

**UNION PACIFIC**

**\$45.00**

TO

**California**  
AND RETURN

August 1 to 14, inc.

**Three Trains Daily**

**16 HOURS QUICKER**  
Than Any Line

**Electric Lighted Trains**

CITY TICKET OFFICE,  
1224 FARNAM STREET,  
Phone 214.

**JACKSONIAN CLUB PROGRAM**

**A. C. Shallenberger Draws Color Line in Arguing for Party Success.**

**"WHITE MEN VOTE DEMOCRATIC TICKET"**

**Judge Van Wageningen Advocates Government Ownership of Railroads Greatest Remedy for Existing Evils.**

The seventh annual picnic of the Jacksonian club of Nebraska at Courtland beach ended with oratory last night by Judge A. C. Shallenberger of Sioux City. All afternoon and evening a crowd from the city was on the grounds, many families bringing baskets with them and lining up at fresco under the trees.

There were not as many orators this year as in many years before—there being but one speaker in the afternoon and one in the evening. The speaker of the afternoon was A. C. Shallenberger of Alma, whose theme was "The Vindication of Democracy." He took his text from the sayings of Mr. Dooley, "History always vindicates the democrats, but not in their lifetime." The speaker opened by paying tribute to the Jacksonian club and the democrats of Omaha, saying that if the democrats of the state had done as well by the state ticket as those of Douglas county there would be a democratic administration in Nebraska at this time; that now is the time to begin work for the coming campaign, and he congratulated the club upon being the first in the field. In part he spoke as follows:

**Draws Color Line.**

"The democratic party should win in the coming national campaign for the reason that its principles are more clearly allied with the genius of the American republic than those of any other party; more while men vote the democratic ticket than any other ticket. The party should carry Nebraska this year because its principles are those which should appeal to an agricultural people and Nebraska, more than any other state, depends upon agriculture.

"The present policy of the republican party vindicates the position of the democratic party in 1896 upon the money question. That year the democrats said the existing system was wrong, while the republicans claimed that it was all right, but today a special session of congress is called to change the system, which, if wrong now, must have been wrong in '96. The difference in the policies of construction is that the democrats would increase the amount of money in circulation by action of the government, while the republicans would increase the volume by increasing the power of private corporations.

"The democratic policy on trusts in 1896 is now vindicated by the republicans. Then Mark Hanna said there were no trusts—today the party demands continued power because it possesses the only genuine trust buster in the person of Roosevelt.

"On the question of imperialism the party can trust history for vindication because it stands for American principles while the policy of the republican party is dictated by commercialism and expediency."

**Winners of Races.**

Following this speech came the races, which were interesting and won as follows: Fat men's race, Dan Cannon; married woman's race, Mrs. R. E. Lewis; 100-yard dash, C. E. Dunn; young woman's race, Edna Matthews; boys' race, Adolph Evans; girls' race, Edna Sullivan; boys' potato

race, Fred Keep; girls' potato race, Mamie Beal.

In the evening Judge A. Van Wageningen of Sioux City spoke. He said in part:

"Two contending forces are continually at work forming sentiment among the people on public questions. One is the strong aspiration for better government deeply implanted in every intelligent person, and the other is the fear of the evil effects of changing prevailing conditions. If the former predominates in the individual he becomes a radical; if the latter he is a conservative, his motto is: 'Let well enough alone.' He sees nothing but trouble in new political ideas. In the government ownership of railroads he sees nothing but socialism. On the other hand the radical sees nothing but the good for which he aspires in the policies which he conceives to be proper political reforms. Both become academic and see none of the practical distinctions which the experience of centuries has marked as the lines of wisdom.

**Government a Business Concern.**

"In the first place it is claimed that business is essentially a private enterprise and that the government should confine its activities to preserving order. That doctrine has been departed from more than 1,000 years. Modern civilization has set it entirely at naught. The nationalization of railroads can be justified upon all the grounds that justify the maintenance of the public school system, the building of harbors and the public posts. In the matter of encouraging commerce it would be more potent than all the combined measures of all the other agencies heretofore exerted by the government in that direction. The railroads of the country are the only influence which can place a controlling hand upon every wheel of the machinery of government. As a matter of necessity, so long as this great public convenience is operated by private parties it will be managed for private gain, and where that end and the convenience of the public and the encouragement of commerce conflict, dividends and not the ultimate good of the whole people will be the mainspring of action. There is but one way for the railway manager to do and that is to control legislation. I do not blame the manager. He is exercising a great public function for private profit with the permission of the government.

"Criminal statutes now proposed will be as futile as other measures.

**No Fixed Rule.**

"There is no hard and fast rule by which to determine whether any line of enterprise is lawfully open to the government. Under many circumstances it may be discretionary. In the very nature and necessity of things the government has the right to destroy monopoly, and if that can only be done by engaging in business the government has the right to do so. When any enterprise or combination of enterprises become so powerful that they can successfully contest legislation, the law of self-preservation makes it clear that should other means fail, the government should take control of the industry itself.

"The private interests of the railroads being always at stake before legislative bodies, they espouse the cause and handle the corruption funds of all interests. They become at once the nucleus and essence of the tremendous power which is so weighty irresistible in legislatures and at the polls. Why is this true? The interests of the public and the stockholders are always in conflict. Passes and mileage are openly or secretly distributed among officers or influential men. Attorneys are often employed with special reference to their political influence. The men engaged in the railroad business include the flower of the intelligence of the country. Government ownership would emancipate this great moral force and place it on the side

of good government. Lobbyists and corruption funds would well-nigh disappear.

"It is feared that through government ownership of the railroads the additional patronage might be used for partisan purposes. It could not be worse than it is now. The railroad vote is more fully controlled now by the manager than it could be by the politician."

**HAS STEPFATHER ARRESTED**

**Charges Him with Assaulting Her, but Prisoner Denies the Story.**

A young woman giving the name of Goldie Currie called at the police station yesterday afternoon and told a story which resulted in the arrest of L. A. McDonald, living at 1702 Webster street. At present he is charged with being a suspicious character.

McDonald is the stepfather of the Currie girl, and according to her story they have been occupying the same room for about six weeks. She says that last Tuesday morning she refused to submit to his demands and for that reason he assaulted her and called her vile names. After thinking the matter over for some time she decided to tell her story to the police.

About one year ago the girl was married to Tabor, la., to a John Peterson. At the time of her marriage she was living at the home of Christopher Peterson, a brother of the man who married her. Her husband and came to Omaha last March. Having no other place to go she went to live with her stepfather and keep house for him. Her mother died four years ago. She was the wife of McDonald at the time of her death.

McDonald makes a denial of the whole matter with the exception that he admits having occupied the same room with the girl.

The manager of the John Deere Plow company called at the station last night to see if he could not make arrangements for the release of McDonald, who, he says, has worked for his company since 1892. He says the man is a good workman and stands high with his company, and he expressed surprise that he had gotten into trouble. The stepfather alleges that he has letters in his possession which tend to show that the girl does not bear the best of reputations.

**Phases of July Weather.**

The meteorological summary for the Omaha station for the month of July, 1903, shows an interesting series of phases. The rainfall during the entire month was 1.17 inches. Only six years in the past thirty-three years was the precipitation less. It was 1.90 less than the average for the month of July. The heaviest rain fell during the month was .76 on the 9th. The average temperature during the month was 72. The lowest temperature was 57 on July 21, when the thermometer registered 56. The greatest range of temperature was 17 on any one day was on the 26th, when there was a change from 32 to 49, or 17 degrees. The prevailing direction of the wind was from the south, the maximum velocity (for five minutes) was 21 miles per hour from the north on the 20th. There were ten clear days, five overcast and fourteen partly cloudy, seven cloudy and hot two days, on which more than 50 per cent of an inch of rain fell. The mean barometric pressure during the month was 29.91; the highest, 30.18 on the 21st, and the lowest, 29.63 on the 17th.

**New and Improved Street Cars.**

The street railway company has just put in use three new cars on the Council Bluffs line and is informed that two others are on the way from the factory of the American Car company in St. Louis. These new cars are forty-two feet in length and are of the closed style, the windows however, so arranged that they will let down much further than in the old style. They will be heated by hot water.

**AFFAIRS IN SOUTH OMAHA**

**Annual Report of City Clerk Shows Year's Cost of Government \$144,180.**

**WILL REQUIRE \$167,567 FOR PRESENT YEAR**

**J. L. Brandeis & Sons Cash City Pay Warrants at Par—Lehman & Co. Get Postoffice Print. ing Contract.**

City Clerk Shrigley has just completed his annual report. This report, which will be presented to the city council on Monday night, shows that it cost the taxpayers \$144,180 to maintain the city government for the fiscal year ending July 31.

The 1902 levy amounted to \$136,655. To this was added a balance of \$5,965 from the 1901 levy. Peddler's licenses, royalty from the gas company, etc., netted the city \$2,485. Interest on daily balances covered into the general fund amounted to \$866. The 10 percent reserve, amounting to \$1,754, was turned into the general fund. Fees from building permits issued amounted to \$226, and this sum was turned into the general fund. The total amounts to \$152,355, and of this amount \$144,180 has been drawn, leaving a balance of \$8,174 to commence the fiscal year on.

Here are some of the expenditures: Clerk's office, \$2,100; charity, \$2,518; treasurer, \$1,170; attorney, \$3,485; city offices, \$3,946; mayor, \$1,988; printing and advertising, \$1,930; tax commissioner, \$2,598; city council, \$1,600; public light, \$1,178; fire, \$13,222; mailboxes, \$1,775; interest, \$38,371; police, \$5,841; street repair, \$387; judgment, \$4,756; water, \$12,100; sanitation, \$1,190; special bond election, \$638.

Other smaller claims make the amount up to the total of \$144,180. Owing to the rapid growth of the city and the consequent increase in running expenses, it will cost the taxpayers \$167,567 to pay expenses for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1904. This sum is the amount appropriated by the mayor and city council and the 1903 levy is now available, as the fiscal year commenced yesterday.

**Brandeis Takes Assignments.**

After the overlap bonds had been purchased, F. N. Clark, representing J. L. Brandeis & Sons, stated that his firm would cash city pay assignments for July at par. As soon as the news became general the firemen and policemen, who had been without pay for about eight months, hastened to the clerk's office, where assignments were made out. Upon being taken to Omaha the Brandeis bank cashed these assignments at par. As a result the firemen and policemen had money. Had it not been for this action on the part of the Brandeis bank the employees of these two departments would have had to go without funds for another month.

**Lehman Gets Contract.**

Postmaster Eiter was notified yesterday by the department at Washington that the contract for painting the walls of the postoffice building and making other needed repairs had been awarded to Lehman & Co. of Omaha. The Lehman bid was \$1,200. While the supervising architect estimated the cost of repairs at \$1,300, Lehman was the low bidder. The highest bid was \$4,200. Captain Eiter expects that Lehman will commence work August 10. All of the woodwork is to be scraped and oiled and the walls and ceiling are to be given three coats of paint.

**Want Roberts Pardoned.**

A number of delegations waited upon Mayor Koutsky yesterday and endeavored

to induce him to issue a pardon for Guy Roberts, who is serving a thirty days' sentence in the county jail for having robbed the till of Tim Munger's store. Roberts seems to have quite a number of friends who are anxious to secure his release. After listening to the pleas put forward the mayor called upon Mr. Munger and the matter was talked over. Munger insisted that Roberts should serve his time and the mayor will not grant a pardon unless Munger is willing. The friends of young Roberts are now calling upon Munger in an attempt to get him to change his mind.

**Warrant Call Monday.**

On Monday City Treasurer Howe will issue a call for warrants. The call will include all outstanding salary warrants and also warrants on the fire, police, water, general street repair and judgment funds. It will take \$19,285.59 to take up the warrants included in the call. When the salary warrants are redeemed it will be the first time in years that salary warrants have not been outstanding. With the sale of the bonds to take up the overlap the city now starts in on its fiscal year with a clean sheet and no claims to pay until September 1.

**Mr. Baker Resigns.**

W. G. T. Baker, assistant secretary of the Young Men's Christian association here, has tendered his resignation to the official board. Mr. Baker acted as physical director and is very popular with the members of the association. It is understood that Mr. Baker will take up the work of the association at Des Moines under the supervision of the state secretary.

**Finds Her Home Robbed.**

Mrs. F. S. Grew, who lives at 234 K street, locked up her home about 9 o'clock last night and was gone nearly two hours. When she returned she found the house had been ransacked and a gold watch and chain stolen. Entrance was gained by picking the front door lock.

**Magic City Gospel.**

John Briggs, chief of police, is sick. Rev. Alexander Monroe is visiting friends in Canada. Rev. George Van Winkle is visiting relatives in Ohio. Dr. Cressley has returned from an extended eastern trip. Clothing on credit, Pioneer Clothing company, 233-N street. Colonel C. M. Hunt and wife left last night for a western trip.

Mrs. R. W. Havens has returned from a visit with relatives at Neligh, Neb. Mr. and Mrs. Sam C. Shrigley have gone to Portland, Ore., for a month's visit. Mrs. George Chase and daughter Ella have gone to New York to visit friends.

Mrs. O. E. Blue and baby of Chicago are the guests of Rev. Dr. Wheeler and wife. Mrs. C. M. Edwards of Wyoming, Ill., is the guest of A. H. Merrill and family. Mrs. L. Sutton is at Waterloo visiting her parents, Senator and Mrs. Isaac Noyes. Dr. Sapp, city physician, leaves for Wyoming tonight for a couple of weeks' sojourn. Peter Olson and wife, Twenty-ninth and H streets, announce the birth of a daughter. Fred Carpenter left yesterday afternoon for Milwaukee to visit relatives for a few days.

Rev. Andrew Renwick, pastor of the United Presbyterian church, will preach at Lincoln today.

Rev. W. M. Lorimer of Lincoln will occupy the pulpit at the First Presbyterian church this evening.

Charles Schaab, receiving teller at the Packers National bank, returned yesterday from a two weeks' vacation. Teresia Herdeinska has secured a permit for the erection of a \$1,000 dwelling at Twenty-eighth and O streets. The Women's Missionary society of the First Methodist Episcopal church will meet with Mrs. Marshall on Wednesday. The Ancient Order of United Workmen

meetings will be held there commencing Tuesday.

"Invisible Powers" will be the topic of Rev. Dr. Wheeler's sermon at the First Presbyterian church this forenoon.

E. O. Mayfield, Twenty-third and J streets, is able to be out again after undergoing an operation for appendicitis. Dee Brion, local manager of the Thomson-Houston Electric Light company, has gone west for a couple of weeks' vacation. City Clerk Shrigley delivered the history of the \$70,000 overlap bonds to Brandeis & Sons, bankers, in Omaha, yesterday.

Nebraska lodge No. 27, Ancient Order of United Workmen, will meet Thursday night at the new Workmen temple, Twenty-fifth and M streets.

J. J. Copenhare leaves Tuesday for Washington, D. C., to attend the annual convention of the International Typographical union, which convenes August 1. A number of youngsters living in the eastern portion of the city have been arrested for tearing up a sidewalk on Missouri avenue and making a bonfire of the planks.

Camp No. 1095, Modern Woodmen of America, will hold its fourteenth anniversary at Highland park on Tuesday evening. Rev. Dr. Wheeler will deliver an address on "Fraternalism."

Nebraska lodge No. 27, Ancient Order of United Workmen, will meet Thursday night at the new Workmen temple, Twenty-fifth and M streets.

A mob formed to lynch the prisoner, but found Sheriff McCoy had spirited him away on an eastbound Santa Fe train.

**SHERIFF BAFFLES LYNCHERS**

**Spirits Negro Murderer Away and so Frustrates Kansas Mob.**

LARNED, Kan., Aug. 1.—R. B. Williams, a negro tailor of this place, shot and instantly killed Clyde Langdon, a young white man, tonight. They had quarreled over a suit of clothes. The negro was arrested.

A mob formed to lynch the prisoner, but found Sheriff McCoy had spirited him away on an eastbound Santa Fe train.

**Completing Valley Bridge.**

The Valley bridge over the Platte river here is completed within two weeks and the citizens of Valley are making preparations to celebrate the occasion. The bridge is the only one across the Platte between Fremont and Ashland and for that reason will make a large amount of travel through the town of Valley. The bridge cost approximately \$15,000 and two spans are yet to be put in place. By the time this work is done the smaller bridge through the marsh and the road to the bridge will probably be complete.

**FROM CONGRESSMAN LIVINGSTON, OF GEORGIA.**

I know of the successful use of S. S. S. in many cases. It is the best blood remedy on the market.

**FROM EX-GOV. ALLEN D. CANDLER.**

S. S. S. is unquestionably a good blood purifier, and the best tonic I ever used.

S. S. S. counteracts and eradicates the germs and poisons; cleanses the system of all unhealthy accumulations and soon restores the patient to health. If you need medical advice write us about your case and your letter will receive prompt attention from our physicians, for which no charge is made.

**HEAVY RAIN SOAKS KANSAS**

**Corn Crop Now Certain to Yield Abundant Returns to Farmers.**

TOPEKA, Kan., Aug. 1.—A heavy rain fell over Kansas this morning, with the exception of a few counties in the southwestern corner of the state. There is no longer any doubt as to the excellence of the corn crop. The yield will be unusually large.

**Officer Stops the Bout.**

Roy Fox, who is known in police parlance as a "rooster," and J. W. Homan, living in South Omaha, got strong after dining up on Third ward whisky last night. They started in to see who was champion of the Third ward, but when getting nicely warmed up to their task Officer King arrived on the scene and took a hand in the encounter. The bout was soon decided in favor of the officer, and the two belligerents were hauled to the station in the patrol wagon.

**LOCAL BRIEVITIES.**

Fayette Cole, osteopath, 529 Paxton block. The Douglas county prohibition convention will be held tomorrow evening at 1204 Cuming street.

United States Commissioner Anderson yesterday ordered the release of John Goodman from the county jail. He was sentenced to ninety days' imprisonment May 4 for bootlegging.

Someone entered the residence of W. S. Cowger at 20 North Twenty-fourth street yesterday afternoon and made away with two watches and two revolvers. An entrance was gained through a cellar window. The two watches and one of the revolvers were recovered by Detectives Davis and Mitchell in a pawn shop.

**PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.**

The wife of Detective Dan Davis has gone to Hebron, Neb., to visit friends. Secretary Matt Miller of the Nebraska commission to the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is a Sunday visitor in Omaha.

Charles Carlson, of Newcastle, Wyo., identified with mining interests in that vicinity, is an Omaha visitor. He registers at the Merchants.

Rev. Arlander, pastor of the Swedish Baptist church, has returned from a visit of two months at his old home in Sweden. He was called there by the illness of his father, whom he left much improved in health.

**SSS FOR THE BLOOD**

The best known and most popular blood purifier and tonic on the market to-day is S. S. S.

There is hardly a man, woman or child in America who has not heard of "S. S. S. for the Blood." It is a standard remedy and a specific for all blood troubles and an unequalled spring tonic and appetizer. S. S. S. is guaranteed purely vegetable, the herbs and roots of which it is composed being selected for their alterative and tonic properties, making it the ideal remedy for all blood and skin diseases, as it not only purifies, enriches and invigorates the blood, but at the same time tones up the tired nerves and strengthens the general system.

For Chronic Sores and Ulcers, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Blood Poison, Malaria, Anemia, Scrofula, Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Acne and such other diseases as are due to a polluted or impoverished condition of the blood, nothing acts so promptly and effectually as S. S. S. It counteracts and eradicates the germs and poisons; cleanses the system of all unhealthy accumulations and soon restores the patient to health. If you need medical advice write us about your case and your letter will receive prompt attention from our physicians, for which no charge is made.

**THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.**