



Berg-Swanson Co.

15th & DOUGLAS
CORRECT DRESS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Grand Special Easter Offering

of Men's, Young Men's and Children's Spring Apparel

Correct Spring Suits for Men and Young Men. Correct Trousers for Men and Young Men. Correct Top Coats for Men and Young Men. Correct Hat Styles for Men and Young Men—in fact our entire stock is and must be correct, being composed entirely of Spring 1903 styles. It is and always will be our aim to show only the latest in everything and at prices that will admit of no competition.

Special Values for Easter

7.50 Men's new and stylish Spring Suits—Made of choicest worsteds and tweeds, in neat, plain effects and the new grey and brown overplaid—cut according to fashion's latest edict—Concave Shoulders, long lapels, haircloth front and warranted to keep its shape one year. Actual \$20 and \$22.50 values—our Easter price...

\$15

500 Men's Nobby Spring Suits in all the new styles and fabrics. Stouts, slims and regulars—sizes 34 to 46, also a complete line of Young Men's Spring Suits, to fit all shapes and sizes, in the latest creations—sizes 29 to 35. Our Easter price.....

\$10

The most perfect fitting and stylish clothing in Omaha is found here, and equal to tailor-made, at \$18, \$20, \$22.50, \$25, \$30

Men's Suits, made of Worsteds, Cassimeres and Tweeds, the new colorings and styles—hand padded shoulders—our Easter price.....

\$7.50

Top Coat Clearing Sale. Don't miss it. Your choice of \$10, \$15, \$18, \$20, \$22.50 values for \$7.50, \$10, \$15

Men's Trousers. In this department we defy competition—equal in every respect to custom made—latest designs, \$2.50, \$3.50, \$5, \$6.50 and \$8

Boys' Spring Clothing

Garments that have the individuality that is characteristic of Berg-Swanson Co. clothes and a variety that is exhaustive. We offer special inducements to tasty and economical parents. Boys' Knee Pants Suits—all ages—double breasted, Norfolk and single breasted, also the newest Etonorfolk—in tweeds and homespun, all the latest styles.....



Special for Easter Saturday, Your choice of all Odd Knee Pants, 75c and \$1.00 values.....

50c

A pair of adjustable highly polished stilts FREE with boys' suits

Men's Swell Spring Furnishings

Men's Fine Silk Neckwear—the newest and noblest patterns, in teck, four-hands and bows. Easter prices..... 25c and 50c

Men's Colored Spring Shirts, plain or pleated bosoms, cuffs attached or detached, all sleeve lengths, 1.00 worth \$1.50, our Easter price.....

Men's Underwear in all colors—balbriggans, striped and plain—light and medium weights, all sizes..... 50c

Men's Swell Gloves—all styles and colors—for dress or driving—Easter prices, up from..... 1.00

Correct Hat Styles

Berg-Swanson Co. is unquestionably the Omaha headquarters for style in Hats. Nowhere else is it possible for you to see such a wide variety of style and immense assortments.



Berg-Swanson Special—Stiff and Soft hats are the acme of perfection. The Boston Special, The Boston Tourist and the Boston Derby are worth getting acquainted with. A regular \$3.50 hat. Our Easter price.....

2.50

A full line of Stetsons—all the new shapes, \$3.50, \$4.50 and \$5.50. Just arrived a big assortment of genuine Panamas.

GOVERNOR'S AXE IN THE AIR

Relief that it Will Fall on Several Items in Appropriation Bill.

PERMANENT SCHOOL FUND ALL INVESTED

Bishop Bonannum Summoned to Rome in Connection with His Controversy with Father Murphy.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, April 10.—(Special.)—Governor Mickey signed a number of bills today, but his net result may be his approval of the permanent school fund. He said today he thought he would go to those tomorrow. The governor is saying very little about what he intends to do when he does come to these bills, but it is not doubted that he will insert his in them if he can find a way to get them through. He was largely through his influence that the senate cut down the bills as they came to it from the house. The governor, when asked if he thought the bills were down as low as they could be, said he had not examined them and therefore could not tell.

The total appropriations set forth in these four measures amount to \$3,650,000. One thing is certain, and that is that whatever action the governor does take will be final. The legislature having adjourned, he is now beyond its reach. It has been generally rumored that the money appropriated for the publication of the Colby statutes, \$4,500, which was passed in a bill over the governor's veto, will be cut out by the chief executive. If this is done the governor will have successfully circumvented the action of the legislature and gained the final fall. State Oil Inspector Hays, who worked industriously for the passage of the bill raising the degree test of illuminating oil in this state from 100 to 112 degrees, is said to have incurred the very great dislike of that corporation, who has charge of certain affairs in this state, is said to have exercised his best endeavors to convince Mr. Hays that he was making a mistake in promoting this measure, but it appears that the oil inspector could not be convinced by any argument a Standard Oil employee could produce.

Two More Vetoes.

Governor Mickey late this evening vetoed two more bills, making six in all. They were H. R. 93, permitting cities of 25,000 inhabitants and less to extend their road districts six miles beyond the city limits, and H. R. 104, a bill to establish wards for inebriates in the state hospitals.

School Money Invested.

The drain on the state treasury by the legislators has completely depleted the cash in the permanent school fund. "We have been cashing legislative warrants," said Treasurer Mortenson, "for three months and now have reduced the uninvested funds to the zero point. We have \$100,000 of Douglas county refunding bonds waiting to be taken up and they will probably be kept waiting until July. The Lancaster bonds will have to wait longer."

The treasurer stated that last month was one of the dull months in the tax collecting business. The general fund, however, has been relieved of the strain by the purchase of the legislative warrants out of the school fund and now amounts to \$30,000. When this fund has reached the \$50,000 mark, another call will be issued for warrants and the trust funds will have from \$25,000 to \$30,000 for investment. As fast as the general fund is replenished the money will be held into the school fund for the general fund warrants as investments. This month and May are expected to be good months for the treasury, and the general fund is expected to forge ahead rapidly. The foreign insurance company tax is expected to bring in about \$25,000, and considerable will come in from the real estate taxes, which become delinquent May 1.

Sumner Bishop to Rome.

Bishop Bonannum of this city has been called to Rome in connection with his quarrel with Father Murphy, former pastor of Tecumseh of the bishop's diocese. Bishop Bonannum was not in the city today and the construction he places on the call could not be learned.

Father Murphy was called up by telephone at Seward and said the call to Rome was not a surprise. He believed, he said, that it meant that he and the bishop would be cited to appear before the propaganda and a final settlement of their difficulties had.

Bishop Bonannum's troubles with Father Murphy have been many and of long duration. They arose out of the desire of the bishop to oust the priest from his old parish at Tecumseh, which attempt was successfully resisted for years. Bishop Bonannum has always taken the position that he is the cur in his own diocese, while Father Murphy has insisted that the cur cannot remove or transfer a priest without following a procedure laid down by the third plenary council of Baltimore. Rome finally permitted the transfer of the priest, but compelled the bishop to give him a parish equally as good. This was Seward and Uvasa. From this parish the bishop has unsuccessfully sought in the civil courts to remove the priest, and their differences in the ecclesiastical court are now in the court of the propaganda at Rome.

There are now pending in Rome two matters connected with the troubles of the bishop and priest. One is the appeal from the bishop's conviction of the priest, in his absence of certain charges of disrepute and contumacy; the other is the priest's challenge to the jurisdiction of the bishop to try him on the ground that he is a priest and therefore incompetent judge. Local Catholics who have deprecated very much the turmoil of the last ten years believe that the whole matter of the bishop's administration of the diocese of Lincoln will be gone over, and steps taken by the propaganda to stop all bickering.

State Fair Speed Program.

At a meeting of the board of managers of the state fair Wednesday evening a speed program that had been outlined by Superintendent R. J. Flick of the speed department was adopted. It provides for the distribution of stakes and purses aggregating \$5,000 for trotting, pacing and running races, seventeen in number. The program includes the following events in trotting:

2:45 stake, 2 years and under.....	\$ 500
2:50 stake.....	1,000
2:55 stake.....	200
3:00 stake.....	300
3:05 stake.....	400
3:10 stake.....	500
3:15 stake.....	600
3:20 stake.....	700
3:25 stake.....	800
3:30 stake.....	900
3:35 stake.....	1,000

Parents will have an opportunity to go for the following:

2:35 stake.....	\$1,000
2:40 stake.....	500
2:45 stake.....	300
2:50 stake.....	200
2:55 stake.....	100
3:00 stake.....	100
3:05 stake.....	100
3:10 stake.....	100
3:15 stake.....	100
3:20 stake.....	100
3:25 stake.....	100
3:30 stake.....	100
3:35 stake.....	100
3:40 stake.....	100
3:45 stake.....	100
3:50 stake.....	100
3:55 stake.....	100
4:00 stake.....	100

The following running races have been scheduled and repeat, all ages..... \$100
Three-quarters mile dash, all ages..... 75
Mile dash, all ages..... 125
Hundred yard race, all ages..... 125
Entries for stake races will close June 1, and those for class races August 25. The Commercial club of this city will provide a purse for one of the above stake races, but it has not yet been decided which of them it will be, and as soon as a desirable

decision in that respect shall have been reached the race will be christened the Commercial club stake.

Pay Street Railway Taxes.

President M. L. Scudder of the Lincoln Traction company appeared in the district court this afternoon and paid to the clerk the sum of \$4,488.72 in full payment of the first lien adjudged against the old Lincoln street railway company, its predecessor. The sum in question represents the judgment of \$48,000, with interests and costs.

This is the street railway tax case that has been pending in the supreme and district courts so long. The city at one time got a judgment for \$108,000, but the company appealed to the higher court. While this appeal was pending Mr. Scudder offered to settle for \$48,000. The council was willing, but Dr. G. O. W. Farham announced that he would not compromise unless he thought it could not compromise taxes.

The supreme court reversed the case. On the second trial the amount due was found to be \$48,000, and this has since been affirmed by the supreme tribunal, which yesterday settled the entire matter by refusing a rehearing.

The city holds a third lien for something like \$50,000, but as the second lien is held by the present owners, there is no prospect of a realization.

Attempt at Holdup Fails.

A. L. Shader was knocked down near his residence at Seventeenth and M streets last night by two footpads who attempted to rob him. While the three men were fighting on the sidewalk, Officer Orr came to the assistance of Shader and the robbers ran. Shader was going home, when one of the men stepped out of a shadow and struck him in the back of the head. Shader fell to the sidewalk and the two men jumped on him and tried to tear a diamond pin out of his shirt pocket. The police were notified, but found no trace of the robbers.

Return Three Suspects.

Lewis Standish, John Cramer and James Leo, alias John Doe, who since the 1st of December have been in the city jail here, suspected of train robbery, were released this morning. The men were held on various charges and an effort made to have them connected with the Burlington train robbery, but without success. It was also believed by the local authorities that these men had been the perpetrators of many burglaries here.

Two Charges to Face.

Requisition papers were issued this morning by Governor Mickey for the return to Nebraska of W. H. Duquette, the cowboy detective who is now under arrest in Missoula, Mont. He is charged with perjury and probably a charge of bigamy will be added against him. It is said that during their search for him the officers discovered that Duquette had a wife in Omaha and also a wife living near Holdrege, whom he recently married. The Omaha wife, it is said, has been apprised of the facts, but the Holdrege wife is still ignorant that she is No. 2.

No Balm for the Widow.

By a decision of the supreme court just handed down Peder Johansen, a lonely and might-be loving farmer of Kearney county, is relieved of the necessity of having to pay \$900 damages for breach of promise to marry Augusta Modahl.

The story is an odd one. Johansen owns a big farm ten miles from Minden. He is 65 years old and a widower with no children upon the place. In 1900 he inserted an advertisement in a Norwegian paper, the Scandinavian, asking for a Christian housekeeper, a widow about 50 years of age. Two women answered, "Robert, a matrimony," but it stuck all over the little ad. It was seen way back in Marinette county, Wis., by Mrs. Modahl, a Norwegian woman but five years in the country, who was keeping house for a woodsman, whose wooing was not to her liking. One day in May, 1900, when Peder went to Minden after his mail, he was handed a missive in Norwegian, which read:

"To the farmer 65 years of age who advertised in the Scandinavian for a Christian housekeeper: I can answer that I infer that the party is a Christian. I like to live on a farm. I am young and old. If you will answer and let me know where you live and how large a farm you have and how far you are from a town or a church, I will send photograph."

Peder replied at once and after much correspondence she agreed to come. Peder had her go to a friend's house when she reached Minden. He called that evening. She said there was talk of a license then, but Peder said it was too late. They got into his wagon and drove out to the farm. She stayed there three weeks, and mentioned marriage several times. She says Peder said the horses were too busy and he couldn't spare them to go to town. Finally he backed out altogether and she went over to a neighbor's to live.

Later he was made defendant in a suit for \$5,000 damages. On trial Johansen said he never agreed before he saw her to marry her; that the agreement was that they would marry provided on seeing each other everything was suitable and agreeable all round. He said that three days after she came to keep house for him she wanted him to give her a paper transferring his property to her. He claimed she had an incurable disease that she kept from his knowledge until the offensive odor from her room and clothing apprised him too unmistakably of it. This she denied. She said his home was like a pigpen when she went there, and the jury evidently took her view of it, as she got a verdict.

The supreme court, however, says that the evidence is insufficient to warrant the finding that a contract to marry was entered into. If it were an ordinary engagement the court might be inclined to so hold, but this one is based on correspondence which shows that the agreement was never tentative and to which neither was irrevocably committed.

Sorenson Case Goes Back.

Because of an error of the trial court in a matter of practice the contest over the disposition of the \$25,000 estate of Hans C. Sorenson, formerly a wealthy hardware dealer of Ord, must again go back to the district court. Sorenson died in Lincoln in 1895. Four months after his death Mrs. Ellen Ferguson, who had lived across the street from Sorenson in Ord, was delivered of a child, which she says is the son of Sorenson. The boy is now 7 years of age, and his mother is pushing him forward as a claimant for the entire estate. She is opposed by the brother and other relatives of Sorenson, who claim the estate as theirs and declare that she is not his wife, as she claims.

The case has twice been in the supreme court and no material fact in it has yet been settled. If the mother wins her boy gets all of the property; if the loser all goes to the surviving relatives. The mother insists that her marriage was a common law one. She was called over to Sorenson's house one morning by him. There he told her he was tired of hatching and wanted to know if they couldn't hitch along together. She thought they could. He said that in the older times people were married without any public ceremony, and he urged that they simply declare themselves married and live together. She agreed. He gave as a reason that he did not like display and besides there was no member of his family who would make it uncomfortable for him if the news leaked out. She says she resided in the old house, but went each day to make the beds and otherwise put the house in order. Sorenson died seven months after their marriage and his relatives deny the common law marriage.

STRONG, HEALTHY AND FULL OF VIGOR AT 104. SIXTY-FIVE GRANDCHILDREN LIVING AND MARRIED.

Mr. Ralph Bullock of Brooklyn, N. Y., Who is in His 105th Year, Says He is as Young and Active as Any of His Grandchildren--He Weighs 175 Pounds, and His Only Medicine is

DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY

"I was always fond of life," said Mr. Bullock to a reporter last evening. "I saw a great deal of it when I was young, and this day I can laugh as heartily as the youngest of my grandchildren. I am good for some more years, and I scarcely feel my age. My vigorous constitution and remarkable freedom from disease is due to the daily use for many years of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey. Though I am past 104 years of age I feel as young and hearty as forty years ago. I weigh 175 pounds, my appetite is good, and I still do all the chores. I cannot say too much in favor of Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, which is indeed a blessing to old people and invalids. I know it has prolonged my life many years."



Mr. Bullock's wife died twenty years ago and he is living with one of his grandchildren. Sixty-five grandchildren are married, and they are all strong and healthy. His descendants who live in Port Hamilton, Brooklyn and Manhattan are the McDonalds, Watts, Hurst, Bullock and Clark families.

The health and vigor of Mr. Bullock's children and grandchildren show that their father thought of his descendants and kept his constitution strong and vigorous with a pure stimulant who lives his Port Hamilton, Brooklyn and Manhattan are the McDonalds, Watts, Hurst, Bullock and Clark families.

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Caution—When you ask for Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey be sure you get the genuine. Unscrupulous dealers, in imitation of the excellence of this preparation, will try to sell you cheap imitations, and so-called Malt Whiskey substitutes, which are put on the market for profit only, and which, far from relieving the sick, are positively harmful. Demand "Duffy's" and be sure you get it. It is the only absolutely pure malt whiskey which contains medicinal health-giving qualities. Look for the trademark, "The Old Chemist," on the label. It is the only whiskey recognized by the government as a medicine. This is a guarantee. The genuine at all druggists and grocers, or direct, \$1.00 a bottle. Medical booklet free. Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey Co., Rochester, N. Y.

William Diederich lost out on his appeal from the decision of the district court of Lincoln county in giving his wife, Laura Diederich, a divorce on the ground of cruelty.

Orders a New Trial. The court ordered a new trial in the district court of Valley county of the damage suit brought by Anna Hajesek against the Burlington Railroad company for \$1,800 damages. Commissioner Ames wrote the opinion, and it is somewhat distinguished for its literary character. The district judge upon the trial of the case took the case away from the jury and instructed for the railroad company. The supreme court says he is wrong.

Mrs. Hajesek and her husband live near Ord. On the evening of December 22, 1900, they were driving home after a shopping expedition in town, and not knowing that the regular passenger train was overdue drove upon the track in front of it. The wagon was hurled forty feet and the woman very badly injured. To keep the case from going into the federal court suit was brought for less than \$2,000. The company maintained that the husband of the plaintiff was negligent and therefore that under the law of imputed negligence the negligence of each party was imputed to the other. In this case it was argued that being together and having spoken of the team as "ours" it was a joint enterprise that brought the case within the imputed negligence rule. The supreme court distinguished the application of this rule, however, and Commissioner Ames makes this observation: "Doubtless the life journey of the parties may in a sense be regarded as a joint enterprise, but this fact would not be held to charge the wife with the consequences of her husband's negligence in most transactions."

Case of Malpractice. The supreme court reversed and sent back for trial the case of Hannah Johnson against Dr. J. S. Winston, from Plover county. Mrs. Johnson had sued the doctor for malpractice, claiming that as a result of his negligent and unskillful amputation of an index finger and the unnecessary removal of the metacarpal bone she lost the use of one hand. The verdict for her was \$2,000. The district judge in his opinion in the doctor's favor, but the supreme court says the trial court erred in ruling out prejudicial evidence relating to the proper surgical course.

Other Decisions of Interest. The case in which Bennett Sperry recovered a verdict against the corporation of Falls City was reversed because it was proven that one of the jurors had made up his mind as to the merits of the controversy from his prior knowledge of the fact. J. D. Knight of Lincoln finally wins his case against Amos H. Denham. Knight's wife left him a 320-acre farm in Butler county, but after her death, when he sought to exercise the rights of ownership he was met by the claim on the part of Denham that the property was his because he had occupied it for more than ten years without anybody else claiming it. All this time Mrs. Knight had been paying taxes on the land and the court upholds the claim of her heir to ownership.

Reverses Damage Case. The court reversed the judgment obtained by John Boesen against the Omaha Street Railway Company for \$1,125, for injuries received while a passenger on a car. Boesen worked in South Omaha and, with many others, rode down on a car, which was connected at Q street with a car for the packing house. Every morning it was a rush to get on the packing house car, and those who didn't get a foothold walked the remainder of the way. The district court is held to have erred in several particulars, and the opinion is expressed that Boesen was hurt while running to catch the other car rather than by a derangement of the car he was riding on, as he claimed. The suit was for \$20,000 damages.

The Omaha Bridge and Terminal company is the gainer by \$5,875 by reason of its appeal to the supreme court from a judgment of the district court in favor of D. C. Whitney and others. The latter owned lands near the Missouri bottoms which the Union Pacific, years ago, occupied with its tracks. There was litigation with the property owners and a settlement made by which Whitney and others were admitted to be owners of nearly three acres. The road kept its tracks thereon and operated cars over them, but when the bridge company sought to condemn them the property owners wanted not only \$3,200 an acre for their land, but claimed the tracks were theirs by reason of the terms of settlement. The district court held with the property owners, but the supreme court says the claim of the tracks is not tenable.

Salary is Sacred. The First National bank of Columbus will not be able to realize upon its assignment of the salary warrants of William O'Brien, county attorney of Platte. The supreme court says that the assignment of the salary or fees of a public officer to be earned in the future is contrary to public policy and therefore void.

SUPERIOR MAN IN TROUBLE. Robin P. Lefebvre Arrested in Peoria, Illinois, Charged with Shortage in Accounts. SUPERIOR, Neb., April 10.—(Special Telegram.)—Robin P. Lefebvre, a young man of a good family of this city, was arrested Wednesday in Peoria, Ill., on a charge of alleged irregularities in his accounts. Lefebvre was a salesman for a Kansas City typewriter firm and his shortage is said to be \$585, which he is alleged to have covered up with forged notes. He is also charged that he forged the names of a couple of prominent Superior citizens to his bond given the typewriter firm.

CEREAL MILLS START UP. Satisfactory Agreement is Reached with Employes and Company. NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., April 10.—(Special Telegram.)—The Great Western Cereal mills resumed operations here today, a satisfactory agreement having been reached in regard to the wage scale with their employes.

Damage Suit is Settled. BEATRICE, Neb., April 10.—(Special.)—The \$50,000 damage suit of Morrell against the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, which was filed in the district court here some time ago and which was later reduced to \$5,000, has been settled and dismissed. It is said that plaintiff voluntarily interviewed the officials of the road and offered a compromise, which was promptly accepted. It is not known on what terms the settlement was made.

DECEPTION.

When the conjurer shows an empty hat, and at once begins to extract from it rabbits or cabbages, you know that we have been admittedly deceived, because we know we can't get out anything that isn't in it. If people would only reason in that way about medicines they would be a great deal better off in health and pocket. A number of so-called "blood-making" and "flesh forming" "tonic" medicines are only stimulants in disguise. You can't get strength out of a stimulant because strength is not in it. All physical strength is derived from food digested and assimilated and in the form of blood nourishing the entire body. Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery does not make blood or make strength, no medicine can do that. But it does cure diseases of the stomach and its allied organs, and so causing the perfect digestion and assimilation of food, it enables the building of the body in sound and vigorous health.

"I can say to you one bottle of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' has cured me sound and well, after suffering two long years with stomach disease," writes W. H. Brisswell, of McAlester, Okla., to Dr. J. C. R. C. "My health is worth all the world to me. I will praise you as long as I live."

The People's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages, is given away. Send at once one-cent stamps the expense of mailing only, for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the volume bound in cloth. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.