

IRISH ACCEPT BILL

Great Hibernian Convention Endorses Government's Land Purchase Measure.

SOME AMENDMENTS ARE STILL DESIRED

Parliament is to Be Asked to Extend Financial Scope in Committee.

MOTION TO DISAPPROVE WILDLY REPULSED

Delegates Overwhelmingly Vote Down Proposal Made by Patrick White.

O'BRIEN PRAISES BRITISH STATESMEN

Redmond and Other Leaders Declare Hope Dawns Bright for Erin, Whose Troubles Appear to Near End.

DUBLIN, April 16.—The biggest Irish convention ever assembled, today endorsed the government's land bill, subject to certain amendments. The proposed alterations will be discussed tomorrow and referred to the nationalist members in Parliament to deal with in committee.

When the convention was called to order in the historic round room of the Mansion house about 2,000 delegates were present.

On the platforms were almost every nationalist member of Parliament with scattering of prelates. In the body of the rounds was a gathering seldom equaled in representative capacity. Farmers from Clare, in top boots; laborers from Dublin county; landholders from Con. and priests from all parts, the latter's smoking chains and tall hats contrasting pleasantly with the bright homespun apparel of the majority. It was essentially a convention of the soil, though a lighter touch was given by the presence of the well dressed women who filled the galleries.

Redmond Praises Bill.

John Redmond was escorted to the chair and opened the proceedings with an impressive speech.

"This convention," he declared, "is the most solemn, the most momentous event in the history of living Irishmen with the exception of the introduction of the home rule bill. The lives of nations, as there are in the lives of individuals, opportunities which once lost can never be regained. Such an occasion I believe the present to be."

Mr. Redmond begged his hearers to remember that Ireland was responsible. If they rejected the bill it was dead forever, and the greatest prospect of freedom since the "infamous act of union was passed" would disappear.

Continuing, he said: "Whatever defects Mr. Wyndham's bill has, and I am inclined to minimize them, its object is the complete and final abolition of landlordism in all its essentials. I hope no man will advocate renewing the land war without knowing what the new means, the results, the delay of industrial and economic welfare and even of political freedom."

Early in the morning Lord Dunsare, who is simultaneously presiding at a private meeting of the landlords' committee, announced Mr. Wyndham's bill would "make the peasants as safe as the king on his throne in the possession of their land."

They would never again have to stand trembling in the real of estates.

Mr. O'Brien added: "If we go on it is not too much to say that in the next generation it will be as hard to find a man who has witnessed an eviction as it is now to find a man who has not."

Pleading for a friendly spirit in the discussion, Mr. O'Brien remarked:

If all goes well it will be the greatest reformation of the century. The Irish has ever visited this country in a thousand years. It is the biggest thing English statesmanship has ever done in restoring the soil of Ireland to Irishmen.

Mr. O'Brien concluded with saying that while Mr. Redmond himself did not want to entangle the land question with the home rule, they might as well "try to turn honest Irish blood into red ink as to ally his own and Ireland's desire for eventual home rule."

One of the results might perhaps eventually be to kill the English opposition to a Parliament on College Green, where all Irishmen without distinction of creed and politics might meet and legislate for Ireland's good.

Whites Moves Rejection.

Patrick White, M. P., moved the rejection of the land bill as not meriting the support of the Irish party, amid hisses and angry cries of "withdraw."

Another speaker declared the bill would be a "millstone of debt" around the tenants' necks, but this brought forth howls of derision from the delegates, whom Mr. Redmond could scarcely keep in order.

The good temper of the assembly was restored by a landlord, F. O'Mahoney, who vigorously supported the bill, adding a speech in Gaelic from Cannon McFadden added further to the good humor.

The announcement that the vote on Mr. White's motion had been rejected by an overwhelming majority created tremendous enthusiasm.

Michael Davitt then received a great ovation. He demanded the release of Colonel Arthur Lynch and one other Irish agitator who is still in jail and whose continued imprisonment, said Mr. Davitt, was unbecoming to the spirit of peace between Ireland and England.

Mr. Davitt expressed many differences of opinion with Mr. O'Brien, Mr. Redmond and the majority of the delegates, but he promised to abide by the decision of the convention, which his unsparing hatred of Irish landlords, said he doubted if Mr. O'Brien was right in believing that they would settle down and help in the development of the country after the passage of the bill.

M. J. Redding of Baltimore, vice president of the bill.

(Continued on Second Page.)

LOUBET SEES GRAND DISPLAY

Ten Thousand Troops Take Part in the Maneuver in Mustapha Field.

ALGER, April 16.—President Loubet today witnessed a grand military maneuver, in which 10,000 troops took part in Mustapha field.

The maneuvers were witnessed by the president and his suite, who were accompanied by the visiting fleet and by native troops. The Algerian sharpshooters and the zouaves made an imposing display and the whole furnished a beautiful spectacle.

A number of native chiefs and a troop of Spahis escorted the president's carriage. M. Loubet's arrival on the parade ground was the signal for a great demonstration from the military and the thousands of civilian spectators.

During the evolutions of the troops the president occupied a superbly decorated reviewing stand and was surrounded by the members of the special missions, the envoys, the foreign naval commanders and other high officials.

The president devoted the rest of the day to visits and banquets and to witnessing various other features of the elaborate festivities. He will leave Algiers tonight for Oran.

ABANDONED VESSEL SIGHTED

Hulk of Ship Described Nine Months Ago is Still Afloat and Burning.

HONOLULU, April 16.—(By Pacific Cable.)—Advises from Japan received here on the Pacific mail steamer China state that the derelict British ship Fannie Kerr was sighted on March 22 by the British ship Headlight. When sighted the derelict was in latitude 24.23 north, longitude 123.24 west. Smoke was issuing from the hull of the vessel and all its masts were gone.

Fannie Kerr, bound from Newcastle, Australia, for San Francisco, was abandoned on the coast of Japan, and this is the first time that the vessel has been sighted since the crew deserted it. The ship was on fire when it was abandoned and that it is still afloat is probably due to the fact that it has a steel hull.

ALBANIANS WANT HOME RULE

Ask to Be Allowed to Choose Their Own Governors and Civil Officers.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 16.—It is now understood that the commission sent by the sultan to appease the Albanians failed to secure their adhesion to the reform scheme of the powers except on the condition that the Albanians be allowed to choose their own governors and civil officials and that other minor concessions be granted them.

The Porte has decided to establish a military campaign at Beratovich and has ordered nineteen battalions to concentrate there in view of possible operations against the Albanians.

Great uneasiness has been aroused in Turkish government circles by the reports that the Bulgarians in Macedonia are preparing for a general rising April 20, the second day of the Easter festivities of the orthodox church.

NO TIME FOR EXPERIMENT

King of Servia Tells Why He Restored Constitution to Original Condition.

BEIGRADE, Servia, April 16.—At a banquet given at the palace yesterday evening in celebration of the tenth anniversary of King Alexander's accession to the throne the king made a speech in which he referred to the grave situation in the east, saying that the Balkan peninsula, and Servia must be ready to strike at the proper moment.

He also congratulated himself on the fact that his marriage to Queen Draga had met with the approval of the people.

Referring to his recent proclamations, the king said Servia had no time for experimenting and he had, therefore, been compelled to restore the constitution to its original condition.

EDWARD ARRIVES AT MALTA

Immense Crowds Assemble on Sea Front to Welcome the King.

VALETTA, island of Malta, April 16.—The royal yacht Victoria and Albert, with King Edward on board, arrived here today from Gibraltar and was saluted by the warships and shore batteries.

Immense crowds of people assembled on the sea front to witness the king's arrival. The city was gay with flags. The king landed at noon.

Grand Duke Alexis III.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 16.—The grand duke Alexis, head of the Russian navy, is suffering from nephritis and has been ordered to leave the city. It is expected that he will be the grand duke Alexander Michaelovich, husband of the grand duchess Xenia.

Damage is Easily Repaired.

LIVERPOOL, April 16.—The White Star liner Celtic, which collided in the Mersey yesterday with the British steamer Heathmore and had a small hole stove in its port side, amidships, repaired the damage and today proceeded to New York.

Mob Stones a Magistrate.

TARACON, France, April 16.—A magistrate who went to Prigolot Abbey yesterday to place seals on the doors, was met by a hostile crowd, which gathered from the neighboring villages and was stoned by the mob and driven away.

Governor General to Resign.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 16.—It is announced that General Bobrloff will shortly resign the governor generalship of Finland. It is probable that his successor will be Prince Obolensky, a governor of Kharkov.

Political Malcontent Arrested.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 16.—A political malcontent named Stado Pevetsev has been arrested at Moscow, today with five other persons. The prisoner was known to have a revolver on his person.

Five Are in Irons.

GRIMSBY, England, April 16.—The British steamer India, from Penzance and Norfolk, arrived here today with five of the crew in irons. They were charged with mutiny.

Given Up for Lost.

LONDON, April 16.—The Grimby trawler Natalia, with a crew of twelve, which was due to arrive April 8 from the fishing banks of Iceland, has been given up for lost.

BIDS FOR INDIAN SUPPLIES

Commissioner Jones Will Be Present in Chicago at Their Opening.

WASHINGTON, April 16.—(Special Telegram.)—W. A. Jones, commissioner of Indian affairs, returned to Washington today from a fortnight's official visit to Indian agents in New Mexico and Arizona. Monday Mr. Jones will leave for Chicago to be present at the annual opening of bids for general supplies for the Indian service during the coming fiscal year. Upon the completion of his work at Chicago, Commissioner Jones goes to New York to superintend the opening of bids for Indian supplies in that city.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

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W. A. Richards, commissioner of the general land office, who has been resting from an attack of the grip at Virginia Beach, Va., will return to Washington Sunday and resume his duties at the land office next Monday morning.

View Building Sites.

Assistant Secretary Taylor today designated Special Agent Reed, now at La Crosse, Wis., to proceed to Webster City, Iowa, to look over the property offered yesterday to the government for sites upon which to erect new public buildings at those two cities. Special Agent Reed is also instructed to visit Grand Island and York Neb., to examine properties that may be offered there for public buildings.

Routine of Departments.

A civil service examination is to be held April 29 at Council Bluffs and May 2 at Waterloo, Ia., for positions of clerk and letter carrier in the postoffice at those places.

These rural letter carriers were appointed today: Nebraska—Fairmont, regular, William McNamee; substitute, James Keegan; Iowa—Donnellson, regular, George H. Baust; Peter Felkert, Philip Frank; substitute, Henry Baust, Elkhart, regular, Irving G. Cook, Albert S. Scovel, Frank H. Balyess; substitute, Marvin Cook, Charles Scovel, P. N. Bayless.

The corporate existence of the First National bank of Cornin, Ia., has been extended until the close of business April 16, 1903.

E. Whelan of Des Moines has been appointed an immigrant inspector.

The application of John E. McGuire, F. M. Leet, A. E. Benson, Asmus Boyesen and O. P. Oon to organize the First National bank of Exira, Ia., with \$50,000 capital, has been approved by the comptroller of the currency. The application of E. Cunningham, E. P. Palmer, Patrick Sullivan, B. B. Brooks and P. C. Nicolayen to organize the American National bank of Casper, Wyo., with \$50,000 capital, was approved today.

These rural free delivery routes will be established July 1: Crete, Saline county, two additional routes; area covered, fifty square miles; population served, 800. Lawrence, Neokola county, two routes; area, fifty-five square miles; population, 800. Clyburn, Butler county, two routes; area, fifty square miles; population, 1,000. Western, Saline county, three routes; area, ninety-one square miles; population, 1,230. Wilber, Saline county, two additional routes; area, fifty-five square miles; population, 825. Winster, Cuming county, four routes; area, 139 square miles; population, 1,210.

Postmasters appointed: Nebraska—Robert M. Delay, Dixon, Dixon county, vice George Siert, resigned. Iowa—Joseph Schneider, Rochester, Cedar county.

White Declines to Serve.

Andrew White, former ambassador to Germany, has declined to serve as one of the United States commissioners at the forthcoming monetary conference, thus confining the delegation to the three persons already named, Messrs. Conant, Jenkins and Hanna. Mr. White's declination is based on the unsatisfactory condition of his health as well as pressure of private business.

To Be Tried in Mexico.

In issuing a warrant for the surrender to the Mexican government of Dr. Charles S. Harle, now held under arrest at El Paso, Tex., on a charge of being an accessory to a murder committed in Chihuahua, the State department today took steps to secure the punishment of a particularly atrocious criminal, which has caused the attention of the two governments and of the big New York Life Insurance companies for many months.

The papers filed at the State department allege that the Mexican agent of the company, T. C. Richardson, a man named Meredith and Dr. Harle conspired to murder a man in order to collect the insurance on his life, the policy for which had been issued by Richardson. The policy was made out payable to Meredith. The victim was slowly poisoned to death and the doctor who attended him was charged with the fratricidal cause. The doctor's defense is that he did not himself minister the drug. Richardson and Meredith, also arrested in Texas, were discharged by the court on the ground of insufficient evidence, but the Mexican government has sworn out new charges and the two men will be rearrested and held for extradition.

British Studies American Cavalry.

Major General Baden-Powell, the "Hero of Mafeking," recently appointed chief of cavalry of the English army, is on a visit to the United States to study American cavalry tactics and methods. He arrived here last night unannounced and registered at the Arlington hotel under an assumed name. He visited the War department today and paid his respects to Secretary Root, Lieutenant General Miles and Adjutant General Corbin.

Soldiers Die of Cholera.

General Davis reported today seven deaths from cholera in the Philippines; Frank M. Senzler, Richard A. Morris, William M. McGregor, Daniel O. Cotter, tenth infantry; Kinney Miller, company M, Twenty-seventh infantry; H. O. Hiant, company H, Twenty-ninth infantry, and Henry M. Liedel, company K, Tenth infantry. The commands to which these men belonged, with one possible exception, are stationed in Mindanao.

Will Discuss Indians in Dakota.

The Indian bureau has decided to hold Indian school service institutes, to be devoted mainly to practical work and discussions, at Pine Ridge, S. D., June 23 to 26, and at Newport, Ore., from August 17 to 22.

The secretary of the interior has granted authority for the commissioner of Indian affairs to detail such employees of the house as he can spare from their regular work and desire to attend.

TO LAY THE CORNERSTONE

President to Take Part in Ceremony at Yellowstone.

CINNABAR, Mont., April 16.—Secretary Loeb yesterday received word of President Roosevelt's arrival at Fort Yellowstone. He expects, however, to hear from him during the day.

The president has accepted an invitation to lay the corner stone of the new gate at the northern boundary of Yellowstone park.

The ceremony will occur during the afternoon of April 24, the last day of the president's stay here, and will be conducted by the grand lodge of Masons of Montana.

President Roosevelt came into Fort Yellowstone today looking in splendid condition and enthusiastic over the good time he has had. Secretary Loeb met him at Major Pitcher's headquarters and the two transacted some routine business, the first the president did since his secretary said he went into the park. After his return Secretary Loeb issued the following statement:

Major Pitcher reports that the president and his party have just returned from the first day's horseback trip. The north of the park and along the Yellowstone. The party consisted of the president, Major Pitcher and John Burrows, together with an orderly, the scouts and packers with the mule train. All the party are in excellent health and not an accident of any kind occurred. On entering the park the president informed Major Pitcher that he would not, under any circumstances, fire a shot at anything while in the park, but he would not allow a shot to be fired at him. The party had some good fishing and the president and Major Pitcher spent a large part of their time in following and watching at close quarters the great herds of game, chiefly elk, but also mountain sheep, deer and antelope. The party starts tomorrow for the interior of the park to visit the geysers. They will go in sleighs, on horseback or on foot, according to the condition of the roads.

FLOUR MILLS SHUT DOWN

Low Lake Freight on Wheat Stop Minneapolis Stones from Grinding.

MINNEAPOLIS, April 16.—The Northwestern Miller says: Tonight every flour mill in Minneapolis and practically all of the merchant spring wheat mills in Minnesota and the northwest shut down entirely and will cease turning out flour for an indefinite period. This set back has been caused by the intolerable conditions surrounding the manufacture and sale of flour for some time, owing to the price of cash wheat, the high rates of freight and the depressed state of the flour markets. Mills have been operating at a loss for weeks, and growing discontent has become a paralysis of the milling industry was the act of the huge boats operating between Duluth and Buffalo in today moving wheat on the basis of 2 cents per bushel, while the present proportionate rate on flour from Duluth to Buffalo is maintained at 9 cents per 100 pounds, equivalent to 4.4 cents a bushel.

The transportation lines have told the millers that under the operation of the Elkins bill they need not anticipate any discrimination in rates against flour, but the action of the line's making this 2-cent rate on wheat shows that such an assurance was meaningless. Until freight rates on the manufactured product are placed on a parity with those given the raw material or the 2-cent rate given wheat is advanced, the millers will find it impossible to grind.

LORENZ TAKES OFF CAST

Says Operation Upon Little Armour Girl Looks Like a Success.

CHICAGO, April 16.—Dr. Adolph Lorenz, the Austrian specialist, arrived in Chicago today for the purpose of removing the cast from the leg of Lolita Armour, the young daughter of J. Ogden Armour, upon whom an operation for congenital dislocation of the hip was performed last October.

Upon removing the cast the limb was found to be in perfect condition and the patient was able to walk around the house without any difficulty.

"The operation was a complete success," said Dr. Lorenz, "but I shall have to be in constant attendance for three or four weeks before I can be certain of a positive cure."

PRESBYTERY BALKS AT CLUB

Holds Pastor Who Joins Others in Running Private Bar Merits Disapproval.

CLINTON, Mo., April 16.—The Kansas City Presbytery, composed of ministers and laymen from Jefferson City to Kansas City, in session at Oaccola today, unanimously adopted an overture to the General Assembly of the church insisting on its disapproval of ministers occupying an equivocal position on temperance.

It came out during the debate that the resolution was aimed at Rev. William Henry Roberts of Philadelphia, clerk of the General Assembly, and who is a member of the Union League club of Philadelphia, which has a restaurant with a bar attached.

TWO TO HANG IN MISSOURI

Ball Player Turned Murderer and Elderly Assassin Both Pay Penalty Today.

KANSAS CITY, April 16.—John (Bud) Taylor, the base ball player who murdered Ruth Nollard, a girl who had rejected him, will be hanged in the county jail at 8 tomorrow morning. He was baptized into the Catholic church late this afternoon. Five hundred persons will witness the execution.

BUTLER, Mo., April 16.—Dr. James I. Garrett, aged 68, will be hanged tomorrow morning for the murder of D. B. Donagan, a Colorado miner, with whom Garrett and his son started from Kansas City in a wagon.

SAY BOGUS BILL IS SIGNED

Denver Papers Legally Contest Governor's Approval of Appropriation Measure.

DENVER, Col., April 16.—The Rocky Mountain News and the Denver Times today served formal notice on State Auditor Holmberg and State Treasurer Newton to refuse to draw any warrants or honor any such draw under the appropriation bill signed by Governor Peabody yesterday.

The state officers were informed that the bill signed by the governor was not the one signed by the presiding officers of the house and senate and that suit would be brought to contest its validity in the courts.

CLUB COMMITTEE WEAKENS

Young McKinleyites Find Politics Isn't Such Easy Play.

MEMBERS DISLIKE PERSONAL SACRIFICES

Not Overly Eager to Encounter the Disapproval of Employers or Patrons by Taking a Stand in Campaign.

The campaign committee of the McKinley club has decided to back water. Certain of its members are not as anxious now to "do things for the party" as they were before conditions took such shape as to involve their personal environment and accordingly, over the protest of the club's president and of other members of the committee, they have decided to take care of themselves first and let the organization look out for itself at the eleventh hour as best it can.

At the meeting five weeks ago E. S. Park introduced a resolution calling upon the president to appoint a campaign committee of club members, one from each ward, which committee was to work in conjunction with the city committee and perform a large amount of the work of the club, such as only young men are willing to undertake. The resolution passed and Park was rewarded with the chairmanship of the committee.

The club's meeting ten days ago he submitted a report to the committee in which it was implied that the report had had their entire rolled up and were just itching to begin, and would wait only until the party had attended to the little matter of holding a convention and nominating candidates. In the report the chairman incorporated this clause: "We suggest that the club hold a large public meeting during the week following the convention for the purpose of endorsing the ticket and that subsequent meetings be held in various wards under the auspices of the club."

Developments in the Plan.

The committee was again given the support of the club, Dan J. Riley moving and the club voting that such a meeting be held for such a purpose and that "all arrangements be in the hands of the campaign committee."

After the convention the members of the club met at a reasonable time for the meeting and, none being given, demanded the reason. Dr. H. A. Foster, president of the club, wanted to know, too, and he called the committee together Wednesday to ask questions. Then things began to get out of hand. S. W. Smith, under Senator R. B. Howell and in Howell's anti-Moore delegation from the Fourth ward at the primaries and it had occurred to Mr. Park that he was in a position to get the ink out of the meeting and suggested the name of the party and action was deferred for a day.

Yesterday, Secretary S. W. Smith, a member of the committee, called on A. H. Burnett of the Benson action, and when he came out he had seen a great light. C. G. McDonald, another member of the committee, called on S. W. Smith in close proximity to B. G. Burback and by night he had a little to say about the matter. When the committee met Park, who previously had talked of retiring, implied that he was willing to stay on the committee, but suggested the matter be referred back to the club and a hurry-up call sent out for a meeting of the organization. S. W. Smith immediately recognized this as a very good plan. C. G. McDonald also thought it advisable.

Proposition Meets Opposition.

Dan J. Riley offices with a disinterested democrat and couldn't see why such action should be taken when the club had already voted explicit instructions to the committee. Charles E. Foster of the Second ward, a fighting regular, couldn't understand either. President H. A. Foster also gave it up. Both the advocates of the referendum insisted, and the proposition finally prevailed. Therefore the meeting which Chairman Park himself had proposed for this week is not to materialize and the club members are to be asked to assemble again tomorrow night at 8 o'clock, when they are to say if they really mean what they said.

When told the committee's action last night one of the older members of the club said: "Well, that's one meeting I won't waste any time on. I'm not in on the proposition and if the committee hasn't the courage to go ahead with the execution of its own suggestion and the club's instructions there is no use bothering about it again at this late date. I would suggest that the committee assemble at Senator Howell's office or Mr. Burnett's office and let them determine what to do without troubling the club about it any further."

TURN DOWN ODELL'S NOMINEE

New York Senators Refuse to Confirm Baker as Railroad Commissioner.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 16.—Not since the memorable days of the Conkling-Pratt embargo has the state senate been the scene of more bitter personalities or of a more sensational political battle than this morning and afternoon, when Governor Odell's nomination of Frank Baker for railroad commissioner was rejected by a coalition of Senators Brackett, E. R. Brown and Elzberg, the three so-called insurgent republicans, combined with the democrats, and an intensely personal conflict was precipitated between Senator Brackett and Senator Raines, the republican president pro tem.

It is not unlikely that the battle will be renewed tomorrow, when it is expected the judiciary committee will report the nomination of George Wilson Morgan to take the place of John McCullagh as superintendent of elections, sent in by Governor Odell today.

EXPERIMENTS WITH INSECTS

Some Startling Discoveries Are Made by Warren T. Clark of California University.

BERKELEY, Cal., April 16.—Warren T. Clark of the University of California, is pursuing in the case of insects whose habitat is on land certain lines of research which may be regarded as parallel to the other experiments with marine forms of life in which Dr. Jacques Loeb has been so successful.

Mr. Clark has demonstrated that the wings of the roach can be developed or modified by chemical excitation and that their growth is not due to cause hitherto assigned.

As a result of his experiments Mr. Clark has shown that by changing the food he can alter and control the growth and development of the insect.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Friday; Warmer in Southwest Portion Saturday; Showers in West; Fair in East Portion.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Rows for 5 a.m., 7 a.m., 9 a.m., 11 a.m., 1 p.m., 3 p.m., 5 p.m., 7 p.m., 9 p.m., 11 p.m.

LINEMEN OUT ON A STRIKE

Nebraska Telephone, Western Union and Postal Telegraph Men Quit Work.

Linemen and inspectors for the Nebraska Telephone, Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies in this state struck yesterday on demand for a full recognition of their union, pursuant to the action of the National Telephone Association at Omaha yesterday. The exact number of men out cannot be accurately determined until complete returns are had from all the towns over the state. In the entire state the telephone company alone employs about 150 men, but some of these are at Omaha.

In Omaha alone the telephone company has seventy-five linemen and inspectors. According to E. J. Stark, business agent for the men, all these have struck. E. M. Forsman, secretary and treasurer of the Nebraska Telephone company, said, however, that many were still at work up to noon, though he did not know how soon they would quit. The Lincoln union has acted in full harmony, every man going out. Stark says the order has been promptly complied with in all parts of the state that have thus far been heard from, and he anticipates that it will be thoroughly observed.

The Western Union has about twenty men that would be affected by this strike order. The Postal Telegraph men quit work over at Council Bluffs. Stark says the Western Union men were sent to work yesterday beyond the Nebraska association's jurisdiction, but that they all would be communicated with and doubtless would join in the strike.

One in Lincoln, all of whom are said to have laid down their trappings. A number of the strikers congregated at Labor Temple yesterday to discuss their affairs and keep in touch by wire with their men out in the state.

LINCOLN, April 16.—(Special.)—The linemen and inspectors of the Nebraska Telephone company employed in this city, and one lineman of the Postal Telegraph company struck this morning. The Postal Telegraph men quit work over at Council Bluffs. Stark says the Western Union men were sent to work yesterday beyond the Nebraska association's jurisdiction, but that they all would be communicated with and doubtless would join in the strike.

The principal complaint of the Lincoln linemen is that they want the same pay for construction work outside of the city on the toll lines that is paid in the city, which is \$7.25 a day. They also want the same pay for the same work in the city. A subpoena was also issued on the cashier of the Steelville, Mo., bank, requiring him to bring books and checks before the jury. It was in this bank