THE OMAHA SUNDAY BEE.

E. ROSEWATER, EDITOR.

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	E B. TZSCHI	

Senator Smoot of Utah will now have the middle of the stage for his specialty

December, A. HUNGATE, Notary Public

A Chicago alderman has been sen tenced to a work house where inmates are supposed to work. Talk about adding insult to injury.

It develops that the Sigourney banker died, not to avoid facing failure, but to secape disgrace. But in the public mind the disgrace has only been intensified.

The growl of the Russian bear may more flerce now since it is assured by the secretary of state that the American eagle has no ulterior motives in China.

do it, but if a layman would insinuate with what they have done. A celebra- United States hostile to Russia. Japathat the best men are not to be found tion such as has been outlined, extend- nese statesmen are not unfamiliar with in the pulpits he would start trouble of ing over three or four days, will bring the traditional policy of this country in

From the evidence in the postoffice fraud cases at Washington it is evident that the principal work of officers of the government is to approve of things of which they know nothing.

The fire chief says it was the building inspector and the building inspector lays the blame on subordinates. It is evident that no one will voluntarily shoulder responsibility for the Iroquois theater

Whenever you find a lawyer going into the courts pretending to be a self-constituted purifier, you may be sure someone is paying him for his services and than patriotic.

a living example of the effect of probibitory laws had anything to do with the sudden resolution of the national prohibition party to change its meeting place from Kansas City to Indianapolis?

Mr. Bryan is sure now that the presidential nominee of his party will be a dark horse. It will not do, however, for the prospective candidates to hide themsolves so securely that the sergeant-atout to bring them in.

on record and exceeding that of 1902 by the supply of gold were falling short of only to give their orders and foot the be found practicable in operation and the amount needed for a stable basis for bills to have them carried out. gold standard currency.

The fact that Mr. Bryan has an nounced that he will publish a daily edition of the Commoner at St. Louis during the sessions of the democratic convention shows how much he meant when he said he did not desire to influeuce the action of that body.

The senior senator from Colorado may as outlined by the president in the Panama matter, especially in the light of cial and industrial in recent years.

To judge from its ultimatum. French government wants no interferreserves the right itself to interfere in church affairs. The idea of the church and state as separate and apart has hardly penetrated the minds of European statesmen.

It seems hard to convince a large number of people that Senator Hanna is not a candidate for the presidency. record made by the senator serves to convince many who are always imouting ulterior motives to others that a United States senatorship.

NEBRASKA'S SEMI-CENTENBIAL.

become the great states of Nebraska and prosperous homes.

Nebraska bill with all the notable events that followed in its train are inade- for this very quality. quately appreciated by most of us even with this perspective. Its importance as an epoch-marking drama is sure to be realized more and more as the years within its scope waxes rich and power ful with the growth of population and the Russian ambassador at Washington. trial peace. the development of its unfathomable re- It appears that reports of a change of sources.

The approaching semi-centennial tion. It calls for a celebration that will that will attract attention from the enbeen wrought in the upbuilding of Nebraska in the brief space of fifty years.

great commonwealth to provide a fitting commemoration of the beginning of Ne braska. The suggestion of such a celebration is not new, since it has come rewould be made a public one and bills to that end, but that body failed to

with the semi-centennial of Omaha. which was laid out as a townsite in the be suggested by our territorial acquisitest to decide what clerks shall be semonth of June, 1854, and first permanently settled later in the succeeding would exclude the possibility of any summer. By combining these two occasions it should be possible for Omaha our attitude, as now, neutral. As a great majority of the American people to provide the commemorative features writer on the subject observes: "Alli- who have an intelligent understanding entire state to participate, counting con- ditional European device for maintain- ing to the old patronage system, when fidently upon the co-operation of the ing international polse and peace, and it every department of the government state authorities and state organizations remains to be seen whether that device was filled with the political henchmen that should naturally evince an interest in this historic day.

the idea receives from our own people. Chicago, New Orleans, Salt Lake, Milwankee and other cities have recently and for all concerned. American neucelebrated anniversaries of similar nature, but of less real importance, and ternational harmony go hand in hand." there is no good reason why what we Rev. Dr. Lloyd may have a right to may do should not compare favorably ing upon any action on the part of the the same time was from \$35,000,000 to Omaha to the front in a way that will casion to celebrate-we have the eventmen to make it a success

In a survey of American affairs, contributed by its American correspondent to the National Review, a British magazine, this severe arraignment of popular ever the outcome of the issue between government in this country is made: Mr. Roosevelt is undoubtedly extremely popular with the masses, but the politician and the efforts of our government there who pins his faith to the masses ties up to

a broken reed. In the United States the people rule and the bosses govern. Money to carry on a political campaign, and a presidential campaign involves the expendistated there appears to be no reason ture of millions, must come from the classes that his motives are more pecuniary and not the masses; in fact, it must come from the small class of enormously rich men interested in great enterprises, who Wonder if the too close proximity of always contribute liberally to campaign funds. If Mr. Roosevelt goes into the next campaign with the people supporting him, but the Rockefellers, the Goulds, the Mor gans, the Vanderbilts and the hundreds of who refuse to open their check books to his campaign man-gers and who exert all their influence to defeat him, Mr. Roosevelt will be defeated.

This is doubtless what the British readers of a British magazine like to hear about the American republic. Their that will insure a fair and impartial ing around Wall street. self-conceit and vanity as a nation is hearing in all controversies and justice arms cannot find them when he is sent hugely tickled by the charge that self- to both sides. It is needless to say that government in America is a delusion and it is a matter of no little difficulty to a snare, and the intimation that while frame a plan that will commend itself The world's gold output for 1903 is the people as a whole over here osten- to both labor and capital, though it canfigured at \$327,049,750, being the largest sibly have the say-so as to who should control the nation's destinies in reality

was made at the close of the presidential date, who insisted that he would have candidate's quest for the office was even when no such request is made and invite be excused for taking exception to work less successful the second time he ran, the parties to arbitrate. If arbitration in the interests of collective civilization sithough the same excuse for failure at the request of the tribunal is refused

was not again advanced. the long run it is the voice that decides. in case of necessity. Applying it to the example quoted, it is safe to say that if Mr. Roosevelt goes point, he will surely be elected, no matter whether the Rockefellers, the Goulds

There are some things which money heartily endorsed. It is a question, howhe is looking for something higher than cannot buy, and among them are the ever, whether congress has the consti-

A STRICTLY COMMERCIAL POLICY. attitude on the part of this government, implying political intervention, had such an historic event calls for more come to the notice of the ambassador, its regular annual debate on the civil than an ordinary anniversary celebra- who thereupon consulted with the secretary of state, with the result that he that the opposition to the law in the include a survey of the present and a was informed that there was no author- present congress is somewhat stronger ity for such reports and that the only than in the preceding one, a fact which of the past. It calls for a demonstration interests of this country in the Chinese all supporters of the merit system will province now practically in the control regard with regret. There was little tire country to the miracles that have of Russia are those of trade and that said, however, by those who attacked the consuls sent to the new ports opened the law that was especially new. Mr. under the treaty with China which has Grosvenor of Ohio and Mr. Hepburn of It is gratifying to know that steps are just gone into effect will confine their lows, who have been persistent oppobeing taken by men identified with this activity in those localities to the cause nents of the civil service reform policy, of American commerce.

and Japan to arbitrate their difficulties, make provision for it, so that it will de- but it is safe to say that no such thing spirited citizens to execute the project, anyone in authority at Washington. ification of our historic policy that might ances and counter-alliances are the trawill work successfully in the far east. necessarily yet undetermined and must partisan war against Russia, and if the will be. depend largely upon the support which Japanese are secretly counting upon such a course, the sooner they abandon such false hopes the better for them trality and America's influence for in

It is not probable that Japan is countwell repay the effort. We have the oc- have entertained the idea that our government might change from its position we have the resources-and we have the of strict neutrality, the assurance given by Secretary Hay to the Russian ambassador will dispel the idea. The POPULAR GOVERNMENT STILL SAFE United States has obtained by treaty all that it asked for in Manchuria and the rights and privileges secured it will of course insist shall be respected, what-Russia and Japan. We want nothing in that quarter of the world but trade will be directed solely to the extension and betterment of our commercial interests. This being now authoritatively why the United States should not be eliminated from consideration of the

Russo-Japanese controversy. TO ARBITRATE LABOR DISPUTES. The question of finding a practicable way, acceptable to both labor and capithoughtful attention of men who under-

not yet be said to be impossible. There has been introduced in congres \$28,000,000. This does not look as if the multi-millionaires of Wall street have a measure which its author believes will furnish a solution of the strike problem. This same charge that political su- It provides for the creation of a national premacy in this country is purchasable tribunal of arbitration, the members to be appointed by the president, one of campaign of 1896 by the defeated candi- whom shall be the secretary of commerce and labor. The tribunal is to had the necessary votes to elect if his have jurisdiction over disputes between supporters had not been bought away capital and labor whenever either or from him. The insinuation was indig- both of the parties make request, but nantly scouted at the time and the same the tribunal can act on its own initiative that fact is to be made public, but if ac-It may be easy to persuade the British cepted the acceptance binds the parties the course of his state in matters finan- public that popular government in the to the dispute to abide by the award. United States is a popular government | Pending the consideration of the matter in name only, but it will be difficult to the parties are bound not to engage in a the convince our own people who have time strike or lockout and if either has aland again seen the just cause triumph ready taken place it is to cease pending ence with the state by the church, but over entrenched dollars. The popular the award. The tribunal is to sit at voice may sometimes be stifled, but in Washington, but may go to other points

The measure has no compulsory provision, it being expected that the public into the next campaign with the people disapproval which would follow the acpenalty to persuade the parties to arbipurely patriotic motives, the remarks- type oppose him in unison and refuse to before railroad men, mine operators and bringing in some returns. contribute a single cent to his campaign other large employers of labor and that without exception the plan has been

working citizens the men who vote in this kind. The coal strike commission in so doing it is backing the man "who The historic Kansas-Nehraska act was the interest of good government accord- said in its report that the states could by resorting to disreputable methods signed by the president and proclaimed ing to their convictions. The purchas- provide legislation for the arbitration of prevailed upon the governor of Nebraska as a law on May 30, 1854. This act able vote in this country has been largely controversies of any character, but the to issue a pardon to Joseph S. Bartley." marks the initial point of what has since exaggerated and seldom becomes a bal- federal jurisdiction is limited to cases No such inconsistency is chargeable ance of power that can turn the scales in which labor disputes interfere with against the World-Herald, which val-Kansas-the transformation in the short one way or the other. Popular govern- federal activities. It is perhaps quite lantly defends Bartley and boosts Sumspace of fifty years of a wilderness into ment is still safe in this republic and safe to predict that there will be ob- mers at the same time. a garden and the peopling of a desert it finds notable vindication in the fact jection raised to the bill on the ground with hundreds of thousands of happy that a president like Mr. Roosevelt can that it goes beyond the constitutional brave the opposition of the millionaires authority of congress, while it is also The significance of the passage of the and the bosses, sure of the unwavering probable that some in the ranks of both approval of the masses, who admire him capital and labor will have fault to find him cannot be found in the county buildwith it. It represents, however, an ing. That ought, however, to be no inearnest effort to arrive at something practicable in this exceedingly important The policy of the United States in re- matter and therefore should receive Omaha who have recollections of a postgard to Manchuria has reference wholly careful consideration. There is no quesroll on and , the territory embraced to our commercial interests. This is the tion of greater concern to the American assurance given by Secretary Hay to people than that of maintaining indus-

CIVIL SERVICE LAW UNDER FIRE.

The house of representatives has had service law, with the result of showing condemned the way in which the law is There has been some talk in the press now administered and urged that it and possibly on the part of some men should be materially changed. They did in the public service respecting Amer- not put themselves on record as opposed peatedly from different sources. It was ican intervention in the Manchurian to a merit system, but insisted that unthought at one time that the celebration controversy. It has been suggested that der present conditions the system is our government might join with other unsatisfactory. A number of allegawere presented to the legislature looking powers in an effort to compel Russia tions were made by these gentlemen,

none of them particularly impressive. Among the defenders of the law Repvolve upon the volunteering of public- has been for a moment thought of by resentative Gillett of Massachusetts declared that he believed the merit sys Under these conditions it is fortunate Even if it be admitted that the United tem to be better than the old patronage that the semi-centennial of Nebraska States could consistently adopt such a system and he thought the people gen happens to come almost simultaneously course, which would be the utmost mod- erally had come to believe that and world, an ideal for them also to realize in would rather trust almost any impartial tions in the far east, such participation lected than to leave it to the congressmen to appoint their friends. He is unalliance with Russia or Japan, leaving doubtedly correct in that view. The of the matter are not in favor of returnof members of congress. It is quite prob-But, even in behalf of international able that the civil service law can be Just what form this celebration should commerce, there is no likelihood that improved, but the policy it stands for take and what its scope should be is America will be dragged into a joint and must be maintained and undoubtedly

A statement prepared by the comptroller of the currency discloses the fact that since 1895 bank deposits in the United States have increased from doubled. The increase in Nebraska in \$82,000,000, the ratio being double and then nearly half again as much more. The showing for Iowa is even a trifle tter, the deposits there having rise from \$78,000,000 to \$211,000,000. In this connection it is noticeable that the discussions that were current a few years ago as to whether our prosperity were real or merely ephemeral have entirely ceased. It is such figures as these that have stopped the mouths of the calamity

Candidates for the honor of representing Nebraska as delegates in the republican national convention are beginning to shy their castors. When the time men willing to serve the party. It will devoive upon the republicans in convention to select those only who are at the same time most entitled to the position and best qualified to make a creditable showing for the state.

Senator Morgan's declaration that the Panama Canal company is a band of robbers will find no one to contradict except among the managing stockholdmaller men of that type opposing him, tal, for the peaceful settlement of labor ers of the French corporation. The best disputes, continues to receive the retort they could make, however, is their operations in trying to unload on us their stand its importance and are deeply in- old junk at fancy prices is no more terested in maintaining industrial peace. robbery than some of the other get-rich-What is sought is an arbitration plan quick schemes that have been flourish-

> Mayor McClellan of Greater New York insists that although he was born while his parents were temporarily sojourning in Europe he is a native born citizen within the meaning of the constitution, so far as eligibility to the presidency is concerned. It is hardly likely, however, any political party will take the chance of having their candidate ruled out by nominating a man with a flaw in his title.

Governor Cummins of Iowa and his factional opponents compromised their differences last year by accepting a platform that each was able to read as he pleased. But it is intimated that next time the compromise idea is to be barred. If it is to be a free for all fight for control of the party machinery we may look for a merry political war in our neighboring state within the next few months.

By the time the last of the industrial the Panama question will be available as a campaign issue. There were democrats in attendance but no protests at the stock growers' convention which en- the postoffice system. Further to increase dorsed the policy of the administration its efficiency is decidedly a move in the in that matter.

Uncle Sam has a valuable piece of property in the grounds and buildings supporting him, as all present prospects tion of the party declining to submit the that formerly constituted Fort Omaha, dispute to arbitration will be a sufficient and it ought to be utilized for some useful purpose. If this property belonged the Morgans, the Vanderbilts and the trate. It is said that the theory on to a private individual or corporation it Because few men are ever credited with hundreds of other smaller men of that which the bill is based has been laid would not be kept idle long without

> The World-Heraid arraigns the Lincoln State Journal for supporting the aspiravotes of conscientious, substantial hard, futional power to enact legislation of hold on to his office perpetually because the country and man made the town.

County Assessor Reed is said to be carrying his office around with him in his hat because suitable quarters for surmountable difficulty to the performance of his duties. There are people in master here who used to carry his office around with him in his hat.

Lincoln people should take due warning from Mr. Bryan's announcement that he intends to publish a daily edition of The Commoner at St. Louis during the session of the democratic national convention. It is just possible Mr. Bryan may again become so enamored of daily journalism that a oncea-week issue will not satisfy him after he returns home.

> Coddling the Crooked. Brooklyn Eagle.

Governor Bates of Massachusetts think

to the ground. The better way would be to make the scalawage support themselves. The Up-to-Date Indian. Chicago Record-Herald. The chief of the Cherokee Nation in Indian Territory is reported to be suffering with the gout. This puts the Carlisle school away to the rear in providing evidence that

The Ideal of Peace.

the noble red man is capable of acquiring

civilization.

Chicago Record-Herald, A full and unconditional arbitratio agreement between the United States and Great Britain would not only be a good thing in itself for both nations, but it would be a model held up before the rest of the the future.

Two Combines in One.

Springfield Republican. The two sugar trusts are becoming on according to reports in the trade. That is, the American Sugar Refining company, or the older trust, is buying into the control of the American Beet Sugar company-a concern of \$20,000,000 capitalization-and may already have secured it. The one company dominates the home beet sugar industry as the other does the cane refining industry.

Decidedly Mild Request. Philadelphia Press.

The cabinet has done a wise thing in deciding that government employes in executive departments shall work seven hours a day, exclusive of the half-hour allowed for lunch. The employes of the government are well paid. They are allowed thirty days' leave of absence with pay and thirty days extra in case of sickness. They have \$4,900,000,000 to \$9,525,000,000, or almost in addition the advantage of all holidays, and during the summer months are to be employed only four hours on Saturdays. To ask that they work seven hours a day during the time they are at work is a very mild request.

THE SIGNBOARD NUISANCE.

A National Evesore that Should Suppressed. Philadelphia Press

persons who have occasion travel on the railroads between Philadelphia and New York will gratefully acknowledge their obligation to Governor Murphy for the interest he has shown in abating the signboard nuisance along the railroad tracks. In his annual message to the New Jersey legislature the governor says that on the leading line of rallway between Jersey City and Trenton there were in the early part of December 1,601 signs, and they are increasing all the time. The governor says:

"They are of all kinds and sizes. They are disfigured by all sorts of effigies of impossible men and women, and they advertise remedies for all the ills that flesh is heir to as well as all sorts of foods and drinks, and the various contrivances born of human ingenuity. If they continue to increase it is not difficult to imagine the day near at hand when the traveler will have the beautiful hills and vales and trees and flowers shut completely from view, and will pass through a continuous and unbroken lane of signboards that will trouble his nights and days with suggestions of things that are disagreeable."

The question is to find the remedy. These signs are not on railroad land, but on private property near the road. The railroad company would be only too happy to get rid of the nuisance. The governor says "perhaps the solution might be that through taxation-made so high as to be effective." He concludes: "In the interest of a suffering and indignant public, I present the subject to the legislature in the hope that they may be able to find a

It will be fortunate if the legislature succeeds. The value of that kind of advertising is questionable. . It is a nuisance and should be abated.

A GREAT ADVANCE.

Telephone Service in the Rural Mail Delivery. Indianapolis News. Postmaster General Payne does wisely in

recommending a small appropriation for extending telephone service in the rural mail delivery, providing a special stamp which the sender may place on his letter authorizing the postmaster to open it and telephone the contents to the receiver. It will save twenty-four hours in many cases, and for all practical purposes will be pretty nearly a telegraph service for speed and that in regions where telegraph service does not exist. It is a wise and far-reach ing proposition. It owes its inception, we believe, to Senator Fairbanks; in any case, it is distinctly creditable and marks further advance for the Postoffice department. It marks also the rapidity of a conventions of the season shall have met great revolution. It was only a few years the democrats will discover just how far ago that the first appropriation for a rural mail delivery was made in a small way and with fear and trembling, so to speak. Today there is, if comparison can be made, no more important and beneficial part of right direction.

The effect of this quick and frequent mall communication with rural regions will be great in many ways. It will not merely advance the standard of intelligence and add directly to prosperity by making swift business co play a part in solving the problem of keep ing the country boys on the farm and doing a part toward checking the drift to the cities. With the increased transportation of trolley roads and increased ommunication by rural msfl and rural telephone, rural regions will be so brought into touch with the urban centers that a community of life seems sure to develop such as has not existed since God made

SERMONS IN SHORT METER.

Denial brings delight.

Sins confessed are half conquered. A man is highest when he is humblest, A light heart is a light house for hearts Religion is never worn out by everyday

Triumph is simply the perfect tense trial. An empty head never has room for new

ideas Grumbling trouble. Borrowed faith is worthless as religious

The man with a message always has an audlence. Heavenly bread is never blessed until

ls broken. A straight creed can never cover crooked character A man's greatness is seen in his recognition of goodness.

Truth cannot be expressed cerity is suppressed. The sermon that is easy to deliver is often hard to digest.

When a man is holy he certificate to the fact. The blows against sin that count not made with the mouth. The true preacher does not have to

for a pulpit to be opened to him. Ten cents worth of help will make more religion than a dollar's worth of argument.

When a man begins to edit the Bible to counts to protect yourself.

Some people hang outside like icicles from the roof of the church and then comthat prisoners should be supported by their plain that the church is cold.-Chicago families. That will suit the prisoners down Tribune.

PERSONAL AND OTHERWISE.

Mad Mullah is madder than ever. run for life not only jars the bellows, but seriously shocks the dignity of a tin can potentate.

Petetitions for relief have come to con gress from Coldfoot, Alaska. If congress s disposed to be generous in that line it can get busy neargr home.

A thorough inspection of the national capital proves that the only fire-proof building in town is the Washington m ment. A cigarette cannot be burned in it. Assurances signed and sealed come from Egypt that the streets of Cairo, with bazars and natives, will grace the coming show at St. Louis. Fond memory cherishes the hope that the flute and drum will not be forgotten.

The victim was a Missourian and he 'showed" the court that climbing through the coal hole into his home did not promôte the glad sweet song of domestic peace. Whereupon the court signed the decree of divorce.

Steen inches of snow, enough to polish the runners and give leap year girls the needed opportunity to do their prettiest sleighing, will not disturb the public esteem accumulating by the weather man during the past two weeks.

Forcing the department clerks in Washington to work seven hours a day in addition to the task of drawing their salarie s the situation Marc Antony had in mind when he exclaimed "Ye that have tears to shed prepare to shed them now.' A poultice of \$10,000 proved effective in

soothing the pain of the broken heart of a Philadelphia woman. A giddy young man trifled with her palpitator and jury decreed \$10,000 as the penalty: asven't been feeling very good," said the broken-hearted one when informed of the verdict, "but I think this will make me all right again."

Captain John Seaton of Atchison, Kan. the National Soldiers' Home, although the position has no salary, and on the other know. year. Similarly, Richard Stevens of Hoboken, just appointed probation officer, will give his salary of \$1,200 to one of his assistants, and in Massachussetts, Representative Woods of Brighton will give his

legislative salary to the poor. We talk glibly about liberty with a big L, but there is no liberty of that brand found at Hoopeston, Ill. Instead, tyranny prevails. A bunch of Puritanical city dads, clothed with brief authority, have ferbidden young men and young women from "going down to the depot to see the trains come." If the Hoopeston young sters have read aright the story of the 'embattled farmers" at Concord and Lexington, there will be something doing around that railroad dead line.

For two years past the real "pharmacists" of New York City waged war on out price druggists and department store drug stores, insisting that the latter adulterated their drugs, otherwise they could not sell drugs at the prices asked. An investigation just concluded by the board of health shows that the pharmacists

were the real offenders. Not one viciation of law was discovered among the out raters, while 300 violations were unearthed among, the druggists who were the chief kickers. The Bee acknowledges the receipt of the Tribune Almanae for 1904, published by

the New York Tribune company. Ever since statistical year-books were introduced and popularized in the United States the Tribune Almanac has maintained un challenged a high place in public favor. It is not an almanac in the dictionary sense of the word, but is a ready reference and guide book, containing everything that such a compilation ought to have. And the material has been garnered and sifted and tested with the utmost care so as to secure absolute accuracy, or as near to it as honest, painstaking effort can bring one. Herein will be found a perfect gold mine of information on topics of interest, not only to every American, but likewise to all who care to know about us, our laws, population, officials, and so forth. In fact, it is really not an exaggeration to say that of a hundred things a same person wants to know, at least ninety-nine will be found in the Tribune Almanac.

SECULAR SHOTS AT THE PULPIT.

Chicago Record-Herald; Blahop Spencer of the Mormon church claims to have had revelation from God directing all Mormons to drink only water in future. This is probably one of the most sensible reveations a Mormon ever had.

Philadelphia Record: The suggestion that the government should ask John Alexander Dowle to go to San Domingo and exert himself for the restoration of order in that hapless island is not without a certain plausibility. Dowie is gifted with a managing ability and a lack of conscience well suited for dealing successfully with an ignorant and susceptible following. The inveterate laginess of the negroes in San Domingo would, however, put Elliah III to a severe test of his capabilities.

Brooklyn Eagle: The Methodist church says that it wants more than \$1,000,000. It is a million times more likely to get it than are some others who want it just as much. Pittsburg Dispatch: A number of Baptist astitutions are thinking of refusing further gifts of Rockefeller money, and Chauncey M. Depew has become a member of young Mr. Rockefeller's Bible class. While the Baptist brethren appear somewhat undecided Chauncey has no doubt about recognizing the rising sun of finance. Portland Oregonian: Among recent

deaths is that of Father Deshon, who graduated second in the class of 1843 at West Point, the class of General Grant, who expected him to make a notable mark suit himself, it is time to audit his ac- in the army. He was for ten years an officer in the regular army service, but left it to study for the priesthood. He was ordained in 1855 and began mission work with the Redemptorists. He remained with that order until he founded the Congressation of St. Paul the Apostle, also for mission work. At the time of his death Father Deshon was superior general of the Paulist Fathers. Father Deshon built the Church of St. Vincent de Paul at Columbus avenue and Sixtieth street. New York City, one of the great institutional churches of New York Father Deshon is not the only graduate of West Point who left the army for the General Leonidas Polk, a gradchurch. uate of West Point, left the army for the church, became a bishop of the Episcopal church, returned to the army at the outbreak of the civil war and was killed at Pine Mountain, Ga., by a shell from one of Sherman's batteries during the Atlanta campaign. General Pendieton. Lee's chief of artillery, was a West Point graduate who had become a clergyman.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Mr. Surplice-I don't see you in church, Mrs. Simpson.

Mrs. Simpson.—No; it's getting so near spring now I told John I just wouldn't bother getting me a winter bonnet.—Indianapolts Journal.

Wife—Wake up. Someone must be get-ing in the house, the dog is so restless. Husband—Well! I put him to sleep in your cosy corner.—Town Taylos.

Tess-George says one of the things that he admires about me most is that I'm o clever.

Jess-Of course; a man always condiders a girl clever who can worm a proposal out of him.—Philadelphia Press.

It was 12 c'clock.
"I see," he said, "that the wind shield nust go."
She yawned furtively.
"And are you going with it?" she asked.
He went.—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Girl with the Gibson Girl Neck-So you are engaged to Jack! You told me once that if ever he asked you to marry him your answer would be a word of two letters." Girl with the Julia Marlowe Dimple (ex-hibiting a becoming blush)—I answered him in German.—Chicago Tribune.

ference between him and the others w marry is that this fellow isn't deceived to the point of thinking he knows her.— Baltimore American.

"And is that modern novel really up-to-"Oh, yes, indeed. Why, it ends with the line, 'And so they were divorced and lived happily ever afterward."—Chicago Post.

The difference between gambling at poker and gambling at progressive whist is that gambling at poker is wrong.—Somerville Journel.

He said, "The tvy, you; the eak am I."
With repartee habitually quick
She answered: "That no doubt is why
In conversation you are such a stick."
Washington Star.

THE CLOUD SHIPS.

I stand in the lingering twilight Of winter's closing day, And watch the landscape fade from sight Beneath sunset's golden way.

a crimson ocean lie I see a crimson occur.

As far as eye can trace;
Its waters lave the earth and sky
Through myriad miles of space.

And on its bosom softly glide Armada's grand and great; Borne by the breezes and the tide To where deepening shadows we Each snowy galleon from the shores Where morning wakes from sleep, Is manned by crews with golden cars. Upon stretching, swelling deep.

I see their pennons proudly shine, Of every form and hue:

In gorgeous colors they outline Themselves upon a dome of blue Their silver prows spiash scarlet spray Like rubies from their sides; Each vessel keeps its trackless way, As on rose-tipped waves it rides.

Within their holds are precious mores Of pearly mists and rain. Which each in copious draughts outpours Somewhere on land and main.

Upon each how, like diamonds, rests
An azure mantled star,
Whose glimmering gilts the rosy cres Whose glimmering gilts the rosy creats Of rolling waves from near and far. For distant ports their sails are cast.
Where sapphire harbors stand;
Where starry anchors hold them fast
With chains of pearls from other lan

Beyond the rim where vision fails
They glide away from sight;
Their vapory forms and flying sails
Melt gently into coming night. W. FRANCIS BERGER.



Omaha.



EYE HEADACHES

Many people suffer from Heshackes caused by Eye Defects. You may see alright, your eyes may not pain you, yet, because of a something lacking which properly adjusted Glasses alone can sup-

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