

Fire-Fighter's Story

How the Strongest Man in the Philadelphia Fire Department—Once the Weakest—Gained His Strength and Health, by Using Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney and Bladder Remedy.

HERE'S the story of a man who was near death's door and was saved by using Swamp-Root.

If he came to you and said: "My friend, do you suffer with kidney trouble? Does your back ache? Do you feel bad all over and can't tell exactly what's the matter? Have you tried medicines or doctors without benefit? Are you about discouraged? Then do as I did, and get well—Use Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root! I know it will cure you."

If he did this, would you believe him? Wouldn't you, if you were a sufferer, follow his advice, knowing that he bore living, sentient, vital testimony to the wonderful virtues of this great natural remedy?

WELL, that is just what Hugo Hutt, strongest man in the Philadelphia Fire Department, hero of a hundred battles with the flames, is doing now through the medium of this newspaper.

Hugo Hutt has been connected with the Philadelphia Fire Department for the past four years. He is stationed at the engine house at Nineteenth and Callowhill streets. Mr. Hutt is known as the strongest man in the Fire Department and has taken many prizes at athletic tournaments for his prowess in the field of sports.

He is also an ex-sergeant of the United States Infantry, having for several years been stationed at Fort Niobrara, Neb. Mr. Hutt also served with the Sixth Pennsylvania Regiment during the Spanish-American war.

HERE is the story as he gave it to a special representative of Philadelphia's great newspaper, "The North American":

"You will hardly believe it when I tell you there was a time when my body was in such a diseased condition that my relatives and friends would have, at no time, been surprised to learn of my death. It was all due to kidney trouble, for which I could secure no relief. I was under the care of my family physician for a number of years, but he was unable to do me any good. I also consulted two noted specialists on kidney disease, but they were unable to give me more than temporary relief. I had already made application to join the army, but was turned down on account of my bad physical condition."

"I was advised to try that greatest of all remedies—SWAMP-ROOT."

"I wrote to Dr. Kilmer & Co. at Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle, and its effect upon me was so noticeable that I went immediately and bought a supply from my druggist, with the result that in a comparatively short time I had entirely recovered and became the man you see me now."

"I served a number of years in the army and for the past four years I have been connected with the Philadelphia Fire Department. My work, both in the arm and fighting fires in Philadelphia, has been of the most arduous, and work that could not be did I not have a strong physique."

"I do not know what the words 'Kidney Trouble' mean now, and do not expect it. I cannot speak too highly of Swamp-Root. A few bottles of this great remedy did me more for me than a dozen physicians could."

(Signed) HUGO HUTT,
1225 Vine St., Philadelphia, Pa.



HUGO HUTT, PHILADELPHIA FIREMAN.

AND this is only one man's story—if the average reader of a newspaper could be persuaded to read the thousands of such testimonials which come to Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the kidney troubles which now afflict humanity would be cut down fifty per cent.

For these testimonials all prove beyond a doubt that the greatest cure for kidney, liver and bladder troubles is

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root

NATURE'S GREATEST AID TO THE SUFFERING.

EDITORIAL NOTICE—Swamp-Root is so remarkably successful that a special arrangement has been made by which all of our readers who have not a ready title, may have a sample bottle sent absolutely free by mail, also a book that tells all about it and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. In writing, be sure to mention that you read this generous offer in The Omaha Sunday Bee. The regular fifty-cent and one-dollar bottles are sold by all druggists. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root—Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

MORE POWER THAN THE CZAR

Russian Minister of Interior Holds Lives of People in His Hands

THROUGH SECRET POLICE HE CAN RUIN ALL

Of Finnish Extraction He Has Done More to Oppress and Rob Countrymen of Liberties Than All His Predecessors.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
ST. PETERSBURG, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Interior Minister W. K. Von Plehwe, whose dispatch to General Von Saaben, the governor of Rostov, made the way clear for the Kischineff massacre, probably is the most powerful man in the czar's domains. He certainly is more powerful than the czar himself. Von Plehwe is more than 65 years old and has spent forty years in the service of the state. Before the czar called him to succeed the murdered minister, Spaykin, he was a senator in the Russian council of the empire and secretary of state in the Grand Duchy of Finland. He was a man of no mark then and was generally regarded as a hidebound bureaucrat.

Von Plehwe is not a man of learning like Pobedonosteff, nor has he the fanatic's excuse of conviction for carrying on extreme measures. From his youth he has been brought up in official circles, among men who regard the common people as either dangerous criminals to be repressed or innocents to be ignored. Early in life he frequently was employed on missions sent to outlying provinces to inquire into cases of peacification of public property and he obtained a certain notoriety for the drastic changes he advocated. His own hands are clean, and in a country like Russia that is the supreme recommendation for the important post of minister of the interior.

The educated youth of Russia pursue Von Plehwe with bitter animosity. They cannot tolerate a man whom they say turns upon his own people. He is largely of Finnish blood, yet no man in Russia has so signified himself for barbarity toward the Finns. He prepared the way for the downfall of Finland. As the supreme head of the police, Von Plehwe is in his element. Not only is the ordinary police under his control, but the famous "third section" as well. He is the supreme master of the army of spies and informers. He is the power behind the throne. With a few words he can ruin anyone and no questions will be asked. He controls the press of the country. The censors are his creatures. He is a man of no accomplishments, is laborious, but without a trace of brilliancy. He is an indifferent conversationalist, is fond of music and reads numerous French novels during his hours of leisure. He is little else to relieve the shadowy his somber figure throws across the empire of the czar.

WEDDING ITALIAN NOBILITY

Two American Heiresses Secure Titles by Matrimonial Means.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
ROME, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Cornelia Vanderbilt and her family have arrived at Massina in his steam yacht North Star. They are on the way to Taormina to visit the ruins of the famous amphitheater. The wedding of Prince Giambattista Rospioglio and Ethel Bronson, a rich American girl, which was first set for June 4, was solemnized May 21, as the bridegroom feared opposition to it at the last moment from his relatives. The couple are now on their way to the United States. Battista will become the head of the princely Rospioglio family. His uncle, Prince Giuseppe Rospioglio, who married Miss Parkhurst of Washington, dies without a male heir.

The marriage of Count Giuseppe Della Gherardina, honorary attaché to the Italian embassy at Washington, and Miss Taylor, the only daughter of an American "steel king," was celebrated in Florence Thursday. It was a very "smart affair." Ambassador Meyer has returned here after a short stay in Florence.

Count Telfer, the brother-in-law of Mrs. Mackay, met with a serious motor accident near Parma this week. While traveling in the direction of Rome at a speed of forty miles an hour, he ran into a wagon loaded with timber. The auto was smashed and Count Telfer was taken to a hospital in Parma.

One of Martino, whose betrothal to Miss Telfer the world announced recently, was also in the car, but he escaped with a severe shaking up.

NO STATECRAFT MATCHMAKERS

Emperor William Says They Are Not Wanted in the Imperial Household.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
BERLIN, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—"My sons will only marry women they love," Emperor William is reported to have said lately. They will not marry to please the diplomats nor to satisfy the exigencies of politics. I believe firmly that like every

MUNYON'S WITCH SOAP

is a Baby's Soap.

is a Lady's Soap.

It is a gentleman's soap. It is a soap for everybody who wants the best hair soap ever made. It improves the complexion. It softens the skin. It cures chapped hands and chapped lips. It cures pimples. It cures sores. It cures babies and grown folks of all skin eruptions. It cures dandruff. It stops the hair from falling out. It makes the hair grow. It is the best shampoo made. It is ideal for shaving. It gives the glow of youth to sallow and dull complexions. It is more soothing than cold cream; more beautifying than any lotion or cosmetic. It is pure enough to eat.

Sold Everywhere, 15c.
If your blood or liver is out of order or if you suffer with indigestion, you should take Munyon's Blood Cure and Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. The Blood Cure will eradicate all poisons from the system, and the Dyspepsia Cure will give you a good appetite and enable you to digest everything you eat, thus making good, rich blood. These remedies in connection with Munyon's Witch-Hazel Soap will improve any complexion.

ONLY ONE THING TO DO

Chancellor Says He Was Obligated to Issue the Vanderbilt-Rutherford License.

LONDON, May 23.—In a letter to the Times, occupying three columns, Dr. Tristram, chancellor of the London diocese, today defends his action in granting the Vanderbilt-Rutherford marriage license by law and custom. Dr. Tristram contends that he was obliged to grant Mr. Vanderbilt's application.

The chancellor's answer to the bishop of London's severe criticism forms the text of another letter to the Times which says Dr. Tristram's argument opens up an important controversy between church and state. The paper maintains that Rev. Haddon's action in marrying Vanderbilt and Mrs. Rutherford was due simply to an error of judgment, which it hopes will not be copied by others of the English clergy, and deprecates the "heavy moral sense" which seems to be implied by the bishop of London's language.

The Times upholds Dr. Tristram's contention that he had no right to interfere in a matter so dubious that the House of Commons had legislated in direct contradiction of each other and in "the general moral sense of the public."

The editorial continues: "It would seem a great hardship if by the sole fault of the clergy the innocent person should be placed during the lifetime of that partner under one of the greatest of legal disabilities that can be inflicted, a disability which may involve the greatest temptation, and where Christendom has been so clearly divided. Even clergymen owe some deference to the laws of their country and still more to the moral sense of justice in the community."

NATION TO GET ART TREASURES

Report Morgan Will Bequeath His Collection to the Public.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
LONDON, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The world correspondent learned from the highest authority that under J. Pierpont Morgan's will all his collection of art treasures will pass to the American nation and not to his son.

This, it is said, may form the basis of an arrangement under which the collection may be admitted into the United States free.

Henry J. Duveen, a famous art expert of New York and the art adviser of Mr. Morgan, was seen by the World correspondent at Claridge's hotel and asked if it was true, as was reported, that Mr. Morgan's art treasures were about to be taken to the United States.

"I don't believe there is any foundation for the report," Mr. Duveen answered. "It seems to be based upon the false assumption that at the extra session of congress a bill was to be passed relieving Mr. Morgan of tariff on his works of art. No such proposal was on paper and there is no reason to suppose that these works of art will be removed at present to New York."

MUST FIGHT OR SHUT UP

Major McBride, Husband of Maud Gonne, Sees Netice on Detractors.

LONDON, May 23.—Major McBride, organizer of the Irish Transvaal brigade, in an open letter from Paris has challenged John Redmond, Timothy C. Harrington and their friends to fight one or more duels in consequence of their attitude toward Mrs. McBride (formerly Maud Gonne) at the meeting of citizens held in Dublin rounds on Monday night last in support of the Irish parliamentary fund, and which resulted in scenes of extreme disorder, owing to the presence of members of the Gaelic League, who are opposed to giving King Edward a friendly welcome on his coming visit to Ireland. Major McBride says: "It seems that only the fact that my wife is a lady prevented Redmond and Harrington and the followers from dealing summarily with her. They evidently regret that it was not done. I cannot go to Ireland at present, but in the meantime if any of them feel aggrieved at my wife's action I shall be most happy to give them satisfaction in this most accommodating country, France."

HOUSE HUNTING PROVES TASK

American Ambassador to Austria Unable to Find What He Wants.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
VIENNA, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—The American ambassador to Austria and Mrs. Estlin Storor have given up looking for what they consider a suitable lodging or house and have taken the house in which Minister McCormick lived for several years.

It is a charming residence between a court and high railings and a garden, close to the duchess of Modena's palace. The name, which still adheres to the place, is the only drawback, for it once belonged to the Baroness Vetsua, the mother of the ill-fated young woman whom the Austrian Crown Prince Rudolph shot before he committed suicide at Mayerling. Perhaps that was the reason why Mrs. Storor did not take the house at first.

The American ambassador's address is Salsianergasse, No. 11.

ACTS UNDER AN OLD LAW

Brewery Company of Honolulu Not Liable Under Contract Labor Statute.

HONOLULU, May 23.—(By Pacific Cable to the Associated Press.)—Private parties have demanded that the government sue the brewery company for \$20,000 for an alleged violation of the United States contract labor law.

It is alleged that the company induced 15 Koreans to immigrate to the Hawaiian Islands under contract to work on various plantations. The federal officers have learned that the agent sent to Korea last year to engage laborers was supplied with the treasury instructions issued under an old law, which has since been abrogated. The government, therefore, has decided that the brewery company is not liable for an infraction of the law.

CROKER IS AFTER MORE LAND

Makes an Offer for Letcombe Estate, One of Most Extensive in District.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
WANTAGE, England, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Richard Croker is said to have offered to Mr. Silver, the squire of Letcombe, \$125,000 for his extensive Letcombe estates, including the principal house in the district, Letcombe House, near Wantage. The Silvers have been lords of the manor at Letcombe for generations and that shadowy title would go with the estate to Mr. Croker if the purchase should be completed. He would then be one of the largest landowners in the county.

HANNA GIVES HIS VIEWS

Thinks Coming Ohio Convention Ought Not to Endorse Roosevelt.

STATE ISSUES ONLY SHOULD GOVERN IT

Says He Opposed Assuming Province of Convention of 1904 Which Was Duty of Announcing State's Choice of Candidates.

CLEVELAND, O., May 23.—Senator Hanna, in an interview this afternoon concerning widely circulated reports in connection with a proposed resolution to be introduced at the coming state republican convention endorsing President Roosevelt for a second term, made the following statement to the representative of the Associated Press:

"I have seen the reported interview with Senator Foraker with reference to the proposed endorsement of the nomination of President Roosevelt by the next Ohio republican state convention. At the outset I want to deny that Mr. Foraker, my private secretary, or so far as I know any of my friends, were in any way raising this question.

"I know it was when I read in the papers a previous interview with Senator Foraker which I construed as an expression of his own personal view. This was followed by an interview with General Grosvenor along the same lines. This made it apparent that there was a disposition on the part of some people to suggest action by the convention.

"I certainly have no criticism to make of any individual as to his rights to entertain or express such views. But I certainly do criticize the propriety of action along that line by the delegates to the state convention, who are chosen for the purpose of nominating a state ticket. It does not appear to me to be entirely proper for this convention to assume the province of the one to be chosen in 1904, and upon which one will rest the responsibility of representing and expressing the sentiment of our state for any candidate.

"It would seem unnecessary for me to say that these conclusions are in no way influenced by any personal desires or ambitions. I have often stated, both privately and publicly, that I am not and will not be a candidate for president of the United States.

"On account of my position as chairman of the republican national committee, and the further fact that I have been proposed to have a vital interest in the result in Ohio as bearing upon my re-election to the United States Senate, it would be presumed that I might have some influence as to the policy or action of the state convention. I have in no way exercised this influence.

"In that connection it would seem apparent that if such a resolution were adopted whatever that influence might have been exerted in a direction which would cause just criticism on the part of any other person who might aspire to be a candidate for the national office in 1904. For these reasons I am opposed to the adoption of such a resolution."

TITLE NOT CLAIMED

(Continued from First Page.)

from Paris. We heard nothing from him until a year later, when a friend at Naples informed me that the count was with his yacht and expecting to marry the daughter of the Russian ambassador in Italy. The next day I was on my way to Russia with my mother and my brother.

"Dear to the Rescue."
"Governor Seymour was the American minister then in St. Petersburg, and through him the czar heard my story. He was greatly excited at the recital of my wrongs and vowed to settle with the man who had so disgraced his emperor and the whole Russian nobility. Immediately he issued an imperial ukase ordering Count Guerbet to return to Russia and marry me or take the alternative of going to Siberia for life."

"The count was not in Russia, but if he had disregarded the ukase his estates would have been forfeited and he would never have been allowed to return to his native land. So he came to St. Petersburg.

"The count's family begged me not to insist upon the marriage because he was such a bad man. They were afraid he would kill me. But the czar gave me my passport himself before the marriage, so when the count threatened to keep me in Russia by withholding my passport, my Russian husbands can do under ordinary circumstances. I showed him this passport. He had never dealt with an American woman before and he could not believe I was able to get so many favors from his sovereign. He was so astonished he had not a word to say. I was not at all afraid of him and that I would never see him after the marriage was legalized. But the rites at Nice were binding to me and I was determined to make him feel the same bonds.

"The czar ordered the marriage performed at Warsaw as the court was there and the scene was a brilliant one. The story, too, had got abroad and excited much interest and the streets were filled with people from the town and the villages.

"In Mourning at Altar."
"But I dressed in mourning from head to foot. My mother and brother were with me in the church and at the altar my father, who had hastened over from America. He had a loaded revolver in his hand and fully intended shooting Count Guerbet dead if he made the least resistance to escape the ceremony. However, the thought of the devil assailed the rocky count to make me his wife according to Russian law, as I was already according to American law.

"After the ceremony I took off the ring and flung it in his face. That is not the way a woman usually wins a man's heart, but strangely enough, the count was desperately in love from that time on.

"Several times afterward when I was in Paris he tried to induce me to live with him. But I declined even to see him, and he had stormy interviews with my mother. Once he appeared at our apartment with two big policemen and demanded me as his wife. We were French subjects and we laughed at him.

"When he died I would not touch a penny of his money or take a foot of his land. And that is the story. I would not tell it as long as he was alive, but now that he is dead, perhaps it will prevent some foolish American girl from throwing herself upon a titled foreigner. They are all alike: they want nothing but her money."

FIND SNOW ON THE BROCKEN

Celebrants of Walpurgis Night Have a Chilly Carpet on Dancing Floor.

(Copyright, 1903, by Press Publishing Co.)
BERLIN, May 23.—(New York World Cablegram—Special Telegram.)—Seven hundred men and women assembled on the summit of the Brocken to celebrate Walpurgis night at midnight. They came from all parts of the Harz mountains and were dressed in the traditional costumes of wilds and witches. The cars which took them to the top were decorated with witch's brooms and other emblems of the "black art."

Arrived at a dancing place made memorable in "Faust" they found the place covered with snow. A student dressed to represent the devil ascended the rocky pulpit from which Mephisto once held forth and preached to the company. Then some women recited incantations. The night was spent in dancing and at dawn the people descended the mountain amidst the fltering snow streams, chanting music specially composed for the occasion.

GAS EXPLODES ON VESSEL

Ship is Badly Damaged and Three Persons Thought to Have Lost Lives.

QUEBEC, Manitoba, May 23.—The steamship Coban of the Black Diamond line, from Sydney for Montreal, which passed toward off Matane light yesterday, signaled that an explosion of gas had occurred on board which completely destroyed the saloon. Three iron beams were also broken in the lower deck.

A waiter was killed and two steerage passengers are missing, and it is thought they were thrown overboard by the force of the explosion.

Honorably Acquitted.

MANILA, May 23.—The verdict in the court-martial of Captain Carl F. Hartmann of the signal corps, charged with embezzlement of government property, is a full and honorable acquittal.

Fight Lasts All Day.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 23.—Fighting 600.

New Church for Sturgis.

STURGIS, S. D., May 23.—(Special.)—Sturgis is to have a new Roman Catholic church. The Catholic society has purchased seven lots in the heart of the city as a site. It is the intention to put up an edifice to cost in the neighborhood of \$20,000.

Occorets

Sale Ten Million Boxes a Year. THE FAMILY'S FAVORITE REMEDY. GANDY CATHARTIC. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP. BEST FOR THE BOWELS.

ARREST SOLDIER AS BURGLAR

He Waives Examination and is Bound Over While His Troop Starts for the Philippines.

STURGIS, S. D., May 23.—(Special.)—Philip J. Shannon of E troop, Thirteenth cavalry, was caught in the act of burglarizing the place of business of Fruth & Co. yesterday morning just before daylight and was placed under arrest. The prisoner was taken before Judge Madison and waived examination. He was placed under \$500 bonds to appear before the next term of Meade county circuit court.

Shannon says two other soldiers induced him to commit the crime. This trouble prevented him from joining his troop, which departed for San Francisco yesterday on the way to the Philippines.

BOY FALLS FROM PALISADES

Youngster Tries to Climb High Chimney in Deadwood and Meets Death in the Attempt.

DEADWOOD, S. D., May 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Walter, the 9-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. William Stevens of this city, met death today by falling from a high cliff in the first ward, known as the Palisades. The boy had climbed part way to the top of the cliff when a ledge of rock on which he was standing gave way, carrying him to the bottom. The lad's neck was broken and his body bruised by the rock, which accompanied him in his fall.

Five Will Graduate at Sturgis.

STURGIS, S. D., May 23.—(Special.)—The Sturgis High school closes its labors next Thursday. There are five graduates—Mabel B. Gardner, Alta E. Smith, Allyn R. Cooper, Vernon W. Meeker and Arthur P. Hough. On Thursday evening the pupils will present a comedy play entitled "The School M'Am." On Friday evening the regular commencement exercises will be held.

Thirty-Five Take Scottish Rite.

YANKTON, S. D., May 23.—(Special Telegram.)—The shrine meeting here last night, presided over by Henry C. Akin, imperial potentate of North America, was the largest in the history of the state. Seventy-two candidates closed the week of Scottish Rite work, in which a class of thirty-five took the work.

Home-seekers' Tickets to Many Points June 2nd and 16th.

ONE WAY RATES.
\$12.50 Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, June 2nd and 16th.
\$20.00 Salt Lake City, Ogden, Butte and Helena.
\$22.50 Spokane.
\$25.00 Portland, Seattle, Tacoma.
\$25.00 Los Angeles and San Francisco.
Tickets on sale by all Ocean and Lake Steamers.

Rock Island System

C. A. RUTHERFORD, Division Passenger Agent, 1323 Farnam Street, OMAHA, NEB.

Low Rate Excursions

ROUND TRIP FROM OMAHA.

\$15.00 Indianapolis, Ind.	June 7-9th.
\$23.75 Boston, Mass.	June 10 to July 4th.
\$21.00 Detroit, Mich.	July 14th-16th.
\$22.50 Baltimore, Md.	July 17th-18th.
\$30.00 Bellefontaine, Ohio.	May 28th to June 1st.
\$22.50 Atlantic, Ga.	July 5th to 7th.
\$17.50 Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, Colo.	June 1st to September 30th.
\$15.00 Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo.	July 1st to 15th.
\$20.50 Salt Lake City and Ogden	July 1st to 15th.
\$20.00 San Francisco and Los Angeles.	July 1st to 15th.
\$45.00 San Francisco and Los Angeles.	August 1st to 15th.

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C. A. RUTHERFORD, Division Passenger Agent, 1323 Farnam Street, OMAHA, NEB.

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