OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKET

Beef Steers Sold About Steady, Cows Weak to Ten Lower and Feeders Strong.

HOGS AVERAGED A SHADE LOWER

Both Fat Sheep and Lambs as Well as Feeders Sold Readily at Steady Prices Where Quality Was Desirable, Common Stuff Slow.

SOUTH OMAHA, Sept. 7.

Receipts were:	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Official Monday	5,558	3,975	10,127
Same day last week	5,420	6,117	14,689
Same week before	5,097	2,818	16,41[illegible]
Same three weeks ago	6,824	3,629	18,842
Same four weeks ago	6,[illegible]	3,546	18,731
Same day last year	10,815	1,706	21,493

RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR TO DATE.

The following table shows the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at South Omaha for the year to date and comparisons with last year:

	1903.	1902.	Inc.	Dec.
Cattle	660,710	541,817	118,893	......
Hogs	1,669,355	1,684,696	......	15,341
Sheep	890,28[illegible]	789,379	100,907	......

Average price paid for hogs at South Omaha for the last several days with comparisons:

Date.	1903.	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.	1898.	1897.
Aug. 15...	5 35	6 68	5 77	4 97	4 44	3 75	*
Aug. 16...	*	6 67	5 77	4 98	4 32	3 78	3 70
Aug. 17...	5 20⅝	*	5 83	5 00	4 36	3 74	3 71
Aug. 18...	5 17½	6 67	*	4 95	4 47	3 66	3 68
Aug. 19...	5 11⅝	6 72	5 89	*	4 50	3 67	3 73
Aug. 20...	5 15	6 79	5 86	5 03	*	3 75	3 79
Aug. 21...	5 23⅝	6 86	5 78	5 02	4 42	*	3 76
Aug. 22...	5 30⅝	7 00	5 87	5 01	4 42	3 69	*
Aug. 23...	*	6 98	5 91	4 97	4 41	3 74	3 83
Aug. 24...	5 46¼	*	5 91	5 02	4 42	3 81	3 79
Aug. 25...	5 44⅝	7 10	*	5 05	4 40	3 73	3 81
Aug. 26...	5 32⅝	7 30	5 97	*	4 38	3 72	3 91
Aug. 27...	5 22	7 29	6 00	4 98	*	3 70	4 02
Aug. 28...	5 32⅝	7 26	6 00	5 02	4 40	*	3 97
Aug. 29...	5 32⅝	7 15	6 02	5 02	4 42	3 70	*
Aug. 30...	*	7 25	6 11	5 00	4 40	3 72	3 91
Aug. 31...	5 38⅝	*	6 12	5 06	4 27	3 63	3 99
Sept. 1...	5 23⅝	7 22	*	5 04	4 20	3 61	3 99
Sept. 2...	5 20½	7 42	6 11	*	4 14	3 69	4 07
Sept. 3...	5 29¼	7 36	6 07	5 02	*	3 65	4 07
Sept. 4...	5 41⅝	7 33	6 15	5 06	4 19	*	4 04
Sept. 5...	5 46½	7 40	6 26	5 08	4 22	3 62	*
Sept. 6...	*	7 44	6 34	5 06	4 23	3 63	4 05
Sept. 7...	5 44⅛	*	6 29	5 08	4 30	3 53	4 02

*Indicates Sunday.

The official number of cars of stock brought in today by each road was:

Roads.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sh'p.	H'ses.
C., M. & St. P.	3	12	..	23
Wabash	..	1	..	..
Missouri Pacific	2	..	..	..
Union Pacific system	22	8	24	26
C. & N. W. Ry.	1	9	..	..
F., E. & M. V. R. R.	101	18	4	15
C., St. P. M. & O.	7	3	..	..
B. & M. Ry.	77	4	9	..
K. C. & St. J.	2	..	..	..
C., R. I. & P., east	..	3	..	1
C., R. I. & P., west	..	1	..	1
Illinois Central	3	3	..	..
Total receipts	227	62	37	66

The disposition of the day's receipts was as follows, each buyer purchasing the number of head indicated:

Buyers.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Omaha Packing Co.	579	402	233
Swift and Company	819	769	1,490
Armour & Co.	562	907	672
Cudahy Packing Co.	599	878	2,026
Armour, Sioux City	...	1,087	...
Vansant & Co.	339	...	...
Carey & Benton	256	...	...
Lobman & Co.	382	...	...
Lewis & Underwood	46	...	...
Huston & Co.	70	...	...
Livingstone & Shaller	44	...	...
L. F. Husz	303	...	...
J. B. Hobbick	139	...	...
Layton & Co.	...	143	...
Wolf & Murnan	560	...	...
Leo Rothschild	168	...	...
Werthelmer	98	...	...
Other buyers	648	...	5,001
Totals	5,611	4,186	9,292

CATTLE—There was only a moderate run of cattle here this morning and in fact receipts were only about half as large as they were a year ago today. The table above will show the exact figures. Trading was fairly active on all desirable grades and the bulk was disposed of in good season.

There were only a few cars of cornfed steers in sight and the quality of those was rather inferior in the majority of cases and nothing choice was offered. As a general thing the market was not far from steady, though in some cases salesmen were unable to get quite as much for their cattle as they expected. The market could best be described by calling it steady to a shade easier.

There were a good many cows included in the offerings and buyers took advantage of the opportunity to pound the market a little. Some of the best grades did not suffer to any great extent, but the general market was 5@10c lower than at the close of last week. Trading was fairly active, so that the most of the cattle were disposed of in fairly good season.

Bulls, veal calves and stags did not show much change from last Friday.

The demand for stockers and feeders was liberal this morning and anything desirable commanded stronger prices. Western cattle in fact sold at the highest prices of the season, as much as $4.20 being paid for a bunch averaging 1,144 pounds. A good many cattle were good enough to sell from $3.90 to $4.10. The commoner kinds went at about steady prices, as compared with the close of last week.

Western grass beef steers held about steady where the quality was at all good. There were more beef steers included in the receipts than usual, but there were none too many of the desirable grades to meet packers' requirements. Common stuff was naturally slow and weak. Range cows sold about 5@10c lower, while stockers and feeders, as mentioned above, commanded steady to strong prices. Representative sales:

BEEF STEERS.

No.	Av.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Pr.
1	1200	2 90	24	1206	4 80
3	870	4 35	17	1122	5 10

COWS.

2	890	1 50	3	1036	2 65
3	1040	2 25	5	926	2 60
14	962	2 50	6	1088	3 00
1	920	2 50			

NEBRASKA.

29 feeders..	668	3 10	5 heifers...	450	2 60
26 feeders..	684	3 00	1 feeder...	710	3 00
3 cows.....	1073	2 65	1 bull......	1340	2 40
1 bull......	1280	2 75	33 feeders..	865	3 40
2 feeders..	814	2 70	11 feeders..	720	3 50
2 feeders..	650	3 00	3 feeders..	1080	3 55
1 heifer....	410	2 50	3 cows.....	923	1 65
1 bull......	1400	2 40	5 cows.....	1000	2 50
1 bull......	1020	2 65	1 cow......	860	2 75
1 cow......	1120	3 40	2 cows.....	825	1 75
10 cows.....	757	2 40	2 bulls.....	775	2 30
1 stag.....	1230	2 50	16 cows.....	901	2 75
1 cow......	1510	2 75	1 feeder...	880	2 75
1 steer.....	1000	3 00	2 cows.....	1135	3 00
3 steers....	1215	3 75			
5 steers....	1096	3 60	15 feeders..	1042	3 10
128 feeders.	1046	3 90			

MONTANA.

4 cows.....	952	2 60	2 feeders..	885	3 50
1 feeder...	820	3 60	2 feeders..	1055	3 55
9 feeders..	1150	3 55	8 feeders..	987	3 50
22 cows.....	1022	2 80	3 feeders..	646	2 65
1 feeder...	680	2 25	1 feeder...	1030	3 25
10 feeders...	606	2 60			

WYOMING.

2 cows.....	930	2 75	1 cow......	1200	2 35
1 cow......	1140	2 10	7 cows.....	765	2 60
11 cows.....	676	2 60			
1 bull......	1080	2 50	22 feeders..	875	3 55
1 feeder...	770	3 00	2 bulls.....	1085	2 80
10 feeders..	1000	3 45	2 feeders..	705	2 75
120 feeders..	1150	3 75	7 feeders..	1160	3 60
23 feeders..	1152	3 75	65 feeders..	1187	3 90
18 feeders..	1126	3 90	2 cows.....	800	2 10
5 cows.....	884	2 30	1 cow......	960	1 75

SOUTH DAKOTA.

1 feeder...	870	3 30	1 feeder...	810	3 30
1 feeder...	1020	3 50			

COLORADO.

127 cows.....	853	2 50			

H. T. Braddock—Neb.

25 feeders..	1144	4 20			

George W. Haney—Neb.

16 steers....	1230	4 00	24 feeders..	1150	4 10
5 feeders..	1103	4 00	1 feeder...	1050	3 60
1 steer.....	1390	4 00	1 steer.....	1150	4 00

R. Osborn—Neb.

17 feeders..	875	3 45	2 feeders..	800	3 00
7 feeders..	853	3 15			

R. Haney—Neb.

49 feeders..	1003	3 95	2 feeders..	1003	3 25

H. Haythorne—Neb.

2 cows.....	860	2 40	21 cows.....	1032	2 80
1 cow......	1120	2 40	1 cow......	1210	2 80

T. Johnson—Neb.

5 cows.....	930	2 45	2 cows.....	885	2 00
1 cow......	900	2 00	3 cows.....	1000	2 45
2 cows.....	903	2 00	15 feeders..	985	3 40
15 feeders..	720	3 35	2 feeders..	620	2 75
2 cows.....	906	2 45			

R. Jorgenson—Neb.

1 cow......	1110	3 10	1 cow......	1060	3 10
1 cow......	930	2 30	1 cow......	890	3 30
1 cow......	940	2 00	4 feeders..	602	3 40
2 feeders..	720	3 60	3 feeders..	746	3 55
1 feeder...	840	3 55	16 feeders..	850	3 15
1 heifer....	630	2 55			

Kloke & H.—Neb.

15 feeders..	945	3 05	15 steers....	1035	3 60
1 cow......	720	2 25			

J. C. Wysong—Neb.

2 cows.....	910	2 60	14 cows.....	963	2 60
1 cow......	1010	2 60	1 cow......	1000	2 25
3 cows.....	865	3 35			

Beel & R.—Neb.

22 cows.....	1016	2 60			

W. C. Cobble—Neb.

1 calf......	290	3 00	29 cows.....	718	2 75
15 cows.....	988	2 75			

B. Greathouse—Neb.

13 cows.....	1135	2 75	17 cows.....	1091	2 75

F. Duel—Neb.

1 steer.....	880	3 60	5 heifers...	870	2 65
3 steers....	1086	3 60	1 heifer....	1020	3 15
2 cows.....	983	3 00	4 feeders..	923	3 50

7 cows.....	1015	2 00	2 feeders..	790	3 55

J. W. Judkins—Neb.

7 cows.....	852	2 70	6 steers....	1010	3 60
1 cow......	870	2 40	1 stag......	1140	3 15
1 bull......	1240	2 60	19 feeders..	880	3 40

W. C. Cable—Neb.

1 feeder...	1000	3 90	36 feeders..	1085	3 95
2 feeders..	1100	3 90	1 feeder...	900	3 90
19 feeders..	909	3 95	6 feeders..	1145	3 60
1 steer.....	1000	3 25			

Robert Taylor—Neb.

18 feeders..	1233	3 85	21 feeders..	1192	4 05
1 feeder...	1000	3 00	4 feeders..	1117	3 60
[illegible]	1146	3 70	3 cows.....	840	2 25

C. F. Coffee—Neb.

20 steers....	1197	3 80	11 cows.....	883	2 30

G. Karnam—Neb.

10 cows.....	965	2 85	14 feeders..	817	3 50

G. Gouthart—Neb.

1 cow......	930	2 00	15 cows.....	938	2 00
8 cows.....	952	2 35			

V. Hussing—S. D.

1 cow......	1060	2 00	27 cows.....	927	2 00
1 cow......	810	2 00	1 cow......	860	2 60
3 cows.....	860	2 25	1 cow......	810	2 00
2 cows.....	1020	2 25	1 feeder...	1020	3 50
1 cow......	850	2 25			

R. Jorgenson—Neb.

1 cow......	840	1 75	13 feeders..	762	3 45
3 feeders..	1066	2 25			

A. C. Gilcrest—Neb.

58 feeders..	1142	3 75			

George Voorhees—Neb.

82 steers....	1243	4 35			

E. Hewlett—S. D.

3 bulls.....	1073	2 30	9 cows.....	824	2 15
8 steers....	707	3 25	3 heifers...	643	2 00
42 steers....	878	2 65	1 heifer....	690	2 25
1 bull......	1460	2 30			

J. Jefferson—S. D.

9 feeders..	950	2 70	10 steers....	1066	3 50
4 cows.....	937	2 80			

F. N. Davidson—S. D.

13 feeders..	1042	3 90	1 feeder...	1120	3 25
3 cows.....	1083	3 15	4 cows.....	900	2 00
2 cows.....	1100	2 75	2 cows.....	[illegible]	2 75
2 cows.....	855	2 75			

A. Jefferson—S. D.

5 cows.....	988	2 30	19 cows.....	945	2 65
1 cow......	970	2 25			

Lyman & Oelrichs—S. D.

6 cows.....	996	2 85	19 cows.....	994	2 70

A. Drais—S. D.

21 steers....	1260	4 00	22 steers....	1257	3 55
1 steer.....	1210	4 00	1 steer.....	1120	3 55
1 steer.....	1030	3 55			

Gus Peterson—S. D.

2 cows.....	970	2 75	[illegible]	980	3 50
2 cows.....	1010	2 30	1 feeder...	950	2 30
7 cows.....	948	2 75	1 feeder...	970	2 30
4 feeders..	965	3 50	1 bull......	1070	2 30
11 cows.....	1026	2 75	15 steers....	1106	3 70

G. W. Crowley—S. D.

56 steers....	1144	3 75	19 steers....	1125	3 75

J. Ripher—S. D.

2 cows.....	915	2 25	2 cows.....	780	2 00
2 cows.....	915	2 00	3 cows.....	933	2 25
15 cows.....	908	2 65	1 bull......	1430	2 30
21 feeders..	907	3 70	6 feeders..	906	3 70

G. C. Morrow—Wyo.

10 feeders..	650	3 40	1 feeder...	580	2 50
15 feeders..	829	2 45			

E. W. Whitcomb—Wyo.

23 feeders..	1141	3 90			
5 cows.....	960	3 00	9 cows.....	1037	3 00
1 cow......	1200	3 00	1 cow......	950	3 00
3 cows.....	940	2 50	1 cow......	1110	3 00
1 feeder...	1040	4 00	1 feeder...	1470	4 00
35 feeders..	1121	4 00	3 feeders..	1053	3 25
11 feeders..	1174	4 00	3 feeders..	1123	3 90
3 feeders..	1143	3 25	2 feeders..	1155	3 90
86 steers....	1121	3 65	40 steers....	1243	3 75
5 steers....	1021	3 00	2 steers....	970	3 65

A. Miller & Son—Wyo.

23 cows.....	917	2 60	4 cows.....	1010	2 40
16 feeders..	920	3 45	24 feeders..	1039	3 50
3 feeders..	960	3 50	1 feeder...	1200	3 00
2 heifers...	720	2 50			

R. I. Payne—Wyo.

1 cow......	900	2 70	1 bull......	630	2 00
2 bulls.....	750	2 70	1 bull......	1460	2 25
5 cows.....	906	2 15	1 cow......	860	2 70
2 cows.....	1075	3 00	10 feeders..	710	3 65
5 steers....	1180	3 50			

Stephen, George & Co.—Wyo.

62 cows.....	880	2 10			

William Herman—Wyo.

6 cows.....	850	2 60	1 cow......	910	2 60
4 cows.....	882	2 20	38 cows.....	941	2 60
1 cow......	750	2 20	1 cow......	1030	2 20

L. Green—Wyo.

15 feeders..	1005	3 55			

J. Riordon—Colo.

7 cows.....	914	2 00	17 cows.....	1028	2 35

John O. Hall & Bros.—Colo.

40 cows.....	904	2 50			

HOGS—There was only a fair run of hogs reported this morning and many of the trains were late in arriving. Reports from other points were rather unfavorable to the selling interests and as a result the market opened rather slow and about a nickel lower than Saturday's average. Heavy hogs sold largely from $5.35 to $5.40, medium weights went from $5.40 to $5.45 and lights sold from $5.50 to $5.70. Coarse heavy hogs were hard to sell and some of them went as low as $5.30. Later in the morning the fact developed that there were not as many hogs as reported early in the morning and as a result the close was active and stronger, some late sales being about steady with Saturday's general market. Representative sales:

No.	Av.	Sh.	Pr.	No.	Av.	Sh.	Pr.
61	282	...	5 30	58	275	120	5 42½
39	270	...	5 30	63	262	120	5 42½
54	299	80	5 35	70	246	80	5 45
46	302	...	5 35	62	250	80	5 45
43	302	240	5 37½	57	261	...	5 45
66	278	280	5 40	40	252	40	5 45
44	[illegible]			60	261	120	5 45
30	257	80	5 40	51	277	...	5 45
68	277	160	[illegible]	64	261	80	5 47½
69	258	...	5 40	68	242	140	5 47½
168	208	240	5 40	72	250	...	5 50
59	292	80	5 40	66	247	80	5 50
65	290	200	5 40	66	236	80	5 50
[illegible]	27[illegible]	120	5 40	75	220	40	5 50
56	274	80	5 40	64	224	80	5 50
[illegible]	[illegible]	...	5 40	65	227	80	5 50
58	277	120	5 40	60	259	80	5 50
66	260	120	5 40	56	282	...	5 50
70	271	160	5 40	72	243	80	5 55
55	275	120	5 40	65	231	...	5 55
65	285	160	5 40	70	233	40	5 62½
64	249	...	5 42½	84	211	80	5 70

SHEEP—There was the smallest run of sheep here this morning that has arrived on Monday in some little time. As compared with a year ago today there were less than half as many. Owing to that fact the market held steady in spite of the fact that Chicago was quoted lower.

Packers all took hold of the desirable grades of killers quite freely and the market held fully steady. Some sales, in fact, looked a little stronger. As there were no great number on sale, the market soon came to a close.

There were also a good many feeder buyers on hand, so that, although the big end of the offerings consisted of feeders, all desirable grades sold without trouble at steady prices. Common stuff was naturally more or less neglected, but still the prices paid did not look much different from those in force last week.

Quotations for grass stock: Good to choice lambs, $4.65@4.85; fair to good lambs, $4.25@4.65; good to choice yearlings, $3.35@3.50; fair to good yearlings, $3.35@3.50; good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.40; fair to good wethers, $3.15@3.25; good to choice ewes, $2.75@3.00; fair to good ewes, $2.35@2.65; feeder lambs, $3.75@4.35; feeder yearlings, $3.25@3.50; feeder wethers, $3.00@3.25; feeder ewes, $1.50@2.50. Representative sales:

No.		Av.	Pr.
6	Idaho ewes	90	2 50
9	bucks	87	3 00
432	Idaho yearlings	77	3 60
128	Idaho lambs	59	4 10
158	Idaho ewes	116	2 90
21	Idaho ewes	95	2 90
49	Wyoming ewes	112	3 00
11	Wyoming ewes	95	3 00
51	Wyoming feeder ewes	78	3 20
226	Wyoming feeder ewes	84	3 20
8	Idaho yearlings	58	3 25
81	Idaho yearlings	90	3 30
43	Idaho yearlings	88	3 40
497	Idaho feeder yearlings	91	3 50
568	Idaho yearlings	83	3 55
161	Idaho yearlings	87	3 60
74	Idaho feeder lambs	59	4 00
90	Idaho lambs	56	4 25
93	Idaho lambs	63	4 60
339	Idaho lambs	63	4 00
50	Idaho lambs	63	4 65
173	Idaho lambs	63	4 65
12	Wyoming ewes	81	2 75
48	Wyoming ewes	98	2 75
5	Wyoming wethers	100	3 50
660	Wyoming wethers	111	3 50
71	Wyoming yearlings	86	3 50
230	Wyoming feeder lambs	49	3 75
499	Wyoming feeder lambs	56	4 00
174	Wyoming lambs	57	4 10
353	Wyoming lambs	57	4 10
411	Wyoming lambs	63	4 00

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Market for Cattle and Hogs Stronger, for Sheep Steady to Lower.

CHICAGO, Sept. 7.—CATTLE—Receipts, 31,000 head including 1,200 Texans and 6,000 westerns. The market for best was steady, for bulk, 10c to 15c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.40@6.05; poor to medium, $3.90@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.20; cows, $1.50@4.50; $2.00@5.00; canners, $1.50@2.60; bulls, $2.00@4.50; calves, $3.50@6.75; Texas fed steers, $3.25@4.70; western steers, $3.25@4.60.

HOGS—Receipts, 31,000 head; estimated tomorrow, 18,000 head. The market for average was steady. Mixed and butchers, $5.37@6.10; good to choice heavy, $5.60@5.90; rough heavy, $5.10@5.55; light, $5.60@6.10; bulk of sales, $5.45@5.75.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 26,000 head; the market for sheep and lambs was steady to lower. Good to choice wethers, $3.25@3.75; fair to choice mixed, $2.25@3.00; western sheep, $2.75@3.50; native lambs, $3.75@5.85; western lambs, $3.75@5.25.

St. Joseph Live Stock Market.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Sept. 7.—CATTLE—Receipts, 4,692 head. The market was steady to 10c lower; natives, $3.50@5.25; cows and heifers, $1.50@4.75; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.25.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,885 head; steady to 5c [illegible] light, $5.75@6.00; medium and heavy, $5.50@5.80.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 5,922 head; steady.

Kansas City Live Stock Market.

KANSAS CITY, Sept. 7.—CATTLE—Receipts, 17,500 head of natives and 2,500 Texans. Calves, 1,000 head of natives and 500 Texans. The market for corn fed cattle was steady to weak; for grass westerns,

slow and lower, for quarantine, 10c lower; for cows, steady to 10c lower; for stockers and feeders, steady; for calves, quiet. Choice export and dressed beef steers, $4.70@5.60; fair to good, $4.00@4.70; stockers and feeders, $2.20@4.30; western fed steers, $2.25@4.60; Texas and Indian steers, $2.70@3.60; Texas cows, $1.60@2.85; native cows, $1.60@3.40; native heifers, $2.15@4.00; canners, $1.00@2.35; bulls, $2.00@3.40; calves, $2.00@5.40.

HOGS—Receipts, 1,600 head. The market was active and steady. Top, $5.97½; bulk of sales, $5.60@5.85; heavy, $5.62½@5.75; mixed packers, $5.72½@5.95; light, $5.80@5.90; yorkers, $5.85@5.90; pigs, $5.00@5.97½.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 10,000 head. The market was steady. Native lambs, $2.90@5.20; western lambs, $2.75@5.00; fed ewes, $2.50@3.90; Texas clipped yearlings, $2.40@4.00; Texas clipped sheep, $2.25@3.80; stockers and feeders, $2.00@3.40.

New York Live Stock Market.

NEW YORK, Sept. 7.—BEEVES—Receipts 9,756 head; good steers opened strong and closed steady; medium and common slow to a shade lower; bulls steady to 10c higher; fat cows strong, others steady; native steers, $4.00@5.75; stockers and tail ends, $3.00@3.75; bulls, $2.50@3.00. Cables quoted live cattle slow; top prices at London, 11¾c; at Liverpool, 11½c. Dressed weights sheep steady; exports today none.

CALVES—Receipts, 2,235 head; veals 25c higher; other calves 25@50c higher; veals, $5.00@8.50; tops, $8.50@8.75; culls, $3.50@4.50; grassers, $2.75@3.50; westerns, $3.50@4.25; city dressed veals firm at 8½@12½c per lb.; country dressed at 6@12½c; dressed grassers, 4@5½c.

HOGS—Receipts, 8,134 head; market uneven, some sales being higher and others 25c lower; state and Pennsylvania hogs, $6.15@6.50; choice light, $6.60@6.65.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 14,522 head; sheep active to strong; common slow to a trifle easier; sheep, $2.50@3.85; extras, $4.00; lambs, $5.12½@5.50; two cars choice, $6.60@6.75; Canadians, $5.87½@6.50; culls, $4.00@4.50.

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 7.—CATTLE—Receipts, 7,000 head, including 5,000 Texans. The market was dull and steady to lower. Native shipping and export steers, $4.75@5.75; the top for strictly fancy; dressed beef and butcher steers, $4.00@5.35; steers under 1,000 pounds, $3.40@5.25; stockers and feeders, $2.60@3.90; cows and heifers, $2.25@5.00; canners, $2.00@2.25; bulls, $2.50@4.00; calves, $3.00@6.50; Texas and Indian steers, grass, $2.70@3.75; fed, $4.40@4.90; cows and heifers, $2.25@3.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 3,500 head. The market was steady to firm, the early decline being regained. Pigs and lights, $5.60@6.15; packers, $5.50@6.50; butchers and best heavy, $6.60@6.10.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 3,000 head. The market was steady to lower. Native muttons, $3.00@3.65; lambs, $4.50@5.50; culls and bucks, $2.00@4.00; stockers, $2.00@3.00.

Sioux City Live Stock Market.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Sept. 7.—(Special Telegram.)—CATTLE—Receipts, 1,800; market steady; beeves, $4.00@5.25; cows, bulls and mixed, $2.30@4.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@3.75; calves and yearlings, $2.50@3.60.

HOGS—Market 5@10c lower than Saturday's close, $5.25@5.45; bulk, $5.30.

Stock in Sight.

Following are the receipts of live stock at the six principal western cities yesterday:

Cities.	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.
Omaha	5,558	3,375	10,127
Chicago	31,000	31,000	36,000
Kansas City	21,500	1,600	10,000
St. Louis	7,000	3,500	3,000
St. Joseph	4,692	4,885	5,922
Sioux City	1,800	.....	.....
Totals	71,350	43,860	65,049

OMAHA WHOLESALE MARKET.

Condition of Trade and Quotations on Staple and Fancy Produce.

EGGS—Fresh stock, loss off, 17c.

LIVE POULTRY — Hens, 9c; spring chickens, per lb., 11c; roosters, according to age, 4@5c; turkeys, 11@12c; old ducks, 6c; young ducks, 8@9c.

BUTTER—Packing stock, 12½@13c; choice to fancy dairy, in tubs, 16@18c; separator, 20c.

FRESH FISH—Fresh caught trout, 11c; pickerel, 7@8c; pike, 10c; perch, 6c; buffalo, 7½@8c; bluefish, 15c; whitefish, 10c; salmon, 11c; haddock, 10c; codfish, 12c; redsnapper, 10c; lobsters, boiled, per lb., 20c; lobsters, green, per lb., 28c; bullheads, 11c; catfish, 14c; black bass, 20@22c; halibut, 9c; crappies, 12c; herring, 6c; white bass, 10c; bluefins, 8c.

OYSTERS—New York counts, per can, 45c; per gal., $2.15; extra selects, per can, 37c; per gal., $1.90; standard, per can, 30c; per gal., $1.50.

BRAN—Per ton, $14.

HAY—Prices quoted by Omaha Wholesale Dealers' association: Choice No. 1 upland, $9; No. 2, $8.50; medium, $8; coarse, $7.50. Rye straw, $6.50. These prices are for hay of good color and quality. Demand fair and receipts light.

CORN—48c.

OATS—37c.

RYE—No. 2, 50c.

VEGETABLES.

POTATOES—Per bu., 70@80c.

SWEET POTATOES—Home grown, per basket, 75c; Virginias, per 3-bu. bbl., $3.75.

CUCUMBERS—Home grown, per basket, 30c.

BEANS—Home grown, wax, per market basket, 70@80c; string, per market basket, 70@80c.

CABBAGE—New home grown, 1¼@1½c per lb.

GREEN CORN—Per doz., 10c.

TOMATOES—Home grown, per basket, 35@40c.

RHUBARB—Per lb., 1c.

NAVY BEANS—Per bu., $2.60.

CELERY—Michigan, per doz., 30@35c; large western, 45c.

ONIONS—New home grown, dry, per lb., 1½c; fancy Washington stock, per lb., 2c.

EGG PLANTS—Per doz., $1.00@1.25.

FRUITS.

PLUMS—Utah and Colorado, $1.25.

PRUNES—Italian, per box, $1.35; Gross, $1.65; Silver, $1.35.

PEACHES—California, salaway, $1.00; California clings, $1.00.

CRABAPPLES—Per bbl., $3.

PEARS—Colorado and Utah Flemish, $2; Colorado and Utah Bartlett's, $2.00@2.25.

CANTALOUPE—Idaho, standard, per crate, $3.00; per ½-crate, $2.50; home grown, per doz., $1.25.

APPLES—Weltheys and other varieties, per 3-bu. bbl., $2.50@3.00.

GRAPES—California Tokays, $1.75; Hamburg and Muscats, $1.50; home grown, 8-lb. basket, 30c.

WATERMELONS — Missouri, 25c each; crated, net, 75c per 100 lbs.

CRANBERRIES—Per bbl., $7.00.

TROPICAL FRUITS.

FIGS—Turkish, 18-lb. box, per lb., 18c.

ORANGES—Valencias, all sizes, $4.00@4.25.

BANANAS—Per bunch, $2.00@2.50; jumbos, $3.00.

LEMONS—California fancy, 300 to 360 sizes, $4.50@5.00; choice, $4; 240 to 270 sizes, $4.00@4.25.

LIMES—Florida, per 6-basket crate, $6.00.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHEESE—Wisconsin Twins, full cream, 12½c; Wisconsin, young America's, 12½c; Black Swiss, 15c; Wisconsin bricks, 12½c; Wisconsin limberger, 14½c.

HONEY—Neb. per 24 frames, $3.50; Utah and Colorado, per 25 frames, $3.50.

POPCORN—Per lb., 2½c; shelled, 3@3½c.

HIDES—No. 1 green, 6½c; No. 2 green, 5½c; No. 1 salted, 7½c; No. 2 salted, 6½c; No. 1 veal calf, 3 to 12 lbs., 8½c; No. 2 veal calf 12 to 15 lbs.; 6½c; dry salted hides, 8@12c; sheep pelts, 25@75c; hrose hides, $1.50@2.50.

NUTS—Walnuts, No. 1 soft shell, per lb., 17c; hard shell, per lb., 14c; No. 2 soft shell, per lb., 13c; No. 2 hard shell, per lb., 12c; Brazils, per lb., 12c; filberts, per lb., 12c; almonds, soft shell, per lb., 16c; hard shell, per lb., 15c; pecans, large, per lb., 12½c; small, per lb., 11c; peanuts, per lb., 5½c; roasted peanuts, per lb., 7c.

Foreign Financial.

LONDON, Sept. 7.—The money market was easy today. Discounts were steady. On the stock exchange business was quiet, but the tone was good. The celebration of Labor day at New York had the effect of checking buisness. Consols were in better demand. Americans were almost stagnant, but were quietly cheerful. There were a few advances in these stocks on New York purchasing orders. The New York bank statement Saturday was not regarded favorably, but did not induce much selling. The market for Americans closed firm. Kaffirs had a firm undertone.

The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance today was £15,000.

BERLIN, Sept. 7.—Prices on the boerse today were firm, but the transactions were light. Exchange on London 20m 38pfgs for checks. The rate of discount for short bills and three months bills 4 per cent.

PARIS, Sept. 7.—Prices generally on the bourse today opened firm. Internationals became irregular and rentes heavy. At the close prices were firm and business was quiet. The private rate of discount was 2 9-16 per cent. Three per cent rentes, 97f 82½c for the account.

Cotton Market.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7.—COTTON—Spot moderate business, prices easier. American middling, 6.84d; good middling, 6.6 d; middling, 6.32d; low middling 6.10d; good ordinary, 5.80d; ordinary, 5.60d. The sales of the day were 7,000 bales of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 4,900 bales of American cotton. Receipts, none. Futures opened barely steady and closed unsettled. American middling, g. o. c., September, 5.91d; September-October, 5.59@5.60d; October-November, 5.21d; November-December, 5.15d; December-January, 5.12@5.13d; January-February, 5.11d; February-March, 5.10@5.11d; March-April, 5.10d; April-May, 5.09d.

American markets were closed because of Labor day.

Liverpool Grain and Provisions.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 7.—WHEAT—No. 2 red western winter (new), steady, 6s 3d; No. 1 northern spring, strong, 6s 10d. Futures: Quiet; September, 6s 6¼d; October, 6s 6½d; December 6s 6¾d.

CORN—Spot: American mixed, steady, 4s 4¾d. Futures: Firm; September, 4s 7d; October, 4s 7d.

GOSSIP ON COMMISSION ROW

Blackberries Steal In from Washington, but Are Unheeded by the Passersby.

Blackberries. And there is scarce sale for the wonders, because the grocery men do not know they are in town and pass by without recognizing their old friends. Puyallup, in the state of Washington, is the proud town which sends out blackberries at this late day when all the appendicitis has healed again by first intention, and from now on for some days you may have them for the buying. The pioneers came in five freezers of fifty-four quarts each and the average sale yesterday was 12½ cents a quart.

Labor day had its effect along the row and although the commission houses were wide open and the vegetables and fruits were out on the sidewalks pulling in any customers who came in sight, there was yet a noticeable quietude. The market gardeners were fewer in number than a Monday would seem to warrant. There was no movement to the Capitol avenue market house, which was tightly closed, and no pressure was brought to bear on the stubborn market men. Today, because of the Sunday closing and light business Monday, there may be something doing and a big turnout.

Cantaloupes were waiting around, but didn't seem to find a friend anywhere, and some of them may not last for tomorrow's business. Fifty crates of the genuine Rocky Ford came in by express and could not sell. The trouble is that the hardy Nebraska article is stealing into town without the aid of railroads or the consent of nations. Council Bluffs is headquarters in the coming days.

The peaches and pears are still it. The Bartletts have dropped off "two bits," as they say in their home country, in a day or so and are now selling at $2 in lots. Some fall varieties are at $1.75. Colorado peach delegates are looked for. They will be the first and are after the can of the earlier fruit. Potatoes were 80 to 85 cents. There were none shipped in this week and so the price is up. Last week the outsiders caused a slump.

BRITISH NATIONAL PHYSIQUE

Unfitness of a Large Proportion of Men Seeking Service in the Army.

The physical unfitness of a large proportion of the men offering themselves as recruits for the army in England is strikingly brought out by the recent report of the director general, Army Medical service, which was published by the War office in the form of a parliamentary paper.

During the ten years just past no less than about 35 per cent of those medically examined were rejected on various grounds, but many that were too evidently unfit on reporting were not examined at all, so that it is believed that the total of the rejections amounted to 60 per cent, or three out of every five. It is therefore an undoubted fact that at the present time a very considerable proportion of the young men of the country, especially in the towns, are physically defective and unfit for military service.

The Army and Navy Gazette in commenting on this state of affairs says:

"Fortunately this is not the case as regards the entire population, but only those of the poorer classes. It is from the latter, however, that the bulk of the men desiring to be soldiers come. Owing to the advance of sanitary science, and to the encouragement of athletic sports, the general physique of the upper and middle classes is improving rather than deteriorating. * * *

"It is a deplorable fact that in wealthy England some 6,000,000 of the people, dwellers in overcrowded towns, are in a state of actual poverty. The bulk of the men seeking enlistment belongs to this category."

In this connection the director general remarks in his report:

"Were all classes of the community able to provide their offspring with ample food and air space a healthy race would be produced and the proper material to fill the ranks of the army would probably soon be obtained."

The new scheme of army organization for the British army requires 50,000 recruits a year, but the director general's report shows that only 68,000 are examined annually, and of these about 23,500 are rejected, giving a deficiency of 5,500 per annum, which England hopes to make up by colonial assistance.—New York Sun.

LIVED TO TELL ABOUT IT

Oil Well Shooter Starts a Few Peices of Nitroglycerin and Survives the Shock.

The statement of oil well shooters, who have said that they never had but one accident, and did not live to discuss it, has been accepted as correct until the present time, but Leroy Hyer, a shooter for the St. Mary's Torpedo company, has experienced his accident, but lives to tell it. Hyer was shooting an oil well in Van Buren township, Indiana, Saturday evening.

He had previously lowered several hundred quarts of nitroglycerin into the well, and was sending down a tube containing twenty quarts of the high explosive, while twenty quarts remained in his wagon, standing near the well. The tube which was being lowered is thought to have been leaking, and the friction on the side of the drive pipe is supposed to have caused an explosion.

When the tube containing twenty quarts was about fifteen feet below the surface, instantly the derrick, engine house, boiler room and everything about the rig was demolished. The twenty quarts of nitroglycerin remaining in the wagon also exploded, blowing the wagon into splinters. Hyer and two other fellows were standing in the engine room. They were hurled into the field, but not one of them was injured.

The horse that drew the wagon had been detached and tied to a fence a short distance from the oil well. The animal was not injured. The place where the derrick stood is a yawning hole.—Indianapolis News.

Mortality Statistics.

The following births and deaths have been reported to the Board of Health:

Births—August Petersen, 3011 South Fifteenth, boy; William Peterson, County hospital, boy; Herman Hansen, 2557 Cuming, girl; Gust Nelson, 3015 Franklin, girl.

Deaths—Baby Harsch, 3550 Pacific, 5 months; Lena Coren Nordquist, Swedish hospital, home Beresford, S. D., 65; Robert Malcolm Van Burg, 3 months; Baby Lyman, 318 South Twentieth, 9 months.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Judge Vinsonhaler is hearing arguments in the Metz estate case, in which Adeline Metz, widow of the late Fred Metz, attacks the justice and honesty of the acts of the administrators. A decree approving the course of the administrators up to the present time, but not asking for their discharge, is petitioned for by the administrators.

POPS SEEM TO BE AT SEA

No One Able to Tell Whether Convention Will Be Held or Not.

FORGAN SAYS PICK FROM OTHER TICKETS

John O. Yeiser Exhibits a Spirit of Indifference as to Judicial Nominations—Two More Republican Candidates.

Whether there will be a populist judicial convention, or a mass meeting of populists, or any other kind of a meeting at Washington hall this afternoon or tonight is the question now being discussed by members of the populistic old guard.

An adjournment of the combination populist convention and mass meeting held in Washington hall August 22 was taken to September 8, the reason given being that the populists desired to wait until after the democrats had held their convention and nominated candidates for the district bench. It was also quietly stated at the same time that as there were only an even dozen men present, and as the law requires that fifty electors be present and take part in a district mass meeting no legal action could be taken.

This provision of the law providing for nominations by mass meetings is again rising up to trouble the faithful few who still desire to make a showing of populistic activity in Douglas county. It is admitted that no formal call for a populist convention of this judicial district has been issued, and that the meeting tomorrow in Washington hall will not be a regular convention. At the same time leading members of the party admit that it will be very hard to get fifty electors of Omaha to take part in the meeting unless assistance is received from outsiders among the personal friends of the candidates.

Spirit of Indifference.

John O. Yeiser declares that he has taken little interest in the matter, and that so far as he knows little interest has been or is being taken in it by other populists. "The only thing for the populists to do when they get together is to endorse candidates already nominated," Mr. Yeiser says, "as no good could be accomplished by putting up more candidates."

P. L. Forgan, who is credited with being a very "straight" populist, says that in the present case the only thing for the populists to do is to select the best men on the two tickets and endorse them. Doing this, Mr. Forgan admits, may not be an easy task, as he has found that fellow populists do not agree with him as to who are the best men on the republican and democratic tickets.

"I do not believe in simply endorsing the bar ticket," said Mr. Forgan. "Lawyers in my opinion are taking entirely too active a part in all affairs; the people are just as able to select judges as are the lawyers, and in some ways are better able to do so, as they are not influenced or prejudiced as are the lawyers."

Chairman Thomas of the populist committee was not at his office and the dispute as to what hour the adjournment was taken to on August 22 remains unsettled. It was 2 p. m. according to some and 8 p. m. according to others. On the ground that probably a larger attendance can be secured in the evening the meeting probably will be held at the latter hour.

Two More File.

Charles L. Thomas for county commissioner and Paul F. Stein for constable are the latest candidates for republican nominations to file their agreements and pay in fees to Secretary Messick.

Theodore Olsen has announced his candidacy for the county clerkship and says he will make the required filing in a few days. Samuel C. Walkup of the city clerk's office is looking the ground over carefully and will also probably be in the ring for the same office, so that there will be at least four and probably five or six candidates at the primaries.

Under the new law while county commissioners are nominated by the district, they are voted on in the entire county. The district in which the vacancy occurs this year is made up of the Fourth, Seventh and Eighth wards. From the Eighth it is expected that George F. Munro and Grant L. Hutton will be candidates, and M. J. Kennard will divide the Seventh ward strength with C. L. Thomas. The Fourth ward has not yet presented any positive candidate, but is expected to do so, and the Seventh and Eighth may also produce several more candidates before the end of the week.

One caller at Secretary Messick's office yesterday wanted to know if there was any office for which he could run without putting up a fee. He was answered "No" and then his drooping spirits were revived and gladdened by the assurance that he would be made a primary judge at $1.50 for his services.

PLANS FOR BATTLESHIPS

Upward of 1,200 Drawings Must Be Made and Approved by the Government.

When Uncle Sam desires to build a warship there must be something over 1,200 plans drawn and approved by the government before the vessel can be constructed. These plans alone, in the case of a first class battleship such as Vermont, the contract for which has been recently awarded to the Fore River Ship and Engine company, near Boston, cost the builders about $75,000. For the steel plates of the hull, to take a single large item, 500 distinct and separate plans are necessary. The 800 or 900 plans necessary for a hull as a whole range from a small sheet of paper twelve inches square to a big sheet eleven feet long by two feet and a quarter wide; and each plan must be duplicated in at least a dozen blue prints to facilitate the work of the shops and save the original drawings from being worn out by constant handling.

At a rough estimate this means that over 18,600 square feet of paper will be covered with drawings before the yard begins hull construction, to say nothing of over 10,500 square feet of paper that will be used in preparing the schedules of materials by which the yard will order the various supplies necessary for construction. To make the hull of a war vessel more paper is used than would serve to wrap it up afterward. Meantime the engine department and the electrical department must prepare their own plans on a similar scale of detailed munificence, the result being, all told, that about 1,200 separate drawings will be necessary before the battleship has been accurately made on paper.

These hundreds of plans do not consist, as one might at first imagine, in plan after plan of the vessel until Uncle Sam smiles approval and says 'Go ahead, that suits me exactly." As a matter of fact Uncle Sam has a very complete notion of what is going to suit him exactly before the contracting shipbuilders touch pencil to paper, and the shipbuilder's work is based upon yet another series of mysterious looking blue prints that come from the government. The first plans for every class of war vessels, with the single exception of the lively little torpedo boats and their equally lively little destroyers, are drawn by the government before any shipbuilding establishment is invited to bid for the task of finishing them. But these first plans, although they represent the labor of three government departments, the Bureau of Construction and Repair, the Bureau of Equipment and the Bureau of Ordnance, are simply a statement of the kind of vessel wanted and are supplemented by a bound volume of specifications that covers between 200 and 300 pages. It is this interesting volume that the management of the shipbuilding establishments has to reduce to terms of profit and cost before it decides upon the minimum price for which it can build the vessel, pay about four years' wages to 1,000 workmen and put a little something in the bank on its own account. In the case of Vermont the final cost per pound is estimated at 15 cents, or three times the cost per pound of a thoroughly modern steel schooner.

No object, either on land or sea, could be more carefully specified in its every detail than a modern war vessel. When the government orders a canvas gun cover, for example, the specifications state definitely how many stitches to an inch are to be taken in sewing the canvas, and these stitches are not to be averaged up, but there must be just so many of them in every inch, no matter at what point the government inspector who supervises the making of the cover may choose to count them. If the number is not parallel with the specification the right number of stitches must be put in—at the expense of the company. This small example is an exact illustration of what "specifications" mean as they apply to a war vessel.—Brooklyn Eagle.

FAT MEN MUST PUT UP

Sartorial Penalties Imposed on Rotund People for the Good of the Lean.

The proposal of the union tailors at Chicago to enforce discriminating charges against fat men, in proportion to the cloth consumed by their garments, can only be looked upon with misgiving and aversion. It is impossible to regard the matter as a mere sporadic outbreak, for it has all the earmarks of a concerted movement of organized labor looking to a pitiless crusade upon stout persons to the advantage of the thin. It is obvious that if fat men can be made to pay more for their clothes than they do now, lean men will, in accordance with the well known laws of compensation, averages, etc., soon come to pay less.

If this vicious principle is once established in the tailoring trade, it will be but a short time until it is taken up by other unions and discrimination is enforced against the fat all along the line. The street cars will begin to carry passengers by weight, and underwear will be listed at so much a size and half size, like carpet tacks or step-ladders. Shoes, even, will be sold by the square feet of leather they contain, and theater seats will be charged for according to breadth of beam. The next thing in order would be boycotts directed at all merchants who fail to discriminate sharply against embonpoint, and half the fat men in town would be declared unfair. There is nothing that we know of in the theory and practice of organized labor that is inconsistent with this discreditable and melancholy program.

The Darwinian law of natural selection shows us but too plainly what the end of such a tendency, once set in operation in the human species, must be. At once a percentage of ease in survival accrues to the lean individuals, and a corresponding disadvantage in the struggle for life inheres in all fat individuals. As time goes on, the fat individuals must find subsistence increasingly difficult and the lean individuals will find it increasingly easier. Fewer of the fat will survive, more of the lean. And the influence of natural selection will be inescapably and tremendously intensified by sexual selection. Fewer and fewer females will have the hardihood to brave public opinion in choosing fat males for their mates, and the enterprise and resources of lean males in the pursuit of partners will augment in arithmetical if not geometrical ratio. Fat babies will grow few and eventually cease to be born, while the lean and hugry individuals will live on the fat of the land.

It is needless to remind any correctly reared person how Egyptian, Stygian and also Cimmerian is the darkness which such a prospect hangs over the future of the race. The fair and fitting character of fatness and the menace of leanness are stamped on almost every page of holy writ and unmistakably revealed in the inspired utterances of Shakespeare. The ancient prophets held out promises of fatness to the righteous and reprobated the lean with fine discernment and unequivocal severity.

When the bard of Avon put the cadaverous Cassius on an immortal pedestal, he did so knowing full well how necessary for humanity was the antithetical ideal hinted at in "fat men, who sleep o' nights." Thus the consequences of a dastardly scheme in the ranks of Chicago's journeymen tailors, are seen to reach far into the future of the race for weal or woe. Nine tailors, if they are good ones, can make a man, it is said, but a tailor's union, if you give it rope enough, will unmake the entire human family.—Portland Oregonian.

HONEYMOON IN THE ARCTIC

California Young People, with Time to Spare, Will Hunt Foxes in the Polar Regions.

The strangest and probably the wildest honeymoon on record was begun in Los Angeles a few days ago. Two young German people are the participants of this unique and hazardous trip. John Drast, the bridegroom, came to America about five months ago with the avowed purpose of journeying to the frozen north in search of fox skins. On his way across the continent he met the girl who is now his bride. He told her of his plans, and rather than wait until his return before marrying she suggested that he take her along and that the trip be made their honeymoon. Drast is 21 and his wife 22 years of age.

The boat that carries them, Alert, although worn with age, is looked upon by those familiar with its gear as a good craft for almost any kind of weather. It is too small, however, to attempt a trip over so vast and rough a body of water. Alert is a sloop-rigged craft measuring about thirty-three feet over all, with a twelve-foot beam. It was purchased from a San Pedro fisherman for $300. The couple carried with them about $250 worth of provisions, which are expected to last the voyagers until they reach their destination.

Drast and his wife are going to a point 600 miles east of the McKinzie river, which flows into the Arctic ocean, in search of black fox, whose skins are very valuable. They expect to spend the winter somewhere enroute and proceed further next summer. Drast said he would probably return in three years. San Francisco will be the only stop made between Los Angeles and the Behring sea.

Drast seemed to understand the nature of his voyage exactly, but his little girl wife stood by and wondered what to think of it, at the same time manifesting all confidence in her boyish husband.—Los Angeles Times.

WEARE GRAIN CO.
110-111 Board of Trade.
OMAHA, NEB.
W. E. Ward, Manager. Tel. 1516

When Traveling
READ
THE BEE

Here is where you will find it in the principal cities:

BOSTON.
Public Library.
Vendome Hotel.
Boston Press Club, 14 Bosworth St.

BUFFALO.
Genesee Hotel News Stand.
Public Library.

CAMBRIDGE, MASS.
Harvard University Library.

CHEYENNE, WYO.
C. M. O'Connell.

CHICAGO.
Auditorium Annex News Stand.
Auditorium News Stand.
Grand Pacific Hotel News Stand.
Great Northern News Stand.
Palmer House News Stand.
Postoffice News Stand.

CINCINNATI.
Hotel Alms Reading Room.

CLEVELAND.
Commercial Travelers' Assn., Masonic Temple.
Weddell House.
The Hollenden.

COLORADO SPRINGS.
Printers' Home.
M. Slaughter.
C. A. Bruner.

DENVER.
Capital News and Stationery Co.
Brown Hotel News Stand.
Frueauff Bros., 605 16th St.
Kendrick Book & Stat. Co., 914 17th St.
Louthan & Jackson Book & Stat. Co.
Pratt Mercantile Co., 1517 Larimer St.
Windsor Hotel News Stand.
A. Serlis, 1657 Champa St.

DEADWOOD, S. D.
Fishel & Co.
J. F. Carwile.

DES MOINES, IA.
Moses Jacobs.

HELENA, MONT.
W. A. Moore, 6th Ave. and Main Sts.

HOT SPRINGS, S. D.
Emil Hargens.
A. L. Eckstein.

HOT SPRINGS, ARK.
C. H. Weaver & Co.
L. D. Cooper & Co., 620 Central Ave.

KANSAS CITY, MO.
Ricksecker Cigar Company.
Commercial Club.
Public Library.
Railway Y. M. C. A., Rm. 27, Union Depot.

LEXINGTON, KY.
Y. M. C. A. Reading Room.

LINCOLN, NEB.
J. K. Jones, 1146 Saratoga [illegible]
Y. M. C. A.

LOS ANGELES, CAL.
Oliver & Haines, 106 S. Spring.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.
R. G. Hearsey & Co., 24 Third St. So.
Public Library.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.
Frank Mulkern, Grand Ave. and 3d St.

NEW YORK.
Cooper Union Library.
Fifth Avenue Hotel News stand.
Fifth Avenue Hotel Reading Room.
Holland House Reading Room.
Hoffman House.
Imperial Hotel News Stand.
Westminster Hotel Reading Room.
N. Y. Press Club.
Astor House News Stand.

OGDEN, UTAH.
Ogden News Co.
J. H. Crockwell.
24th Street News Stand.

PARIS, FRANCE.
N. Y. Herald Reading Room, 40 Ave. de l'Opera.
Thos. Cook & Sons, 1 Ave. de l'Opera.

PORTLAND, ORE.
Oregon News Company, 147 6th St.
Portland Hotel News Stand.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
Barrow Bros., 43 W. 2d So. St.
L. F. Hammel, 49 W. 2d So. St.
Salt Lake News Company.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
Public Library.
Palace Hotel News Stand.

SEATTLE, WASH.
J. M. Lyons & Co.

SIOUX CITY.
Garretson Hotel News Stand.
Mondamin Hotel News Stand.
Gerald Fitzgibbon News Stand.
Public Library.
Y. M. C. A.
Molen Bros., 516 Douglas St.
E. V. Rowley, 411 5th St.
D. Prusiner.

SPOKANE, WASH.
John W. Graham, 725 Riverview Ave.

SPEARFISH, S. D.
Henry Court.

ST. JOSEPH, MO.
Brandow's News Stand, 721 Edmond St.
J. Berger.
Y. M. C. A. Reading Room.

ST. PAUL, MINN.
Press Club.

ST. LOUIS, MO.
E. T. Jett, 802 Olive St.
Southern Hotel News Stand.
Planters Hotel News Stand.

WASHINGTON, D. C.
Arlington Hotel News Stand.
Riggs House.