

OUTSIDERS RUN THE CLUB

Bolters Pack a Session of Young Men's McKinley Organization.

BREEN AND BOUCHER AS YOUNGSTERS

Head of Club to Hold Reorganization Meeting, but Fail to Secure Endorsement for Erasmus A. Benson.

With Secretary Sidney W. Smith, who is secretary also of the Benson central committee, holding the membership roll of the club also, J. W. Jeffers, J. J. Boucher, John P. Breen and other young men were enabled to pack with outsiders the meeting of the "young men's" McKinley club last night and prevent the youngsters from proceeding with their former declared intention of endorsing the nomination made by the party at its convention April 11.

Jeffers started in last night to operate through a young man training under him in his law office and through the latter's brother employed on Judge Vinsonhale's staff, but as these fell down in their effort, he took charge himself and presented for the rising generation the interesting spectacle of a would-be leader trying to stampede the newly-elected president by raising all kinds of points of order and when overruled, shouting: "You ought to herd with Cowell! You are no republican!"

Little Contents Big Jeff.
It had been the intention to stampede the club into endorsing Benson, but failing in this, the intruders contented themselves with squelching the report of those members of the club campaign committee who are not in somebody's law office and in sending the club home with no action taken and with the young men who labored hard for its organization wondering why they did it and what a republican club is really for.

How the Trick Was Turned.

Last night Park, Smith, O. S. Erwin and McDonald presented a report asking "further instructions," and Dan J. Riley and Charles E. Foster tried to submit a minority report recommending that the club proceed as previously planned. Jeffers, J. P. Breen, W. A. Scott, J. S. Boucher and outsiders run in for the occasion voted to table both reports. A roll call was demanded and it was then discovered that the membership roll was not there. "Members in good standing" were asked to step forward and sign an emergency roll. Everybody in the house signed except one bell boy and a World-Herald reporter. Jeffers had come prepared and under these conditions was able to squelch the minority report, 23 to 17.

By the same means he killed C. E. Foster's resolution calling for an endorsement of party candidates in abridgment of the preamble of the club constitution, which states that one of its objects is "to labor for the interests of the republican party and its nominees." The only excuse attempted for this blocking procedure was a declaration that the club's constitution forbids participation in factional fights, whereas the only reference made to the matter in the constitution was that no candidate for nomination for any office.

Disputed over this diverting of the honest intentions of the club, and over the manner in which the Jeffers-Boucher-Breen brigade had injected itself regardless of the interests of the organization, the young men voted with unanimity to adjourn, leaving the club in the ridiculous position of having backed down the first time it has an opportunity to really do something for the party whose principles it espoused with such flourish of trumpets and long words a little more than a year ago.

CENTRAL PARK REPUBLICANS

Enthusiastic Rally in Sixth Ward, Where Candidates Are Loudly Cheered.

The Central Park Republican club held a very enthusiastic campaign rally at 4125 Saratoga street last night. It was the first meeting of the city campaign for that district portion of the big ward and a splendid example for future meetings. The rally was bubbling over with enthusiasm for the republican ticket, beginning with Mayor Moore and going down the list. J. D. Dalley, president of the club, presided at the meeting, while Edward F. Moriarty, W. J. Hunter, republican nominee for comptroller; Edward D. Evans, republican nominee for council from the Sixth ward, and Councilman H. B. Zimman, nominee for re-election from the Third ward, all spoke.

Mr. Moriarty entered into an interesting review of Mayor Moore's administration as chief executive of the city and defied successful contradiction of the assertion that he had made a strong official from a business standpoint. In passing Mr. Moriarty observed that the men who were opposing Mayor Moore from within his own party were those who had some special petty grievances or grudges, but who were unable to give any substantial grounds for their resistance. He said: "It becomes these anti to call themselves republicans when they transgress one of the fundamental principles of the republican party in refusing to abide by the voice of the majority, the will of the people as expressed at the primaries and in the convention where Mayor Moore was honestly renominated. They have gone out and picked up a man to oppose Mayor Moore who will not stand with the republicans simply in order to gratify his and his faction's revengeful feelings. What claim has Benson to popularity? What claim

has he to republicanism when he will become the populist candidate and thus allow himself to be used as a tool to try to defeat the regular republican ticket?"

Comment by Candidates.

W. J. Hunter said he was not a speaker, but a plain business man who had been called by his party to represent it on the city ticket as the nominee for comptroller. He pledged his support to every principle of business economy if elected. E. D. Evans then spoke briefly. He made some remarks that brought forth considerable applause from the residents of that portion of the big Sixth ward where improvements have been so persistently demanded. "I live in that part of the ward that has had all the improvements and is now in need of very little more, the same portion where resides your present councilman, who has served for six years," said Mr. Evans, "and if elected it will be my earnest purpose to see that this improvement, but valuable section, is represented. I will have both time and inclination to devote my efforts to your interests and whether I am successful at all times or not I shall at least make an honest effort to get you what you so much need."

Councilman Zimman made a timely speech, supporting the remarks of the former speaker to the effect that the outlying portion of the Sixth ward had been deprived of needed improvements. He said that the Third ward had about all it needed just at present and he would devote his best energies to aiding in getting what the outlying districts of the Sixth ward were after, street car, paving and lighting facilities. Mr. Zimman described the fight for equitable taxation in Omaha, and said that two members of the city council who stood with the people as against the corporations in this supreme contest, Hays and himself, it appeared had been endorsed for their attitude, since they had received renominations at the hands of their party. Those members who fought the battles of the corporations were not on the ticket. He brought out the fact that Mayor Moore had always stood for the people in these fights and that W. J. Hunter was a member of the Board of Review that raised the property valuation to \$125,000,000, thus placing himself on record as opposed to corporation tax shirking.

BENSON RALLY IN FIRST WARD

Speakers Pledge "Reform" Candidate to Give City a "Liberal" Administration.

There were twenty-six men, actual count, when the Benson meeting in the annex of Peterson's saloon at Seventh and Pacific streets was called to order last night, and Harry Brome was introduced as the first speaker, although the number increased somewhat later. Harry Brome was not on the program but came to fill the place of advertised speakers. He spoke for a few minutes and in the presence of the popular master in his subject much as possible. Mr. Benson would give the people a "liberal" administration.

Mr. Benson followed, opening his remarks by telling a story about a large family and a bull-moose. He said he had not asked for any nomination, and at the populist party he was called to the stage. He said that when he was nominated he denied that Mr. Moore had received the regular republican nomination and in the next sentence asserted that there were seventy-two delegates in the "republican" convention at which he received his first nomination. Waving up to his subject much as possible for him, he said that the present social system is wrong because it permits the accumulation of great fortunes, and that while the mayor of Omaha might have little power to change the system he would give it much study should he be elected. He closed by saying that the dollar of the city should buy more, if possible, than any other dollar, and that it would be his object to accomplish this result.

Mr. Benson was followed by John H. Butler, who announced himself in the race for building inspector as an independent candidate. Mr. Butler gave way to a man who was known by few in the room. He had talked but a few minutes when all knew that he had no idea of local conditions. Inquiry brought out that his name was A. A. Worsley of Racine, Wis., and that he had reached Omaha last night, and is now one of the Benson orators. They said he was the populist candidate for governor of Wisconsin in 1896. He is a young man with a loud voice. He said he had talked in San Francisco for the non-partisan candidates and in Toledo for "Golden Rule" Jones, and that he might come to live in Omaha. He roared the old parties in the style made familiar during the hard times in Nebraska and closed by appealing to his hearers to vote for Benson. He was followed by Isaac R. Escall, the leader of the corporation big five in the council, who announced in no uncertain terms that he was for Benson; that his position is now such that he can do as he pleases, and he pleases to defeat Frank E. Moore, if possible. He talked until 200 people became so tired that half of them left while he still held the floor.

The last speaker was A. W. Jeffers. Mr. Jeffers was the orator of the occasion and his closing remarks summed up the total of the evening. He said: "There will be no straight-laced, narrow laws if Mr. Benson is elected; there will be no Puritanical enforcement of blue laws, for 'Ras' Benson is a man of the people." "Ras" sat at one side of the room and did not deny the soft impeachment, although the color on his face would have been a study for an artist.

This closed the meeting, so far as the head of the ticket was concerned. He left while Mr. Escall remained and attended to the liquid refreshments.

Sciatto Rheumatism Cured.

"I have been subject to sciatto rheumatism for years," says E. J. Waldron of Wilton Junction, Iowa. "My joints were stiff and gave me much pain and discomfort. My joints would crack when I straightened up. I used Chamberlain's Pain Balm and have been thoroughly cured. Have not had a pain or ache from the old trouble for many months." The quick relief from pain which this liniment affords is alone worth many times its cost.

Library on Arbor Day.

On Arbor day, Wednesday, April 22, the circulating and children's departments of the Omaha public library will be closed all day. The reference room, museum and Byron Reed room will be open from 2 to 5 o'clock p. m.

HIGH SCHOOL STUDY MARKS

Board of Education Holds Animated Debate on the Topic.

BLAMES TEACHERS FOR THE FAILURES

Superintendent Required to Report Hereafter on the Work that is Being Done by Tutor and Student Alike.

Hereafter the Board of Education proposes to keep a close check on the quality of service rendered by the teachers in the high school. This resolution, made by J. J. Smith and seconded by Homan, was passed last night, no one dissenting. That the superintendent furnish each member of the board a report upon the conditions in the high school, showing the number of teachers, the number of pupils taught by each, the number of pupils in each class, the number of failures in each class and the number of each teacher, said report to be twice each year.

The action was taken after a prolonged discussion during which alleged delinquency on the part of certain high school teachers was dwelt upon at length. Not only were the instructors accused of incapacity by members of the board, but partially and favoritism as well. Member McIntosh stated the trouble with a resolution directing that the system of credit marks be restored to what it was during the first half of the school year. He said that enforcement of the new rule, made by the board, had caused much anguish among the students and that "multitudes had been moved almost to tears," after a recent examination.

Question of Credit Marks.

It developed in the talk that followed that there has long been a board rule that daily recitation marks shall count for one-half of the final examination marks for one-half in the standing of the students, but that until the last examination the rule never was enforced. During the recent review revision it had been spoken of, and Superintendent Pearce asked, if it were a good rule, why it was not used. He said it would be. Previously daily recitation marks have counted for two-thirds and examination marks for one-third in the final standing. Member Christie said that he understood that out of a senior class of seventy, thirty had flunked at a recent test. "This thing ought to be investigated," declared Dr. Christie, "and if we have teachers that do not enforce a class of students so that at least two-thirds can pass an examination creditably, I think they are teachers we ought to get rid of, no matter who they are. When they can't instill inspiration into more than two-thirds of a class it is time they ought to quit."

"We must remember that the responsibility must be borne by the pupil and the parents as well as by the teachers," said Member McIntosh. Smith after the teachers. "I heartily concur in some of the things Dr. Christie has said," asserted Member Smith. "I have been in favor for some time of calling some of the high school teachers down on the carpet." Superintendent Pearce tried to explain that the complaint referred to at a single study and went into a dissertation concerning the merits of the original question, but the storm continued to brew. Mr. Smith said he had asked for and received not long ago a report of an examination.

"This examination was before the rule was enforced," he said, "it shows that a large number of children fail, practically in German. The number of failures are beyond all precedence. It is so great that it is preposterous. If the teachers have employed in the high school cannot get the pupils in condition to pass examinations we ought to let them go. Not only this, but I am told that some teachers favor certain pupils in the markings."

Asserts Proof of Favoritism.

"Did I understand you to say that favoritism is being shown?" asked Dr. Christie. "You did, and I have proof to back my assertions," replied Mr. Smith. This started Dr. Christie on a forcible denunciation of partiality, which he illustrated by an incident that came under his observation a few years ago of a boy receiving 90 in a Latin examination, while his companion who translated the Latin for him was marked 65.

By Motion of Mr. Homan the rule of equal credits for recitations and examinations was suspended and the McIntosh amendment adopted. Then Mr. Smith's motion was put and carried just before adjournment.

Truant Officer's Report.

A report that caused considerable surprise and some comment was that made by Truant Officer Will Parker. In part it read: From February 25 to April 1 I looked up 200 people of whom 100 were boys and 100 girls. Central Lake and Long schools failed to submit lists of truants. In prosecuting tobacco dealers who sell to minors and in prosecuting parents who do not send their children to school, I have not had any malice or hatred toward them, but I do hate the wrong things they do as well as their neglect in not sending their children have a chance to get a good education.

It is just as necessary to stop the child.

Receipts—
July, 1902.....\$46,421.71
August.....9,993.90
September.....7,909.49
October.....9,993.90
November.....8,303.41
December.....9,993.47
January, 1903.....267,000.49
February.....2,837.41
March.....3,333.52
Total.....\$358,274.84

Warrants outstanding.....\$158,970.74
Cash in treasury April 1, 1903.....\$9,900.37
Deficit April 12, 1903.....\$66,011.47
Balance in high school bldg. fund April 1, 1903.....1,609.08

Morton Memorial Monument

Brief Description of the Memorial to Commemorate the Father of Arbor Day.

Shortly after the death of J. Sterling Morton in the spring of 1902, the Arbor Day Memorial association was organized at Nebraska City, Neb., the sole object of this association's existence being to provide a suitable monument in honor of Mr. Morton, the father of Arbor Day. During the early part of the past winter several eastern sculptors were asked to compete for the contract of erecting the monument and to submit models of their designs. Several artists entered the competition, and all of their models were sent to the Art Institute of Chicago where the executive committee of the association made their award in February.

The contract was awarded to Rudolph Evans of New York because his model was considered the most finished and comprehensive in the competition. A description of his design follows: The object sought in the design is to combine simplicity with dignity and impressiveness, thus typifying the simple manliness and nobility which characterized the father of Arbor Day. The central figure of the design is, of course, the statue of Mr. Morton himself, which stands upon a base

drawn from going to the saloons for beer as it is to make a crusade against cigarettes and tobacco.

The number of children that go to the saloons every day in Omaha is appalling. Some of them are conceived in their parents. Some of them drink the beer on the way home. Cigarettes, tobacco, beer, trashy books and blood and thunder stories! How can we expect to make good citizens of children reared with these things? I have seen many poor little boys as nervous from smoking cigarettes and using tobacco that they could hardly hold a pen. Is it any wonder they cannot learn their lessons? If any wonder they are not promoted? The result is that they have to stay in one class several terms. The parents allow some of them to stay out of school a day or two now and then because they do not feel well and then blame the teachers because the children do not get along any better.

Some of the parents keep their children out of school for the most trivial matters. It would be a move in the right direction if we had a school for children who are behind with their studies from any cause. These children should have studies that would not require a pen, but not anything further on this subject because Superintendent Pearce is confining the matter.

Some Routine Matters.

Member Rice wanted the new rule requiring all teachers to live in Omaha suspended as he said he found a number of the instructors had permanent homes in Council Bluffs. He wished the rule put in shape so that all new teachers employed will be required to take up residence in this city. Action was postponed.

The request of the Memorial day committee that the High school cadets help swell the parade on Memorial day was granted. Notice from the painters and decorators that they had shaved their scale up from 27 1/2 to 40 cents an hour was received, and instructions given that the new price be paid.

Nineteen wood turning lathes for the manual training department will be bought from Purdue university at a cost not to exceed \$30 each. Permission was given last night.

The expenditure of \$25 was authorized for the purchase of young trees to be planted Arbor day and the date of the next examination for teachers fixed for June 23.

Financial Statement.

Following is a statement by the secretary of the amounts apportioned for the various departments for the year ending June 30, 1903, the amount expended for the first nine months of the school year ending June 30, 1903 and the amount remaining April 1, 1903:

Department	Apportioned	Expended	Remainder
Advertising	2,000	418.90	1,581.10
Architect	8,000	5,904.14	2,095.86
Books	300	175.20	124.80
Census	1,200	916.77	283.23
Construction	25,000	3,660.00	21,340.00
Electric power	150	254.22	125.78
Electric power	150	105.00	45.00
Examinations	500	120.00	380.00
Express	600	399.57	200.43
Fuel	15,000	14,258.40	741.60
General	3,000	2,510.81	489.19
Improvements	10,000	5,368.70	4,631.30
Interest	47,000	30,110.22	16,889.78
Janitors	33,000	25,245.65	7,754.35
Light and heat	800	490.49	309.51
Maps, etc.	200	200.00	0.00
Printing	1,800	1,228.58	571.42
Repairs	100	73.12	26.88
Rent	150	502.50	99.50
Repairs	10,000	12,438.54	2,438.54
Salaries	1,500	1,500.00	0.00
Special taxes	2,000	2,000.00	0.00
Stationery, etc.	9,000	5,000.00	4,000.00
Stoves	200	800.00	600.00
Teachers	271,000	181,299.55	89,700.45
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,240.74	259.26
Bond red'm'n	45,000	47,500.00	2,500.00
Insurance	1,000	1,000.00	0.00
Total	\$508,500	\$357,126.50	\$151,373.50

Less amount expended in excess of estimate.....\$6,044.04

Comparative statement of expenditures for first nine months of school years ending June 30, 1902, and June 30, 1903:

Department	1902	1903
Advertising	1,900	2,000
Architect's services	3,154.13	418.90
Books	6,154.14	5,904.14
Cartage	130.45	175.20
Census enumerators	94,500	916.77
Construction	2,359.51	3,660.00
Drawing	2,359.51	2,359.51
Electric expenses	2,359.51	2,359.51
Examinations	75.00	120.00
Express and freight	405.23	399.57
Fuel	13,210.25	14,258.40
Furniture and fixtures	453.47	2,510.81
Improvements	4,571.59	5,368.70
Insurance premiums	140.00	1,568.00
Interest and exchange	26,734.05	30,110.22
Janitors	23,508.65	25,245.65
Light and fuel gas	652.59	605.49
Maps, charts, etc.	200.00	200.00
Printing	1,228.58	1,228.58
Plant rent, etc.	97.37	73.12
Rent	77.75	502.50
Repairs	2,140.74	12,438.54
Salaries, officers, etc.	8,480.00	8,480.00
Special taxes	2,000.00	2,000.00
Stationery	5,000.00	5,000.00
Stoves	800.00	800.00
Teachers	187,171.75	181,299.55
Miscellaneous	1,240.74	1,240.74
Bond redemption fund	72,613.47	47,500.00
Insurance fund	1,000.00	1,000.00
High school bldg.	1,445.29	1,445.29
Total	\$391,085.50	\$357,126.50

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THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts, should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. The genuine article may be bought anywhere of all reliable druggists at fifty cents per bottle. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.



AFFAIRS AT SOUTH OMAHA

City Council Spends a Busy Evening with Routine Work.

LIQUOR LICENSE IS NOT YET FIXED

Ordinances Still in Hands of the Judiciary Committee, Which Has Further Time in Which to Make Its Report.

Contrary to expectations, the city council at its meeting last night did not take any action on the two ordinances pertaining to the granting of liquor licenses in South Omaha. The judiciary committee admitted that it was not prepared to make any report on either the individual license question or the occupation tax problem.

A petition was read asking the council to call a special election for the voting of bonds for a sewer from Twentieth and N streets to the river, the cost of the sewer not to exceed \$55,000.

The committee appointed to look into the overlap asked for more time and this was granted. A report will be expected from this committee about April 27.

An ordinance providing for permanent sidewalks all over the city or rather in the territory mentioned in The Bee a few days ago, was introduced and went to the judiciary committee. It is the intention of the city authorities to lay permanent walks on all streets from Thirteenth street on the east to Thirty-third on the west, and from A street to Wyman street on the south.

An old frame shack in the rear of the city hall building was ordered condemned. This building will be torn down by the city authorities as soon as the regulations will permit after the usual notice.

An ordinance was introduced compelling the laying of curb lines on a number of streets where improvements are to be made this summer.

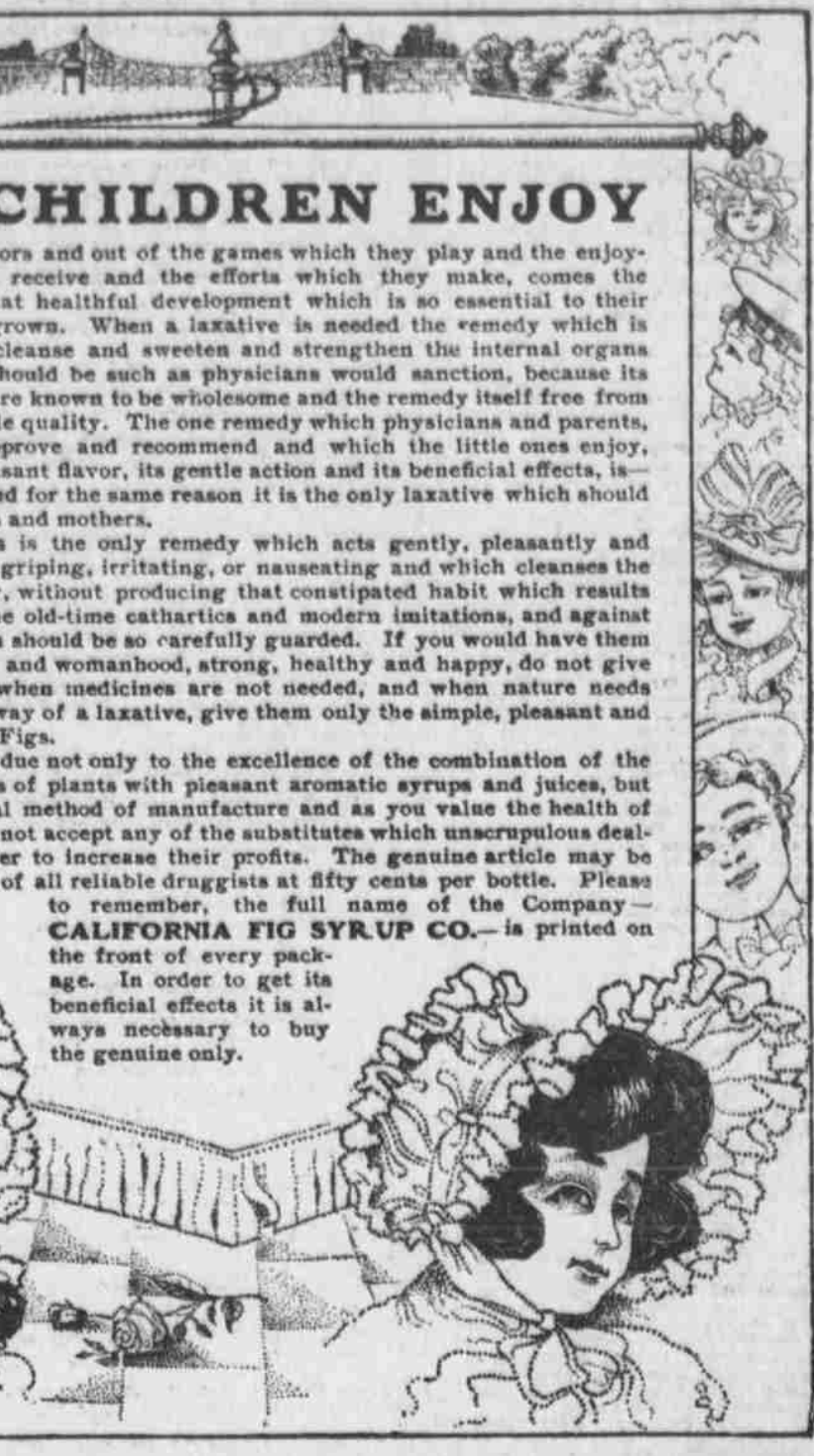
A petition for the grading of an alley between Twentieth and Twenty-fourth streets from E to F streets was read and placed on file.

City Attorney Murdock suggested that he could settle the Swigert damage claim for \$100 and the attorney was directed to settle after the usual notice.

Some business of minor importance was transacted and then the council adjourned for one week.

Two Petitions Out for City Hall.

Judge Breen headed a petition Monday, which was largely signed, asking the city



LOCAL BRIEVITIES.

William McDermid of 223 North Twenty-second street, South Omaha, was arrested last night on a charge of disorderly conduct in the Third ward.

The trip to Lincoln announced for Sunday, April 20, by the Plattsmouth Verein, has been declared off on account of a misunderstanding as to rates between the committee and the railroad company.

A son, the second in eighteen months, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Flynn at the county jail yesterday, thereby proving not only that Mr. Flynn is willing to support a family but also that he is a stranger who said that his right hand was injured so that he could not sign his name. Afterward the man became suspicious of the transaction and hunted up the official record of the birth, which was not found on the prisoner.

Stole Sunday Dinners.
Saturday night sneak thieves raided the refrigerators of four residents in the northern portion of the city and carried away all of the Sunday food supplies. On account of the raid four families were compelled to take their dinners at local hotels. In every instance where the refrigerators were tampered with they were located on back porches or in a position easily accessible to thieves. While the thefts were reported to the police no arrests have been made, as those who stole the provender left no clue.

Magie City Gossip.
W. P. McDermid has returned from a trip to O'Neill, Neb.

L. F. Etter has sold out his interest in his cigar store to H. B. Hudson.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Burgher, 388 South Eighteenth street.