

MINING IN THE BLACK HILLS

New Mill at Garden City Will Begin to Crush Ore in a Few Days.

COMPANY HAS INVESTED A MILLION

Owrs Large Number of Claims and Proposes to Work Them to the Best Advantage—Expect a Railroad Extension.

DEADWOOD, S. D., Nov. 2.—(Special.)—All of the machinery for the big Penobscot mill at Garden City has been set in place, the engine having been made ready to run on Saturday.

The mill will start up for a trial run by the 10th of the month, and will continue in constant operation. The plant was started only about six months ago, and although it is the largest water-crushing cyanide plant in the Black Hills, it is now practically ready to run.

The mill at the start will crush and treat about 300 tons of ore daily, but this amount will be increased as soon as conditions warrant it. Ore will be delivered to the mill on Monday, and by the time it is ready to begin its long run on regular work the bins will be filled with the best crushing ore in the Hills.

The Penobscot mill is at the head of the company, which has invested over \$1,000,000 in the Garden City district within the past year. There are only 500,000 shares of stock in the company and it is all owned by a few people, so that the company is in the hands of a few.

The company has recently made a purchase of several groups of claims to the north of its present holdings, which gives it possession of a very large area of ground and the largest owner of claims in the district.

The men connected with the management are all experienced mining men and have entered the district with the intention of mining on a strictly legitimate basis and for the purpose of making their operations pay them a good profit.

Expect a Railroad. The Garden City district has always been considered to be the richest silicious ore district in the Hills, its ore possessing the quality of being highly susceptible to the cyanide process, but until the Penobscot company located there it has been, in as measure, isolated, supplies and mining implements having to be hauled over bad roads.

These conditions have kept it from reaching the development which other districts have obtained by the use of scrap iron. With the completion of the new mill, it is said, will come the extension of either the Elkhorn or B. & M. railroad system into the camp and district.

That it is rich in ore no one doubts who is acquainted with the developments in the district, for with the development of the hole sunk upon it or a drift driven or has been found, ore much richer than that of the same character found in other districts. It is destined within a year at the outside to be producing more gold than any other district in the Hills.

shalt to the quartzite, which will be struck in another 100 feet. Besides the parties and the companies mentioned there are others who are in the district, and the most part their annual assessments, and all of them have a showing of ore, so it is seen that the ore bodies are not confined to any particular part of the district.

A good many men will winter in the district, and the country will have received a pretty good prospecting, and the result of the work done may be the establishment of several cyanide plants on properties making a good showing of ore.

Steeple Ore for Shipment. OREVILLE, S. D., Nov. 2.—(Special.)—Harrington & Gregg have obtained a depth of 100 feet on the vein in the Fairview mine, and are taking out a splendid quality of smelting ore, which they are storing for shipment.

The ore is being taken from a six-foot streak in the main ledge, and the shaft is in one all the way down. This ore, which is rich in iron, will be shipped to the smelter at Lead, and it is the intention of the owners to ship it either to Omaha or Rapid City for treatment.

At the present time but one shaft is being worked in the mine, but when arrangements are made for shipping, the additional shafts will be placed on the work.

The electro-cyanide plant at this place has been running on ore from the southern Hills for a part of the time and is said to be getting a very high extraction, saving about eight per cent values there are in the ore. It is said that the plant will be steadily engaged from now on and that enough ore has been contracted for to keep it running.

Working Copper and Tin. CUSTER CITY, S. D., Nov. 2.—(Special.)—The Central Black Hills Copper company, which recently purchased the Dick Palmer group of claims in the district, has begun work in earnest on the ground and is preparing for extensive developments.

Buildings for the accommodation of the miners have been erected, blacksmith and machine shops built and also of various conveniences of the same character. The company at the present time is employing a large force of miners getting out ore and opening up the vein.

The vein at the point where work is being done on it is about four feet in width and carries from 2 to 4 per cent copper, also the cyanide values there are in the ore. The company has begun work on a leaching plant, which it expects to soon have in operation. In this plant the ore taken from the vein will be treated with a dilute solution of sulphuric acid and the copper precipitated by the use of scrap iron.

to Oldham, C., division No. 2. Unreported. Application for writ of habeas corpus denied. Judgment affirmed and denied.

Nothing short of actual payment or its equivalent will satisfy the court. The assessed constitutes compensation for property expropriated from him under the power of eminent domain.

Walt against Phelps. Appeal from Colfax. Affirmed. Kirkpatrick, C. division No. 1. Unreported.

The court has jurisdiction to enter a personal deficiency judgment in a foreclosure which was pending prior to the repeal of sections 84 and 85 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Under the provisions of section 84 of the Code of Civil Procedure, a judgment of foreclosure for deficiency judgment is proper, provided the foreclosure proceedings were commenced prior to the repeal of the Code.

Waddell against County of Gage. Appeal from Gage. Affirmed. Duffie, C. division No. 2. Unreported.

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STOCKS FAIL TO RESPOND

Wall Street is the Least Optimistic Portion of the Country.

REACTION FROM SPECULATIVE CRAZE

High Money Rates and Conservative Action of Bankers Have Brought Speculative Boomers to Their Senses.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—(Special.)—Henry Clews, in his weekly letter, says: Favorable developments in the stock market have been a happy by-product of the monetary situation, but values are not so high as they were some time ago.

There has been considerable improvement in the monetary situation, but values are not so high as they were some time ago. The downward tendency, in marked contrast with the buoyant expectations that were based upon good interest only a few weeks ago.

What is the reason for this change of sentiment? The answer is found in the United States. Are the apprehensions of the market justified? Are we are people at last awake to the fact that the pace of the last five or six years has been too rapid?

Added to these naturally adverse developments is the fact of a doubtful election that may easily project some unpleasant surprises. The market is not so high as it was some time ago.

The immediate outlook is for a good time, but it lacks leaders, and no aggressive policy can be looked for in the coming week.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The plentifulness of money which characterized the October market has been succeeded by a contraction of credit.

The big braves from the Haskell Indian Institute are staying at the Merchants hotel. They are a husky lot of footballists.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—James B. Mitchell of the Harlem Rowing club and J. S. Sheridan of the "Club" club broke the fifty-six-pound weight and discus record of 28 feet 5 inches, made on a dirt floor in Madison Square Garden last December.

OMAHA LIVE STOCK MARKET

Western Beef Steers, Cows and Feeders Are All Higher for the Week.

HOGS FIFTEEN LOWER THAN A WEEK AGO

Fast Sheep and Lambs Are Steady to Strong for the Week, but Feeders Fifteen Cents Lower.

Receipts were Cattle, 11,000; Hogs, 10,000; Sheep, 5,000. Market was generally steady, with a few exceptions.

The following table shows the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep at Omaha, from the year to date, and compares with the receipts for the same period last year.

Table with columns: Date, 1901, 1902, 1901, 1902, 1901, 1902. Rows: Cattle, Hogs, Sheep. Data shows fluctuations in receipts over time.

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