

LABOR LAWS NEEDED

President Wishes to See Child Workers Protected by Prohibitory Legislation.

CONGRESS MIGHT FRAME MODEL CODE

District of Columbia Should Set Pace for States to Follow.

UNCHANGING FARMER GETS ASSISTANCE

Department of Agriculture Shows How to Improve Methods.

SPECIAL SPEEDS THROUGH DAKOTAS

Roosevelt Begins Labors with Early Morning Speech Before Leaving for Fargo and Intermediate Stations.

ABERDEEN, S. D., April 6.—President Roosevelt today traversed South Dakota and made more speeches than in any one day since his tour began.

He was accorded a cordial welcome at his different stopping places and at many stations where the train did not stop.

The president had as his guests during the day Senators Kittredge and Gamble and Representatives Martin and Burke.

At Tulare the president departed from his usual custom and, descending from his car, shook hands with the people gathered at the station.

Other stops of the day were made at Woonsocket, Scotland, Tripp, Parkston, Alpca and Redfield.

There is a possibility of his spending a day in Deadwood, S. D. He has promised Captain Bullock that if the snow is too deep in the Yellowstone park he will leave there one day earlier.

The president is scheduled to arrive at Fargo, N. D., at 4:40 tomorrow, but will not leave his car until 8:30.

He will spend the day in North Dakota and will enter the Yellowstone park on Wednesday afternoon.

Begin Bright and Early.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., April 6.—President Roosevelt began the second week of his tour in a bright and cheerful way.

He was greeted with tremendous applause. He was driven rapidly to the stand which had been erected, where a crowd of 6,000 people had assembled.

On "The Wage Worker and the Tiller of the Soil." He was frequently interrupted by applause.

During his speech snow began to fall, but the president was clad in a heavy overcoat and was well protected.

He said the "banana belt," which created laughter.

Complex Industrial Problems.

There are many, many lesser problems which go to make up in their entirety the huge and complex problems of our modern industrial life.

Needs of Classes Different.

But the needs of these two classes are often not the same.

Needs of Classes Different.

BIG TASKS BEFORE CUBA

Congress Has Three Months' Extra Work Straightening Out Government System.

HAVANA, April 6.—Congress resumed this afternoon and will probably continue in session three or four months on account of the necessity of passing many laws before all the departments of the government get their policies straightened out.

The measure includes the reorganization of the naval station agreement with the United States laws dealing with municipal government and definition of duties of cabinet officers; laws concerning gold and silver coinage, divorce and revision of the court system and customs tariffs.

A message from President Palma was read at the opening session. He congratulated the country on the maintenance of peace and order since the strike last November.

The system of reorganization, he said, has begun and advised a reform of the military laws, which were not adapted to a republican form of government, especially with reference to the jurisdiction over soldiers guilty of penal offenses.

The president says negotiations have been completed providing for the entrance of Cuba into the postal union and for special arrangements with the United States and Mexico, and he advises an entire reconstruction of the postal telegraph system.

He continues: "The majority of the municipalities exist with difficulty because their revenues are inadequate. The government feels that further assistance in many cases is unauthorized, beyond paying the expenses of charities, schools and prisons, but the obligation to do so cannot be met unless congress specifically authorizes the government to do so."

The work of sanitation at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, has been completed. It is not in harmony with the government, is not in harmony with the government, is not in harmony with the government.

It is necessary to recall the fact that in the hands of the senate, the United States has obtained title at Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, after the signing of the Platt amendment, it being impossible to secure the title without the Platt amendment.

He believes that the convention has been made as favorable as possible, and recommends a speedy ratification, so that it may be possible to negotiate an additional agreement with the United States.

It is necessary to hasten the permanent definition of Cuba's relations with the United States, so as to eliminate the Platt amendment, which is a political uncertainty.

President Palma points out that the cash balance of the treasury amounts to \$2,638,000, and advises that it should always be kept at \$1,000,000 to prepare for emergencies. He recommends overcoming the scarcity of silver by the coinage of silver or any measure that congress may support.

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BAINBRIDGE UPHOLDS CHINA

Refuses to Believe Alarmist Reports of Boxer Outbreaks.

MAJOR CRUISE ORDERED TO CAPITAL

Quartermaster Believed from Duty in Omaha in Order to Serve Temporarily at Headquarters in Washington.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, April 6.—(Special Telegram.)—Major Thomas Cruse, quartermaster, has been relieved from duty at Omaha and ordered to Washington for temporary duty in the office of the quartermaster general.

W. E. Bainbridge of Council Bluffs, American secretary of legation at Peking, discounts reports of a serious uprising in China. He has just received a letter from Minister Conger in which no reference is made to trouble in the Celestial empire.

Mr. Bainbridge does not believe that there will be a repetition of the Boxer uprising of a few years ago, and he is inclined to doubt that any trouble is brewing which will necessitate the presence of a large fleet of the powers. "All reports so far," said Mr. Bainbridge, "come from alarmist sources in Shanghai. If there was any serious trouble in China the state department would be apprised of it by Minister Conger, and he has evidently not made a report of the subject."

The omnibus public buildings bill, passed during the closing hours of the last congress, authorized the secretary of the treasury to purchase a tract of land in the west of the ground now owned by the government in Council Bluffs.

The ground so authorized to be purchased is thirty feet wide and extends south from Broadway to the first alley south of that street. The tract is the property of the Omaha National bank, which is authorized to purchase it at a sum not to exceed \$7,500.

The property sought to be secured is owned by E. A. Wickham of Council Bluffs and the secretary of the treasury is now engaged in negotiations with Mr. Wickham to secure the property within the limit fixed by congress.

Postoffice Department today authorized the following promotions of postoffice clerks: Iowa—Charles City, one from \$600 to \$600; Marshalltown, two from \$500 to \$600, one from \$600 to \$700, one from \$1,000 to \$1,100. South Dakota—Lead, two from \$600 to \$800, one from \$800 to \$900.

Charles A. Lutz has been appointed regular and Ray W. Johnson rural free delivery carrier at Perry, Ia.

The Second National bank of Dubuque has been approved as reserve agent for the Commercial National bank of Waterloo, Ia.

The postmaster at Havelock, Neb., has been authorized to move the postoffice to the building owned by Phillip Hunt and Lewis Anderson.

Captain Walter C. Short, Thirteenth cavalry, and Veterinarian Charles D. McMurdo, Tenth cavalry, have been ordered to Crawford, Neb., to inspect ten polo ponies for the quartermaster department.

Postmaster appointed: Nebraska—Zebulon M. Stutz, Ceryl Gosper county, vice J. M. VanDerhoop, resigned; Ed C. Beckner, Ware, Butler county, vice W. Kilgore, resigned; Iowa—J. M. Cook, Farley, Dubuque county, D. H. Van Kirk, Swaledale, Cedar county, resigned.

These Iowa rural free delivery routes will be established July 1: Donnellson, Lee county, three routes; area covered, fifty-six square miles; population, 1,460. Elkader, Clayton county, three routes; area covered, thirty-one square miles; population, 1,460. Elkader, Clayton county, three routes; area covered, thirty-eight square miles; population, 975.

Test Russia's Good Faith.

It is practically admitted here that the new commercial treaty between the United States and China has been, in one phase, especially designed to test the soundness of Russia's promise to maintain the open door in Manchuria.

Ever since Russian occupation in 1900 the province has been practically governed by the Russians, who have regulated all external trade. American exports of great value have entered Manchuria and as the State department had no mind to lose that trade to any other nation, it challenged Russia's promise and tested specific promises that the open door would be maintained. The provision in the treaty, now under negotiation, declaring Moukden and its port, Taku Shan, at the mouth of the Yalu river, open to foreign trade affords the opportunity for the test.

Nebraska Photos for St. Louis Fair.

The bureau of education has arranged a unique exhibit for the St. Louis fair to consist of photographs of every school and pupil in Nebraska.

Discovery of a large area of coal and petroleum land in the southeast Kootenai has been reported by the geologist.

Two hundred and twenty miles of territory have been staked off, most of the locators being Americans.

Cadets to Practice on Battlefield.

The secretary of war has directed the first class of cadets at the military academy, numbering ninety-four, to proceed to the battlefield of Gettysburg, Pa., about April 20 for three days' instruction in strategy and tactics.

Veloc Work on Canal.

Admiral Walker, General Haines and Major Black, the two latter of the corps of engineers, will leave New York next Thursday for Colon to appraise the value of work now in progress on the canal, which will be prosecuted by the French company up to the moment when the property comes into the actual possession of the United States.

When the agreement to sell the canal was signed by Secretary Hay and Mr. Cromwell, there being no stipulation to the contrary, the company was not bound to continue the heavy daily expenditure on account of labor and material and superintendence involved in the continuation of the work. It is claimed that such a suspension would have worked harm and have resulted in the loss of a number of canal workers, who now have become experienced and insured to the climate. The French company undertook to keep the work in progress and now looks to the United States for compensation. The subcommittee is going to the isthmus to take check notes on the work from the time the contract was signed up to the date the United States assumes control.

BUCKET SHOPS WIN CASE

Judge Thinks Quotations on Grain and Provisions Belong to the Public.

ST. LOUIS, April 6.—Injunction sought by the Chicago Board of Trade to establish ownership of the quotations on the future prices of grain and provisions was denied by Judge Adams in the United States district court today and the dealing in futures condemned.

The injunctions were asked for in June, 1901, against the Donovon & Cells Commission company of St. Louis. In the application for the injunction the board of trade alleged that the quotations for futures were given to the telegraph companies by the Board of Trade under a contract which prohibited their sale to bucket shops and that the firms named as defendants were bucket shops and were not entitled to the quotations, which were then being delivered to them by some agency unknown.

The two cases brought for the purpose of making a test were dismissed by Judge Adams.

In the decision Judge Adams said: "The main question argued and the one which underlies the whole case is, whether the property right, which every complainant may have in the quotations, is in question, is so related with unavailability as to preclude resort to a court of equity by the complainant for its protection."

"I am satisfied," reads the opinion, "that many of the so-called sales for future deliveries which furnish the basis of the quotations are merely gambling transactions."

"The right to monopolize the speed in dissemination of information instructing the public the price at which wagers are made on future delivery of grain and other commodities by members of the Board of Trade is continued."

It is concluded that Mayor Tom L. Johnson of Cleveland will not become a formidable candidate for the democratic nomination for governor a few years hence and the Ingalls organization will be continued with a view of making Mr. Ingalls a candidate in opposition to Mr. Hanna for senator.

There is much interest here over the boom of Mayor Fleischmann for the nomination for governor. It is conceded that the endorsement of his administration mainly produced the result in Cincinnati, the largest plurality of the largest total vote in the history of the city. Owing to his large business interests he had declined renomination, but after the fusionists nominated Melville F. Ingalls, the nomination was forced upon Fleischmann. The republican gains in Cincinnati were not maintained in the numerous suburbs, where the usual party results were reported.

Fleischmann, republican, polled 42,907; Ingalls, fusionist, 26,287; Swing, democrat, 3,774; Martin, prohibitionist, 845. Total 73,813. Fleischmann's plurality 16,620; majority 10,311.

The council and school boards each stand twenty republicans to four democrats. The entire republican city ticket was elected by about the same vote as that of Fleischmann.

Steuvenville and Ironton elected the republican ticket, Coschock the straight democratic ticket and Sandusky re-elected the republican ticket excepting two aldermen and two assessors. Findlay elected Rufus E. Taylor, republican candidate for mayor, and all the other republican candidates with the possible exception of the candidate for auditor. Canton elected W. H. Smith, republican, for mayor. Akron elected Kempel, democrat, for mayor. Youngstown elected the entire republican city and township ticket, with the exception of William T. Gibson, democrat, for mayor. Marietta elected a fusion ticket put up by democrats, union labor and independent republicans. Hyde being elected mayor. Springfield probably elected Bowler, democrat, over Poole, republican, for mayor. Dayton re-elected Mayor Snyder, democrat, and the independent republican ticket.

CLEVELAND, April 6.—One hundred precincts out of 306 give Johnson, democrat, for mayor, 17,616; Goulder, republican, 11,322.

Keokuk Stays Republican.

KEOKUK, Ia., April 6.—The city election today resulted in the election of Andrew J. Diamond, republican, for mayor. Four republicans and two democratic aldermen were elected.

Grand Old Party Sweeps Michigan.

DETROIT, Mich., April 6.—The republicans of Michigan today elected their state ticket by a majority estimated at midnight as between 35,000 and 40,000.

Local issues determined the results in most of the smaller cities in the state. At Battle Creek the socialist party made a successful campaign. Mayor P. H. Webb, republican, was elected by 706 majority. The socialist party elected two aldermen, giving them four under the present council.

At Escanaba the independent labor party candidate, J. J. Sourwin, was elected mayor. S. E. Dikeman was elected mayor of South Haven on a citizen's ticket.

In Lapere, Dr. Blake, republican, defeated Mayor Schlegel, democrat, who has carried the city by large majorities three times, and the republicans took all the other offices except one alderman.

J. R. Santo, citizen's candidate for mayor at Traverse City, was elected, the rest of the offices going to the republicans.

The council at Marshall and re-elected Mayor F. M. Motte by an increased majority.

For the first time in ten years the democrats swept Muskegon and elected their city ticket, headed by Leonard Fyke, for mayor.

Sam Fols, citizen-democratic candidate, was elected mayor of Kalamazoo.

Marquette elected C. G. Greene, the people's party candidate, for mayor. The republicans carried Marquette county by 2,000 majority.

Bay City elected all the republican candidates for city offices and nine out of eleven precincts passed to the democrats.

Sault Ste. Marie elected a democratic mayor.

Grand Rapids elected the entire republican city ticket.

ARKANSAS NEGRO IS LYNCHED

Assaults White Woman and is Hanged from Famous Death Tree.

REPUBLICANS MAKE GAINS

Fleischmann Carries Cincinnati, Johnson Cleveland and Jones Toledo.

KEOKUK STAYS BY GRAND OLD PARTY

Michigan Elects All Administration State Ticket and Local Elections. Also Result in Many Gains.

CINCINNATI, O., April 6.—While the republicans had material gains in the municipal elections in Ohio today, the more notable exception was at Columbus, where Mayor John N. Hinkle, democrat, succeeded Herbert K. Jeffrey, republican. Jeffrey's plurality is at least 1,500. The mayors of all the leading cities, except Columbus, were re-elected.

The republicans retained control of Cincinnati and the democrats of Cleveland, and Samuel M. Jones was elected as an independent for the fourth time as mayor of Toledo.

The democrats re-elected their tickets at Dayton, Sandusky, Chillicothe, Hamilton and other cities normally democratic, and the republicans at Steubenville, Youngstown, Warren, Ironton, Portsmouth and other towns that they have heretofore controlled. One of the most notable gains of the republicans was at Mansfield and of the democrats at Springfield, where local issues controlled results.

Johnson Formidable for Governor.

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CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Tuesday and Wednesday.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Hour. Deg. Hour. Deg.

5 a. m. 42 1 p. m. 51

6 a. m. 41 2 p. m. 52

7 a. m. 42 3 p. m. 53

8 a. m. 42 4 p. m. 54

9 a. m. 43 5 p. m. 53

10 a. m. 44 6 p. m. 53

11 a. m. 45 7 p. m. 52

12 m. 40 8 p. m. 50

1 p. m. 49 9 p. m. 49

WOMEN GET TO HALL FIRST

North Side Improvement Club Therefore Waits on the Stairway.

A "lockout" occurred in North Omaha last evening. It was not the result of labor dissensions, but merely the collision of two organizations. When twenty members of the North Omaha Improvement club gathered on the stairway of Magnolia hall, expecting to enter and transact the regular weekly routine, they found their entrance barred. Voice from the inside shouted that they had been cleverly outwitted. Thoughts of a political trick were harbored. An investigation revealed that the wives of the members of the club had taken possession of the hall for a rehearsal for a future entertainment.

Making the best of the dilemma, the male members assembled in an anteroom and shivered during discussions or vainly endeavored to prevent the chattering of teeth while awaiting an opportunity of gaining admittance to the well heated hall. With faces beaming with smiles the auxiliary members emerged from the room an hour and a half later and left, but not, however, until they had fully enjoyed the joke which they had perpetrated.

After the improvement club secured the hall the constitutional convention was adopted. A heated discussion arose over the clause providing for the discussion of officers representing the ward in city positions, the objectors recalling the recent arraignment of Councilman Karr. The majority of the members present favored the criticizing of ward representatives, but to preserve harmony it was voted that in the future party politics should be entirely eliminated. It was also voted to prevent future "packing" of meetings by providing that all members four months in arrears in dues should not be entitled to vote.

NORTHERN PACIFIC IS SUED

Shareholders Seek Relief for Alleged Illegal Retirement of Preferred Stock.

NEW YORK, April 6.—Action against the Northern Pacific was begun today in the United States court to declare null and void the retirement of the preferred stock. The plaintiffs are George C. Hackett and Charles Chase of Philadelphia, and the firm of Wolf Bros, stock brokers of this city. The complaint alleges that the directors were without legal authority to retire the stock.

For another cause of action the plaintiffs charge that the defendant issued \$75,000,000 negotiable bonds and gave the holders of common stock the right of subscription for the bonds in pari. Another advantage was offered to the holders of common stock to the detriment of preferred stockholders, through the offer made by the Northern Securities company.

SNOW JUST SPARES FARGO

Storm Sweeps State, but Misses President's Next Stopping Place.

GRAND FORKS, N. D., April 6.—A severe blizzard the worst of the winter is raging here. The snow is wet and the wind blowing a gale. Seeding would have commenced this morning had it not been for the storm.

CROOKSTON, Minn., April 6.—A snow storm has been raging over North Dakota and Minnesota leaving a strip from Fargo to Winnepeg. The snow fell here from 2 to 4 inches. At Minot, N. D., the fall was 6 inches. It will delay seeding from a week to ten days.

MORRIS, Minn., April 6.—A heavy snow storm has prevailed over this section all day stopping seeding, which begun last week.

CHICAGO FIGHT IS ENDED

Harrison, Stewart and Cruise All Claim City Favors Them for Mayor.

CHICAGO, April 6.—Estimates by republican and democratic managers on the results of tomorrow's city election are 57,000 votes apart.

Chairman Carey of the democratic city committee declares that Mayor Carter H. Harrison is certain of re-election by 50,000, and Chairman Revel of the republican committee asserts that Graeme Stewart will have a plurality of 47,000. Daniel J. Cruise, the independent labor candidate, also expressed himself as sure of election by about 30,000 plurality.

HOUSE TAKES THE BIT

Kills All Bills Providing for Amendments to the Constitution.

VOTES FOR A CONVENTION INSTEAD

Move Precipitates a Hot Fight, in Which Many Participate.

MOVE CHARACTERIZED AS PETTY SPITE

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