

SPRINGER ASKS UNITY

Live Stock Association President Urges Members to Stand Together.

CALLS FOR LEGISLATIVE PROTECTION

Serves Notice that Ranchers and Packers Must Be Treated Alike.

SECRETARY SUPPORTS ANTI-SHODDY BILL

Consumer and Wool Grower Both Need Congressional Aid.

KELLY FORESEES LOWER CATTLE PRICES

Says Animals Will Temporarily Sell Lower, Though Eventually American Will Supply Whole World with Meat.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 13.—John W. Springer's attack upon the beef trust and the passage of memorials to congress urging laws for the betterment of the live stock industry were the featured items of the first day's session of the sixth annual convention of the National Live Stock Association.

The president, after declaring that "the American stockman proposes to take care of himself," served notice that those interests "must receive protection from the congress of the United States just as long as the finished products made from raw materials are heavily protected."

Ask Immediate Action.

One memorial, which was telegraphed to Senator Frye tonight, was as follows:

Your petitioners, the National Live Stock Association of the United States, representing the farmers and stockmen of the United States, desire through you to call attention to the Senate bill, House resolution 1522—a bill which provides for the regulation of the live stock industry in the United States and the United States territories and possessions.

Another memorial was addressed to Chairman Payne of the ways and means committee of the house and urged that the Grovernor bill, now being held in committee, be reported once.

Governor A. M. Dockery was to have extended a welcome on behalf of the state, but he was ill and unable to be present. Mayor James A. Reed took his place and, in an eloquent address, he declared the delegates, speaking for the city and state.

The response on behalf of the association was made by Peter Jansen of Nebraska, who spoke in glowing terms of the work before the convention, and the future importance of the National Live Stock Association.

Then John W. Springer of Denver, president of the association, delivered his annual address. It was a forceful paper and dealt with directness upon the legislation, pending and proposed, and the protection of the live stock industry.

Learned Costly Lesson.

We have learned at very dear cost that while we may differ on politics and religion, we must stand together in a national organization if we would hold our own in the great commercial struggle now going on.

Let it be understood, here and now, that the American stockman proposes to take care of himself, and that he will not be supplanted at the doors of the federal congress by any foreigner, and that he will not be supplanted by any policy which seeks to take away from him the fruits of his industry.

Our allied interests stand with American labor and together we hold the balance of power in this country. Our interests are identical and our aims are identical. We must stand shoulder to shoulder for the protection of the live stock industry.

Favor Anti-Shoddy Bill.

We are strongly urging upon the present ways and means committee to report favorably the Grovernor anti-shoddy bill and to force the passage of this bill by each piece of cloth as to just what provisions it will contain, cotton, etc., in order that the man buying clothing, and who knows what he is getting, cannot be too easily misled.

The bill extending the shipping laws from twenty-eight to forty hours, which has passed the house, is a piece of legislation which is a reciprocity which reciprocates. We advocate a give and take policy such as the United States has.

It is expected that Mr. O'Connell will choose a German to fill the post of vice rector of the university.

HONOLULU IMPORTS COREANS

Planters Try New Nationality in Long Search for Sugar Laborers.

HONOLULU, Jan. 13.—The steamer Gaelic arrived here today from the Orient, with 102 Coreans, including twenty-five women, who will be put to work on the sugar plantation with a view to testing their efficiency as laborers.

It is thought they will accomplish more work than the average plantation laborer and are expected to prove much more valuable than the Porto Rican laborers brought here last year.

Vienna, Jan. 13.—Countess Lonyay, the former Crown Princess Stephanie of Austria-Hungary, who it has been asserted in the newspapers, had been deserted by her husband, Count Elmer Lonyay, has telegraphed to the New Yorker Journal from Cape Martin, France, as follows: "Stories untrue. Count here. Deny impertinent rumors."

Fight Against Oligomargarine Bill.

Half of the Judges of the supreme court of the United States uphold the position taken by the officers of the National Live Stock Association in their long fight against the oligomargarine bill. It will ultimately sustain that as a law and our position be maintained that it was class legislation pure and simple and against the best interests of the people.

BLOCKADE IS TO CONTINUE

Britain Confers with Allies, but Sees No Prospect of Removing Ships.

LONDON, Jan. 13.—President Castro's report that the powers raise the blockade bill in the senate is believed to be a trap. It is inclined to the belief that a pension of the blockade would reduce matters to the same status that existed at the beginning of the dispute, and it appears probable that Great Britain will advocate a continuation of the blockade.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The Foreign office officials here, commenting upon the statement that Italy is supporting President Castro in his reported demand that the powers raise the blockade, say this is quite incredible.

LA GUAYRA, Venezuela, Jan. 13.—The Russian bark Feodor, from Cardiff, with a cargo of coal for the La Guayra-Caracas railroad, arrived during the morning and was ordered to leave. The bark, however, continued heading for the port until the British cruiser Tribune arrived, fired two blank shots and signalled to the boat to approach. Feodor then anchored outside the port when the captain was allowed to land and communicate with the consigner of the vessel's cargo. Feodor can only remain here five days, after which it must leave.

The United States gunboat Marietta arrived today from Curacao, with mails of the Red D line steamer Zita, which reached Willemstad on January 11.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Vice Admiral Lord Charles Berezford, who arrived from England today, said regarding the Venezuelan affair:

It will touch Great Britain the extreme danger of international complications by allowing unlimited trade credit to a bankrupt country, and then trying to collect debts by coercion. I personally, am a strong advocate of the bill proposed by the South American republic, however, will be a menace to the world's peace and commerce.

The committee reported the bill, but will not call it up in the house for consideration, as originally introduced. The decision having been reported to bring it up under a rule tomorrow.

PRUSSIAN DIET REOPENED

Speech from the Throne is Read by the Chancellor, Count Von Buelow.

BERLIN, Jan. 13.—The Prussian Diet was reopened today. The chancellor, Count von Buelow, read the speech from the throne. No mention was made of foreign matters nor of the canal bill. The speech took a gloomy view of the finances of Prussia. It said the accounts for 1902 closed with a deficit of \$27,000,000 and against the revenue and expenditure, in consequence of the depression in agriculture, trade and industry a further depreciation in the receipts of several of the administrative departments would result.

After the adjournment of the senate today the republican members of the committee on finance held a conference of more than an hour's duration and discussed the various suggestions for the removal of the tariff on anthracite coal.

They had before them the text of the house bill granting a rebate for twelve months and practically agreed to accept it without alteration if the democratic committee could be induced to allow it to be reported without delay.

The option was unanimous that the situation called for prompt action and the senate committee will be called together, perhaps tomorrow, immediately after the house passes the bill.

BATTLE BEGINS IN MOROCCO

Fight is in Progress Between Troops of Sultan and the Pretender.

MADRID, Jan. 13.—Fighting is proceeding between the troops of the sultan of Morocco and the forces of the pretender to the throne, according to a dispatch received by the Globe from Fez.

The followers of the pretender are said to be overcoming the imperial troops. The correspondent of the Globe adds that the inhabitants of Fez have risen against the sultan, and that anxiety reigns at Rabat, where the Europeans are in fear of an immediate attack by the pretender's forces.

The sultan's representative at Tangier has been ordered to advise cattle and to send reinforcements to the sultan's forces. LONDON, Jan. 13.—The latest advices received here from Fez say that with the exception of the members of the staff of General Sir Harry MacLean, commander of the sultan's bodyguard, the British residents, including women missionaries, left January 8, and have since arrived at the coast.

POPE LEO WISHES PROGRESS

Appointment of New University Rector Viewed as Proof of Educational Enlightenment.

ROME, Jan. 13.—The appointment of Mgr. Dennis O'Connell as president of the Catholic university, is regarded in vatican circles as confirmation of the pope's determination to pursue a progressive line in educational matters.

His holiness trusts that Mgr. O'Connell will carry out the design of making the university a center of distribution of educational knowledge, and that the progress of this plan will have an immediate effect on the clergy of the United States in accordance with the policy of rallying all Catholics to the cordial support of the university.

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COAL TO GO ON FREE LIST

Ways and Means Committee Bill Provides for a Rebate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—The ways and means committee of the house today decided to report a bill providing for a rebate, equal to the duty now imposed, on all kinds of coal coming from all countries for a period of one year.

This bill is a substitute for the one introduced by Representative Hill of Connecticut, which provided for a rebate of 10 per cent on coal of every form and description imported into the United States from foreign countries for the period of one year from and after the passage of this act.

The bill adopted provides: That the secretary of the treasury be and he is hereby authorized and required to make full rebates of duties on coal of every form and description imported into the United States from foreign countries for the period of one year from and after the passage of this act.

Representative Richardson (Tenn.) proposed an amendment striking out the words "for a period of one year," which was voted down. He then proposed an amendment placing all coals on the free list, which was likewise voted down.

The final vote on the adoption of the bill was unanimous. The bill was reported to the house by the committee.

The committee reported the bill, but will not call it up in the house for consideration, as originally introduced. The decision having been reported to bring it up under a rule tomorrow.

Purely Emergency Measure. The report of the committee, submitted to the house by Chairman Payne, after recommending the passage of the bill, says: "This is an emergency measure demanded by the scarcity and high price of coal resulting from the recent coal strike in the anthracite coal mines."

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BURLINGTON TRAIN WRECKED

Spreading Rails Killed Engineer and Injured Four Trainmen on Quincy Road.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 13.—The St. Paul passenger train, with Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, due in St. Louis at 2:55 p. m., and running fifty miles an hour to make up lost time, was wrecked this evening by spreading rails five miles northeast of Alton, Ill., killing the engineer and injuring four trainmen.

The engine was overturned, the baggage, mail, express and one coach, four in all, were thrown on their sides and the Pullman sleepers and remaining coach left the rails, but remained upright. No passengers were injured.

The dead: FRANK HORN, engineer, Beardstown, Ill. The injured: G. I. Mitchell, mail clerk, Rock Island, Ill. W. J. Berry, mail clerk, Winchester, Ill. Charles Pollard, baggage man, Rock Island, head out.

A. H. Pollard, conductor, brother of above, Rock Island, bruised.

TRAINMEN FEEL CONFIDENT

Express Opinion that They Will Get Increase in Wages of Twenty Per Cent.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 13.—A conference with reference to the demand of trainmen for higher pay is being held in the general offices of the Frisco railroad between the officials of the western, southwestern and southern divisions, with headquarters here, and the representatives and committees of the Order of Railway conductors and the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

The railroad men are still confident that they will receive the increase of 20 per cent which they demand. They are confident that the railroad men are still confident that they will receive the increase of 20 per cent which they demand.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 13.—The adjustment committee of the conductors' and brakemen's organizations of the Santa Fe will adjourn here in a few days. There they will meet Third Vice President Kendrick and discuss with him the wage scale.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Jan. 13.—The grievance committee of the Louisville & Nashville engineers today presented a demand for a 10 per cent increase in wages.

NAME COADJUTOR BISHOP

Catholic Prelates Meet in St. Louis and Select Three Candidates.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Jan. 13.—At the residence of Archbishop Kain the suffragan bishops of the archdiocese of St. Louis met today and selected three candidates for the position of coadjutor bishop of St. Louis, with right of succession to Archbishop Kain.

The bishops in attendance were: Bishop Fink of Leavenworth, Kan.; Bishop Henneman of Wichita, Kan.; Bishop Cunningham of Concordia, Kan.; and Bishop Glenn of Kansas City, Mo. Bishop Burk of St. Louis was the absentee.

Bishop Glenn has already been selected as one of three candidates by the priests of the diocese. He was second on his list, Bishop Dunne of Dallas, Tex., being first, and Bishop Messmer of Green Bay, Wis., third.

DRUNKEN DANCERS DO MURDER

Kill Marshal and Deputy Who Endeavor to Keep Them Quiet.

CAIRO, Ill., Jan. 13.—At a dance at Moorehouse, Mo., last night James and Dolphus Hill of Johnson county, Mo., beat up Marshal Dan Lane and Deputy Marshal John Taylor were called in to restore peace. Dolphus Hill shot and killed Lane, while James Hill fatally cut Taylor. The Hills started to leave the house by Taylor shot and wounded one of them, but they made their escape. Search parties have been organized, but the murderers are still at liberty.

PUSH TOBACCO TRUST FIGHT

Cigar Dealers Organize National Body in Chicago to War on Combine.

CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Independent cigar dealers from most of the large cities met here today to form a national organization to fight the tobacco trust, which is said to have invaded retail circles. I. Laitor of the department of publicity of the Independent Cigar Dealers' Association of America addressed the gathering. He declared cigar men to be "pioneers in the fight for liberty" and that the eyes of the nation were upon them.

NO CRIME TO STEAL COAL

Prisoners Are Released and No More Prosecutions Will Be Undertaken in Toledo.

TOLEDO, O., Jan. 13.—The workhouse board has issued an order setting at liberty all prisoners held for stealing coal from the railway yards and tracks.

The order includes directions to the superintendent to receive no more prisoners from any court sending them in for petty coal thefts.

It is said that no prosecutions for coal thefts will be recognized by the board during the coal famine.

DISCHARGED TROOPS ARRIVE

Transport Brings Eleven Hundred Soldiers Home for Whom Army Has No Use.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—The transport Logan arrived here today from the Philippines, with 1164 discharged soldiers on board. One-half of the soldiers on board were dishonorably discharged and the others, or most of them, were weeded out of the service as undesirable. In spite of the records of the men, perfect discipline was maintained during the trip.

IDAHO ELECTS A SENATOR

Judge Weldon B. Heyburn of Wallace is Man Favored by the Legislature.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 13.—Judge Weldon B. Heyburn of Wallace was elected United States senator by the Idaho legislature today.

LEASING BILL IN SENATE

Nebraska Delegation Finally Agrees Upon Measure Effecting Grazing Land.

IS PREPARED IN INTERIOR DEPARTMENT

Representative Mandell Opposes Free Coal Bill, Asserting It Will Injure the Industry in Wyoming.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Jan. 13.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Dietrich, who has been an ardent and persistent advocate of some form of leasing measure, has had constant friction between the government and cattle growers of Nebraska, today submitted a draft of a bill to his colleagues of the Nebraska delegation, which met with general approval.

The bill which the senior senator presented to the conference, he stated, was largely prepared by Assistant Attorney General Vandevanter of the interior department and in some particulars followed the Lacey land leasing bill introduced at the last session.

Senator Dietrich explained several sections of the bill and urged upon the delegation united action. In view of the importance of the measure to Nebraska it was agreed that the bill should be sent to the president of the senate and speaker of the house of representatives of the Nebraska legislature, members of the Nebraska delegation in congress calling upon these gentlemen to present the bill to their bodies and that in event of these bodies agreeing to the measure that they meet in congress to pass the measure. It was the consensus of opinion among those in attendance at the conference that the bill was the best that would meet the approval of the secretary of the interior and in view of this condition concerted action was agreed.

Congressman Stark desired to insert into the bill a clause empowering the president to make proclamation of land to be set aside for grazing purposes, but when he found that the bill was wholly designed to benefit Nebraska he withdrew the motion and stated that as the bill safeguarded the rights of homesteaders he would give the bill his support.

Congressman Shallenberger, who has insisted that thirty sections was too large a tract to lease to any one holder, as had been provided in former measures, presented to congress, expressed himself as satisfied with the section limiting the maximum of acres to be leased to any one person to twenty sections and he joined Stark in seconding the motion to refer the bill to the committee on the interior.

After the conference, which was most harmonious the Nebraska delegation has held in a long time and which was attended by every member of the Nebraska delegation now in Washington, Senator Dietrich introduced the bill in the senate.

The text of the bill follows: That the secretary of the interior be authorized to lease sections for such use as he may determine, but such lease shall be for a term not exceeding twenty sections in any single lease and for such time not exceeding a period of ten years as he shall see reasonable, such of the public lands within the state of Nebraska as are available for leasing for such purposes and are not required by their natural condition for live stock grazing purposes and are not required for any other purpose.

Not more than one lease shall be directly or indirectly made to or held by the same person, and no lease shall be transferable, without the approval of the secretary of the interior. As far as possible bona fide settlers, and bona fide homesteaders shall have a preference in leasing the lands herein provided for in this act over such homestead settlers or private owners as are desirous of leasing the same.

So long as any lease fully complies with the terms of this act, but not beyond the term for which the lease is given, he may be extended by the secretary of the interior, and the lands so leased shall continue to be subject to settlement and acquisition by qualified persons who are desirous of leasing the same.

Every lease and transfer of any lease shall, as a condition precedent to obtaining the same, be subject to the approval of the secretary of the interior, and he may require to agree in writing that he will not, directly or indirectly, violate any of the provisions of the act of congress, and that he will not, in any manner, directly or indirectly, violate any of the provisions of the act of congress, and that he will not, in any manner, directly or indirectly, violate any of the provisions of the act of congress.

The rentals of lands leased hereunder, after deducting the expense of administration, shall be paid to the state of Nebraska; one-fourth shall be paid to the county in which the leased lands lie, and one-half shall be credited to the treasury of the United States for the reclamation of arid lands, approved February 2, 1885.

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The purpose of this act is to provide for the leasing of public lands in the state of Nebraska which are adapted only to grazing purposes, to encourage the improvement, law and protection of the grass therein, and to determine by actual experiment and observation whether a systematic method of leasing such lands for grazing purposes may be justly and advantageously inaugurated and maintained.

Richardson Not Satisfied. Bartlett, pastor, who has been in California for the past fortnight, arrived in Washington today direct from the Pacific coast and at once began a canvass of the situation in regard to the proposed leasing bill. When asked tonight how the bill suited him, Mr. Richardson said: "Had the secretary of the interior submitted the Dietrich bill to me as a personal proposition, I would have refused to accept it, but I was sent here by the Nebraska Stock Growers' association to urge upon congress the passage of some leasing measure. This is the best bill, I believe, we can get. It is suggested here that the Nebraska legislature to say whether it wants this bill or not. If Nebraska wants it, I want it, notwithstanding its terms, but if the stock growers don't want it, then I will be against it."

It is suggested here that the Nebraska Stock Growers' association be at once convened and after passing on the measure, send their representatives to Lincoln to urge upon the legislature the importance of memorializing congress to pass the bill introduced today by Senator Dietrich, which has the approval of Secretary Hitchcock.

Want Fence Law Repealed.

Two hundred small stock growers of Nebraska living at Alliance, Hysanite, Box Butte, Antioch and other towns in the hard hill section of Nebraska and owning about 60,000 head of cattle and sheep have sent a petition to Senator Millard asking that the fence law of 1885 be repealed and asking the passage of some act that will dis-

Grand Jury Indicts Lesser

Twenty-Four Presentments All Told Returned, Most of Them for Bootlegging.

Among the indictments returned by the federal grand jury Tuesday was one against W. R. Lesser, former special agent of the interior department, living at Tama, Ia. Lesser is charged with defrauding the government in the matter of expense accounts. Colonel Maney who was chiefly responsible for Lesser's losing his government position, charged that Lesser, while his duties should have kept him in Nebraska examining into the suspicious land entries, was remaining quietly at home and making regular reports from there. Lesser says that the charges are without the slightest foundation and that he attended in every way to his official duties.

There were twenty-four indictments returned all told, sixteen of which were for selling liquor to Indians. Contrary to general expectation, there were no indictments returned on account of the alleged fraudulent widows' entries or the fencing of public lands.

New Railroad for Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 13.—A certificate authorizing the St. Louis, Kansas City & Colorado railway to extend its line from Union, Mo., to Kansas City was today granted by the secretary of state.

At New York—Arrived: Vadroland, from St. Louis; Falcetta, for Louisville, Ky.; Geo. J. Hesperia, for Marselles, etc. At St. Louis—Arrived: St. Paul, from St. Paul, Minn.; St. Paul, from St. Paul, Minn.; St. Paul, from St. Paul, Minn.

At London—Arrived: Minneapolis, from New York. At New York—Arrived: Kronland, from New York. At St. Louis—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Gross, from New York. At St. Paul, Minn.—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Gross, from New York.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Wednesday and Thursday.

Table with 3 columns: Temperature at Omaha Yesterday, Hour, Degree. Rows for 5 a.m., 8 a.m., 11 a.m., 2 p.m., 5 p.m., 8 p.m., 11 p.m.

POLICEMAN MIXES IN HOLDUP

Takes a Shot at Robbers and Appearance Indicates He Hit One of Them.

The saloon of John Bush at 2601 South Thirtieth street was held up last night by three men, who were seen working so successfully Sunday night, but this time a new element, Policeman Tom Ring and his revolver, entered the game when the holdup was just nicely started and saved \$150 for the house and the private purses of the individuals who were present.

At about 11 o'clock Bush, H. W. Roche of 1617 Cass street, James Lynch, living at Twelfth and Martha streets, and John Ervine, from Twelfth and Bancroft streets, were sitting at cards in a corner of the room. Joseph P. Wagner of 3213 South Eleventh street had just dropped in to get a china pitcher filled with beer. Policeman Ring who with other officers had been detailed to work on the saloon holdups, was sitting at cards in a corner of the room. He had been looking at