Telephone 618-694. Bee, June 30, 1903.

Special Clearing Sale!

Balance of Colored Dress Goods Remnants Must Go

We've seldom mentioned such fine values as await shoppers here Wednesday morning. They all go at sweeping reductions in prices. This offer stands for great money saving. On account of the immense selling of colored dress goods it has left us with too many short lengths, such as skirt lengths, as well as many full dress patterns of this season's handsomest goods, such as Voiles, Mistrals, Etamines, Wool Granites, Suitings, etc. They have been marked down to prices that will insure quick clearing. Come early—8 a. m. is the hour.

These hints of a few prices:

ALL WOOL ETAMINE—Color navy blue, 5¾ yards in remnant—for $1.29.

LONDON TWINE VOILE—Color old blue, regular $1.25 per yard, 6¾ yards in remnant—for $3.26.

FINE ETAMINE—Color castor, 45 in. wide, regular $1 per yard, 6¾ yards in remnant—for $3.19.

ALL WOOL CREPE MISTREL—Color tan, 45 inches wide, regular $1 per yard, 4½ yards in remnant—for $1.98.

ALL WOOL PRINCESS GRANITE—Color reseda green, regular 50c per yard, 7 1-6 yards in remnant—for $1.89.

ALL WOOL GRANITE—Color seal brown, regular 50c per yard, 7¾ yards in remnant—for $1.88.

ALL WOOL MISTREL CREPE—Color navy blue, 44 inches wide, regular $1 per yard, 4⅝ yards in remnant—for $1.98.

ALL WOOL FRENCH NOVELTY—Color cream ground with a dash or invisible check of old blue, regular $1 per yard, 6 yards in remnant—for $3.86.

ALL WOOL GRANITE SUITING—Color navy blue, regular 50c per yard, 5 yards in remnant—for $1.19.

ALL WOOL CREPE MISTREL—Color tan, 44 inches wide, regular $1 per yard, 7¾ yards in remnant—for $3.39.

ALL WOOL FRENCH MISTREL—Color gray, 44 inches wide, regular $1 per yard, 4 5-8 yards in remnant—for $1.98.

ALL WOOL GRANITE—Color new blue, regular 50c per yard, 8 yards in remnant—for $1.97.

ALL WOOL ETAMINE—Color navy blue, 44 inches wide, regular $1 per yard, 7½ yards in remnant—$3.89.

ALL WOOL CREPE—Color French gray, regular 50c per yard, 4⅞ yards in remnant—for $1.39.

ALL WOOL VOILE—Color navy blue, regular 50c per yard, 4½ yards in remnant—for $1.10.

ALL WOOL MISTREL SUITING—Color navy blue, 44 inches wide, regular $1 per yard, 6¾ yards in remnant—for $3.96.

Hundreds more remnants to choose from than the paper ever speaks of.

During July and August we close Saturdays at 1 p. m.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & CO.

Y. M. C. A. Building, Corner Sixteenth and Douglas Sts

to the effect that there were from 213 to 215 men in the mine at the time the accident occurred, and at that time forty-six had been rescued alive. The exact number in the mine could not be determined because the foreman who checked the men as they went to work was among the missing, but the estimate of 215 is believed to be about correct, as it was made from the daily reports of the shift and there was no reduction in the force today. The men are mainly Huns and Finns, although there are a few American miners in the shift which was in the mine at the time of the accident.

The work of rescue was necessarily slow, as after the first obstruction was passed it was possible for only a small force to work in the slope, which was very much narrowed by the falling of the walls and roof. There was also much fear of black damp, which made the men reluctant to go into the damaged part of the mine until measures had been taken to drive this gas from the chambers. The majority of the men were 1,600 feet from the place where the first obstruction was encountered, and by the reports received up to 9 o'clock it was impossible for the men at work in the mine to determine what obstacles they would encounter before coming upon the larger number of the imprisoned miners. The entrance to the mine is along a slope, but there is an air shaft sunk near where the imprisoned men were at work to provide circulation of air. It was reported that this air shaft had been damaged by the accident, and this adds to the fears of the officers of the company for the safety of the men.

At 9 o'clock it was not known at headquarters what caused the accident, and this will not be known probably until a full investigation has been made. The men were provided with safety lamps and it is not believed that it would have been possible for the accident to have been the result of defective lamps or machinery.

WOMAN ROBBED ON A TRAIN

Sandbagged by Another Woman and Loses Large Amount of Cash.

MILWAUKEE, June 30.—Mrs. F. F. Adams, wife of the vice president of the F. F. Adams Tobacco company, reported to the police today that she had been sandbagged and robbed of $18,000 while on a train enroute to this city from Chicago last night.

Mrs. Adams states that she had gone to Chicago Monday to draw her $25,000 inheritance from the First National bank of that city. After paying some debts she started back on an evening train with $16,000 in cash and a certificate of deposit of $2,500.

On the way she went into the toilet room of the car, where another woman entered and struck her over the head with a blunt instrument, she says. She was knocked unconscious and robbed.

Detective Dennis Sullivan was detailed on the case by Inspector Reemer.

BURLINGTON BACKERS SHREWD

Bonds All Sell Before Underwriting Cash is Needed, but Profits are Now Due.

NEW YORK, June 30.—J. P. Morgan & Co. announce that the syndicate formed to underwrite the extension of $21,500,000 Chicago, Burlington & Quincy bonds, maturing tomorrow, will not be called upon for any payment, as the bonds have either all been extended or sold.

The profits to the syndicate will be distributed as soon as the accounts can be made up.

Must Exterminate Rebels.

PEKING, June 30.—A telegram will be sent to the new viceroy of Canton instructing him to order the extermination of the rebels in Kwang Si province, where it is understood the suffering from famine eclipsed the losses caused by the rebellion.

St. Louis
A·B·C BEERS
The Highest Priced but the Best Quality.
Order from H. May & Company

ARMED MEN COERCE DEWEYS

Murder Suspects Declare Berrys and Others Presented Petition in Force.

BAIL HEARING SUDDENLY TERMINATES

Defense Refused Permission to Discuss Dead Men Closes Case Which Supreme Court Will Pass on This Week.

TOPEKA, Kan., June 30.—The hearing of testimony before the commissioners appointed by the court in the cases of Chauncey Dewey and his two cowboys was terminated suddenly today when Attorney Hessin, for the defense, refused to proceed further unless he could go fully into the character and reputation of the Berrys. This Commissioner Hamilton refused to permit, and Attorney Hessin announced that he would retire. Later counsel for both sides agreed to stand on a record of the testimony taken at the preliminary hearing in Cheyenne county and the testimony taken here yesterday.

This removes the necessity of the commissioners in Cheyenne county taking further testimony.

By the end of this week the testimony will be given to the supreme court by Special Master Hamilton.

C. F. Butler, the last witness, is a ranch owner, who was actively interested in the fight which the settlers made against the Deweys. He attended the various meetings of settlers and went with the committee of eight to present the settlers' grievances to the Deweys. Mr. Hessin asked whether there was not a body of horsemen who came part way with the committee of eight to back up their demands made in the office of Chauncey Dewey.

"Yes, there were some men down in the canyon," was the reply.

"How many?"

"About twenty-five."

"Were they armed?"

"Some of them were."

Mr. Butler admitted that Daniel P. Berry, Alpheus Berry and Birch Berry were with the committee of eight.

DOPED CANDY SLAYS CHILDREN

Salonica Schools Closed in Panic When Parents Remove Little Ones.

SALONICA, Turkey, June 30.—Several children have died here as the result of eating what, it is alleged, were poisoned candies found in the street.

This occurrence caused a panic among parents, who rushed to the schools and demanded their children. Several schools have been closed in consequence.

Want the Soldiers Paid.

HAVANA, June 30.—The radical wing of the revolutionary veterans of Havana have petitioned congress for the immediate appointment of a congressional committee to pass upon the validity of the soldiers' claims. They ask that 25 per cent thereof be paid out of the government's present surplus. Some of the most radical veterans denounce the government because these payments have been delayed.

Significance of Naval Display.

TIEN TSIN, June 30.—The local newspapers comment on the significance of the gathering of the American, British and Japanese fleets in the northern part of the Gulf of Pe Chi Li. It is asserted that no less than fifty-seven Russian war ships of one sort and another are assembled at Port Arthur. The Japanese reserve officers, who were on leave in North China, are said to have been called home.

British Revenue Decreases.

LONDON, June 30.—The revenue returns for the quarter ending June 30 were $172,-064,575, a decrease of $7,420,840, compared with the corresponding period in 1902. The chief items showing increases are: Customs, $2,840,000, and postoffice and telegraph, $460,000. The principal decreases were: Excise, $1,150,000, and property and income taxes, $11,150,000.

Russian Crops Look Well.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 30.—An official forecast of the winter grain crops show them to be satisfactory throughout Russia. In a few provinces, where there have been two successive crop failures, the people ate the seed grain and will probably need government assistance.

CORN IN GOOD CONDITION

In Iowa Crop Now Closely Approximates an Average.

DRY WEATHER HURTS THE WHEAT

Oat Crop is in Favorable Condition and Cotton Has Improved, but Fields Are in Need of Cultivation.

WASHINGTON, June 30.—The Weather bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows:

Throughout the central valleys, lake region, Atlantic coast districts and the northern portion of the southern states the week has been decidedly cool, and the Atlantic coast and east gulf districts have suffered from continuous rains.

While too cool for rapid growth, crops have made favorable advancement in the central valleys, where the general absence of heavy rains has been favorable for cultivation and harvesting. Warmth and sunshine are greatly needed in the Atlantic coast and east gulf districts.

Drouth conditions in South Dakota have largely been relieved, but continue with damaging effects in North Dakota and northern Minnesota. Rain is needed in the central portion of Washington, while work has been interrupted by rains in western Oregon. Elsewhere on the Pacific coast the condition have been generally favorable.

Condition of Corn Crop.

Further improvement in the condition of corn is generally reported, and while the crop continues late it is making growth over the western portion of the corn belt, the condition of the crop in Iowa now closely approximating the average. In the middle Atlantic states corn has made slow growth, is very backward and much in need of cultivation.

Except over local areas, the weather conditions have been very favorable for winter wheat harvesting in the central valleys, but the work has been interrupted by rain in the middle Atlantic states. A marked improvement in the condition of winter wheat is reported from New York and Michigan, and the crop maturing rapidly and in good condition in Nebraska.

Drouth Hurts Spring Wheat.

In North Dakota, there has been a decided deterioration in the condition of spring wheat as a result of drough, which has also proved damaging in portions of South Dakota and northern Minnesota. Generally however, South Dakota and on the uplands in southern Minnesota, the crop is in thrifty condition and it continues promising in Wisconsin, Iowa and Nebraska.

A decided improvement is reported from Washington and Oregon, except in central Washington, where drough is causing injury.

Except in North Dakota and portions of South Dakota, Minnesota and the upper valley the oat crop has made very favorable advancement. Harvesting is in progress as far north as southern Missouri.

The condition of cotton is very generally improved throughout the belt, but continues late and is suffering for cultivation in the eastern districts where low night temperatures have checked growth. Lice and rust have caused injury in North Carolina and Missouri and in Texas boll weevil are spreading and are more injurious.

NEBRASKA CROP CONDITIONS

Week Cool and Dry and Very Favorable to the Growth of All Things.

Bulletin of the Nebraska section of the climate and crop service of the weather bureau for the week ending June 29, 1903:

The past week has been cool, with generally less than the normal rainfall. The mean daily temperature has averaged 4 degrees below normal in eastern counties and 2 degrees below in western.

The rainfall of the past week was generally below normal and over a large portion of the state was less than half an inch. Showery conditions prevailed the first days of the week and in southern counties the rainfall was somewhat heavier, exceeding an inch in several small areas.

The past week has generally been a favorable week for the growth of vegetation. Winter wheat has matured rapidly in southern counties, but is later than usual in ripening; the prospect now is that the crop will not be quite as good as seemed probable a few weeks ago. Spring wheat and oats have grown fairly well and are heading in northern counties. Corn is small and many fields are very weedy; some corn has been planted during the past week and other late planted corn is just coming up, while some early planted has been cultivated three times; corn is now growing nicely and conditions are improving. Pastures continue excellent, and the prospect is for a good crop of hay. Blackberries and raspberries promise a good crop in eastern counties.

Iowa Crop Report.

Following is the crop report of the Iowa section, climate and crop service of the weather bureau for week ending June 29, 1903: Though the average temperature was below normal, the past week was favorable for field work and advancement of crops. The conditions have been especially favorable for wheat, oats and barley, and except in limited areas these crops are doing well. The cultivation of corn has been continued vigorously with but little interruption from excessive moisture in the part of the state, and all reports indicate that the crop as a whole has made fair progress. The acreage of corn, including the late planted area, is much greater than was deemed possible a month ago, though materially less than last year. Notably good progress has been made in cultivating the early planted fields, and in size and general condition this portion of the crop is nearly up to the ten-year average in this state. Clover cutting has been general during the week, with heavy yield, and the hay harvest is likely to crowd the farmers, possibly to the detriment of the late planted cornfields, which will need thorough cultivation to bring good results. The general condition of the apple crop is fairly good. The yield of strawberries has been very large, and other small fruits are promising. Potatoes and garden truck are doing well.

STRIKERS ASSAULT WORKERS

Officers Draw Revolvers and Innocent Spectator is Wounded.

CHICAGO, June 30.—A serious riot occurred this evening on West Van Buren street between a number of strikers who walked out of the plant of the Kellogg Switchboard company some time ago, and three officers who were escorting home a number of girls who had gone to work in the factory. During the trouble a number of shots were fired and four persons are known to be hurt.

Detectives Quackenbush and Connell left the place in company with six girls whom they were escorting to their homes. They were followed by a large number of strikers, who pelted them with stones and sticks. After going several blocks the riot became so serious that the officers drew their revolvers.

George Robertson, a nonunion cable splicer, came to the aid of the officers and in the fight that followed was seriously beaten. Quackenbush and Connell fired several shots each and a number of the strikers also used their revolvers. A spectator who took no part in the fight was shot, but not seriously injured by Quackenbush, and Edward Wilson, a waiter who joined in the attack on the girls, was shot in the leg. Robertson and Quackenbush were badly injured, but will recover. The police made a number of arrests.

Orders were issued tonight by the Amalgamated Woodworkers' council for a strike of the woodworkers employed by the ten factories in Chicago which turn out bar and saloon fixtures. The men demand an increase in pay amounting to about 20 per cent, and the employers say they cannot pay this, for the reason that it would raise the Chicago standard of wages above that in any other city. The trouble in the large plants will necessitate the closing down of about fifteen small concerns. It is expected that about 2,500 men will walk out tomorrow morning.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains the linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it, or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is a comfort in the knowledge so often expressed that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney and bladder remedy, fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, and a book that tells all about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address, Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing be sure to mention that you read this generour offer in The Omaha Sunday Bee. Don't moke a mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

MATHEWSON KEEPS PLACE

(Continued from First Page.)

a rest of three months, it is not now believed that it will be necessary to make further use of either the borax or the acid. Neither Dr. Wiley nor other authorities of the Agricultural department will consent to give out the results obtained until there shall be time to get the facts together so as to present them in official form. To do this, they say, will require several weeks.

Speaking today in general terms, Dr. Wiley said there:

I may say in a generl way that we found that fully nine-tenths of the chemicals passed out through the kidneys and most of the remainder in the perspiration. Salicylic acid is the next article to be experimented with and the experiments will continue indefinitely.

Will Take No Official Notice.

The State department is not disposed at present to take any notice officially of the utterances attributed in the cable dispatches to the Colombian consul general at London, ascribing individual motives to the United States government in connection with the Panama canal project. It is said, at the department, that while there would be precedent for complaining of the action of the Colombian officials located in the United States, it is not at all clear a complaint could be lodged against a Colombian official in another country.

Mints Make Much Money.

The statement of coinage executed at the mints during the fiscal year ended today shows the total coinage to have been $74,203,006, as follows: Gold, $45,721,773; silver, $25,996,536; minor coins, $2,484,691. In addition there were coined 19,182,829 pieces for the Philippines, 750,000 pieces for the government of Venezuela and 1,360,000 pieces for the government of Colombia.

The quarterly estimate of the value of foreign coins issued by the director of the mint, shows that for the three months ended June 30, the value of silver decreased from 53.144 cents an ounce to 48.695 cents an ounce, a total of 5.499 cents an ounce.

Promotions in New York.

It was announced at the Postoffice department today that the postmaster at New York has been authorized to make 806 promotions in his office, involving $85,600, and 100 additional clerks at $600 a year, all to take effect July 1. In addition $15,000 has been authorized for emergency clerk hire.

PUSHES BOYCOTT AND IS HELD

Illinois Labor Leader Arrested for Helping Printers' Fight on California Paper.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 30.—Eugene Linxweiler, editor of the Labor World and secretary of the Trades Association Labor assembly of Decatur, Ill., was arrested today on a bench warrant, brought to Springfield and taken before Judge Humphrey of the federal court, where he gave $300 bond to await trial for sending threatening postal cards through the mails.

Linxweiler had sent printed postal cards to Colonel Benjamin F. Butler of Boston, Mass., and other advertisers requesting them to cease advertising in the Los Angeles (Cal.) Times, and threatening a boycott of their goods by organized labor in Decatur if they refused to obey the request. Last December the Decatur Trades and Labor assembly voted to mail the postal cards in question to advertisers of the Times.

TEAMAN'S WEALTH DIVIDED

Rival Heirs Compromise Legal Fight for Gilman's Millions.

NEW YORK, June 30.—Except for the claim of Mrs. Helen Potts Hall, which is still pending, the long litigation over the estate of the late George F. Gilman, millionaire tea merchant, was ended today, when Judge Lacombe in the United States circuit court issued an order providing for a contract of compromise.

According to the terms of settlement, George H. Hartford, the manager of Mr. Gilman's business, who claimed to be a partner, is given all the $700,000 common stock and $150,000 of the 6 per cent preferred stock in the great Atlantic & Pacific Tea company. The administrators of Mr. Gilman's estate, his nephew, F. L. Gilman, and his half brother, Theodore Gilman, are given the remainder of the preferred stock, amounting to $1,250,000.

"Town Talk" tells all about the new towns on the Chicago Great Western railway. For free copy send to Edwin B. Magill, manager, Townsite department, Fort Dodge, Ia.

PRESIDENT TO SEE RACES

Not, However, as the Guest of Sir Thomas Lipton.

WILL GO TO COURSE IN MAYFLOWER

Appreciates the Invitation of Sir Thomas and the Spirit Prompting it, but Feels Obliged to Decline.

OYSTER BAY, L. I., June 30.—President Roosevelt has expressed his intention to witness the international races between Reliance and Shamrock III, to be sailed on August 20. He will go to the course on Mayflower.

Sir Thomas Lipton recently extended to the president an invitation to witness the races from his yacht, Erin, but while appreciating the invitation and the spirit which prompted it, President Roosevelt felt obliged to decline.

Governor Hunt of Porto Rico, Senator Long of Kansas and former Postmaster General Bissell arrived here today and are the president's guests at luncheon.

Porto Rican Lands Reserved.

After a conference with Governor Hunt the president signed a formal order making reservations of lands in Porto Rico for government purposes. The action was taken under a law passed at the first session of the fifty-seventh congress, which authorized the president to make the reservations before July 1, 1903. All lands not reserved will accrue tomorrow to Porto Rico.

In the aggregate over 90,000 acres were involved. Under the Spanish regime the title to these lands became so greatly involved that it could not be determined from any available records to whom they belonged. They could not be sold because the government of Porto Rico could not give a clear title. The enabling act passed by congress cleared the situation.

By the president's action reservations of the public lands are made for the War, Navy and Treasury departments and for the Department of Justice. Tentatively the reservations have been made for some time. It was felt by the people of Porto Rico, however, that the Navy department and the Department of Justice were demanding reservations too large for their needs. This difference was adjusted by the president today quite satisfactorily to all concerned.

The reservations are principally in the vicinity of the cities, the largest, with one exception, being at San Juan. The exception is the island of Cilebra, which is reserved entire for naval purposes. The reservations in and about San Juan are mainly for artillery fortifications under control of the War department. Other reservations made will be utilized as sites for customs houses, lighthouses and buildings for the Department of Justice.

About 90,000 acres will accrue immediately to the insular government. It is understood that the island will receive about $500,000 from the sale of the lands. This will be devoted largely to educational purposes.

Senator Long came to Oyster Bay to talk to the president about the successor to United States District Judge William C. Hook of Kansas, who has been selected to succeed Judge H. C. Caldwell of the Eighth judicial circuit. Judge Hook's successor has not been chosen, but he has been a Kansas lawyer agreed upon by the members of the congressional delegation from that state.

The societies of the Holy Name of Brooklyn and Long Island will hold an open air meeting here July 26. It is expected that President Roosevelt will deliver an address. The object of the societies is to curb the practice of profane swearing.

YANGER AND HANLON DRAW

Twenty Rounds of as Fierce Fighting as Was Ever Seen in 'Frisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 30.—The Yanger-Hanlon go at the Mechanics' pavilion tonight ended in a draw at the end of the twentieth round. Referee Eddie Smith being unable to choose a winner between the game little featherweights. The fight was one of the fiercest ever seen in the city. Both fought with a vim from the tap of the bell in the first round until the referee gave his decision. So hot was the fighting during the first stages of the battle that it seemed to foretell a quick victory for one or the other of the contestants. But neither was able seriously to injure the other and the contest lasted the limit. In Eddie Hanlon, Yanger met one of the greatest little fighters it has been his lot to go against, and in Yanger, Hanlon doubtless met the strongest little man in the featherweight division today. From the first to the ninth round Yanger had slightly the better of the contest. He led the Californian on and by clever straight leads for the head occasionally broke through the crouching guard which is known as a creation of Hanlon throughout the pugilistic world.

In the ninth round the tide turned in favor of the Californian. In this round, by a series of lefts and rights to the head and occasional short arm blows to the body, Hanlon had Yanger in a groggy condition. In the eleventh and twelfth rounds Hanlon's lead was decisive, but in the thirteenth Yanger recuperated and seemed to have Hanlon at his mercy, but the local lad was too clever and by good generalship stalled off what appeared to be a victory for the Chicago boy.

From the fourteenth to the twentieth round inclusive Hanlon had the better of the fight, on more than one occasion having the Chicago lad all but out and willing to hang on at the slightest provocation. The decision of the referee was a popular one with the crowd, which showed its approval by a great burst of applause.

In the seventeenth round the first knockdown of the fight occurred, Hanlon putting a terrific right to Yanger's jaw, sending him through the ropes. Yanger was quickly on his feet, but the little Californian was after him with both hands and had his opponent almost out when the bell rang.

Yanger's fighting on several occasions met with the disapproval of the crowd. He struck low a number of times during the fight and was once warned by the referee. Whenever he seemed to be getting the worst of the battle he set himself against Hanlon, rushed him against the ropes and twice almost had the Californian outside the ring.

After the contest Johnny Hertz, Yanger's manager, stated that his man had disabled his right hand in the seventh round.

CROWD JEERS BEATEN BOXER

Willie Goes Down and Out in Fourth Round in Fight with Tommy Ryan.

BUTTE, Mont., June 30.—Amid hoots and jeers by the spectators John Willie of Chicago took the count in the fourth round tonight of what was to have been a twenty-round contest with Tommy Ryan. Willie was totally outclassed.

In the fourth round Ryan uppercut Willie with left to jaw twice in succession and followed with a right swing to the head, then he tapped Willie on the jaw and Willie went to the floor for the count. Willie went out more from sheer exhaustion than from any blow inflicted.

GASOLINE STARTS BIG FIRE

Tank Explodes, Jewelry Store Burns, While Men Only Escape by Roof.

BALTIMORE, June 30.—A gasoline tank exploded today in the basement of S. Kirk & Sons' jewelry store, causing a fire which did damage estimated at $75,000, covered by insurance.

A number of employes were rescued from the roof.

A Cut Never Bleeds

After Porter's Antiseptic Healing Oil is applied. Relieves pain instantly and heals at the same time. For man or beast. Price, 25c

EDDYITES REPORT SUCCESS

Christian Science Reports Show Great Strides for Young Sect.

BOSTON, June 30.—A throng conservatively estimated at 8,000 poured into Mechanics' hall this afternoon to attend the annual meeting of the mother church of the Christian Science denomination.

John W. Reeder, president of the First Church corporate body, presided. Reports were presented by the field secretaries, telling of the advance and work of the Christian Science movement throughout the country and in foreign lands. Plans were discussed for spreading the doctrine still further.

The clerk reported a membership of 3,363 during the past year, making the total membership 27,798, the admission of this June being the largest in the history of the church. The report mentioned 506 regularly organized churches, a gain of fifty-five during the year.

Another denomination report was read showing a death rate this year of 2.24 per 1,000, against 16.73 per 1,000 in the city of Boston for 1902, the mortality in the membership of the mother church being lower than that of last year, which was 2.32 per 1,000.

Interesting reports of growth and work from the entire Christian Science field were presented, all indicating an increase in membership and interest. These reports also referred to numerous new edifices in course of construction. One report, which was received with enthusiasm, was that given by George W. Reed of Berlin, Germany. It indicated a growth of 200 per cent and showed that the Christian Science text book had been circulated in Russia, Hungary, Bavaria, Italy, Holland and South Africa.

BAR ASSOCIATION NOMINATES

(Continued from First Page.)

was defeated by a vote of 57 to 47. Mr. Webster and a large number then left the hall.

C. C. Wright moved to proceed to the nomination of seven men, the successful men to receive a majority of the votes cast.

Of the 122 persons voting on the Wright amendment only 77 voted on the informal ballot for candidates, which brought out the names of Judge Day, 63; Judge Dickinson, 60; Judge Read, 50; Judge Estelle, 44; Judge Baxter, 43; E. C. Page, 47; Judge Fawcett, 30; Herman Aye of Washington county, 30; A. C. Wakeley, 25; W. A. Redick, 20; Judge Slabaugh, 19; A. C. Troup, 11. Those receiving less than the latter number were A. H. Murdock, A. N. Ferguson, C. S. Lobingier, C. C. Wright, T. J. Mahoney, J. H. Van Dusen, A. L. Cutton, W. G. Sears, Lyle Abbott, Clancy, St. Clair, H. H. Baldrige, C. S. Montgomery, Harry Brome, W. C. Walton, J. H. Blair, H. G. Myers, E. Wakely, W. F. Gurley, J. L. Kaley, L. B. Holmes, J. J. Boucher, W. D. McHugh, T. J. Nolan, W. H. Herdman, C. A. Goss, R. S. Horton, G. W. Doane, J. P. Breen, C. J. Smyth, I. J. Dunn, G. W. Shields, George Magney, G. W. De France, H. B. Smith, J. W. Carr and Charles Ogden.

Before the first formal ballot was taken Elmer Thomas made a strong appeal for the nomination of more than one democrat. The formal ballot was proceeded with, the understanding being that the person outside of Douglas county receiving the highest number of votes be one nominee and that the six other candidates receiving the highest number of votes be declared nominees. The formal ballot brought out 77 votes, divided as follows: Day, 70; Dickinson, 63; Page, 61; Aye, 58; Estelle, 54; Read, 51; Baxter, 49; Fawcett, 33; Wakely, 29; Redick, 26; Sears, 16; Slabaugh, 15; Sutton, 8; Troup, 7, and the first seven names on the list were declared the nominees to be recommended to the conventions of both parties.

SANTA FE MOVES ITS MEN

Storrey Goes to California, Necessitating Many Other Changes in the East.

TOPEKA, June 30.—Within the next few days several important changes will take place in the Santa Fe engineering department, as the result of W. B. Storrey, chief engineer, being transferred to California.

C. A. Morse, chief engineer of the eastern grand division, is to succeed Mr. Storrey as chief engineer of the system, and J. M. Meade, resident engineer for the Santa Fe, with headquarters in this city, will succeed Mr. Morse as chief engineer of the eastern grand division. Mr. Meade will continue to have his headquarters in Topeka.

WOMAN IS GAGGED TO DEATH

Robbed and Left to Die Alone in Her House in Denver.

DENVER, June 30.—With her feet roped together, her hands doubly tied behind her back and a gag bound so tightly around her mouth and neck that it finally strangled her to death, Mrs. Antonine Kenhan was robbed and left to die alone in her house in this city.

Her dead body was discovered today. She was an old Syrian woman, and three Syrians, one woman and two men, have been arrested and held for investigation. It was supposed that the robbery was committed on Sunday night.

BOY KILLED BY BASE BALL

Foul Strikes Him on Head, Crushing His Skull and Death Following Instantly.

COSHOCTON, O., June 30.—Newton Van Horn, aged 17, was instantly killed last night by being hit by a "foul tip" base ball, his skull being fractured.

SCHOOLS.

LASELL SEMINARY
FOR YOUNG WOMEN.

The plan of a girl's education at Lasell Seminary, Auburndale, Mass., means not only a high intellectual development under most favorable conditions, but includes a unique and practical training in the application of the various branches of Domestic Science.

Briefly, the school aim is to cultivate the intellect, develop a sound body and to fit the student for the womanly duties of life. Experiment Hall is a building specially fitted for the practice of Household Economics. Here the student, by the actual performance of household duties, exercises her theoretical knowledge gained in the class room and gleaned from the various free lectures.

Adjacent Boston (10 miles distant) lends its advantages in Music and Art, and Masters from the city, prominent in their professions, preside over these courses.

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