"used to these communications." I said that might be the case, but not from England.

On September 27 Vice Admiral Douglass suggested to the admiralty that it would be necessary, in order to bring effective pressure on Venezuela, to blockade the ports of La Guayra, Puerto Cabello and Maracaibo, toward the end of November, and seize all Venezuelan gunboats "until the demands are complied with."

Lord Lansdowne, on October 22, said the blockade was open to some objection, but endorsed the seizure of the vessels.

In another communication, dated November 17, Lord Lansdowne said that Germany concurred in the view that joint action should be maintained until the demands of both governments were satisfied.

After settling with Germany the mode of procedure and the instructions to be sent to the naval commanders, Lord Lansdowne, on November 27, informed Mr. Haggard thereof, and gave instructions as to his course regarding the presentation of the ultimatum and the minister's departure from Caracas, which have been since followed out.

Commons Discusses Affairs.

The House of Commons was crowded this evening when the Venezuelan matter came up for debate. Henry White, the American charge d'affairs, had a seat in the diplomatic gallery.

Lord Cranborne explained that the papers were most voluminous and those issued today were only a summary. Great Britain had to perform police duty and to prevent Venezuela from breaking the law of nations. The United States took the sensible view that Great Britain's insistance that Venezuela should meet her engagements was not an infraction of the Monroe doctrine.

"No country has been more anxious than Great Britain," said he, "to assist the American government in maintaining that doctrine."

Continuing, he said the British government had displayed great forbearance, and it was only after Venezuela had been thrice summoned to do right that the government had been driven to strong measures.

The liberal leader, Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman, voiced his strong dissatisfaction at Lord Cranborne's speech and complained of lack of information.

Mr. Balfour declared there was no justifiation for the assumption that the government was prepared to go to war for the Venezuelan bondholders. The crux of the matter was a series of outrages by Venezuela on British seamen and ship owners, for which not only had compensation been refused, but Great Britain's remonstrance had been entirely disregarded.

In so far as the financial claims were concerned, the government was prepared to agree to a tribunal to assess them equitably.

He added that the United States government had not suggested arbitration, and it was unfortunate Venezuela should not have thought of the advantages of arbitration during the long period covered by the controversy, but on the contrary should have refused all explanation or apology until actually engaged in hostilities.

LONDON, Dec. 16.—With the exception of what is termed Lord Cranborne's unfortunate remarks about it being Great Britain's duty to police the nations, general approval is expressed in this morning's papers, with the tone of the government's explanations.

Situation in Caracas.

CARACAS, Venezuela, Dec. 15.—Inaction reigns in government circles here. The officials do not know what to do and are depending entirely upon the United States to assist them.

A movement is on foot here, headed by prominent doctors and lawyers, to request President Castro to resign and to ask Vice President Ramon Ayala to assume the presidency and form a cabinet without party tendencies. It is also proposed to summon congress to appoint a temporary president and arrange the questions in dispute in a manner satisfactory to all concerned.

General Hernandez el Mocho, who has just been released from prison at Maracaybo, is expected at Caracas tomorrow. His partisans are very active and further trouble is apprehended.

The Venezuelan government announces that Great Britain has opened the navigation of the Orinoco river. Two war ships will patrol the mouth of the river and the river itself. This measure applies only to foreign ships. Vessels flying the Venezuelan flag are excluded.

Forts of Maracaybo Threatened.

The government reports that the German cruiser Panther is going to Maracaybo to destroy the forts there.

Mr. Bowen, at the request of the Dutch minister, Dr. Van Leyden, who is sick at Curacoa, has taken charge of Dutch interests here.

The leading merchants of La Guayra arrived here last night, abandoning that port, owing to fear that it will be shelled today.

At 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon four loud explosions alarmed the city of Puerto Cabello. On investigation it was found that British marines had blown up the subterranean prison cells of Castle Libertabor with dynamite. They also burned all the wooden buildings surrounding the castle and carried away everything that could be transported.

Italy Joins Allies.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—The foreign office today stated that Italy would participate in the blockade by agreement with the allies and that a portion of the coast would be assigned to Italian ships. The proceedings against Venezuela thus become in every respect tripartite.

In official quarters here it is said the Venezuelan vessels sunk off La Guayra were old and worthless revenue cutters and unfit to go to sea, and that the other ships captured have been sent to a certain West Indain port to be refitted for use during the blockade.

The destruction of the Venezuelan craft, it is added, was necessary in order to prevent them from falling into the hands of the Venezuelans, as the German vessels had to leave La Guayra.

Venezuela's proposition, through Mr. Bowen, to submit the questions in dispute to arbitration has now been received here. The Foreign office says this will not delay Germany's and Great Britain's measures previously decided upon.

The officials here do not indicate what will be the final decision in the arbitration proposition, but it was apparently made too late to affect the general situation.

BERLIN, Dec. 15.—Colonel Vertinke, first officer of the German cruiser Vinetta, has been ordered home and placed on waiting orders.

Minister Not on Cruiser.

ROME, Dec. 15.—The statement published in the United States today that Senor Deriva, the minister of Italy at Caracas, had gone on board the Italian cruiser Giovanni Buisan at La Guayra was incorrect.

In the Chamber of Deputies the foreign minister reviewed the causes leading up to the Anglo-German action and said:

"Italy claims damages for its citizens who sustained losses during the insurrection which has disturbed the republic since April, the Italian minister at Caracas having exhausted all efforts to bring about a friendly adjustment, presented a list of claims reduced to a minimum of $2,810,256 bolivars."

Castro Issues Manifesto.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—The following presidential manifesto is now being profusely distributed here, says a World dispatch from Caracas:

Another act of very grave nature on the part of the perfidious foreigner has just been effected against the city of Puerto Cabello, viz.:

The bombardment of that port by the combined fleets of England and Germany without any previous declaration of war or the fulfillment of any of the formalities established by law for carrying on an act of force.

It is no longer an act against the government and the people of Venezuela but against the general principles of civilization and against those nations who have valuable assets in that port, and who, therefore, have a perfect right to expect the fulfillment of the necessary formalities in such cases, which were utterly ignored, as no time was given for the withdrawal of women and children from the dangers of the bombardment.

This not only was cowardly, but it is an insult to all the nations, and I denounce it as such in the name of the principles of civilization professed by Venezuela.

The august shades of our liberators are no doubt rising from their tombs, majestic and severe, to awaken in the Venezuelans in these solemn moments the love of their country, which is once more under painful trial.

I call on you to answer to their summons.

Argentina May Offer Aid.

The Herald correspondent in Caracas says he has learned on reliable authority that the government of Argentina, in a dispatch from Buenos Ayres, has instructed its consular representative to report to Buenos Ayres as early as possible what appears to be the attitude of the United States and what view that government is likely to take of its obligations under the Monroe doctrine in the face of the aggressive action of Great Britain and Germany.

Should the United States decide to remain impassive the government of of Argentina, feeling that the autonomy of all the South American states is jeopardized, is preparing to take a decided stand by the side of Venezuela and to offer assistance to President Castro.

It is believed Chili also entertains similar intentions and many cable messages have been exchanged between official representatives of the Venezuelan government and those of Chili.

Intense excitement continues here over the situation in Venezuela, says the Panama correspondent of the Herald.

Colombians feel they are justified in being alarmed over the situation. It is pointed out that Colombia may soon be brought to account for hundreds of German and British claims, which will be rigorously disputed.

These alleged debts, which grew out of the late revolution, are said to be imaginary, yet with the present interpretation of the Monroe doctrine Colombians feel that they are at the mercy of the capricious whims of European powers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Mr. Bowen has confirmed the press reports to the effect that the guns of the allied fleet which bombarded Puerto Cabello on Sunday, were directed entirely at the fortifications and not at the town.

Regrettable as it was, this statement relieves the affair of the first suspicion that it constituted a violation of international law, in the fact that twenty-four hours notice was not served of the bombardment.

The situation is causing considerable comment among senators, and there is an indication that a resolution of inquiry may be introduced at an early day. This proceeding, in all probability, would have been instituted today but for the fact that assurances were received from the State department that its information is meager. If the subject comes up it will probably be dealt with in executive session.

Among the representatives who have discussed the question with President Roosevelt the question is regarded as serious, but it is not believed the United States will become involved.

Ecuador to Take a Hand.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, Dec. 15.—A patriotic demonstration took place here last night. A large number of people who had attended a meeting went to the Venezuelan and all the other South American consulates, shouting, "Long live Castro," "Long live Venezuela," "Long live the South American country."

The participants before dirpersing adopted a resolution asking President Lopez to protest officially against the action of the allied powers.

Eczema. No Cure. No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure ringworm, tetter, old ulcers and sores, pimples and blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

THREE LIVES LOST IN FIRE

Mother and Two Children Are Burned to Death in New York Tenement.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—Three lives were lost in a tenement house fire in First avenue, near One Hundred and Twenty-sixth street, today.

The dead:

MRS. MARY BOND, 32 years old.
RAYMOND BOND, 7 years old.
ROSE BOND, 5 years old.

Edward Bond was severely burned about the hands and face while trying to save his family, and Helen Bond, 2 years old, was also severely burned.

The loss on the building and contents was $5,000. The Bonds lived on the top floor of the tenement, which was five stories high. There were sixteen families in the house, but all except the Bonds got out safely.

SNYDER TAKES AN APPEAL

New Trial is Denied by St. Louis Judge to Banker and Promoter.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 15.—Judge Ryan today overruled the motion for a new trial filed by attorneys for Robert M. Snyder, the banker and promoter of New York and Kansas City, convicted of bribery, and sentenced to five years in the penitentiary.

Motion for arrest of judgment was filed and overruled. Snyder was then formally sentenced to five years in the Missouri penitentiary.

Snyder's attorneys gave notice of an appeal to the supreme court. Snyder is at liberty on bond.

Montana Man Must Hang.

BUTTE, Mont., Dec. 15.—Charles Lennox was sentenced today to be hanged for the murder of James Williams at Silver Bow Junction last spring.

"'Hamlet' with *Hamlet* left out" —Sir Walter Scott

Suggests silverware which is not

Gorham Silver

Then the essential attribute of the finest silverware, the Gorham trademark, is left out. Insist on seeing it on every piece you buy.

STERLING

All responsible jewelers keep it

MOSBY IS NOT OUT OF FAVOR

Secretary Hitchcock Takes Occasion to Compliment Him on His Work.

MILLARD HOLDS UP MOSLEY APPOINTMENT

Congressman Burkett Takes Up Case of Alex Schlegel and He is Ordered Sworn Into Office.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—(Special Telegram.)—Senator Millard has asked the Postoffice department to defer action on the recommendation of Moseley for postmaster at South Omaha until he can have a conference with the postmaster general.

Colonel John S. Mosby is again in Washington, and today reported at the general land office. The sudden appearance of Colonel Mosby in Washington has given rise to the story that Mr. Mosby, because of some rather breezy interviews printed while the colonel was en route to Omaha, has been recalled by Secretary Hitchcock, in order that censure might be administered. Secretary Hitchcock, however, today said that this was not true. "Colonel Mosby was sent to Omaha upon a special mission, with instructions to report to the general land office upon its completion," said Mr. Hitchcock. "The fact that he returns at this time is only an indication he has accomplished his mission and returns to report. Colonel Mosby has accomplished a good work, and the story that he is in bad odor with this department I wish to deny most emphatically."

Colonel Mosby will have a conference with Secretary Hitchcock tomorrow on several questions growing out of the illegal fencing.

Millard Denies Differences.

A local paper yesterday states that there were growing differences between Senator Millard and Representative-elect J. J. McCarthy of the Third district over the postmasterships, and especially over the postmastership at Ponca, Mr. McCarthy's home town. Senator Millard, who was at the capitol today, after several days' illness, said, in reply to the statement that the Ponca postoffice matter as between McCarthy and himself had never been discussed; that he had announced to all candidates for the postmasterships who had addressed him on the subject that they would first have to secure the recommendation of Mr. McCarthy before any action of his would be taken. While the Ponca office has never been up for consideration, still it would properly come within the terms expressed to candidates throughout the Third district. The term of the present incumbent at Ponca expires next month.

Widow Stays in Philippines.

The friends of Mrs. D. C. Montgomery, wife of the principal of schools in the Philippines who was murdered by ladrones, have been anxious to secure information as to Mrs. Montgomery's future movements and to arrange for her transportation. Senator Millard has taken the matter up with the War department. Today Judge Taft cabled the department that it was Mrs. Montgomery's intention to remain in the Philippines. It is thought here that in view of her failure to accompany the body of her dead husband to the states she will remain until the remains are permitted to leave under present regulations.

Schlegel Gets the Place.

Representative Burkett has taken a hand in the controversy growing out of the appointment of Alexander Schlegel of Lincoln to a position in the surveyor general's office in Idaho. Mr. Schlegel, immediately after the breaking out of the Spanish-American war, went to Porto Rico in a government capacity. After the termination of hostilities he returned to the United States and was transferred to the classified service and placed under the general land office. Some little time ago he was sent to Boise, Idaho, to become chief clerk in the surveyor general's office in that state. The surveyor general refused to permit Mr. Schlegel to qualify as chief clerk on the grounds that he was opposed to civil service reform and he proposed to have a chief clerk of his own choosing. Today Mr. Burkett saw Commissioner Hermann and after explaining the circumstances a peremptory order was issued directing the surveyor general to swear in Mr. Schlegel at once.

New Fixtures for Plattsmouth.

It is Mr. Burkett's desire that the postoffice at Plattsmouth be refurnished and fitted up in keeping with the building in which it is located and its importance as one of the leading offices in his district. The interior furnishings of the postoffice are represented to be entirely inadequate and that they are an eyesore to the public. Consequently he will ask the Postoffice department for an appropriation of $1,000 to $1,200 and that a ten-year lease be made of the present location at an annual rental of this amount of money, so that the owner of the building may place the room occupied in complete repair.

Representative Haugen of the Fourth Iowa district was among the guests of honor at a smoker by Norska Sliska in honor of Bjornson's 70th anniversary Saturday evening. In addition to Mr. Haugen there were present Senators Nelson and Dolliver and Representatives Dahl and Eddy.

Representative Smith of Council Bluffs, speaking of the nomination of Leander M. Schubert to be surveyor of customs at the port of Council Bluffs, said that it was a reappointment, the appointment having been made shortly before the close of the last session of congress, but that the president was unable, in the press of business, to send the nomination to the senate in time for confirmation. Judge Smith said that Mr. Schubert had been surveyor of customs for the last five years.

On behalf of Wheeler H. Peckham, F. D. McKenney of this city made a motion today in the supreme court in the case of South Dakota against North Carolina, fixing the time for argument in this case. The suit is an original action brought for the purpose of making North Carolina pay some of its old obligations.

W. W. Baldwin of Burlington, Ia., is in Washington for a few days.

Urging Land Lease Bill.

A committee from the Nebraska Stock Growers' association, consisting of A. S. Reed of Alliance, Daniel Hill of Gordon and Bartlett Richards were interviewing congressmen today in the interests of the new land leasing bill, which they believe will be a benefit to both the government and cattlemen. They were around getting the views of the committee on public lands as well as calling upon representatives from the cattle growing states. The delegation from Nebraska expects to be in Washington for several days.

Miss Gertrude Dietrich is in Washington this evening as the guest of the president and Mrs. Roosevelt at a dinner. Miss Dietrich will return to her school at Bryn Mawr tomorrow.

Lindsay Feels Satisfied.

State Chairman H. C. Lindsay left yesterday for Nebraska. He was feeling well satisfied with conditions respecting his candidacy for the district attorneyship. He will in all probability return to Washington after the holidays.

Senator Dietrich, acting for Senator Millard, today introduced bills to pension the following residents of Omaha: Henry Russell, at $30, and Thomas Cosgrove, $25.

Representative Martin today recommended for appointment F. H. Fulton to be postmaster at Avon, S. D.

Postmasters appointed: Iowa, Fraser, Boone county, C. E. Bailey; Mount Union, Henry county, J. A. Matthews; Redfield, Dallas county, Mrs. Nancy B. Winters. Wyoming, Big Muddy, Converse county, Charles B. King.

Merritt M. Cooney, Coon Rapids, Ia., has been admitted to practice before the Interior department.

The postmaster general has ordered on March 1 a consolidation of the postoffices at Walsh, Appanoose county, with the postoffice at Centerville, Ia., and in lieu thereof the establishment of station No. 1 at Walsh, with facilities for the transaction of money order and registry business and for the sale of postal supplies. The postoffice at Bristol, Worth county, Ia., has been discontinued.

LEANDER M. SHUBERT NAMED

Nominated by the President for Surveyor of Customs at Council Bluffs, Ia.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The president today sent the following appointments to the senate:

Collector of Customs—Morton Tower, for the district of southern Oregon.

Surveyors of Customs—Leander M. Shubert, port of Council Bluffs, Ia.; James H. Bolton, port of Sioux City, Ia.

Surveyor General of North Dakota—E. S. Williams, North Dakota.

Counsels—Lloyd C. Griscom, Pennsylvania, minister to Japan; Richmond Pearson, North Carolina, minister to Persia.

Postmasters:

South Dakota—N. H. Bonham, Deadwood.

Oklahoma—Elmer B. Brown, Guthaloma; William M. McCullough, Billings; George E. McKinnis, Shawnee.

Colorado—Daniel W. Stone, Trinidad.

Illinois—Thomas M. Crossman, Edwardsville; Harry M. Martin, Shelbyville.

Iowa—Niles L. Brownell, Pomeroy; H. F. Clark, Tabor.

Missouri—John L. Scmitz, Chillicothe.

Nebraska—Donald McLeod, Schuyler.

The senate today confirmed the following appointments:

Postmasters:

Nebraska—D. Swanson, Fremont.

Iowa—B. H. Tamplin, Hull; J. L. Wheelock, Hartley.

Kansas—J. E. Nichols, Atwood.

Consul General—George Sawtere, New York, at Guayaquil, Ecuador.

Interstate Commerce Commission—Martin A. Knapp, New York.

Colonels to be Brigadier Generals—H. S. Hasbrouck, Artillery corps; Robert M. O'Reilley, assistant surgeon general; Thomas Ward, J. P. Sanger, Amos S. Kimball, Chambers M. McKibbin, William Quinton, John I. Rogers and C. C. Hood.

WILL PUSH SPANISH TREATY

Senate Hopes to Dispose of New Document Before Christmas.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—If opportunity offers there will be an effort to secure the ratification of the new treaty with Spain before the adjournment of congress for Christmas. No opposition has developed, but the document and the accompanying papers fill considerable space, requiring time to read and investigate. The treaty was signed at Madrid on July 3 and contains thirty-one articles, comprising the usual demands of a treaty meant to insure amicable relations between nations.

In addition there is an informal agreement confirming the new relationship between the two countries created by the war with Spain, and declaring the Paris peace treaty to be still in effect.

NO FUNERAL PLANS YET

Arrangements to Be Postponed Until the Arrival of General Fred D. Grant.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The arrangements for the funeral of Mrs. Julia Dent Grant, the widow of the former president, will not be made until Brigadier General Fred D. Grant, one of her sons, arrives from the west.

It is expected he will reach here Thursday. The president will take no action on the death of Mrs. Grant beyond the sending of a handsome floral piece from the White House conservatories, conveying an expression of his grief and that of Mrs. Roosevelt.

CARS TO BE DISINFECTED

Cattle Coaches Unloaded in New England Must Be Cleansed Before Proceeding.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—The Department of Agriculture will issue an order tomorrow requiring that all freight cars unloaded in the region affected with the foot and mouth disease shall be disinfected before proceeding.

An exception will be made in the case of cars arriving at official abbatoir points, where the cars may be unloaded and immediately sealed for forwarding.

DEAN CAMPBELL FAIR DEAD

(Continued from First Page.)

not enjoyed a full meal during that day. These have been served always under his personal direction and have been followed by heart-to-heart talks with partakers.

Home for Toiling Women.

In September of last year he established, on Eighteenth street, just off of St. Mary's avenue, a home for toiling womankind, the project being the outcome of frequent appeals to him for a place where those of small salary might feel secure and at home.

The spirit of broad brotherly devotion made him an advocate of fraternal organizations and he was a member of the Knights of Honor, the Royal Templars, the Knights of the Maccabees, the Knights of the Golden Eagle, the Independent Order of Foresters and the Ancient Order of United Workmen. Once each year he conducted a special service for such organizations, inviting them to attend in a body. The contribution of the day was given to those who, through misfortune, had been unable to keep their lodge dues paid in full. The money was given them as a loan and when they had repaid it it was given to others similarly circumstanced, so establishing a perpetual fund.

Sincere in impulse of brotherhood, he was none the less attached to his family—a fact evidenced by the visit he made his mother in Ireland every year until her death twelve years ago. The dean crossed the Atlantic ocean fifty-two times, and not infrequently it was only to see her for such time as elapsed between the arrival and departure of his boat.

MORGAN FORMS NEW TRUST

Through Partner Magnate Combines Harvester Firms in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—G. W. Perkins of the financial house of J. P. Morgan & Co. is said to have completed the details of the new harvester company today.

Mr. Perkins arrived in Chicago on Saturday night and went to the Chicago club, but his presence was kept secret.

YUKON INDIANS DON PAINT

Take to Warpath, Murder Two Men and Loot Store.

TRIPLE EXECUTION CAUSES OUTBREAK

Mounted Police Mobilize and Take Steps for Immediate Suppression of Insurrection of Hiankos on Little Salmon River.

DAWSON, Dec. 15.—Keen excitement and apprehension prevail at White Horse and various points along the line of the new government trail at the report that a band of Hiuako Indians has taken the warpath between the Little Salmon and Petty rivers. A store is reported to have been looted and burned, the proprietor killed and another man fatally injured.

The Little Salmon Indians are said to be panic-stricken at the outbreak and are sending their squaws and children to the police detachment at Tanalus, near the Yukon crossing, for protection.

Major Cuthbert has been fully apprised of the report by wire and has issued an order mobilizing the men in his command, and in case the news of the outbreak is confirmed will leave for Selkirk immediately with fifty men.

It is stated that 150 to 200 Indians are in the hostile parties, headed by two well known chiefs. At last accounts they were holding a war dance and had worked themselves into a murderous frenzy.

Trouble with the Indians in this region has been expected for a long time, because three of their number were hanged in 1899 for the murder of a prospector on the Little Salmon.

While Major Cuthbert is rather reticent as regards details, it is known that the first news of the reported uprising and murder reached here yesterday morning from White Horse.

PAY FAIR WAGES OR QUIT

(Continued from First Page.)

had to stand up all the time and received 65 cents a night.

Judge Gray appeared indignant. He asked where her father worked, and she told him in the mines, and then he added:

"I would like to see the fathers of these girls. It may be a necessity to send them to the mills, but I don't think a father has a right to coin the flesh and blood of his children into money. It's an outrage. I would like to see what instincts he has."

His honor seemed quite angry as he spoke, but, though they remained silent, the other commissioners apparently shared his views.

Mr. Darrow said it was not altogether the fault of the parents, as the employers were to blame for not paying enough wages to permit a man to keep his children in school.

Judge Gray replied: "That may be, but there are miners who receive enough pay to enable them to keep their children out of the workhouse."

A small Slavonian girl, aged 12, who also worked twelve hours each night, received 3 cents an hour.

She was asked whether her father owned the house she lived in, and she replied:

"Yes."

Judge Gray, who was standing up and leaning over to get the girl's answer, straightened up at this, and as he walked to his seat, remarked: "Well, I'd like to see her father."

Another 13-year-old girl said she worked all night in the silk mill at Dunmore for 66 cents a night.

Judge Gray—Does your father own his house?

"Yes, sir; he's my stepfather."

"He is your stepfather? I thought so."

Judge Gray inquired as to the law in Pennsylvania regarding child labor at night. One statute was found which partially covered the case, and the chairman remarked that it seemed the statutes of Pennsylvania did not bother anyone.

Mr. Darrow remarked that the laws could not enforce themselves.

TOWNSMEN HONOR MITCHELL

Present Him with Silver Plate and Engrossed Congratulatory Resolutions.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—John Mitchell, president of the United Mine Workers, was given a warm welcome on his return to his old home in Spring Valley. The day was observed as a holiday and business was suspended in his honor. It is estimated that 3,000 persons took part in the parade that escorted the labor leader through the principal business streets.

The feature this afternoon was the presentation of two sets of resolutions, one by citizens and labor organizations of Spring Valley and the other by the Trades and Labor council.

The former was engraved on a large silver tray, part of a set of five pieces presented to President Mitchell, and congratulated him upon the success achieved for the miners in the Pennsylvania field. The other was embossed on aluminum and encased in a massive frame.

PULLMAN MEN MAKE DEMAND

Ask Shorter Hours and No Sunday Work, with Offer of Strike.

CHICAGO, Dec. 15.—Eight thousand employes of the Pullman company are preparing to support a demand for shorter hours and no Sunday work. Foremen in all the shops were notified today that individually the men would not report for Sunday work hereafter.

The Pullman company has never recognized any of the unions, and no recognition has been asked in this case.

Later it is the purpose of the unions to formulate a night scale providing for a slight advance, and submit it to the company.

Twenty different crafts or trades employed in the shops have been organized.

STONECUTTERS SETTLE STRIKE

World's Fair Workmen Lose Appeal to Union and So Return to Work

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 15.—The strike of stonecutters working on the Louisiana Purchase Exposition Liberal Arts building was ended today. The trouble arose some weeks ago upon the stonecutters demanding that the cutting should be done here instead of at New Bedford, Ind.

The matter was referred to the National Stonecutters' union, and its decision that the stone must be cut in New Bedford has ended the difficulty.

VANDERBILT IS NO WORSE

Unless, There Are Unfavorable Symptoms No More Bulletins Will Be Issued.

NEW YORK, Dec. 15.—At the home of Cornelius Vanderbilt it was said today that there was no change in Mr. Vanderbilt's condition and that unless a change for the worse should occur no more bulletins would be issued.

FOR GOVERNMENT TRANSPORTS

General Luddington Says Official Ships Best Suit Soldiers and Service.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—General M. I. Luddington, quartermaster general of the army, before the house committee on military affairs today advocated continuing the transport service under the control of the War department.

He said the cost of the service as now conducted was about $3,000 less than any of the estimates submitted by private concerns and it would be in the interest of soldiers and the service for the War department to operate its own line, even if it cost more.

Speaking of carrying private parties on government transports, he said the number was insignificant, and whatever abuses had occurred in that direction had already been corrected.

FIFTY BURIED IN RUINS

Many Injured, but no One Killed in Collapse of a Roof in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 15.—The roof of the Pennsylvania railroad roundhouse at the Powellton avenue station, West Philadelphia, collapsed this afternoon, burying fifty men in the ruins. A number of injured have been taken out and removed to hospitals.

Nobody was killed as a result of the accident. Thirty locomotives were damaged by the falling roof. Firemen succeeded in subduing the flames before they made great headway.

Drives All Before It.

Aches and pains fly before Bucklen's Arnica Salve. So do sores, pimples, boils, corns and piles, or no pay. 25c. For sale by Kuhn & Co.

FORECAST OF THE WEATHER

Fair Today in Nebraska and Western Iowa and Warmer Tomorrow.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 15.—Forecast:

Nebraska, South Dakota and Kansas—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday, fair, warmer.

Iowa—Fair in west; clearing in east portion Tuesday; colder in central and east portions; Wednesday, fair, with rising temperature.

Colorado—Fair Tuesday; Wednesday, fair, warmer.

Montana—Warmer Tuesday; Wednesday, fair in east; rain or snow in west portion.

Wyoming—Fair Tuesday; warmer in west portion; Wednesday, fair, warmer.

Illinois—Snow and colder Tuesday, except fair in extreme south portion; brisk to high west to northwest winds near Lake Michigan; Wednesday, fair.

Missouri—Fair Tuesday; colder in east portion; Wednesday, fair, warmer in west portion.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, Dec. 15.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Maximum temperature	24	14	35	28
Minimum temperature	21	—11	29	13
Mean temperature	22	2	32	20
Precipitation	.09	T	T	.00

Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day and since March 1, 1902:

Normal temperature	30
Deficiency for the day	8
Total excess since March 1	208
Normal precipitation	.03 inch
Excess for the day	.06 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	29.91 inches
Deficiency since March 1	.82 inch
Deficiency for cor. period, 1901	6.04 inches
Excess for cor. period, 1900	.05 inch

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER.	Temperature at 7 p. m.	Maximum temperature	Precipitation
Omaha, cloudy	21	24	.01
Valentine, clear	14	18	.00
North Platte, clear	14	26	.00
Cheyenne, clear	16	20	.00
Salt Lake City, clear	28	32	.00
Rapid City, clear	14	32	.00
Huron, snowing	20	20	.10
Williston, clear	—	8	.00
Chicago, cloudy	34	38	.26
St. Louis, cloudy	36	36	.14
St. Paul, snowing	24	26	.54
Davenport, cloudy	28	32	.42
Kansas City, snowing	24	28	.60
Havre, clear	—6	—	.00
Helena, clear	16	20	.00
Bismarck, cloudy	2	12	.00
Galveston, clear	54	58	.00

T indicates trace of precipitation.
—Zero.

L. A. WELSH,
Local Forecast Official.

Why Not Mexico?

You have been to Europe. You have seen California and Colorado. Why not try Mexico? It is worth while.

The curious architecture; the vast plazas, where the entire population of the city gathers nightly to listen to the stirring strains of a military band; the rare beauty of the women; the picturesque attire of the men; the primitive methods of agriculture—these are only a few of the scores of things that can be seen and enjoyed in Mexico in MID-WINTER.

Cut out this ad, send it to us, and we will mail you a book about Mexico. Tells just what you want to know.

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Rock Island System

OMAHA, NEB.

She certainly will be pleased with that

BOX OF CANDY

you give her for Christmas if it is

Woodward's

Kuhn & Co., Druggists

15th and Douglas Sts.

ONLY FIVE MORE DAYS

A. Hospe's "End of the Year Sale" of Good Pianos.

It Will Close Saturday

Numerous Knabes, Kimballs, Kranich & Bach and Other Pianos.

To Be Closed Out at Greatly Reduced Prices, Cash or Easy Payments.

We offer our patrons until Saturday, the closing day of this sale, some very extraordinary price reductions in the highest class pianos made.

This "End of the Year Sale" was inaugurated to clear out a large number of "odds and ends," as it were, some makes we will not carry regularly in the future and odd styles of all makes.

We have quite a number of these left which will go at nearly half price, but from now until Saturday the price inducements we offer in fine, new up-to-date styles of Knabes, Kimballs, Hallet & Davis, Kranich & Bach, Mathushek and other pianos will be of special interest to those who want the highest class pianos in most artistic cases.

In our elegant piano parlors, second floor, you will find these handsome pianos all marked in plain figures, showing extraordinary reductions from the regular retail prices.

Six new inexpensive cased upright pianos, of thoroughly dependable tone quality, to clear out at wholesale prices.

A pretty but plain golden oak-cased upright piano, worth $185; our price this week, $140. Payments, $5 monthly or cash.

A medium size (in height) upright piano, manufacturer's sample, made to sell at $250; price this week, $175. Payments $6 monthly or cash.

A large size parlor upright, discontinued style of a distinguished manufacturer; former price, $325; price this week, only $198. Payments $6 per month or cash.

A large cabinet grand upright piano, in a very handsome mahogany case, art or dull finish, one of Boston's favorite makes, former price, $350; price this week, $235, cash, or payments $8 monthly.

Organs in good playing condition for $18, $21 and $23, and new organs reduced to $37, $43, $51 to $63. Payments $2.50 to $5 monthly.

Early investigation of these special bargains offered for the closing days of this sale is advisable.

Open evenings all this week.

A. HOSPE,

1513-1515 Douglas Street

ATHLETES

TO KEEP IN GOOD TRIM MUST LOOK WELL TO THE CONDITION OF THE SKIN. TO THIS END THE BATH SHOULD BE TAKEN WITH

HAND SAPOLIO

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A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Purifies as well as beautifies the skin. No other cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Disease, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of fifty-five years and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient):

"As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'GOURAUD'S CREAM' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S. and Europe.

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Return engagement of the GORDON-SHAY GRAND OPERA CO.

Tonight—"I PAGLIACCI" and "CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA."

Wednesday — Mat. — "IL TROVATORE." Wednesday Night—"CARMEN."

Prices, Bargain Matinee, 25c, 50c—night 25c to $1.50.

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The romantic drama, "THE POWER BEHIND THE THRONE," with Katherine Willard and a big company.

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00.

MARY MUNCHHOFF

in concert at

BOYD'S, DEC. 23d

Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50.

Reserved seats on sale at the box office Friday, December 19, at 9 a. m.

CRIGHTON Orpheum

Telephone, 1531.

Matinees, Sunday, Wednesday, Saturday, 2:15; Every Night, 8:15.

HIGH CLASS VAUDEVILLE

Valerie Bergere & Co., Three Navaros, Mehan's Dogs, Josephine Sabel, Miles Stavordale Quintette, Dillon Bros. and the Kinodrome.

PRICES—10c, 25c, 50c.

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SPECIAL FEATURE.

LUNCHEON, FIFTY CENTS.

12:30 to 2 p. m.

SUNDAY, 5:30 p. m. DINNER, 75c

Steadily increasing business has necessitated an enlargement of this cafe, doubling its former capacity.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

THE PARK HOTEL HIGH CLASS

Finest Cafe West of New York.

$50,000 in Recent Improvements

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