all locals buy their supplies from the central body, so that these proceeds go to maintain the strike fund. No member of the union is entitled to a benefit until he has been in three months. Under this provision there are now in Omaha 275 of probably 800 men on strike drawing benefits. The entire membership claimed for the Omaha lodge is 1,300.

Mr. Coleman has recently participated in the closing up of the teamsters' strikes in Kansas City and Bloomington, Ill., where, he says the unions won. Johnson Brothers Transfer company of Omaha have a branch establishment in Bloomington and Mr. Coleman says were among those who finally signed the scale.

As to Laundry Strike.

As in the case of the importation of teamsters, so with the laundrymen's strike—conflicting statements are made. F. J. Kimball, proprietor of the Kimball laundry and president of the Laundrymen's club, makes this statement regarding the situation:

"The laundry owners and proprietors of Omaha, South Omaha and Council Bluffs have a special organization called the Tri-City Laundrymen's club, which was formed several months ago. The owners of all the steam laundries in the three cities are represented in the club. A meeting was held at the Millard hotel this afternoon, at which all of the steam laundries of Omaha were represented, to receive a committee from the Laundry Workers' union.

"The committee, composed of five drivers and headed by President William Wardlow of the union came to us at 5 o'clock after a three-hour session of the union and verbally presented their demands. The laundry workers themselves had no grievances. They admitted that so far as their wages and hours and conditions were concerned they had no complaint to make.

"But the committee demanded that the laundries refuse to do the work of all hotels and restaurants which have been declared to be unfair. These so-called unfair houses comprise nearly every hotel and eating house in Omaha, among the hotels the Barker and the Dellone being excepted. The committeemen informed us that they had been asked by the Waiters' union not to handle the laundry from the unfair houses, but that this committee had requested the laundry workers not to strike.

Refuse to Turn Away Work.

"The laundry proprietors replied to the laundry workers that they could not see their way clear to decline to do any work that is offered to them and that they reserved the right to do any work that they see fit to do.

"Thereupon the laundry workers declared that they would not do unfair work. Unfair work, as here defined, means about half the business done in some of the larger laundries. Its refusal means that many workers would have no work to perform and that their support would be cut off until the waiters' strike is settled.

"To this ultimatum the laundry proprietors replied that they would cease to do business until such time as they will be able to conduct their own business in their own way. It was agreed that all work at present in the various establishments will be turned out Monday morning. After that no work will be received by any of the eighteen or twenty steam laundries of the city. The workers will have no employment after about 10 o'clock.

Says It is Forced Lockout.

"We consider the situation a forced lockout. The laundry proprietors are firmly bound by an agreement to act together. No laundry will start unless they all start and we will never start a plant until we are allowed to conduct our own business. We are determined to stand for our rights and to have them if we continue business in Omaha.

"While the laundries are shut down the washing of the city will have to go undone or be performed in a restricted way by washerwomen and the half dozen Chinese shops. There are a few small laundries operated by white persons in the city and a handful of agencies that send shipments to other cities. But there are not enough plants within reaching distance of Omaha to do the ordinary washing of the city from day to day. No Omaha work will be received by the steam establishments of South Omaha or Council Bluffs, according to an understanding with these proprietors.

"So far as Lincoln, Fremont, Schuyler and other small cities are concerned, the plants are now being run just about to their capacity and a very little more would be their limit. The unfair work cannot be shipped to other large cities because the unions are existent there also and will not wash the stuff, as has been proven in the Chicago strike, when carloads of linen sent to St. Louis were returned unwashed.

Girls and Women in It.

"It is estimated that there are 500 laundry workers in Omaha. This includes the drivers. Four-fifths of the total number are girls and women and about 100 only are men. They organized into a union between three and four months ago and have a membership of 225, as I understand. So far no scale has been presented, nor any agreement requested. As far as we know the employes have been entirely satisfied with their lot. We look upon this demand as uncalled for and unjust, and, as I have said, we are resolved not to submit, believing that if we did so we would surrender our rights as American citizens. We think this ramification of unionism is based on a very slender thread. How can we, in all justice, be asked to turn away the laundry from hotels that run bills of $500 and more every month and are the big factors of our incomes?

"So far as the hotels and restaurants are concerned, they are generally equipped with about a full two days' supply of linen Tonight every hotel in town has many packages of soiled clothing of traveling men who have been out on the road all week and waited until their Sunday rest in Omaha to have their laundry work done here. It won't be done, however, tomorrow, and returned at night as usual. There are many complications that will result from this shutdown, but a similar condition has prevailed in Chicago for two weeks and the Chicagoans are still living."

Statement for Laundry Workers.

The employes' side is given by William J. Wardlow, president of the Laundry Workers' association in this manner:

"This is not a strike, it is a lockout. We informed our employers at the City Steam, Kimball, Frontier, Model and Nonpareil laundries that if they continued to do work for unfair restaurants and hotels we could not continue to work for them. They told us they would continue this patronage and so we have acted on our word. There were only five laundries, the ones I have named, doing this flat work. The others were not affected so far as we were concerned. We also informed our employers that we would go in Monday morning and finish up all work on hand, fair and unfair, if they would agree not to serve the unfair places longer, but they rejected our proposition. There are 400 laundry workers in the city, of whom 225 are in the union and will go out."

The laundry workers held a meeting yesterday afternoon in their quarters on Farnam street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth and arrived at their decision. Then the president and other members went to the Millard hotel and met the laundry employers, where the proposition was presented and rejected. The unionists returned to their hall and ratified thir former action.

Restaurant Men Determined.

Restaurant employers are prepared to make a determined effort to keep the places open today in operation, they say. The plan is based on the spirit of co-operation. Yesterday ice was delivered to those restaurants and cafes declared to be unfair and also to one or two of the hotels, with police as attendants to the wagons. No disturbances occurred. The ice was delivered by a company that has not signed the union teamsters' scale.

Notwithstanding the pending conference of the joint committees with the governor today a certain amount of uneasiness is felt for the success of the move for a settlement as neither side has yet shown the least disposition to compromise. Both are standing out on the one issue, that of recognition of the unions, the strikers demanding that this must be accorded before harmony is possible, the employers asserting that it will never be accorded in the form it is exacted. If this spirit prevails it is feared the conference will not yield what it is hoped to accomplish—a basis of arbitration.

Despite the plans given out by the restaurant men of opening their places today the striking waiters say that no men have been imported to fill their places and it is presumed therefore that the help will be recruited from Omaha.

NOT ON SYMPATHY STRIKE

Southern Pacific Boiler Makers Decide Not to Leave Their Employment.

On specific promises of concessions by President E. H. Harriman and intervention by Senator Mark A. Hanna, president of the Civic Federation, the Southern Pacific boiler makers at the eleventh hour voted not to strike this morning, as planned in sympathy with the Union Pacific men.

This information came last night to President Ed Kennedy of the local boiler makers in a telegram from Secretary-Treasurer Giltharpe of the International Brotherhood of Boiler Makers and Iron Ship Builders, who lives at Kansas City. The information was conveyed to Mr. Giltharpe in a telegram from District President McKeon of the boiler makers on the Southern Pacific.

This telegram states that, being advised that the Southern Pacific boiler makers were determined to strike this morning, despite their contract with the company for a thirty-day notice preceding any such action, President Harriman, who is now in San Francisco, made the men the proposition that if they would not strike he would pledge them that during his present incumbency piece work would never be introduced on the Souther Pacific, and that he would confer with President John McNeil of the international brotherhood and any others desirable next week as to a settlement of all differences.

Mr. Harriman's proposition was accepted by the Southern Pacific boiler makers and so the strike is "off," for the present.

Saturday, after the Southern Pacific boiler makers had completed their vote to strike and announced their purpose, Senator Hanna wired them, urging that the strike be deferred at least fifteen days, as he, as president of the Civic Federation, desired to bring the matter up for arbitration before that body, which meets Wednesday in New York for a session of several days. Senator Hanna's proposition was not finally accepted until President Harriman made his, it is understood.

BRICKLAYERS ASK SETTLEMENT

Urge Tenders and Teamsters to Compromise with the Contractors.

The conference to be held this morning in Council Bluffs between the bricklayers and the striking masontenders and teamsters was suggested by the bricklayers, who are anxious to resume work. They walked out in sympathy with the striking unions, hoping that by so doing a settlement of the latter's differences with the contractors would be more readily effected. Except in the case of Contractor Weaver the desired result has not been brought about and the bricklayers decided on Saturday night that they had made sufficient sacrifices for the other strikers and called for a conference with a view to adjusting matters so as to enable them to return to work.

It is expected that the bricklayers will propose at the conference this morning that the striking teamsters and masontenders forego the demand that the bosses sign an agreement to employ none but union men, provided they will agree to the wage scale.

The committe appointed by the bricklayers to confer with the strikers consists of Louis Larson, Pete Peterson, Fred Ward, Al Baird and James Hughes.

OFFICIAL ELECTION FIGURES

Exact Plurality of Mayor Moores Over Benson Turns Out to Be 932.

The official figures of the canvassing board shows the result of the vote for mayor as follows:

WARD.	Moores, Rep.	Howell, Dem.	Moore, Soc.	Benson, L-P.	Total for Ward.
First	511	686	170	275	1,562
Second	905	852	215	495	2,497
Third	828	593	157	230	1,808
Fourth	752	447	87	720	2,006
Fifth	596	402	142	476	1,615
Sixth	879	499	213	1,101	2,792
Seventh	422	362	76	623	1,483
Eighth	732	450	148	559	1,889
Ninth	414	299	121	717	1,561
Totals	6,038	4,510	1,429	5,196	17,074

According to the official figures the pluralities of the other candidates are:

Elbourn, city clerk	625
Hennings, city treasurer	3,128
Lobeck, comptroller	1,893
Fleming, tax commissioner	2,753
Wright, city attorney	2,692
Withnell, building inspector	373
Councilmen—	
Bach	20
Boye	1,283
Zimman	3,515
Nicholson	3,809
O'Brien	426
Evans	894
Dyball	1,514
Schroeder	911
Huntington	3,347

Bishop Celebrates Silver Jubilee.

INDIANAPOLIS, May 10.—The silver jubilee in honor of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the consecration of Francis Silas Chattard, Roman Catholic bishop of Indianapolis, began this afternoon with a welcoming mass meeting by the Catholic laity of the city.

The event will bring the most notable gathering of Catholic clergy ever gathered here. The visitors, who will participate in the exercises Tuesday and who will begin arriving tomorrow morning, are Cardinal Gibbons, Archbishops Elder of Cincinnati, Ireland of St. Paul, Riordan of San Francisco, Keane of Dubuque, Farley of New York and Quigley of Chicago, with their chaplains. A large number of bishops will also be present.

Although cheap it is good
GORHAM SILVER POLISH
Produces a lasting polish
Most economical in use
All responsible jewelers keep it 25 cents a package

STRIKE GROWING SERIOUS

One Man Has Been Killed on a Mobile & Ohio Engine

STRIKE LEADERS REQUEST MILITIA

Break in Ranks of Chicago Laundrymen's Association and Some of the Proprietors Will Open Up.

JACKSON, Tenn., May. 10.—The strike on the Mobile & Ohio railroad, now on in this city, is assuming alarming proportions. One man killed, two trains wrecked and business badly tied up is the result of the day in Jackson. Early this morning Chief of Police T. C. Gaston and his force were called to the Union depot by the officials of the road on account of a wreck having occurred there, alleged to be the work of the strikers. A fish plate had been laid between the rails of a switch and a large engine was ditched. The engine was placed again on the rails and returned to the shops and when it returned to carry the train north the switch was thrown and another delay occasioned.

Will Yarboro, a young man, was shot and killed today on the tender of his engine. Yarboro boarded the train yesterday afternoon at Bethel Springs, south of here, made a trip to Okalona, Miss., as a brakeman and returned to Jackson today. The train on which he was killed was the same as that manned by Captain Pringle, a bridge foreman, and his crew of negro hands. South of Jackson the negroes were run off the train and at Bethel Yarboro joined Pringle's train. The strikers say that they know nothing of the identity of the man who did the shooting and deprecate the accident.

The railroad property is being guarded and further trouble is feared.

At the request of the strikers the Mobile & Ohio railroad company has prepared a writ of injunction which will be filed in the federal court, asking that the state militia be ordered to Jackson at once to protect the rights and property of the company.

The report that the engineers and firemen would join the strikers is said to be unfounded.

Trainmen are Satisfied.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 10.—"All conditions considered we are satisfied with the progress made in the strike. The freight traffic of the Mobile & Ohio is virtually at a standstill and that is the vital interest to which the management must look."

This was the expressed opinion of C. H. Wilkins, grand senior conductor of the Order of the Railway Conductors, who, with W. G. Lee, first vice grand master of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, called the strike of the Mobile & Ohio trainmen and yardmen Saturday.

Since Saturday morning three passenger trains have moved from St. Louis. Two were moved by conductors who belonged to the union. Freight trains to the number of four have been moved. One left St. Louis Saturday morning. It was manned by a crew of nonunion men. Sunday being rather an off day in the freight traffic movement, developments were necessarily few.

At Murphysboro, Ill., the train sent out Saturday was abandoned by the crew with the exception of the conductor. It moved from Murphysboro today. In East St. Louis this afternoon three freight trains were moved by nonunion men. Beyond this the traffic from St. Louis is at a standstill.

A special to the Republic from Ava, Ill., says: The first and second sections of No. 73, freight, passed here today. Third No. 73 was abandoned at Percy. There is considerable excitement here and at Williamsville, Percy and Sparta. Protection is called for.

MERIDIAN, Miss., May 10.—The Mobile & Ohio strike situation remains about the same in this city, except that the company succeeded in getting one train out and one in today with nonunion conductors and brakemen. Superintendent Alexander said this afternoon that he expects to have practically all the places of the strikers on his division filled by tomorrow noon and that traffic will be resumed. A number of nonunion men have arrived here from Chicago. They are corralled in cars in the yards and all strikers are warned to stay out of the yards and not to interefere. The strikers are conducting themselves in a most orderly way. It is believed here that the engineers are considering the question of taking action that might prove of assistance to the strikers.

Some Laundries to Open.

CHICAGO, May 10.—All efforts to reach a settlement of the laundry strike at a meeting of the special committee of the employes and the employers failed of results and a disruption of the ranks of the Employers' association is expected tomorrow. The Evanston laundry men who announced yesterday that they would open their laundries Monday could not be influenced by the association today. All attended the meeting and a strong effort was exerted to induce them to stand by the association, but all arguments were powerless and the Evanston men left the meeting determined to open for business in the morning.

Laundry men outside of the special committee have held conferences with T. C. Wilson, president of the Laundry Workers' union, endeavoring to arrange individual terms of settlement on their own responsibility.

"Several of the owners conferred with me today," said President Wilson, "and I am certain they will not hold back much longer. I think the break in the ranks will come tomorrow."

Notwithstanding the situation another conference will be held tomorrow morning to effect a settlement between the two organizations. The fight is still over the absolute recognition of the union and practically no progress has been made during the last three days.

NEW YORK, May 10.—Announcement was made tonight that a cessation of the war between the Amalgamated Association of Carpenters and the Brotherhood, which caused 6,000 carpenters to stop work, is near. The brotherhood has decided to make application for membership in the United Board of Building Trades, of which the Amalgamated Association is a member, and thus allow the united organizations to bring about peace. This action is to be taken, it is asserted, in order that labor may combine in the fight which is now being waged against the lockout of drivers and teamsters instituted by the Lumber Dealers' association and the Material Men's association.

There were no announcements with regard to the striking subway men at the meeting of the Central Federated union tonight.

Looks Like a Compromise.

ST. PAUL, May 10.—The canvass of the vote taken on the Great Northern system as to whether the general committee shall be sustained in its position on the double header question has been completed. The grand officers, however, refuse to make known the result until after a conference with General Manager Ward, which will probably be held tomorrow.

The indications are that there will not be a strike. Mr. Ward made a number of concessions, the most important of which was an offer to agree that not more than 3 per cent of the trains on the whole system should be run as doubleheaders. This is about the percentage now run.

The men are said to regard this offer as a liberal one. They say that by the agreement entered into with the Northern Pacific and the Southern Pacific, those roads can run from 7 to 10 per cent doubleheaders if they choose.

After the conference with the general manager the men had a meeting to discuss the proposals made, but nothing definite was accomplished.

MONTREAL, May 10.—The longshoremen's strike has been practically settled.

Denver Expects Tieup.

DENVER, May 10.—So general is the belief that a tieup of all the trades in Denver will occur tomorrow that the Citizens' Alliance has made a demand upon the Fire and Police Board for protection of their employes in the event of such a turn.

The Trades and Labor assemblies took up the matter today and decided to refer it to a committee from the Building Trades council, the State Federation of Labor and the Western Federation of Miners. This committee, which has been given absolute power, will meet at noon tomorrow.

Settle Cudahy Strike.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 10.—The strike of the 250 employes of the Louisville Packing company, the local branch of the Cudahy Packing company, has been settled. The men walked out Saturday morning. After several conferences last night it was found that there had been a misunderstanding of the company's attitude regarding recognition of the union. The men will return to work tomorrow.

Rock Men Get Increase.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., May 10.—As a result of the recent agitation the rock miners in the Wyoming region will receive 10 per cent advance in wages, the same as decreed the coal miners, dating from April 1. Some of the men received their advance on Saturday last and others have been promised it this week. The difficulty is not all settled, however, as the rockmen demand 10 per cent back pay on all wages since November 1, and there is still a question whether they will receive this.

M'NEILL POSTPONES STRIKE

Boiler Makers on Southern Pacific Road Not to Quit Work Today.

BAKERSFIELD, Cal., May 10.—Official information was received here today to the effect that the threatened strike of the Southern Pacific boiler makers that was to have gone into effect at midnight today has been postponed for fifteen days. The order to this effect was made by President McNeill of the boilermakers' union.

The order postponing the strike was issued, it is said, owing to the protest of General Manager Kruttschnitt, who asserts that the company has not received the thirty days' notice required by the agreement between the boilermakers and the Southern Pacific.

JETT SURPRISES SHERIFF

Officer Expected a Fight, but Alleged Assassin Promptly Surrenders.

LEXINGTON, Ky., May 10.—The capture of Curtis Jett, charged with the assassination of J. B. Marcum in Jackson county, was accomplished without bloodshed at 3 o'clock Sunday morning. He is now in the Clark county jail at Winchester.

Bearing a warrant which had been sworn out by Sam Jett, uncle of the accused, Sheriff McChord and a posse of seven left Winchester at midnight Saturday. Reaching Jackson's Ferry, ten miles distant at 2:30 a. m., they put away their buggies and crossed the Kentucky river to Madison county in canoes. They proceeded on foot to the home of Mrs. A. Haggin, Jett's mother, two miles from the ferry. Six of the posse were stationed around the dwelling and Sheriff McChord and Deputy Stokeley approached the front door and knocked. Jett's mother answered and after some parley admitted that Curtis was within. They were admitted and found Jett awake but still in bed. He shook hands with the sheriff and said that he would give no trouble. Reaching under his pillow he drew out his pistol and turned it over to his mother to keep. He made no show of resistance and was landed in jail at Winchester at 6 a. m.

Jett's stepfather, A. Haggin, charges that when Jett reached his house last night from Jackson he proceeded to draw his pistol on him and ordered him to get out of the neighborhood. Haggin went to Richmond and swore out a warrant charging Jett with breach of peace by assault with a pistol.

The report that B. J. Ewen was shot at Jackson last night is untrue. Ewen was with Marcum when the latter was assassinated last Monday.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 10.—Private telegrams received from Jackson and Lexington state that the report that an attempt had been made to assassinate J. B. Ewen is untrue. A curious feature of the affair transpired today when an interview with Ewen was published by the Courier Journal. The correspondent published it on receiving information that Ewen was dead. Ewen, according to the story, retracted his first interview feigning innocence of the assassin's identity, given out in the presence of a member of the Hargis faction. He told the reporter that he recognized Marcum's assassin as Curtis Jett. Ewen was standing near Marcum when the shots were fired. He made the second statement with permission that it should be published when he "should be out of harm's way."

ENTERTAIN VISITING GERMANS

Agricultural Investigators Reach Kansas City on Their Journey.

KANSAS CITY, May 10.—The party of forty-eight German agriculturists who are making a tour of the United States inspecting live stock and packing house conditions, arrived here tonight. They were met at the Union station by a reception committee composed of representatives from the Commercial club, the packing houses, the Live Stock exchange, the Stock Yards company and a subcommittee of German citizens. After spending the evening at Convention hall as the guests of A. E. Stilwell, where Theodore Thomas' orchestra gave a concert, they were treated to a Dutch lunch at the Midland hotel. Tomorrow they will visit the stock yards and packing houses.

Iron Moulder Not Killed.

DENVER, Colo., May 10.—George Hays, the iron moulder who was supposed to have been buried in the wreck of the building on Larimer street that collapsed on Friday night, has been found alive. Of the injured, Mrs. McKeen is the only one that has died. The others are recovering.

Health at Home
through Hires Rootbeer—a delightful preparation of roots, herbs, barks and berries. Nature's own prescription. Benefits every member of the family.
Hires Rootbeer
purifies the blood, quenches the thirst and pleases the palate. A package makes five gallons. Sold everywhere or by mail, 25c. Beware of imitations.
Charles E. Hires Co., Malvern, Pa.

PORTE MAKES AN APOLOGY

Expresses Regret at Search of Bulgarian Legation by the Police.

MANY WARSHIPS GATHER AT SALONICA

Opinion is General in That City That Nothing but War with Bulgaria Will Clear the Situation.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 10.—It is denied here that the powers have lodged claims for damages resulting from the Salonica outrages. The Turkish government has apologized to the Bulgarian diplomatic agent here for the domiciliary visits made by the police of Constantinople last week when about sixty Bulgarians were arrested and when the papers of the secretary of the Bulgarian diplomatic agency were seized at his residence. The agent threatens to leave Constantinople unless satisfaction for this action is given.

The statement that the porte has requested Austria and Italy to withdraw their warships from Salonica has been confirmed.

WASHINGTON, May 10.—The Turkish minister here has received the following cablegram from his government:

On May 6 the Bulgarian revolutionists attempted to commit at Monastir an outrage analgous to those perpetrated at Salonica. Thanks to the efficacious measures taken by the imperial authorities, however, they have been unable to put their designs into execution. Stoutshef, one of the ringleaders of the Bulgarian revolutionary committee, perished with five of his accomplices in the village of Fraishna (Florina).

LONDON, May 10.—The Salonica correspondent of the Times says there are ten men-of-war in the harbor of Salonica. A state of seige has been declared and Turkish troops are guarding every square yard of the town. The schemes of the revolutionary leaders may hang fire, but it is not likely that they will be abandoned. There have been found documents which convince the authorities that the recent explosions were carried out by officials of the Bulgarian royal engineers.

The general opinion prevails, the correspondent says in conclusion, that the only way to clear the atmosphere is by a war with Bulgaria.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 10.—Consular dispatches received here from Monastir, European Turkey, say the Mussulman and Turkish troops are murdering Christians in the suburbs of the Christian quarter of the town. Houses are deserted and shops are closed.

The statement that General Deltcheff, one of the principal Macedonian leaders, has been killed in a fight with Turks at Fiorina has been officially confirmed.

VIENNA, May 10.—The death of the leader Deltcheff is considered a severe loss to the Bulgarian revolutionary movement, of which he was the mainspring. It was Deltcheff who arranged the capture of Ellen M. Stone, the American missionary.

YOUNG SAILORS AFFLICTED

Cerebro Spinal Meningitis Breaks Out on Two Receiving Ships.

PHILADELPHIA, May 10.—The Press will tomorrow say: Deadly cerebro spinal meningitis, popularly known as "spotted fever," and one of the hardest contagious diseases to combat, has broken out in the ranks of the 1,200 men aboard the receiving ships Minneapolis and Puritan at League Island navy yard. Already it has killed three young recruits, while five more victims are hovering between life and death. Grave fears prevail that others among the embryo blue jackets, who ate, worked and slept with the stricken men, may fall into the fever's embrace.

This prospect has already alarmed the officers at the yard to such an extent that an heroic effort will be made to prevent a spread of the disease, not only by constantly watching the men, but by removing them entirely from the two receiving ships.

Today the work of raising thirty-five tents will be started and as soon as the canvas shelters are in place the 1,200 young tars will be put out to camp, giving them plenty of fresh air and more room for exercise, which, it is thought, will materially lessen the chance for further inoculation of the disease.

When the men leave Minneapolis and Puritan both ships will be subjected to a thorough fumigation.

"I am doing everything in my power to prevent the development of any more cases of this fever," said Rear Admiral Sigsbee, the commandant. "Nothing that will protect the lives of our men will be left undone."

At the hospital of the naval home, at which the sick from League Island navy yard are treated, Dr. Lung, the surgeon in charge, declared that the outbreaks are not so bad as is usually the case with the disease. "Three have died," he said, "and we still have five others suffering from the disease, but unless something untoward happens we hope to pull through. The hospital is very much crowded now with patients from League Island. Besides those who have the cerebro spinal meningitis we have many patients suffering with mumps, measles and other complaints."

MATCH CAUSES EXPLOSION

Prominent New Yorker and His Wife Fatally Burned as Result.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 10.—Herman N. Blasdell of North Collins, a former assemblyman, after whom the town of Blasdell, N. Y., is named, and his wife were so badly burned in a fire which started from an explosion and which destroyed their home today that they died a few hours later. An adopted son, who was the only other occupant of the house at the time of the explosion, was slightly burned. Mrs. Blasdell was conscious for some time before her death and from her it was learned how the explosion occurred. Awakened early in the morning by a strong smell of gas, she began an investigation. When she reached the hall she struck a match and instantly there was a terrific explosion. The walls of the house were forced outward and one side of the building dropped. Fire broke out in half a dozen places and the whole house was soon in flames. The adopted son, who slept in a remote part of the house, rushed to his foster mother's rescue and succeeded in smothering the flames that enveloped her. Mrs. Blasdell walked out as far as the street, where she fell unconscious. Mr. Blasdell, who had been awakened by the explosion, endeavored to reach the stairway, but found himself cut off by the flames. With his night clothing ablaze he was forced to jump from an upper window. The shock of the fall and the severe burns resulted in his death. Mrs. Blasdell died at the home of a relative.

DEATH RECORD.

John B. Carter.

HURON, S. D., May 10.—(Special.)—John B. Carter, aged 72 years, died at his home in this city Friday evening following an illness of several weeks. Mr. Carter was a native of Ohio, being born in Dresden. He married Margaret Weens at Columbus, Ind., in 1858. He was a member of company K, Thirteenth Indiana volunteers, and was a member of Kilpatrick post, Grand Army of the Republic of this city since its organization. For more than twenty-four years Mr. Carter was in the employ of the Chicago & Northwestern Railway company as bridge builder, and came here in 1880 to work on the bridge now spanning the Jim river at this place and made Huron his home since that time. His wife and one daughter, Mrs. Charles Barrows, survive him.

Mrs. Mary V. Baker.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., May 10.—Mrs. Mary V. Baker, wife of ex-United States Senator Lucien Baker, died at her home here tonight as the result of apoplexy, with which she was stricken last Monday. She was 53 years old. Her husband, a son and daughter, Mrs. C. H. T. Lowens, wife of an officer in the United States navy, now at San Juan, P. R., survive her.

T. K. Bradley.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., May 10.—(Special Telegram.)—T. K. Bradley, a retired merchant, died at his home in this city today, aged 77 years. Mr. Bradley was formerly engaged in business for many years and is quite well known throughout the west.

Bishop Glennon Takes Charge.

ST. LOUIS, May 10.—Bishop J. J. Glennon, recently appointed coadjutor to Archbishop Kain, assumed his duties today and conferred the sacrament of confirmation on 200 persons. Bishop Glennon's credentials have not yet arrived from Rome, but he has taken charge of the archdiocese by permission of Archbishop Kain, who will probably leave here tomorrow for Baltimore.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Firemen were called to the vicinity of 1302 Davenport street early yesterday morning to extinguish a blazing load of hay.

William Roney took a nap in the doorway of the Boston Store late Saturday night and when he woke up he discovered that he was minus a good watch. He has told the police about it.

Two men claiming to have been imported as strike breakers from St. Louis were run in by the police yesterday afternoon as vagrants. They were destitute of cash or other visible means of support.

Martin Osborn and R. F. Gallagher, soldiers from Fort Crook, were arrested yesterday evening for assault, on complaint of John Maede, a bartender in Emil Gall's saloon, in which place the trouble occurred.

Kittie Halloway of 113 North Ninth street and Frank Mooney of Fort Crook are held at the police station pending an investigation as to the disappearance of $1.50 of the soldier's money. Mooney charges Kittie with larceny from the person.

J. L. Timms of Newark, O., is charged with assault by Bessie Redmore of 106 South Ninth street and both are held at the police station. The woman says that Timms tried to choke her. She ran into the street, blowing her police whistle, and the two were arrested.

Victor Erickson and Carl Jarl, both living at 708 South Sixteenth street, were arrested yesterday evening by Officer Bloom and charged with being drunk and with reckless driving. The police station was more or less crowded for an hour after the arrest by various friends of the prisoners, who wished to bail them out.

A verdant giving the name of John Roe was persuaded to turn over ten good dollars of coin of the realm to a fellow in Joe Epps' saloon yesterday as a precaution against the temptation of spending it. He obtained a receipt for the cash from a stranger, who was kind enough to sign Epps' name to the receipt. Mr. Roe has been unable thus far to find the fellow who signed the receipt or his $10 either, and has asked the police to help him.

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