

places, prepared to make regular deliveries on Thursday morning. Mr. Hayden stated that he had always been ready to confer with his men, and when the strike first began and they were called out he notified them that their places would be held open for them until such time as they could honorably come to take them, and the Teamsters' union will order the men back to work this morning.

Mr. Hayden says: "The teamsters go back to work on the same terms as before. We have been paying the highest wages in the city for this class of work and our men had no graverance on this or any other score."

Sunderland Writes a Letter. OMAHA, May 20.—To the Editor of The Bee: Referring to an alleged interview published in your evening edition of Tuesday and morning edition of Wednesday, in which the representation was made that the chairman of the press committee of the Business Men's association had made certain statements, I beg to say that no such interview was had, and that the chairman of the press committee of the Business Men's association pertaining to the matters stated, and no one authorized to speak for the Business Men's association made any such statements.

It is to be said, also, that your report in this morning's paper of the meeting of the Business Men's association, which is published in several important particulars, when your reporter called on the writer for a statement concerning the action taken, he was informed that nothing would be given out last night, but that official information would be given out this morning.

The business men of this community are certainly entitled to fairness in the statements made by the press. They have no doubt you will be willing to publish this. Yours truly, Chairman Press Committee of Business Men's Association.

The interview referred to in the evening edition of Tuesday and morning edition of Wednesday was had, not with Mr. Sunderland, but with Alfred Sorenson, press agent, and the medium of communication between the papers and the Business Men's association. The error occurred in referring to Mr. Sorenson as chairman of the press committee instead of press agent. As to the report yesterday of the business men's meeting Tuesday night Mr. Sunderland was not approached by a reporter for The Bee for any statement Tuesday night.

Taking Injunction Depositions. The taking of depositions before C. C. Valentine, notary public, in his rooms in the New York life building, was continued at 2 o'clock, with John O. Yelner as attorney for the waiters' union and F. H. Gahes as attorney for the Business Men's association. The testimony of the previous day was that of W. S. Balduff of the establishment bearing his name, and W. Buthorn, proprietor of the Schlitz hotel and restaurant. Both stated that they were members of the Business Men's association. The former operated his establishment with the union help, and the latter stated that he helped walk out on May 1 and both establishments had been called "unfair" by the waiters' union, and that the latter's place particularly had been picked by the union, rendering it difficult for him to get business, ice and other supplies for his restaurant.

The chief testimony gleaned yesterday evening was from E. B. Branch, secretary of the Business Men's association and bookkeeper for the Fairmont Creamery company. He was cited to bring with him the books and records of the Business Men's association, but was unable to do so, as they had been turned over to T. J. Mahoney, attorney for the Business Men's association, before the summons were issued, and were then in Mr. Mahoney's possession and not accessible to the writer. He was given until 2 p. m. today to produce the books.

One of the Association. The gist of Mr. Branch's testimony was that admission to the purpose of the organization of the Business Men's association was to devise the best means to combat the unions. The Omaha association had correspondence with similar organizations in New York, Milwaukee and Chicago on mutual protective matters. The Business Men's association, Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' association and material men had interests in common. He also admitted that the material men had declined to sell to and refrain from buying from establishments that were unequally union establishments. He stated that the most efficient way to combat the unions. The principal object of the organization was to prevent its members from dealing with the union as an organization or having anything to do with it as an organization, to deal with the union men only as individuals, and to place the union men under restrictive demands on the part of the unions. He was unable to state from memory how much money there was in the treasury of the Business Men's association. The funds were derived from numerous outside sources. The association had authorized Jardine to get teamsters to assist in breaking the strike, and had also authorized the Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' association to secure negro waiters from abroad for the same general purpose. The proprietors were to notify the association how many negro waiters would be needed.

A. T. Klopp, of the Klopp-Bartlett Printing company was another witness and he testified substantially to the fact that he was a member of the Business Men's association, although he had not paid a cent as an initiation fee nor did he know where the association obtained its money to carry on its work. He only knew the general object of the association. He was free to admit that he thought that the unions were a good thing.

Men Were Locked Out. Tolf Hansen, proprietor of the Calumet restaurant, was the third witness. He testified in substance that he was not unfriendly to the unions and that he must have denied that there was an strike at his restaurant, as his establishment and

the One Minute restaurant had paid off and discharged their men and simply closed their establishments. There had never been a strike at his restaurant. He did not know but what they might strike so he anticipated any such move, by simply closing his restaurant. He had joined the Business Men's association some months before the strike. About all the hotel and restaurant men, members of the association, had come to the conclusion that they would quit business, May 1st anyhow rather than to submit to the demands of the waiters' union. The objects of the Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' association was about the same as the Business Men's association.

Mr. Hansen was asked what objection he had to the union. He said: "To the increase of \$2 per week in the wage scale and the one day off each week proposition, and to the bother that would follow according to the dinner and supper men, and the visits of the walking delegates." He admitted that his objection to the union was not personal to himself, but was because of the agreements entered into by the Business Men's association relative to dealing with the union men as individuals rather than as an organization.

About the Wage Scale. The question was asked him: "Would you sign the union scale if certain concessions were made?" He was about to reply, when Mr. Gahes, attorney for the Business Men's association, advised him to not answer the question.

The taking of testimony was then adjourned until this afternoon at 2 o'clock. It was shown through one of the guarded admissions made by Mr. Branch, that the Business Men's association numbers about 400 members, and that the Hotel and Restaurant Keepers' association is closely affiliated with it.

Teamsters Form Transfer Company. President Greaves announces the organization by the teamsters of the Union Transfer company, which will begin at once to transact a general drayage business. It will employ 200 union teams with two men on a wagon. A number of contracts are already in sight. It will operate to all the depots and will handle all sorts of business. Telephone 2377 will reach them.

At the meeting of the bartenders' union Tuesday afternoon two new clauses were added to the contracts, as follows: "This contract shall be in effect June 1, 1903, and shall expire June 1, 1904," and "Porters shall serve drinks in all emergency cases in this country we have room for every one." The new clauses were added to the contracts, but the bartenders have not yet agreed to sign the amended contracts.

Several of the strike cases wherein strikers are under arraignment for interfering with nonunion teamsters will come up for trial in police court this morning.

OUTSIDER'S VIEW OF CONTEST. Points Out Wherein He Thinks Both Sides Are in Error.

G. L. Shumway of Scotts Bluff, who was in Omaha Monday, has ideas on the labor situation. "To promote any successful enterprise," he says, "one must study all elements that tend to its discouragement. To succeed in any line of business or development it is not only necessary to acquire knowledge concerning elements, but to train the mind that it can see from adverse positions. The most successful manager of labor in a factory is naturally one promoted from the ranks. His sympathy runs toward his brother laborers, and he frequently has the responsibility of his own plant. The conservative and logical statement of the Business Men's league is an appeal to reason. But they should not overlook the fact that no man can absorb his own business if he has more than a peanut stand. A larger business, and he needs lieutenants. Captains in industry employ assistants to manage for them. J. P. Morgan pays Mr. Perkins an enormous salary to manage for him, just as Carnegie pays, or did pay, Mr. Schwab to relieve him from responsibility. The department manager in the different establishments of Omaha that are interested in the present labor controversy are in those positions that they may relieve the nominal heads of the institutions from some of the details of the business. The same principle extends to the laborers; a man who can go about and do his part without any directions is most valuable because he has become an assistant manager to just that extent. Unless you personally attend to the packing, direction, loading and billing of every piece of merchandise that leaves your establishment you are not managing your entire business. Corporations are possible and their usefulness and influence extensive only in proportion to the amount of the responsibility it can delegate to workers and the power of the proprietors in developing resourcefulness and ingenuity in every one in their employ. Responsibility broadens capabilities. Organization makes responsibility. The training and discipline of unionism renders a man more useful in any branch of collective industry. If the union demand conditions that the applicant can afford the condition required. Can a business man afford to discourage any effort on the part of an employe that emphasizes an ambition on his part? A submissive employe has insufficient inspiration and energy. That class of labor with a code of principles evolved from lines of reasoning is manifestly superior. His adherence denotes strong character and his contented spirit is just what you need if it is directed in the proper channels.

"The corporation that causes its antagonism of unionism will be the first to suffer. It is not the union that is the enemy, but that its union defies the aims of its meetings discussing problems that are of material benefit to the institution. The statement of Mr. Guy and also the Business Men's statement in Sunday's Labor eyes much to the organizing aims that the heads of the corporations should make it possible for them to employ so much labor, and the corporations owe much to help build them up. Statements by either party that the applicant can afford from any position which it has assumed exhibits a principle which the public in general will not commend. It speaks too much of passion and not of the good hard sense that the business of the city demands. One lesson that labor has yet to learn is that the applicant for such names as 'scab' when applied to any man in the ranks of labor, even in nonunion, does not harm that individual and does infinite harm to the man who applies it and the cause he represents. It excites a sympathy for the wrongdoer, and an admiration for his control of himself, and the fact of the public input, and it does not give the hearer an impression of the conservatism and rational powers that labor organizations have."

COUNT WEDS AMERICAN GIRL. Harriet Taylor, Marries Giuseppe Della Gherardese, Honorary Italian Attaché.

NEW YORK, May 20.—In the presence of relatives and a few intimate friends, Miss Harriet Taylor, the only daughter of Henry A. Taylor, was married to Count Giuseppe Della Gherardese, honorary attaché of the Italian embassy at Washington, today at her father's house.

The bridegroom was attended as best man by Signor Des Planches, the Italian ambassador.

THIRD DEGREE MANSLAUGHTER. Max Hits Girl with Broomstick, Causing Blood Poisoning and Death.

WELLINGTON, N.Z., May 20.—The jury in the case of Jim Cummings, the farmer charged with killing his servant girl, Anna Dismah, on August 1899, has returned a verdict finding him guilty of manslaughter in the third degree.

Cummings in a fit of anger struck the girl, who was 13 years old, with a broom handle, and blood poisoning resulted. He buried the body in a cornfield on his farm, but afterward dug it up and burned it on a brush pile.

His arrest was caused by his wife, who was the principal witness against him.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER. A man was arrested for the murder of a woman in a hotel in New York.

WELLINGTON, N.Z., May 20.—The jury in the case of Jim Cummings, the farmer charged with killing his servant girl, Anna Dismah, on August 1899, has returned a verdict finding him guilty of manslaughter in the third degree.

Cummings in a fit of anger struck the girl, who was 13 years old, with a broom handle, and blood poisoning resulted. He buried the body in a cornfield on his farm, but afterward dug it up and burned it on a brush pile.

CITIZENS MAKE REPUBLIC

President Explains Why Countries Copying American Constitution Have Failed.

HAVANA, May 20.—The celebration of Cuba's independence day, the first anniversary of the establishment of the Cuban republic, began at midnight with the illumination of the front of the palace, the sending up of rockets and the screaming of steam whistles. Business today was suspended and the streets were thronged with people.

President Palma, accompanied by the cabinet officers and city and provincial officials, drove to the Plaza, where he reviewed the members of the police and fire departments, and then he was driven up the Prado to the palace, acknowledging the salutes of the crowds which lined that thoroughfare.

At noon the guns of Cabanas fortress announced that a year had elapsed since the birth of the Cuban republic, and thereafter the guards and artillery paraded on the plaza in front of the palace and were reviewed by the president.

The feature of the review was the smart appearance of the mounted rural guards made. They were enthusiastically cheered.

Dispatches from several Cuban cities indicated that the holiday was celebrated throughout the island.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Secretary Root today sent President Palma of Cuba, the following telegram of congratulation: "Accept hearty congratulations upon the first anniversary of the establishment of the Cuban republic. The strength and wisdom with which you have conducted your great office. The happiness they enjoy today do not forget how much they are obliged to the American people for the share they took in helping to bring independence and freedom to the Cuban people."

The government and people of the United States are entitled to the everlasting gratitude of the people of Cuba, who amidst the hardships and privations of the struggle have succeeded in creating a republic. Secretary Root received the following reply from President Palma of Cuba: "The government and people of the United States are entitled to the everlasting gratitude of the people of Cuba, who amidst the hardships and privations of the struggle have succeeded in creating a republic."

SCENE IN FRENCH CHAMBER. Fight Is Only Prevented by the Watchfulness of the Guards.

PARIS, May 20.—The Chamber of Deputies continued the debate on the religious agitation in expectation of coming to a vote this evening.

During a speech today M. Engerande (nationalist) denounced the government's policy of tolerating the religious agitation. He said that the government had created a scene and had to be restrained by the guards from attacking M. Bertheaux (radical socialist).

KRUGER EXPRESSES THANKS. Former President Grateful for Kindness of France to His Countrymen.

PARIS, May 20.—Ex-President Kruger arrived here today from Mentone on his way to Holland and received a sympathetic welcome from a small crowd of intimate friends.

The women of the party presented him with many bouquets and Mr. Kruger made a brief speech of thanks for the kindness France had shown his unhappy countrymen.

He said he expected to return to France next year. He spoke in a strong voice and seemed to be in fairly good health.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL. Number of Rural Carriers Appointed in Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, May 20.—(Special Telegram.)—These rural carriers were appointed today: Nebraska—Davenport, regular, Elmer E. Deal; substitute, Jacob Walter. Wood River, regular, David A. Morgan; substitute, Mrs. C. L. Skatts. Petersburg, regular, Charles F. Delarm; substitute, Amos B. Dolan. Western Iowa, regular, Lincoln L. Lewis; substitute, Mrs. Lewis. Iowa—Corwith, regular, John J. Huson; substitute, Jess Grimes. Malrose, regular, D. W. Kenworthy; substitute, Harry Kenworthy. South Dakota—Canton, regular, George E. Fulver; substitute, W. Thompson. Sherman, regular, Norman J. Locks; substitute, George Paraley. J. C. Egan of Wallace was today awarded the contract for carrying mail from Wallace to Eddy, Neb.

CUBA JUST ONE YEAR OLD

First Anniversary of the Republic Enthusiastically Celebrated by the People.

HAVANA, May 20.—The celebration of Cuba's independence day, the first anniversary of the establishment of the Cuban republic, began at midnight with the illumination of the front of the palace, the sending up of rockets and the screaming of steam whistles. Business today was suspended and the streets were thronged with people.

President Palma, accompanied by the cabinet officers and city and provincial officials, drove to the Plaza, where he reviewed the members of the police and fire departments, and then he was driven up the Prado to the palace, acknowledging the salutes of the crowds which lined that thoroughfare.

At noon the guns of Cabanas fortress announced that a year had elapsed since the birth of the Cuban republic, and thereafter the guards and artillery paraded on the plaza in front of the palace and were reviewed by the president.

The feature of the review was the smart appearance of the mounted rural guards made. They were enthusiastically cheered.

Dispatches from several Cuban cities indicated that the holiday was celebrated throughout the island.

WASHINGTON, May 20.—Secretary Root today sent President Palma of Cuba, the following telegram of congratulation: "Accept hearty congratulations upon the first anniversary of the establishment of the Cuban republic. The strength and wisdom with which you have conducted your great office. The happiness they enjoy today do not forget how much they are obliged to the American people for the share they took in helping to bring independence and freedom to the Cuban people."

The government and people of the United States are entitled to the everlasting gratitude of the people of Cuba, who amidst the hardships and privations of the struggle have succeeded in creating a republic. Secretary Root received the following reply from President Palma of Cuba: "The government and people of the United States are entitled to the everlasting gratitude of the people of Cuba, who amidst the hardships and privations of the struggle have succeeded in creating a republic."

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL. Number of Rural Carriers Appointed in Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, May 20.—(Special Telegram.)—These rural carriers were appointed today: Nebraska—Davenport, regular, Elmer E. Deal; substitute, Jacob Walter. Wood River, regular, David A. Morgan; substitute, Mrs. C. L. Skatts. Petersburg, regular, Charles F. Delarm; substitute, Amos B. Dolan. Western Iowa, regular, Lincoln L. Lewis; substitute, Mrs. Lewis. Iowa—Corwith, regular, John J. Huson; substitute, Jess Grimes. Malrose, regular, D. W. Kenworthy; substitute, Harry Kenworthy. South Dakota—Canton, regular, George E. Fulver; substitute, W. Thompson. Sherman, regular, Norman J. Locks; substitute, George Paraley. J. C. Egan of Wallace was today awarded the contract for carrying mail from Wallace to Eddy, Neb.

J. O. Lewis was today appointed postmaster at Woden, Hancock county, Iowa. C. A. Moore, resigned.

The First National bank of Tyndall, S. D., was today authorized to begin business with \$25,000 capital.

The National Bank of North America of Chicago, was today approved as reserve agent for the First National bank of Boone, Ia.

Dr. N. N. Wilson was today appointed pension examining surgeon at Yankton, S. D.

STREAM SWEEPS THIEF AWAY. Horse Rustler Vainly Tries to Swim River—Companion Is Caught and May Hang.

TWIN FALLS, Idaho, May 20.—After a chase covering sixty-five miles and lasting two days, a posse today came upon two men alleged to have stolen four horses from a canal company at Milner, Sunday night.

BURT CONTINUES CONFAB

Union Pacific Strikers Again Meet Officials to Discuss Settlement.

NEW YORK, May 20.—Another conference concerning the labor situation on the Union Pacific road was held today between President Burt and representatives of the strikers.

No official information was obtained, but trustworthy information from other sources confirms the report that a settlement is likely to be announced soon.

At a meeting of the Italian subway strikers, men agreed to accept a strike body if granted an eight hour day and \$17.8 a day.

Metal Men Out in St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, May 20.—Over 3,000 machinists and members of kindred unions, including metal polishers, brass workers and laborers employed in about 175 shops in St. Louis, all members of the St. Louis Metal Trades association, went on strike today. The machinists demand an increase of 10 per cent in wages, while the brass workers ask for 12 1/2 per cent increase.

A 6 per cent increase was offered but this was refused. Efforts to arbitrate failed and the strike today.

Should the strike prove as far reaching and effective as union officials assert it will, and is carried on for any considerable length of time, every mechanical trade in St. Louis may become involved.

About 500 freight handlers and elevator men, employed at Cuyler station and the freight depot of the Frisco and Cotton Belt are out, and it is intimated that if the strike spreads to other roads, as it is feared, the wholesale business of St. Louis is in danger of being tied up.

Teachers are expected to join in sympathy with the freight handlers, although the leaders of the teamsters' union declare they are urging their men not to go out.

Noble Strike Settled. MOBILE, May 20.—The strike of the trainmen was declared off this afternoon by agreement.

MERIDIAN, Miss., May 20.—The agreement entered into by the Mobile & Ohio officials and the strike leaders in substance is as follows: 1. The Mobile & Ohio railroad agrees to advance wages 7 to 10 per cent. for freight and passenger service, respectively, instead of 5 per cent and 7 1/2 per cent as shown in the schedule of April 1, 1903, said increase to be effective from June 1, next.

2. The Mobile & Ohio agrees to allow the ex-employees who left the service to return without prejudice except in such cases where certain ex-employees have been treated upon property of the company, coupled with conduct indicating a purpose to obstruct the movement of trains.

3. The company believes there are sufficient vacancies to accommodate 27 per cent of the employees and agrees to fill this number to return, subject to the same rank and priority maintained before leaving.

Nonunionists Driven from Home. FREDRONT, O., May 20.—John Dixon, colored, was driven from town by a mob today after an exciting encounter in which his house was stoned. Dixon had been employed at the Claus plant and did not go out when the strikers directed. His wife and children escaped.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL. Number of Rural Carriers Appointed in Nebraska, Iowa and South Dakota.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, May 20.—(Special Telegram.)—These rural carriers were appointed today: Nebraska—Davenport, regular, Elmer E. Deal; substitute, Jacob Walter. Wood River, regular, David A. Morgan; substitute, Mrs. C. L. Skatts. Petersburg, regular, Charles F. Delarm; substitute, Amos B. Dolan. Western Iowa, regular, Lincoln L. Lewis; substitute, Mrs. Lewis. Iowa—Corwith, regular, John J. Huson; substitute, Jess Grimes. Malrose, regular, D. W. Kenworthy; substitute, Harry Kenworthy. South Dakota—Canton, regular, George E. Fulver; substitute, W. Thompson. Sherman, regular, Norman J. Locks; substitute, George Paraley. J. C. Egan of Wallace was today awarded the contract for carrying mail from Wallace to Eddy, Neb.

REALTY EXCHANGE MEETING

W. G. Ure Throws Some Light on Proceedings of State Equalization Board.

J. F. Hanson of Fremont, secretary of the State Real Estate Men's association, and W. G. Ure, who was one of the men who presented the argument for higher railroad assessments to the State Board of Equalization, addressed the Real Estate exchange yesterday.

Secretary Hanson outlined briefly the work accomplished at the last legislature. He said that most of the plans outlined at the Omaha convention last winter were being followed out with vigor, but that the state dealers were difficult to interest except in legislative effort. They showed little or no disposition toward joint advertising.

Mr. Ure explained some details of the arguments presented to the state board, saying that he felt the board had not acted fairly nor proposed to in the beginning. "They didn't try nor want to do the right thing, in my opinion," he said. "The fact that Governor Mickey had some blooded cattle assessed at \$2.50 a head seemed to have more weight with him than the increase per mile of \$77 in Union Pacific net earnings. It was useless to explain to him that he was only one taxpayer out of many; and that other cattle were assessed higher. We tried to make the board see that business of various industries were not adtracks, but it was of no use. The fight is not over, however, and at least we prevented a net decrease in railroad assessments."

A. L. Reed, who was to have read a paper on "Rentals," was unable to be present. I. D. Spaulding was elected a member of the exchange.

DEPUTY SHERIFF RESIGNS. William F. Weber Retires from Office to Go With Brewing Company.

William F. Weber, chief deputy in the office of Sheriff Power, will resign his position and go to Bedford, Va., to work for the Elks' home at Bedford, Va. A telegram to the local lodge of Elks from one of the grand officers conveys this information. At Cincinnati, Mr. Cronk told the newspaper reporters that there was no foundation for the sensational story sent out from Omaha last Sunday.

MRS. CRONK WITH HUSBAND. Accompanies Him on His Trip to Elks' Home at Bedford, Virginia.

Mrs. George F. Cronk is with her husband on the trip to Bedford, Va., where he is to participate in the ceremonies attending the dedication of the Elks' home. A telegram to the local lodge of Elks from one of the grand officers conveys this information. At Cincinnati, Mr. Cronk told the newspaper reporters that there was no foundation for the sensational story sent out from Omaha last Sunday.

TO STRAIGHTEN THE ELKHORN. County Surveyor Will Undertake to Keep River in Original Channel.

The county surveyor has decided finally upon the practicability of straightening the Elkhorn river at the point where it is crossed by the Military road. The assistant engineer made the final survey Tuesday and the plans for the change are now being prepared. Contracts will be let as soon as possible, and it is hoped that the river will be confined to its original banks over which the present bridge was built.

ESCAPES DEATH BY MIRACLE. Boy Receives Sixteen Thousand Volts of Electricity, but Sustains Only Blisters.

SALT LAKE CITY, May 20.—Arthur Robertson, 16 years old still lives after having received a current of 16,000 volts of electricity through his body.

He, in company with some other boys was on the roof of a power plant and attempted to crawl under a live wire. When Robertson saw the wire rested squarely across his neck. He was knocked headlong and was unconscious for about half an hour. His body was covered with blisters and blackened by the current, but doctors say he will recover.

JURY TO PROBE POLYGAMY. Second Special Panel in Utah's History Is Sworn in at Salt Lake City.

SALT LAKE CITY, May 20.—A special grand jury, the second to be called since Utah was granted Utah statehood in 1896, today, composed of four non-Mormons and three Mormons.

Swift's Pride Soap
Save Your Clothes Not the Wrappers
If you have a care for your clothes and want them whole and sweet and clean, Swift's Pride Soap will do. It answers every laundry requirement. Buy it today for Monday's wash.
Swift & Company, Chicago
Kansas City, Omaha, St. Louis, St. Paul, Ft. Worth
Makers of Swift's Washing Powder

QUAKER MAID RYE
Best Whiskey made is Quaker Maid.
Everybody drinks it everywhere.
You can get it anywhere.
For sale at the leading liquor and drug stores.
S. HIRSCH & CO.
Kansas City, Mo.

DR. SEARLES
So well and favorably known as the leading, most reliable and best of all SPECIALLY PREPARED FOR THE TREATMENT OF ALL DISEASES OF THE SKIN. Dr. Searles' Sulfur and Glycerine Soap is the best of all. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years.

DR. SEARLES' MEDICAL LAKE TABLETS
The greatest remedy for all diseases of the blood ever known. They Regulate—Strengthen—Purify. Are Nature's own remedy. Not a physic. See a Bottle, at Drug Stores. IMPROVES THE BLOOD AND PROMOTES THE HEALTH OF THE SKIN. MEDICAL LAKE TABLETS. DR. SEARLES' MEDICAL LAKE TABLETS. DR. SEARLES' MEDICAL LAKE TABLETS.

IMPERIAL HAIR REGENERATOR
The Searles Hair Coloring for Gray Hair. It is the best of all. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years.

MAKE PERFECT MEN
Do not despair if you are not a perfect man. You can be made perfect by using Dr. Searles' Sulfur and Glycerine Soap. It is the best of all. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years.

FOR MENSTRUAL SUPPRESSION
The most powerful and reliable of all. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years.

BOYD'S STOCK CO.
Tent and Balance of Week—The Society Dramas.
Woman Against Woman
Prices—Mat., any seat, 10c; night, 15c-25c.
—Opening Sunday Night, "LINWOOD."
Base Ball
Vinton Street Grounds.
ST. JOSEPH
VS
OMAHA
May 21-22-23.
Game called at 2:30.

\$500 TO GIVE AWAY
We want everybody interested in boys' clothes to be acquainted with LILLIPUTIAN BOYS' CLOTHES. It is the best of all. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years. It is the only one that has been in existence for over 30 years.

GORHAM CO.
To love her was a liberal education.
Steel's description of Lady Elizabeth Hastings may, with a slight change, be applied to the work of this
Gorham Co. Silver Smiths
To know it, and to know it is to love it, is in itself a liberal education in the Applied Arts. Each piece is designed by an artist and fashioned by a consummate craftsman.
All responsible jewelers keep it.