

Union Central Life Insurance Co. of Cincinnati. JOHN M. PATTISON, Pres. THIRTY-SIXTH ANNUAL STATEMENT For the Year Ending December 31, 1902.

Table with columns for ASSETS, LIABILITIES, RECEIPTS, DISBURSEMENTS, and INSURANCE ACCOUNT. Includes sub-totals for Cash on hand, Reserve Fund, Total Receipts, and Total Disbursements.

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WOMAN IN CLUB AND CHARITY

The French class, the Woman's class and a good many others, including a good many men, combined to fill the auditorium of the first Congress given over to the work of the Woman's club, and Prof. Nesbitt had been announced as the speaker of the afternoon.

A special program has been prepared by the musical department to be presented on Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock. An invitation to be present has been extended to the entire club.

The Shakespeare class of the Young Women's Christian association will contribute to the benefit fund for the City mission by attending in a body the benefit to be given for it on Friday evening, February 20, at the First Congregational church.

A meeting has been called for 10 o'clock on Friday morning of all members of the committee in charge of the Crosby Wagner lecture recital. The meeting will be held in the club rooms and all the men are requested to return their tickets or the money for them at that time.

A social and musical for the benefit of St. Cecilia's church will be given on Wednesday evening, February 18, at the homes of Mrs. Farrell and Mrs. Callaghan, on Thirty-sixth and Burr streets.

The following ten health commandments were presented by the department of household economics at yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Woman's club.

First, Thou shalt have no other food than meat.

Second, Thou shalt not make up thyself any pie, for dyspepsia will be visited upon the children of the third and fourth generation of them that eat pie, and long life and vigor to them that live prudently and keep the laws of health.

EUROPE'S GRAIN SUFFERS Mild Weather and Other Causes Tend to Spoil Coming Harvest.

CORTELYOU JOINS ROOSEVELT'S CABINET Senate Takes but Short Time to Approve Nomination to Fill New Post in Department of Commerce.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The official reports on foreign crop conditions received from the statistical agent of the Department of Agriculture in London, dated February 1, shows unreasonably mild weather in most parts of Europe during the greater part of January.

The Hungarian autumn-sown crops are generally poor and the area less extensive. In Roumania and Bulgaria the outlook is favorable. The Spanish wheat crop of 1902 is estimated at 125,429,950 bushels, or nearly 6,000,000 in excess of the previous year.

The Austrian crop for 1902 is estimated officially at 49,650,000 bushels, a gain of about 4,000,000 over 1901, against Hungary's at 170,855,205 bushels, or 49,000,000 in excess of 1901.

The senate today confirmed the nomination of George B. Cortelyou to be secretary of commerce and labor under the act creating the new department.

The nomination was referred to the committee after the senate went into executive session, and the committee was polled on the floor. Senator Dewey (N. Y.) reported the nomination with a favorable recommendation.

Cortelyou was born in New York City on July 26, 1852. He is descended from a distinguished family, his ancestors being among the leaders in the colonial and revolutionary history of the state of New York.

From early childhood he was an earnest student and his classical course in the Westford, Mass., on leaving the Normal school he entered the New England Conservatory of Music to continue the musical studies which he had begun early in life.

Subsequently he became a pupil of Dr. Louis Mass, formerly conductor of the Boston Philharmonic society. It is not generally known, but is quite true, that Mr. Cortelyou is an accomplished musician, a thorough student of the best composers and a musical critic of rare ability.

In order to equip himself for an active business career Mr. Cortelyou, while continuing his musical studies, took up the study of stenography and was graduated from Walworth's institute in New York. While acting as an assistant in the Washington school he met a clinical course in the New York hospital. He became widely known as an expert medical stenographer, and in association with James F. Munson, author of the Munson system of phonography, reported many notable cases in the courts of New York.

His official career in the government may be said to have begun in 1889, when he became private secretary to the postoffice inspector in charge at New York. After serving the surveyor of the port of New York as confidential stenographer he came to Washington in July, 1891, as private secretary to the fourth assistant postmaster general. His record in the postoffice department was such that in 1896 President Cleveland appointed him his executive clerk and confidential stenographer. He served President McKinley in the same capacity until 1898, when on account of the vastly increased amount of work at the White House he was appointed assistant secretary to the president.

On the resignation of Mr. Cortelyou was nominated as the secretary to the president. While Mr. Cortelyou's ability was appreciated before the assassination of President McKinley the work performed by him during the last year of his administration revealed an entirely unexpected phase of his character. His relations with President McKinley were those of tender regard and affectionate friendship, yet notwithstanding his personal suffering his devotion to his country was unflinching. He preserved his composure, looked after every detail, provided every care for the stricken president, comforted the bereaved wife and kept the anxious people informed of the condition of the distinguished sufferer hour by hour day and night.

In the third week of January the weather in France took a change for the worse, so far as crops were concerned. In Great Britain reports on the growing crop were favorable.

The final official figures of production of the German empire for 1902, as against 1901, follow: Total winter and spring wheat, 143,311,880 bushels, against 91,817,031; winter spelt, 26,427,452, against 23,420,246; winter and spring rye, 373,738,071, against 321,340,539; spring barley 142,332,156, against 152,536,886; oats, 514,451,708, against 485,716,061.

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to the secretary in importance and power in the new department. The law provides that the commissioner shall have authority to make, under direction of the secretary, "diligent investigation into the organization, conduct and management of the business of any corporation, joint stock company or corporate combination engaged in commerce among the several states and with foreign nations, excepting common carriers, subject to an act to regulate commerce, approved February 4, 1887, and to gather such information and data as will enable the president of the United States to make recommendation to congress for legislation for the regulation of such commerce and to report such data to the president from time to time, as he shall require."

It also shall be the duty of the commissioner of corporations to gather, compute and publish useful information concerning corporations doing business in the United States and engaged in interstate or foreign commerce, including corporations engaged in insurance.

It is expected that the nomination of Mr. Garfield will be sent to the senate tomorrow. It is not unlikely that the appointment of one or two other officials of the new department may go to the senate at the same time, but that has not been determined upon definitely.

Mr. Garfield has accepted the proffer of the commissionership and will accept upon his new duties as soon as his appointment has been confirmed by the senate. The salary is \$3,000 a year.

President Roosevelt expressed to those senators who called on him today the hope that the senate would confirm the nomination of D. H. Crum, to be collector at Charleston, S. C. The president has no intention of withdrawing his nomination and desires that the senate take definite action.

Postmaster General Payne is confined to his apartments by an attack of gout. Greek Treaty Ratified. The senate in executive session today ratified the treaty of friendship recently negotiated between the United States and Greece. The portion of the treaty relating to consular trials was slightly amended in language to meet the criticisms of Senator Hoar.

Western Men Appointed. The senate today confirmed the following appointments: James McLaughlin, North Dakota, to be an Indian inspector; F. W. Clegg, majority over White House of the Shoshone agency in Wyoming; William E. Stanley, Kansas commissioner to negotiate with the Indians of the Cherokee, Choctaw, Chickasaw, Muskogee and Seminole Indians.

Military Men Are Named. The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: To be chief of artillery, with rank of brigadier general, Colonel Wallace F. Carpenter. To be captain of infantry, Thomas H. Carpenter.

Committee Hears Contest. Elections committee No. 2 of the house today heard argument by counsel in the Wagner-Butler election contest. Attorney Frank E. Richey presented the case of Mr. Wagner, who is contesting the seat of Mr. Butler, who, on the face of the returns, was elected majority over Wagner for representative from the Twelfth Missouri district. Attorney Henry W. Bond, who represents Mr. Butler, will be heard tomorrow.

Coal Verdict Expected Soon. Carroll D. Wright, commissioner of labor, and recorder of the anthracite coal strike commission, returned to New York today. The commission will sit on Thursday to consider its award.

Claims Commission Continued. President Roosevelt has extended for six months from March 12, 1903, the life of the Spanish treaty claims commission, which first met on April 8, 1901. The extension of time was made on showing of necessity by William H. Chandler, president of the commission. Mr. Chandler says 542 independent claims have been presented and amounting to \$61,672,077.

Of these claims 102 are for damages caused to resisted seamen on Maine by the explosion in Havana harbor; 22 for personal injuries received from Spanish authorities; 14 for damages on account of both personal injuries and property losses, and 364 are for damages to real and personal property.

In order to indemnify on account of property losses appear from petitions to be about equally divided into two classes: First—Those in which the acts complained of were committed by Cuban insurgents. Second—Those in which the acts were committed by Spanish forces.

These claims relate to about twenty of the 307 large sugar mills in Cuba, and to about 600 of the landed estates in the island, which number 18,521 sugar plantations, 15,831 tobacco plantations and 60,711 ranches.

The 152 cases arising from the destruction of Maine have been dismissed on the ground that individual claims do not arise in favor of the officers and seamen of a ship of war for injuries received while in line of duty and for which a foreign government is responsible.

Army Pension Division Formed. Commissioner of Pensions Ware has abolished the middle division of the Pension bureau and created a new division to be known as the army division, to take effect March 1 next.



THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make, comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits.

Remember, the full name of the Company—CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only.

GET RICH MEN INDICTED St. Louis Jury Calls Turf Investment Firm to Book. CHICAGO DETECTIVES CONTINUE RAIDS Excited Customers Surround Locked Doors Seeking to Recover Money Entrusted to Arrested or Boasting Betting Agents.

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 15.—The joint legislative committee appointed to investigate the methods of business followed by turf and other investment companies for the purpose of using the information as a guide in the enactment of corrective legislation got down to business.

Chicago went to San Francisco, sending part of his string of horses to New Orleans. At neither place did he make any decided winnings, however. His stable included: Peaceful, Maximus, Bessie McCarthy, Mary McCarthy and Fitz Brillar.

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CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Continuing their policy of aggression against turf investment companies, the police today raided the office of J. C. Rose & Co. They found the office locked. A thorough search of the office disclosed the fact that all the company's books had disappeared, only a few papers being found in obscure drawers.

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness.

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Mother's Friend. The Bradford Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

SUMMER TALK ON ZERO NIGHT North Omaha Improves Debate Flowers, Shade Trees and Parking. With the mercury below zero a score of women, with a few men, talked of flowers, shade trees and beauty of vegetation at the North Omaha improvement club's session last night.

W. F. Johnson submitted a resolution which was adopted. Resolved, That a Women's Auxiliary Improvement association be organized and that a meeting of women be called to assemble at this hall two weeks from tonight.

It was stated that if the women will take hold of the matter systematically members of the park board will co-operate and furnish material at cost to parties desiring to plant flowers and shrubs according to a general plan for improving any street in the district.

Resolved, That the North Omaha Improvement club direct its secretary to send communications to the park board and school board asking that these boards, if possible, agree upon a basis by which the care and improvement of school grounds be placed in the hands of the women.

Monday night there will be a social meeting of the club. A Good Thing for Mother. If she is tired out, sickly, run down, Electric Bitters will give her new life or there's no charge. Try them. 50c. For sale by Kuhn & Co.

MACHINISTS AS MINSTRELS Union Gives Performance as a Benefit for Union Pacific Strikers. Before a large and appreciative audience in Washington hall last night was given the annual minstrel show of the machinists' union. The yearly event took a new form this season and was given as a benefit for the Union Pacific strikers.

A Serious Mistake. To the average man it seems childish to doctor a cold, and unless it becomes particularly annoying to him little or no attention is given it. Often a cold contracted in the winter is allowed to run until the opening of spring. This is a grave mistake, as the system is thereby weakened and rendered susceptible to disease.

Telegraphers Receive Raise. HAZLETON, Pa., Feb. 15.—A 10 per cent increase in wages, dating from February 1, has been granted, the telegraph operators on the Delaware, Susquehanna & Schuylkill railroads.

Santa Fe Still Negotiating. TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 15.—Another conference between the conductors and trainmen and the officials of the Santa Fe was held this afternoon, but no compromise was reached.

More Chicago Firms Raided. CHICAGO, Feb. 15.—Continuing their policy of aggression against turf investment companies, the police today raided the office of J. C. Rose & Co. They found the office locked.

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