

THE OMAHA DAILY BEE

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Table with 2 columns: Circulation statistics for various months and years, including net sales and total circulation.

The legislative emergencies are now almost over. A few left-over storms intended for March delivery evidently got sidetracked into April.

President Roosevelt has another happy faculty as a public speaker in knowing when to stop.

President Roosevelt is for the Monroe doctrine first, last and all the time and he doesn't care who knows it.

The renewal of the fight between the Arbuckle and the sugar trust ought to produce a stir in coffee and a shake-up in sugar.

It seems that Adlai has been resurrected again. If worse comes to worse he may feel called upon to offer to sacrifice himself again on the altar of his party.

Henry Waterson is so free with advice to the leaders of both contending democratic factions that he is not even disappointed that neither acts on his recommendations.

The new United States senator from Arkansas is making a strong play to be assigned to the same class with Senator Tillman of South Carolina and Senator Money of Mississippi.

All the members of the city council are on record as in favor of municipal ownership, but when they made their professions of faith they had in mind municipal water works and not a municipal lighting plant.

San Francisco is welcome to a monopoly on the pugmill industry which it is exerting itself so hard to stimulate. If it will only keep all the professional bruisers bullly employed there, other American cities will gladly forego their claim.

Having brought in a certificate of good character for Stuefer and failed to find anybody who got any of Bartley's swag, the legislative investigators should now pass a resolution of censure on the grand jury that was so rash as to indict Meserve.

The Douglas delegation at Lincoln affords the people of Omaha an object lesson of what they have to expect in their city government if they turn the city hall over completely to the corporations. But are Omaha citizens ready to abdicate all their rights of self-government?

John N. Baldwin has kindly permitted the bills providing for and their attempt at enforcement of the maximum freight rate law to be returned to the general file in the house, but he has carefully held them back long enough to prevent them from being acted on in time to run the gauntlet of both lawmaking branches.

The dissolution of the Wabash strike injunction indicates that the writ would never have been granted had the full facts been before the court when the application of the railroad's lawyers was made. All of which goes to reinforce the growing sentiment that in cases of this kind both sides should have a hearing before any action whatever is taken by the court.

A municipal electric lighting and power plant could distribute the current generated by a power canal just as well as the present electric lighting monopoly. With a municipal plant, however, some of the profits would be distributed to the consumers in the shape of lower charges, while with the private concern the saving and economy would only go to swell the profits of the Thomson-Houston company.

DEFINING THE AMERICAN POSITION.

The speech of President Roosevelt at Chicago will command earnest attention abroad as well as in this country. While it contains nothing essentially new, it states most explicitly and forcefully the position of the United States in regard to the affairs in this hemisphere and takes an uncompromising stand for the maintenance and enforcement of the Monroe doctrine.

In regard to the Monroe doctrine the president expressed the opinion that it will one day become recognized in international law, but he said this is not necessary as long as it remains a cardinal feature of our foreign policy and as long as we possess both the will and the strength to make it effective.

The fighting power of the nation must be built up so that it will command the respect of foreign nations. There must be a thoroughly efficient navy. "We wish a powerful and efficient navy," said Mr. Roosevelt, "not for purposes of war, but as the surest guaranty of peace. If we have such a navy, if we keep on building it up, may we rest assured that there is but the smallest chance that trouble will ever come to this nation, and we may likewise rest assured that no foreign power will ever quarrel with us about the Monroe doctrine."

There is no doubt as to the determination of the American people that that doctrine shall be maintained. It has now a stronger hold upon the regard of the country than ever before, because it is more generally and better understood. All intelligent men realize how essential it is to our own security that the doctrine be maintained.

No European government can make any reasonable objection to President Roosevelt's statement of the American position. It contains no menace to them and imposes no restriction upon their legitimate rights in the western hemisphere. It will not interfere with their commercial opportunities, nor with the settlement of their people wherever they may desire to go.

The freak features of the new charter are the election of a building inspector by the people and the provision that will compel every street sweeper and every common laborer employed under the street commissioner to be appointed by the Board of Public Works and confirmed by the council before he can draw pay.

The noise of various municipal campaigns as reflected by local newspapers forecasts a hot and contentious political year. The noise of various municipal campaigns as reflected by local newspapers forecasts a hot and contentious political year.

Senator Allison was interviewed in New York a few days ago in regard to the monetary situation and his view of conditions was reassuring. He said they are not bad, that there has never been a time when there was so much money in the country and when the per capita circulation was so large.

This view of the financial and business situation, by so careful and conservative an observer as the Iowa senator, will be very generally accepted, especially as it is concurred in by many prominent financiers and men engaged in large commercial enterprises.

Our old friend Wooster, who led the onslaught in the legislature against the Transmississippi exposition, has come to the front, as to have been expected, with a protest against appropriating a single cent for Nebraska's participation in the St. Louis world's fair.

Some people strain at a gnat and swallow a fly. While making a fight for home rule in telephone regulation, bills violating every principle of home rule in fire and police government and in dealing with the water works are allowed to slip through like ships that pass in the night.

AND THE MOUNTAIN LABORED.

The Omaha charter amendments fabricated expressly and exclusively in star chamber for the benefit of anti-machine pie biters and political mallet-heads, who aspire to lucrative positions in the city hall, have been signed by the governor and are now a law.

The stupendous reforms with which we have been favored will increase the tax burdens of Omaha anywhere from twenty to twenty-five thousand dollars a year.

The bill pertaining to cities and towns to establish emergency funds for employment of labor in times of industrial distress was defeated by a close vote in the legislature, apparently on the ground that the state owes no man a living.

Next is an increase in the salary of the chief of police and pay of patrolmen that will aggregate about \$7,000 a year and an increase in the fire department expenses of about \$6,500, without increasing either the fire or police force by a single man.

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Money is Not All.

Chicago Record-Herald. Mary Anderson de Navarro has refused an offer of \$275,000 to give readings from Shakespeare, Tennyson and Longfellow for fifty-five weeks in America.

Philadelphia North American. J. Pierpont Morgan breaks a long and painful silence to declare with enthusiasm that prosperity will continue and that it is based upon the iron and steel industry.

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Five Years the Standard

Advertisement for Baking Powder, featuring a logo and text: "Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair Highest Tests U.S. Gov't Chemists".

According to the parliamentary notes of one of the London newspapers, the chief secretary of Ireland, Mr. Wyndham, and the authorities in Dublin have an important project in hand which may be of vast benefit to Ireland in the immediate future.

Strong influences are at work in Russia to induce the government to denounce the agreement of 1922, by which the mouth of the Danube is controlled by a joint commission consisting of representatives of Russia, Great Britain, Austria-Hungary, Germany, France, Italy and Turkey.

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WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(Special Telegram.)—The general superintendent of the railroad mail service today advised Senator Millard's secretary that in response to a petition filed by the senator before leaving Washington from citizens of Neligh, Antelope county, urging that additional mail service be forwarded to that office by the Chicago & Northwestern railroad freight train No. 2, and also that dispatch therefrom be arranged by train No. 25, the matter has been looked into and it has been found possible not only to arrange for the additional exchange desired by the post-office at Neligh, but also to furnish a like supply for the postoffice at Okadale, O'Neill, Atkinson and Stuart, all of which are on the same line of railway.

The secretary of agriculture will leave Washington April 18 for a tour of the southern states. He goes first to Starksville, Miss., where he is to address the students of the Agricultural college of Mississippi. He will visit Clarksville, Tenn., and Macon, Ga., and thence go into Louisiana and Texas. Upon his return he will arrange for a tour of the northern and middle western states to visit experimental stations of the department.

W. A. Richards, commissioner of the general land office, left tonight for Virginia Beach. In speaking of his outing this afternoon he said: "I've had an attack of grip, and though able to be at my desk, I am far from being in good condition. A brief rest is recommended by my physician, and as I do not want to go far away from Washington at this time, have decided upon a week or thereabouts at Virginia Beach. There one gets the ozone from the Atlantic and it is a more restful resort than the more frequented ones along the Jersey coast."

MAITLAND, S. D., April 3.—(Special Telegram.)—The first killing to occur in the new camp of Maitland occurred last night about 11 o'clock and was the outcome of a family difficulty between Thomas Horn and Thomas Hawkyard, both old residents of the district and both well-to-do. Hawkyard and Horn are brothers-in-law and have been quarrelling over property matters for several years.

DEADWOOD, S. D., April 3.—(Special.)—Spring has arrived unusually early for the Black Hills this year and reports from the valleys are to the effect that the grass has already disappeared under the influence of the warm rains which have prevailed in the valleys for the last week and the ground is in excellent condition for working and farmers everywhere are actively engaged in getting it in condition for their crops. Conditions on the range in the vicinity of the Hills could not be improved on and the cattle never were in such condition on the opening of spring.

WANTS AN INVENTORY FILED. Holder of Central Pacific Stock Asks for Accounting of Huntington Estate. NEW YORK, April 3.—Action was begun before Surrogate Fitzgerald today by G. Wily Reynolds of Washington, who holds shares of Central Pacific stock, to compel the executors of the late Collis P.

Hon. Larkin D. Mason

of South Tamworth, N. H. Has Served His Country with Honor in Many Capacities. Paine's Celery Compound Has Kept Him Vigorous, Strong, and Happy.



Weakness, nervousness, insomnia, rheumatism, neuralgia and digestive troubles are most common. At this time the fact cannot be too strongly impressed upon aged people and those who care for them, that Paine's Celery Compound is what they need to renew their physical and mental powers.

Huntington to file an inventory of his estate, said to be valued at \$20,000,000. The action grows out of a suit for an accounting of \$120,000,000, said to have been realized from the contracts for the building of the Central Pacific railroad and to have the same diverted from the stock holders by Huntington, LeLand Stanford, Charles Crocker and Mark Hopkins.

Strike in Amsterdam Threatened. AMSTERDAM, April 3.—At a meeting of the Amsterdam section of railway employees it was resolved to strike as soon as the leaders gave orders to do so, with the object of preventing the enactment of the proposed coercive laws, maintaining the demand for increased pay and obtaining the reinstatement of the men discharged.

Advertisement for Union Pacific sleeping car berth: "\$30.00 BUYS A TICKET AND SLEEPING CAR BERTH VIA UNION PACIFIC TO California or Oregon".

Advertisement for Esterbrook clothing: "That doesn't fit, no matter how good the material, is small satisfaction. It's a mistake at any price. No clothing fits like ours. \$10.00, \$15.00, \$20.00, \$25.00. There is more than full value in every one of these suits. Browning, King & Co."