

# Why Syrup of Figs is the best family laxative

- It is pure.
- It is gentle.
- It is pleasant.
- It is efficacious.
- It is not expensive.
- It is good for children.
- It is excellent for ladies.
- It is convenient for business men.
- It is perfectly safe under all circumstances.
- It is used by millions of families the world over.
- It stands highest, as a laxative, with physicians.
- If you use it you have the best laxative the world produces.

## Because

Its component parts are all wholesome. It acts gently without unpleasant after-effects. It is wholly free from objectionable substances.

It contains the laxative principles of plants. It contains the carminative principles of plants. It contains wholesome aromatic liquids which are agreeable and refreshing to the taste.

All are pure. All are delicately blended. All are skillfully and scientifically compounded.

Its value is due to our method of manufacture and to the originality and simplicity of the combination.

To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine.



Manufactured by  
**CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.**  
San Francisco, Cal.      New York, N. Y.  
Louisville, Ky.  
FOR SALE BY ALL LEADING DRUGGISTS.

### MICKEY SELECTS HIS AIDES

A. B. Allen, a Tecumseh Newspaper Man, to Be His Private Secretary.

SON OF THE GOVERNOR IS CHIEF CLERK

Attorney General Prout Files Brief in Support of Constitutionality of the Oleomargarine Law.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Governor Mickey's private secretary will not be his son. It is stated that Mr. Mickey had decided upon this appointment some weeks ago, but so much criticism was showered upon him and the charge of nepotism repeated at every turn that the republican committee took the matter up and used its influence to secure a change of heart and mind.

Late last night, after a long conference with officials of the committee, Mr. Mickey was induced to recant. He would agree to do so in part only, and insisted that his son should be a member of his executive staff. As finally announced the appointments are:

A. B. Allen of Tecumseh, private secretary.  
E. F. Mickey of Springview, chief clerk.  
C. C. Husted of Syracuse, recorder.  
Miss Grace Walker of Plattsmouth, stenographer.

Mr. Allen is the present secretary of the state committee, and Miss Walker has been his stenographer. Mr. Mickey is a son of the governor and Mr. Husted is the present chief clerk. Both Allen and Husted are newspaper men, the former being at present one of the proprietors of the Tecumseh Chieftain. Young Mickey is the third son of the governor.

The reason urged by the governor for naming his son as his private secretary was that he wanted as his confidential man someone whom he knew and could therefore be more thoroughly relied upon. It is understood that while Mr. Allen will have the title of private secretary, he will perform only a portion of the duties of the office, the chief clerk acting in purely advisory and more confidential matters. The arrangement will probably be similar to that under Governor Savage, whose real private secretary most of the time has been recorder, J. C. F. McKesson, although at times the governor has wavered between McKesson and Clancy, sometimes taking into his innermost confidence, first one and then the other.

Oleo Case in Supreme Court.

Attorney General Prout has filed his brief and argument in the case of the state against Benjamin and George Beha, who operate a meat market in this city, who were several months since fined \$25 and costs each for selling colored oleomargarine. The case was administered by Judge Cornish in district court upon stipulated facts, no effort being made by the accused to deny the charge. In taking the case to the supreme court on error the defendants rely upon the claim that the law is unconstitutional. The state rests its case upon the law of 1895 defining imitation butter, prohibiting its being colored in semblance of genuine butter, regulating its manufacture, shipment and sale and protecting the consumers at the table.

The information charges a violation of section 2 of this act. The offense charged is not the unlawful sale of imitation butter,

but the unlawful sale and possession of imitation butter unlawfully colored. It is the contention of counsel for the accused that the legislature is without power to declare the sale and possession of colored imitation butter an offense and relies upon the sweeping declaration that the law violates the fundamental principles of a free and just government.

In his brief the attorney general contends that the law is a valid exercise of the police powers of the state, and that under the police power of the sovereign not only the morals and health of the public may be protected by legislation, but the public may be protected against fraud and deception and the sale of all things prohibited which may or might deceive the consumer. Under the law as it stands today in Nebraska oleomargarine, a substitute for butter, may be sold lawfully, provided it is labeled or stamped as such and is pure oleomargarine. The label or stamp is sufficient information to the purchaser to protect him; he is informed of what he buys. But the consumer, the person who sits at the table, is not protected or warned by the stamp; the substitute for butter is set before him and the label is not served at the table with the article. By the title of this act it will be observed that it is for the protection of the consumer at the table.

The only way he has of ascertaining the true character of the food in question is by its color, pure oleomargarine being of a white and butter naturally of a yellow color. If colored yellow, oleomargarine is said to be indistinguishable from butter, except by an expert. The full purpose of the law is to prevent the deception of both the purchaser and the consumer. The label protects the former, the color the latter. But the authorities with great unanimity sustain statutes identical in substance with the Nebraska law, on the broad ground that the public is entitled to protection against deception and fraud which may arise from the coloring of oleomargarine, even though the article be stamped.

Ferrari Picks His Seat.

Henry S. Ferrari, representative-elect from Hall county, was at the state house today selecting his seat for the coming session. Incidentally it is stated that he made a most excellent impression around the capitol, and it is predicted that he will be one of the strong men in the house during the coming session. Mr. Ferrari's election was the outcome of a strong fight which attracted considerable attention in its preliminary stages. He is manager of the Grand Island beet sugar factory, of the American Beet Sugar company, and after he had been nominated as a representative of the American beet sugar interests the convention which had nominated him adopted a platform highly commending the Cuban reciprocity policy of President Roosevelt and this apparently contradictory considerable tension and an effort was made after the convention to cause Ferrari to withdraw, but he clung to his seat and came out victoriously.

New Corporations.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen Temple association of South Omaha has filed articles of incorporation with an authorized capital of \$35,000. Its declared purpose is the erection of a fraternity temple in South Omaha and its incorporators are C. W. Miller, M. A. Martin, J. J. Markley, B. E. Wilcox, J. F. Scholte, C. M. Rich, G. H. Brewer, August Miller, F. A. Cressler, A. L. Bergquist and John Kennedy.

The protests made for some time past against insurance rates on business properties in Omaha has resulted in the organization of the State Insurance Company of Nebraska, which has filed articles of incor-

poration with the secretary of state. Its authorized capital is \$100,000. The promoters are James E. Boyd, John C. Cowin, A. J. Love, J. J. Dickey, Luther Drake, E. A. Cudahy, E. W. Dixon, Frank Colpetzer, F. P. Kirkendall, G. L. Hammer, E. E. Howell, W. M. Glass, E. E. Bruce, Edgar Allen, M. C. Kenyon, C. Kenyon, William Krug and E. V. Lewis.

The Kansas Union Life insurance company of Topeka has been authorized to carry on business in this state by the insurance department of the auditor's office. Its paid up capital is given at \$100,000.

First of Bonds Arrive.

State Treasurer Steuffer received today the first installment of the \$300,000 purchase of Massachusetts state bonds, amounting to \$17,000. Another batch will be received next Friday and it is proposed to receive them in small amounts until the full sum of \$300,000 has been received, payment thereafter being made as fast as means to purchase them accumulate in the permanent school fund. It is believed that by the first of the year \$200,000 of the bonds will have been received and paid for.

Alexander Schlegel, draftsman in the office of the land commissioner, expects to leave next Saturday to take up the duties of his position at Boise City, Idaho, as chief clerk in the office of the surveyor general. His prospective departure was recognized today by his associates in the land commissioner's office in the presentation to him of a costly and handsome watchguard as a testimonial of their esteem.

Throws Out Paving Material.

City Engineer Campen this morning rejected as unsuitable the eight or ten carloads of rock asphalt now on hand in the company's yards because it does not contain the amount of bitumen, or binding, that the contract calls for. The rock asphalt people knocked out and which may be used for the paving of Lincoln paving this summer and got three good contracts. Objections were made to the quality of the material down on O street and the chemist who analyzed it reported that it was not up to contract specifications in regard to the quantity of bitumen it contained. The company is about to lay paving on C street and N street and it was to prevent this being put down that the city engineer took action today. The contract calls for 8 per cent of bitumen. The samples analyzed but 7 per cent. The contractor insisted that the city examine it before being put down and his request was complied with. It will be necessary to mix other asphalt with the material if it is available.

Ask for Advancement.

A request is made of the supreme court that it advance for a speedy hearing several cases from Thurston county which involve the nature of the tenure by which the Omaha Indians hold their lands under the allotment of 1882. The questions arise over the decease of former allottees and the endeavor of widows to take possession under the state decedent law, which gives the widow a life interest in the property. All of the facts in the cases have been stipulated, and only one attorney, Hiram Chase, who is an Indian, appears in the cases. There are 100 or more cases awaiting the settlement of these three.

CRIMINAL CASES IN CHERRY

Man Acquitted of Horse Stealing, but Goes to Penitentiary for Cattle Rustling.

VALENTINE, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—The regular November term of the district court for Cherry county convened here on the 17th inst. with Judge J. J. Harrington of O'Neill presiding. The docket was usually heavy and the term will last for a week or more yet. The docket contains eleven criminal and thirty civil cases. The first week of the term was occupied in trying the cases of George Van Buren and Elmer J. McLaughlin, who were charged with horse stealing, and Joseph Fincher, charged with an assault upon one Decker with intent to kill. The defendants Van Buren and McLaughlin were found not guilty and Fincher was found guilty of assault and battery and fined \$100 and costs. In the case of Van Buren and McLaughlin, who were jointly charged with horse stealing, they asked for and were granted separate trials. Van Buren was tried first and acquitted, and then his co-defendant was put upon trial and Van Buren, who had been found not guilty, went upon the stand and swore that he stole the horse, and the jury, after being out several hours, found McLaughlin not guilty. This is the second trial for these defendants. The first trial they were found guilty and sentenced to a term of seven years in the penitentiary, but their case was appealed and the case was reversed on a technicality. At the time they were arrested Van Buren had been found guilty of cattle stealing at a prior term of court and was out on bonds. In the meantime the case was affirmed by the supreme court, so that he will be taken to the penitentiary now to serve out his term of four years. He is a young man and a stepson of McLaughlin.

The court is now engaged in the trial of Thomas J. Nelson and John Junod and Harry Junod, who are jointly charged with a stealing about 5,000 pounds of wire from a stockman named David A. Hancock. These cases will be followed by the case wherein John Green is charged with the murder of William Stover at Merriman on September 25 of this year. William Stover

was a prominent "squawman" and was well known in the vicinity of Merriman. The defendant is a hotel keeper at Merriman. A great number of witnesses have been subpoenaed and the outcome of the case will be watched with interest by the friends of both parties.

SPECTACLE DEALER IS SHORT

Says He Smoked a Cigarette, Slept and Woke Up to Find Money Gone.

YORK, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—The case of Frank Price against Alice Hawn was called yesterday and an adjournment taken. Price halls from Havelock, Neb., and is a dealer in spectacles, selling his goods from house to house. He says that he has had many experiences, but the deal he got into in York was not one and that he is loser of over \$70 in cash. He tells that he went to the house of Alice Hawn and that while there he smoked a cigarette in which there must have been opium or some other soothing narcotic, as that is the last he knew until he awakened and found that a little over \$70 in cash that he had hid away in his inside pocket was missing. Price at once filed complaint against Alice Hawn, being fined \$70, which he claims to have mislaid while at her house. Alice Hawn is worth considerable money, owning a goodly country farm, has the reputation of promptly paying her accounts and never before during her residence in York has there ever been any complaint of this kind filed against her.

Her attorney claims that, knowing Alice Hawn to be worth some money, it may be a scheme to hold her up for this amount.

HOLDS THE COMPANY LIABLE

Court Refuses to Restrain Collection of Railroad Taxes in Colfax County.

SCHUYLER, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—At the time for payment of 1901 taxes in February, 1902, the Union Pacific tax agent declined to pay the taxes in full as shown by the 1901 tax books to be due protesting against the payment of \$91, which was the amount of three mills more on the assessed valuation than he claimed was legal. The local levy was 28 mills, including general purpose and bond levies, but the railway company claimed that 25 mills as the legal limit. Tender was made of the taxes, less the \$91 in dispute, but the treasurer refused it. Later, the railway company paid the taxes less the \$91, taking receipt for partial payment. The railway company then sought to restrain Colfax county from collecting the amount raised on 3 mills, \$91. Judge Holtenbeck has just rendered a decision, and has refused to make the temporary injunction permanent. The matter was carried into the higher court.

Prospecting for Electric Line.

ASHLAND, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Hos. H. Wilson of Lincoln and E. C. Hurd of Akron, O., addressed a meeting of 150 Ashland business men and property owners relative to the new interurban electric railway from Omaha to Lincoln. Speeches were made by F. H. Chickering, W. N. Becker, Jr., J. A. Reese, L. K. Bell and others, all in favor of the proposed line. It was stated that the route had not been made out yet, but the meeting was simply to ascertain the feeling of Ashland people on the proposition, as the company of capitalists behind it did not want to force their way through territory hostile to the enterprise. At the close of the meeting a resolution stating that it is the sense of Ashland people that the proposed line would be beneficial to local interests, which was adopted without dissent. W. D. Ball and E. H. Baldwin of Chicago, with a force of men, arrived here Monday night on a preliminary survey of the proposed route.

Flinds Brother Dead in Road.

ASHLAND, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Additional details have just reached here of the murder of Frederick Larimore, aged 22 years, a former resident of this vicinity, but who has made his home with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Larimore, at Plainville, Ill., for the last four years. While Larimore's brother Clarence was returning home at night from Plainville and near the family home he stumbled over a heavy obstruction in the dark, which proved to be the body of Fred, which had a bullet hole in his heart and cold in death. No trace was obtainable of the assassin, but Millard F. Lester, a resident of that vicinity was arrested, but at the preliminary hearing before Justice Morehead of Adams county, Illinois, Lester was discharged.

New Light Plant for Nehawka.

NEHAWKA, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Sheldon & Sturm broke ground yesterday for a \$1,000 acetylene gas plant. Work will be pushed with utmost energy, so that the business part of the town may be lighted before cold weather sets in. All business houses, the churches, halls and most private houses will take the lights. The gas will also be used for cooking and several stoves have been ordered.

The new kind of General Arthur cigars will please you if you care for good cigars.

### AMERICA ACCEPTS TUTUILA

President Thanks Samoa for Loyal Offer of Islands.

SENDS CHIEFS CONGRATULATORY GIFTS

Promises to Respect Ancient Rights and Hopes Peace, Happiness and Prosperity Will Follow United States Control.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 26.—In consequence of the voluntary act of loyalty on the part of the people of Tutuila, in ceding to the United States the sovereign rights of that and other islands, President Roosevelt has sent them a message of greeting, and in addition has presented to the chief who signed the instrument with a silver watch and chain and a silver medal.

The president's greeting, which was sent to each chief, is as follows: Greeting: Whereas, The chiefs and people of the islands of Tutuila, Aunu'u and neighboring small islands have of their own free will and pleasure, for the promotion of the peace and welfare of the people of said islands, for the establishment of the preservation of the rights and property of the inhabitants of said islands, solicited of the United States respect and its supervision and protection; and

Whereas, This desire has been expressed by the hereditary representatives of the people of said islands in a declaration dated the 17th day of April, 1900, executed according to Samoan custom, and pledging allegiance to the government of the United States of America;

Therefore, I, Theodore Roosevelt, president of the United States of America, do hereby express to the chiefs and people of said islands the gratification of the government and the United States in receiving from the chiefs and people of the said islands this token of their friendly intentions of the United States. The local rights and privileges contained in said declaration will be respected and it is our earnest hope that peace, happiness and prosperity may make their permanent abode with the good people of these islands.

White House, Washington, July the twenty-third year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

By the president, THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

### BADLY HURT IN A RUNAWAY

Occupants of Carriage Are Thrown Out and One of the Horses Killed in Accident.

LOUISVILLE, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—As E. H. Patterson, a teacher, and James Terryberry were driving in the country behind a spirited team, it took fright, just as they reached the brow of a steep hill and dashed down in a frenzied manner to the bottom, bringing up in a grove of trees, with such terrific force that one animal was instantly killed and the other seriously injured.

Both men were thrown to the ground. Mr. Terryberry suffered a dislocation of the collarbone and was generally bruised up. Mr. Patterson was taken up for dead and remained unconscious for several hours.

Dr. Worthman was summoned and on examination found that the injuries received were not so serious as appearance indicated. Their speedy recovery is assured.

Drops Dead in the Road.

NELSON, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—The funeral of Geary Lee, an old soldier of the civil war, occurred here today. Lee enlisted in Brady's independent company of sharpshooters at Kalamazoo, Mich., in October, 1861. On the 28th of the same month his company was attached to the Sixteenth regiment, Michigan volunteer infantry, where he served until December 28, 1865. He came to Nelson a dozen years ago and on May 7, 1899, was married to Myrtle Robertson of this place. On Monday he went into the timber to cut wood, as has been his custom for several years past. At supper time he failed to come home, when the wife became uneasy and a messenger was sent after him. He was found dead just outside the timber, the indications being that he had started home and gone perhaps 100 yards when he fell. The coroner's jury concluded that death was the result of heart failure.

Accused Man Not Guilty.

WOOD RIVER, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—The trial of George Durham at Pocatello, Ida., charged with the murder of John Donaldson of this city, ended yesterday in the acquittal of the defendant. The evidence was purely circumstantial and in the minds of the jury was not sufficient to sustain a conviction. The coroner's jury concluded that death was the result of heart failure.

Laundry at Norfolk Damaged.

NORFOLK, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special Telegram.)—Fire in the laundry of D. Craven last night damaged the building to the extent of \$600 or \$700. The fire originated in one corner of the engine room, remote from any chance of ignition from the fire under the boiler. It was discovered in time to save the building from entire loss.

Farmer is Declared Insane.

OSCEOLA, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Ira Kiser, one of the prominent farmers and big settlers of Backbeers precinct, was brought before the Polk County Board of Insanity yesterday, having threatened to kill his family and himself. Sheriff Hartman was ordered to take him to the insane asylum at Lincoln.

Oakdale Has Gas Lights.

OAKDALE, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—An acetylene gas plant has just been installed here. About 7,000 feet of mains have been laid so far. Owing to the delay in getting meters and fixtures only a few lights are as yet in use.

Cold Storage Plant at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Neb., Nov. 26.—(Special.)—Armour & Co. will begin the erection of a cold storage house to be used in conjunction with its icehouse at this place. The building will be 300x600 feet in size.

WINE of CARDUI

## ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WEAK?

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Never Suspect it

To Prove What the Great Kidney Remedy, Swamp-Root, Will Do for YOU, Every Reader of The Bee May Have a Sample Bottle Sent Absolutely Free by Mail.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

The kidneys filter and purify the blood—that is their work.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly" begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

Weak and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for many kinds of diseases and if permitted to continue much suffering, with fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable. Makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints and muscles; makes your head ache and back ache, causes indigestion, stomach and liver trouble, you get a yellow, yellow complexion, makes you feel as though you had heart trouble; you may have plenty of ambition, but no strength; get weak and waste away.

The cure for these troubles is Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the world-famous kidney remedy. In taking Swamp-Root you afford natural help to nature, for Swamp-Root is the most perfect healer and gentle aid to the kidneys that is known to medical science.

If there is any doubt in your mind as to your condition, take from your urine, on rising about four ounces, place it in a glass or bottle and let it stand twenty-four hours. If on examination it is milky or cloudy, if there is a brickdust settling, or if small particles float about in it your kidneys are in need of immediate attention.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and is used in the leading hospitals, recommended by physicians in their private practice and is taken by doctors themselves who have kidney ailments, because they recognize it as the greatest and most successful remedy for kidney, liver and bladder troubles.

EDITORIAL NOTE—You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful remedy, Swamp-Root, sent absolutely free by mail, also a book telling all about Swamp-Root, and containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women who owe their good health, in fact their very lives, to the great curative properties of Swamp-Root. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say you read this generous offer in The Omaha Daily Bee.

(Swamp-Root is pleasant to take.)

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

MISS EVA OLMSTEAD OF SAVANNAH GEORGIA.

A Weak and Nervous Young Woman made Strong and Well by WINE OF CARDUI.

11-15 Drayton Street, SAVANNAH, GA., May 19, 1902.

Wine of Cardui has certainly been of great benefit to me. A few months ago I was badly run down, weak and nervous and unable to sleep. I had been irregular for months and my general health was poor. By the use of the wine of Cardui while I must admit I had little faith in it. But I soon became convinced that I was not taking an ordinary medicine, but something of extraordinary value. At least it seemed admirably suited to my case. My appetite soon returned and I found myself sleeping. My general health began to improve and I became regular, suffering no pains but enjoying perfect health.

Experience and knowledge is most valuable and while sometimes secured at great expense and sacrifice it is not easily forgotten. It is this personal experience with your remedy which makes it so valuable to me. I might listen to its praise from hundreds who have been cured and read testimonials by the score but it would not convince me like the use of one single bottle did when I took it according to directions.

In the same manner do I feel that if weak, nervous, hysterical women suffering with the ills that many of us suffer with would give your home remedy a trial they would avoid much suffering and pain and many operations. I feel very grateful for what your medicine has done for me and can only say to those who are sick, I took Wine of Cardui and was cured. Go thou and do likewise.

Eva-Olmstead

FEMALE TROUBLES are responsible for the thousands of weak and nervous girls there are in the world. The trouble is they do not come into womanhood in the natural and healthy way. It is important that the regular functions be properly established at the coming of womanhood. If they are not, irregular menses soon make invalids of girls. This is a fact worthy of every mother's serious consideration. Mothers do not give their daughters' health the attention they should. But there is not a mother living who could not give her