SELECTS PANAMA COMMISSION

President Has Decided on Men to Handle Construction of Canal.

NAMES ARE TO BE ANNOUNCED LATER

All Will Accept Places Tendered and Will Be Nominated After Treaty is Approved by the Sennte.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 20. - President personnel of the commission will be made as soon as the treaty with Panama shall have been ratified next Tuesday. As heretofore chronicled by the Associated Press. Rear Admiral John W. Walker, who is president of the existing Isthmian Canal commission, will be a member of the new commission, probably its head, and General George W. Davis also will be a member. In addition to those two Colonel Frank G. Hecker of Detroit, who during the Span-

isb-American was was director of transportation for the War department, has been chosen for a place on the commission. He has indicated his acceptance of the appointment. The commission is to be composed of seven members. The other four have been selected, but no intimation is given as to who they may be, except that one of them is a prominent man of Louis-

It is understood to be quite certain that former Senator James K. Jones of Arkanformer Governor Sayers of Texas Isham Randolph of Chicago, who was the chief engineer of the Chicago drainage canal, and former Senator Harris of Kanas, all of whom have been named prominently in connection with appointment on the commission, the not among the selections of the president. It is said the president will receive acceptances from all of the men whom he has chosen for the com-

Complete Postoffice Bill. The house committee on postoffices and

post roads today completed the postoffice appropriation bill, which carries \$169,997,588. The total appropriation for rural free de- the pool room has been run. livery service is \$21,000,000. Last year this July 1, 1904, carriers shall not solicit bust- tion, follow: ness or receive orders of any kind for any person, firm or corporation, and shall not any merchandize for hire. A provision also is placed in the bill for the appointment by the president of a purchasing agent for the Postoffice department. This change contemplates consolidating all four "supply" divisions now maintained under one head and is intended as a measure of reform.

The postmaster general is also authorized for utilize the care through the tampels of them will die from their wounds.

to utilize the cars through the tunnels of the Illinois Tunnel company of Chicago for carrying the mails in that city.

Kan., is continued. The item for railway transportation amounts to \$45,000,000, which is an increase

of about 3 per cent. The bill will be considered in the house about March 1.

Nominations by President. The president today sent to the senate

the following nominations: Consul-Fred D. Fisher, Oregon,

Oklahomans Ask Advice. President Roosevelt had a conference to-

day with Delegate Maguire of Okiahoma and a delegation of three other well known citizens of the territory, Judge Bleeper, Mayor Turner of Lawton and Mr. Cunningham, prosecuting attorney at Lawton. about the disposition of the proceeds of the sale of town lots in Lawton, Anadarko and Hobart. The fund aggregates about \$750,000 and is to be used for city and county improvements. Differences of oninion have arisen as to the way in which the money is to be expended. In order to adjust these difficulties delegations from the territory have taken up the subject with Secretary Hitchcock and the president. No decision yet has been reached.

Postmaster General Loses Jewels. About \$1,600 worth of jewelry and \$150 in cash have been stolen from the hotel apartments of Postmaeter General Payne. Detectives are investigating.

Wants Army Camp in Idaho Senator Heyburn today introduced amendment to the army appropriation bill appropriating \$500,000 for the purchase of 20,000 nores of land in Spokane county. Washington, and Kootenal county, Idaho, for the establishment of a permanent camp ground for the regular army and naval

President Approves Records. The president has approved the records

THE VALUE OF CHARCOAL Few People Know How Cecful it is in

Preserving Realth and Beauty.

Nearly everybody knows that charcoal is the safest and most efficient disinfectant and purifier in nature, but few realize its value when taken into the human system for the same cleansing purpose.

Charcoal is a remedy that the more you take of it the better; it is not a drug at all, but simply absorbs the gases and impurities always present in the stomach and intestines and carries them out of the

Charcoal sweetens the breath after smoking, drinking or after eating onions and other odorous vegetables.

Charcoal effectually clears and improves the complexion, it whitens the teeth and further acts as a natural and eminently mafe carthartic.

It absorbs the injurious gases which collect in the stomach and bowels; it disinfeets the mouth and throat from the

poison of catarrh. All druggists sell charcoal in one form or another, but probably the hest charcoal

and the most for the money is in Stuart's Absorbent Lozenges; they are composed of the finest powdered Willow charcoal and other harmless antisopties in tablet form. or, rather, in the form of large, pleasant tasting losenges, the charcost being mixed with honey.

The daily use of these lozenges will soon tell in a much improved condition of the renoral health, better complexion, sweeter breath and purer blood, and the beauty of it is, that no pamible harm can re ulfrom their continued use, but, on the con-

trary, great belieft. A Buffalo physician, in speaking of the charcool, says: I Billy imp Stuart's Absorbent Lorenges to all patients suffering from gas in the stomach and bowels, and to clear the complexion and purity the breath, mouth and threat; I ilso believe the liver is greatly benefited by the daily use of them; they cost but twenty-five cents a box at drug storom, and although in some sense a patent preparaion, yet I believe I get more and better charcoal in Stuart's Absorbent Losenges than in any of the ordinary charcesi tak-

of the examining board which promoted TWENTY-FIVE DIE IN WREC Jawell, William M. Fosher and Casper

Send Observers to Japan. Japan having acceded to the request of this government to be allowed the privilege sending military observers with the forces in the field, the general staff today designated these four officers for the pur pose: Colonel Crowder, judge advocate Captains March and Morrison of the artil lery and Captain Kuhn of the ongineer corps. Crowder and March are in this city and Morrison is in Mantia.

Would Increase Pensions. Several bills were introduced in the senattoday for the increase of soldiers' and Roosevelt has selected the men who are satiors' pensions in cases of serious disto constitute the new Panama Canal com- ability. Senator Burrows proposed an inmission and formal announcement of the crease to \$75 a month for the loss of both legs or deafness in both ears. Senator Hoar proposed an increase to \$100 a month for total blindness and Senator Gallinger proposed an increase to \$20 per month for

all survivors of the Mexican war. Arrest Artillery Officer. Lieutenant J. S. Oakes of the artillery corps has been arrested at Fort Monroe after an absence of nearly one month with out leave. He will be tried by a general

court-martial, Elgin and Waltham watches at your own Adler's auction sale of unredeemed

S. E. Cor. 12th and Farnam Sts.

WILL KEEP UP THE FIGHT Madison Business Men Decide to Continue War on Pool

Rooms.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 20 .- The war on the Madison (III.) pool room has not ended. A meeting was held today by the Business Men's Improvement league of Madison and it was decided to continue the fight vigorously. Resolutions condemning the action almost in front of the telegraph station, of the police in defending and assisting the was terrific. Everything within a radius pool room gamblers and "provoking hos- of half a mile was wrecked. tilities" were adopted. A decision was reached to lay the entire matter before the grand jury and to also take it up directly with the attorney general of Illinois with the purpose of putting a stop, in a legal The appropriation last year was \$153,500,000. way, to the official connivance under which

The four members of the citizens' posse item was \$12,600,000. The salary of rural who were arrested on charges of breach of free delivery carriers is increased from \$000 the peace have been released on bond. It to \$750. This provision regarding rural car- is now definitely stated that the wounded riers is inserted in the bill. On and after number six. Their names, with one excep-

Lee Harlsn, Madison, severe scalp wound; struck over the head with the butt end of during their hours om employment carry a revolver.

Edward Downs, St. Louis, shot in face;

None of them will die from their wounds,

it is thought. The police began today to disarm all The fast mails subsidy, amounting to \$25,- members of the posse whom they could between Kaneas City and Newton, find. It was stated by members of the pital. posse that the police were even entering the houses of the posse members and conducting their search for arms there. It is declared if necessary the citizens would find the means to arm themselves

again. Victor Schuler and eleven men associated with him in the Madison pool room arrived in Madison this afternoon and went at once to the office of Police Magistrate C. Consul—Fred D. Fisher, Oregon, at L. Gibbs, where they gave bond in the sum marshal—Trevanyou L. Matthews of the district of Nebraska.

Marshal—Trevanyou L. Matthews of the district of Nebraska.

Postmasters: Kansas—M. M. Lee, St. Marys.

Marys.

Missouri—Lauriston H. Condit, Canton. L. Gibbs, where they gave bond in the sum of that structure. 25 for preliminary hearing on warrants isthem with maintaining a gambling house.

The men are: Victor Schuler, Whitfield Brooks, E. C. Bruno, Lee Wagner, George Zeller, Charles Fielding, Joe Young, Joe Graham, Joseph Keily, Joseph Garner, Eugene Wall and E.

W. Hilker. state whether or not they would open for business this afternoon. The fact that the siderable comment in Madison, when it became known. Graham exhibited a bullet by a shot fired by a posseman.

It was half an hour later than the usual opening hour when the party reached the pool room, which they immediately prepared for the crowd that came on the Illinois Central train.

As the 200 St. Louis men, most of them regular visitors to the place, entered, they were greeted by Graham, who joked with them about "yesterday's battle."

One of the employes marked up the entries and the odds on the first races, and immediately the money began to flow into the coffers of the pool room.

Chief of Pelice McCambridge and Policeman Street were present in the betting shed and the bar.

So far everything was running as usual except that additional zest was given the afternoon sport by the relating of incidents of the afternoon before. The entire afternoon seemed to be regarded as a joke by the patrons.

BLAZING CAR GOES DOWN HILL Pittaburg is Given Lively Exhibition by Accident to Street Our Motors.

PITTSBURG, Feb. 20 .- A blazing Larimer venue electric car, with all brakes off nd with twenty passengers aboard, raced down Fifth avenue early today from Grant almost to market street. For fifteen minutes after the car came to a less than frantic. The market hestiated stop, it blazed like a furnace. Four of somewhat at the outset and a moment of ured, may die.

the rear and attempted to hold the 4 cents above the close last night. car from that end. The second motor | Pandemonium accompanied the advance. also exploded, and in and instant the Brokers rushed madly back and forth bethe pante that followed some one re-

platform to escape the fiames. font platform. Others attempted to follow. ut the crowd was packed too tightly. When Mirke' street was reached and the car stopped of itself, several people were still cheard, sithough the car was more than half ablaze. E. J. Thompson broke through a window and dragged with him an unidentified colored woman. He was severely burt.

Miss Greenup and John Jones were taken to the Homeopythic hospital. car was almost entirely consumed.

The Devil in Georgia. Uncle Dickey says they have a new preacher at his church who promises to "run the devil out of town in two weeks." He considers that a big undertaking, re marking. "Do devil been a runnin' dat chu'ch fer ten years widout a vacation. But dat's his bisiness, an' he sho' got sumpin' ter 'ten' ter."-Atlanta Constitution.

Oar of Dynamite Explodes as Result of Ochlision of Trains.

ACCIDENT NEAR THE LUCIN CUT-OFF Of the Forty-Eight People at Jackson

Station, Utah, Only Nine Escape Death or Injury.

OGDEN, Utah, Feb. 20 .- Twenty-five persons have been killed, fifteen injured, several, it is believed, fatally, and a great amount of railroad property destroyed by an explosion of a carload of dynamite at Jackson, a telegraph station on the western end of the great Ogden-Lucin cutoff of the Southern Pacific railroad.

The explosion was caused by a collision between two freight trains, due, it is said, to the failure of the air brake apparatus to work. Eight of the dead and five of the injured are Americans; the others are Greek laborers.

The dead: T. W. DURKEE, section foreman. MRS. W. T. DURKEE. THREE DURKEE CHILDREN.

J. W. BURKE, a former general fore-W. T. HOLLER, messenger, formerly of Andrew, Ind.

OWEN DERMODY, conductor, formerly of Beaver Dam, Wis. SEVENTEEN GREEK LABORERS. The injured:

Engineer Leina, slight,

Conductor Courtney, slight.

Engineer Stanton, slight. Operator Taylor and wife, injured about face and body. Ten Greck inborers, all seriously injured. tween the two trains, which met head-on

Effect of Explosion Widely Felt. The town of Terrace, fifteen miles north, was shaken as though by an earthquake. Window panes at Colon, fifteen mile away, were shattered, and the noise was heard

in this city, eighty-one miles away. The ground on which the trains were standing was torn up for over 1,000 feet, leaving a great excavation thirty feet in depth. Fragments of a dozen freight cars and two engines were thrown for incredible distances over the surrounding country, the station building was blown to splinters and the dead and injured were scattered for hundreds of feet in all directions, most of them having their clothing torn off.

Telegraph wires and poles were torn down for 1,000 feet, and the first knowledge of the disaster came from Terrace, fifteen mile away, the operator at that point reporting to headquarters that he saw an immense cloud of white smoke ascend from Jackson and spread out at a great height. A relief train with doctors and stretchers was quickly dispatched from this city.

were placed in the company's general hos-The great loss of life among the Greeks is accounted for by the fact that they occupied outfitting cars which were standing near the spot where the explosion occurred. Of the forty-six persons at Jackson at the time of the explosion, only nine es-

The train returned with the injured, who

caped death or injury. The great railroad trestle over the lake was not damaged, the explosion occurring a short distance beyond the wetsern end

PENNSYLVANIA ROAD HAS WRECK.

One Killed and Several Injured at Hobart, Indiana.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 20.-Pennsylvania passenger train No. 6, leaving Chicago about midnight, was wrecked early today at Hobart, Ind., forty mfles east of Chicago, in a head-on collision with a After giving bond the men started for freight train. Charles Strayer, baggagethe pool room, but Schuler declined to man of Chicago, was killed, and Mail Clerks Bricker, Bowers, Thomas and two passengers, F. C. Weisenberger and C. F. warrants were issued ten days ago by Mc- Haverin, and S. A. Lindner, fireman of Cambridge and that no apparent effort Fort Wayne, were all seriously injured. had been made to serve them caused con- The baggage car and express car were telescoped and a mail car and both locomotives were badly smashed. A relief hole in his hat, which he said was made train was sent from Chicago and the injured were taken to that city.

PRICES OF WHEAT GO HIGHER May Option Sells at \$1.07 on Chicago Board of Trade

CHICAGO, Feb. 29 .- Wheat for May delivery today sold at \$1.07 a bushel, a gain of 4 cents over last night's close. The market was extremely active and the volume of trading was of enormous proportions. The significant advance was due largely to the anxiety of shorts, who were afraid to maintain open trades over a two days' re-

cess of the board.

Today.

The pit was the center of uprose and clamor, which never ceased or abated from the opening of the session until the gong announced its close. In one respect today was unlike any previous day since the excitement over the Russo-Japanese war began. There were no varying degrees of intensity in the excitement which reigned, highest tusion every minute of the session. The advance was irresistible. Armour, who for months has been the almost undisputed monarch of the wheat pit, sold millions of for it. bushels of the grain, but for every bushel offered there were two demanded by the traders or outside bidders, imbued with a desire to buy, that was little if anything passengers were seriously hurt and calm prevailed, but suddenly a buying wave Derothy Greenup, who was internally in- struck the pit. It fairly swept brokers off their feet. By leaps and bounds the May As Grant street was reached the front price, which slipped from \$1.04 at the opennotor blew out. The meterman rushed ing to \$1.02%, went soaring to \$1.07, or over

rear end of the car was in flames. In tween the pit and telegraph counters, with their hands full of orders. These, because leased the one brake that held the car at of the excited state of the markt," it was the top of the hill. The flight back to- almost impossible to fill. The crowds which ward Market street began, the passengers | racked the visitors' gallery were dazed by rowding wildly toward the motorman's the wild scenes that were being enacted on the floor below, not only in the wheat pit, One woman, Dorothy Greenup, leaped where hundreds of traders, with arms wavover the high wire gate at the side of the ing above their heads, struggled and fought to buy or sell, but over in the corn and provision pits all was excitement, with

BT. LOUIS, Feb. 20 .- The May option of wheat sold Monday in the St. Louis grain plt on 'change to \$1.00, and loud was the cheering of the assembled traders and lookers on when that price was bid. siderable was sold at that price. The

option closed at \$1.00 asked. This is the first time on the present advance in which a speculative option has sold in the St. Louis market at \$1. Cash and is now \$1.12 for track.

Arrivate from Brasil.

NEW YORK, Feb. 25.—Among the pas-pengers who arrived today on the steamer Byron from Brazil were: Bishop Kin-solving of Brazil and Henrique Schuber, Brazilian commissioner to the St. Louis expassition.

MORMON ELDER KILLS HIMSELF Carrying Letters Showing Domestic

Trouble, He Ends Life on Train

in Missouri.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 20 .- Lorenze Crossby, said to be an elder in the Mormon church, while en route from Atlanta, Ga., where e had been stationed until recently, to Holbrook, Ariz., shot and fatally wounded himself in a berth in a Pullman on the southbound Chicago & Alton train today near Highee Mo. He was brought to Kansas City and placed in the city hospital, where it is said he cannot live longer than

twenty-four hours. Until 1902 Crossby was stationed at Richmond, Va., and was a member of the Virginia conference of the Mormon church. Later he was transferred to Atlanta, where he has lived until recently. Crossby was unconscious when brought to this city. In his pockets were found two letters, one signed Mollie Crossby, from an Arizona town, apparently from his wife and which Indicated domestic trouble, and another from a Salt Lake City woman. Crossby, who is 35 years old, shot himself twice, one bullet penetrating his brain. He was treated by a railway surgeon, who occupied a berth in the same car with him, but little could be done for the man.

STRATTON HEIRS WIN IN COURT Federal Judge Sustains Contention of Defendants in Suit Against the Estate.

DENVER, Feb. 20,-In the United States district court Judge Riner has granted the motion of the defendants in the \$5,000,000 damage suit of the Stratton's Independence company, limited, of England against the estate of the late Winfield Scott Stratton. to strike from the files of the court the replication of the answer to the defend-The explosion following the collision be- ants, and also granted adjournment on the pleading for the trustees and executors of the estate. It was held that matter set up in the replication should have been included in the complaint

The English corporation sought to reover from the estate of the late mining millionaire, charging that prior to the sale of the Independence mine at Cripple Creek to the English purchasers, the property was "salted." The case will be appealed to the United States circuit court of appeals.

JURY IN TOM O'DAY CASE DISAGREES For Second Time There is Mistrial in

Case of Bandit. CASPER, Wyo., Feb. 20 -(Special.)-For a second time the jury in the trial of Tom O'Day, the alleged horsethief, has falled to agree upon a verdict and the twelve men were discharged by Judge Carpenter, they having spent nearly fifty hours in balloting. It is understood the jury stood eleven for conviction and one for acquittal.

Judge Carpenter announced that a third trial will be had immediately and the work of securing another jury is now in progress. Owing to the fact that the list of jurymen in the five-mile limit has been exhausted, the court will now go outside of the limit and select a jury.

It is reported here that the jury in both the first and second trials was tampered with and that Judge Carpenter will make a rigid investigation of the matter. The evidence against O'Day has been very strong and a conviction has been expected

In the event O'Day is acquitted at the third trial or the jury again falls to agree upon a verdict O'Day will be arrested by the Converse county authorities and tried at Douglas on the charge of horse stealing. The people of central Wyoming are determined that he shall not escape.

Rosebud Indians to Sell Lands. of Lyman county, is filled with Indians from the Rosebud reservation. They are

up to white settlement in the reservation that they are now old men, many of them not less than 400 farms in the immediate future, and the Indians will realize a pretty snug sum, as the lands are among the best in the state and will doubtless bring from gratitude in dollars and cents. Even young \$3 up per acre.

OMAHA STORE

210 N. 16th St.

PREMIUM DISPLAY

2d Floor-BENNETT'S.

Dakota Mail is Burned. CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Fab. 20.-(Special.)-A fire in the Chamberlain postoffice resulted in the destruction of five paper unknown, as the pile of mall was lying fully ten feet from the stove. The prompt action of the fire department subdued the

VETERANS NEVER AT

Soldiers Who Did Not Reach the Front Who Are Drawing Pensions.

The apotheosis of the pension business was reached recently in Washington with have on the more unpleasant eleme an award to a member of the Metropoli-CHAMBERLAIN, S. D., Feb. 20 .- (Spe- tan rifles, who was never a nember of the cial.)-This week Gamma, the county sent army or navy of the United States, regular or volunteer. There has never been a question as to

the heirs of deceased Indians who had been the title of veterans of actual war, civil, granted lands in severalty in the Rosebud Mexican or Spanish-American, who were reservation, and Judge Arge of Lyman at the front and in actual battle, wounded county is probating the estates in order and rendered helpless and dependent, to that the heirs may become pessessed of reseive the bounty of the government. the land in question. In all 15) estates will These conditions have been broadened of be probated this week. About fifty s'milar late years. Men who guarded prisoners in cases were disposed of a short time ago. the ante seclusion of Johnson's Island, men The matter becomes of general interest be- who served bravely in the home guards, cause the heirs under the law will be per- men who made the railroad trip to the mitted to dispose of the lands to the highest | capital and loitered behind the fortificabidder for cash. As the minimum aloi- tions for thirty or sixty days to relieve ment is a quarter section and in many in- soldiers who were needed at the firing line, stances reaching as high as a section, the all these have been granted pensions to a

helpless, and that having shown their wilmen who spent their summer vacation in the quiet seclusion of Chickamauga park never saw anything more hostile than a mosquito have been given money on one pretext or another from the pension fund pouches filled with mail for the stage lines after some principle not generally undersouth from town. The cause of the fire is stood, but for which the taxpayers are apparently willing to stand.

\$1.250.000.00.

RED LETTER DAY

WE GIVE

\$1.00 WORTH \$1.00 GREEN TRADING STAMPS

TO EVERY VISITOR

But when all is said and done the Metropolitan rifles of Washington appear to constitute the limit. In 1861 there was unrest flames, with but triffing loss to the building. n Washington while the city was waiting for the advent of real troops who had been dalled out to defend it. There was an independent military company or so about. omposed of citizens who were, like most the population. Moreover, such a step would free the few regulars present for Old-fashloned firesides sacred from the

more important outpost duty. The Metropolitan rifles were ordered under arms, as the sheriff of any county in Ohio might order an independent military company under arms as a posse for a temporary emergency. It was not expected that any relets would stray across Long bridge that early in the day. Had they done so the police force would undoubtedly have placed them under arrest for carrying concealed weapons or for disorderly

But the Metropolitan rifles paraded. They the government that any record notes. They did the work that Sousa's band did

present proceedings will result in opening greater or less extent on the general ground when it excerted volunteer troops to the Cleveland depot in 1898. But a member of this organization has proved his claim to lingness to do something in the business of the title of "union veteran," with all the the civil war they are entitled to some privileges and rights specific legislation grants to such. The decision was based on the fact that he was "at the front" because there were no union troops between his at government expense in 1898 and who station and that of the enemy and that he was under arms It is possible that in the dim and distant future some Forlda lighthouse keeper

COUNCIL BLUFFS

STORE

35 S. Main St.

services during the Spanish-American war because he kept a shot gun in the place and that for several specified weeks there were no American armed forces on the water between his lighthouse and the coast of Spain.-Cleveland Plain Dealer,

Old-Fashioned Philosophy.

Scorn not the homely virtues. We are To search through all the world for someof the people here, southern in sympathy.

But it was at last decided advisable for the internal quiet of the capital to put one or two of these independent companies under arms for the moral effect it might be a companied to the capital to put one or two of these independent companies under arms for the moral effect it might be companied to the capital to put of the capi world, Old-fashioned satisfaction with enough, Old-fashioned candor and simplicity, Old-fashioned folks that practice what they

-National Magazine.

Found at Last.

Inventor-I've hit a money-making thing at last. The preachers will go crazy over it, and it will sell like hot cakes. It's a church contribution box. Friend-What good is that?

Inventor-It's a triumph. The coins fall through slots of different sizes, and all were never mustered into the service of gollars, halves, quarters and dimes land on velvet; but the nickels and pennies drop on to a Chinese gong.-New York Weekly,

We Give \$500,000

To Let a Million of the Sick Try Liquozone.

We are spending half a million dollars-spending it at the rate of \$4,000 per day-to buy the first bottle of Liquozone for each sick one who says "I want it." Don't you realize that Liquozone must be a wonderful product, when we can pay such a sum just to show the sick what it does? Won't you-for your own sake-let us prove its value to you?

We Will Buy

A 50c bottle of Liquozone and give it to your local druggist for a full size bottle.

Our reason is this: Thousands of people whom Liquozone could save are dying today without it. Hundreds of thousands are helpless and sick, simply for the lack of Liquozone. We cannot, under conditions like those, wait to convince the sick ones by argument.

Any slow method of introducing Liquotone would seem almost a crime, know ing what we do of this product. And, knowing, as we do, that nothing else in the world can accomplish what Liquozone does. So we publish no testimonials, no evidence of cures. But we buy a 50c bottle and give it free to every sick one we learn of, suffering from a germ disease. Thus we get Liquozone into immediate use, and let the product itself prove its power. And we publish this offer in 1,800 newspapers and magazines. reaching practically every home

Not Medicine

Liquozone is the result of a process which, for more than 20 years, has been the constant subject of scientific and chemical research. The process consists from the best oxygen producers. These gases are confined under pressure and, by a secret process-by the employment of immense apparatus and 14 days' time -are made part of the liquid product.

Liquozone is not made, like medicine. by compounding acids or drugs, nor is there any alcohol in it. Its virtues a derived solely from the gas, in the making of which we employ the best oxygen producers. The result is a wonderful use of Liquozone, in place of medicine, results are so certain that we will gladly product which is better than anything is fast becoming universal among mod-send to any patient who asks it an absoelse in the world for you.

Acts Like Oxygen

The virtue of Liquozone lies in the fact below. Tell us that you have never used is the vital part of air. It is Nature's it. Tell us for what you want it. By rethe most essential element of life. It is and the nerves of every trader were at the turn mail we will send you an order on oxygen that turns the blue blood to red in the lungs. It is oxygen that elimiand will pay your druggist ourselves nates the waste tissue and builds up the new. Every function of life so depends on it that we could not live three minutes without it.

But oxygen is a gas, and unstable. We cannot get an excess into the blood to remain there. Liquozone is a liquid, with all its virtues in permanent form and concentrated. It does what an excess of oxygen would do. One result is that Liquozone acts as a tonic with which the world combined. Then we staked no other known product can compare.

Kills Inside Germs

But the most important fact is that oxygen is also a germicide. No germs can exist in the presence of an excess of The reason is that germs are vegetables; and an excess of oxygenthe very life of an animal-is deadly to vegetal matter.

And so with Liquozone. It is so certain that we publish on every bottle an offer of \$1,000 for a disease germ that it cannot kill. Yet it is not only harmless, but of the utmost benefit, to the cells of the human body. This is the fact which gives to Liquo-

zone its remarkable value. It solves the body without killing the tissues, too. And there is no other way to do it. Any drug not kill inside germs. that kills germs is a poison, and it canin generating gases, made in large part not be taken internally. For that reaany germ disease.

Liquozone, taken internally, goes wherescape it, and none can resist it, the reevery physician knows that a germ trou- eases which medicine never cures ern physicians.

We Paid \$100,000

For the American rights to Liquozone you to try. Simply send us the coupon that it does what oxygen does. Oxygen before we made the first bottle. That is the highest price ever paid for similar rights on any scientific discovery. Before paying this price we tested Liquozone for two years, through, physicians and hospitals, in this country and others. We proved, in thousands of the most difficult cases obtainable, what Liquozone

> would do. We cured with it hundreds of patients who had been given up to die. We cured almost every diseases which was known as incurable. We continued these tests until the physicians who made them stated that Liquozone was of more value to sick humanity than all the drugs in on the product our fortunes and our

reputations. We tell you these facts to indicate the value of Liquozone. It is easy to make claims, and easy to question them. But when men of our class pay such a price for a product, no one can doubt that we have great reason for our faith in it.

We use Liquozone daily in our fam-We serve it to every employe in flies. our laboratory 400 of them. We use it in all the water we drink to prevent germ contagion. We use it to keep well. as you will do when you know it.

Germ Diseases

The diseases in this list are known to be due to germs or their toxins. Every great problem of killing germs in the modern physician known that medicine does not apply to them, for medicine can All that medicine can do for these dis-

eases is to act as a tonic, aiding Nature son, medicine is practically helpless in to overcome the germs. Such results are indirect and uncertain. They depend on the patient's condition. A cure by drugs ever the blood goes; and as no germ can is always doubtful and often impossible. Liquozone goes direct to the cause of sults are inevitable. A germ disease the trouble and destroys it. It often ends must end when the germs are destroyed; in a week a disease which has resisted nothing is more certain than that. And medicine for years. And it cures disble can never be cured until then. The any stage of any disease in this list the

Hay Pever-Influence
Kidney Diseases
La Grippe
Leichorthea
Liver Troubles
Malaria-Neuralgia
Many Heart Troubles
Piles-Pheumonia
Pleuriny-Quinay
Rheumatiam
Skin Diseases
Benfula-Hyphilia
Elomach Troubles
Throat Troubles
Thicraticalia
Tunare-Illera
Vartocele

50c Bottle Free

If you need Liquozone, and have never tried it, please send us the coupon be low. We will then send you an order on your local druggist for a 50c bottle, and will pay your druggist ourselves for it. This applies only to new users, of course and to the first bottle alone.

Please do this in justice to yourself. It places you under no obligation. The object is to show you what Liquozone is and what it can do. Then you may con tinue to use it or not, just as you decide. You must realize that we would not buy a bottle and give it to you if there was any doubt of results. We would not ask you to try it at our expense if it would not do as we claim. Be as fair with yourself as we are with you. If you are sick with a germ trouble, let us prove what Liquozone alone can do. Then use it always if you find, as we do, that it serves to keep one well. Liquozone costs 50c and \$1

CUT OUT THIS COUPON

I have never tried Liquinsons, but if you will upply me a like bottle free I will take it.