

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, SUNDAY MORNING, APRIL 10, 1904—FORTY PAGES.

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STRIKES WHEN READY

Method in the Faience Which Japan Showed with Russ as Diplomacy.

ALL THE TIME PREPARING FOR STRUGGLE

Abruptly End Negotiations When the Arrangements Are Completed.

HOW THEY SIZE UP RUSSIAN SITUATION

Confident Big Opponent Cannot Maintain Large Army in Manchuria.

DO NOT THINK PORT ARTHUR VALUABLE

City Which Can Be Shelled from the Sea Untenable as a Naval Base or a Great Commercial Port.

TOKIO, Japan, March 11.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)—The Japanese army... The French bishops, under the leadership of Cardinal Richard, archbishop of Paris...

GIVES HOPE TO BOURBONS

Expect French Catholics to Rally to the Standard of the Monarchists.

(Copyright, 1904, by Press Publishing Co.) ROME, April 9.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)—In reply to the present French government...

TALKS ON THE BIBLE

Canon Henson of W. Va. Preaches a Storm Among the Clergymen.

PLAIN LANGUAGE ABOUT OLD TESTAMENT

Calls Some of the Narratives Incredible, Fanciful and Demoralizing.

LOOKS FOR REVOLUTION IN TEACHING

Still Considers Bible the Best Manual of Fundamental Morality.

OTHER CHURCHMAN DISCUSSES REMARKS

Bishop of Norwich Expresses Opinion that Religion is Not Gaining Ground Throughout the Country.

(Copyright, 1904, by Press Publishing Co.) LONDON, April 9.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)—Canon Henson of Westminster, one of the most distinguished Anglican divines...

MRS. OLLIVER'S HALLUCINATION

After Twenty-Five Years Woman Who Said Senator Cameron Is Seen.

OFFER OLIVE BRANCH

Exact Status of Negotiations for Settlement of Anglo-Russian Differences.

SECRETARY LANSDOWNE'S OVERTURES

Step Follows Personal Assurance of Edward Regarding Settlement of Government.

MOVE AT THIS TIME CAUSES SURPRISE

Same Negotiations Were Conducted in Secret Some Months Ago.

QUESTIONS RESULTED IN A DEADLOCK

With Changed Conditions and with Good Offices of French Government Hope of Eventual Settlement is Entertained.

LONDON, April 9.—The Associated Press learns that the exact status of the much forecasted Anglo-Russian understanding is as follows:—Lord King Edward had given his personal assurances to Emperor Nicholas...

THE BEE BULLETIN.

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair and Warmer Sunday; Monday Fair.

- 1 Japan Strikes When All is Ready. Start Controversy Over the Bible. England Holds out Olive Branch. Latest News from Scene of War. 2 Gun Enforcers Demand for Cash. 3 News from All Parts of Nebraska. 4 British Trip Was a Costly One. Russian Successors on Beach. Storm Subside and San Comes Out. 5 Topics for a Day of Rest. 6 Past Week in Omaha Society. 7 Affairs at South Omaha. 8 Uniform System of Auditing. 9 Progress of Vaccination Contest. 8 Council Bluffs and Iowa News. 9 Cookran's Maiden Speech in House. 10 Sargent Talks on Immigration. 11 Financial and Commercial. 12 Civil Service at the Stock Yards. 14 Amusements and Music. 15 Weekly Review of Sporting Events. 16 Japanese Are Economical. 17 War Makes Brushes Scarce. 18 Editorial. 19 Problems of a Church Body. 20 Social Charms of German Capital. 21 Peculiarities About Suleides. How Japs Show Their Sentiment. 24 Railroad Case in Federal Court. 25 to 40 The Illustrated Bee.

AUTOS FOR THE FRONT

Armored Carriages to Be Used by Russia in the War with Japan.

PREPARING TO RECEIVE BROWN MEN

Attack Expected on New Chwang and Position is Strengthened.

TEN THOUSAND RESERVES FOR THE TOWN

Troops Can Be Concentrated Upon Short Notice if Found Necessary.

DEFENSE OF NEW CHWANG IS COMPLETE

Japan Orders Powerful Warships Which Will Exceed in Strength Anything Owned by Great Britain.

PARIS, April 10.—According to the St. Petersburg correspondent of the Journal, a large number of armored automobiles, manufactured in Germany, France and Belgium will leave there for the front on Monday.

Troops for European Frontier.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Echo de Paris telegraphs that a competent officer there says that Russia is not weakening its European frontier garrisons owing to the war in the far east, and that 60,000 Russian troops will be in Manchuria at the end of May. This officer also asserts, the correspondent says, that since the British "Thibet" expedition started the Turkish and Chinese Russian forces have been strengthened.

Waiting for an Attack.

NEW CHWANG, April 9.—The Chefoo, April 9.—General Kouropatkin's visit to New Chwang has inspired boundless confidence. The commander-in-chief ordered 10,000 reserves to reinforce this position, in view of the fact that Japan is not withdrawing its 15,000 men ready to concentrate upon this place at short notice if necessary. It is estimated that there is 400,000 Russian troops in Manchuria.

General Wogack has taken over the command at New Chwang from General Kondratyevich.

The preparations for the defense of the town are complete.

POWERFUL WARSHIPS FOR JAPAN

Batteries of British Built Ships to Be Most Effective.

LONDON, April 9.—The two new battle-ships ordered in England by Japan will be exceedingly powerful, their length, 445 feet, exceeding that of the most powerful British battleships by twenty feet. In order to meet the capacity of docking accommodations the beam and draught have been fixed at seventy-eight feet and twenty-six feet respectively. Each will have a displacement of 14,400 tons.

Their main batteries, it is stated, will be the most powerful yet devised, consisting each of four twelve-inch guns, four ten-inch and five six-inch guns. The armored belt at the water line will be nine inches thick, with six-inch armor coning to the level of the deck. A new feature will be a superstructure of four-inch armor, insuring that no part of the upper works will be unprotected.

Formal orders for these battleships were placed by Japan with Vickers, Maxim & Armstrong on January 26, the orders being for two battleships, each to be completed as soon as possible. They are to have a speed of nineteen knots and will be able to discharge eleven tons of projectiles per minute from their main batteries.

In addition to the two battleships actually ordered, Japan is completing or ordering two more vessels of that description to be built here.

HOPE FOR PEACE DURING EASTER

Russians Fear Bells and Guns Will Sound Together.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 9.—Great preparations are making for the big Easter feasts after midnight tonight. This morning at 4 o'clock in all the orthodox churches occurred the ceremony of the burial of Christ. Preceded by the clergy bearing lanterns and silver crosses, representing the crucifixion and carried on their shoulders, the bishops and deacons passed across the altar, the crosses followed by a long funeral procession, after which the crosses were borne inside and were deposited in the sepulchres. During the day there were no services in the churches, which remained completely dark, save for a few stray, lighted candles. Nevertheless they were constantly filled with people, many of them prostrated in prayer.

All the papers express the hope that the sound of the church bells at Easteride will not be broken by the booming of guns at Port Arthur. The Litsk says: "Let us hope that the God of peace will soften the hearts of our foes at least on Easter morning."

SAILORS ARE CALLED TO SHIPS

Russia Puts Naval Reserve on Board Her Bots at Home.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 9.—The naval mobilization was gassed today. It refers only to officers and men of the reserve in European Russia, and not to ships. The mobilization is due to the necessity for providing full crews for the Black sea and Baltic fleets, which will go into commission at the opening of navigation. It is an open secret now that several thousands of sailors belonging to these fleets, which had been laid up for the winter, were sent to Vladivostok or Port Arthur to supply the places of time expired men, as well as the places of those wounded or otherwise incapacitated. The men mobilized will also be used to furnish an adequate reserve when the European fleets go into commission. In a few days those of the reserves called to the colors who are rusty will be placed on board the ships which are to remain here, while the officers and men who have seen active service will be concentrated on board the ships which are designed to reinforce Vice Admiral Makarov during the coming summer.

JAPANESE AND COREANS PLEASED

Congratulate Each Other on Retreat of Russian Forces.

SEOUL, April 9.—The Japanese minister, M. Hayashi, today officially communicated to the Korean Foreign office the fact of the retreat of the Russian troops across the Yalu river and the Japanese occupation of the frontier, which resulted in an exchange of mutual congratulations. Hayashi also requested the Korean government to instruct its prefects along the rail-

MAKE FUN OF AMERICAN ART

German Critics Amuse Themselves at Expense of This Country.

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BERLIN, April 9.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)—Some electric humor is being expended upon American art by the St. Louis. A Munich professor says:

Where Russia is Weak.

Japanese leaders believe that Russia has bluffed, and some of them guardedly admit it now. They point out that, even assuming Russia could mobilize its entire army in Siberia after transporting it for over 4,000 miles of single track railroad, the result would be inevitably a frightful disaster. It could not transport the food and clothing alone needed for 600,000 men, let alone the ammunition, materials for winter campaigns and the vast quantities required to replace the large percentage of sick and disabled, who must also be evacuated home.

Conservative Japanese, who know the Siberian and Manchurian country, estimate that the maximum number of troops Russia can put into the field at any one time is 100,000, and even with this number they believe that there will be tales of horrible death and starvation in Russian winter camps which will startle the world.

It should be borne in mind that Japan struck its first blow a month before Russia thought it was making any effectual maneuvers. It was not patience which Japan exhibited in this instance, nor might have dragged on the negotiations until the harbors were free of ice—but it was shrewd, cool, deliberation which made the Russian position in Manchuria so weak. The first moment that the scheme was feasible, and at a time when some of its own battleships had to batter their way out in the harbor of Vladivostok for two feet thick. It hit Russia a savage blow at a time when its railroad was nearly paralyzed, and would be for weeks longer, and it struck the blow when it was well prepared to throw troops into Korea rapidly and needed safe sea room to accomplish it. So far, Japan has made a false move, at a time when it was not indicated, and it has done so with reasoning and sound judgment.

Port Arthur Untenable.

The same brains which have so rapidly forced Japan upward in the scale of world powers and civilization have realized and say now today—that Port Arthur is practically indefensible as a naval base, and so off at the stories that the loss of Port Arthur would be a momentary setback, and that the loss of the city was their only or their greatest grievance. There are a half dozen other ports, they claim, which are far more desirable as a defensible position and for commerce. They contend that no harbor, inner fortifications and city which can be shelled from the open sea is tenable, or worth the millions spent upon it by the Russian government in the effort to withstand the possible aggressions of foreign powers.

A story has been circulated in Japan that Russia has threatened to follow a Moscow policy, retreating into the loneliness and vastness of Interior Siberia, and during the Japanese to certain death, which creates great amusement in the Japanese mind. One general put it in this way: "We are perfectly willing to be lured on until we control the coast line we want and Korea, but I don't think we would go much further, and even if we should go a few hundred miles inland, certainly not to a position where we would be kept open from a warm country in the south than they, ten times as long, through an Arctic region."

As has already been told, Japan has at this moment resources which could put into the field 200,000 men and support them there for a year and a half, and there is little doubt in my own mind, after witnessing the rapidity with which the popular loan was subscribed five times over—wealthy men actually buying at 14—that it could sustain itself for twice that time without negotiating for a loan from abroad.

Business Will Revive.

The business depression which is apt to follow the withdrawal of an immense number of coastwise vessels for transport service, the paralyzing of trade by the use of the railroads for military purposes, the loss of active productive labor by the removal of 200,000 or more men, and the loss in money from the spending and purchasing tourists, should not be underestimated, but there must also follow a partial if not complete readjustment of the country.

SOPIA, April 9.—The Turko-Bulgarian convention, signed at Constantinople yesterday, provides for amnesty to all Bulgarians compromised in the Macedonian rising of 1903 excepting persons guilty of using dynamite, the repatriation of refugees, the removal of frontier restrictions on Bulgarian trade and travel, and the application of the Austro-Hungarian reform scheme to Macedonia.

Bulgaria undertakes to suppress revolutionary movements in its territory and to prevent the smuggling of arms and explosives across the frontier.

NO ACRIMONY IN THE FIGHT

Hill and Hoffman Will Contest Claims, but Understand Each Other.

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NEW YORK, April 9.—(New York Herald Service-Special to The Bee.)—Acrimony has no part in the legal fight which is being waged between James J. Hill and E. H. Harriman concerning the manner in which the decree of the supreme court in the Northern Securities case shall be obeyed.

Leading representatives of both factions stated this week that each side would leave no stone unturned in upholding its theory of winding up the great holding company, but that Mr. Hill and Mr. Harriman had a perfect understanding that the fight was to be a legal one, and that it would not destroy the railroad harmony of interest in the northwest or precipitate an avalanche.

PORTO RICO WOULD JOIN UNION

Senator Hebrun of Idaho and Porto Rican Representative Visit President.

(Copyright by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(New York Herald Service-Special to The Bee.)—When Senator Hebrun of Idaho called on the president with Representative Fishback of the Porto Rican legislature, Porto Rican affairs and the probable successor to Governor Hunt were subjects of discussion.

The desire is enthusiastic over conditions prevailing in Porto Rico. "Why," he said, "you can be in your hammock and suck an orange and with your big toe kick a sweet potato out of the ground, so prolific is the soil and so little the labor involved in its cultivation."

The desire is almost universal among the Porto Ricans, he declared, for American citizenship. Governor Hunt's accession will not be selected until Governor Hunt arrives here and presents his recommendation to the president.

ALASKAN GAME IN DANGER

Fears Are Expressed Over Probable Operation of Law Intended for Territory.

(Copyright by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

WASHINGTON, April 9.—(New York Herald Service-Special to The Bee.)—A bill has been introduced in the senate by Senator Dillingham on which hinges the important question of game preservation in Alaska. Numerous good authorities say that the passage of this bill would mean the extermination of wild animals in that territory within the next five years.

The bill practically repeals all the existing game laws now in force in the territory and substitutes a quasi-protection for deer, moose and caribou which is so flimsy that its effect would be to place all Alaskan game at the mercy of the residents of Alaska.

PAUPER UNCOVERS FORTUNE

Digs Up Rare Vase of Roman Period Containing Large Number of Coins.

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NANTES, France, April 9.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)—An inmate of the poor house here while digging in the garden unearthed an antique vase, decorated with paintings, and containing 2,000 gold pieces of the Gallo-Roman period. The vase will be sent to the Louvre in Paris, and the coin, estimated to be worth \$60,000, will be divided among the finder and his fellow paupers.

BASIS OF BALKAN AGREEMENT

Turkey Grants Amnesty to Rebels and Bulgaria Will Prevent Outbreaks.

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WILL LOUBET CALL ON POPE?

That is the Question Which is Now Agitating the Press of Paris.

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PARIS, April 9.—(New York World Cablegram-Special Telegram.)—The chief topic in the Parisian press today is President Loubet's prospective visit to Rome. The great question is, will he see only the king, or will he also have an audience with the pope? One thing is nearly certain, and that is that Mme. Loubet will go to the Vatican, even though the president refuses to do so under the present strained conditions. M. Delcasse, who will accompany the president on the pilgrimage, declared his intention of calling upon the pope, and that would indicate that M. Loubet will also have an official audience with his holiness.

Meantime, the removal of the portraits of Christ from the Palace of Justice in Paris has begun. When all these have been taken out the same course will be adopted in all other tribunals in the city.

The French press calls it "the driving out of Christ."