

STRIKES WILL PASS

Carroll D. Wright Calls Labor Disputes Mere Fleeting Signs of Progress.

Partial Knowledge Brings About Workers' Conflicts with Capital.

Condition Better Understood Will Lead to Cessation of Industrial War.

CONVENTION OPPOSES UNITED BARGAINS

Manufacturers Declare for Employers' Federation and Organization of Nonunion Men and Define Position on Organization.

NEW ORLEANS, April 15.—Interest in today's session of the National Association of Manufacturers centered in the report of the committee on resolutions, which was expected to result in a definite understanding as to the attitude the association will take toward organized labor.

The report was not ready till the afternoon, when resolutions were introduced and adopted declaring for individual contracts between labor and employer, providing for the formation of an employers' federation and endorsing the reported movement for a free labor organization.

When the forenoon session was called to order Carroll D. Wright was introduced and given a hearty reception.

President Roosevelt had been invited to attend and in declining named Mr. Wright to represent him.

Mr. Wright said in part:

Combination Helps All.

The combination has in it all the elements of the corporation, for it is simply an enlarged corporation, embracing all the elements, more factors and, therefore, it is more powerful for good or evil than the corporation of smaller size.

It recognizes in its development an effort to democratize industry. Like a great department store, it distributes the goods and handles the goods and enables the purchaser to secure in one place all that he may need in his shopping trip.

The great combination enables society to secure its commodities on a more equitable basis than under the previous methods. Its evils are those of management and not of competition. It is the result of the development of the individual, the individual of society, society itself will take care of the matter. It is the result of the development of the individual, the individual of society, society itself will take care of the matter.

Development of the Corporation.

Conversely, the single workman, working by the side of his employer, was his employer's personal associate, but as the employer developed, the workman was firm into the corporation, and the corporation into the combination, the single workman has disappeared.

Now he is grouped as the fellow employee of thousands and thousands under the great combination of the individual, the individual of society, society itself will take care of the matter.

Even this mean harm or does it mean good? The answer to this question depends entirely on the character of the two parties in the new relation.

Capital may receive now and then an exorbitant increase, but because it cannot get interest, and wages may be raised or depressed artificially, but under all normal conditions the profit to the employer and remuneration to labor will be regulated by positive economic laws.

Result of Accumulated Wealth.

This is the result, so far as capital is concerned, of the accumulation of wealth which may be turned into active or passive capacity and, far from being a curse, it is the result of the increased standard of living resulting from education and culture which follows it.

The growth of sentiment underlying the principles of the present day is more thorough than to the present than any preceding age and will overcome the labor antagonism which has been the cause of the workman and damage capital.

The antagonism and the animosities will be softened, if not removed. The workman has risen from being a mere hand to being a man as he has reached intelligence he has become a greater or less complication in industrial affairs.

He will recognize his rights in relation to the rights of others and to know fully what is necessary for successful production, where now he understands only a part.

Resolution Committee Reports.

At noon the resolution committee announced that their report was ready. The labor question came to the front in the shape of a resolution embodying a declaration of principles, declaring against boycotts and lockouts, recognizing the right of labor to organize, but "without interference with the liberty of employers and employees," denying the right of unions to fix wages and pledging the association to oppose all legislation not in accord with the foregoing principles.

A motion to adopt this resolution brought a protest from James T. Foley of Cincinnati, who demanded that the resolution be printed and held over until tomorrow. Mr. Foley was supported by Mayor Jones of Toledo, O., and a rising vote was demanded. The motion to defer action was lost by a heavy vote and the resolutions were adopted as follows:

We, the members of the National Association of Manufacturers, United States of America, do hereby declare the following principles which shall govern this association in its work in connection with problems of labor:

Fair dealing is the fundamental, and basic principle in all relations between employer and employees who should rest.

The National Association of Manufacturers is not opposed to organizations of labor as such, but it is opposed to boycotts, blacklists and other illegal acts of interference with the personal liberty of employer and employee.

No person should be refused employment or in any way discriminated against on account of membership or nonmembership in any labor organization, and there should be no discrimination against or interference with any employee who is not a member of a labor organization.

With due regard to contracts, it is the duty of both parties to fulfill them.

(Continued on Second Page.)

ALGIERS IS IN GAY ATTIRE

African City Pays Great Homage to the President of France.

ALGIERS, April 15.—Algiers was in gala attire in honor of the sailing of President Loubet, the first French state since Emperor Napoleon III, to the French North African possessions.

The streets were elaborately decorated. Vast crowds filled the streets and the Arabs in quaint costumes mingled with throngs which awaited the arrival of the great white sultan, as the French ruler is known among the natives.

In the harbor were the Russian, British and Italian squadrons sent to extend greetings to the president, also the French cruiser Du Chaila, having on board the Moroccan missions and the Spanish battleship Pelayo, with the special envoy of Spain on board.

Throughout the morning there was a continuous cannonading from the warships and forts.

At 10 o'clock the semaphore signaled the approach of the French squadron escorting President Loubet. The warships sailed in perfect order, with the armored cruiser Jeanne d'Arc, bearing the president ahead, followed by the battleship St. Louis, with Marine Minister Hellet on board, and the battleships and cruiser Charlemagne, Gaulois, Lons and Bouvet and a flotilla of smaller craft.

It was an imposing naval spectacle, the beauty of which was enhanced by brilliant sunshine.

ENSIGN IS COURT-MARTIALED

Kills Private Who Did Not Salute Him in the Proper Way.

BERLIN, April 15.—A court martial has been ordered to try Ensign Huesner of the German navy, who on Good Friday, killed an artilleryman named Hartmann, with his sword at Essen for not saluting him properly.

According to Huesner's version of the affair, Hartmann was a former schoolmate of Huesner and the latter avers that the artilleryman attempted gross familiarity in trying to shake hands with him after he, Huesner, had arrested Hartmann for the informality of his salute. Then, Huesner added, Hartmann started to run and the ensign thrust him through the back with his sword, afterwards saying: "When I draw my sword blood must flow."

Huesner has written to Hartmann's mother saying it was hard that his "duty as a Prussian officer" required him to act as he did.

In Huesner's notebook were the names of several private who have been reported by the ensign for not saluting him as respectfully as he desired.

PERSHING'S TROOPS SICK

Cholera Breaks Out Among Brilliant Captain's Insular Command.

MANILA, April 15.—The campaign against bandits in the province of Albay has proved unsuccessful, the leader of the bandits, named Toledo, evading a fight with the American forces.

Three hundred and fifty scouts and constabulary are now following Toledo's band and it is intended to increase this force. The concentration system in central Albay is still effective.

Cholera has attacked Captain Pershing's troops, who are operating against the Moros in Misamis. Five cases and many suspected cases are reported. It is supposed the disease was contracted near Bacolod. The sick have been sent to the hospital at Camp Vicary.

The government will award a contract to furnish 10,000 carabos to restock the plantations, and to supply the men and mules to the planters at cost price and to expend half the gift of \$3,000,000 voted by congress for restocking the farms.

OPPOSE IRISH LAND BILL

Farmers' and Landlords' Union Declares Most Existing Conditions Equitable.

BELFAST, April 15.—A largely attended convention held under the auspices of the Farmers' and Landlords' Union to consider the Irish land bill, today adopted the report of its executive committee, criticizing certain provisions of the act.

A resolution was also passed opposing interference with the existing system of fixing fair rents, declaring that the financial arrangements as they affected the tenants were inadequate and demanding the adoption of drastic measures to secure a permanent supply of laborers in the agricultural districts.

SOLDIER IS TO BE SHOT

Sentence of Death for Sentry Who Mortally Wounded Russian Consul.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 15.—The Albanian soldier who shot M. Scherbin, the Russian consul at Mitrovitz, inflicting a wound from which the latter died, has been sentenced to death. The Russian embassy here has demanded a revision of the previous sentence of fifteen years' imprisonment.

MAY NOT RATIFY TREATY

Private Advice from Colombia Indicates that Canal May Not Be Ratified.

LONDON, April 15.—A private dispatch from Bogota, Colombia, received here today, says that the ratification of the United States-Colombia canal treaty is extremely doubtful.

Ocean Liners Collide in Jersey

LIVERPOOL, April 15.—The White Star line steamer, Celtic, and the British steamer Heathmore, collided in the Mersey today. Celtic was damaged amidships, but it is expected that it will be able to sail to New York tomorrow, as scheduled.

American Boats in European Waters

NICE, France, April 15.—The American squadron consisting of the cruisers Chicago, Albany and Cincinnati, and the gunboat Machias arrived today at Ville Franche. The cruisers San Francisco, Buffalo and Raleigh are expected there soon.

Gruber to Succeed Cable

TOPEKA, April 15.—The announcement is made today of the appointment of J. W. Gruber to succeed H. S. Cable as general superintendent of the Rock Island road at this point. Mr. Gruber was formerly assistant general superintendent of the eastern division of the Great Northern road, with headquarters at St. Paul.

CLERKE IS PASSED OVER

Payne Appoints Wisconsin Man Superintendent of Western Division.

AGUINALDO ORDERS OTIS KILLED

Document Found in War Department Proves He Committed to Two Filipinos to Slay Amer. Gen. General.

WASHINGTON, April 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Postmaster General Payne today designated J. F. Walker of Wisconsin for appointment to the position of superintendent of the western division of rural free delivery, vacated by the death of W. E. Annin of Denver. Harry A. Clarke, who has been acting superintendent during the illness and since the death of Mr. Annin, was recommended for promotion by Superintendent Machia of the free delivery service, but Walker was supported by Senators Spooner and Quarles of Wisconsin. Walker is special agent in charge of rural free delivery service in the middle division.

Senator Warren today designated for examination for appointment as naval cadet at Annapolis, John Carleton Seymour of Laramie. He named as alternates J. B. Howell and John A. Smith of Wyoming. Examination will be held at Cheyenne, April 21 under the direction of the civil service commission.

Bids were opened at the treasury today for sites and public buildings at Mason City and Webster City, Ia. At the former eight bids were received at the price fixed by congress, \$18,000, the latter eight ranging from \$4,000 to \$8,000.

AGUINALDO ORDERS OTIS KILLED

While examining an immense quantity of papers captured from the Filipino insurgents, Captain John R. M. Taylor of the Fourteenth Infantry a few days ago discovered a remarkable document endorsed on the back with a direction to kill General Otis.

This endorsement Captain Taylor insists is the handwriting of Aguinaldo, the insurgent chief. A translation of the document is as follows:

Our honorable president: We, the signers, who subscribe the declaration appended by these present agents, the American proclamation, we recognize no authority but that of God and the revolutionary government of the Philippines. Our lives and property for the independence of our country.

MANILA, San Miguel, Jan. 12, 1899. FELICIANO CRUZ. On the back written in the handwriting of A. Aguinaldo, appear the words:

Leherino Kotonko, Feliciano De Cruz, to kill General Otis. Commissioned.

Captain Taylor has called the attention of the chief of the bureau of insular affairs to this document.

Decides New Pension Point

Commissioner of Pensions War today issued an order interpreting the act of March 3, 1902, concerning the pension of disabled soldiers. The ruling says that a soldier who has lost limbs in the service. The ruling says:

The said act contains the words "or where the same is in such a condition as to prevent the use of his limbs." The word "use" is not to be construed as equivalent to the word "wear," a person may be able to wear an artificial limb, but he would be of no use.

The words in fact above quoted only apply to instances where the amputation is below the middle, in length, of the bone. In cases where the amputation is above the middle, as in the case of the use of an artificial limb, the increased pensions will be granted.

Where the amputation is made at the middle or above there can be no use of artificial limbs.

Postal Inquiry Kept Secret

Fresh charges are being received constantly at the Postoffice department in connection with the investigation now in progress, but their nature is being withheld from the public. Postmaster General Payne said the correspondence in the case of Assistant Attorney General Tyner will be made public later on. Mr. Tyner's resignation takes effect on May 15. No successor has yet been chosen, although a number of candidates are in the field.

Approve Continental Railway

Henry L. Wilson, United States minister to Chile, in a communication to the State department, says the projected Pan-American railway has been the chief topic of public discussion, and adds:

I find the currents of public opinion most favorable and a disposition on all hands to consider the purposes and policy of the United States in the project, fairly and even generously.

Sunday School Committee Meets

The Sunday school lesson committee appointed by the International Sunday school convention at Denver, met today for its initial meeting today. The committee immediately took up the work of revising the Sunday school lessons for 1905 and of outlining plans for the five years from 1906 to 1911.

A typically arranged two years' course for children from 2 to 6 years was also determined upon. It will be a permanent institution and will apply to the Sunday schools of the United States and Canada.

Dr. John Potts of Toronto and A. F. Schaeffer of New York were selected as delegates to the centenary of the Sunday school Union of England and Wales, to be held in London from July 4 to 11 next.

The most important work of the meeting was to arrange the plan for the six years' lessons from 1901 to 1911 inclusive. As finally determined upon it will be:

January, 1905—The life and character of Jesus in Matthew, Mark and Luke (or studies in the synoptic gospels).

July-December, 1905—The life and character of Jesus in Matthew, Mark and Luke (or studies in the synoptic gospels).

January-December, 1906—Stories of the patriarchs.

January-June, 1906—The making of Israel (or from Moses to Samuel).

July-December, 1906—The words and works of Jesus (or studies in John).

January-December, 1907—The expansion of the early church (or studies in the Acts and the Epistles).

January-December, 1908—The glory and decline of Israel (or from Samuel to Isaiah).

January-December, 1909—The Son of Man (or studies in Luke).

July-December, 1911—The captivity and return of Israel (or from Malachi to Malachi).

Taft Stands Trip Well.

Secretary Root today received the following cable from Governor Taft, who recently went from Manila to Benguet to recover his health:

Stood trip well. Road forest about twenty-five miles to feet altitude. Hope district cured. Great joy. Only one of 150 miles from Manila, with air as light as Atollands of Murray bay. Only pine and grass lands. Temperature the hottest month in the Philippines, in my cottage porch at 2 in the afternoon, 85. Fires are necessary night and morning.

Root Moves Home Troops

The secretary of war has directed the transfer of Company I, Thirteenth Infantry, from the department of California to the department of Columbia for station at Fort Liscomb, Alaska, relieving the Thirty-second company of coast artillery, which is transferred from the department of the Columbia to the department of California for station at Fort Baker, Cal.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

Rural Routes Established and Number of Mail Carriers Are Appointed.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, April 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Eltvius Peterson has been appointed postmaster at Lone Tree Lake, Deuel county, S. D., vice C. H. Roe, resigned.

These Iowa rural letter carriers were appointed today: Beeson, regular, Leonard A. Dixon; substitute, E. J. Dixon, Norway wood, regular, John Berg; substitute, Ida Berg; Otosen, regular, Carl A. Underberg; substitute, John Hughes, Washington, regulars, Eugene M. Anderson, Noah L. Hancock; substitutes, William F. Jacobs, Devere Booth.

A postoffice has been ordered established at Hunter, Sioux county, Neb., and Claris A. Hagerman commissioned postmaster.

George E. Himes of Des Moines, Ia., was today appointed a letter carrier in connection with the rural letter industry. He will be succeeded by Alfred Parsons of Davenport, Ia., and John Grant of North Platte, Neb., were today appointed to practice before interior department.

Walter W. Best was today designated as member of civil service board for the Webster City, Ia., postoffice.

James J. Miles has been appointed substitute letter carrier at Hastings and Matthew Newelupier appointed a substitute clerk in the Grand Island, Neb., postoffice.

The First National bank of Omaha has been approved as a reserve agent for the National bank of Pawnee City, Neb.

These rural free delivery routes will be established July 1: Omaha, Oklawaha, Fillmore county, two routes, area covered ninety-five square miles, population served 945; Orleans, Harlan county, two routes, area sixty-five square miles, population 750; Osmond, Pierce county, and route, area thirty-two square miles, population 500; Pierce county, one route, area thirty-one square miles, population 450; Piawview, Pierce county, two additional routes, area fifty-six square miles, population 800; Plymouth, Jefferson county, two routes, area fifty-seven square miles, population 975; Powell, Jefferson county, one route, area thirty-seven square miles, population 400; Red Cloud, Webster county, four carriers, area 115 square miles, population 1,700; Reynolds, Jefferson county, one route, area thirty-seven square miles, population 410; Rising City, Butler county, three routes, area seventy square miles, population 1,225; Rankin, Webster county, one route, area twenty-five square miles, population 400; one route, area eighteen square miles, population 500.

SHOOTS HIS SUPPOSED WIFE

Des Moines Man Then Turns Revolver on Himself and is Dead.

DES MOINES, April 15.—Arthur Perry, a cook, shot his supposed wife, known as Louie Bruce, three times and then sent a bullet through his own brain at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

The shooting occurred at the Ideal shop house, to which place Perry had traced the woman in a search of several days. His intended victim, though seriously injured, will recover.

She left Perry two weeks ago and he has put in most of his time looking for her. He found her trunk at a depot today, and then traced her to the restaurant, where she had gone for lunch.

The shooting was witnessed by a large crowd and the police were called. At the hospital last afternoon it was said the woman was in a critical condition. But two bullets had taken effect, one lodging in her arm, the other entering the mouth and emerging from the back of her neck. The woman says that she came from Sioux City two years ago, and was the wife of W. C. Bruce, from whom she was separated. She and Perry had been living together.

Later it was ascertained that the woman was named Richman and was married to William Bruce, a traveling man, in Omaha about four years ago, but he procured a divorce there nearly twelve months ago, and she was to have married Jack Karna, a printer, whom she had met in Sioux City.

EX-SENATOR TELLS JURY ALL

Missouri Boodle Inquiry Now Likely to Lead to Indictments Against Legislators.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 15.—Lieutenant Governor John A. Lee, the star witness in the legislative boodle inquiry, was today called to the stand for the first time this evening, when his examination only lasted ten minutes.

The examination was presided over by General Crow held a long conference last night at the latter's office in the supreme court building. It was past midnight when they separated. The nervous strain consequent upon this examination is believed to have brought the lieutenant governor's present indisposition.

ST. LOUIS, April 15.—The examination of witnesses by the St. Louis grand jury that is primarily investigating charges of boodling in connection with baking powder legislation in the Missouri general assembly, was resumed today under the direction of Circuit Attorney Folk.

Among those summoned to testify are Rev. Clayton Brooks of Jefferson City, Arthur Chapman, representative from Kansas City; Fred Essen and Samuel O'Fallen, representatives from Holt county; ex-Senator James Orchard, Senator William P. Sullivan of Christian county, and Speaker Whitecotton of the lower house.

Ex-Senator James Orchard is said to have divulged everything he knew and several state senators and representatives may be indicted for perjury.

TWO YOUNG MEN MISSING

Charter Boat for a Sail and that is the Last Seen of Them.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., April 15.—Nothing has been heard of Lester C. Barton of Chicago, the Yale freshman who has been missing since Monday afternoon, when he went with a friend for a sail in the harbor.

It has been learned that Barton's companion was probably William Mason Duncan of Russellville, Ky. Friends of Duncan say he talked of going for a sail on Monday and his description answers that of the young man who hired the boat with Barton.

This afternoon a party of students chartered a tug and started on a trip toward the west end of Long Island sound with the intention of searching for the missing boat along Long Island shore. Careful inquiry by telephone at points along the Connecticut shore has failed to disclose any trace of the boat or its occupants.

LINEMEN DECIDE TO STRIKE

Over One Hundred and Fifty Men Ready to Quit Their Work.

DEMAND FULL RECOGNITION OF UNION

Men on Lines of Nebraska Telephone, Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies in the Fight.

One hundred and fifty Nebraska Telephone company linemen and the linemen on the Western Union and Postal Telegraph companies' pay rolls will go out on a strike this morning unless their demands for recognition of their union, more pay and less work are met by their employers.

The strike will include the linemen and inspectors not only in Omaha, but in Lincoln and other towns of the state, all the linemen in Nebraska, in fact, according to E. J. Stark, business agent of the union.

"We informed the companies that unless our demands were met by 12 o'clock tonight we would call the strike," said Mr. Stark at 11 o'clock last night, "and we will be as good as our word. We want a nine-hour day in the cities at \$2.5 a day and full recognition of the union. We are now getting \$2.50 for ten hours in the cities and from \$25 to \$45 a month in the country."

E. M. Morman, secretary and treasurer of the Nebraska Telephone company, was asked earlier last night about the position of his company in the controversy, but beyond admitting that the men had made these demands he preferred not to talk until he had heard definitely and finally from the linemen.

The linemen at work for the electric light companies will not strike, as those companies are unionized, having fully recognized the organization. There is, therefore, no grievance against them. This trouble is but the continuation of a controversy which arose last summer when the linemen threatened to strike and were deterred from so doing when the Nebraska Telephone company voluntarily raised their wages. But the failure of the company then to recognize the union served to sustain the old grievance, hence this outbreak.

EXTENDS NEBRASKA LINES

Report that Missouri Pacific Railroad Intends to Do Some Building.

BEAIRICE, Neb., April 15.—The boldest stroke in railroad construction in the history of Nebraska has just been decided upon by the Gould interests, as reported in the Missouri Pacific railroad system.

The plan is the construction of three trunk lines, in as many different directions, across the state of Nebraska.

The starting point will be Virginia, Neb. This is a little town of 150 inhabitants out on the prairie in the southern part of the state. It is one of the present terminals of the Missouri Pacific railroad in Nebraska.

The construction of a line from Virginia to Beatrice is now under way. The title of the road as incorporated under the laws of Nebraska is the Kansas City, Beatrice & Northwestern. Beatrice is the first junction point of the new trunk line. One line will be built due west to Denver.

The northwest branches will be built from Beatrice. A junction is to be made at a new town near Plato, in Saline county. The site for the town has not yet been selected. From the new town one branch will go north into the northern Nebraska and Dakota wheat fields.

The other branch will go northwest either through Grand Island or Prosser, Neb. Prosser at present is a terminal on the Missouri Pacific. The Denver branch will be built straight west through the larger towns of southern Nebraska.

NEW YORK, April 15.—The report from Beatrice was shown to George Gould today. After reading it he said: "There is nothing in it, nothing at all."

WELCOME TO SUFFRAGISTS

Largely Attended Conference in Session at Tecumseh Hears Some Addresses.

TECUMSEH, Neb., April 15.—(Special Telegram.)—The woman suffrage conference opened this afternoon with a good attendance. The address of welcome was given by Rev. Blakemore, who said that he felt it a duty to ask for equal rights for women in the church, in society, in the ownership of property as well as in politics. This was followed by an address by the state organizer, Miss Laura A. Greig, on woman's rights versus woman's duty. She concluded by answering a long list of questions which are an important feature of the conference. The event of the evening was the address by Miss Gail Laughlin of New York on the "Progress of Government." Miss Laughlin said that the greatest trouble with the government today is that it is a motherless government, as illustrated in the management of prisons and asylums, in the epidemics of typhoid fever and bad sewerage, and in the loss of life in the army from the want of proper food and care. Miss Laughlin is the most logical and eloquent speaker whom the suffragists have yet brought to Nebraska.

THIRTEEN SECURE LICENSES

Another Meeting Necessary to Settle All of the Fight at Hastings.

HASTINGS, Neb., April 15.—(Special Telegram.)—At a special meeting of the city council tonight, Hastings, Neb., was granted thirteen saloons. Remonstrances against Muehler and Schlessler are still hanging fire, as no definite understanding can be made with the Ministerial association. Chances are favorable for another special meeting of the council this week providing definite understanding can be reached with the Ministerial association.

COLORADO FACULTY RESIGNS

All but One of School of Mines Professors Quarrel with President.

GOLDEN, Colo., April 15.—All but one of the fifteen members of the faculty of the State School of Mines have presented their resignation, to take effect next September. This step has been taken in consequence of friction between the faculty and the president, Charles B. Palmer. The professors allege that the president's policy relative to scholarship, is lowering the standing of the school.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Thursday; Showers at Night or Friday.

Table with 3 columns: Temperature at Omaha Yesterday, Hour, Deg., and Forecast for Today, Deg.

HAS THE NECESSARY PETITION

Southwest Improvement Club Secures Preliminary Plans for Grading Twenty-Fourth Street.

At the meeting of the Southwest Improvement club last night the committee that the necessary signatures had been secured and that the resolution would soon be introduced in the council. Not enough signatures are yet secured for the grading of Twenty-third street, but arrangements will be made for these signatures during the week.

I. Steven, S. G. Landgren and Ferdinand Haarmann were appointed to secure a sidewalk along the Union Pacific tracks, south of the Twenty-fourth street viaduct, and a number of crosswalks in the same neighborhood.