

MINE WORKERS MEET

Mitchell in Reasonable Address Urges Acceptance of Arbitration.

ASKS LABOR AND CAPITAL TO BE FRIENDS

Sees No Ground for Perpetual Hostility Between Two Organizations.

MEN AND MASTERS ARE INTERDEPENDENT

Believes Roosevelt's Commission Will Recognize that Principle.

CONVENTION SQUABBLES OVER DETAILS

Makes Many Motions to Exclude Non-Authorized Persons and Finally Adjourns with Little or No Business Done.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 20.—The anxiously awaited miners' convention met today, but the session was a failure.

There were 662 delegates present in the Nesbit theater, where the convention opened up by their local union to cast 867 votes for or against President Roosevelt's proposed plan of settlement.

At one time it seemed that the convention was about to adopt the recommendation of President Mitchell to end the strike, but the steam men's plan was too earnest, and the vote went over until tomorrow.

The leaders of the strikers, except Mr. Mitchell, were hardly heard at all, the anxious engineers being allowed to give full expression to their feelings.

There were two sessions, forenoon and afternoon today, and the net result was a permanent organization, with Mr. Mitchell in the chair, his speech laying the president's plan before the delegates, his eloquent impromptu speech advocating its adoption, and the appointment of a committee on resolutions.

The question before the convention when it adjourned for the day was on the adoption of the resolution embodied in President Mitchell's opening speech to call off the strike and leave all questions to the president's commission.

The surprise of the convention was the decision to admit newspaper men to all the sessions, open or executive, when even union miners eagerly waiting by the hundreds could not get into the theater.

The plea which was made by the reporters represented the people, that public opinion had behind the strikers and that the best way to get an accurate report of this convention was to let the press representatives stay.

Even the suggestion of the press committee to give the news to the correspondents was turned down by the convention.

Convention Called to Order. District President T. D. Nichols of Scranton called the convention to order at 10:30.

On account of pressure of the strike headquarters President Mitchell was unable to be present until the afternoon session.

The routine proceedings were followed by singing, the suggestion having been made that the convention be entertained for a while by some of the "Sweet Welsh Singers" of the organization.

A delegate from the Wyoming valley caused a storm of enthusiasm by singing a song entitled, "Give Three Cheers for Mitchell for the Strike that We Have Won."

Songs and short speeches by other delegates followed, and the net result was that the convention was adjourned.

At 11:45 adjournment was taken until 2, with only the accredited delegates and a small army of newspaper men present.

Without any prearranging Mr. Mitchell was elected permanent chairman and National Secretary-Treasurer W. B. Wilson was selected permanent secretary.

Just as the cheering for the election of the two officials was ending, President Mitchell walked on the stage. The instant the delegates saw him they rose en masse and cheered for several minutes.

When the enthusiasm had subsided an outburst of another character was precipitated by the newspaper correspondents. A motion was made to go into executive session, but before a vote could be taken a petition was presented, signed by all the correspondents, requesting permission to remain.

The petition pointed out the fact that the entire country was interested. After some debate for and against the request, the reporters won, but no sooner had the convention proceeded with the regular business than a delegate arose and objected to the presence of the newspaper representatives unless the strikers who were standing on the street were admitted.

A desultory debate followed, and suddenly a rush was heard in the upper gallery. Some one had burst open the door and the theater was soon filled with almost as many union men who were not delegates as there were delegates.

Confusion reigned for a time and President Mitchell, after he had restored order, came to the rescue and suggested that the public be permitted to remain until the convention reached such business as would warrant the strikers in closing the doors.

This proposal was accepted and Mr. Mitchell began reading his carefully prepared opening address.

President Mitchell Speaks. He spoke as follows: Gentlemen—in opening this convention for the transaction of business, it takes pleasure in extending a warm greeting and welcome to the accredited representatives of the 150,000 men and boys whose heroic struggle for living wages and American conditions of employment has won the admiration of the whole civilized world.

I feel you and those you represent. Your noble defense of the principles of justice and equity to every man and every woman

(Continued on Second Page.)

MEMORIAL IN THE CHAMBER

Question of Separation of Church and State Discussed by Chamber.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—In a Chamber of Deputies today Ernest Roche (nationalist) introduced a bill providing for the separation of church and state, the abolition of the budget of public worship and the suppression of the French embassy at the Vatican.

The bill was presented as a challenge to the government to carry out the radical program, M. Roche declaring that the question had figured long enough in the national platform and that if the struggle against the congregation was sincere the government ought to carry out the separation of church and state.

The deputy demanded that the Chamber declare urgency for the measure, but Premier Combes refused to accept the motion, saying the bill was only intended to embarrass the government.

Henri Brisson declared that he and his radical friends would also oppose urgency for the same reason.

The Chamber rejected the urgency motion by 285 to 170 votes, but ordered an early discussion of the counter proposition referring all bills dealing with the separation of church and state to a special commission which M. Lastes (nationalist) said meant a "funeral for the bills."

TO SEND INDIAN SOLDIERS

British Government Takes Up the Problem of Dealing with the Mad Mullahs.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The British government is considering the expediency of dispatching Indian troops to Somaliland to deal with the Mad Mullahs.

The British vice consul at Berbera, Somaliland, in cable to the Foreign office here the substance of the latest dispatch which he received from Colonel Swayne, commander of the British force operating against the Mad Mullah, referred to the Mullah being in communication with "Kail Inger," in the level of the Webe river.

He apparently meant "Karl Inger," the former officer of the Austrian-Hungarian army, who has several times been mentioned in connection with the Mullah's movements in Somaliland. Inger is also said to have caused the British authorities trouble in the Sudan some years ago.

General W. H. Manning started from London for Somaliland some days ago in consequence of bad news from there and will hasten the dispatch of reinforcements from Berbera.

JEW BRIBE LAW MAKERS

Roumanian Laws Good, but Not Applied to Keep Hebrews from Naturalizing.

LONDON, Oct. 20.—The Daily Mail recently sent a correspondent to Roumania to investigate the Jewish question there and this morning the paper publishes a letter in which he says that in Roumania the laws are fair, but that there is crying injustice in their application or rather their non-application to the Jews.

The Jewish lawbreaker is persecuted not on account of their religion, but because if they were naturalized and treated justly they would own half the land and in short "run" the country.

The correspondent declares that a large number of Roumanian deputies derive large portions of their incomes from bribes for helping Jews to obtain naturalization papers.

WANTS MURDERER PARDONED

Request Made of President Loubet in Order that Condemned May Be Used as Witness.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—An extraordinary request has been made of President Loubet by the Marquise De Mores, daughter of Banker Von Hoffman of New York.

Her request is that the president of France pardon Elkhizer, who was condemned to death last July as one of her husband's assassins.

She wishes Elkhizer saved in order that he may be used as a witness against others, accused of, but not yet arrested for the murder of her husband.

The marquise says the tribunes were only tools and asserts that the real assassin is protected by the powerful personages who organized the expedition which resulted in De Mores' death in 1896.

GERMANS GIVE BOERS MONEY

Generals Collect Large Sums and Grow Wealthy Signing Receipts.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—General Dewet spoke in his legislative at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning to a crowd of a thousand, who almost stormed the stage.

The generals collected \$87,000 here. They undertook to give autographic receipts to every contributor of \$1.25 and had to spend several hours daily signing receipts. Dewet said if it kept up his right arm would be in a sling.

Envelopes containing money were thrown into the Boers' carriages when they were out driving.

CONSIDER GENERAL STRIKE

French Committee Suggests Universal Stoppage All Over Country.

PARIS, Oct. 20.—A meeting of representatives of the trade unions of France was held here today for the purpose of considering a general strike for an eight hour day and old age pensions, etc., as demanded by the striking coal miners.

The representatives declared they were ready to agree to a general strike if the movement was based upon the common demands of all working classes.

Revolution is Crushed. NEW YORK, Oct. 20.—Senator Estevos, consul general of Venezuela here, has received the following cable from the Venezuelan minister of foreign affairs at Caracas: "Great battle in state of Cragua. Complete triumph for the army commanded by General Castro. Revolution crushed. Peace of the republic assured."

Macedonian Leader Caught.

VIENNA, Oct. 20.—It is reported here from Salonica that Colonel Junkoff, leader of the Macedonian insurrection, has been captured in a village near Monastir by Bulgarian peasants who are antagonistic to the revolution.

America Buys Steel Rails.

BERLIN, Oct. 20.—The Hoerder Iron company has received an order from America for forty thousand tons of steel rails.

IN MEMORY OF THE DEAD

Touching Feature of Fourth Day of National W. G. T. U. Convention.

Paper Read by Mrs. Emilie D. Martin of New York—Report of Department of Mercy Shows Good Progress.

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 20.—A service in memory of members and friends who have died during the year was a touching feature of the fourth day's session of the national Women's Christian Temperance union convention. Reports of superintendents also were presented.

During the forenoon ten-minute reports were made by seven superintendents. Mrs. Emilie D. Martin of New York reported for the department of literature and art.

Most Hopeful Sign. Mrs. Martin said there was no more hopeful sign on the horizon of the organization than that they had gained the influence of public sentiment. The press reflects public sentiment and during the last year the journals of the country have given larger space to purity and temperance.

Mrs. Martin asks for the adoption of a resolution passed by the New York County Women's Christian Temperance union, as follows: Resolved, That the innocence of youth, the purity of middle age and the sanctity of old age are alike threatened and degraded by illustrations of the female figure undressed upon billboards and in other public places, and that it is the duty of every citizen to awaken public sentiment by appeal to city or state authorities and by legal means to have such places removed. This resolution to be submitted to all the women's clubs and societies asking their approval and endorsement of the same, and inviting their co-operation in the movement.

To Regulate Midway Dances. Mrs. Martin also urged the adoption of Miss Helen Miller Gould's resolution "to regulate the midway dances of the World's Fair at St. Louis and that the exhibition company be urged to give the most care in awarding concessions for the same, and inviting their co-operation in the movement."

That it is the earnest desire of the National Women's Christian Temperance union that there be no indecent dances or improper exhibits in the midway during the World's Fair at St. Louis and that the exhibition company be urged to give the most care in awarding concessions for the same, and inviting their co-operation in the movement.

She said: "We take courage in the fact that the comptroller of the treasury has decided that the appropriation of \$5,000,000 for the exposition would be withheld unless the contract to 'close the gates to visitors on Sunday during the whole duration of the fair' is executed."

Department of Mercy. Mrs. Mary F. Lovell of Pennsylvania, for the department of mercy, in brief said: A department that makes its chief aim to systematically implant the humane idea in the mind of the human race deserves success.

California has enacted a state law during the year that has resulted in the closing of the public schools. In Colorado the same has been done and credit is frankly given to every living creature that is born.

Nabraska adopted at its last state convention resolutions to be presented to the incoming legislature protesting against trap hunting and denouncing it as brutal and demoralizing.

Mrs. Margaret D. Ellis of New Jersey, for the department of legislation, reviewed the work of the year.

The following resolution was passed: Whereas, Almost all crime contains the element of cruelty, and whereas, the systematic teaching of the law of kindness to every living creature has proved to be a sure preventative of crime; therefore, Resolved, That we recognize the fundamental need of such teaching and earnestly recommend it to all educators.

COLLIDING TRAINS KILL ONE

Fifteen Injured and One Dead as Result of Crash at Lewis.

HEARNE, Tex., Oct. 20.—Two persons were killed and fifteen injured in a wreck at Lewis this afternoon. The International & Great Northern branch passenger train was crossing the main line when a freight train ran into the chair car, cutting it in two.

The dead are: UNIDENTIFIED MAN. JASPER HOWARD of Mart. Tex. The injured: Mrs. Mary Ellison of Georgetown, serious. C. Kilpatrick of Georgetown, serious. J. W. Wood of Franklin. Miss Edna Hill. E. H. Earl of Lott. Tex. Arthur Munson. Harry McMahon of Palestine, Tex. D. T. Lewis of Laporte. W. G. Bailey, wife and sister, of Waco. Miss Mary Young of Bryan. W. M. Donlon of Francis Hill. T. M. Patterson of Chicago. T. M. Tye.

Every physician of this city has left here for the scene of the wreck.

GIRL BURIED IN TWO CITIES

Meets Tragic Death and Difference in Religion of Relatives Results in Two Funerals.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 20.—(Special Telegram.)—The body of Zella Short, who was accidentally shot and killed at Parsons, Kan., last Thursday by her uncle, was buried in two cities.

Funeral services, conducted by two ministers, representing the Christian and Methodist denominations, were held at Parsons Friday and a large crowd of mourners followed the body to the grave.

An hour later the young woman's body was on a northbound train for St. Joseph, the former home of the girl. Funeral services were again conducted this afternoon and again a large crowd saw the remains lowered in the grave.

The change was made because the relatives of the girl, being of different religious belief than the uncle of the girl, were opposed to her being buried by him.

THIEF VISITS GIRLS' SCHOOL

Enters Dormitory by Fire Escape and Makes Off with Money and Jewels.

MEXICO, Mo., Oct. 20.—A burglar who entered the girls' dormitory at Hardin college last night by the fire escape and stole money and jewelry was finally put to flight by Miss Bartha Pattengill, a Latin teacher.

Two of the girls whose room was entered were intimidated into keeping quiet about the burglar's threats.

GUARANTEE CONCERN MUST PAY

Supreme Court Refuses to Entertain Case Growing Out of Kelly Shortage.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—(Special Telegram.)—Chief Justice Fuller today announced the decision of the supreme court denying the writ of certiorari in the case of the Guarantee Company of North America against the Phenix Insurance Company of Brooklyn. The case is interesting in that it affects a former resident of Omaha, Fred S. Kelly, who was cashier of the Phenix insurance company, having headquarters in Omaha. In August, 1896, the Phenix insurance company made application to the Guarantee Company of North America asking that it become surety for Fred S. Kelly in the sum of \$5,000. In compliance with the application the Guarantee company signed a surety bond which by agreement of parties was made to relate back to May 27, 1896, three months before the original application for a safety bond was made by the Phenix company. In the spring of 1898 the insurance company, believing that Kelly was short in his accounts, discharged him from his service and in February of the following year the insurance company brought suit against the bond company for the shortage alleged to be due. As a result of a jury trial a general verdict was rendered in favor of the Phenix company for \$4,836, with interest from August, 1898, the time the alleged shortage was called to the attention of the Guarantee company. On the ground that a general verdict was inconsistent with the special findings, Judge Mudgett of the district court entered a judgment of dismissal for the Guarantee company and from this judgment an appeal was taken and presented to the circuit court of appeals, which court on the 21st of last April reversed the judgment of the lower court and ordered a judgment entered on the general verdict of the jury against the Guarantee company. The Guarantee company has since appealed with this judgment sought by this writ to have the case transferred to the supreme court of the United States, but the decision of the chief justice today makes this impossible and the original verdict of the lower court stands. Warren Swisher appeared for the petitioner and H. C. Brome for the respondent.

E. G. McMillan and W. D. McHugh of Omaha left for New York today after filing motions for writs of certiorari before the supreme court in cases in which they are interested.

HILL TALKS OF MERGER

Says Northern Securities Company Was Formed to Stop Stopped Bonds.

NO ONE CONSIDERED RESTRICTING TRADE

Fight for Ocean Control Seemed Likely to Benefit by Formation of Holding Concern, but No One Need Sell.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 20.—Special Examiner P. G. Ingersoll today in the United States circuit court continued the examination of witnesses in the case of the United States vs. the Northern Securities company, the firm hearing having been held from New York to this city. Solicitor General J. K. Richards and W. A. Day were attorneys for the interstate commerce commission, J. M. Beck represented the government, while former Attorney General J. W. Griggs, David Wilcox of New York, George B. Young, C. W. Bunn and M. D. Grover of St. Paul appeared for the defense.

The New York hearing substantially completed the government's presentation of its case and the testimony to be given today on behalf of the defendants, the Northern Securities company, the Northern Pacific railway, the Great Northern railway and the principal officials of those companies.

The entire day was given to the testimony of J. J. Hill for the defendants. He went over in detail the ground previously covered in his testimony before the Interstate Commerce commission and in other suits similar to this, but today he brought out more fully that the exchange of Great Northern stock for that of the Western Securities company was the act of individual shareholders. He dwelt at length on his statement that the purpose of the Northern Securities company was the protection of a great commerce with the Orient which the northern lines had sought to develop in competition with the world.

Must Act on Own Initiative. The circular of the Northern Securities company to shareholders offering to exchange stock had heretofore been placed in evidence, but today the attorney, through Mr. Hill, brought in a personal circular letter sent by him to numerous Great Northern shareholders in answer to inquiries, telling them that any action of theirs in changing their stock must be their own individual action and not influenced by him. Mr. Hill will be on the stand again tomorrow, and will be followed by Colonel W. P. Clough, Frederick Weyerhaeuser and other defendants or directors of the defendant companies.

It was five minutes past 11 o'clock when Examiner Ingersoll administered the oath to J. J. Hill, president of the Northern Securities and Great Northern Railroad company. The examination was conducted by George B. Young.

The testimony at first covered Mr. Hill's official connection with the Great Northern railway and the previous companies of which it was the outgrowth. Mr. Hill told of the frame that could be depended on along the Great Northern, especially the lumber from the Pacific coast, the rate on other Lake Erie or Lake Superior ports. The rate had previously been 10 cents a hundred for his line was completed. He also told in detail the development of the oriental trade.

In reply to a question Mr. Hill said that on the west end of the line the local supply of coal was insufficient. Within the past two years the difficulty of getting coal from Pennsylvania to Lake Erie was very great, his company being unable to secure a sufficient supply in 1900 for its own use at other Lake Erie or Lake Superior ports. Coal for domestic use was also unobtainable, the terminals being unable to handle all the cars. The case was even worse this year, less than half the proper supply being now on hand for the season. It was even worse in the case of coal for domestic use. The situation is serious this year and will constantly grow worse.

WESTERN MATTERS AT CAPITAL

Appointments in the Indian Service, Among Them One at Winnabago.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—(Special Telegram.)—The comptroller of the currency has approved the Chase National bank of Chicago, Commercial National bank of Chicago, and St. Paul National bank of St. Paul, Minn., as reserve agents for the Farmers' National bank of Hopkins, S. D.

The following Indian school appointment was announced today: W. J. First of Council Bluffs, Ia., teacher at Pohute, New Mexico; Frank E. Robertson of Budora, Townsley of Vermilion, S. D.; Samuel Mesa Grande, Calif.; Mgs. Minnie A. House of Edwards, Okla., cook at Winnabago, Neb.

The postmaster general has accepted the proposition of T. E. Parmelee to take the premises now occupied by the postoffice at Plattsmouth, Neb., to include complete equipment.

A rural free delivery route will be established November 15 at Ames, Dodge county, Neb. The route embraces an area of thirty-four square miles, containing a population of 300.

SACRIFICE SPEED TO POWER

Designs for New Cruisers Are Finally Approved by Naval Board.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The naval board on construction today finally decided on the features of the armored cruisers authorized by last congress. Speed has been sacrificed in a measure to power.

By a vote of 4 to 1 Mr. Melville's proposition to give the big ships 25,000 horsepower and a speed of twenty-three knots at a minimum was rejected and the horsepower will stand at 20,000, which he estimates will bring the speed down to about twenty-one and a half knots. The new boats therefore will be three and a half knots slower than the four famous English armored cruisers of the Drake class. To offset this at speed the Tennessee class will have a much more powerful battery, namely, four ten-inch guns in two turrets.

The ships have been given so much power of offense and defense that the engineering-chief will make a minority report, taking the ground that the intent of congress has been evaded and the board has designed actual battleships and not speedy armored cruisers.

President Limits Callers Not Because of Bad Health, but for Lack of Room in Temporary White House.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—While President Roosevelt is progressing satisfactorily toward complete recovery, he is receiving few callers except his cabinet advisers and those having important official business to transact.

It is likely that on account of the limited quarters in the temporary white house formal meetings of the cabinet will not be resumed until the remodeled White House. That will not be probably before the middle of November.

The Japanese minister, Mr. Takahira, called at the White House today and presented to President Roosevelt Count and Sugiura Inouye, who are enroute to Japan. Count Inouye is the Japanese minister to Germany.

REVENUE IS DECREASING

Duties on Tobacco and Fermented Liquors Show Falling Off.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 20.—The monthly statement of the internal revenue department shows that total receipts for September, 1902, were \$19,885,670, a decrease over 1901 of \$1,718,778.

The receipts from spirits increased \$1,824,817, while from tobacco they decreased \$24,824, and from fermented liquors decreased \$1,522,167.

For the three months of the present year the total receipts show a falling off of \$12,280,467.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Fair Tuesday and Warmer in North Portion; Wednesday, Increasing Cloudiness.

Temperature at Omaha Yesterday:

Table with 4 columns: Hour, Deg., Hour, Deg. Rows include 8 a.m., 10 a.m., 12 m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m., 6 p.m., 8 p.m., 10 p.m., 11 a.m., 1 p.m., 3 p.m., 5 p.m., 7 p.m., 9 p.m.

YOUNGER'S SPIRITUAL WIFE

Aliza J. Mueller Says Famous Deserter Was Her True Husband.

BOISE, Ida., Oct. 20.—Aliza J. Mueller, the sweetheart and betrothed wife of Jim Younger, who committed suicide in St. Paul Saturday night, has been here since last August.

Today she said: Jim was my under date of October 16, 1876, and he had given up all hope and was out of work. Saturday he telegraphed me: "Don't write. He was driven to this act by necessity."

I am his wife, understand spiritually. No marital has ever attached to my name, but before Jim's suicide and mine ours. My life work will be to place him right before the world. I have wired the authorities to cremate his body. It was his request.

Miss Mueller will leave this afternoon for St. Paul.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Oct. 20.—The disposition to be made of "Jim" Younger's body has not yet been determined. It has been embalmed and will be kept here until Mrs. Etta Rollins of Dallas, Tex., sister of the Younger brothers, can be heard from.

Younger frequently expressed the wish that his body be cremated when he died. The plan will be carried out, but it may be cremated here or taken to Kansas City.

Deceased members of the family, including Bob Younger, who died in the state penitentiary, are buried in a cemetery near Kansas City where Jim will ultimately rest.

It is not likely that Cole Younger will be allowed to accompany his brother's body to the state penitentiary. The granting his parole which forbids his leaving the state.

MANAGER VOTES MANY PROXIES

Meeting of Grand Island Railway Today Will Not Divide Owner's Name.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., Oct. 20.—Raymond Dupuy, general manager of the St. Joseph & Grand Island railway, will attend the annual meeting of the company to be held at Hiawatha, Kan., tomorrow.

Mr. Dupuy will vote all proxies for directors except three, which, in order to comply with the state law, will be held by employees of the road in Kansas.

While Union Pacific interests are believed to have bought up a controlling amount of stock, the change in management of the Grand Island will not take place for some time.

Just who owns the road will not be revealed at the meeting tomorrow.

DEAD MAN APPEARS IN COURT

Says Trial for Murder May Stop as the Victim Still Lives.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 20.—Just as the case of Clarence Peake, charged with the murder of Silas Hull at Clinton, Tenn., was about to be called in the supreme court today, a man entered the court room.

"I am Silas Hull," he said, "not killed by Clarence Peake," he said.

Peake, who is the son of a prominent family, had been sentenced to ten years in the penitentiary, but is now in the asylum for the insane.

Hull claims Peake shot another man whose name is now unknown and that he escaped on the first train and went to Colorado.

LEAD INTERESTS MERGED

Definite Announcement of Expected Combine Will Be Made Soon.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 20.—Daniel Guggenheimer and G. Guggenheimer of the American Smelting and Refining company, Hugh Grant Brown of the Morton Trust company of New York and Homer W. Treadwell, president of the Union Lead and Oil company, arrived in St. Louis today to inspect the various lead properties controlled by the Guggenheimer-Brown interests in Missouri.

While none of them would enter into a detailed discussion of the plans of the coming lead merger, they said only a short time would elapse before official announcement of the completion of the combine was made.

COMMITTS CRIME BY ACCIDENT

Woman Shoots Husband While Attempting Suicide and is Executed.

PITTSBURGH, Oct. 20.—Involuntary manslaughter was the verdict found by the jury today in the case of Mrs. Ida Wilkins, whose sensational attempt at suicide in a flat on No. 813 Federal street, Allegheny, resulted in the killing of her husband, Major William Denby Wilkins, on September 10 last.

In the effort made by Major Wilkins to prevent his wife from taking her life, she fired a shot and the bullet entered her husband's forehead, causing his death.

KANSAS CRIMINALS CAUGHT

Alleged Murderers of Morrison Are Now in Jail, with One a Fugitive.