DON'T BELIEVE IT TILL YOU SEE IT IN THE BEE

# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

TRIPLE WAR-NEWS SERVICE, FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORTS, EXCLUSIVE N. Y. HERALD CABLES, COMPLETE N. Y. WORLD DISPATCHES.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871. OMAHA TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 23, 1904—TEN PAGES. SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

## FAVORS BLACK LIST

### Mr. Parry Addresses Citizens' Industrial Association of America.

### LARGE CITIES ARE WELL REPRESENTED

### Labor Situation Discussed from the Side of the Employers.

### PRESIDENT'S SPEECH IS 'A FEATURE

### Says Employers Owe Themselves a Duty Not to Help Labor Leaders.

### OPPOSES METHODS BUT NOT THE UNIONS

**Sentiment of Delegates is in Favor of a Vigorous Stand in Opposition to the Eight-Hour Law.**

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 22.—The first annual convention of the Citizens' Industrial Association of America began today at the auditorium of the Claypool. Over 250 delegates are here. The larger delegations came from Boston, Omaha, Kansas City, Minneapolis, St. Louis, Chicago and Cleveland. One hundred and fifty cities and 400 associations are expected to be represented.

The address of President Parry of Indianapolis was the feature of the program.

Mr. Parry spoke at some length of the various phases of the work that the national association should perform. He declared that the only true solution of the labor question lay in an appeal to the intelligence of the people. "The methods and the economic ideas of trades unionism," said he, "cannot survive thorough public discussion. It should therefore be the first object of the Citizens' Industrial association to carry on an adequate educational propaganda to the end that the public may come to a thorough understanding of the true nature of the 'strike societies' and their detrimental effects upon the interests of all classes, including even those of labor."

**Wants Bureau of Information.**

Mr. Parry then spoke of the moral effect of the national association on party organizations, after which he advocated the creation of a national labor bureau which would keep a record of law violators for the information of employers. Continuing, Mr. Parry said:

Since it is his moral duty not to discriminate between union and independent labor, it is his duty through organization to demonstrate to the general public that he should not be forced into becoming an involuntary party to such discrimination. I do not believe that the general public will support organized labor in its efforts to compel the employer to become its business agent, for such he would become if he be forced to refuse employment to men because they do not belong to the union. The leaders of organized labor will be relieved of a great deal of the burden of maintaining the membership of their organization if the employers could be compelled to keep up this membership for them. Therefore in not resisting the efforts of the labor agitators to make them their tool in the work of fastening the shackles of despotism upon labor the employers are gravely lacking in the duty they owe to labor in general. The employer has a legal right to employ only union men if he chooses, and the members of a union have the legal right to refuse to work with independent labor. But I maintain that neither the employer nor the members of the union have any moral right in either case to thus discriminate against men who do not care to belong to a certain organization. If the unions persist, however, in discriminating against the independent laborer by refusing to work with him, their legal right to discriminate ends with their refusal to work. No union has the legal right to prevent the independent laborer from working, and neither has it the legal right to compel the employer not to hire the independent workman. Now if the unions take the position that there must be discrimination against independent labor as the price for the employment of union labor, then I believe it may become the duty of the employer to discriminate against union labor. The employer is not to be expected to employ men who are seeking to compel him not to employ other men and who are also seeking to invade his rights in other respects. The unions must understand that while men have the right to organize any associations they see fit, there is this qualification that the acts and purposes of such associations shall not be contrary to law and the spirit of American freedom, and they must understand that those who join associations which seek to discriminate against other men may expect in time to find themselves discriminated against.

**Will Oppose Eight-Hour Law.**

The constitution adopted at the preliminary meeting of the association at Chicago, October 29 and 30, will probably be adopted with few changes. The general sentiment of the delegates is that the association should take a vigorous position on the eight-hour bill and that the United States senate should be urged to hear representatives of employers before taking action. Opposition to the so-called anti-injunction bill is heard and a resolution will probably be adopted to this effect. A large delegation will go to Washington when the convention adjourns to oppose the bill.

The establishment of labor bureaus in the country's industrial centers to furnish reports of the labor market will be considered. The plan will be presented to the convention by C. W. Post of Battle Creek, Mich., president of the National Advertisers' association.

Frederick F. Matson of Indianapolis followed Mr. Parry, speaking against the anti-injunction bill. Mr. Matson is the attorney for the national association and will address the house judiciary committee at Washington against the bill this week.

**Euclid Martin on Committee.**

Fred W. Job, secretary of the Chicago employers' association, addressed the convention on "The Inefficiency of the Labor Vote."

President Parry announced the committees for the convention. Among the members of the revision of the constitution are:

C. T. Kinnie, vice president of the Colorado State alliance of Colorado Springs, Colo.

W. W. Stephens, secretary of the River Valley Manufacturers' association of Aurora, Ill.

Ferd C. Schwedman, secretary of the Citizens' Industrial association of St. Louis, Mo.

Thomas C. Powers of Helena, Mont.

Euclid Martin, president of the Businessmen's association of Omaha, Neb.

Fletcher Linn of Portland, Ore.

Of the resolutions committee A. E. DeMange, president of the Citizens' alliance of Bloomington, Ill., and E. G. Hornbrooke, secretary of the Employers' association of Kansas City., Mo., are members.

J. W. Van Cleave, president of the Citizens' Industrial association of St. Louis, Mo., is a member of the committee on rules and order of business.

Following the report of the committees, A. B. Farquahar of York, Pa., read a paper on "Why We Organize."

**Anarchy of Unionism.**

By unanimous vote, accompanied by cheers and loud applause, the following resolution was adopted:

Resolved, That the propaganda of labor unionism in the United States and the

(Continued on Second Page.)

## KING EDWARD INJURES LEG

**Falls Down While Inspecting the Cruiser Cumberland at Portsmouth Harbor.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—While inspecting the cruiser Cumberland, King Edward has been much [illegible]bered by the injuries resulting fr[illegible]ll, says a dispatch to the Americ[illegible] Portsmouth, England. The king vis[illegible]tsmouth in the course of a royal ins[illegible]ion of the naval stations and decided to make a detailed tour of the Cumberland.

He was walking under the armored deck when, although the ship was brilliantly illuminated with electric lights, the king's foot struck a sill of a compartment door and he stumbled and pitched forward. In his fall he injured his leg, but when assisted to his feet declared that the hurt was but slight. He limped ashore, but later complained of pain and was compelled to sit while reviewing the gymnastic exercises given in the naval barracks.

PORTSMOUTH, Feb. 22.—The mishap to King Edawrd yesterday when he stumbled and fell while inspecting the cruiser Cumberland was insignificant. He was not injured and today he was early astir visiting the naval gunnery school at Whale island, inspecting the officers' and men's quarters and witnessing a land attack by a naval brigade. The king afterwards proceeded to Portsea island and was present at torpedo practice and submarine experiments. Last night he presided at a dinner party.

## SLAVONIC STUDENTS CAUSE RIOT.

**Fighting Extends from Church to the United States Consulate.**

VIENNA, Feb. 22.—The disturbance created yesterday at Prague by several hundred Slav students, following a service in the Russian church there, for the success of Russia, was more serious than at first reported. At the beginning of the service fighting began among the opposing factions and several students were injured. Fully 1,000 students proceeded toward the United States consulate to make a hostile demonstration, but were prevented by the police.

After the service the mayor and officials of Prague were given an ovation by the students, who shouted "Long live Russia and France," and "Down with Great Britain, Germany and the United States." Students and others who attempted to make pro-Russian speeches were severely beaten.

## BODY OF ST. LOUIS MAN IN SEINE.

**Henry Hazelton Had Been Missing Since Last December.**

PARIS, Feb. 22.—The body of Henry Hazelton of St. Louis, who had been missing since December 20, 1903, was taken from the river Seine near the Nouilly bridge today by sailors. There were no marks of violence on the body, which has been removed to the morgue.

**May Divide Diocese of Providence.**

ROME, Feb. 22.—At today's congregation meeting of the propaganda it was decided to propose to the pope that the diocese of Providence, R. I., be divided. Fall River to be selected as the see of the new diocese and Rev. William Stang of Providence to be chosen as the new bishop.

**Bursting Dam Kills Many.**

TIEN TSIN, Feb. 22.—A telegram from Tsinan Fu Shan Tung says that hundreds of lives have been lost by the bursting of a dam on the Hwhang Ho.

## TAKES STEAMERS FROM PACIFIC

**American Line Changes Home Port of Several of Its Vessels.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—G. H. Higbie, for some years the Pacific coast manager of the American and Red Star lines of steamers, has been called to New York to become manager at this port. The American line will also bring to this port its Pacific coast steamships. They are the Indiana, the Pennsylvania, the Ohio and the Conemaugh. The Indiana has arrived here, with the largest cargo of salmon ever brought from the Pacific coast, having 7,000 tons on board. The Pennsylvania and the Conemaugh are on their way now. The Ohio is being overhauled at Seattle and will be brought east later.

The Indiana and the Ohio have been in use as government transports, doing service to the Philippines.

## EXPLOSION WRECKS ENGINE

**Oil Burner on Santa Fe Catches Fire and Coach and Depot Are Destroyed.**

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., Feb. 22.—At 12:30 today the engine attached to the westbound Santa Fe limited took fire while stopping at Tehachapi station, on the joint track of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe. The engine was an oil burner and the oil caught fire between the tank and the engine. An explosion followed, wrecking the locomotive and setting fire to a handsome composite coach immediately behind. Both were destroyed. From here the flames spread to the station, a frame structure, which was burned to the ground.

The fire did not go beyond the railroad property. None of the passengers or train crew were injured. The loss, including the engine, car and station, is estimated by the officials at about $50,000.

## HERRICK MAY BE IN CONTROL

**Said That He Will Succeed Hanna as Leader of Ohio Republicans.**

COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 22.—Now that it is claimed by the Hanna republicans of Ohio that Governor Herrick has succeeded Senator Hanna as the dominant power in Ohio republican politics, the following statement made by the governor with reference to the selection of delegates to the national republican convention is important:

"I can only quote from the last letter that Senator Hanna wrote—the last with the exception of a pencil note to the president on January 30, the day of the Gridiron banquet: 'We must organize our full strength and choose the Roosevelt delegates from among our friends.'"

Continuing, the governor said: "The opportunity now arises for all good republicans to unite in the conduct of the party on broad lines, in such a friendly spirit as to eliminate all differences."

**Want Receiver for Steel Company.**

TRENTON, N. J., Feb. 22.—Vice Chancellor Emery today granted an order to show cause why a receiver should not be appointed for the Uniform Steel company of Rahway, N. J. The application was made by the J. B. Conover company, who allege the steel company is insolvent and is indebted to them in the sum of $559.02. The liabilities are placed at $117,874.03. The assets are not given.

## DIETRICH CASE THURSDAY

### Senate Committee Expects to Get Down to Business on That Date.

### FIGHT BEING MADE ON ROSEBUD BILL

**President Said to Oppose Some Features of It and South Dakota Delegation Explains Matter to Him.**

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—The special committee having charge of the Dietrich investigation will, in all probability, have a meeting Thursday morning. Chairman Hoar of the committee said today that notices to his colleagues would be sent out on Wednesday. "Until the disposal of the Panama canal treaty it would be useless to attempt any continued sittings of the committee charged to inquire into Senator Dietrich's case," said Senator Hoar. "With the Panama treaty out of the way the committee will be in a position to commence the active work of investigating the material at hand. As for sending for persons I cannot say anything, as the committee will have to pass upon that matter when the time comes."

**Fight on Rosebud Bill.**

Information from the Interior department is to the effect that President Roosevelt is opposed to certain features of the Rosebud bill. In order that the president should have a clear conception of the bill now pending in the senate the South Dakota delegation tonight had conferences with Mr. Roosevelt and it is understood the Rosebud bill was the main thing talked about. Since the filing of the memorial by the Indian Rights association protesting against the passage of the bill for the reason that the price to be paid the Indians for their lands was too low a number of senators have been approached and entreated to vote against the measure. The senators from South Dakota, however, believe that when the bill comes up for passage they will be able to show good reasons for certain features of the bill which now seem somewhat obscure and that there will be enough votes to assure its passage.

**Minor Matters at Capital.**

Ira A. Hatch, Indian agent at the Cheyenne river agency, S. D., is in Washington on his yearly visit to the Indian office. He reports everything in splendid condition on the agency.

Fremont is to have a rural free delivery route with one carrier, commencing April 1.

Congressman Burkett today introduced a joint resolution in the house extending the time in which to complete the Akron, Sterling & Northern railroad in Alaska. It is understood that Nebraska interests are engaged in this enterprise.

Representative Walter I. Smith of Council Bluffs today introduced a bill to increase the cost of the public building at Atlantic, Ia., to $40,000.

Lee Spratlin of Omaha arrived in the city today.

## NURSE ROBS HER EMPLOYERS

**During Excitement of Hanna Funeral Decamps with Money and Jewels, but is Arrested.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Mrs. Agnes French, recently employed as a nurse in the family of Postmaster General Payne in Washington, was arrested today in Brooklyn by central office detectives. She is said to have decamped last Thursday from the Arlington hotel, Washington, with $100 in cash and about $1,700 worth of jewelry belonging to Mrs. Payne and other members of the family.

The theft was committed during the excitement attendant upon the funeral of Senator Hanna. Mrs. French was traced to this city and when brought to police headquarters acknowledged her guilt, saying:

"I am guilty and am willing to take the consequences. The fact is I needed the money."

She surrendered to the police $55 in cash, about $700 worth of jewelry and a handsome fur boa, which she had purchased with the proceeds of the theft, remarking:

"I might as well give this up, too."

She will be handed over to the federal authorities tomorrow.

## UNIONS WILL FIGHT DISEASE

**At Suggestion of Society for Prevention of Tuberculosis Work Will Begin.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—An appeal has been made to union labor here for co-operation with the Society for the Prevention of Tuberculosis. The secretary of the society presented the matter at a meeting of the federation. His figures showing the spread of the disease in the tenement district caused a sensation among the delegates. He also declared that 10 per cent of the deaths in the United States are due to pulmonary tuberculosis.

The trades in the order of their tendency to contract tuberculosis he classified as follows: Marble and stone cutters, cigarmakers, compositors, pressmen, hat and cap makers, bookkeepers, cabinet makers, musicians, glass blowers and barbers.

Cleanliness, better sanitary conditions and isolation of patients were recommended. A committee of unionists was appointed with instructions to co-operate with the charity society.

## SNOWSLIDE BURIES TRACKS

**Two Hundred Feet of Rio Grande Roadbed Under the Debris.**

SALT LAKE CITY, Feb. 22.—The Weber City branch of the Denver & Rio Grande is completely blockaded by a huge snow slide in the canyon below Bridal Veil falls. So terrific was the slide that rocks and timber were carried far up the other side of the canyon and the Provo river was completely dammed for some distance. For a distance of 200 feet the track is buried from seventy-five to ninety feet under the snow and debris.

## BANDITS FAIL TO WRECK TRAIN

**Unsuccessful Attempt Made by Would-Be Robbers on Northern Pacific.**

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 22.—A special to the Record from Billings says that an attempt was made last night to hold up Northern Pacific train No. 1, the North Coast limited, westbound, between Fargo and Valley City, N. D.

A rail was removed by the would-be robbers, but they were discovered and fled. A posse is said to be in pursuit.

## THREE PERISH IN THE FLAMES

**Fire in Chicago Theater and Hotel Building Results in Death.**

CHICAGO, Feb. 22.—Fire today partially destroyed the building occupied by the Alhambra theater, hotel and apartments. The structure was three stories high and fronted on Archer avenue and State and Nineteenth streets.

After the fire was extinguished the remains of three persons, two men and a woman, who had been suffocated, were found in the ruins. There were many narrow escapes and several had to be carried down the fire escapes. The loss is estimated at $75,000.

The Alhambra theater, around which the hotel is built, was partly destroyed. In the theater new stage fittings and furnishings had been installed and remodeling in compliance with the new theater ordinance, had practically been completed.

The fire is believed to have started from an overheated boiler in the basement of the Alhambra restaurant. The smoke soon filled the halls of the upper stories and but for the night clerk, Phillip Vingo, the firemen asserted, there probably would have been much greater loss of life. He ran through the halls, awakening the 200 guests. A moment later the halls were filled with half-clad men and women, who groped their way down the stairs to the snow-covered streets and sought refuge in neighboring stores.

The Alhambra theater is owned by Stair & Haviland, owners of the Bijou, Columbus and other theaters in Chicago.

Fully fifty of the guests, most of them women, were carried down ladders by firemen.

The three bodies were found in a room on the top floor of the building. From the position of the remains, the two men had apparently attempted to assist the woman to escape, but had been overcome by the smoke. All clothing was burned from the bodies and the flesh seared and scorched. The remains of the men were identified as William Fisher and Frank Beckman, both of whom had recently arrived from Cincinnati. The body of the woman was identified as that of Anna Wells.

## NAB MAN WHO SWINDLED HOMAN

**Los Angeles Police Locate Anderson, Who Worked Omaha Man for Five Thousand.**

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Feb. 22.—(Special Telegram.)—Carl Anderson, alias D. S. Spring, is under arrest here for forgery and obtaining money by false pretenses. Anderson is believed by the officers to be the leader of a gang of real estate sharpers, whose operations extend from the Pacific coast to Chicago. Through a woman confederate who impersonated Mrs. Mary F. Griswold of this city, it is alleged that Anderson secured what purported to be a warranty deed to five acres of land in Pasadena and a number of lots here belonging to Mrs. Griswold, and by false pretenses to a notary public secured an abstract of title to the Pasadena property. Armed with these documents Anderson went east, where he sold the Pasadena property to W. R. Homan of Omaha, Neb., receiving in part payment of this $5,000 consideration, a note and mortgage for $550.

About ten days ago Anderson returned to Los Angeles and the officers having been notified by the police department of Omaha were on the lookout for the man for whose arrest there is a reward of $100. When first taken to the police station Anderson denied everything, but when confronted with evidence which had been secured against him he broke down and confessed.

Omaha authorities are certain Anderson had been operating extensively in Nebraska, Iowa and throughout the Missouri river valley and an effort will be made to trace him through these places.

## JEWS ARE NOT AIDING JAPAN

**Dr. Silverman of New York Speaks of Probable Action of American Jews.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—In a sermon on "The Jew as a Patriot" Rev. Dr. Joseph Silverman of the Temple Emu-El has branded as false reports that the Jews of the United States are raising a fund to purchase a war ship for Japan. He said:

I am astonished and pained that any one could believe such a statement to be true. There is no movement on foot among American Jews to do anything of the kind. We're not living in any political sense as Jews in this country; we shall not side for or against Russia as Jews.

We follow the policy of the American government, and if the policy is defined, we Jewish-Americans will side with out government to befriend Russia or Japan, as the case may be.

The temporary persecution, massacre or riot by the disorderly element among Russians of Jews will not cause us to take sides one way or the other in a struggle that is international and seems about to become even broader.

The worst feature of anti-semitism is the charge, often made, that the Jew is a stranger in the country in which he resides; that he is not an integral part of the people and cannot be a true patriot. This charge has often been refuted, but still requires an answer, because there are thousands and thousands who will not listen to the truth and who still, in different countries, reiterate the charge with vehement emphasis.

The fact is that the Jew is a patriot by nature, training and by virtue of his religion. The Jew is so constituted that he becomes the best patriot of all nations, and there is sufficient evidence in history to bear out this statement.

## BALTIMORE HOLIDAY ENDS

**All the Banks of the Ruined City Will Resume Their Regular Business Operations.**

BALTIMORE, Feb. 22.—Though it was Washington's birthday and a legal holiday, the dynamiting or pulling down of dangerous walls still left standing in the burned district was continued today.

Here and there in the ruins from the tops of roofs that were spared the American flag was seen floating in honor of the day. The bank holiday proclaimed by Governor Warfield ended with today and tomorrow all the banks will resume their regular business operations.

## POPULISTS HOLD A MEETING

**Members of National Committee Assemble to Fix Date for the Convention.**

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 22.—Thirty members of the national committee of the populist party met at the Southern hotel today for the purpose of fixing the time and place of the national convention.

Mr. Parker presided and made a brief speech, in which he outlined the object of the meeting. He declared that the fusionists and middle-of-the-roaders should get together this year and that the party should on no condition affiliate with either of the old parties.

## BOUND TO GET SHIPS OUT

### Russia Working on Turkey to Open the Gate at the Dardanelles.

### THREATEN INDIA IF ENGLAND OBJECTS

**Germany May Mix In if China Takes Any Part in Struggle Between Japan and Russia, Emperor Fearing "Yellow Peril."**

(Copyrighted by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 22.—(New York Herald Service—Special Telegram to The Omaha Bee.)—I have received further corroboration that active negotiations are in progress for the passage of the Dardanelles by the Russian Black sea fleet. I am further informed that this is the reason why such pains have been taken of late to obtain the good will of Austria. Germany will very probably be willing to further Russia's plan, being glad enough to find thereby means of realizing its well known ambitions in Asia Minor and let Russia weaken itself in fighting in the far east. Russia knows all this, but it nevertheless determined to get its ships through even if it is necessary to adopt the subterfuge of altering their appearance, disguising them as merchantmen.

The porte is almost willing, and if England makes any objection to the passage it will be the signal for an immediate advance toward India.

Admiral Alexieff's retirement to Harbin with his staff is interpreted to mean that he is convinced that the Japanese will besiege Port Arthur, whereas also at Vladivostok it is stated the supplies are far from plentiful. The order of the day is that the Japanese will be allowed to occupy Corea. The fleet has received instructions not to engage in any fight at present, but to remain on the defensive until the beginning of July, when a half of the whole Baltic fleet will be dispatched to the far east. It is hoped also by that time that part of the Black sea fleet will be also on the way.

Work on all the ships under construction is being specially pushed forward.

The German emperor remains neutral, but only until the moment when China fires the first shot, when, I am informed here, Germany will send a fleet and also an army corps. Emperor William being possessed with almost a monomania on the subject of the "Yellow Peril."

A railway accident has taken place close to Lake Baikal. Several soldiers were killed and others injured. The accident delayed traffic two days.

The Gazette publishes a telegram saying that Mr. Allen, the United States minister at Seoul, has received instructions from his government to send the transport Zafiro to pick up Americans who are in the Ping Yang district and remove them to Chemulpo. In addition Mr. Allen has made arrangements for the protection of American gold mining interests at Wiju. It is presumed here that Mr. Allen is purposely taking this course to create an incident which will give the United States a pretext to land troops there. Admiral Evans' threat to land marines at New Chwang in case of trouble and danger to the United States consulate is noted here as yet another of the pin pricks given Russia by the United States.

**PARIS BOURSE IS MUCH QUIETER.**

**Denial of Reports Set Minds of Financiers at Ease.**

PARIS, Feb. 22.—As a result of the official denial of the alarming reports as to the attitude of prominent financiers prices on the Bourse today were much firmer. From the opening an upward tendency was apparent. Rentes were quoted at the beginning of the session at an advance of 1 franc 45 centimes over the closing price of Saturday. The firmness existing in these securities extended to others, including foreign securities. Brazilians opened with an advance of 2 francs 20 centimes, Italians 2 francs 85 centimes, and Servians 3 francs 50 centimes. During the day strong buying developed.

During the second part of the session business was inactive and calm, but the good tone continued to the close, internationals showing a general advance of 2 to 3 points. French, Spanish and Turkish securities particularly improved. Russian imperial is closed at 92.10. Rio Tintos gained 22 francs.

The authorities declare there has been no official intervention save that of denial of false reports.

The private rate of discount was 2⅝ per cent.

Regarding the offer of the French Red Cross society to send relief immediately to Manchuria, M. Meliedoff, the Russian ambassador, has written to the Russian authorities on the subject. He says the land operations will not commence before some weeks and then only should practical relief measures be taken. This statement is accepted as an indication that the Russians wish to complete the concentration of their troops before engaging in a decisive combat.

M. Rendue, secretary general of the Chamber of Stock Brokers, said today that the measures determined upon by Finance Minister Rouvier and M. de Verneuil, representing the Chamber of Stock Brokers, at the conference yesterday evening would, he felt confident, result in a continuance of the good tone of the market. He added that there will be no active intervention by the government, which will only seek to prevent the circulation of false reports, and on their part these brokers would urge their clients to be less excitable.

**REQUESTS PRAYERS FOR JAPANESE**

**Des Moines Minister Would Check Devouring Career of Russia.**

DES MOINES, Feb. 22.—Rev. Dr. Guild, pastor of Grace Methodist Episcopal church, last night urged his congregation to pray for the success of Japan. He said:

Men talk of English greed. It is kind charity compared with Russia's devouring career. Over 100 nations and peoples have been conquered—harpooned—by the imperial eagle's claws and dropped into the bubbling cauldron which blends the whole into a feast for despotism. Out of sheer necessity Japan has grappled with this monster and the Anglo-Saxon should offer it encouragement. It becomes Christians, whether in America or elsewhere, to pray to the God of nations, to the God of battle, to save the earth from such despotism.

**CHINESE WILL OBSERVE THE WAR.**

**Attache Sent to Port Arthur to Study Russian Methods.**

TIEN TSIN, Feb. 22.—Yiun Shi Ki, the commander-in-chief of the Chinese forces, has sent an officer to Port Arthur to act as Chinese military attache with the Russian forces.

It is said the reason no imperial troops have started for the border is that Russia refuses to guarantee that the Liao river region will be regarded as a neutral zone in the event of hostilities in that vicinity.

## NEBRASKA WEATHER FORECAST

**Snow in North and Rain, Turning to Snow in South Portion Tuesday; Wednesday Fair.**

**Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:**

| Hour. | Deg. | Hour. | Deg. |
|---|---|---|---|
| 5 a. m. | 10 | 1 p. m. | 44 |
| 6 a. m. | 11 | 2 p. m. | 46 |
| 7 a. m. | 13 | 3 p. m. | 49 |
| 8 a. m. | 14 | 4 p. m. | 51 |
| 9 a. m. | 18 | 5 p. m. | 52 |
| 10 a. m. | 23 | 6 p. m. | 51 |
| 11 a. m. | 30 | 7 p. m. | 48 |
| 12 m. | 38 | 8 p. m. | 48 |
| | | 9 p. m. | 47 |

## JAPANESE MAY MOVE SLOWLY

**Minister to London Predicts Waiting Game in Corea.**

LONDON, Feb. 22.—The latest advices of Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister to Great Britain, lead him to believe that the Japanese troops may now wait possibly two or three months before undertaking aggressive operations in Manchuria. He said:

We have found that Russia is so unexpectedly unprepared that I should not be surprised if the Japanese land forces contented themselves with establishing a thorough organization and advancing as the construction of the railroad toward the Yalu river progresses. Russia appears to be less prepared than was China in 1895. I believe that only three trains a day can be run through Manchuria. Supposing these are equally divided between troops and supplies, as would be necessary, Russia could not perceptibly strengthen its land force before April. Japan's naval coup has been so unexpectedly successful that I rather think our troops will take their time. The shallow inlets are now frozen over, retarding the disembarkation of our forces. This is especially true at Port Arthur, where a near landing of troops is impossible owing to the ice.

Baron Hayashi does not credit the report that 2,500 Russian soldiers have been killed in an outpost engagement on the Yalu river. He says there is no Japanese force in that vicinity large enough to inflict such a loss.

The only naval development Baron Hayashi expects in the near future is a possible attack on the Japanese fleet by the powerful Russian torpedo flotilla at Port Arthur hitherto unused. On the Japanese side, except possibly actions against the Russian Vladivostok squadron, the Japanese minister does not look for developments at present, believing that Tokio will be satisfied to keep the disabled Russian squadron at Port Arthur. The minister credits the Russians with having barely 100,000 troops in Manchuria.

The owners of the British steamer Rosalie, from Cardiff, November 22, for Vladivostok, and which sailed from Nagasaki January 18, have been notified that it has been captured by the Russians at Vladivostok.

**FEAR TROUBLE ON THE BLACK SEA**

**Russia Places Heavy Guns in Position to Defend Odessa.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Heavy guns are being put into position on the coast about ten miles from Odessa covering the approach to the port, according to a Times dispatch from Warsaw. The correspondent also points out that these preparations are being made in view of untoward happenings around the Black sea. The effect of war in the far east upon the Balkan situation is the chief diplomatic question in many European cabinets.

Russian warships are reported between Japan and Corea, says a Tokio dispatch to the American. Transports carrying troops across are heavily convoyed in consequence. The prefectual office has received a telegram from the chief magistrate of the island of Miyake, south of the gulf of Corea, reporting that twelve Russians debarked in a boat from a vessel in the offing on February 19. The movements of this mysterious party are not understood, but inquiry is under way. The Tamagara Maru, which arrived at Shimoneski Sunday, reports that the ship was followed by four warships from a point seven miles off Fusan to the island of Tsushima, where the chase was abandoned.

**CHINA MAY NOT STAY NEUTRAL**

**Chinese Minister Quoted as Saying Present Course is Temporary.**

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—An interview attributed to the Chinese minister here quotes that diplomat, says a World dispatch from Berlin, as having proclaimed that China's neutrality is only temporary; that no one, not even the most astute politicians, can tell what a day will bring forth in China's attitude. The minister is quoted as having said:

It should never be forgotten that the war will be fought out in Manchuria on Chinese territory and that the excitement of the Chinese people will increase as the war progresses. Naturally, therefore, the Chinese government may be expected on any one day to decide that its continued neutrality is neither possible nor desirable.

Thirty thousand well drilled Chinese troops are already stationed in the province of Chili ready at a moment's notice from Peking to enter Manchuria.

Our nation admires the Japanese and sympathizes decidedly with their efforts.

**RUSSIAN CAVALRY INVADES COREA.**

**Appear Near Anju in the Northern Part of the Kingdom.**

(Copyrighted by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

SHANGHAI, Feb. 22.—(New York Herald Cablegram—Special Telegram to The Bee.)—An official telegram from Tokio states that Russian cavalry has appeared in the vicinity of Anju, in northern Corea.

A Chinese official at Mukden reports that the bands of mounted bandits in Manchuria has been organized into six divisions. Their object will be to destroy the railway, sever telegraph lines and cut off stragglers and supplies until the Japanese come, when they will ask for enrollment in the Japanese army.

The Russian gunboat Mandjur has not yet moved out into the river and the Chinese hesitate to employ force, fearing Russia designs to use their action as a pretext to impugn China's neutrality.

**GERMANY GROWING SUSPICIOUS.**

**Desires to Know About Reported Alliance of England and Spain.**

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BERLIN, Feb. 22.—(New York Herald Cablegram—Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The report from Madrid that Spain had concluded its alliance with England attracted much attention, but it is generally discredited. It is, however, declared to be advisable to obtain a formal denial from the Spanish government.

The Berlin press continues to devote considerable space to the reported armaments of Spain and Portugal and other neutral powers. Telegrams from Lisbon speak of the possible mobilization of 15,000 men.

**Corean Minister Leaves.**

VANCOUVER, B. C., Feb. 22.—Minhui Cho, formerly Corean minister to Washington, but transferred to Tokio as Japanese minister from Corea, passed through on his way to Japan today. He said the Japanese forces were as good on land as on water and thought much of the fighting would occur in Corea.

## JAP SHIPS ARE BUSY

### Four Russian Torpedo Boat Destroyers Fall Into Their Hands.

### VENTURED OUTSIDE OF THE HARBOR

### Tokio Has Rumor of Another Naval Attack on Port Arthur.

### NO CONFIRMATION OF STORY RECEIVED

### Authorities in Japan Consider the Report as Probable, However.

### RUSSIANS FIRE ON A GERMAN VESSEL

**Story of Blowing Up of Russian Cruiser by Mines in the Harbor is Confirmed—Troops Being Pushed to the Yalu.**

(Copyrighted by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

NAGASAKI, Feb. 22.—(New York Herald Cablegram—Special Telegram to The Bee.)—Four Russian torpedo boat destroyers have been captured at Port Arthur by the Japanese squadron and their crews have been transferred. Russian signals were again used with success.

(Copyrighted by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

CHE FOO, Feb. 22.—(New York Herald Cablegram—Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The Japanese report that five Japanese warships are off New Chwang. The German steamer Pronto arrived today, bringing the last batch of 300 Japanese refugees from Dalny and Manchuria. It reports everything quiet, but business absolutely abandoned. The governor of Dalny probably will join the viceroy and remove to Mukden. Incoming vessels report having met a part of the Japanese fleet cruising in the gulf of Pechili.

The German steamer Pronto, which arrived today, reports that when it arrived at the roadstead of Port Arthur on the evening of February 10 the officer in command of the guardship requested it to extinguish its lights, which was accordingly done, but shortly after midnight it was flashed upon by the searchlights of the watch, and the warships, mistaking it for a Japanese vessel, fired upon it several times, damaging the chart room, the saloon deck and the officers' cabin. Its signals were, however, recognized shortly after and the firing ceased.

The British steamer Shipian also underwent the same experience. Both vessels are lodging complaints against the Russian government through the consuls here. The damage amounts to several thousand pounds.

Port Arthur is said to be entirely out of beef and vegetables and drawing on Dalny for a slim supply. Troops are being pushed toward the Yalu with all possible haste.

The Pronto was sent to Port Arthur and Dalny for refugees. While leaving Port Arthur with all lights out, it was fired on by a Russian cruiser, fifteen shots striking its upper works. It was subsequently explained that it was mistaken for a Japanese torpedo boat. The entrance to Dalny is honeycombed with mines. Nothing was seen on the passage to this port of either the Russian or Japanese fleets.

(Copyrighted by New York Herald Co., 1904.)

NAGASAKI, Feb. 22.—(New York Herald Cablegram—Special Telegram to The Bee.)—The four Russian cruisers which went out to bombard Hokodate were prevented from doing so by a snowstorm. They returned to Vladivostok on February 12, bringing with them forty-two men, women and children from the small Japanese steamer Nakonowra, which they sunk. Two of the crew were drowned. The captives, including the children, were paraded on February 15 through the streets as prisoners of war. The cruisers are refitting to sally forth again with five torpedo boats and the transport Lena, formerly the Moscow, to attack Hokodate.

**Rumor of Attack on Port Arthur.**

TOKIO, Feb. 22.—It is reported here that Vice Admiral Togo has again attacked Port Arthur. It is impossible to confirm the statement, but the Navy department says it has had no news from Togo today.

It is considered very probable that the vice admiral has made another attack on the Russians, as he is engaged in blockading Port Arthur.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—The small Russian cruiser reported destroyed in the above dispatch was probably the Boyarin, previously announced to have been blown up by a mine at Port Arthur, February 13, and which another account said run on the rocks while endeavoring to pick up a number of mines which had been brought to the surface during a violent storm. It was stated in the St. Petersburg report of the disaster that the entire crew of the Boyarin, 197 in number, were lost.

**JAPANESE ARE NOW WELL PLEASED**

**Hear Good News from France and from Germany.**

TOKIO, Feb. 22.—The assurance of France that the Russian flotilla, except two torpedo boat destroyers, which have been disarmed and will be detained until the war ends, have left Jibutil, French Somaliland, reached Tokio today and produced a feeling of general satisfaction. The government is confident of the intention of France to refrain from permitting the Russians to use its ports as bases for naval operations, but is concerned over the long delay of the flotilla at Jibutil, and has made representations to France on the subject.

The reaffirmation of French neutrality is highly reassuring to the present diplomatic situation. It is the opinion here that the maintenance of neutrality of the Oriental ports is extremely advantageous to Japan, as it insures its mastery of the naval situation and limits the Russian source of supply to the Transsiberian railroad.

The news of the escape from death of the crew of the Nakonoura Maru was received in Tokio with satisfaction and perceptibly less was the feeling of bitterness toward the Russians at the first report of the sinking of the ship. A prisoners' intelligence bureau has been created and regulations regarding the treatment of prisoners of war published. The Tokio government, it is understood, has anticipated the necessity of soon providing for the care of Russian prisoners.

Baron Kaneko, who, as already announced, will sail for the United States on Thursday, is charged with a diplomatic mission concerning the neutrality relations of the two countries.

Kehachiro Okahura, a millionaire of Tokio, offers his private museum for sale in America and England for $1,000,000, which he purposes to donate to the Japanese war fund.

The museum contains the most famous private collection in Japan and represents the labor of thirty years in collecting and an expenditure of exceeding 1,000,000 yen.