NEW BOOKS AND MAGAZINES

"Shakspere and His Forerunners," a Study in Elizabethan Poetry.

REMARKABLE RECORD FOR THE SCRIBNERS

February Bookman Shows that This House Published Several Popular Books in December—Appleton's Attractive Poster.

"Shakspere and His Forerunners," studies in Elizabethan poetry and its development from early English by Sidney Lanier, is one of the latest publications. The work is published by Doubleday, Page & Co. in two large and handsome volumes, containing 800 pages, and profusely illustrated with portraits, facsimiles, title pages and all sorts of interesting pictorial matter that help to give the reader the feeling and color of those ancient times. The author's aim here is to present Shakspere as the crowning glory and culmination of the most marvelous literary efflorescence the world has known. In order to do this adequately he gives first a most suggestive survey of the beginnings of English poetry and what it had become when the marvelous Elizabethan Age carried it to undreamed of heights, and then, after elaborate treatment of the sonnet writers from Surrey to Shakspere, he takes up in detail the study of the man, William Shakspere, the social life which surrounded him, and his mental and spiritual evolution as shown by the growth of his art. From the existing evidence and the "relation of man to his fellow man" in the various plays Mr. Lanier constructs a probable sequence and grouping of the great master's work which bears largely upon its face the story of the man's own life struggle and mighty conquest of himself. Much of the best prose work Mr. Lanier left is contained in these two volumes.

The remarkable record made this last season by Scribner books is still further attested by the market reports in the February Bookman, which show that, of the fifteen extremely successful books in the east in December, five had the Scribner imprint, while six Scribner books appear in the list of seventeen which were most successful in the west. No other one publisher had more than two books in this eastern list, nor more than three in the western list. The Scribner books appearing in both eastern and western lists were Henry van Dyke's "The Blue Flower," F. Hopkinson Smith's "The Fortunes of Oliver Horn," Thomas Nelson Page's "A Captured Santa Claus," James W. Barrie's "The Little White Bird" and Richard Harding Davis's "Captain Macklin." The additional book making the western list was James Whitcomb Riley's "The Book of Joyous Children." "The Blue Flower," by the way, stood second in the eastern list and third in the western list.

"The Papal Monarchy," by William Barry, D. D., belongs to the series called "The Story of Nations" and covers the period from St. Gregory the Great to Boniface VIII. Dr. Barry's survey of the papal monarchy to the death of Boniface VIII., with which the middle ages may be said to close, fills so serious a gap in English historical libraries that students might be very grateful to him even were the work much less able than it is. But he has given us a marvel of accurate information and of comprehensiveness. No mere compilation is it, but a well-considered and admirably written book of permanent value. Its readers and critics, however, would do well to keep in mind the author's words in the preface: "Not the pope as a teacher, but the pope as a ruler of men, in affairs which may be viewed under a secular as well as a religious aspect, will furnish the matter of my volume." Of course, it is open to doubt whether the effort to keep to this restricted plan is not an attempt at the impossible. But the book as it stands is a tour de force. He compresses the history of a vast period into about 430 pages, and deals with it not in general terms, but in detail; yet the result is no arid waste of facts. He has enlivened the waste by vivid portraiture and by dramatic arrangement. Published by G. P. Putnam's Son.

Another notable addition has been made to the attractive series of posters issued by D. Appleton and Company since the beginning of the year. This is being used in connection with "Millionaire Households and their Domestic Economy," by Mary E. Carter. The poster is an elaboration of the cover design by Margaret Armstrong, and is printed in gold and copper bronze and green and peacock-blue inks, giving a rich effect. The design itself represents two golden peacocks facing each other on the branches of a grape vine, while their beautiful plumage falls around the title "Millionaire Households." Bunches of grapes and grape leaves complete the ornamentation. The book itself is unique. Miss Carter has managed the households of many large establishments, and her observations will be of value not only to those whose advancing fortunes have outstripped their social opportunities, but also to those who with one or two servants desire to make a little go a long way.

"The Winning of Sarenne," by St. Clair Beall, is a romance full of interest from cover to cover. Well written and clever, the story has much that many of the popular romantic novels of late have lacked. The story tells how a young noble won back his city which had been usurped by a friend of his father's. It is full of fighting (but the fights are possible), full of secret passages of the kind that one sees in old castles, and full of adventures that one can imagine would come to a young hero of the middle ages. There is a love story, of course, and the girl is beautiful, just as she should be, but she does not kill men or do impossible things before she is hailed the mistress of Sarenne. The old retainer and the faithful councilor are there, but in an interesting guise, and the villain is none too black. After the city has been won and the villain put to flight one feels satisfied that it has all been worth while, and grateful that a few hours have been pleasantly passed. The book is published by the Federal book company of New York.

L. C. Page & Co. have published a book by Arthur Elson, author of "A Critical History of Opera." The new work of this author is entitled "Orchestral Instruments and Their Use," which is illustrated with several full-page plates and a large number of text illustrations. Mr. Elson gives a description of each instrument now employed by civilized nations, a brief account of its history, an idea of the technical and acoustical principles illustrated by its performance and an explanation of its value and functions in the modern orchestra. He brings to the work sufficient enthusiasm to obviate any natural tendency to make of such a book a dry compilation of facts and figures.

Miss Josephine Dodge Daskam, author of "Fables for the Fair," is out with a new volume of eight short stories entitled "Whom the Gods Destroyed," published by Scribner's. Miss Daskam is an admirable descriptive writer and there is a large demand for her writings. The eight stories in her latest book are: "Whom the Gods Destroyed," "A Wind Flower," "When Pippa Passed," "The Blacklisting of Harriet Blake," "A Bayard of Broadway," "A Little Brother of the Books," "The Maid of the Mill," "The Twilight Guests." These stories are dramatic studies of the artistic temperament, illustrating in every case some one of the almost inevitable tragedies that attend this temperament. The characters include a musician, a painter, a poet, a dabbler in the supernatural, a religious enthusiast and a modern gentleman whose Quixotic chivalry sacrifices his own happiness.

The American Book company has just published a little book entitled "Maxwell and Johnston's School Composition," by William H. Maxwell, city superintendent of schools of New York City, and Emma L. Johnston, principal of public schools, Brooklyn. The topics for composition suggested in this book are those which will appeal to children—their occupations and games, the world as seen through childish eyes. The pupil is shown how to present these subjects clearly and interestingly by his analysis and imitation of models chosen with care from the leading authors. This analysis is carried on by the making of synoptic outlines. The scheme of work is therefore essentially inductive, and correspondingly helpful. This is a practical and teachable work, and will be welcomed by the many teachers who already use the other books in Maxwell's English Series.

"Among the Flowers with Rexford," the regular department of experiences and help for amateurs in floriculture in the February Home and Flowers, contains an editorial, a poem, "This, That and the Other," "What to Do in February," by Mr. Rexford, "How We Built a Conservatory," by Mrs. John LaValley, "The Pink Lady Slipper," by W. C. Egan, and "February in Southern Gardens," by Mrs. G. T. Drennan.

That the people of our great Northwest are in no danger of such a fuel famine as the East has suffered from during the present winter is clearly demonstrated in the Review of Reviews for February by Professor Frank A. Wilder, of the North Dakota Geological Survey, who describes the remarkable coal and lignite deposits of that region.

The February number of the Quarterly Journal of Economics, published for the department of economics of Harvard University by George H. Ellis Company, Boston, contains a noteworthy article on the "Science of Welfare," by Mr. Frederic Kellogg Blue of San Francisco. Mr. Blue undertakes a very acute analysis of the efforts of society to appraise its own welfare in the valuation of goods and services of various kinds, both present and future.

The above books are for sale by the Megeath Stationery Co., 1308 Farnam street.

ASTHMA

Taken from the System.

Nothing remains which can produce an attack. You can eat, sleep and stand exposure without slightest return of symptoms. Appetite improved; blood enriched; nerves strengthened; whole system built up; health permanently restored; life made enjoyable. No more relief, smokes, sprays or change of climate ever needed. 20 years' exclusive practice in Asthma and Hay Fever; over 52,000 patients. Complicated, stubborn, chronic and pronounced "incurable" cases especially invited. Book 7 5 Free, containing reports of many interesting cases.

P. HAROLD HAYES, BUFFALO, N.Y.

Laxative Bromo Quinine

Cures a Cold in One Day, Grip in 2 Days

E. W. Grove on every box. 25c

DEATH RECORD.

Marcia Huntoon Arnold.

Miss Marcia Huntoon Arnold, a teacher of music at the State university, died yesterday morning at 5 in Wise Memorial hospital from the effects of an unsuccessful operation. She was 26 years old and the sister of Dr. H. L. Arnold, the assistant city commissioner of health. Her home was in Girard, Kan., where the body has been taken for burial.

Miss Arnold was a woman of unusual talent and returned last summer from Europe, where she had spent three years in Berlin and Vienna studying for the piano under famous masters. Almost as soon as she arrived home her ability secured for her the position in the university. While at home at Christmas Miss Arnold was taken sick with appendicitis and recovered slowly. It was recognized that her most dangerous ailment was not that disease, and as soon as she was strong enough to be moved she was brought to Omaha for the operation.

Judge John W. Simonton.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Presiding Judge John W. Simonton of the Dauphin court died today of pneumonia after an illness of one month. He was serving his third term as presiding judge of the local court and was regarded as one of the ablest jurists in the state. He was a native of Dauphin county. He was remarkably vigorous of mind and body until seized by the illness which caused his death.

Colonel M. P. Powers.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 12.—Seriously injured while assisting the removal of the body of his intimate friend, President Jefferson Davis, to the funeral car which bore it to Richmond and an invalid ever since, Colonel M. P. Powers, long the local representative of the Southern railway, is dead, aged 65.

Miss Mabel Herman.

FREMONT, Neb., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Mabel Herman, oldest daughter of Henry Herman of this city, died at the hospital this morning of a complication of diseases, at the age of 18 years. She was a member of the senior class of the Fremont High school and a young woman of rare promise.

C. D. Peacock.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—C. D. Peacock, head of the jewelry firm of that name, died today of pneumonia. Mr. Peacock had resided in Chicago continuously for sixty-three years and comes of a long line of jewelers.

Fannie Paine.

AINSWORTH, Neb., Feb. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—Fannie Paine, sister of H. O. Paine, died here today of a paralytic affliction, aged 49 years. Deceased has been an invalid for twenty years.

Rev. Manley S. Hard.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 12.—Rev. Manley S. Hard, first assistant corresponding secretary of the Board of Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal church, died today.

William J. Hay.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—William J. Hay, father of Edwin B. Hay, past grand exalted ruler of the Order of Elks, died here today. He was prominent in fraternal circles.

What Follows Grip?

Pneumonia often, but never when Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is used. It cures colds and grips. 50c, $1. For sale by Kuhn & Co.

MORGAN OPPOSES TREATY

Gives Notice of Thirty Amendments to Canal Protocol.

WOULD ABSOLUTELY CHANGE DOCUMENT

Adds New Provisions, Giving Panama and Colon to United States and Allowing Acquisition of Territory.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The senate went into executive session today soon after meeting, but some routine business was first transacted.

A bill was passed providing that any second lieutenant in the marine corps who was appointed a second lieutenant of artillery since February 2, 1901, shall receive credit for prior service as a lieutenant of volunteers.

Mr. McComas (Md.) gave notice that he would call up the eight-hour bill at the earliest opportunity, which brought from Mr. Quay (Pa.) the statement:

"Until the senator from Maryland and those obstructionists behind him consent to fixing a day when a vote can be taken on the statehood bill, I shall oppose any action on the eight-hour bill."

At 12:25 the senate went into executive session.

Morgan Speaks of Revolutions.

After the confirmation of a number of nominations and refusing to reopen the Alaskan boundary question, consideration of the Panama canal treaty was begun.

Senator Morgan (Ala.) immediately urged that the treaty be amended in many respects, promising to oppose it unless so amended.

He directed special attention to the failure to embody the act of congress providing for the construction of the canal in the treaty and dwelt at length on what he termed the unreliability and revolutionary character of the government. He asserted that the price which the United States had agreed to pay was exorbitant. He also criticized the provision for a perpetual annual payment of $250,000 and declared that in all probability much of these payments would go into the pockets of individuals. In this connection, he declared that a recent chief executive of the Colombian government had sold out and abdicated for $1,000,000.

He declared it would be folly to make the payment of $47,000,000 depend on so unsubstantial an institution as the Colombian congress, especially in view of the chronic insurrectionarry condition of the people.

Senator Morgan gave notice of thirty proposed amendments to the treaty, the most important being:

1. Providing for the ownership of the canal by the United States instead of a lease for 100 years, to be renewed each century.
2. To include the cities of Panama and Colon in the canal zone.
3. Giving police and sanitary control entirely to the United States.
4. To strike out the pledge on the part of the United States not to increase its territory at the expense of any of the Central American republics, with the exception of Colombia.
5. To limit the United States guaranty as to the independence of Colombia in the government of the islands at the eastern and western extremities of the canal, by eliminating the guaranty of the integrity of that government.
6. That no trial for damages to property on account of the canal work shall be allowed to impede its progress.
7. Giving the United States control of permanent immigration to the canal zone.
8. Giving the United States complete control over all controversies except between citizens of Colombia which are left in Colombian jurisdiction.
9. Imposing on Colombia the duty of protecting the canal, but giving the United States power at all times, in its discretion, to use its police and naval forces for these purposes.
10. The time for completing the canal is extended indefinitely.
11. The payment of $250,000 annually to Colombia is limited to sixty-two years.

WHITE HOUSE TOO COSTLY

Vote for Executive Mansion Leads to Severe Strictures in House of Representatives.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 12.—The house made slow progress with the sundry civil bill today, covering only 27 pages and leaving 40 pages still to be disposed of. The delays today were occasioned by a rather protracted discussion of the item for the maintenance of the White House and considerable debate upon the appropriation of $3,000,000 for the relief of distress in the Philippines.

Mr. Gaines, (Tenn.) and Mr. Fitzgerald, (N. Y.) criticised the greatly increased cost of maintaining the White House.

An amendment to cut in half the appropriation for the relief of distress in the Philippines was defeated but the language of the paragraph was modified to require annual reports concerning expenditure.

The conference report on the bill to create a general staff in the army, was adopted.

After some further routine business, the house went into committee of the whole and resumed consideration of the sundry civil bill.

When the item appropriating $60,000 for the care of the executive mansion was reached, Mr. Gaines, (Tenn.) asked why this appropriation had been increased from $25,000.

Mr. Cannon, (Ill.) replied by calling attention to the enlargement of the White House and the construction of the new executive offices. These changes, he said, increased the expenses.

Mr. Gaines quoted the report of Colonel Bingham to substantiate a claim, but the increased expenses at the White House were due to the large amount of entertaining done by the president. He did not believe the people should be taxed for these entertainments. He was sorry $600,000 had been spent to remodel the old White House.

Mr. Cannon, in reply, was glad the old White House had been overhauled, but confessed that the new executive offices had disappointed him. "I think," said he, "we were entitled to a better building for the money."

Mr. Fitzgerald, (N. Y.) referred to a newspaper report that Colonel Bingham's transfer had been due to his holding up certain vouchers in connection with the White House improvements.

"Will not the gentleman state that Colonel Bingham says he was transferred at his own request?" asked Mr. Graham (Pa.).

"Oh," replied Mr. Fitzgerald, "it is the common thing for officers whose future is in the service, to make statements exonerating their superiors. But in my opinion, it reflects upon the president of the United States to have it intimated that an officer is being coerced into approving expenditures his judgment does not sanction."

Mr. Cochran (Mo.) inveighed against the growing extravagance in official circles, the constant demand for increased salaries and allowances. He described official functions as an attempt to imitate court circles abroad. Poor men could not accept positions in the cabinet or on the bench because of the social expenses entailed and he thought that was an argument for a returning to the simpler methods of olden days.

Mr. Simms (Tenn.) denominated the executive office as a "hen coop," which would invite the attack of anarchists.

An amendment, offered by Mr. Gaines, to reduce the appropriation from $60,000 to $40,000, was voted down without division.

The appropriation of $3,000,000 for the relief of the distress in the Philippines coming up, Mr. Jones (Va.) moved to reduce the vote from $3,000,000 to $1,500,000.

Mr. Robinson (Ind.) thought if there was necessity for relieving the distress in the Philippines the money should be loaned, not donated.

After some debate by Messrs. Williams (Ill.), Crumpacker (Ind.), and others, Mr. Jones' amendment was voted down, 21 to 56.

At 5:15 the house adjourned.

PART OF DAY FOR MEMORIAL

Joint Session of Dakota Legislature to Pay Tribute to Fathers of the Nation.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 12.—(Special Telegram.)—The senate held a short session today, only passing a few bills, the principal ones being to appropriate money for the erection of cottages at the Soldiers' Home at Hot Springs; to provide for the sale of certain tracts at the reform school and the purchase of others in their stead; and house bills to appropriate $494 deficiency in the expense account of the governor's office, and to give the members of board of regents of education a salary of $1,000 per year each.

The house transacted no business until after the joint memorial session, which consisted of prayer by Chaplain Notson of the senate, music, a solo by State Superintendent G. W. Nash; address, "Our Country," by Senator McDougal; "McKinley," by Senator Branson; "Washington," by Representative Carroll, and "Lincoln," by Representative Hayes; duet by Mr. Glenn Lillibridge and Miss Deette Lillibridge.

The house committee reported favorably on bills to prevent public officials from securing profit on public supplies; to increase the bond of the state treasurer to $500,000; to pay judgment for deficiency in salary of Judge Julian Bennett, and providing for militia encampment grounds at Lake Kampeska.

Unfavorable reports were made on bills to establish the office of commissioner of irrigation and to abolish days of grace. The bill to provide punishment for Sabbath breakers was reported without recommendation.

On motion of Price the house fixed 10 o'clock tomorrow as the hour of meeting.

The principal house bills introduced were by May, to provide for incorporation of telephone companies; by Madison, amending the law in regard to adulteration of food products; by judiciary committee, providing for drawing of jurors in counties not organized into civil townships; by Rempfer, allowing boards of trustees of towns to fix fire limits; by Hamm, requiring deposits for expenses by parties petitioning for establishment of highways.

The house passed the house bill fixing the poll list as the basis of estimating population, when same is used as basis for fixing salaries of county officials.

PLENTY OF WORK FOR COURT

Criminal and Civil Docket Both Contain Some Important Cases.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—The February term of circuit court for the Eighth judicial circuit of South Dakota, is in session at Deadwood, and the grand jury is at work.

There are several criminal assault cases to be considered by the grand jury, in which a number of well known men are involved, and sensational developments are looked for. The arrests were made several months ago, and the principals were released under bonds. It is expected that the bonds of a number will be forfeited, as the men have left the country, and their bondsmen have been trying for several weeks to locate them. The girl in the case is only 14 years old, and the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Deadwood has taken up the case to assist in the prosecution.

If Albert Turner, charged with the murder of E. M. Dunlap at Lead, is returned from Nebraska in time to be given a hearing before the grand jury adjourns, it is probable he will be indicted. Otherwise the case may go over until the next grand jury assembles.

Next Monday the petit jury will report and the civil calendar will be taken up. The famous flour bin case from Spearfish will be tried, and will probably be the most important civil cause to be heard. This is a case wherein the Bank of Spearfish is suing to recover on notes given by prominent citizens of Spearfish to Messrs. Camp & Cross for patent rights. Camp & Cross sold the notes to the bank, and payment was resisted on the ground that fraud had been practiced in obtaining the notes. The case was tried here two years ago and the court instructed the jury to return a verdict for the bank. The case was appealed and a new trial was ordered by the supreme court.

MANY CATTLE ARE PERISHING

Stockmen from the South Dakota Ranges Bring In Very Gloomy Reports.

BONESTEEL, S. D., Feb. 12.—Stockmen from the range country report that cattle are perishing by hundreds. A Tripp county man lost over 300 steers.

The deep snow begins about fifty miles west of here and the range for 100 miles west of that point is covered with snow two feet deep, making it impossible for stock to secure food.

Boys Burn Water Tank.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Feb. 12.—(Special.)—Small boys set fire to the old water tank in Deadwood and it was entirely destroyed. It had been in disuse several years, since the building of a new reservoir, but the city had intended to repair it and use it again. The tank was built in 1879, immediately after the destruction of Deadwood by fire. Had it been completed thirty days sooner it is not likely that the fire would have proven so destructive. It was of 220,000 gallons capacity, and was constructed by the Homestake Mining company for the city of Deadwood.

BALDWIN SPEAKS ON TRUSTS

Union Pacific Attorney Discusses Tariffs and Industrial Combines.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 12.—The annual banquet of the Association of Young Republicans of Missouri was given tonight at the Midland hotel, over 500 plates being laid.

Louis P. Aloe of St. Louis acted as toastmaster. Among those who responded to toasts were John N. Baldwin of Council Bluffs, who spoke on the "Tariff and the Trusts;" Arthur W. Brewster of St. Joseph, Mo., who spoke to "1904."

At the meeting of the association in the afternoon Herbert S. Hadley of Kansas City was elected president for the ensuing year.

Sure Aid to Long Life.

Electric Bitters give an active liver, perfect digestion, healthy kidneys, regular bowels, fine appetites, or no pay. 50c. For sale by Kuhn & Co.

SEE THIS WEEK'S

THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

Your dealer will supply you, at 5 cents the copy, with the handsomest weekly magazine published, or we will mail it every week to any address

From now to July 1 on receipt of only 50 cents

In this week's number, date of February 14:

The Real Boss of the United States

By David Graham Phillips

The power *behind* "the power behind the throne." A personality abhorring notoriety, noise, conspicuousness of any sort, which yet reaches across all party divisions, and even in apparent defeat secures its secret desires.

The Stock Exchange From the Inside

By S. Mac Reynolds

Who it is that pays for the privilege of shearing the gentle lamb.

Three in a Game

By Morley Roberts

The ingenious device of two rivals for a San Francisco beauty, who, with the aid of "Shanghai" Smith, of the Barbary Coast, succeeded in shanghaing themselves.

Putting on the Play

By Clyde Fitch, Laurence Marston and others

The foresight, labor, time, money and anxiety spent behind the scenes before the curtain goes up the first night.

A Start in Life

By I. K. Friedman

The first adventures of a beggar who decides to set up in business for himself.

These are but a few of the many good things in this week's number. Handsomely printed and illustrated. 500,000 copies weekly.

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

FIVE TURF COMPANIES CLOSED

St. Louis Betting Corporations Fail to Find Patrons' Cash.

GRAND JURY STARTS INVESTIGATION

All Other Criminal Work is Dropped Till Probe Has Sunk Deep Into Alleged Fraudulent Schemes of Racing Men.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Feb. 12.—At the end of the third day's run on the co-operative turf investment companies by investors demanding the return of their deposits the result stands:

E. J. Arnold and company—All payments suspended.

John J. Ryan and company—All payments suspended.

International Investment company—All payments suspended.

Christy Syndicate Investment company—All payments suspended.

United Turf Investment company—Office closed.

Crowds of men and women, eager to regain their investments, surged into the offices of the various investment companies today and all were doomed to disappointment excepting the International Investment company investors, which continued to meet its obligations till about 2 o'clock, when it also suspended and demanded the stipulated thirty days' notice of withdrawal.

The United Turf Investment company did not open its offices today, a sign on the door announcing that payments had been suspended indefinitely.

Investors in the firm of John J. Ryan and company awaited with hope the return from Cincinnati of Manager John J. Ryan. He arrived this morning and the hope was dissipated by his announcement that the assets of his firm were not sufficient to meet the demands for withdrawals.

The investors in the firm of E. J. Arnold and company generally have given up all hope of recovering anything.

Late this afternoon the February grand jury dropped all other business in order to take up the investigation of the turf investment companies.

Mr. Ryan was summoned to appear before that body and a similar subpoena was issued for the appearance of Mr. Arnold, who is reported to be in Hot Springs.

Arnold Claims Solvency.

At the offices of E. J. Arnold & Co., while no money was being paid out, it was asserted by Manager E. A. Gill that the company is entirely solvent. "We will pay every dollar we owe," he said. "In fact, the company's liability will not exceed $20,000 and its assets are worth twice that sum, but it takes time. If these people had not tied us up I would have realized on $100,000 worth of property before this time and have paid off the subscribers."

John J. Ryan of John J. Ryan & Co. returned to St. Louis from Cincinnati this morning. "I don't know what our cash balance is just yet," said Mr. Ryan, "but I do know that it is not sufficient to meet the demands of our subscribers. Investors will have to take whatever is left."

The Christy syndicate announced today that it had suspended all business for a few days and would neither receive any money, return any deposits or pay any dividends.

A clamorous crowd stood before the entrance of the International Investment company's office today. Officers wanted the entrance and permitted only a few to enter at a time. The International company has paid off investors during the two days of the run and announced that payments would be continued today.

The United Turf and Investment company closed its doors today. A sign posted on the door read: "Office closed until further notice. Due to investigation."

This firm continued payment of dividends until Wednesday night, but no deposits have been returned since the run began.

After a time the demands for cash became so great that the International company took advantage of the thirty-day clause in its contracts with investors, and announced that nothing more would be paid out until after the allotted time.

The February grand jury today began an investigation into the methods of the Turf Investment companies. Officials of the Arnold and Ryan companies were the first to be summoned. Subpoenas were issued for John J. Ryan and F. J. Arnold, ordering them to appear and bring their books and accounts before the grand jury. Ryan appeared but Arnold has not been found.

PREFERS DEATH TO CAPTURE

Man Who is Surrendered by Officers Puts a Bullet Through His Heart.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 12.—Near Lenape, Kan., today Clifford Davenport, wanted in Kansas City, Kan., for several minor offenses, killed himself while surrounded by detectives, rather than submit to arrest.

The officers had tracked Davenport, who was 21 years old, to the home of his brother-in-law, and sent word that they intended to take him.

Davenport barred the doors, and, going to an upper room, shot himself twice, the second bullet entering his heart.

ASK MORE POWER FOR PEOPLE

Kansas Legislative Houses Both Petition for Direct Popular Vote on Senators.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 12.—Both houses of the Kansas legislature agreed today to a resolution memorializing congress to submit an amendment providing that United States senators shall be elected by direct vote of the people.

Only two members voted against the resolution, which will be immediately sent to congress.

Contributions for the Starving.

STOCKHOLM, Feb. 12.—The government representative who is supervising the relief measures in the north of Sweden informs the Associated Press that the American contributions now amount to over $25,000. Sweden has contributed $125,000 cash and $75,000 in kind. He estimates the losses through the crop failure at about $1,000,000.

WAIVES DEMAND FOR CASH

Germany Willing to Receive Payment in Installments.

PROTOCOLS NOW READY FOR SIGNATURE

Bowen Expects to Dispose of First Step in Venezuelan Settlement at British Embassy This Morning.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—At the urgent suggestion of Baron von Sternberg the German government has agreed to waive its demand for a cash payment of $340,000 and has accepted the proposition of its minister that it receive this money from Venezuela in five monthly installments, the first installment to be paid two weeks after the signing of the protocol.

This fact was communicated to Mr. Bowen this morning and the German minister hopes to have his protocol ready for signature within the next twenty-four hours.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—The probability is that the first Venezuelan protocols will be signed tomorrow.

Mr. Bowen has had a busy day conferring with the English and Italian ambassadors and the German minister regarding various features of the protocol, with the result that they are practically in final shape. The signatures will probably be affixed at the British embassy, as Sir Michael Herbert is hardly well enough to venture out.

ADMITS RAILROAD TOOK COAL

Rock Island Superintendent Says Orders Were Given to Stop Confiscation.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 12.—General Superintendent Hiram S. Cable of the Rock Island was examined by the legislative coal famine commission today on the subject of confiscation of coal in transit by the road.

He recalled instances of confiscation, but said orders had been issued that no state coal should be confiscated except where the only alternative was the stoppage of trains. He believed a law prohibiting the confiscation of coal would be perfectly just.

Made Her Young Again

HAIR-HEALTH always brings back the natural and beautiful color of youth to gray, faded or bleached hair. Gives new life and growth to thin hair. Prevents dandruff and baldness. *Is not a dye,* but a hair food, and positively restores gray hair to its youthful color. A healthful hair dressing *for men and women;* its use cannot be detected. See how Mrs. Mason, Nuttellburgh, W. Va., was made young again by using

HAY'S HAIR-HEALTH

"Find enclosed $1.50 for which send 6 bottles of Hair-Health. I am delighted with the bottle sent me. My hair was so gray that I was ashamed for anyone to see me, and being so young it almost killed me to think my hair was getting white so long before I was an old woman, *but thanks to Hair-Health, a gray hair cannot be found in my head* and I have not used all of one bottle."

LARGE 50c. BOTTLES. AT LEADING DRUGGISTS.

Free Soap Offer Good for 25c. cake HARFWA SOAP.

Cut out and sign this coupon in five days, take it to any of the following druggists and they will give you a large bottle of Hay's Hair-Health and a 25c. cake of Harfina Medicated Soap, the best soap for Hair, Scalp, Complexion, Bath and Toilet, both for Fifty cents; regular price, 75c. Redeemed by leading druggists everywhere at their shops only, or by the Philo Hay Specialties Co., 229 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J., either with or without soap, by express, prepaid, in plain sealed package on receipt of 50c. and this coupon.

Name.....

Address.....

GUARANTEE Any person purchasing Hay's Hair-Health anywhere in the U. S. who has not been benefited, may have his money back by addressing PHILO HAY SPECIALTIES CO., 229 Lafayette St., Newark, N. J.

Refuse substitutes. Insist on having Hay's Hair-Health.

Following Druggists supply Hay's Hair-Health and Harfina Soap in their shops only:

OMAHA:—KUHN & CO., 15th and Douglas, BELL DRUG CO., 1216 Farnam, BOYELL DRUG CO., 16th and Capitol, MYERS-DILLON DRUG CO., 16th and Farnam, MERCHANT, 16th & J Howard, SARATOGA PHAR., 24th and Ames, SCHMIDT, 24th and Cuming, JOHNSON, 16th and O'Brien, CRISSEY PHAR., Lake and 24th, FREYTAG, 1914 N. 24th. COUNCIL BLUFFS:—DAVIS, 236 W. B'way., DEHAVEN, 332 B'way., BROWN, 527 Main, WHALEY, 416 B'way., MORGAN, 142 B'way.