the Girls' Industrial school at Geneva the hands of the printers. appropriation of \$1,600 for bookkeeper and stricken out. At the Institute for the Deaf and Dumb at Omaha, the matron's salary of \$1,600 is stricken out and the salaries f teachers and others are raised from \$25,000 to \$27,000. For the Institute for the Feeble-Minded Youth at Beatrice the offices of steward and physician are combined with an appropriation of \$2,400 and bookkeeper and steward at the Institute and the appropriation for matron la raised from \$800 to \$1,000, and the approprintion for teachers reduced from \$10,000 6 \$9,000. The appropriation for engineer fuced from \$1,600 to \$1,200, and the appropriation for farmer is reduced from \$1,200 to \$720. The appropriation for the assistant veterinarian is cut from \$1,000 to \$400. The tood commissioner is cut out and an appropriation for chemist is substituted at \$1,800. The appropriation of \$200 for clerk tion. After much wrangling the committhe reporter for the state library and tee of the whole recommended that the bill \$1,800 for a deputy librarian are cut out. be amended that six commissioners shall There are no salary appropriations made for the Hospital for the Insane at Norfolk. To Settle Boundaries.

Sears of Burt today introduced H. R. 358, providing for the appointment of a commission of three by the governor of the state at a salary of \$10 a day for not to exceed twenty days to act jointly with simi-lar commissions from South Dakota and lows in determining the boundary line between these states where there are discrepancies caused by the changing channel of the Missouri river. South Dakota has already passed a bill providing for the appointment of its commission, and the legislature was apprised of this fact today. It is believed Iowa, though failing last year to appoint a commission, will do so at its next legislature in 1904. Sears was the author of all three bills

making this provision for the three states aamed before, Apportionment Bill Appears.

McAllister of Deuel today in the house introduced his reapportionment bill which was published in full exclusively by The Bee last Friday. No changes have been made in either senatorial or representative districts since the bill was given to the public by The Bee.

As was then pointed out, the bill increases the number of representatives from Douglas county from nine to thirteen and senators. from three to four, giving the metropolitan county seventeen, instead of twelve members in the legislature. It combines a small area of the western part of Douglas with Saunders county in a new senaterial district and gives it one member.

The bill reduced the total number of senatorial districts from thirty to twentyeight and increases the number of representative districts from sixty-seven to seventy-four, but leaves the number of members the same as at present, 100 representatives and thirty-three senators.

Lancaster gets six representatives, a gain of two, but retains the same number st senators, two. Counties like Richardson. which have but a small population and large representation, are most affected. hree members in the house. The basis 000. Thus under the present law Richard son would scarcely be entitled to two new bill gives Richardson only two members in the house. The purport of the bill is to equalize as nearly as possible without gerrymandering.

Legislative Gossip.

One of the bills recommended for passage by the committee on judiciary was H. R. 241, by Riggs of Douglas, amending the present law regulating the publication of liquor licenses. The present law provides that these licenses shall be published in the newspaper of the largest circulation, whereas the bill proposes that any paper in "cities of the mutropolitan class" of 5,000 daily circulation and that in cities of the first class having a population of more than 40,000, and less than 100,000 inhabitants any paper of 3,000 daily circulation shall be allowed to print these notices of liquor licenses.

The bill is being promoted in the inter est of those newspapers whose limited circulations prevent them from legitlmately publishing these notices under the present law. It is held that if passed the bill will inflict hardships upon the public, as well as reputable saloon keepers, druggists and wholesale liquor dealers.

The purpose of the present law, which has withstood repeated attempts at amendment, is to give the applicant for a liquor license and the public the largest possible benefits for the least possible money by having notices published in the paper of largest circulation, requiring therefore but one fee from the applicant and one subscription from the interested citizen. It furthermore restricts arbitrary impositions for political purposes by boards of fire and police commissioners or any set of individuals whose duty it shall be to make these contracts. The proposed law, it is held would entail needless expense and serious hardship upon all those interested in the publication of these notices.

As every effort to pass a similar bill in former legislatures has failed, it is not thought the present legislature will be caught in this snare.

The Douglas county delegation is pushing the bill, adopting the same tactics used in the promotion of the Omaha water works and city election bills, namely, arguing to other members that the bill meets general approval in Omaha, where, as a matter of fact, there is very pronounced opposition to the bill.

The house revenue committee will not report on the revenue bill before Monday. At that time it will recommend it for pas sage with a few minor amendments. The

CHILD WEAKNESS.

You can worry for months about your weak child and not succeed in doing it a fraction of the good that comes from little daily doses of Scott's Emulsion.

The cure of child weakness is not the matter of a day but of steady common-sense treatment.

Children like Scott's Emulsion and thrive on it.

Perfectly harmless yet powerful for good.

Send for Free Sample. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, 400 Pearl St., M. E.

and there is inserted a salary of \$1.800 for a bookkeeper; the Hastings asylum is so as to take from the county commissionary of \$2,000; the university's salary fund is increased from \$270,000 to \$200,000. The appropriation of \$5,000 for the experimental station is stricken out. The salary of the chaptain of the Kenrney Reform school is reduced from \$200,000 to \$200,000. The salary of the time of making assessments April and the time of making assessments April and May, instead of February and March, as for several years failed to make an armual report and render an account to the state auditor as required by law; therefor be it Resolved. That unless said board files its report and render an account to the state auditor as required by law; therefor be it.

Resolved, That unless said board files its report and render an account to the state auditor as required by law; therefor be it.

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Resolved, That unless said board files its report and render an account to the state auditor as required by law; therefor be it.

Resolved, That unless said board files its matter entirely with the assessor. It also appropriation of \$5,000 for the experimental seems to favor the present lien respecting of this resolution that proceedings be commissioner. reduced from \$800 to \$300 per annum. At the bill provides. The bill is now in the

steward and \$1,500 for matron are SENATE HAS LIVELY SESSION Gets Into a Parliamentary Tangle Over the Supreme Court

Commission.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, Feb. 26 .- (Special.) -The senappropriation of \$1,900 for matron is ate was up against parliamentary law and The appropriation of \$1,600 for everything else that tended to confuse it today. It all happened over the discusfor the Blind at Nebraska City is stricken sion of the amendment to S. F. 11, recommended by the judiciary cimmittee. The original bill provided that the supreme court should reduce the number of commissioners to six or less if the business of of the Industrial home at Milford is re- the court justified it. The amendment recommended by the judiciary committee provided that three commissioners shall be appointed for one year and six for two appropriation of \$1,200 for clerk for the morning seasion the bill was reported back

amendment which finally carried, but not, however, until Hall of Douglas had expressed himself upon the action of the senate. He said: "The action of this senate is a direct slap at the supreme court. In the original bill we had a saving clause for the supreme court to reduce the clause for the supreme court to reduce the number of the commissioners. We asked the court if its members would do this. and the reply was, 'We will do our duty,' One member of the court said, 'If the people have no confidence in the court, it Michardson has a population of 19,000, with is time to put others in our places,' You are acting arbitrarily," concluded the county ator from Douglas.

At the conclusion of Hall's speech, upon motion of Harrison the bill was ordered e-engrossed and placed on third reading. Howell's S. F. 142, to compel mutual nsurance companies to put up a \$100,000 bond before they can employ selicitors, was again up before the committee of the whole, and after much debate was left in the same place as it held and nothing done with it.

A notice was received from the house that memorial exercises in honor of J. Sterling Morton would be held in the house at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, Those senators who desired to participate were invited to be present.

The report of the Torrens commission which has been in the hands of the judictary committee, was ordered sent to the judiciary committee of the house. This was done at the request of the senate com-

A few reports of standing committees recommending bills for general file were received. The senate adjourned at 4:20 o'clock.

New Bills.

S. F. 223, by Jennings of Thayer-For the relief of J. H. Emmett for money erroneously paid for rental of public land amounting to \$15.20.

S. F. 225, by Saunders of Douglas-Repealing the law relating to written contracts between owners of land and brokers or agents seiling same shall be void.

S. F. 230, by Hall of Burt-To require the strengthening of bridges and culverts of the several counties of this state, and to regulate the crossing of them by steam threshing machines and gasoline engines.

HOUSE MEMORIAL TO MORTON

to Be Devoted to Recognition of the Originator of

(From a Staff Correspondent) LINCOLN, Feb. 26 .- (Special.)-This resolution was introduced this mogning by

Cassell of Otoe:

Whereas, On the 29th day of April, 1902, there passed to the unknown beyond one who was identified with all the early history of Nebraska; one who was of inestimable value to the state as a champion of great measures; one who was farsighted enough to realize the possibilities of the "new west" and to forecast measures yet to find fruition; one who attained national recognition as a careful, systematic student of public questions; one whose independence, self-reliance, moral energy and absolute integrity challeneged the admiration of every one unblased by prejudices or partisanship; one whose adherence to principle was stronger than political expediency; one who justified in his conscience, was immovable in his convictions, being neither decreived by pretense nor misled by glamor; one who was an orator of great power. A writer sure of attention by virtue of vigor of thought and originality of diction; one whose love of home and family and fidelity to friends was ideal.

Therefore, be it resolved. That we, the

home and family and fidelity to friends was ideal.

Therefore, be it resolved. That we, the members of the house of representatives of the state of Nebraska, the senat concurring, pay tribute to the memory of J. Éterling Morton in recognition of his varied attainments and the magnitude of his public services as pioneer, territorial legislator, territorial secretary, territorial governor and member of the cabinet, and in commemoration of his private life, his superior intellect, his integrity and courage, his loyalty as a citizen and his spiendid example of maniliness.

Be it also resolved. That we especially pay tribute to his memory as the author and originator of Arbor day, which in itself merits and warrants honorable fame. Be it also resolved. That a copy of these resolutions be recorded in the minutes of this body, and that a copy be sent to his sister and his sons at Arbor Lodge.

Pharmacy Board Arraigned.

Pharmacy Board Arraigned. This resolution was introduced this morn

Whereas. The committee on medical societies and sundry laws has under consideration house roll 232 being a bill to regulate fees of the State Board of Pharmacy; and to ascertain the amount of fees collected by said board and paid by said board into the state treasury at the end of each year, as required by the law governing the State Board of Pharmacy; and Whereas. The members of said committee have discovered that the State Board of

A large number of bills were considered in the committee of the whole in the afterioon and at 5 o'clock the house adjourned. New Bills.

H. R. 355, by Jouvenat (by request)—Re-ulring that service of process in metro-olitan cities of the first-class shall be ublished in daily newspaper four consecu-

published in daily newspaper four consecutive weeks.

H. R. 356, by Jouvenat (by request)—Requiring that notice of construction service in civil action be published in daily newspapers in first-class and metropolitan cities.

H. R. 357, by Koetter—To regulate and requiring the branding of all articles and commodities made or manufactured in the penitentiary in the state of Nebraska.

H. R. 358, by Sears—Authorizing the governor of the state of Nebraska to appoint three commissioners to act with a like commission from the state of South Dakota in agreeing upon a boundary line between the said states.

H. R. 359, by Hanna—Relating to fees for the release of school lands.

H. R. 359, by Sears—To regulate the prac-

H. R. 360, by Hanna—Relating to fees for the release of school lands.
H. R. 360, by Sears—To regulate the prac-tice of veterinary medicine, veterinary suf-gery, or any branch thereof, including vet-erinary dentistry, in the state of Nebraska, H. R. 361, by Caldwell—To prevent minors

vided that three commissioners shall be appointed for one year and six for two years. After being recommissioned at the morning session the bill was reported back to the committee of the whole at the afternoon session, with its former recommendation. After much wangling the committee of the whole at the afternoon session, with its former recommendations. After much wangling the committee of the whole at the afternoon session, with its former recommendations. After much wangling the committee of the whole recommended that she bill be amended that six commissioners shall serve one year and three shall serve two years.

The contention was started in the early part of the morning session when Anderson of Saline revored to recommit. This was voted down and o'Neill moved a call of the house. Lieutenant Gevernort mcGlitton held that this required a rote, after the seven members had seconded the motion; an prescribed by the rules. Harrison objected to the vote. The motion was carried and the attaches of the senate began to clear the gallery and floors of spectators. During this Sheldon of Cass moved that the chair held the point not well taken.

The motion to raise the call of the house was put and the chair man decided on a viva voce vote that the motion was lost. After the announcement Howell of Douglas, whose temper by this time was somewhat ruffled, angrily demanded an aye and no vote. The chair ruled him out of order, Howell appealed from the decision of the chair. The chair was sumewhat ruffled, angrily demanded an aye and no vote. The chair says sustained, with only one vote recorded against the decision. While under a call of the house was put and the chairman decided on a viva voce vote that the motion was lost. After the announcement Howell of Douglas, whose temper by this time was somewhat ruffled, angrily demanded an aye and no vote. The chair ruled him out of order. Howell rounded the move of the part of the vote and the chair. The chair was carried unanifocular, and the decision of the chair. The chair wa

LIGHT ON TELEPHONE COST Assistant General Manager Meany Gives Legislature Some

Figures. one sed . - low as (From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN. Feb. 26 .- (Special Telegram.) The telephone investigation committee to night concluded its labors so far as the taking of testimony is concerned. E. P. Meany, assistant general manager of the creasing the appropriation for the expenses American Telegraph and Telephone company, was on the stand and questions concerning every detail of the telephone business were asked him. He said the rate of maintenance as testified to by Judson mission to fix the parity of gold and silver of the Twin Cities was the lowest cost per and called attention to the practice which phone or line that he had ever heard of. according to the rate charged in New senate. York, the largest exchange in the world, ounting the cost by the size of the exchange, the rates in Omaha should be much lower. Mr. Meany testified, however, ures as introduced by the officers of the eridge (Ind.) objected. Nebraska Telephone company and was asked if the figures justified a 6 per cent stated that if the company fatled to set by Mr. McComas (Md.). aside 10 per cent for depreciation it was not doing business on a business basis. He said the flat rate was in vogue in the counendeavoring to introduce the measured

service. When asked about exchange of business between companies, the witness stated it was just a question of one company reaping the fruits of the other's work. Mr Meany cited several instances where the independent companies had been compelled to ask for an increase of rate after being established. He said the independent companies could use the lines of the Bell company by paying the rate as charged others.

ALLEGED BRIBER INDICTED

Indiana Capitalist Charged with Corrupting Dead Coun. cilman.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Feb. 26 .- The grand ury today indicted Henry J. Miller, a roll call, however, sufficed to bring in the stockholder in the Jenney Electric Light and Power compeny, charging him with giving a bribe to Councilman George Hench, chairman of the committee on con tracts and franchises. Hench died last fall

ACCUSED SOLON EXONERATED Washington House Finds Representa-

tive Never Solicited Bribe, as Charged.

OLYMPIA, Wash., Feb. 26.-The house ommittee appointed to investigate the conduct of Representative Louis Levy of Seattle today presented a report exonerating Levy from the charge of soliciting a bribe The house adopted the report unant-

Collier-Ulmer. KANSAS CITY, Feb. 26 .- (Special Tele gram.)-Miss Josie Ulmer of Stella, Neb. and J. W. Collier of Gainesville, Tex., were quietly married today at the Southern hotel, Rev. T. R. Wilson officiating. Mr. Collier is a merchant of Gainesville, where

HYMENEAL.

they will reside. Barnard-Rouse.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., Feb. 26 .- (Special.) John W. Barnard and Miss Goldie E. Rouse were married yesterday afternoon at the home of the bride's parents, Rev. D. A. and, after encountering some opposition, Youtzy officiating.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Brome Quinine Tablets. This on every box.

Protest with Senate

SAYS THAT HE IS A POLYGAMIST

Charge is Sworn To and Declares that Democrats Waste Hours of Obthe Senator-Elect from the State of Utah Has Pluial Wife.

the senate a protest signed by Rev. J. L. seated in his place. Leilich on the case of Senator-elect Reed Smoot of Utah, urging that Mr. Smoot shall not be permitted to take his seat in the senate.

missions in Utah and resides in Salt Lake City. He is in Washington as the representative of the Ministers' association of Salt Lake. His statement is sworn to. Mr. Leilich declares that Smoot is a polygamist and now has a plural wife, although he deems it inexpedient to give the maiden name of the woman at this time. His charge on this point is as follows:

Mr. Letlich is in charge of Methodist

His charge on this point is as follows:

That the said Reed Smoot is a polygamist and that since the admission of Utah into the union of states he although then and there having a legal wife; married a piural wife in the state of Utah, in vloiation of the laws and compacts hereinbefore described, and since such plural or polygamous marriags, the said Reed Smoot has lived and contaited with both his legal wife and his plural wife in the state of Utah and elsewhere, as occasion offered, and that the only record of such plural marriage is the secret record made and kept by the authorities of the Church of Jesus Christ of Latter Day Saints, which secret record is in the exclusive custody and control of the first presidency and the quorum of the twelve apostles of the said church, of which the said Reed Smoot is one, and is beyond the control or power of the protestants. of the protestants.

Asks For Papers,

Your protestant respectfully asks that the senate of the United States, or its appropriate committee, compel the first presidency and the quorum of the twelve apostles and the said Reed Smoot to produce such secret record for the consideration of the senate. Your protestant says that he is advised by counsel that it is inexpedient at this time to give further particulars concerning such plural marriage and its results, or the place in which it was solemnized, or the maiden name of the plural wife.

Mr. Leiligh also appares that it is interested to the plural wife.

Mr. Leilich also asserts that "President Joseph Smith, the president of the Mormon church, is living in open polygamy and has a child born to him by his 'plural wife' as

And also that "President Lorenzo Snow lived and died in the practice of polygamy and polygamous cohabitation, and that his plural wife, Minnie Jensen Snow, bore him a child as late as the winter of 1896-97." Soon after the senate met today Mr. Hale

(Me.) reported the naval appropriation bill and gave notice that he would call it up tomorrow. A bill was passed authorizing the Commercial club of Topeka, Kan., to construct a dam across the Kansas river within the counties of Shawnee and Wabaunsee, Kansas. Consideration of the sundry civil bill

then was resumed. The senate reconsidered its amendment providing for the construction of an office building and agreed to the same. The amendment was agreed to directing the superintendent of the capitol to present estimates for costs for a separate office building for the senate. An amendment by Mr. Fairbanks, appropriating \$8,000,000 for the purchase of a site for the postsfiles in New York City, was agreed to the lat with

The amendment of the commissee on appropriations striking but the prevision for the extension of the capitol was agreed to An amendment also was agreed to in-

of the Alaskan boundary commission to \$100,000 Mr. Hale (Me.) referred to the amendment providing for an international comhe said the senate deprecates of appoint-Howell tried to show by the witness that ing on these commissions members of the

Mr. Tillman (S. C.) offered an amendment providing that no senator or members shall be appointed to any such commission. The debate was proceeding when, at 1, the statethat the rate in Omaha was reasonable and hood bill was laid before the senate, and in some instances was lower than was Mr. Quay (Pa.) asked that a vote be taken justified. The witness was given the fig- on it either today or tomorrow. Mr. Bev-

Consideration of the sundry civil bill was then resumed. Mr. Tillman's amendment dividend. The witness thought not and was declared out of order on an objection Mr. Hansbrough (N. D.) offered an

amendment prohibiting the sale of intexicating liquors in the capitol. It went over try, but admitted that the Bell people were on a point of order by Mr. Allison (Ia.). An amendment was agreed to appropriating \$25,000 to enable the commissioner of labor to furnish statistics relating to marriages and divorces in the several states and territories since January 1, 1887. The bill was then passed, and Mr. Cullom

moved an executive session. Mr. Blackburn (Ky.) announced that in accordance with instructions unanimously given him by the democratic caucus he desired the Littlefield anti-trust bill taken up. The chair held that the only way in which this could be dene would be by a vote

of the senate. The senate then went into executive session, and Mr. Morgan (Ala.) resumed his speech in opposition to the Panama canal

After Senator Morgan had been speaking about three-quarters of an hour, the absence of a quorum was suggested. The necessary number, and business proceeded.

Moves for Open Session. Senator McCumber (N. D.) moved for an open session, but his motion was voted down-18 to 40. His object in making the motion was to try to secure consideration of the adoption of the report of the conference committee on the Indian appropriation bill, which the senate accepted yes terday. The senator said he had been absent when the report was agreed to, and that as it appeared that the senate amendment for an industrial school at Wahpeton N. D., had been struck out he wanted the senate to reopen the subject and give him an opportunity to be heard.

During the session he two or three times repeated his motion, and, failing each time to get a majority, gave formal notice o a motion to reconsider the vote by which the conference report was agreed to, which will have the effect of holding the papers in the senate until the vote is taken. Senator Blackburn (Ky.) during the ex-

ecutive session said hereafter he would object to any unanimous agreements to vote on measures until he could be assured that a vote could be called on a motion to con-sider the anti-trust bill. Senator Hale (Mc.) responded by saying

that he did not think that position could be maintained, but Senator Blackburn assured him that it would be. Senator Hoar (Mass.) spoke of his desire to bring up the conference report on the bill for the protection of the president,

for the purpose of presenting the report The motion prevailed-29 to 20. Senator Morgan ceased his speech in op position to the tresty almost an hour be-fore the opening of the doors. He was

at last moved to go into executive session

OBJECT TO SEATING SMOOT not well, and was excused on that ac- RED HOT COUNTY SEAT FIGHT

At 5:45, when the doors were reopened Mr. Hoar (Mass.) presented the conference Ministers' Association of Salt Lake Files report on the bill to protect the president, which went over until tomorrow. The senate, at 5:55, adjourned.

FAIL TO SAVE BUTLER'S SEAT

WASHINGTON, Feb. 26 .- Amid scenes, which recalled the memorable and exciting WASHINGTON, Feb. 25 .- Senator Bur- days of the fifty-first congress, James J. rows, chairman of the senate committee on Butler of Missouri was unseated today by

structive Tactics, but Are

Finally Beaten.

The democrats had decided at their caucus this morning that if this case was of Rosebud Indian reservation within its called up they would prosecute a filibuster from now until March 4, regardless of consequences upon legislation, and they began the fight as soon as the gavel fell at noon. Roll call followed, and it took over three, ple, as a last resort to hold the county seat, hours to approve the journal of yesterday's proceedings.

Then, when the decks were cleared, the case was called. A spirited debate of two jority vote of the county is necessary to hours followed, and finally, after repeated carry the question. Tuesday was election roll calls, the case was brought to a vote. The democrats then attempted to block setting out the voters all over the county, things by leaving the hall, but enough ab- and when the results was determined it sentees finally were brought in to make up the necessary quorum.

The closing chapter was dramatic. Mr. Dalzell (Penn.), who was in the chair, refused to recognize a demand for division, and Mr. Richardson (Tenn.), the minority leader, stood in his place, and denounced his course in unmeasured terms amid the jeers of the republican side. The handful of democrats present were overridden roughshod, and Mr. Wagoner was seated. The republican leaders in deciding to

force this case to a vote did so with a perfect realization of the embarrassments which would follow if the democrats carried out their filibuster threats and have arranged a program to reduce the minority's obstructive power to a minimum, as far as the appropriation bills are concerned. This is to be accomplished by a special rule which has been tentatively prepared by which all the preliminary parliamentary steps for getting appropriation bills with senate amendments into conference can be cut off. But later this afternoon republicans interested in the public building bill threatened to vote against the rule unless it made provision for that bill.

This disturbing factor in the situation was not straightened out tonight. The republican program also includes a proposition to continue the legislative day of today until noon, March 4, in order to obviate the long and tedious work of approving the journal against fillbustering

A recess was taken tonight until 11 tomorrow morning, and a rule has been prepared which hereafter will give a motion to recess precedence over a motion to adjourn. Under the operation of these drastic measures it is believed that none of the appropriation bills, or other necessary measures, will be jeopardized, but the present situation undoubtedly sounds the death knell of many minor measures.

In many cases of asthma Piso's Cure for Consumption gives relief that is almost equal to a cure.

(Continued from First Page.)

and spiritual needs of their rough backwoods congregations. But if we are to succeed, the spirit in which we do our work must be the same as the spirit in which they did theirs.

These men drove forward, and fought their way upward, to success, because their sense of duty was in their hearts. It was not with them something to be considered as a mere adjunct to their theology, standing separate and apart from their daily life. They had it with them on week days as well as Sundays. They did not divorce the spiritual from the secular.

Well, if we are to succeed as a nation we must have the same spirit in us. We must have the same spirit in us. We must have the same spirit in us. We must face facts as they are. The ploneer preachers own for a fortnight if they had not shown an intense practically of spirit, if they had not possessed the broadest and deepest sympathy for, and understanding of, their fellow men. But in addition to the hard, practical commonsense needed by each of us in life, we must have a lift toward lofty things or we shall be lost, individually and collectively as a nation.

In the century opening the play of the infinitely far-reaching forces and tendencies which go to make up our social system bids fair to be even flercer in its activity than in

In the century opening the play of the infinitely far-reaching forces and tendencies which go to make up our social system bids fair to be even fiercer in its activity than in the century which has just closed. If during this century, the men of high and fine moral sense show themselves weakings; if they dare not go down into the hurly-burly where the men of might contend for the mastery; then as surely as the sun rises and sets all our great material progress, all the multiplication of the physical agencies which tend for our comfort and enjoyment, will go for naught and our civilization will become a brutal sham and mockery. If we are to advance in broad humanity, in kirdliness, in the spirit of brotherhood, exactly as we advance in our conquest over, the hidden forces of nature, it must be by developing strength in virtue and virtue in strength, by breeding and training men who shall be both good and strong, both gentle and vallant—men who scorn wrongdoing and who at the same time have both the courage and the strength to strive mightly for the right.

Weeley said he did not intend to leave all the good tunes to the service of the devil. He accomplished so much for mankind because he also refused to leave the stronger, manifer qualities to be availed of only in the interest of évil. The church he founded has been a church for the poor as well as the rich and has known no distinction of persons.

I come here tonight to greet you and to pay my tribute to your past because you have striven with strength and courage to bring nearer the day when peace and justice shall obtain among the peoples, of the earth.

Capital of Gregory County.

ELECTION FOR BONDS STARTS USUAL ROW

Old-Time Method of Anchoring Location by Building Court House Defeated by Equally Old Plan of Voting Indiana.

Gregory county, South Dakota, was organ. fourth floor. Awakening suddenly, he was privileges and elections, today presented to the house and George C. H. Wagoner was leed about four years ago with Fairfax as blinded and suffocated by the smoke. Outthe county seat. Recently, on account of the prospects for the opening of that part borders, a new town named Bonesteel has sprung into existence as a rival of the county seat, which is situated about seven miles southeast of Bonesteel. Fairfax peosucceeded in having the county commissioners call an election for the purpose of issuing bonds to build a courthouse. A maday, and each town vied with the other in was found that Bonesteel had won out and had defeated the bond proposition by a majority of 66 votes.

Indian and Other Votes.

The election was settled, but the fun had just commenced. Fairfax alleged that Bonesteel had drawn upon the Indian reservation for votes. They alleged their Kick-As-He-Jumps, Sucks-As-He-Bites and The exchange rooms are on the top floor Chief Red Horse and the aged warrior, Milk, and their cohorts had voted not once, they pluckly stuck to their posts. When but twice, yes, three times, and that in order to show their kindliness of heart toward Bonesteel had caused their squaws to Later, however, they returned to "their fold their blankets buck style, and vote calls, and when the large day force of against the bonds. One exuberant Fairfax girls came on duty they fearlessly went to partisan said that he counted one squaw voting four times. These allegations are denied by the Bonesteeleans; they say that the Indian has a right to vote; that he's a citizen of the great state of South Da- caped total destruction on March 30, 1902, kota, and has been for these many moons, and that when a question such as bonding him, his ponies, squaws, dogs, oxen and the fires. asses arises, the Indian has a right to declare himself and vote his convictions; said Pike Stock company during the season Bonesteeleans also allege that in a tight which closed last Saturday night, valued fight like yesterday's, you can't tell a at \$10,000, were stored in the opera house. squaw from a buck; that in the trial of Colonel Forsyth for killing squaws at the pany, which had been at the Pike the battle of Wounded Knee, it was clearly week, is over double of that of the Pike demonstrated that in a fight not even a Stock company. skilled plainsman could distinguish between a buck or a squaw, owing to a similarity of dress. So if any squaws voted in Bonesteel they are guilty of dressing in men's the first floor and numerous other tenants, or bucks' clothes for the purpose of delaying and hindering Fairfax in securing jewelers. The loss to Richter & Philitips \$6,000 worth of bonds for courthouse purposes.

Comes Into Court.

The trouble did not end here. The Fairfax people, through W. R. Day, ex-deputy sheriff of the county, made complaint against Henry Abouretzke, and the sheriff came in Wednesday night, about 1 o'clock and arrested Abouret3ke, hurried him off to Fairfax, locked him in a room in a hotel and early in the morning a preliminary hearing was had, Abouretzke bound over, CROWDS HEAR ROOSEVELT and when the Bonesteel attorneys, W. B. Backus, arrived in haste, Lanting for the lost Bonesteelite, he discovered that only a bond of \$300 would secure Abouretzke's release. This bond was promptly furnished and Abouretzke returned home, A grand reception awaited him, and he's now the reception awaited him, and he's now the

hero of the hour. Trouble did not end here. Ten more warants are out for prominent citizens of Bonesteel, and thirty are out for Indians, and the sheriff of this county will be a busy man for days to come. Suck-As-He-Bites is on a spion kop on the classic banks of Ponca creek; he dreams of the day when Fairfax will be no longer the county seat, but that the county capitol will be near his claim and enhance the value of his property of every kind. When he's awake he holds his old repeater close to his side, for he knows the sheriff is after him. Kick-As-He-Jumps paces the floor of his tepee, expecting each minute that the cold. clammy hand of the sheriff will slap him on the back, and a voice, "You are my prisoner," fill his American ear.

Waiting for the Attack

Bonesteel is fortified. No more citizens will be stolen from its incorporated prewatch for Fairfaxites and keep them under surveillance while in Bonesteel. An arthe legal battle. Hon. Edwin M. Startcher, attorney, and J. H. Vallette, all of Fairfax, will stand up for their town. Bonesteel pips its faith on W. B. Backus, Charles Melner, ex-state attorney, and French & court meets there will be a time that is a time, and no one, at the present writing. seems to know just what will be the out-

It is conceded that Fairfax will lose the county seat in a short time, and that the same will be located many miles west of its present location. An extra supply of bonds has been ordered sent to Bonesteel. and when all its citizens and Indians have been arrested and the supply is exhausted they will order more.

Change in Yardmasters.

RAWLINS, Wyo., Feb. 26 .- (Special.)-H E. Van Heusen, formerly division superin

A Wise Man shows his superiority over the man who is not wise, by what he says and what he leaves unsaid.

Uneeda Biscuit show their superiority over common soda crackers in a paper bag, by what is in them and what is not.

The baker puts all kinds of goodness in Uneeda Biscuit-the In-er-seal Package-identified by the famous red and white trade mark design-keeps all kinds of badness out of

Uneeda 5¢ Biscuit 5

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

tendent on the Oregon Short Line at Pocatello, has been placed in charge of the local yards. Mr. Van Heusen was a conductor here many years ago sud went to Bonesteel and Fairfax Both Want to Be the Oregon Short Line, where he served as trainmaster for a number of years before being appointed superintendent. His wife's folks reside here and Mrs. Heusen desired to be near them, hence the change.

(Continued from First Page.)

BONESTEEL, S. D., Feb. 26 .- (Special.) - in the studio of an artist friend on the side in the great air shaft the flames were shooting up. How he made his way he does not know, but by some instinct he found the stairway leading to the roots Upon reaching the roof he fell over something and was stunned.

When he returned to consciousness the flames were shooting through the roof. He crawled to the edge, but the firemen in the street did not notice him. He shouted himself hourse. He took his cuff and wrote on it: "I am on roof, nearly dead from gae. Jones." He threw it to the ground and a reporter picked it up and located the figure of a man standing outlined in the sparks. Jones crept along the edge of the rear of the building and there walted for the firemen, who placed a ladder across the alley from the telephone exchange. Jones was carried down and taken to a hospital.

Gigla Stick to Posts. The eight girls in the telephone exchange building across the alley from the burning Pike building were badly frightened as the clouds of smoke rolled about the building. of a six-story building. For two hours the flames were blazing on their windows they were ordered out by the firemen. the sixth floor for duty, although the fire

raged all around them. The Pike theater building was totally destroyed by fire in 1886 and it narrowly eswhen there was a Sunday matince in progress, but no lives were lost in any of

The scenery and costumes used by the The loss of the Henrietta Crosman com-The Scason Good building adjoining, a

six-story structure, was occupied by the Baltimore & Ohio Southwestern railway on including Richter & Phillips, wholesale is large. The American Book company will lose a quarter of a million on their publishing house, stock and machinery. The plates

of the eclectic system of school books were

all stored in this building, which was well equipped with presses and electric appliances. Robert Clark & Co. place their loss at \$350,000, including \$175,000 in plates of law

books and other works. Among the principal losers are: Pike building, \$475,000; insurance, \$180,000. Season Good building, \$125,000; Harrison build-Pike building were Without insurance.

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What you want is home !ndorsement. The backing of people you know. Omaha proof for Omaha people. That's what follows here.

Surely no better backing can be had than the following statement: Mr. Geo. A. Wells, 415 South 19th st. employed at Chas. A. Pegau & Co's. says:-"I always had slight trouble, but for three years it became worse and sometimes cinct. Committees have been appointed to alarmed me. Accompanying it there was a weakness across the loins, particularly in evidence if I over-exerted myself. ray of legal talent has been engaged to Always anxious to try any new remedy which might bring relief, when Mr. J. county judge; Theodore Landmann, state's Flick watchmaker of Cass street, advised, me to use Doan's Kidney Pills, emphasing ing his advice by stating they had cured him of kidney trouble. I bought a box at Kuhn & Co's, drug store, corner of 15th and Orgis of Yankton. When the next circuit Douglas streets. It did exactly as it promised. The trouble disappeared.

For sale by all dealers, price 50c per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name "Doan's" and take

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