THE OMAHA DAILY BEE: THURSDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1902.



The Whiskey That Made The High Ball Famous



Gentleman's Whiskey

Fourth Assistant Postmaster General Renders Account of His Secretaryship.

POSTAL WORK IS REVIEWED

More Officers Appointed Than Ever Before and Mare Offennes and Irregularities Form Subject

BUSINESS AND CRIMES BOTH INCREASE

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- Mr. Bristow, fourth assistant postmaster general, has prepared his report for the year ended June 20, 1992. In it he says:

of Investigations.

20, 1992. In it he says:
The work of this bureau has increased proportionately with the increase in the division of appointments the work was heavier than in any year since 1898. There was a large increase in the number of presidential postmasters appointed, the number of \$175,099.67 and money order funds to the amount of \$153,240.78. The division of postoffice inspectors for the territory of Hawail has been discontinued. It is now included in the San Francisco division.
The total number of postmasters appointed for the year anded June 38, 200, was 15,657, as against 16,570 for 1992, an increase of 1,333.
The records show a slight increase in the United States, has not proved satis-

crease of 1.313. The records show a slight increase in the number of removais of postmasters for cause, due to the policy of the department to hold postmasters to a more strict ac-count for carelessness and irregularities. There was a gradual improvement in the character of service during the year, and their work has never been more efficient. There were 3.038 postoffices established, a decrease as compared with the previous

decrease as compared with the previous year of 256, The record of establishments during the last six years is as follows: In 1897, 1,601; 1988, 3,601; 1899, 2,935; 1900, 3,600; 1901, 3,294; 1982, 3,038.

Offices Decrease in Number.

There were 4,059 postoffices discontinued, being 1.022 more than during the preced-ing year. The principal causes for the large de-crease in the number of offices have been the extension of fural free delivery sta-tions in Heu of fourth-class postoffices, the extension of furth class postoffices, the uons in lieu of fourth-class postoffices, the extension of city delivery service and the improvement of the public highways. The extension of rural free delivery has resulted in the discontinuance of 1.906 post-offices during the year, the salaries of postmasters of said offices aggregating \$116,877. The usual dilgence has been exercised in the suppression of private postoffices.

Bild, SR7.
The usual diligence has been exercised in the suppression of private postoffice is conducted for the sole benefit of some corporation, factory, nursery company, patcht medicine firm or other private business institution it is discontinued.
Buring the year seventy-three postmasters realigned and forty-four died, an increase of twenty-five in the rest gnations and a decrease of nine in deaths. There were 791 deaths of fourth-class postmasters and 5,660 resignations, a decrease of 104 in deaths and 121 the rest pratime of 104 in deaths and 121 the rest pratime.
On June 30, 1902, there were 75,624 post-offices, divided as follows: First class, 220; second class, 1,623; third class, 3,485; fourth class, 7,189.
From June 30, 1907, the June 30, 1907, the number of presidential postoffices increased from 3,762 to 4,731, an increase of 969, or about 25 per cent.
By the act of compress approved August 13, 1894, authority was given to accept bonds executed by trust companies for such officials as are required to furnish a guaranty for faithful duty. This act has had a limited application to postmasters' bonds. The postal regulations require every postmaster's bond to be executed by two sureties, and the postmaster general has in-sisted that one of them shall be a patron of the office. Bonds of trust companies are accepted from postmasters at offices of the first and second class for half the penalty, provided the company is incorporated under the iaws of the state in which the office is located. Personal sureties are preferable, however, because bond companies companies some.

Incated. Personal surveiles are preferable however, because bond companies some-times resort to legal quibbles to delay pay-ment, while private citizens as a rule promptly meet the obligation and pay the

loss. When citizens of a community are on the bond of the postmaster they are quick to observe any suspicious practices and fre-quently report the result of their observa-tions.

man, while the native Filipinos will be the losers. He believes, however, that the use of silver should be encouraged.

pended, in 42 proceedings were diamissed and seven defendants died awaiting trial. Eleven forfeited ball and ten escaped, leaving 509 cases pending. In state courts 113 cases were disposed of, resulting in forty-two convictions and ten acquittals, leaving sixty-one cases awaiting trial.

acquittais, leaving sixty-one cases awaiting trial. With an aggregate amount of \$142.71 on hand July 1, 1997, \$55,377,77 was collected, making a total of \$52,171.48 to be accounted for, of which \$52,001.70 was disbursed, leav-ing an unexpended balance of \$119,75 at the close of the year. Attention is invited to the fact that the total cash collected is 64 per cent of the last annual appropriation for postoffice inspectors. It represents col-lections due from postmasters, genalities for violations and collections of amounts file-gally received by postmasters, as well as collections in cases of robberies of post-offices, wrecking of mial trains, highway robbery of mail stages and moneys re-ceived on account of loss attributable to carelessness, accident or larceny. On May 29 Inspector Fonces delivered to his Cuban successor the postal service com-pletely organized in its operations and ac-counts, completely equipped with material and almost actiraby. Cubacity in particular in a period in its per-

counts, completely equipped with material and almost entirely Cubanized in its per-

cisco division: **Becommends Legal Changes.** The act of June 13, 1898, providing that significant postmasters, cashiers and other and third classes shall give bond direct to and third classes shall give bond direct to be of laced with the contention of sureties actory in operation, and has raised a num-ber of laced with the contention of sureties and postmasters, may result in serious loss to the government. Originally a postmaster was responsible under his bond for all moneys received and it was his duty to a subordinate. A vexatious question as to provide the bond for losses has arisen since the postmaster makes good the loss there is postmaster makes good the loss there is the fortient of the clerk direct to the provision for him to succeed to the provision for losses has arisen since the postmaster makes good the loss there is postmaster makes good the loss there bond. If is should be judicially determined bond for all acts and other employes to bond the bonding of the clerk direct is the provision for here experiments the postmaster, the provision for any and all acts and postmaster, the provision for any and all acts and postmaster. The be made for the purpose of content provision for any and all acts and both provision for any and all acts and other employes to provide the bondit of provision of the provide for any and all acts and provide the provision of the provide the to provide the same may be provided, and here the purpose of content. both bookouts wherever, in the opinion of the provided, and here the purpose of content. both both and be the purpose of content. both both and abettime in the green goods is lotter, swindles or any other schemore both both and abettime in the green goods is lotter, swindles or any o

WRITES ON PHILIPPINES

Prof. Jenks Makes Many Suggestions Unwittingly Receives Thousands of Re-Looking to Furtherance of Insular Interests.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- The report made by Prof. Jeremiah Jenks of Cornell on his observations in the English and Dutch possessions in the Orient was made

public today. He finds, notwithstanding considerable progress has been made during the recent decade, in no country visited has much been done looking to the establishment of self-government. Nowhere have the dependencies of England, Holland or France in the Orient so great a measure of self-

government as the United States has already given to the Filipinos. With respect to a currency system for the Philippines, he inclines to a fixed rate of exchange with gold between the islands

and the United States. This is in accord with the suggestion of the Philippine commission. The special reasons given are that if silver continues to depreciate those who gain from its depreciation will be the exporting houses, chiefly English, and Ger-

States. Every steamship agent alludes to the fact that the United States immigration fact that the United States immigration laws are now being strictly enforced and in consequence the Canadian route is one "where any one is accepted who is capa-ble of walking off the ship," a statement which is invariably coupled with a gratuit-ous lesson in North American geography, designed to impress on the emigrant's mind the cheering information that Montreal is a "border city," from which a walk across the border is a very easy matter, unat-tended by any inconvenience whatever, there being no inspection of immigrants at this border. So important nas this shady emigra-

intenance of a single one.

Mr. Watchorn says:

CANADA AIDS BIG FRAUD

jected Emigrants from United States.

TOLD TO WALK ACROSS BOUNDARY LINE

European Agents Describe Montreal

as Border City Within Easy Stroll

of American Meeca Their Vic-

tims Wish to Reach.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- Mr. Sargent to-

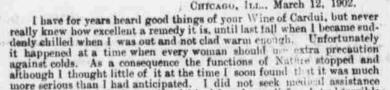
day made public a report from Robert

Watchorn, special immigrant inspector,

tion to the United States by way of Canada.









Deservedly The **Renowned** Whiskey of the World





Sold at all first-class cafes and by jobbers WM. LANAHAN & SON, Baltimore, Md.

tions. Surety and trust companies are not ac-cepted on the bonds of postmasters at third and fourth-class offices. The aggregate amount of the penalties of all postmasters' bonds now in force is about \$129,000,000. The penalties of the bonds which were ap-proved during 1002 amounted to \$8,810,800, as compared with \$23,715,246 for the preced-ing year, an increase of nearly 100 per cent. This increase was due to the large number of presidential postmasters appointed, necessitating the filing of many bonds of large amounts.

large amounts. During the year the senate confirmed the appointment of 2,573 postmasters, the largest number in any year.

Inspectors Do Good Work.

Inspectors Do Good Work. During the year a larger number of post-office inspectors was employed. Numerous inspectors frauds were detected, and large amounts of money collected from dishonest inspectors frauds were detected, and large amounts of money collected from dishonest inspectors of the inspectors force. Cartain kinds of crime against the postal inspectors for all offenees, the percentage bets 6.5 on arrests and 13.4 on convictions. The number of offices inspected was 23.4 inspectors for hill offenees, the percentage is sont any entrests and 15.4 on convictions. The number of offices inspected was 3.4 inspectors for hill offenees, the percentage is sont inspectors for investigation. The mered to inspectors for investigation. The mered to inspectors for investigation. The mered to inspectors for investigation. The investigated was 17.4 is while the number of money offer was 3.4 in existence was 33.7 It will thus be seen that 16.8 money order offices was the postmas-maile ones and those more difficult of ac-maile ones and those more difficu

necessary that they be visited at least once year. The total number of complaints relating to registered mall was 8,747, of which 8,182 related to letters and 565 to packages. Of these 6,59 were investigated and closed; ac-tual loss was sustained in only 171 cases. The total number of registered pieces handled by the department was 22,831,400, making an average loss of but one in every 86,156 handleu. The records of the department for the last six years on loss of registered mail is as follows: In 1897, 10 per cent of the total investigated, or an average of one in every 22,840; 1506, the loss was 2.9 per cent, or an average of one in every 24,665; 1506, loss 5.7 per cent, or an average of one in every 25, 50; 1506, loss 7.2 per cent, or an average of one in every 35,662; 1992, loss 3.73 per cent, or an average of one in every 36,166 maverage of one in every 44,666; 1902, loss 3.73 per cent, or an average of one in every 36,166 There were 108,257 complaints relating to reduce the depart of which

1.3 per cent, or an average of one in every bits. 1.6 bits. 1.6

on hand. Sugar Drawback and Say

Many Robberies Occur.

Sugar Drawback and Say
Sug

giars. Of the total number of arrests 1.191 were disposed of in United States courts, result-ing in 719 convictions. Two Kundred and sixty-two defendants were discharged, 77 acquitted; in 62 cases sentence was sup-Electric Bitters are a marvelous tonic. and work wonders for a weak, run-down

A recommendation is made that employers be permitted to introduce Chinese into the Philippines under contract for a period of not over three years. Following the almost universal custom of Oriental countries, it is suggested that

it would be best for the government to retain the title and to lease lands for somewhat longer periods, thirty years or so, at a fixed rental. In order to encourage the investment of capital in agriculture it is

suggested that especially favorable terms should be made to lare investors. Loans to small landholders, particularly for the purchase of cattle and agricultural tools, WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL are also recommended.

imports specific rather than ad valorem.

is to go into effect on the Sist.

Under the new arrangement the calcula-

Under the terms of the agreement flour

which is one of the principal imports from

This concession is also to be made on all

cereals, including barley, maise, millet,

oats, paddy, rice, wheat and flour made

therefrom; also buckwheat and buckwheat

IMPORT DUTY FREE IN CHINA **Rural Free Delivery Routes Estab-**

New Schedule Abolishes Dues on Most Grains and Grain Products.

lished and Small Postoffices Discontinued.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- (Special Tele-

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29 .- John Goodnow, gram.)-The following postoffices have been consul general at Shanghal, has forwarded discontinued: South Dakota, Thule, Campa copy of the new tariff adopted by China, bell county; Iowa, Balltown, Bankston together with the agreement entered into King, Lattners, Luxemburg, Melleray, New between T. S. Sharretts, special commis-Vienna, O'Nelli, Placid, Rickardville, Rocksioner of the United States to China, and dale, Tivoli, Washington Mills, Dubuque the commissioners appointed to superincounty; Crozier, Racine, Buena Vista tend the work in behalf of China. county. The new schedule makes most rates on

Mrs. Harriet M. Humphrys of Harper, Kan., has been appointed assistant matron at the Sac and Fox Indian schools, Iowa; tion is made on a gold basis. The specific Edwin Flynn of Elyria, O., appointed duties provided are intended to be on the teacher at Yankton, S. D., and Miss Eva 5 per cent rate. The rate is not changed, Hurld of Indianapolis, Ind., appointed inbut the adoption of the gold basis will have dustrial teacher at Rosebud, S. D. the effect of an increase. The new tariff J. F. McGreer of Lincoln, Neb., Herbert

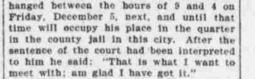
C. Auguster of Dubuque, H. J. Sternberg of Mason City, Ia., Arthur E. Gimmel of Desmet, S. D., W. J. Wilsech of Cheyenne, the United States, is to be admitted free. Wyp., have been appointed railway mail clerks. These Iowa rural free delivery routes will

be established December 1: Atkins, Benton county, one route; area covered. thirty-two

square miles; population, 459. Cedar Rap-Linn county, two additional; area, Ids, clude arrowroot and arrowroot flour, forty-four square miles; population, 981. cracked wheat, germea, hominy, pearl bar- Clutter. Tama county, one route; area, ley, potato flour, rolled cats, sago and sago twenty-nine square miles; population, 518. flour, shredded wheat, taploca and taploca | Delta, Keokuk county, two routes; area, thirty-five square miles; population, 1,115. Drakesville, Davis county, one route; area, DECIDE WHAT BOUNTY MEANS twenty-five square miles; population, 535. Dysart, Tama county, three additional area, sixty-eight square miles; population 1,149. Monroe, Jasper county, two additional; area, forty-three square miles; pop ulation, 1,065.' Mount Vernon, Linn county, two additional; area, forty-four square

GOLD SEAL

a and we



the indictment. The court imposed the

ion death penalty. Bear was sentenced to be

square miles; population, 555. Rose Hill,

Crime.

It is understood that the gallows used in hanging Walking Shield last week will be used for launching Bear into eternity.

this border. So important has this shady emigra-tion become in certain Italian and Swiss towns that scores of agencies exist, where a nominal traffic would scarcely justify the NARROW ESCAPE FROM DEATH

Man Caught on Revolving Shaft Holds on Until the Engine

is Stopped.

SIOUX FALLS, S. D., Oct. 29 .- (Special.) -For a period of five minutes C. J. Wagner, connected with the flour mill at Wakonda, stared death squarely in the face. but after a desperate fight he came out winner.

He was working about the machinery when his overalls became entangled with a set screw on a shaft. Instantly realizing his danger, he grasped a beam with his hands, braced his feet and called for assistance. He braced so hard that the collar in which the set screw was doing duty slipped.

A companion was working in an adjoining room, but owing to the noise of the whirring machinery did not hear his cries for help. Finally, a man passing near the mill heard the shouts for assistance and ran into the engine room and stopped the en gine

Wagner was nearly exhausted and could not have held on much longer, as the collar on his shirt was beginning to choke him when assistance came. Had he once lost his grip, death would have resulted almost instantly, as the shaft was revolving at the rate of about fifty times a minute.

OREVILLE, S. D., Oct. 29 .- (Special Telegram.)-C. 🕵 Lawson, a miner working in the University mine at this place, was killed by falling rock. He was a married miles, population, \$50. Prairie City, Jasper man and leaves a wife and family living

WINE of CARDUI Doctors Make a Mistake. LEAD, S. D., Oct. 29 .- (Special Telegram.)-Walter E. Smead, Homestake paymaster and a prominent Lead citizen, underwent an operation in Chicago today. It leveloped that he was suffering with tuber culosis, instead of cancer of the stomach as the doctors believed. He passed through the operation in good strength and has a chance of recovery. Killed by a Falling Rock. county, one additional; area, eighteen at Vermilion, this state.

more serious than I had anticip until over a month had passed and I had found no relief. cramps and pains, intense backache and dizzy spells. Th The doctor said inflammation had set in and prescribed for me. But nothing seemed to help me. Reading your Almanac I soon became interested in Wine of Cardui. I then remembered hearing some of my lady friends telling how grand it was. I then dismissed my doctor and decided to try Wine of Cardui. took it for three weeks and to my great joy I found relief. Gradually the inflammation passed away. I became once more regular and suffered no more pains, whatever. I am sure there are hundreds of women who inflammation passed away. I became once more regular and subjects no more pains, whatever. I am sure there are hundreds of women who are daily suffering as I did, who do not know which way to turn for relief. To these I would say: "Stop paying doctors' bills and taking medicine you know nothing of; stop letting the doctors experiment on you. Half of them don't know what really ails their patients. Stop wasting your strength and your money and take Wine of Cardui. After you have taken one bottle of Wine of Cardui you will feel so much better and yourare sure to be about the super strength and yourare sure to be about the super strength and your money and taken the super internation of the super sure to be about to the super strength and yourare sure to be cured if human skill can cure. It is cheap to make the experiment any how and take my word for it, you will not regret it." I am glad to give you this unsolicited testimonial, glad to do my little to show my appre-ciation and only hope it may be the means of advising some poor suffer-ing women, and may help them from daily misery to health and happiness.

May Dohal

S delicately poised are the or- beginning you have no excuse not to gans of womanhood that even take this remedy today. It is easy S gans of womanhood that even slight neglect and exposure result in serious trouble. Few women regard first menstrual irregularities serious enough to require medical attention. Consequently from little irregularities serious troubles grow. Women are usually too modest to tell these troubles to a doctor. Wine of Cardui can be taken in the privacy of your home. If your trouble is just



ISN'T ANY TIME AT ALL

You will not move then. If you don't rouse yourself now you will probably continue to put up with the same inconveniences for the next six years.

Do they keep your office clean? Your windows? . The halls? The elevator? Is the building a fire trap? Have they an elevator that runs once an hour on week days and not at all nights or on Sundays? Is your office hot in summer and cold in winter? Any other troubles? The cure for all these ills is an office in



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