members of congress and the work of the session.

When he had concluded the speaker directed the clerk to call the roll. Immediately a babel of voices broke out and in the volume of sound that filled the hall the calls of the clerk could hardly be heard.

So great was the confusion that the speaker was obliged to bring the house to order and to admonish both the members and the spectators in the galleries to preserve order. The roll call then proceeded.

The democrats, who are returning after their fifth successive defeat, took the raillery of the republicans good-naturedly.

Two Members Resign.

When the roll call was finished the speaker announced a quorum present. The resignations of Representatives Ray of New York and Hall of Pennsylvania were laid before the house.

The following members, elected during the recess to fill vacancies created by death or resignation, then appeared before the bar of the house and took the oath of office: Augustus B. Gardner, Sixth Massachusetts, vice Secretary Moody, resigned; Alexander William Myer, Seventh Pennsylvania, vice Rufus K. Polk, deceased; Frank B. Brandegee, Third Connecticut, vice Charles A. Russell, deceased; John W. Dwight, Twenty-sixth New York, vice George W. Ray, resigned; Dewitt C. Flannigan, Fourth New Jersey, vice J. S. Salmon, deceased; Carter Glass, Sixth Virginia, vice Peter J. Otey, deceased; Morris Sheppard, Fourth Texas, vice his father, John S. Sheppard, deceased; James J. Butler, Twelfth Missouri, vice himself, he having been unseated at the last session.

Immediately after the swearing in of these members Mr. Taylor of Ohio created a flurry by offering a resolution to investigate the election of Carter Glass in the Sixth Virginia district.

Mr. Richardson, the minority leader, challenged a motion upon the resolution, but as Mr. Taylor did not ask action upon it but only that it be referred to the committee on elections, it was so referred without objection.

A resolution was then adopted for the appointment of a committee of three to wait upon the president and inform him that there was a quorum present and ready to receive any communication. The speaker appointed Messrs. Bingham (Pa.), Hitt (Ill.), and Richardson (Tenn.).

The customary resolutions instructing the clerk to inform the senate that the house was ready to do business and fixing the hour of meeting at noon were adopted.

Mr. Brandegee of Connecticut then announced the death of his predecessor, Mr. Russell, and presented the usual formal resolutions of regret. These were adopted and at 12:56 p. m., as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned until tomorrow.

Wish to Curb Trusts.

A number of bills were introduced affecting commercial combines, but none are administration measures. Several had been shown to the attorney general, but he neither approved or disapproved any of them. It is expected that when the judiciary committee takes the bills up Mr. Knox will be invited to state his views.

A resolution offered by H. C. Smith (Mich.) proposes an amendment to the constitution conferring on congress power to define, regulate, prohibit and dissolve trusts and monopolies.

W. P. Hepburn (Iowa), chairman of the committee on commerce, introduced a bill appropriating $500,000 to be expended under the direction of the attorney general in the employment of special counsel and agents of the Department of Justice to conduct proceedings, suits and prosecutions in the enforcement of the Sherman anti-trust law.

A bill introduced by John Snook (Ohio) aims at securing evidence in such suits and provides that no one shall be excused from testifying.

All these measures were referred to the committee on judiciary.

A bill was introduced by H. C. Smith (Mich.) placing paints, colors, varnishes, glass and glassware, metals and manufactures, pulps, paper, books and coal on the free list.

Tests Color Constitution.

W. P. Brownlow (Tenn.) introduced a bill to create in the Department of Agriculture a bureau to be known as the bureau of public roads with a director at its head. The purpose is to secure uniformity on road construction and a uniform system of taxation for road purposes.

The resolution proposing that the credentials of Carter Glass, elected from the Sixth Virginia district, be referred to the elections committee, was proposed by the chairman, R. W. Taylor. The resolution directs "whether the credentials are based on returns of a lawful election and upon what character of registration lists and under color of what constitution or ordinance such election was held and whether at said election the right of franchise was accorded to all citizens of Virginia alike without regard to race or color, and whether any citizens of the United States who were entitled to vote for members of congress were deprived of any rights."

The object of the inquiry is to test the validity of the Virginia constitution.

MORE MONEY CIRCULATES

All Classes of Currency Increase in Volume, Save Only Notes Secured by Cash.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The monthly coinage statement issued by the comptroller of the currency shows the total circulation of national bank notes outstanding November 28 to have been $384,584,514, an increase for the year of $25,133,803 and an increase for the month of $4,378,189.

The circulation based on United States bonds was $341,100,411, an increase for the month of $5,317,222.

The amount of circulation secured by lawful money was $43,754,103, an increase for the year of $19,245,578 and a decrease for the month of $939,042.

The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was $343,018,021, and to secure public deposits $152,054,570.

The report of the coinage executed at the mints during November shows a total of $5,246,950 as follows: Gold, $2,675,000; silver, $2,399,000; minor coins, $172,950.

Solid Silverware
Gorham Silver
unlike the meretricious productions of anonymous manufacturers is never a mere shell of precious metal filled in with some baser material, but is of solid sterling silver throughout.
STERLING
All responsible jewelers keep it

PERMANENT SHOW PLANNED

National Organization Will Hold Annual Live Stock Exhibitions.

WILSON SPEAKS OF EASTERN DISEASE

Iowa Takes Most Prizes at Chicago Cattle Exposition, While Wisconsin and Minnesota Come Good Seconds.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—"The Chicago international live stock exposition is the most magnificent expression of progressive breeding and feeding that there ever has been in the history of the world."

James Wilson, secretary of agriculture, paid this compliment to the big show in a dedicatory address tonight at the new live stock record building at the stock yards.

The first floor of the building will be devoted to agricultural exhibits of railways, the second will be occupied as headquarters by live stock record societies from all sections of the United States, the third contains reading, lounging and club rooms, and a large auditorium.

W. E. Skinner, general agent of the stock yards company and general manager of the exposition, presented the building tonight to the live stock interests of America. Secretary Wilson received it on behalf of national stockmen. John Dryden, the Ontario minister of agriculture, spoke on behalf of the stock growers of Canada, and W. E. Harris, United States senator from Kansas, spoke for the breeders of the west.

Wilson Talks of Disease.

Secretary Wilson, after complimenting the donors of the building upon the present made to the live stock men, paid a high tribute to the value of the work being done by the agricultural colleges, and went on to say:

Now, I propose to ask congress to be generous with us and authorize me to cooperate with the colleges at experiment stations throughout the land, along the lines of breeding. We want to produce what we need in the United States. I think we have the healthiest animals in the world, though our brethren in Canada perhaps have as healthy animals, but when you go to Europe you find disease all the time, for the reason that jurisdiction is so cut up that no one central power can stamp out the disease, as we or the British can. We are compelled to shut out everything from continental Europe. We are compelled to shut out everything from Asia. We have to shut out everything from the Philippines.

Within the last four days intelligence came to us at Washington that foot and mouth disease has broken out in New England. We don't know how it came. It has been smuggled in by somebody, somebody that has built a great big estate out of cheap lands in New England may have smuggled it in, a deer, a sacred cow or some nonsensical thing like that to fence inside of an estate, or a wild boar that they could chase and shoot. Anyway, it is there. We quarantined all New England, stopped shipments from Boston and Portland, and the British government followed us. They are satisfied. We are in better shape to take care of an epidemic now than ever before.

Our animal products in a year amount to $900,000,000 in the United States. The dairies amount to $472,000,000. We sent abroad last year in live animals and animal products $244,000,000 in round numbers. Our cattle exports, live cattle last year, amounted to $292,000,000; our horses to $11,000,000; our sheep to $2,000,000.

Permanent Show Planned.

The first step toward the establishment of a permanent international live stock exposition to be held annually in Chicago was taken at the meeting which Secretary Wilson addressed.

The association is to be similar to that which for three years has been conducting the exposition under the patronage of the Union Stock Yards company. It is to consist of life members from all parts of this and other countries. The membership fee is to be $100, with annual dues of $10 each for yearly membership.

The western agricultural colleges and experimental stations were successful. The Iowa college was easily the leader, taking six first prizes and three second prizes, while Wisconsin and Minnesota each took three firsts and two seconds.

DENVER TO HAVE HOME RULE

Governor Orman Issues Proclamation Announcing Passage of Constitutional Amendment.

DENVER, Dec. 1.—Governor Orman today issued a proclamation announcing the passage of the Rush amendment to the state constitution abolishing the county of Arapahoe and creating the city and county of Denver and South Arapahoe and Adams counties.

The purpose of this amendment is to give this city home rule, the dual offices of city and county being constructed, but the change will not be effected without litigation.

City Treasurer P. J. Sours refused to turn over the funds in his office to County Treasurer Elder, and Sheriff Seerie refused to surrender his office to Hamilton Armstrong, chief of police, who is the sheriff of the city and county. The Municipal league, assisted by District Attorney Lindsley, will immediately enforce the new law.

A petition for mandamus was filed in the supreme court today on behalf of the county treasurer against the city treasurer, after demand had been made upon the latter for his office and refusal had been made.

This is the first move in the litigation to test the validity of the Rush home rule amendment to the constitution which became operative after the governor's proclamation this morning.

STILL PROBING FOR FRAUDS

Man, Returns to St. Louis Who is Said to Possess Valuable Information.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 1.—Impaneling of the December grand jury began today and further charges of municipal corruption will be investigated. James Campbell, for whom deputy sheriffs have been searching for weeks, returned home yesterday. He and his wife have been at Eureka Springs, Ark.

Campbell is wanted to tell what he knows about a large sum of money alleged to have been distributed by ex-Speaker Charles F. Kelly to the house of delegates combine after the passage of the city lighting bill.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 1.—Governor Stone has honored the requisition of the governor of Missouri for the return of Charles F. Kelly.

NEED NOT PAY THEIR DEBTS

People Who Owe Kansas City Breweries Are Absolved From All Liability by Court.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 1.—The Kansas City court of appeals decided today that the combination of brewers that exists in this city is a trust and as such it is expressly forbidden by the statutes of Missouri and is unlawful and that any man who owes one of these breweries in the combine need not pay his bill and the brewer cannot collect the debt even by going into the courts.

This decision was made in the suit of Ferd Heim Brewing company against a saloon keeper who owed them. In the lower court the brewing company won the case and got judgment. This judgment was reversed today by the court of appeals, the three judges concurring.

HARRIMAN HEARD IN PRIVATE

Tells What Little He Knows of Merger Case Behind Closed Doors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—Hearing in the federal suit against the Northern Securities company was resumed today. It developed that the testimony of E. H. Harriman in the case of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company had been taken in private last week and ex-Judge Day, special assistant attorney general for the United States said Mr. Harriman could not give any details of the organization or object of the Northern Securities company.

"Mr. Harriman had no information of any value to Minnesota," he added.

A conference of counsel for both sides in the federal case was held today behind closed doors and ex-Judge Day said that no more sittings would be taken in New York.

There was nothing of importance scheduled and the hearing consisted in giving the counsel for both sides a chance to agree on certain documentary evidences and upon a date when the matter may be presented to the United States circuit court in Minnesota. It was agreed to admit to the record the evidence given by Colonel Cloud and Mr. Harriman in the state case, as well as the minutes of that given by the directors of the Northern Securities company.

RAILWAYS WAGE RATE WAR

Maple Leaf Reduces Fare of Soldiers to Chicago and Rivals Retaliate.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Dec. 1.—A rate war is on between the Chicago lines over the division of business arising from the large movement of discharged soldiers from northwestern army posts to the east. Perhaps 1,000 soldiers are moving this week.

The lines made an agreement to charge $8.05 from St. Paul to Chicago. Today the Great Western announced its withdrawal from the agreement and made a rate of $7.

A meeting of the other lines was called and the probable result will be a joint agreement of the six lines to meet any rate made by the Great Western.

THROW BRIDGE ACROSS OHIO

'Frisco Railroad Builds Through Metropolis to Join Louisville & Nashville.

METROPOLIS, Ill., Dec. 1.—Information was received here today that Metropolis is to be the point for a bridge across the Ohio river for the 'Frisco railroad.

A line will be extended from Joppa, the Ohio river terminal of the road, to this city, a distance of nine miles. The river will be bridged here and a line built on to Mayfield, Ky., where connection will be made with the Louisville & Nashville.

WISH JESUITS TO RETURN

German Center Party Will Again Ask Repeal of Law and May Succeed.

BERLIN, Dec. 1.—The definite statement is made by the Breslau Anziger, a Catholic journal, that the present Reichstag will pass another resolution asking the government to repeal the law forbidding the return of the Jesuits to Germany, and it is affirmed the Bundesrath will this time consent to the proposed appeal. This is understood to be the result of a compact with the center party.

The center party has tried for years to get the law rescinded and has repeatedly brought the matter up in the Reichstag, but the Bundesrath has steadily refused to agree.

Doctors All Agree.

PARIS, Dec. 1.—Consul General Gowdy has received the report of the committee of four American doctors appointed to make an important post mortem examination of the remains of Mrs. Ellen Gore. The report is signed by each of the physicians. It is in harmony with and in no way differs from the report of the French expert, Dr. Socquet.

COURT TRIES DOCTOR GHOUL

First Indianapolis Grave Robber Appears to Hear Charges Against Him.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Dec. 1.—The first of the trials of the alleged grave robbers and their patrons began today before Judge Bailey, special judge for the trial. Dr. Joseph C. Alexander, demonstrator of anatomy at the Central College of Physicians and Surgeons, is the defendant.

There were three indictments against him, charging him with robbing a grave, and buying and concealing the body of Rose Neidlinger, from Pleasant Hill cemetery.

SWIFT GIVES CHURCHES CASH

Aids Methodist Episcopalian Body in Chicago with Ten Thousand Dollars.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—A gift of $10,000 by Gustavus F. Swift to be used in paying off the debts of the Methodist Episcopal churches in Chicago, was announced today.

The donation is the result of a movement started some months ago and increases the total amount subscribed to $62,000. The combined debt of the churches is $240,000.

Fix Yacht Race Dates.

NEW YORK, Dec. 1.—At a meeting of the New York Yacht club tonight the new measurement rule, known as the "brace" rule, was adopted, and it was decided that the America's cup race should be sailed beginning August 20 and continuing on alternate days until concluded.

NEED TEETH.

Serious Failure of Body Comes From Lack of a Grinding Mill.

"A few years ago mother had her teeth all taken out, hoping in that way to relieve her suffering, but failed and it left her gums so sensitive that the wearing of false teeth or the proper mastication of food were equally impossible, so that in the spring of 1901 she failed rapidly, mind and body both giving way and for many weeks life and reason were despaired of.

"At one call of her physician he said she absolutely must take more nourishment, something easily digested, 'try Grape-Nuts.' I immediately obtained a package, prepared some with good, rich cream and fed her regularly from a teaspoon. She began to take it regularly and liked the food so well she would ask between times if we had any ready for her. She began to improve at once.

"It is now three months since she began eating the food. She has fully recovered her health, looks better and is fleshier and stronger mentally and physically than for many months previous.

"Grape-Nuts furnished the nourishment for her that it seemed impossible to get from any other kind of food." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

COLORADO LAW IS UPHELD

State May Regulate Importation of Live Stock to Protect Citizens.

SUPREME COURT GIVES ITS DECISION

Right to Impose Restrictions is Not Denied by Constitution or Legislation, Which Latter Would Be Void.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The United States supreme court today upheld the constitutionality of Colorado's stock quarantine. The law prohibits the importation of live stock into the state from points south of the thirty-sixth parallel between April and November, unless they have certificates of health.

The law was attacked as contrary to the provisions of the Interstate Commerce and Animal Industry acts, but the court held that any state has the right to protect its own citizens.

An application for a writ of error in certain incidental habeas corpus proceedings were overruled.

Cattle Not Diseased.

In the course of his opinion Justice Harlan said the cattle in question were on the way from Texas to Wyoming and that is was admitted they were not infected by any contagious disease.

Referring to the contention that the Colorado law is antagonistic to the national animal industry act, he said:

Our conclusion is that the statute of Colorado as herein involved does not cover the same ground as the act of congress and its constitutionality is not to be questioned unless it be in violation of the constitution of the United States independently of any legislation of congress.

Of the claim that one state has a right to ship live stock to another he said any state might protect its people against infection and contagion, so long as care is taken that the means employed to that end did not go beyond the necessities of the case or unreasonably burden the exercise of privileges secured by the constitution of the United States.

As there was no evidence as to the practical operation of this regulation upon shippers of cattle, and as it appeared that it could be obeyed without embarrassment or unnecessary delay, the court could not assume arbitrarily that it was wholly without authority or that it unduly burdened the exercise of the privilege of those engaging in interstate commerce.

Law Not Prohibitory.

He continued:

As the statute does not forbid the introduction of all live stock coming from the defined territory, but only prescribes certain methods of protection, and as those methods have been devised by the state under its reserved power to protect the property of its people from injury and do not appear upon their face to be unreasonable, we must, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, assume that they are appropriate to the object which the state is entitled to accomplish.

SOME ARE NOT SO JOYOUS

(Continued from First Page.)

shaw, who arrived in Washington last evening, were among those who saw the opening of congress today. Mr. Hinshaw comes to Washington at this time to look after the interests of his constituents and to make some recommendations in regard to postmasters in the Fourth district. Mr. and Mrs. Hinshaw are guests of their uncle, Judge J. M. Hiatt, a well known Nebraskan, but who for a number of years has been connected with the public service in Washington.

DEWEY IS TO TAKE COMMAND

Admiral, With His Staff, Sails for Caribbean Sea to Participate in Maneuvers.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Admiral Dewey resumed actual service today for the first time since his cruise in the Philippines.

His four-starred pennant was hoisted on the president's yacht, Mayflower, at the Washington navy yard about 9 o'clock and accompanied by the members of his staff, the admiral sailed away to assume direct command of the large fleet engaged in the maneuvers in the Caribbean sea. His staff included Rear Admiral Taylor, chief of the bureau of navigation, chief of staff; Captains Swift and Pillsbury, assistant chiefs of staff, and Commander Sargeant, personal aide.

The departure of the party was devoid of display and the customary salute to the admiral was omitted at his request. Mayflower will set its courst direct for Culebra island, off Porto Rico, and is due there next Saturday.

TELLS OF SOLDIERS' HEALTH

Colonel Says Cholera is Disappearing in Manila, but Malaria and Dysentery Increase.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—Surgeon General O'Reilly has received advices from Colonel Adair, chief surgeon in the Philippines, reporting an increase of cases of malaria and dysentery among the troops and a decided decrease in cholera.

There were only eight deaths from cholera in the army during October and no case has been admitted to the military hospital in Manila since September 1.

Asks Approval of Postmasters.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The president will tomorrow submit to the senate nominations for 169 postmasters. Fifty-two are in cases where appointments have been made during the recess and forty-six are to fill vacancies coused by death, resignation or removal of the incumbents. In sixty-one cases the commissions of the incumbents have expired or are about to expire and in sixty-two the offices have been advanced to the third class and the appointment of the postmasters vested in the president.

Law to Take Its Course.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—In an opinion delivered by Justice Brown the United States supreme court today affirmed the opinion of the California circuit court in the case of Simeon S. Gribvas of Russia, now in San Francisco, who is charged with the embezzlement of $25,000 in his own country and who seeks to evade extradition. The effect of the decision is unfortunate to Grinvas and the warrant issued by the United States commissioner will take its course.

Need Not Show Telegrams.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The case of the United States against Edward A. Mosely, secretary of the Interstate Commerce commission, involving the right of the commission to withhold from the auditing officers of the government copies of telegrams sent by it, was today decided in Mr. Mosely's favor. The court held that the telegrams in question were of a confidential character.

Cuban Ports Are Open.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The Cuban government has opened the following sixteen ports to commerce: Havana, Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela De Sagua, Caibarien, Nuevitas, Gibara, Baracca, Guantanimo, Santiago, Batabano, Manzanillo, Sauta Cruz, Tunas De Zara, Cienfuegos and Trinidad.

May Lease Indian Lands.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 1.—The supreme court today sustained the power of the secretary of the interior, under direction of congress, to lease mineral lands held by Indians.

FRANCHISE FOR POWER CANAL

(Continued from First Page.)

council are to be given power to nullify the will of the people if they grant the franchise, and if such a nullification is possible money will flow like water to effect it. I do not object to the provision for a bond to save the city from damage.

"Then comes the forfeit clause, a provision that provides for forfeiture of all capital invested in case of failure to live up to all terms of the franchise. There is no forfeit clause in the electric light company's franchise, and no business man would invest capital where the whole investment is at the mercy of some clerk."

Mr. Rosewater then retired and gave place to the chairman, who said that this is not a contest with the Thomson-Houston Electric Light company, but with the city. He then read ordinances granting a franchise to a motor company which provided that it should conform to changed grades. When pressed he was forced to admit that it was a franchise granted to the Omaha Motor and Railway company, a corporation which does not now exist. His next reference was to a franchise granted to a gas company which has also gone out of business.

The chairman then said that there are financiers in Omaha who are willing to accept the terms offered in the amended ordinances.

Herman Kountze's Idea.

Calls were made for Herman Kountze, and in response he said that he had not read the ordinance nor did he know the reason they were not granted; that Mr. Rosewater said that he did not want an exculsive right and would give cheaper power. If the facts were as he understood Mr. Kountze did not see why the franchise should not be considered by the people.

J. Frank Carpenter, president of the Commercial club, said: "It may be that the Rosewater plan is best; it may be that the electric light company or Mr. Riley might have a better plan. As far as I am concerned, as far as the club is concerned, what we want is a proper ordinance."

Euclid Martin said that Mr. Kountze had expressed his idea, and that at the meeting of the Commercial club he said that before the club acted it should have discussed the matter fully with interested parties.

J. E. Riley was then recognized and declared that Mr. Rosewater has always obstructed water power plans, and related what he said was history of other plans which had been proposed.

Riley said that Mr. Rosewater's engineers had been paid by the city and one of the engineers emphatically denied the truth of the statement.

Mr. Rosewater started to talk, but was interrupted by the chairman, who said that he was willing to be guided by the recommendations of the Commercial club after the matter has been considered by that body fully.

Fremont Company's Trouble.

J. F. Hanson of Fremont told of the trials and troubles of the Fremont canal project and said it would be difficult to secure enough money for such an undertaking. He said:

"The experts sent out by J. Pierpont Morgan to investigate the power plan came during a dry time. They were well satisfied with the Loup river and recommended the plan. The canal would have been able to come to terms with the Omaha companies."

Mr. Lobeck said that when the Thomson-Houston company wanted subways last spring the people were forgotten.

Mr. Rosewater reminded the audience that there is room enough here for a thousand subways. In Cleveland and in Paris the subways are under the sidewalks. "Every report I ever made to the council was in favor of municipal subways. I am willing to pay rental for city subways, but I don't like to see a foreign question brought in to knock down the main proposition."

Mr. Lobeck continued by saying that the Thomson-Houston company was given a franchise by Judge Keysor; that Mr. Rosewater's ordinance is the best proposition so far proposed and the people should be given a chance to vote on it. (Cheers.) He then said that the amendment to the Rosewater ordinance he would propose would be a percentage on the gross earnings, rather than a fixed sum to be paid the city.

Chairman Hascall then started to explain the Keysor decision while the crowd started to leave, the judge declaring the meeting adjourned without action.

Eczema. No Cure, No Pay.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure ringworm, tetter, old ulcers and sores, pimples and blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50 cents.

FEAR FOR THREE VESSELS

Steamer Wrecked and it is Thought Two Schooners Also Have Perished.

SAULTE STE. MARIE, Mich., Dec. 1.—In the terrible west gale on Lake Superior Saturday night the steamer Charles Hebard was driven on the rocky shore at Point Mamainse and was soon dashed to pieces. The crew, consisting of thirteen men and a woman cook, have not been heard from and it is feared all have perished. The schooner Ahola, which Hebard had in tow, broke away and has not been heard from since. The schooners Warmington and Francomb, which were also in the tow, ran before the gale and succeeded in reaching Copper Mine Point.

Tonight two tugs were dispatched to search for some trace of Aloha.

The four boats had loaded lumber at West Superior and were bound for Lake Erie ports, when in the middle of Lake Superior they were struck by the gale.

When day dawned the schooners' crews saw the wreck of Hebard on the shore with only the smokestack and pilot house out of the water, but by 8 o'clock everything had disappeared.

DETROIT, Mich., Dec. 1.—The schooner Celtic in tow of Runnels broke away on Saturday night at the north end of Lake Huron and it is feared it is lost. Celtic carried a crew of eight.

The new kind of General Arthur cigars will please you if you care for good cigars.

Chicago Teamsters Strike Again.

CHICAGO, Dec. 1.—The executive council of the National Teamsters' union has ordered a strike of its drivers against the People's Gas, Light and Coke company today because the gas company has discharged several of the men for joining the union.

Laxative Bromo-Quinine.

ACCIDENT MAKES EXPLORER

Ice Carries Ship Nearer Pole Even Than Nansen Got.

ST. LOUIS MAN BRINGS STRANGE TALE

Six Years Adventure in Polar Regions Make Wilson Mizner Latest Hero of Unknown Arctic Regions Long Sought by Scientists.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 1.—Wilson R. Mizner, brother of the Rev. W. R. Mizner of the Episcopal mission of this city, has returned from an involuntary and perilous trip to the Arctic regions, in which an ordinary ship, caught in a mass of swiftly moving icebergs, reached a point as near or nearer to the north pole than was ever attained by professional explorers with a magnificently equipped expedition.

Mr. Mizner had been gone six years. He returns perceptibly aged and worn from the perils and privations he had suffered, but says the experience was worth it all.

He relates a most remarkable tale of the voyage to within 800 miles of the goal of all Arctic expeditions. The ship narrowly escaped being dashed to pieces by the huge blocks of ice, only the stout heart of the vessel and the bravery and ingenuity of its captain saving the passengers and crew from terrible deaths.

Gale Releases Prisoners.

Mr. Mizner says of his trip:

We started from Seattle on April 26, expecting at the time to avoid the ice and reach Cape Nome in about fourteen days. We got to Dutch Harbor, in the Aleutian Isles, all right. But two days out from there we encountered huge fields of ice. Nevertheless we were enabled to steam through aided by strong southerly winds and about May 13 we began packing trunks and writing letters, expecting to reach Nome on the morrow.

On the 14th we became aware that we had drifted into a different species of ice. Great icebergs loomed up on either side of us 1,500 feet thick and as far as the eye could reach from the crow's nest on the topmast. Ice banked up fifty feet above the decks of the vessel.

Finally we became aware with horror that we were caught in the Arctic drift and were being borne away from Nome. Two days later we passed through the Bering straits at the rate of sixteen miles an hour without steam. The huge ice carried us along.

Mr. Mizner's account of the perils of the trip to within 100 miles of the pole is detailed and full. He says the whaling ship Genie, which was also bound for Nome, became fast in the same drift and was seen 150 miles north of Cape Lisborne, seventy or eighty days after leaving the Aleutian Islands. The crew was in need of food which was furnished. The two vessels lay in sight of each other for two days and then the drift parted them and Mr. Mizner and his companions, drifting farther and farther toward the pole, the sun never sinking and the weather becoming intolerably cold. Much coal was burned daily to keep the machinery from freezing.

A gale from the north helped the ship to escape. The captain took advantage of spells in the bergs to ram his vessel through. The vessel on which Mr. Mizner sailed was Portland.

NEGROES AMBUSH WHITE MEN

Kill Two and May Be Lynched if Pursuing Mob Catches Them.

REIDSVILLE, Ga., Dec. 1.—News has just been received of the assassination on Sunday night, near Jennie postoffice, twelve miles distant, of M. M. and Roy Burkhalter.

They were shot from ambush by Joe and Ben Burton, negroes, who were aided by two negro women and three boys. The women and boys have been arrested. The Burtons escaped, but are being pursued and a lynching is expected if the men are caught.

ROOT'S RELATIVE IS DYING

Secretary's Father-in-Law Cannot Live More Than Few Hours.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Early this morning it is reported that Salem H. Wales, father-in-law of Secretary Root, cannot live more than a few hours. Mr. Root is on his way here from Washington.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.
Genuine
Carter's
Little Liver Pills.
Must Bear Signature of
Brent Good
See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
Very small and as easy to take as sugar.
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION
Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.
CURE SICK HEADACHE.

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