millard expects to leave for home tomorrow evening should congress adjourn before the close of the session. Senator Gamble's bill relative to fees and commissions on final entry or commutation of homestead entries passed the senate last night.

The contract for construction of the Yankton, S. D., building has been awarded Newman & Hoy of Fort Totten. The building is to be constructed of Bedford stone. An additional rural route is ordered established June 1 at Newell, Buena Vista county, Ia.; the route embraces an area of twenty-eight miles, containing a population of 1,000.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Craig Burt county, George A. Blackstone, vice J. A. Clark, resigned. South Dakota—Redfield, Benjamin county, Mrs. Rosa Nelson, vice Mrs. Margaret Devey, resigned; Traer, Grant county, Charles J. Truett, vice A. E. Hagen, resigned.

FRED GRANT MAKES A GIFT

Galena Receives Home of General as Part of Anniversary Celebration. GALENA, Ill., April 27.—The twelfth annual celebration of General U. S. Grant's birthday was held here today, a large school board, Tam Institute, Business Fellows, of Chicago, made the principal address and paid a glowing tribute to the great commander under whom he fought during the civil war. General Fred D. Grant and wife were prominent among those present.

The feature of the day was the presentation by General Grant to the city of Galena of the residence formerly owned and occupied by his distinguished father. The home had been given to the commander of the union forces by his admirers on his return from the war, August 13, 1865.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

KINKAID IS WATCHING BILL

Measure Meets with Strong Opposition in the Interior Department.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Judge Kinkaid's bill permitting settlement of 600 acres of land by homesteaders in the northwest section of Nebraska is confidently believed, will be signed by the president before the adjournment of the present session. The bill went at once referred to the secretary of the interior for a report. Anticipating this action, Senator Dietrich and Judge Kinkaid called upon the president and commissioner of the general land office this morning in the White House this afternoon and was at once referred to the secretary of the interior for a report. Anticipating this action, Senator Dietrich and Judge Kinkaid called upon the president and commissioner of the general land office this morning in the White House this afternoon and was at once referred to the secretary of the interior for a report.

BELIEVED THE PRESIDENT WILL SIGN IT

Wind River Reservation Measure is Likely to Fall on Account of Amendments Made to it in the Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—(Special Telegram.)—Judge Kinkaid's bill permitting settlement of 600 acres of land by homesteaders in the northwest section of Nebraska is confidently believed, will be signed by the president before the adjournment of the present session. The bill went at once referred to the secretary of the interior for a report. Anticipating this action, Senator Dietrich and Judge Kinkaid called upon the president and commissioner of the general land office this morning in the White House this afternoon and was at once referred to the secretary of the interior for a report.

After the visit of Senator Dietrich and Judge Kinkaid to the president, where they had a satisfactory conference, they had an interview with Commissioner Richards. The commissioner has been opposed to the proposition of increasing the number of acres that may be entered upon by an intending homesteader, even though the existing law provides for the same in the said bill section of Nebraska. Both gentlemen from Nebraska took a hand in showing Commissioner Richards the reason that prompted the bill and while they refused to give out any definite information as to the result of their conference with the secretary of the interior, they contented themselves with the prediction that the bill would be signed. While everything has seemingly been clear sailing for this measure, it is not out of place now to state that a very hostile feeling prevailed against the bill, not only in the public lands committee of the house, but also in the interior department, and everything that the president receives advice regarding land matters, and the passage of this bill in the face of this quiet but determined opposition makes its passage even more noteworthy than would ordinary be the case.

Today Judge Kinkaid has written Governor A. M. Dockery, asking him to call a meeting of representatives and the rooms of the enrolling and engraving committees. He has been a shadow upon the heels of the bill, and it is to his dogged determination as well as to the efforts of Senator Dietrich that the bill is now in the hands of the president, and everything that the president receives advice regarding land matters, and the passage of this bill in the face of this quiet but determined opposition makes its passage even more noteworthy than would ordinary be the case.

Nebraska Woman Injured. The condition of Cora Thomas of Nebraska, clerk in the office of the auditor for the Navy department, who sustained fractures of both legs in an elevator accident at the Treasury department yesterday, is reported favorable. There is no indication that the injuries will result in anything more serious than a long convalescence. She is at the Homeopathic hospital.

Mrs. Andrews to Talk. The condition of Cora Thomas of Nebraska, clerk in the office of the auditor for the Navy department, who sustained fractures of both legs in an elevator accident at the Treasury department yesterday, is reported favorable. There is no indication that the injuries will result in anything more serious than a long convalescence. She is at the Homeopathic hospital.

Wind River Bill in Danger. The bill opening the Wind River reservation in Wyoming is liable to fall because of the opposition of the Indians. The interior department is opposed to the bill because it has ascertained that in this reservation an excellent quality of oil has been found as well as valuable minerals. It has developed a large oil field under control of the U. S. in an improved lease, and to open this reservation, it is urged, without the consent of the Indians would create a precedent that might result in repealing of the mining and land laws of the United States.

Money for Fort Meade. The passage of the sundry civil bill today gives Fort Meade, South Dakota, \$125,000 for building a reservoir. The amount of money will be taken out of the general fund for a reservoir and pipe system at that place.

The South Dakota delegation, which has been after the scalp of C. E. McChesney, agent of the Rosebud Indians for some time past, has run up against a stone wall in the person of the president, who refused to consent to the appointment of another man in McChesney's place. McChesney is strongly endorsed by Bishop Hare and the Indian Rights association.

Minor Matters at Capital. Carl Gunderson of South Dakota has been assigned to the Rosebud reservation as allotting agent.

Senator Millard expects to leave for home tomorrow evening should congress adjourn before the close of the session. Senator Gamble's bill relative to fees and commissions on final entry or commutation of homestead entries passed the senate last night.

The contract for construction of the Yankton, S. D., building has been awarded Newman & Hoy of Fort Totten. The building is to be constructed of Bedford stone. An additional rural route is ordered established June 1 at Newell, Buena Vista county, Ia.; the route embraces an area of twenty-eight miles, containing a population of 1,000.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Craig Burt county, George A. Blackstone, vice J. A. Clark, resigned. South Dakota—Redfield, Benjamin county, Mrs. Rosa Nelson, vice Mrs. Margaret Devey, resigned; Traer, Grant county, Charles J. Truett, vice A. E. Hagen, resigned.

TALK OF CITY MANAGEMENT

National Municipal League is in Session at Chicago This Week. CHICAGO, April 27.—The tenth annual meeting of the National Municipal League began this city today with delegates present from every large city in the United States. President Charles J. Bonaparte of Baltimore called the assemblage to order. Addresses of welcome were responded to by Vice President Charles Richardson of Philadelphia. His address was followed by Clinton Rogers Woodruff of Philadelphia, who spoke on "A Year's Disclosures and Developments."

Prof. F. H. H. Roberts of the University of Denver spoke on "The Denver Situation and Rush Amendment." The St. Louis School Board, Tam Institute, Business Fellows, of Chicago, made the principal address and paid a glowing tribute to the great commander under whom he fought during the civil war. General Fred D. Grant and wife were prominent among those present.

The feature of the day was the presentation by General Grant to the city of Galena of the residence formerly owned and occupied by his distinguished father. The home had been given to the commander of the union forces by his admirers on his return from the war, August 13, 1865.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

Attempt to Enter and Are Cut and Slain. WARSAW, April 27.—While several police officers were attempting to enter a house in the Dworecky thoroughfare today they were attacked by a band of men armed with knives and revolvers. Two officers, a deputy chief of the secret police and a deputy commander were killed and two others were wounded.

NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

Showers in West Portion; Fair and Warmer in East Portion Thursday; Friday, Fair in West and Showers in East.

Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg. 5 a. m. 39 3 p. m. 45 7 a. m. 39 5 p. m. 47 9 a. m. 43 7 p. m. 49 10 a. m. 48 8 p. m. 54 11 a. m. 51 9 p. m. 53 12 m. 58 8 p. m. 59 1 p. m. 61 9 p. m. 60

DROP THE LYNCHING CASES

Prosecution Unable to Get Witnesses to Testify in Case and Judge Orders Verdict of Acquittal.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., April 27.—Dan Lee Morse, a ranchman of Big Horn county, who was charged with complicity in the midnight attack on the Basin jail when Deputy Price was murdered and Gorman and Walters were lynched, was tonight acquitted by a jury at Basin. The prosecution dropped the case owing to its inability to get witnesses to testify and the court instructed the jury to find for the defendant.

Indictments were last fall returned against George Saban, James Tallock and five other leading ranchmen, who were alleged leaders of the mob. But owing to the failure of the prosecution in the Morse case, the entire matter will be dropped. It is alleged that many thousands of dollars were expended by members of the mob in getting witnesses out of the country and closing the mouths of others.

THREE FIREMEN LOSE LIVES Buried Under Tons of Debris During Burning of Soap Factory in New York. NEW YORK, April 27.—Three lives were lost and property valued at \$300,000 was destroyed in a fire at the John Stainley soap works here today. The dead, all of whom are firemen, are: