insular affairs committee, although sup-

porting the resolution, believed Porte Rice,

the direction of statehood for Porto Rice.

was a step in the direction of statehoo

The resolution was unanimously agreed

to and the president announced smidst ap-

a member of the house committee on insu-

On motion of Mr. Mahon of Pennsylvania

(Continued from First Page.)

desired to question the government regard-

to the sense of the electors of the country.

and announced that John Morley would in

Defends Fiscal Policy.

early declaration in regard to the govern-

Lord Landsdowne on America.

gratulated the Lords on the conclusion of

the Anglo-French and Anglo-Italian arbi-

tration treaties, deplored the situation in

the near and far east and expressed the

hope that a pacific solution of the differ-

nces would be reached. In regard to the

United States, Lord Lansdowne said the

government had endeavored to translate

into practice what it affirmed rather as

a matter of principle in the French and

Commenting on the Alaska decision, Lord

standing, dangerous international differ

government and Mr. Balfour had clearly

defined the government's policy. He, the

speaker, did not conceal his sympathy

with Mr. Chamberlain's aspiration to draw

the empire more closely together and to

put the affairs of the nation on a more

FIND ALLEGED CANADIAN FRAUD

Modern Woodmen and Other Societies

Refused to Pay Claim on Man

Alive.

PLOOMINGTON, Ill., Feb. 2.-The law

In October a death claim was filed, it

which it was alleged he lost his life-while

bathing at Long Beach, Cal. Claims were

also filed with the United Workmen, Mod-

ern Brotherhood of America, People's Pra-

Guardians and Christian Burden Bearers,

each for \$2,000, the sum of \$12,000 in all being

involved. None of these claims were paid.

money until the investigation was com-

DIDN'T BELIEVE

That Coffee Was the Real Trouble.

Some people flounder around and take

verything that's recommended to them,

"For 25 years I was troubled with my

but I didn't suspect that was the cause.

and could not work at times.

doctored with good doctors and got no

the doctor said I could no live over

twenty-four hours at the most, and I made

was weak and sick all over. When in

that condition coffee was abandoned and I

was put on Postum; the change in my

was polsoning me was removed.

can also use my name."

Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

eelings came quickly after the drink that

"The pain and sickness fell away from

me and I began to get well day by day, so

strong again, can eat heartily, with no

heart ache trouble or the awful sickness of

the old coffee days. I drink all I wish of

Postum without any harm and enjoy it

"This seems like a wonderfully strong

story, but I would refer you to the First

fool themselves by saying, "Coffee don't hurt me;" a ten days' trial of Postum in

its place will tell the truth and many

stuck to it, until now I am well and

Lord Lansdowne responded. He con-

The sitting was suspended at 7:30.

ton (conservative).

mnt's policy.

Italian treaties.

tirely favorable.

business-like footing.

In conclusion Sir Henry arraigned the gov-

for that territory," retorted Mr. Williams.

with less than 200,000 inhabitants.

lar affairs.

uation.

for what you

WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 6 P. M. Bee, Feb. 2, 1994.

Wednesday Special Bed Pillow and Feather Sale MR. FAIRBANKS SUPPORTS THE TREATY

Hotels, rooming houses and housekeepers will do well to lay in a supply of these goods, as there never will be another chance to buy reliable feathers and pillows at such unheard-of low prices.

Bed Pillows

	24.			******	4 X	
Our	\$1.00	Hed	Pfllows-weight	5 pounds-at	75c per pair.	
Our	\$1.40	Bed	Pillows-weight	6 pounds-at	\$1,00 per pair,	
Our	\$1.75	Bed	Pillows-weight	7 pounds-at	\$1.16 per pair.	
Our	\$1.85	Bed	Pillows-weight	7 pounds-at	\$1.20 per pair.	
Our	\$2.00	Red	Pillows-weight	7 pounds-at	\$1.40 per pair.	
Our	\$3.25	Bed	Pillows-weight	7 pounds-at	\$1.55 per pair.	
Our	\$2,50	Bed	Pillows-weight	7 pounds-at	\$1.85 per pair.	
Our	\$4.00	Bed	Pillows-weight	4 pounds-at	\$2.60 per pair	ł
Our	\$4.25	Hed	Pillows-weight	6 pounds-at	\$2.80 per pair.	
Our.	\$4.75	Bed	Pillows-weight	6 pounds-at	\$3.10 per pair.	
Our	\$5.00	Bed	Pillows-weight	5 pounds-at	\$3.35 per pair.	
Our	85.50	Bed	Pillows-weight	6 pounds-at	\$3.55 per pair.	
Our	\$5.75	Bed	Pillows-weight	5 pounds-a	t \$3.85 per pair,	
Our	\$6.00	Bed	Pillows-weight	5 pounds-a	\$ \$4.00 per pair.	

Feathers

Our \$1.00 grade of Bed Feathers-at 65c per pound. Our see grade of Hed Feathers at 621/2 per pound. Our Se grade of Bed Feathers-at 60c per pound. Our Soc grade of Bed Feathers-at 57c per pound. Our The grade of Bed Feathers-at 55c per pound. Our We grade of Bed Feathers-at 50c per pound. Our 65c grade of Bed Feathers-at 65c per pound, Our 50c grade of Bed Feathers at 37%c per pound.

These are our regular grades which we always carry in stock-but never again can they be sold at these remarkably low prices. Remember, Wednesday is the last day.

Thompson, Belden & Co.

Y. M. C. A. Building, Corner Sixteenth and Douglas Sts.

Great Britain and the United States on account of their interest and sympathics, whereas French sympathies naturally would be with its political ally, Russia.

The publication of the Washington dispatch led to a more hopeful tone, as it was regarded as strong evidence that the United States and Great Britain would succeed in influencing Japan to accept a peaceful ad-Jantment.

The French Foreign office authorized : denial of the report, printed in New York and emanating from Paris, to the effect that the French and British governments had agreed to exert pressure on Japan for the acceptance of the coming Russian

Some time ago, while reports of mediation were current, a general understanding was reached by which, each in their own way. Great Britain at Tokio and France at St. Petersburg, would seek to secure a specific adjustment, but this related to the former condition, when the Japanese note was pending. Since then there has been no agreement and no negotiations toward an agreement concerning the coming Rusgian reply.

Washington is Not Co-operating.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2-If the Russian roply indicates a willingness on the part of the St. Petersburg government to conform to the general lines of Japan's last proposition, it is learned on adequate authority that a continuation of the negotiations in the earnest effort to reach a final settlement by diplomacy may be expected. The qualifying statement is added, however, declared to set forth an irrequeible mini-mum of its demands, and it is difficult for him conversant with the Japanese post-is per cent was quoted on the cargo. that Japan's last note was at the time tion to believe that any important departwould be acceptable at Tokio.

As a result of careful inquiry at the embassles and legations here whose governments are interested in the far eastern situation, directly or indirectly, the Asso- tour of the far east. clated Press finds a distinctly hopoful view patches received during the last few days which appear to warrant the importance attached by Mr. Griscom, the American minister at Tokio, to the report which he cabled the State department on January 30, that information had reached the British legation there from St. Petersburg that the reply was being framed and practically would concede Japan's demands. Mr. Griscom was unable himself to confirm this report, but he informed the State departwhence it had come to him.

The attention of the State department an alleged Washington dispatch to the effect that the United States was co-operating with England and France to bring pressure to bear upon Japan in the inferest of peace, it was stated today by the acting secretary that there had been no such concerted action, that the United, States had not and would not act with any other powe in this matter.

Minister Tours Country.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. L.-Prince Khilkeff, the minister of communication, has started today on a tour of inspection of the Siberian and Trans-Balkal railways. The announcement of the Russian mo bilization precedes the Russian response, as

warning to Japan," says the Bourse The caar now has before him the report | chase exposition.

it is pointed out that if Japan became of the special council on the Russian reisolated it would arise from the course of sponse. All the papers relating thereto were submitted to him yesterday by the Grand Duke Alexis and the czar is giving them earnest consideration. He had not rendered his decision up to 6 o'clock this evening and it is authoritatively said it may possibly be several days before the response is forwarded to Tokio. Prices on the bourse are again weak, 4 per cents failing a point.

> Sapanese Ships at Singapore. SINGAPORE, Straits Settlement, Feb. 2. The Japanese crutter Nisshin arrived here today from Colombo and is now coaling. It probably will sail tomorrow. Its consort, the Kasuaga, is due here this evening. Both vessels in a gale off the island of Ceylon showed themselves to be excellent sea boats.

A Guaranteed Cure for Piles, Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Your druggist will refund money it PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure you is

KOREA SAILS FOR THE ORIENT Carries Provisions for Russian Army

and Has Large Passenger List, Including Japanese Officers.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 2.-The Pacific Mail steamer Korea sailed for the Orient today, with over 8,000 tons of freight, including 2,500 tons of flour for Chinese and Japanese ports and 700 tons of mess beef for the Russian army at Vladivestoak. It also carried 100 tons of beef for the United States troops at Manila and \$0,000 feet of

On the vessel were nearly 200 passengers, ure from the general lines of that note including a number of Japanese army of ficers who have been recalled from foreign ports. H. G. Burt, former president of the Union Pacific railroad, accompanied by his wife, also sailed on the Korea for

prevailing, based, it is understood, on dis- | SOLDIERS LAY SIEGE TO HOUSE

After Five Honra Residence is En tered and Deserter and His Friends Are Arrested.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 2-After a squad of dozen soldiers had for five hours besieged a house to which they had been denied admission, the police entered and arrested James E. Guerin, charged with being a deserter from troop L, Fourth cavalry, stationed at Jefferson barracks, nearby being called to a Paris cablegram quoting John Burke, who owned the house and sheltered Guerin, and John Murphy are under arrest charged with harboring a deserter. When found Guerin was hidden beneath the children's bed, on which they were playing.

COMMITTEE FAVORS ST LOUIS

Senators Willing to Make Loan to Exposition is Connection with Deficiency Bill.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.- The senate com mittee on appropriations today authorized favorable report on the urgent deficiency

An amendment was adopted appropriating \$4,600,000 as a loan to the Louisiana Pur-

Richardson Drug Ce. Omaha, Neb.

& SQUIRES

We sell Scranton, best Penprylvania Anthracite, \$11.00.
Arkansas farnace coal and Nut for base burners, \$9.00.
Our Oblo coal makes a quick, hot fire—no soot nor smoke
Our Illinois is the best medium grade coal sold in this market,
We also sell Rock Springs, Sheridan, Cherokee, Walnut
Block, etc. "Red Hot" nut coal, \$5.00; lump, \$5.25.

SENATE HEARS NEW SPEAKER

Democratic Senator from Arkansas Endorses Prezident in Maiden Speech.

Mr. Clarke Predicts the Nomination of President Roosevelt and is Warmly Congratulated by His Associates,

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.-Mr. Clarke, the new democratic senator from Arkansas, made his first speech in the senate today. He spoke two hours and announced h's indersement of every position taken by the president in connection with the Panindorsement of every position taken by ama revolt and in negotiation of the treaty with the new state. He even said that in view of the provocation given by Colombia the president might have been expected to go further than he did in advancing the eral leader, followed. Sir Henry said he cause of Panama. He declared that there was more popular support of the course of the president's policy among democrats than among republicans and said the demowere assured.

Mr. Fairbanks also spoke in support of the treaty, contending for the irregularity ernment's attitude on the fiscal question of all proceedings of the administration on and announced that John Morley would in the lathmus of Panama. The proceedings a few days introduce a more comprehenof the day were opened with prayer by Rabbi Phillippson of Cincinnati.

War Congenial to Colombia. Mr. Clarke said that the civil war now roing on in Colombia is but a reaction of

the revolution which had been in progress for the past three years and in support of this statement he reviewed governmental the government asked for was freedom to conditions in Colombia, saying that its rulers are men who find in warfare their most profitable and congenial calling. Those men are for the canal, he said, simply because they see a prospect of getting \$10,000,000 out of it, and not because they care anything about the United States or even about the welfare of their own country. So turbulent were the people that for thirty years there had not been two years of peace.

The people in Colombia were worse off than were the people of that region when found 400 years ago by Cortez. Mr. Clarke also found in the treaty of 1864 Justification for the attitude of the United States and shire and Lord Lansdowne and, continucontended that Colombia did have unlimited sovereignty in the sense that England, Germany and France has. He insisted that if Colombia itself could not build the canal It was bound because of the attitude of the United States toward it to permit this country to build it. He then declared that as the republic is an accomplished fact, it would be an act of foolbardiness for the United States to refuse to deal with it. "Our acts of friendly supervision," he said, "should have convinced Colombia of the determination of the United States to do right under all circumstances, and the Colombian people should have known that they were asking too much when they accepted our protection under the Mon roe doctrine for eighty years and then demanded the right to be treated as a neutral

power with the United States." The senator predicted the nomination of the president, saying that while the democrats were in debate as to whom to instruct for, the republicans knew for whom they must instruct.

He made a vigorous appeal for the consideration of the canal question independent of partisan bias and when he closed was warmly congratulated by a number of senators from both sides of the chamber. The business proceedings of the day were begun by adopting a resolution introduced

by Mr. Hoar, permitting the committee appointed to investigate the charges against Senator Dietrich to employ a clerk, to send for witnesses and to take other steps necessary to carry out the orders of the sen-Mr. Fairbanks' remarks were devoted

largely to a discussion of the question whether the United States was in comolicity with Panama in the revolt of las-November. He spoke of the importance of showing this charge to be without foundation, saying:

"While we greatly desire an inter-oceanic canal, we are far more anxious that it shall be constructed without any taint whatever

of national discredit." Erfends Action of Government. Mr. Fairbanks made the following sum mary of conclusions as established by the

record in the case of Panama:

The revolution by the people of Panama was due to a long series of wrongs indicted upon them by the government at Bogota, and mere particularly to the rejection of the Hay-Herran treaty.

The revolution was initiated by the people of Panama and was not inspired by the United States.

It was the duty of the president to adopt such measures as he deemed necessary to preserve the freedom of transit across the isthmus and to protect the lives and property of American citizens and the citizens of other countries upon the line of transit. The independence of Panama was accomplished by the people of the isthmus.

There was no vessel or armed force of the United States at the city of Panama and only one vessel, the Nashville, third rate, at Colon. Only forty-two marines were landed at Colon. They were landed to protect the lives of American citizens, who were in serious and imminent peril, and were returned to the ship after accomplishing their purpose.

The president recognized the fact that

and were returned to the ship after accompilshing their purpose.

The president recognized the fact that Panama had secured its independence threadays after the revolution. In recognizing the independence of the new republic the president acted solely within his constitutional rights and in harmony with established precedent.

The independence of the Republic of Panama was recognized by France and many other powers soon after recognition by the United States.

United States. Exercises Powers of Nation.

Exercises Powers of Nation.

Within eight days after the first recognition of the new republic it signed a treaty with the United States through its accredited ministex to Washington, granting to the United States the requisite toncessions for an isthmian canal. When the Republic of Panama concluded the convention with the United States it was in the exercise of sovereign power. It was discharging fully its domestic and international functions and full tapacity to enter into a valid convention with the United States.

If the new treaty with the Republic of Panama is ratified by the cenate, the United States will obtain adequate concessions, rights and privileges for the construction and perpetual maintenance of an isthmian canal.

The senate went into executive session

The senate went into executive session at 4:30 o'clock, adjourning at 4:37 o'clock.

HOUSE TAKES UP PORTO RICO

Debates Question of Congressional Delegation and Mr. Degetau is Appointed on House Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2-A report from the committee on rules, giving the resident commissioner from Porto Rico, Mr. Degatau, the privilege of the floor, the right to address the house and representation on committees on insular affairs, was called up in the house by Mr. Dalzell as a privileged matter when that hody convened to day. After some parliamentary fensing between Mr. Williams, the minority leader, and Mr. Dalzell the previous question was ordered on the resolution and forty minutes

of debate ensued. Mr. Daisell explained that at the last enalon Mr. Degetau was granted the right to the floor, but It was desirable in the interests of Porto Rico to grant him further privileges.

Williams announced that the resolution was good legislation, but did not go far enough. There was no reason why Porto Rica should not be entitled to a delegate" as well as Hawall.

times save life. "There's a reason. Look for the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each package. Mr. Cooper of Wisconsin, chairman of the

mmensely.

EXPIRES UNDER ETHER CUP

with 1,000,000 inhabitants, was as much entitled to a delegate in congress as Hawaii, William Co lins Whitney, Former Sccretary Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio declared that the of Navy, Pa'ses Away. attitude could be construed as a step in

SECOND OPERATION BLOAME NECESSARY "No more than giving Hawaii a delegate

Peritonitis and Blood Poisoning Resulting from First Operation for plause the appointment of Mr. Degetau as Appendicitis Given as Cause of Death.

the house began the consideration of bills NEW YORK, Feb. 2-William Collins on the private calendar, in committee of Whitney, former secretary of the navy, fied a few minutes after 4 o'clock this afternoon at his home, 871 Fifth avenue. He died while under the influence of ether, administered preparatory to a second operation for appendicitis. By his bedside were his son, Harry Payne Whitney, and his daughter. Dorothy Whitney, as well as Dr. William T. Bull, the chief surgeon in attendance. He was in his 64th year.

Mr. Whitney was taken ill on Friday night at the Metropolitan opera house and ing its attitude on the fiscal question, and had to leave before the opera ended. Dr. asked was it a new government with a new Walter B. James, the Whitney family phypolicy. The only way of dealing with the cratic votes necessary to ratify the treaty existing confusion, he added, was to appeal sician, was summoned and found that the condition of the patient was such that after consultation an operation was decided upon and was performed by Dr. Bull. The patient rallied so well that it was fully believed he would recover.

Mr. Whitney's condition was very grave. sive amendment involving the whole sita consultation held this afternoon the conclusion was reached that the only hope lay Austen Chamberlain, the chancellor of the in the second operation. A builtin issued exchequer, replied. He defended the govn the morning stated that there had been ernment, whose fiscal policy, he said, had been ready to stand with the premier. All negotiate, which would enable it to preand operation. serve the open door and freedom to trade.

Mr. Whitney was placed under the infuence of ether. When the physicians per- stamps. The majority of the other cases The House of Commons commenced the ceived that the patient was in danger of are for selling liquor to Indians on the ousiness session at 4 o'clock. The galleries death Harry Payne Whitney and Miss were filled, among those present being the Dorothy Whitney were immediately notiprince of Wales, the duke of Connaught, fled. They hastened to the side of their Lord Roberts and the duke of Devonshire. father and in a few minuets he had Lord Fitzwilliam (liberal unionist) moved breathed his last. Oxygen was used to the address in reply to the speech from the save the life of the distinguished patient, throne, which was seconded by Lord Hylbut to no avail. The following statement Earl Spencer, the liberal leader in the

Mr. Whitney died at 4 o'clock of peri-conitis and blood poisoning following an operation for appendicitis. Lords, followed. He paid a tribute to the late Lord Sallsbury, the duke of Devon-The interment will be at Woodlawn at a ing, alluded to the situation in the far date to be hereafter fixed in the family plot, where are the remains of Mrs. Flora east. The earl said he hoped the government's friendly office had been offered to Payne Whitney, Olive Whitney and Mr. both powers, especially to Japan, and asked Whitney's grandchild, Flora Payne Paget. for information regarding Somalliand and The funeral services will be held at Grace Thibet, and the situation in South Africa, church, where Mr. Whitney was a pewto which, he pointed out, no reference had been made in the speech from the throne. Earl Spencer added that he hoped for an

SPLIT IN THE CONVENTION Kansas Republicaus of First Congres sional District Hold Two Meet-

ings to Nominate.

HOLTON, Kan., Feb. 2.-A spilt occurred ere today in the First Kansas district congressional convention called to name s candidate to succeed Congressman Charles Curtis, and two conventions were organized. Before the time for calling the regular convention to order the anti-Curtis element broke into the hall and took possession. At the last moment the Curtis crowd changed the place of meeting and two conventions were the result,

Lansdowne said that although the tri-Congressman Curtis was renominated by bunal's disposal of the Alaska difficulty acclamation by the regular convention and was not, strictly speaking, arbitral, its ef-D. R. Anthony, jr., was nominated on the forts illustrated the possibility of settling second ballot by the antis. Mr. Anthony, by other than diplomatic means longwho is business manager of the Leavenworth Times and postmaster in that city. ences. The condition of Alaska might have brought Great Scitain into a serious and acute controversy with the United is a nephew of Susan B. Anthony, the woman suffragist.

States. The finding of the tribunal doubt-TRY SENSATIONAL PREACHER less was not entirely satisfactory to Great Britain, but no one expected it to be en Presbyterians, Behind Closed Doors, Coming to the fiscal question, Eord Lans-Hear Case Against Rev. Robert downe said the policy recommended by A. Ellwood. Mr. Chamberlain was not the policy of the

> NEW CASTLE, Del., Feb. 2.-Fifty-seven members of the New Castle presbytery convened here today to hear the charges pre ferred against Rev. Robert A. Ellwood of the Olivet Presbyterian church of Wilmington. The proceedings were behind closed

> The trial of Mr. Ellwood is the result of a sermon preached by him on the topic, Should the Murderer of Miss Bishop Be Lynched?" On the following night George White, the negro assailant and murderer of Miss Helen Bishop, was taken from his cell and burned at the stake. Indications point to a protracted session of the prestytery.

department of the Modern Woodmen fraernal insurance order announces the dis-SCALLON QUITS COPPER MINES covery of an alleged swindling plot of Warren T. Coolidge, a school teacher of Manager of Amalgamated Properties Windsor, Ont., now under arrest at Sheriin Montana Retires Because of dan, Wyo., where he is said to have con-Private Business.

BUTTE Mont., Feb. 2.-William Scallon has wired from New-York that he has resigned as president of the -Anaconda Copper company and manager of the ternal Rerserve of Des Moines, National Amalagamated properties in Montana. The resignation was tendered some time

ago, but rejected, and this time is the property. It will be operated as a unreserved and to take effect immediately. the officials requesting all to withhold the The reason given is pressure of private affairs. No intimation of his successor is Mr. Scallon has been in New York since

since the Amalagamated company was of the kitchen. organized. HERRICK DENIES CANDIDACY but finally find out that coffee is the real cause of their troubles. An Oregon man Governor of Ohio Does Not Desire Sec-

oud Place on the National

Ticket. tomach. I was a steady coffee drinker, COLUMBUS, O., Feb. 2 .- "Governor Herrick," asked Colonel W. P. Orr of Pique tohelp; then I took almost anything which day, while chatting with the executive, "le some one else had been cured with, but to no good. I was very bad last summer Ohio going to demand your acceptance of the second place on the national ticket this

"On December 2, 1902, I was taken so bad year? Herrick's reply was quick and decisive 'I think not. Ohio knows that I am not ambitious beyond serving my state. I sinall preparations to die. I could hardly cerely trust that I may not be embarrassed eat anything, everything distressed me and by my friends."

> STRIKE HAS NO BAD EFFECT Boston Printers Find Many Employers Who Accept New Scale

of Wuges. BOSTON, Feb. 1 .- The typographical union delegation which sesterday called out the compositors where the master printers refused to accept the new scale of wages resumed today its visits to other shops,

National bank, the Trust Banking Co. or printers who employ both nonunion help and unionists. any merchant of Grand Pass, Ore., in re-The delegates report that many concern gard to my standing, and I will send a sworn statement of this if you wish. You accepted the new wage conditions. The strike thus far has had no serious effect Name given by upon the trade. Still there are many who persistently

calling chiefly at the plants of master

NEW YORK, Feb. 2-A private dispatch from Yokohama announces the marriage there of George D. Morgan, nephew of J. Pierpont Morgan to Miss Yuki Kato, a native of Japan. The young man has been traveling extensively since he left Yale ten years ago and has resided in Japan two years. Capital and Surplus, \$108,000.00.

Idle Funds

Have you money lying idle awaiting investment?
Why not lot it earn 4 per cent. interest in this bank? It will be absolutely safe and yield a handsome income without any worry or bother

on your part.

This is the oldest and strongest Savings bank in the State, and has never failed to meet every obligation promptly since its organization in 1884. We furnish little steel banks to place in the home-free.

CITY SAVINGS BANK Brown Block, Sixteenth and Douglas Streets OMAHA, NEB.

Panel Drawn for Adjourned Term Which Will Convene in Omaha

February 15.

The list of jurors who have been drawn to serve in the United States district court was made public yesterday by District Clerk Hoyt. The list comprises forty names of men from all portions of the state. The adjourned term of the November ses ion of the United States district court for the trial of the criminal docket will convene in this city February 15. There are about sixty criminal cases to try, including the land fencing cases, with Bartlett Richards as the most distinguished of the indicted parties charged with this infraction however, on Sunday and Monday, and at of the fencing laws. Another important case will be that of Adjutant General L. W. Colby, charged with misappropriating National Guard funds. There are also three or four Republican valley postoffice cases, little improvement, but shortly before 3 the outgrowth of the Dietrich matter, with clock alarming symptoms were noted and ex-Representative Elliott Lowe of Alma as hurried preparations were made for a sec- one of the indicted parties and W. M. Erwin and Postmaster Mitchell of Alma, indicted for the alleged illegal sale of postage

> Following is the list of jurors drawn:
>
> F. A. Baidwin, Blair; O. D. Bassinger, Bancroft; James H. Brown, Dakota City; E. P. Childe. Omaha; John Doyle, Thedford; M. Z. Easton, Bancroft; Albert O. Faulkner, Lincoln; Henry Figard. Seward; R. A. Fitzsimmons, Hebron; Douglas A. Frye, Lincoln; Meil C. Fuller, Alda; Dudley Gilbert, Grand Island; Israel Gluck, Columbus; S. S. Hall, Pender; C. S. Hayward, Omaha; P. C. Harrison, Aurora; Edward Jacobs, Madison; Frank Kitterman, Santon; B. Koehler, Geneva; Henry J. Lee, Fremont; William McAdams, Peru; Andrew J. Martin, York; L. S. Needham, Winside; Nathan Merrlam, Cmaha; Reuben Newman, Fremont; L. S. Moe, Fremont; Harry Pettit, Fremont; O. H. Pratt, Omaha; Frank P. Orince, Madison; Perry O. Reed, Loup City, F. W. Rottman, Nebraska, City; F. M. Rublee, Broken Bow; Noah M. Ryan, Beatrice; Bernhardt Sachsse, Omaha; City; F. M. Rublee, Broken Bow; Noah M. Ryan, Beatrice; Bernhardt Sachsse, Omaha; William H. Smith, West Polnt; Chauncey Snyder, Schuyler; Hugh C. Van Horne, Pawnee; Dan Wheeler, Sr., Omaha; C. E. Williams, Ogalaila; Charles Williams, Fremont. Following is the list of jurors drawn:

reservations.

SUIT OVER MRS. JONES' WILL Contest Begins with Hosts of Heirs and Attorneys in the County Court.

The Bilgation over the codicil and will of Sophronia Jones' wife of Omaha's first postmaster, has been renewed before Judge Vinsonhaler. The codicil is attacked on the ground that Mrs. Jones was mentally icapable of devising a just and proper instrument at the time this was drawn. The will also is attacked on the grounds that it does not afford a just distribution of the property. The heirs to the estate are numerous, but no more so than the lawyers who were present with their forces arrayed against each other and prepared to fight a long and urgent battle their chents.

The kelrs all are represented, with one exception, by Judge C. A. Haldwin. On the other side there is an array of legal talent that would indicate a desire to leave no stone unturned in the effort to treak the will and codicil drawn up by Mrs. Jones. When the case was called Judge Baldwin protested against the introduction of certain affidavits on the ground that he had not been notified of the fact that such instruments were to be introduced into the case and Judge Vinsonhaler granted a stay in the proceedings until ing at which time the case will be called and disposed of,

WILL NOT RUN EATING HOUSES J. S. Markel Does Not Intend Resum ing Management of Union Pa-

elfic Restaurants.

Mr. Paffenrath, assistant manager for J. E. Markel, states there is no intention on Mr. Markel's part to again take over the eating houses along the line of the Union Pacific railway. The business interests of Mr. Markel are said to be in such condition that he does not need to reengage in conducting the eating houses and prefers to forego the activities attendant upon the business.

The old Capitol hotel, which recently was sought by Mr. Markel in Lincoln, is being overhauled. Work on the interior of the outlding is progressing as rapidly as possible and it is believed the house will be thrown open to the public about March 1. About \$20,000 will be expended in improving strictly European hotel. There will be a lunch counter and cafe in connection. The house will be under the direction of Manager Richards of the Lincoln, but who his assistant will be cannot be definitely stated December 14. He has been president of at this time. John Larry, who for a numthe Anaconda company and in charge of ber of years was connected with the Milthe other Amalagamated interests here lard in this city as chef, will be in charge

> NEARLY A MILLION COME OVER Heavy Increase in Number of Foreigners Landing in United States During the Last Year.

A comprehensive statement of the immigration to the United States during the year 1908, has just been completed by the immigration bureau of the Passenger association. One of the advance copies has been received by the Burlington. The statment shows during the fiscal year, ending June 30, 857,046 foreigners passed the twenty-nine ports of entry of this country. The previous year there were 648,743.

those who settled here during the year, 613,146 were males and 243,900 were females. They came from twenty-one countries. Italy leads with 250,622, and Wales is lowest with 1.7%. The increase in Italian immigration over the previous year was 52,247. May was the heaviest month 187,514 coming in during that month, and January was the lowest with 11,851. Of the total number arriving, 254,665 settled in New York? 'This was the largest number which settled in any one state. South Carolina only got seventy-three, smallest number to settle in any state. Out of the total eighty-six went to Alaska A total of 4.001 settled in Nebraska. Of those settling in Nebraska eighteen were professional, 367 skilled laborers, miscellaneous 2,021, and those having no cupation, including women and children, numbered 1.055 The total figures refer

Always Remember the Full Name Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 3 Days

FEDERAL COURT PETIT JURORS only to those persons manifested on the lists furnished by the transportation companies, and the bureau states that there probably several thousand more entered of which no account was kept.

Blissard in Wisconsin.

ST. PAUL, Feb. 2.—Dispatches from Baldwin, Wis., and Jamestown and Medora, N. D., state that one of the severest hlizzards known in years is raging in those sections. The cold is intense and the grow is drifting badly, making the high-ways almost impassable.

Ernest Cashel is Henged.

CALGARY, N. W. T., Feb. 2.—Ernest Cashel was hanged today for the murder of a ranchman. Cashel escaped from the mounted police ba-racks after his convic-tion and remained in hiding for forty-five days. He made a public confession on the scaffold.



Weakness in Men

A Michigan Specialist Finds an Easy Way to Cure Any Case of Sexual Weakness Even in the Oldest Men. This Wonderful Cure Has a Most Marvelous Record of Euccesses.

SENT FREE TO ALL WHO APPLY IN WRITING

There are thousands of checriess homes in this country filled with discontent and unhappiness, lacking in love and companionship through the sexual weekness and physical impairment of a man whose years do not justify such a condition. Indiscretions, at uses, and recklessness often cause a temporary cessation of vital power that instantly yields to the wonderful treatment discovered by the great specialist, Dr. H. C. Raynor, of Detroit, Michigan. It has remained for this great physician to discover that sexual weak-ness and symilar troubles can be cured and in remarkable short spaces of time. This treament does not ruin the stomach, adding the miseries such it jury entails, but it is a new treatment that easily and quickly restores youthful vigor to men as old as 85.

The discovery is beyond doubt the most scientific and comprehensive that most scientific and comprehensive that our attention has ever been called to, From all sides we hear private reports of cures in stubborn cases of saxual weakness, enlargement of the prostate, varicocese, spermaforthoea, lost manhood, impotency, emissions, prematurity, shrunken sorgans, lack of virile power, bashfulness and limidity and like unmatural conditions. It does this without appliances, vacuum pumps, electric relas or ampthing of that kind.

Satisfactory results are produced in a day's use and a perfect cure in a short time, regardless of age or the cause of your condition.

The lucky discoverer simply degrees to get in touch with all men who can make use of such a treatment. They should naddress him in confidence, Dr. H. C. Raynor, its Luck Building, Detroit, Mich., and immediately on receipt of your name are address it is his agreement with this paper to send you a free receipt or formula of this modern treatment by which you can cure yourself at home.

Deputy State Veterinarian.



The One Surpassing quality of

Hunter Whiskey

is that it never varies. One bottle or a thousand has always the same delicate aroma, the same rich, mellow taste, the same-perfect, smooth, satisfying elements which make it America's best whiskey. This is the secret of the popularity of Hunter Baltimore Rye, and it is founded on

will, Landton & BON, Baltimore, Md.

AMUSEMENTS. ORRIGHTOR

TELEPHONE 1881. Every Night-Matiness Thursday, Saturay, Sunday,

Modern Vandeville Four Nightons, Girard & Gardner, Es-meraida, Ozav & Delmo, Geo. W. Day, Anna Caldwell and the Kinodrome.

Prices 10c, 25c and 50c Boyd's Woodward & Burgess, Managers, Thur. & Fri.—Special Matines Friday— Biasche in "RESURRECTION" SATURDAY MATINEE & NIGHT-WALKER WHITESIDE Saturday Mat-"We Are King" Saturday Night-"Hamlet"

THEATER 15-25-50-75c

Bargain Matines TODAY. Best Seats, Sc.

At the Old Cress Roads A BIG HIT. Thursday Night-"King of Detectives"-