

# THE OMAHA DAILY BEE.

ESTABLISHED JUNE 19, 1871.

OMAHA, THURSDAY MORNING, AUGUST 13, 1903—TEN PAGES.

SINGLE COPY THREE CENTS.

## LOOK FOR MASSACRE

Bulgarian Officer's Expert Tarks to Break Lines Almost Any Day.

MUSLEMEN SEEK HAVEN IN MOSQUES

Disquieting Report Reach Sofia from Scenes of Macedonian Outbreak.

PORTO HEARS REVOLT IS SPREADING

Peasants Said to Be Forced Into Service Against Sultan.

HUNDRED AND FIFTY SLAIN IN BATTLE

Inscriptions, Though Defeated at Novi-Saritch, Manage to Capture Many Important Supply Depots and Keep Krussova.

**SIXTY STRIKERS ARE KILLED**

At the Hands of Co-

...-n-

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—The news reports telegraphed from Constantinople say that the Times, by way of London, says there were sixty persons killed by the Russians in last Thursday's riot.

The correspondent asserts that the sympathy of the educated classes is with the workers, and as the strike movement is directed not only for the amelioration of labor conditions, but also against the system of government.

The workmen, it is added, are regarded as the pioneers in the movement for political rights.

## TAFT DENIES THE RUMOR

Governor of the Philippines Says that He Is to Successor Secretary Root.

MANILA, Aug. 12.—When the news arrived here by cable that Secretary Root of the War department would be forced to resign the portfolio by his duties as a member of the American Boundary commission, about two months in London, his resignation was taken effect under protest. A second letter, if it is correct, was taken up at the same time by Major General George W. Davis, until recently in command of the division of the Philippines and now on the retired list.

Governor Taft, who was present, when shown the statement contained in this dispatch, that he would succeed Secretary Root upon his retirement, laughingly replied that the report was untrue. Later, when a second message was received confirming an alleged offer of an appointment, the governor denied the statement in similar terms.

**SCHEME SAID TO BE TAKING SHAPE**

HE WILL Be Ready to Present to Extra Session Which Is to Be Called to Meet November 2.

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 12.—President Roosevelt has as his guests tonight the members of the subcommittee of the senate committee on finance, which is drafting a bill to regulate currency.

The subcommittee consists of Senators Aldrich of Rhode Island, chairman; Platt of Connecticut, Allison of Iowa, and Spofford of Wisconsin.

Prior to the adjournment of congress this subcommittee was appointed to sit during the recess and study the financial situation and prepare a measure to meet the requirements of the situation as the committee viewed it.

The committee is now to put into concrete form the results of their labors.

**Committee Committee President.**

Dealing to consult President Roosevelt regarding the work the subcommittee came to Oyster Bay late this afternoon. The president had no definite opinion to give. Dr. Mandelstam is seen. The consul indicated on going to his new post and having obtained an escort from Hilma Pashova, he started on his own responsibility for Macedonia.

It is reported that Turkish troops on Monday bombarded and destroyed Skopje, twenty-eight miles south of Macedonia. According to another rumor the insurgents who have occupied Krushevo, after repulsing two assaults by the Turkish troops, offered a conditional surrender. Instructions were asked from Constantinople and in reply the Turkish commander received orders to give no quarter.

The bridge at Glevigli on the Usak-Salonic railway, which was blown up by the insurgents, has been repaired. Several strong bands recently crossed the frontier of eastern Macedonia.

Expect Turks to Massacre.

The Bulgarian government takes a decidedly pessimistic view of the situation, and the officials openly express fears that a general massacre of the Christians in Macedonia is inevitable, possibly within four days and almost certainly within a fortnight. Meanwhile, the government continues to maintain the peaceful attitude, but it believes a sudden development of affairs across the border may at any moment render the application of power to prevent war.

Reports from Bulgarian official agents in Macedonia show that affairs are rapidly growing worse. The fact that the Bulgarians are becoming armed and congregating in the mosques is regarded as a bad feature indicating the possibility that a massacre may occur within a short time. It is feared that such a massacre would cover a wide area and include both the large towns and the villages and that the Turkish soldiers would prove implacable executioners. The attitude of Macedonia even if they desired to do so, which is by no means certain.

Macedonia now contains only four battalions of Turkish troops, two consisting of raw recruits, which will be quite unreliable in the event of serious trouble. It is thought quite possible that the troops might even sit the Musulmans in sloughing the Christians.

The officials here blame Turkey for the sudden outbreak, attributing it largely to the action of the party in instituting a search for arms in the villages.

**Bombs Hit in Berlin.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, Aug. 12.—One hundred and fifty revolutionaries were killed in the fighting at Samsun, August 8, according to official Turkish advice. The same official, who has been communicated to Russia and Austria, states that the insurrectionary movement is increasing daily.

Hilma Pashova, inspector general of the sultan's Macedonian reforms, reports that the young men in all the Bulgarian villages are fleeing to the mountains to join the insurgent bands. Many among the Bulgarian peasants wished to remain neutral, but were compelled by threats to join the revolutionary committee.

Telegrams received this morning from Macedonia announce that Krushevo is still occupied by the insurgents. Four thousand Turkish troops with artillery surround the town and are preparing to attack and, if possible, to retain it.

Insurgents with the rebels is in progress in the district of Bitola, where it appears that the Albanians are attacking Bulgarian villages.

The insurgents continue to devastate the district Kastoria and have captured important Turkish supplies of provisions. More or less severe fighting is reported in the districts of Kastoria and Florina. Three hundred insurgents are assembled on the heights between Glevigli and Yenice. Twenty-six thousand peasants have been massacred in the village of Elvermen, near Petrigi by the insurgents.

Stringent military precautions have been taken in the town of Edirne to prevent threatened dynastic outrages.

**News in Most Disquieting.**

SOFOA, Bulgaria, Aug. 12.—The Bulgarian Foreign office has received disquieting news from the agent at Edirne. The Musulman men there are daily gathering in the mosques and it is feared that a massacre of the Christians is impending. Officials here express the belief that the intervention of the powers alone can prevent a disaster.

The most astonishing feature of the situation here is the remarkable quietude with which the people have received the news of the fresh rising in Macedonia. The whole outbreak came as a surprise even to the local revolutionary committee which was not prepared for so early a rising.

In spite of the striking aspects of the committee, little or no popular enthusiasm is apparent, even among the 3,000 Macedonian residents of Sofia. Here long this condition will last depends largely on the developments in Macedonia. At present the center of the disturbance is Macedonia, a long way off.

Should the rising spread to the vilayet of Razgrad and come next to the Bulgarian frontier, it will be difficult that the population of Bulgaria will be easily aroused.

The government also charges Turkey with doing less to prevent the insurgents from crossing the frontier than Bulgaria, though Turkey maintains four times as many troops along the border. The Turkish soldiers invariably retire in barracks.

**DYSENTERY LAYS GATES LOW**

Doctor Declares Disease is Not Serious and Patient Should Soon Recover.

WHITEBORO, Tex., Aug. 12.—An attempted rescue today in Mrs. Hart caused the arrest of eight negroes, seven of whom were released. The other was held for identification.

About 8 o'clock this morning a mob took possession of him and hanged him to the limb of a tree. He had not become unconscious when officers arrived from Sherman and making their way through the mob with a rush, cut the negro down. He is being hurried to Sherman tonight, but there is talk of getting there to take him from jail.

**RESCUE A HANGING NEGRO**

Officers Secure Black Man Nab Seeks to Lynch for Assault on Woman.

WHITEBORO, Tex., Aug. 12.—An attempted rescue today in Mrs. Hart caused the arrest of eight negroes, seven of whom were released. The other was held for identification.

About 8 o'clock this morning a mob took possession of him and hanged him to the limb of a tree. He had not become unconscious when officers arrived from Sherman and making their way through the mob with a rush, cut the negro down. He is being hurried to Sherman tonight, but there is talk of getting there to take him from jail.

**WOODMEN PICK NEBRASKAN**

Ralph Johnson of Lincoln becomes Supreme Organizer of Order.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Aug. 12.—At a meeting today of the executive council of the Modern Woodmen of America, Ralph Johnson of Lincoln, Neb., was appointed supreme organizer.

**OLD SLAVE TRADER IS DEAD**

St. Joseph Pioneer Dies After Amassing Fortune to Black Ivory.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Aug. 12.—John W. Gates, who is a resident of the United States hotel, is suffering from chronic dysentery, but his doctor says he is not in a serious condition and hopes he will soon be on the road to improvement.

## ALK OF CURRENCY REFORM

Senate Subcommittee Discusses Proposed Change in Law with President.

**SCHEME SAID TO BE TAKING SHAPE**

HE WILL Be Ready to Present to Extra Session Which Is to Be Called to Meet November 2.

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 12.—President Roosevelt has as his guests tonight the members of the subcommittee of the senate committee on finance, which is drafting a bill to regulate currency.

The subcommittee consists of Senators Aldrich of Rhode Island, chairman; Platt of Connecticut, Allison of Iowa, and Spofford of Wisconsin.

Prior to the adjournment of congress this subcommittee was appointed to sit during the recess and study the financial situation and prepare a measure to meet the requirements of the situation as the committee viewed it.

The committee is now to put into concrete form the results of their labors.

**Committee Committee President.**

Dealing to consult President Roosevelt regarding the work the subcommittee came to Oyster Bay late this afternoon. The president had no definite opinion to give. Dr. Mandelstam is seen. The consul indicated on going to his new post and having obtained an escort from Hilma Pashova, he started on his own responsibility for Macedonia.

It is reported that Turkish troops on Monday bombarded and destroyed Skopje, twenty-eight miles south of Macedonia.

According to another rumor the insurgents who have occupied Krushevo, after repulsing two assaults by the Turkish troops, offered a conditional surrender. Instructions were asked from Constantinople and in reply the Turkish commander received orders to give no quarter.

The bridge at Glevigli on the Usak-Salonic railway, which was blown up by the insurgents, has been repaired. Several strong bands recently crossed the frontier of eastern Macedonia.

Expect Turks to Massacre.

The Bulgarian government takes a de-

cidedly pessimistic view of the situation, and the officials openly express fears that a general massacre of the Christians in Macedonia is inevitable, possibly within four days and almost certainly within a fortnight. Meanwhile, the government continues to maintain the peaceful attitude, but it believes a sudden development of affairs across the border may at any moment render the application of power to prevent war.

Reports from Bulgarian official agents in Macedonia show that affairs are rapidly growing worse. The fact that the Bulgarians are becoming armed and congregating in the mosques is regarded as a bad feature indicating the possibility that a massacre may occur within a short time. It is feared that such a massacre would cover a wide area and include both the large towns and the villages and that the Turkish soldiers would prove implacable executioners. The attitude of Macedonia even if they desired to do so, which is by no means certain.

Macedonia now contains only four battalions of Turkish troops, two consisting of raw recruits, which will be quite unreliable in the event of serious trouble. It is thought quite possible that the troops might even sit the Musulmans in sloughing the Christians.

The officials here blame Turkey for the sudden outbreak, attributing it largely to the action of the party in instituting a search for arms in the villages.

**Courses Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**

LONDON, Aug. 12.—Lord Curzon's term of office as viceroy of India has been extended from January to May, 1894. In making this announcement in the House of Commons today Lord George Hamilton, secretary of state of India, added that should Lord Curzon be able to continue his duties in India beyond that date, the government would extend his period of office for another term, not exceeding two years.

**Kings Term Resumed.**