COMPANY HAS INVESTED A MILLION

Owns Large Sumber of Claims and Proposes to Work Them to the Best Advantage-Expect c Railroad Extension.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Nov. 2 .- (Special.)-All of the machinery for the big Penobscot mill at Garden City has been set in place, the engine having been made ready to run on Saturday. The mill will start up for a trial run by the 10th of the month. and after a few adjustments have been made will continue in constant operation. The plant was stared only about six months ago, and although it is the largest wet-crushing cyanide plant in the Black Hills, it is now practically ready to run. The mill at the start will crush and treat about 300 tons of ore daily, but this amount will be increased as soon as conditions warrant it. Ore will be delivered to the mill on Monday, and by the time it is ready to begin its long run on regular work the bins will be filled with the best eyaniding ore in the Hills. State Senator Maitland of Michigan is at the head of the company, which has invested over \$1,000 .-000 in the Garden City district within the past year. There are only 500,000 shares of stock in the company and it is all owned by a few people, so that there is none for The company has recently made a purchase of several groups of claims to the north of its present holdings, which gives it possession of a very large area of the district. The men connected with the management are all practical mining men and have entered the district with the intention of mining on a strictly legitimate operations pay them a good profit.

Expect a Raticond. The Garden City district has always been considered to be the richest silicious ore district in the Hills, its ores possessing the quality of being highly susceptible Penobscot company located there it has mining implements having to be hauled over bad roads. These conditions have kept it into the camp and district. That it is rich in ore no one doubts who is acquainted on every claim which has had a hole sunk upon it or a drift driven ore has been found, ore much richer than that of the same character found in other districts. It is destined within a year at the outside to is excepted, for the entire district is underlaid by a vast blanket of silicious ore. and this fact has no better demonstration than in the workings and developments of widely separated claims. On the Realization group, on the Smoky City group, on the Penobscot group, the Tacoma group, ore shoots have been opened up which vary in thickness from sixteen to five feet, and which carry values ranging from 18 to \$50 a ton gold. It is this way all through the district, and with better transportation facilities it will not be long before this vast body will be contributing

good ground which has been explored to and is not a fine or penalty within the but which has not as yet been developed on the lower. Bischof and associates also own some good ground in the district close by, which is at present being developed, while other individual owners are working with good prospects. The district is a small one, and lies just outside of the city limits of Deadwood, and good roads connect it with the different plants of this city, and it is more than probable that a great deal of ore will be shipped here from that district this year.

A meeting of the executive committee of the American Mining congress has been

of the American Mining congress has been called to meet in Lead or Deadwood the coming month. The interest in the session of the congress in Lead or Deadwood next year has not been allowed to die down and the local committee is doing everything in its power to keep things moving. There will be a great deal of business for the committee to transact at its coming meeting for at it the work of the congress at its next session will be in part mapped out. It was no trouble to raise the necessary funds for the entertainment of the coming congress and to defray the expenses which its meeting would entail, for mine owners business men, professional tine owners business men, professional s. men and others, all contributed and over \$12,000 is now guaranteed. It is the intention of the two Hill cities not to allow Butte to exceed them in their hospitality. In

Will Do Some Developing.

The Magnate Mining company in the American creek district is having its ground, about 700 acres, surveyed for patent. The company this week will begin operations on a shoot of silicious ore, which assays, where exposed in an open cut, almost at the surface of the ground, is a ton. A drift will be started in on this shoot and its development continued during the winter months. The company has a number of openings on ore shoots within the limits of its holdings, but on none of them has any extensive developments been made. It is a new company, and will spend the next five or six months developing its ground. The district has never been prospected to any great extent. All of the work in it mentions about 700 acres, surveyed for patent. The mortgage executed by a married woman upon her separate estate, without present consideration and merely to secure an ante-cedent debt of her husband or of a third person, is void.

11014. Mer-with against Lyon & Healy. House of the hearth against Laftin debt of her husband or of a third person, is void.

11014. Mer-with against Lyon & Healy. House of the basis of an equitable action to cure of the basis of Iron creek district is having its ground, been done on the upper contact, or the same shoots of ore found in the any great extent. All of the work in it which the same shoots of ore found in the Ragged Top district exis. Even with this small amount of work good ore bodies have been disclosed, as, for instance, in the Eleventh Hour group, which lately shipped about 100 tons to one of the Deadwood plants for treatment and received good returns after making a long haul on wagons to the railroad. Tom Johnson and associated are working on a four-foot shoot of to the railroad. Tom Johnson and associates are working on a four-foot shoot of good ore on their ground on Toll Gate flat, which gives promise of developing into an extensive body of ore. The Iron Creek company will begin operations again this week on its ground. The company has a fifty-foot shaft already sunk, and when it resumes work it will begin drifting on a four-foot vertical of ore, which it followed down from the surface. It is said that this vein gives an average value of \$10 at its district. This ground has a shaft about 160 feet in depth on it, and it is the purpose of the new company to continue this

MINING IN THE BLACK HILLS shaft to the quartitie, which will be struck in another 100 feet. Besides the parties and the companies mentioned there are others working in the district, doing for the most part their annual assessments. and all of them have a showing of ore, so it is seen that the ore bodies are not confined to any particular part of the district. A good many men will winter in the district, and when spring opens next year the country will have received a pretty good prospecting, and the result of the work done may be the establishment of several cyanide plants on properties making a good showing of ore.

Storing Ore for Shipment.

OREVILLE, S. D., Nov. 2 .- (Special.)-Harrington & Gregg have obtained a depth of 240 feet on the vein in the Fairview mine, and are taking out a splendid quality of smelting ore, which they are storing for shipment. The ore is being taken from a six-foot erreak in the main ledge and the shaft is in ore all the way down. This streak in which the work is being done will assay from \$20 to \$65 a ton, and it is the intention of the owners to ship it either to Omaha or Rapid City for treat-At the present time but one shift is being worked in the mine, but when arrangements are made for shipping the ore additional miners will be placed on

The electro-cyanide plant at this place has been running on ores from the southern Hills for a part of the time and is said to be getting a very high extraction, saving about all the gold values there are in the ores. It is said that the plant will be steadily engaged from now on and that enough ore has been contracted for to keep it running.

Working Copper and Tin

CUSTER CITY, S. D., Nov. 2 .- (Special.) The Central Black Hills Copper company, which recently purchased the Dick Palmer ground and the largest owner of claims to group of claims eighteen miles northwest of this city, has begun work in earnest on the ground and is preparing for extensive developments. Buildings for the accommodation of the miners have been erected. basis and for the purpose of making their blacksmith and machine shops built and all of the usual conveniences of a camp established. The company at the present time is employing a large force of minera getting out ore and opening up the vein-The vein at the point where work is being done on it is about forty feet in width and carries from 2 to 4 per cent copper, alto the cyaniding process, but until the though some of the ore is much richer. The company has begun work on a leeching been, in as measure, isolated, supplies and plant, which it expects to soon have in operation. In this plant the ore taken from the vein will be treated with a dilute from reaching the development which would solution of sulphuric acid and the copper otherwise have obtained years ago. But precipitated by the use of scrap iron. W. with the completion of the new mill, it E. Barnes, the chemist and architect in is said, will come the extension of either charge, says that it will take one ton of the Elkhorn or B. & M. railroad system scrap iron to precipitate 1,600 pounds of copper, and that the process is a very economical one and that the ore taken from with the development in the district, for the property treated in this manner will pay well. There are several groups of claims included in the property, and it is said that ore is found on all of them.

William Tarrant, who is doing assessment work on a tin claim about two miles be producing more gold than any other east of Custer, is getting out some very district in the Hills, if the Homestake belt good ore and has a large body of it exposed in the workings. Since the recent developments in the northern Hills in this metal quite an interest is being aroused in tin claims in this section and several outthe Penchscot company on different and fits are engaged in the development of

## SUPREME COURT SYLLABI.

good mines of that metal.

12673. Everson against State. Error from Harian. Affirmed. Duffle, C., division No. 3.

1. A sheriff's deed is of itself prima facile evidence that the grantee holds all the title and interest in the land that was held by the judgment debtor at the time of the rendition of the judgment, or at any time thereafter up to the sale of the premises, and is prima facile evidence of the validity

its share to the wealth of the world. It is a district which is just being developed, one which is on the eve of becoming one of the freatest producers in the Black Hills, and one which, with the exception of the one big company, is owned by individuals and small concerns.

Highland Chief will at Work.

The Highland Chief will at Work.

The Highland Chief mill in the Spruce gulch district, which has been closed down for a couple of months, is again at work after having been completely overhauled and repaired. It is treating fifty tons of ore daily, and saving as high a percentage of values as is any plant in the Hills. Dunn & Allen, is the same neighborhood, own good ground which has been explored to the control of the judgment itself.

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The following opinions will not be ofticially reported:
16739. Omaha Brewing association against
fillenburg. Error from Madison. Reversed.
Albert. C., division No. 3. Unreported.
The facts stated in the petition set out
in the opinion held insufficient to constitute a cause of action.

10895. Conkling against Levil. Appeal from Furnas. Reversed with instructions. Ames. C., division No. 2. Unreported.

A mortgage executed by a married woman

Oldham, C., division No. 2. Unreported. STOCKS FAIL TO RESPOND Application for a modification of former ignent examined and denied.

Nothing short of actual payment or its uivalent to the owner of damages asset constitutes compensation for propty wrested from him under the power of intent domain. t domain.
Woiff against Phelps. Appeal from
Maffrmed. Kirkpatrick, C., division

Colfax. Affirmed. Kirkpatrick, C., division
No. I. Unreported.

1. The court has jurisdiction to enter a
personal deficiency judgment in actions of
foreclosure which were pending prior to
the repeal of sections \$1 and \$5 of the
Code of Civil Procedure.

2. Under the provisions of section \$3 of
the Code of Civil Procedure a motion and
application for deficiency judgment is propstry overruled when a foreclosure proceeding commenced prior thereto remains un-

disposed of.

11615. Waddell against County of Gage.
Appeal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffle, C.,
division No. 3. Unreported.

11616. La Selle against County of Gage.
Appeal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffle, C.,
division No. 3. Unreported.

11731. La Selle against County of Gage.
Appeal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffle, C.,
division No. 3. Unreported.

11732. Snyder against County of Gage.
Anneal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffle, C.,
Anneal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffle, C. division No. 3 Unreported.

11732. Snyder against County of Gage. Appeal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffle, C., division No. 3. Unreported.

11903. Logan against Nebraska Mo ine Plow company. Error from Adams. Reversed. Day. C., division No. 1. Unre-

ported.

1. The federal bankruptcy law giving the trustee the title to all property which the bankrupt could have transferred prior to the filing of the petition or which could have been levied upon for his debts places the trustee as against an unrecorded conditional sale contract in the position of a judgment creditor.

11965. Russell against Anderson, Appeal

judgment creditor.

11955. Russell against Anderson. Appeal from Otoe. Affirmed. Duffle, C., division No. 3. Unreported.

1. This court will not search the record for errors that are not pointed out by counsel and discussed in the brief.

11984. Dillon against Watson. Appeal from Otoe. Judgment. Pound, C., division No. 2. Unreported. Unreported.

1. Although the construction of Instruments is for the court, where a written contract requires extrinsic evidence to explain its terms the interpretation to be given in view of such evidence is a question of fact.

2. A client is not liable for fees of other counsel employed by those whom he has retained to conduct his case unless he authorizes or ratifies such employment.

stained to conduct his case unless he au-lorizes or ratifies such employment.

3. But an attorney retained to conduct a ase which is pending in another county lay properly employ local counsel to at-end to necessary formal matters, such as recuring orders, attending calls of the ocket and the like, and charge the fees paid such counsel as expenses, where it appears that the fees paid were less, or at least not more, than the expenses which would have been incurred had he gone in

Whether a defendant who has no leaded the statute and permits evidence an oral agreement employing an agent to sell land to be introduced without objecn does not thereby waive the provisions section 74, chapted 73, Compiled Statutes.

of section 74, chapted 75, Compiled Statutes.
Quaere.
5. Certain findings of fact held to be supported by the evidence.
11483. Lamb against Wilson. Appeal from Lancaster. Reversed with instructions. Day. C., division No. 1. Unreported.
1. It is a general rule that neither partner of a dissolved firm is entitled to compensation for services rendered in winding up partnership affairs, unless it is expressly agreed otherwise or can be fairly implied from the circumstances.
2. Where, however, a subsisting partnership upon equal terms dissolves and it appears that time, skill and labor have been expended by a partner in the continuance of the partnership business, which insures to the general benefit, such partner should receive a reasonable compensation for the profits resulting to all from his extra labor and skill, based upon the nature of the business, the difficulties attending the undertaking and the value of the results at-

assigned to prosecute to completion the cases assigned to him and services rendered by other members to him in such cases will be held to be gratuitous.

5. Where a law firm dissolves and one of the members is subsequently employed under a new contract by a client of the old firm in a case commenced before dissolution and which has been assigned to when der a new contract by a client of the old firm in a case commenced before dissolu-tion, and which has been assigned to such member, a settlement made between the members of fees due to the firm in such case, made with knowledge of such subse-quent employment, will be held to have been made in view of such employment, and will not be opened.

and will not be opened.

1206). Solomon against Solomon, Appeal from Douglas, Affirmed, Kirkpatrick, C. Division No. 1. Unreported.

1. Where one who pays the purchase price of land takes the title thereto in the name of a stranger, the law will by implication raise a resulting trust in favor of him who has paid for the land; but where the one in whose name title is taken stands in the relation of wife to the purchaser the presumption, will be that the conveyance was intended as a gift to the wife.

2. A finding by the trial court upon a question of fact will not be disturbed upon appeal if supported by sufficient competent evidence,

PLAY THE INDIANS TODAY Creighton's Men Will Meet Redskins from Haskell at Vinton Street Park.

The big braves from the Haskell Indian institute are staying at the Merchants hotel. They are a husky lot of footballists. Redwater, the big guard from the Carlisle leam, is a type of the redskin warrior, towering above six feet, with massive shoulders, he appears able to hold half, of an ordinary team. The other players, though not so tall, are powerfully built. Fallis, the captain, quarterback and star punter, who was put out of the game with Nchraska on account of a split nose, will be back on the field today. Guyon and Felix, the ends, are models in form for their positions.

The red men are a little sore after Saturday's battle, but expect to get into their usual form this afternoon on the Vinton Street grounds. They will face Creighton with the same lineup that opened the game

with the same lineup that opened the game CREIGHTON.

RECORDS ARE BROKEN Discus and Weight Throwing Dis-

tances Both Increased at New York.

NEW YORK. Nov. 2.—James S. Mitchell of the Harlem Rowing club and M. J. Sheridan of the Pastime Athletic club broke the fifty-six-pound weight and discus throwing world's records at the Star Athletic club today. Mitchell threw the "Se" of feet 10 inches from a stand without following, beating John Flanagan's world's record of 28 feet 5 inches, made on a dirt floor in Madison Square Garden last December. cember.
Sheridan, who is the world's champion discus thrower, increased his distance of 127 feet 3½ inches, made at the Metropolitan Amateur Athletic union championship games last August, to 133 feet 7 inches.
The weight and discus have been forwarded to J. E. Sullivan, secretary of the Amateur Athletic union, for a test.

PUGILISTS ARE RELEASED Rice Gets Ball and Corbett Freed Because Justice Will Not

Hold Him.

Quotations for Saturday.

of the Country.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2,-(Special.)-Henry lews, in his weekly letter, says: Favorable developments in the stock tarket have been tew and had little effect. market have been new and had little effect. There has been considerable improvement in the monetary situation, but values fall to respond. Not even the cessation of the coal strike exerted any stimulus, and the entire market has displayed a sluggish downward tendency, in marked contrast with the buoyant expectations that were based upon our good harvest only a few downward tendency, in marked contrast with the buoyant expectations that were based upon our good harvest only a few weeks ago. What is the reason for this change of sentiment? Why is Wall street today unquestionably the bluest spot in the United States. Are the apprenensions which now find expression real or fancied; or are our people at last awake to the fact that the pace of the last five or six years has been too rapid? These are some of the questions which the public are thinking about, and which only time will solve. It is quite certain, however, that the change in Wall street temper is due to a reaction from the speculative craze of 1901 and 1902. The sobriety which follows any sort of intoxication is usually accompanied by undue depression, and any change in the drift of events is not apt to be measured at its true value, especially if that draft is unfavorable. High money rates and the wisely conservative attitude of New York bankers have brought unruly speculators to their senses; diminished profits on rallroads and industrials have stopped the enthusiasm induced by continued reports of big earnings; the aggressive attitude of labor is beginning to check new enterprises and create talk of necessary fetrenchment; high prices of materials compel postponement of contracts; signs of reaction in the iron trade, the recognized business barometer, are already at hand; stocks yielded such small returns at the high level that they became a profitable sale while good interest rates prevailed; our favorable foreign trade balance is steadily declining; gold exports are threatened and a growing impression exists that the crest of the boom has been reached and that a partial reaction at least is due.

Election Cuts a Figure.

Election Cuts a Figure.

Added to these naturally adverse developments is the approach of a doubtful election that may easily project some unpleasant surprises. New issues are at work among the masses; issues of a social and economic order that have thus far been tenderly left alone by the politicians. Previously the differences between capital and labor have fortunately been kept out of politics; but the coal strike greatly accentuated these difficulties, and the fear that they may result disadvantageously to the party in power is partly responsible for local depression. Whichever party wins at the coming election it is certain that the newly arising conditions will compel the consideration of a great deal of new legislation affecting corporations; in short, we are entering a new era in which the just relations between capital and labor will have to be adjusted without infringing upon the right of the public at large. Wise legislation will be needed to preserve stability. This, however, is a question for the distant future. preserve stability. This, howe question for the distant future.

Bears Lack a Leader.

immediate outlook is for a good business, the difficulties attending the undertaking and the value of the results attained.

3. A law firm of three members, each sharing equally in the profits, dissolved, assigning undisposed of cases to the several members, except one case, pending in the supreme court, which was not assigned. Judgment therein was reversed and a retrial was conducted by two of the members of the old firm, who prosecuted the case to a successful termination and collected the fee. Held, the value of the services rendered by the old firm in the former trial and by the two members in the second trial respectively, being ascertained, and the fee should be distributed pro rata between the dissolved firm and the two members. 4. Where, a law firm dissolves, assigning undisposed of cases to the several members and the agreement of dissolution is supported by sufficient consideration, each member who in good faith undertakes to carry out his part of the agreement is entitled to prosecute to completion the cases assigned to him and services rendered by other members to him in such cases will business. It seems imposed in some quarters by the recent decline, and it is not certain that liquidation is complete. The failure of the market to respond to rising bank averages and easier money is significant. There is no real distrust, but caution is still observed in high circles. Throughtout the west business prosperity appears uninterrupted. There the benefits of large crops are being already experienced. Unfortunately prices of agricultural products are held so hight as to delay exports and thus increase the possibility of gold shipments. It seems impostural products are held so hight as to de-lay exports and thus increase the possi-bility of gold shipments. It seems impos-sible, however, for the outward movement of produce to be restrained indefinitely when Europe is ready to buy our corn, cotton or wheat at moderate concessions. The excessively low outward freights now ruling (the result of many inward coal cargoes ordered on account of the strike) cannot last very long, and this oppor-tunity is not likely to be lost sight of. The coming week promises to be a quiet one, and largely influenced by the election.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The plentifulness of money which characterized the October market has been succeeded by conditions compelling heavy borrowing from the bank at 4 per cent in order to meet Stock exchange settlements and monthend obligations. An increase in government disbursements is anticipated this week; this will enable borrowers to liquidate some of their indebtedness. The bank, meanwhile, has regained control of the money market and the hardening of London discount rates has not affected continental exchange. That there will be any considerable shipments of gold from New York in connection with the purchases of the shipping combine, or for other reasons, is regarded as improbable, inasmuch as the mercantile balances favor the United States, and it is considered likely that these will provide sufficient exchange for requirements.

The sluggishness of the Stock exchange Foreign Financial. these will provide a surrequirements.

The sluggistiness of the Stock exchange was relieved for a couple of days by spuris of activity, especially in American and British railway shares. The dealings were mostly professional. The more cheerful tone prevailing did not induce the public by buy to any extent.

British railway shares. The dealings were mostly professional. The more cheerful tone prevailing did not induce the public to buy to any extent.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The Bourse began the week under the influence of the gloomy remarks of Herr Barre, director of the Bochum Gusstahl company, who at the annual meeting of the company, held October 25, said the German iron industry was approaching a serious period of its existence and that there existed danger of the dissolution of the steel rail syndicate, in which event there would begin a price war between everybody in the business. These utterances of Herr Barre depressed all industrial shares this week and particularly irons. This decline, however, was partly checked Wednesday by remarks of a Silesian magnate, who was more cheerful regarding iron prospects. The annual meeting of the great Dortmund Iron company, however, brought out discouraging facts and representatives of other iron companies also expressed dismal views of the situation. Yesterday brought strong recovery on strong prospects of the renewal of the pig iron and steel rail syndicates in the Rhine country. Shares of the electrical companies did not show a uniform tendency during the week. Those of the Schuckert Electrical company of Nuremburg dropped to 59 on Friday, but recovered to 16 yesterday upon the announcement that the company had secured a contract to build a suspension electrical railway in England. The week's drop of other electrical companies were slightly higher. Quotations upon the Ail-German Electrical company paid a dividend of 12 percent last year. The newspapers, however, point out that this year's dividend would have been below 6 per cent except for the fact that the company's tax has been refunded. Indications are that the retail industry is in a bad way with no prospect of improvement. All negotiations for an electrical trust have apparently failed. A number of American electricians are refunded. Indications are that the retail industry is in a bad way with no prospect of improvement. All negotiations for an electrical trust have apparently failed. A number of American electricians are resigning their positions in German companies and returning to the United States. The money market showed a greater demand for the monthly settlement than was expected. Considerable demand still existed yesterday, call money reaching 4½ per cent, but later relapsed to 4 per cent. German 2s and Prussian consols were slightly lower during the week and there was little doing in foreign rentes. Shares of the North German Lloyd and Hamburg-American Steamship companies continue to be weak; hovering just above par.

MADRID, Nov. 2.—The report of the Bank of Spain for the week ended yesterday shows the following: Gold in hand, increase 219,000 pesetas; silver in hand, increased 2,978,000 pesetas; notes in circulation, decreased 2,78,000 pesetas.

Manchester Textiles.

WATERBURY. Conn., Nov. 2—Austin Rice, the puglist, who was arrested in New London last night, was released on bonds of \$500. furnished by John Hurley, who is associated with William Crowley in the attempt to pull off the boxing exhibition before the Waterbury Athletic club November 6.

Young Corbett, who was also arrested, was taken before a justice of the peace, who was unwilling to hold him. He was accordingly released and immediately left for New York. Corbett's manager promised to have him on hand on Monday, when both he and Rice will appear in court.

Manchester Textiles.

Per lb., lbc; cocoanuts, per lb., 6½c; OLD METALS—A. B. Alpern quoties the outlook for other manches, per lb., 9½c; old per l

outlets business was done at unremunera-tive rates.

Yarns were in rather active inquiry and fairly satisfactory. Prices were fairly firm in spite of the case of cotton.

Wall Street is the Least Optimistic Portion CHICAGO GRAIN AND PROVISIONS. Features of the Trading and Closing

> CHICAGO, Nov. 1.-Duliness prevailed or the Board of Trade again today, and with general induldation prices had a downward tendency. December wheat closing 'ac lower, December com 'ac lower and oats %4%c lower. January provisions closed \*\*\*Market lower. January provisions closed in the provisions were all against wheat and the market ruled weak throughout the day, with the exception of some steadiness early. Longs again threw a lot of stuff on the market and with no support prices declined steadily. Large primary receipts and rapidly accumulating stocks were the principal near features. Selling by the southwest was also a weakening influence. World's shipments were estimated at about

southwest was also a weakening influence. World's shipments were estimated at about 12,005,000 bushels and a liberal increase was looked for in the visible supply. December opened a shade lower to a snade higher at 72,204,20c and after holding rairly steady the first hour the market gave way and the price dropped to 72c. The close was be lower at 120,125c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 729,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,533,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 1,533,000 bushels, against 1,133,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis and Duluth reported receipts of 321 cars—of contract grade—made total receipts—of contract grade—made total receipts — of contract grade—made total receipts for the three points of 1,001 cars, against 1,02 cars last week and 1,020 cars a year

weakness in wheat affected the corn weakness in wheat affected the corn market and, after a tairly steady opening, prices weakened. With the lower tendency stop-loss orders became general and these offerings lent an impetus to the downward trend. There was little demand for May, shorts being about the only buyers, while longs had a considerable amount to offer. Trading in the December option was light and there was a wide fluctuation on and there was a wide fluctuation on limited transactions. The close was weak, December closing %c lower at 50½500%c, after selling between 50½c and 51½c. Local receipts were 274 cars, with 57 cars or conade. ruled weak, particularly May, on

Oats ruled weak, particularly May, on selling by commission houses, influenced by weakness in other grains. Trade was of larger volume than of late, with the local sentiment decidedly bearish. The close was easy, December \$604c lower at 25449 254c, after selling between 254c and 354c. Local receipts were 274 cars.
Provisions were subjected to a steady selling pressure, longs being the principal sellers. The market was extremely weak sellers. The market was extremely weak throughout the day and the close was at lower prices. Large receipts of hogs and lower prices at the yards were the depressing influences. January pork closed 27½c lower at \$5.132½, January lard 29c lower at \$9.12½ and ribs 15c lower at \$8.10. Estimated receipts for Monday: Wheat, 110 cars; corn, 210 cars; oats, 230 cars; hogs, 38,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows: Articles. Open. High. | Low. | Close. | Yes'y \*Wheat 72 72 614 7254 7314 7315 64 7414 614 Nov. Dec. May 7215@% 74%@%

54¼ 51¼@% 42%@% 53% 50½ 41% 54% 51% 42% Dec. Jan. May 15 52½ 15 32½ 15 32½ 14 70 14 50 14 50 Nov. Dec. Jan. May Ribs— 10 6214 10 6214 10 45 10 50 8 1716 8 1736 8 10 8 1256 8 25 7 80 7 80 7 70 7 7236 7 8256 \*No. 2. a New.

\*No. 2. a New. Cash quotations were as follows: FLOUR-Steady: winter patents, \$3.40@ 3.50; winter straights, \$3.10@3.30; spring pat-ents, \$3.40@3.70; spring straights, \$2.90@3.20; bakers, \$2.25@2.75. WHEAT-No. 2 spring, 72@72½c; No. 3 spring, 70@77c; No. 2 red, 70½@71½c, CORN-No. 2, 54@55c; No. 2 yellow, 56@

with the one exception of September last. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year to date equal that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The receipts for the most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The receipts for the most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The receipts for the most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The receipts for the most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the statified in the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the action of the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total receipts for the year 1901. The most noticeable feature, however, is that the total re

BUTTER — Packing stock, 16c; choice lairy, in tubs, 18@20c; separator, 24@25c.
FRESH CAUGHT FISH—Trout, 9@10c; herring, 7c; pickerel, 8c; pike, 10c; perch, 9c; ouffalo, dressed, 7c; sunfish, 3c; bluefins, 3c; whitefish, 10c; salmon, 16c; haddock, 11c; codfish, 12c; redsnapper, 10c; lobsters, colled, per 1b., 20c; lobsters, green, per 1b., 28c; bullheads, 10c; catnish, 14c; black bass, 50c; halibut, 11c.
CORN—54c.

OATS-33c. WHEAT-No. 2 hard, 65c.

WHEAT—No. 2 hard, 65c.
RYE—43c.
BRAN—Per top., \$13.
HAY—Prices quoted by Omaha Wholesale Hay Dealers' association: Choice No. 1 upland, \$8.50; No. 1 medium, \$8: No. 1 coarse, \$7.50. Rye straw, \$7. These prices are for hay of good color and quality. Demand fair; receipts light.

OYSTERS—Standards, per can, 25c; extra selects, per can, 35c; New York counts, per can, 42c; bulk, extra selects, per gal., \$1.75; bulk, standards, per gal., \$1.30.

VEGETABLES.

NEW CELERY—Kearney, per doz., 356

VEGETABLES.

NEW CELERY-Kearney, per doz., 356
46c; Kalamazoo, per doz., 25c.
POTATOES-New, per bu., 25636c.
SWEET POTATOES-Virginia, per bbl., 25; home grown, per bu., 21.
TURNIPS-Per bu., 30c.
BEETS-Per basket, 40c.
'UCUMBERS-Hothouse, per doz., \$1.50.
WAX BEANS-Per bu. box, \$1.50. string beans, per bu box, \$1.50.
CABBAGE-Home grown, new, 1c.
ONIONS-New home grown, in sacks, per bu., 50666c; Spanish, per crate, \$1.50.
NAVY BEANS-Per bu., \$2.76.
FRUITS.
PEACHES-California, late Salways, \$1.

PEACHES—California, late Salways, \$1. PRUNES—Utah, per 4-basket crate, 90c. PEARS—Fall varieties, per bex, \$1.7562.00; affirs, per bbl., \$3.76; Colorado, per box, APPLES—Cooking, per bbl., \$2.25; eating, \$2.25@2.50; Jonathans, \$3.25; New York stock, 33.20. GRAPES-New York. 22c; Tokays, per crate, 31.75; Malagas, per keg, \$5.0026.00. CRANBERRIES-Per bbl., 37.5038.00; per box, \$2.50. QUINCES—Per box, \$1.50.

TROPICAL FRUITS.
BANANAS-Per bunch, according to size, LEMONS-California fancy, \$4.00@4.25; No. choice, \$3.50g2.75. (6)
Choice, \$4.50g. New Ja-66,
Mischell, \$4.5 MISCELLANEOUS. HONEY-New Utah, per 24-frame case.

HONEY-New Utah, per 24-frame case, \$3.60.
CIDER-New York, \$4.50; per ½-bbl., \$2.75.
SAUER KRAUT-Wisconsin, per ½ bbl., \$2.10; per bbl., \$3.25.
HIDES-No. 1 green, 7c; No. 2 green, 6c; No. 1 saited, \$4.0; No. 2 saited, 7½c; No. 1 veal calf, 8 to 12½ bbs., \$4½c; No. 2 veal calf, 12 to 15 bs., 6c; dry hides, \$6/2c; sheep peits, 75c; horse hides, \$4.50@2.50.
POPCORN-Per lb., 2c; shelled, 4c.
NUTS-Walnuts, No. 1 soft shell, per lb., 13c; hard shell, per lb., 11c; filberts, per lb., 12c; almonds, soft shell, per lb., 16c; hard shell, per lb., 15c; cocoanuts, per doz., 50c; chestnuts, per lb., 15c; cocoanuts, per doz., 50c; chestnuts per lb., 16c; peanuts, per lb., 6½c; roasted peanuts, per lb., \$c.
OLD METALS-A. B. Alpern quotes the following prices: Iron, country mixed, per ton, \$11; Iron, stove plate, per ton, \$2; copper, per lb., \$4c; brass, heavy, per lb., \$4c; brass, light, per lb., 5½c; lead, per lb., \$6c; brass, light, per lb., 5½c; lead, per lb., \$6c; brass, light, per lb., 5½c; lead, per lb., \$6c; brass, light, per lb., 5½c; lead, per lb., \$6c; brass, light, per lb., 5½c; rubber, per lb., \$6c;

HOGS FIFTEEN LOWER THAN A WEEK AGO

Fat Sheep and Lambs Are Steady to Strong for the Week, but Feeders Fifteen to Twenty-Five Cents Lower.

SOUTH OMARA, Nov. 1. Cattle, flogs, Sheep, 9,719 2,890 32,838 1,956 8,386 18,292 Receipts were Official Monday Official Tuesday Total this week ... ending Oct. 11. Same week last year. 23,698 28,802 26,123 RECEIPTS FOR THE YEAR TO DATE The following table shows the receipts of attle, hogs and sheep at South Omahs, for the year to date, and comparisons with last lear: 1902, 1901, Inc. Dec. attle 829,372 699,27; 160,083 1,871,689 1,919,169 38,472 Sheep 1,385,810 1,105,134 250,616

The following table shows the average price of hogs sold on the South Omaliamarket the last several days, with comparisons with former years: Receipts—Sheep Steady.

(CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—CATTLE—Receipts.

1902. 1901. 1900. 1899. 1895. 1897. 1895.

7 14% 6 75 6 18 2 71 3 85 2 74

7 14% 6 75 6 18 2 9 3 79 2 62

7 15% 6 59 6 19 4 22 3 66 2 2 57

7 20% 6 59 6 19 4 22 3 66 2 2 57

7 20% 6 59 6 20 4 37 3 64 3 72

8 6 52 5 18 4 31 3 56 3 71 2 50

HOGS—Receipts. 12,000 head; estimated Monday. 25,000; feft over, 2,250; butchers.

1 20% 6 13 5 60 4 35 3 56 3 71 2 50

8 6 20 4 37 3 56 3 7 3 50

8 6 30 6 15 4 30 3 56 3 7 3 50

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8 6 30 6 15 4 30 3 56 3 7 3 50

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8 15 1902, 71901, (1900, (1899, (1898, (1897, (1896 

\* Indicates Sunday. The official number of cars of stock brought in yesterday by each road was: Cattle Hogs Sh'p.H'ses. C. M. & St. P. Ry.
O. & St. L. Ry.
Missouri Pacific Ry. II
Union Pacific system 1
C. & N. W. Ry.
F. E. & M. V. R. R. 2
C. St. P. M. & O. Ry.
B. & M. R. Ry. 2
C. B. & Q. Ry. 1
K. C. & St. J.
C. R. I. & P. east
C. R. I. & P. east
Lillinois Central Total receipts ...... 17 The disposition of the day's receipts was Cattle, Hogs. Sheep.

Buyers. Cattle.
Omaha Packing Co......
Swift and Company.
Cudahy Packing Co...
Armour & Co...
Cudahy Pack. Co., K. C. 311
William Underwood ... 20
Wolf & Murnan ... 21
Other buyers ... 36 CORN—No. 2, 54@55c; No. 2 yellow, 550 C. ATS—No. 2, 27%c; No. 2 white, 34%c; No. 3 white, 284@53lc.

RYE—No. 2, 49%c
BARLEY—Good feeding, 23@42c; fair to choice maiting, 42@56c.
SEED—No. 1 flax, 31.15; No. 1 northwestern, 31.18; prime timothy, \$4.10; clover, contract grade, \$10.75.

PROVISIONS—Mess pork, per bbl. \$16.50 grif6.62%; Lard, per 100 lbs. \$10.70@10.55 Short ribs sides (loose), \$10.62%@10.87%. Dry salted shoulders (boxed), \$10.00@10.25. Short clear sides (boxed), \$10.25@10.75.

Short clear sides (boxed), \$10.25@10.75.

The most noticeable feature, however, is the most noticeable feature, howeve

week, but common kinds and feeders are a little lower. Stags and veal calves have shown little change.

The supply of stockers and feeders has been more moderate this week and consequently prices have improved a little. Anything at all desirable may safely be quoted logical higher for the week. Even the common kinds have moved more freely than they did a week ago, so that he market has been in very satisfactory condition.

The market on western beef steers has also held up in good shape. The demand has been fully equal to the supply and in fact has apparently been a little in excess. Prices ruled strong each day and, as compared with the close of last week, prices look about 10%15c higher on the better grades. Lommon stuff is not much more than steady. Range cows have also been in good demand and an advance for the week of 15%25c is reported. Stockers and feeders also improved about the same amount.

D. McFarland—Wyo.

D. McFarland—Wyo.

18 feeders 1027 4 20 1 cow....1010 2 65
7 feeders 28 4 29 4 cows...1067 2 65
1 cow....770 2 90 1 cow...860 2 90
1. Robinson—S. D.
21 feeders 840 2 90 2 bulls ...1010 2 55 21 feeders... 849 2 60 2 bulls..... 1010 2 55 HOGS—There was a fair run of hogs here today for a Saturday, and the market opened 5\(\pi\)100 lower. Later in the morning the feeling improved and the last sales were only weak to 5c lower. The bulk of the hogs sold from \$6.50 to \$6.60, and as high as \$6.62\(\pi\) was paid. Trading was quite active, so that everything that was in was disposed of in good season. The same as usual, however, trains were late in arriving. A few loads arrived at about 11 o'clock

disposed of in good season. The same as usual, however, trains were late in arriving. A few loads arrived at about 11 o'clock but by that time buyers had their orders pretty well filled and did not buy them as strong. The late sales were a good deal like the early ones.

For the week the supply of hogs has been more liberal than for some time past, as will be seen from the table above. In fact, the supply has been about the same as for the same week of last year, so that the decrease, as compared with last year, has at least been temporarily stopped. The tendency of prices has again been downward, and as compared with the close of last week the decline amounts to 15620c. Representative males:

but they were sold to arrive at steady prices, so that a test of the open market was not made. For the week receipts have been very liberal, showing a gain both over last week and over the same week of week of billed through

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKET

| last year. The receipts for the year to date are now over 1,255,000 head, as against 1,214.841 head for the entire year of 1901, so there will be more than two months increase over last year.

| Western Beef Steers, Cows and Feeders Are All Migher for the Week. | The market has been in very satisfactory condition this week, so far as fat stuff is concerned. Although receipts were very liberal, there was comparatively little stuff that was good enough for killers and the market ruled firm and active all the week.

that was good enough for killers, and the market ruled firm and active all the week. As compared with the close of last week the market on desirable grades can safely be quoted steady to strong. Lambs have shown more strength than sheep, as there have been very few good lambs on safe. The feeder market, however, has eased off a little in view of the enormous supply. The demand was fairly liberal, but hardly equal to the supply the first of the week. At the close of the week, however, there is very little stuff unsold, but sellers had to clean up at a decline of 152 2c. as compared with last week. The greatest decline was, of course, on the common stuff.

Quotations: Good to choice vearlings, \$2.56
(0.00; fair to good, \$3.2563.56; good to choice wethers, \$3.1063.35; choice ewes, \$2.7562.35; fair to good ewes \$2.2562.56; good to choice lambs, \$4.7565.00; fair o good to choice lambs, \$1.003.50; feeder wethers, \$2.7562.00; feeder yearlings, \$2.7662.00; fee

cuil ewes
feeder lambs
Wyonning ewes.

1 Wyoming wethers. CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Hogs Are Lower, with Heavy Saturday Receipts-Sheep Steady.

Receipts. Shipments.

\$ 25 Cattle 6.732 Hoge 20.733 \$ 26 Sheep 12.750 Kansas City Live Stock Market. KANSAS CITY, Nov. 1.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1.700 head natives, 300 head Texans; market unchanged; choice export and dressed beef steers, \$6.5067.45; fair to good. \$3.50@6.45; stockers and feeders. \$3.00@4.00; western fed steers, \$3.15@5.75; Texas and indian steers, \$3.00@4.5; Texas cows, \$2.466 3.00; native cows, \$1.50@4.00; native helfers, \$3.10@6.75; canners, \$1.50@4.00; native helfers, \$3.10@6.75; canners, \$1.50@2.25; bulls, \$2.50; 3.65; calves, \$3.00@5.60. Receipts for the week: Cattle, 61.800 head; calves, 10.200 head;

week: Cattle, 61,800 head; calves, 10,500 head.
HOGS—Receipts, 5,000 head; market 5@10c lower; top, \$6.55; bulk of sales, \$6.47\f6 6.52\f6; heavy, \$6.47\f6 6.55; mixed packers, \$6.40\f6.65; light, \$6.36\f6.52\f6; vorkers, \$6.50\f6.52\f6; pigs, \$5.85\f6.65\f6.52\f6; vorkers, \$6.50\f6.52\f

St. Louis Live Stock Market.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 1.—CATTLE—Receipts ST. LOUIS. Nov. 1.—CATTLE—Receipts. 1,100 head, including 600 Texans; market steady to firm; native shipping and export steers, 35.7527.50, with strictly fancy worth up to \$5.50; dressed beef and butcher steers. \$4.2567.00; steers under 1,000 ibs., \$4.0026.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.2565.00; cows and helfers, \$2.2565.50; canners, \$1.5092.50; bulls, \$2.7564.00; calves, \$3.7667.50; Texas and Indian steers, \$2.4564.50; cows and helfers, \$2.2563.40. HOGS—Receipts, 3.500 head; market fairly active, but 10@15c lower; pigs and lights, \$6.25@6.40; packers, \$6.25@6.50; butchers, \$6.45 SHEEP AND LAMBS-Receipts, 300 head

market steady; native muttons, \$3.2594.00 lambs, \$4.0095.80; culls and bucks, \$2.0094.00; stockers, \$1.5093.00. New York Live Stock Market. NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—BEEVES-Receipts, 294 head; dressed beef steady; city dressed native sides, [Agrilzc per 16.; Texas beef, 64,67c; cables quote American steers at 12613c, dressed weight; refrigerator beet at 1160114c; exports today, partly estimated, 1.185 beeves, 7.850 quarters of beef. CALVES—Receipts, 120 head; 171 head on sale, all westerns; no trading, HOGS-Receipts, 2,113 head; no sale re-

ported.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 2,000 head; dull and weak; reported sales at about steady prices; about 10 cars of stock unsold; reported sales of sheep at \$3.2563.75 per cwt., and of lambs at \$4.5035.00; dressed nutton, 51407c per lb.; dressed lambs, 7600c St. Joseph Live Stock Market. ST. JOSEPH, Nov. 1.-CATTLE-Receipts.

BT, JOSEPH, Nov. 1.—CATTLE—Receipts, 700 head; steady; cows and heifers, \$1.50g 5.75; veals, \$2.50g 6.50; stockers and feeders, \$2.00g 4.55.
HOGS—Receipts, 6.700 head; market \$69100 lower; light, \$6.42½ 66.55; medium and heavy, \$8.45g 6.50; pigs, \$3.85g 6.60; bulk of sales, \$6.45g 6.50.
SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts, 264 head; market steady. Stoux City Live Stock Market.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Nov. L.—(Special Telegram.)—CATTLE—Receipts, 250 head; unchanged; beeves, \$5.0007.00; cows and buils, \$2.2504.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.5004.00; yearings and calves, \$2.5004.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 2.800 head; 5010c lower, selling at \$6.3506.60; buik, \$6.424.06.45.

The following were the receipts of live stock at the six principal cities yesterday:

Cattle. Hogs. Sheep.
Chicago 1,000 22,000 1,000
Kansas City 1,700 5,000 500
St. Louis 1,100 3,500 300
St. Joseph 700 6,700 264
Stoux City 250 2,800 Totals......5,190 45,300 2,844 St. Louis Grain and Provisions.

St. Louis Grain and Provisions.

ST. LOUIS. Nov. 1.—WHEAT—Lower;
No. 2 red. cash. elevator, 65% casked; track,
594,670c; December, 65% 598%c; May, 72c bid;
No. 2 hard, 65671c; receipts, 185,207 bushels.
CORN—Lower; No. 2 cash, 45c; track,
47c, new; December, 39%c bid; May, 384c.
OATS—Lower; No. 2 cash, 284c; track,
29628%c; December, 28628%c asked; May,
29c asked; No. 2 white, 31c.
RYE—Weak at 484c asked.
FLOUR—Steady; red winter patents, 33.49
63.35; extra fancy and straight, \$3.1063.35;
clear, \$2.9563.05.
BEED—Timothy, firm, \$2.0063.50.
CORNMEAL—Steady, \$2.75.
BRAN—Steady; stacked, east track, 669
74c.

HAY-Steady; timothy, \$10,00@13.00; prai-

BUTTER-Steady; creamery, 18@251/c; dalry, 17@30c. EGGS-Lower; 194c, loss off.

Kansas City Grain and Provisions. KANSAS CITY, Nov. 1.—WHEAT—December, 65%c; May, 68%c; cash, No. 2 hard, 68968c; No. 3 68066c; No. 2 red, 66c; No. 2, 63466c; CORN—November, 40c; December, 37%c; May, 3646964c; cash, No. 2 mixed, 44664c; No. 2, white, 45%e17%c; No. 3, 46c.
OATS—No. 2 white, 32633c; No. 2 mixed. 3007314c. RYE—No. 2. 45c. HAY—Choice timothy, \$10.50@10.75; choice prairie, 19.50@10.00. BUTTER—Creamery, 23@24c; fancy dairy. EGGS—Fresh Missouri and Kansas stock, 18c, loss off, cases returned.

Receipts. Shipments.
Wheat, bu. 112,660 124,660
Corn, bu. 48,620 29,003
Oats, bu. 36,000 14,000

Philadelphia Produce Market.

PHILADELPHIA. Nov. 1.—BUTTER—Firm, fair demand; extra western creamery, 25½c; extra nearby prints, 28c.

EGGS—Steady but quiet; fresh nearby, 25c, loss off; fresh southwestern, 25c, loss off; fresh southern, 25c, loss

Peorla Market. PEORIA, Ill., Nov. 1.—CORN—Easy and lower; No. 3. 55c. OATS—Easy and steadler; No. 2 white, 30c,