

PRIEST'S SILVER JUBILEE

Twenty-Fifth Anniversary of Father McCarthy's Service in Ministry.

CELEBRATED AT CHAPEL OF THE CONVENT

In Brief Address Father McCarthy Refers to the Uncommon Trials and Temptations of the Priesthood.

Rev. F. P. McCarthy, chaplain of the convent of Mary, completed twenty-five years in the priesthood, Sunday, and the event was observed by the celebration of solemn high mass at 9 a. m. in the chapel of the convent, Fifteenth and Castellani streets.

The jubilee mass was celebrated by Rev. Father McCarthy, assisted by Revs. Fathers Moriarty, Stinson and Smith. St. Philomena's cathedral choir, under the leadership of Miss Swift, rendered an excellent musical program.

At the close of the mass, Father McCarthy delivered a brief address. He thanked the sisters and his friends for their kindness and well wishes and expressed the hope that nothing would happen in the years to come to diminish their esteem.

"Twenty-five years in the sacred ministry," he said, "represent uncommon trials, hardships, temptations. No one can appreciate it without the experience. A priest obligates himself to follow the example of the Savior. He must strive to lead a supernatural life, devoted wholly to the church and her children. He is beset by the frailties of his own nature as well as by the influences of worldly surroundings. The trials of a priest, if you will pardon the application, may be likened to that of a man who walks on a tightrope over the chasm of Niagara. If he succeeds in reaching the opposite shore he is regarded as a great man, he is honored by a multitude and cheered and given a helping hand to safely reach the other shore. I am still walking the spiritual tightrope, my friends, and I appeal to you on this jubilee day to pray that I may rightly finish the task God has assigned to me."

Father McCarthy was born in Newark, N. J., February 22, 1857. His theological studies began in 1885 and closed August 17, 1877, when he was ordained at the Seminary of St. Vincent, near Pittsburg, Pa. The following September he arrived in Omaha and entered upon his duties as mission priest. Since that time to the present he has labored at various stations in Nebraska, and was pastor of St. Philomena's cathedral for nine years, one of the longest pastorates in the history of that parish. At present he is chaplain of the convent of Mary and assistant to Father Smith, pastor of St. Patrick's church, which adjoins the convent.

TAKE ISSUE WITH THE PRESIDENT.

Rev. Trefz Considers Strenuous Life Not Solely Desirable.

At Knights Memorial church Sunday morning, Rev. E. F. Trefz, the pastor, talked of "The Bequest of Peace." He said, in part:

"If we could transport ourselves to the scene of the parting between Jesus and His disciples, on a little hill outside of Jerusalem, we would find Him comforting His disciples who had followed Him to the last. He was now to die and the blackness of despair was over them. They asked Him what they were to do now that He was leaving, and He told them that He left them His peace. It did not seem much to them then, but in their days we find upon the tale of Pauline, after a life filled with a bitter struggle and few pleasures, yet he did not despair. We see Peter, standing in Rome before his assassins, saying: 'See! all your care upon Him, and we see Paul writing from prison, 'I have fought a good fight.' And so one after another we see them approach their end, a great calm possessing them—it is the peace given by Christ."

"The world is always seeking for peace. Mr. Roosevelt may say that the strenuous life is the only one for a man to live, but he does not mean it, for deep down in every man's soul is a love of peace. Men do not strive for the life of a soldier, but they do war for the love of warfare, but that peace may follow. Men have different ways of seeking peace. One will try to acquire riches, another knowledge and another will attempt to secure it by development of character along moral lines, but all find that the peace they have sought cannot be found and they come to a realization of the fact that it is something beyond them which they must acquire—it is the peace of Christ."

CHANCELLOR GIVES GOOD COUNSEL

Cotner University's Head Says to Do One's Best.

"There are two safeguards against becoming engulfed in the perils of the future," said Chancellor W. P. Aylsworth of Cotner university, speaking at the First Christian church Sunday morning. "These are: first, to do all you can, and secondly, to dependency that may result from brooding on the future, and against the other extreme of becoming too hopeful, too full of expectations, too much wrapped up in the speculations of tomorrow."

"One safeguard is action, duty. Enter into this. Do all you can. If you cannot accomplish what you wish, do the next best thing to it. The other safeguard is love, the strongest power of all. The potency of this agent is beautifully put in these words:

"The night has a thousand eyes,
The day but one,
But the light of a thousand days
When the sun is gone."

"The mind has a thousand eyes,
The heart but one,
But the light of a whole life dies
When love is gone."

Chancellor Aylsworth preached from the theme, "The New and the Old." His thought was that the old should not be lost nor forgotten, but of great and adapted to new conditions. We are passing, with marvelous rapidity in the religious life into new surroundings, he said, and we can carry the old ideas with us, newly clothed to suit the new demands, new projects and new hopes.

CONLEY ASKS FOR THE YOUNG MEN.

Pastor of First Baptist Church Remarks Upon Their Absence.

"Humility is going mad over worldly pleasures," said Rev. Conley at the First Baptist church Sunday morning. "The young men are not at church; those who come to this church could be counted on the fingers of one hand. Where are they? Why are they not here? It is because of the great power of temptation."

PLUMBERS HOLD CONVENTION

Annual Session of the International Organization Opens Today.

TO WORK FOR BETTER PLUMBING LAWS

Contemplate Organized Effort to Secure Proper Municipal Legislation.—Delegates from All Parts of the Country.

The United Association of Plumbers, Gas and Steam Fitters and Steam Fitters' Helpers has an abundance of work before it and will not finish before the close of the week, but today's meeting, delegates say, will be occupied largely with such preliminary matters as the report of various officers and the appointment of a committee to determine the procedure of the meeting.

This is the thirteenth annual convention of the association, and Omaha was chosen as the convention city because of the local plumbers being so splendidly organized and the city so strong in union sentiment. The delegates to this meeting come with their minds particularly concerned with a purpose to secure better and more stringent plumbing regulations in all cities where such regulations are lax. They argue that such effort on their part is not for their benefit alone, but for the benefit of the public, as it will result in better sanitary conditions. They point to the relative death rate in Omaha and other cities regulated as to plumbing, and in those that are not, and assert that invariably the death rate will be found to be materially less in the former. The desired end can be accomplished, they say, only by organized effort to secure proper municipal legislation, and they will carry before a principal topic of the 25 delegates who are expected.

WIFE IS AFTER ATLANTIC MAN

She Has Omaha Police Arrest Robert Ballard and His Former Domestic.

It is related by his wife that Robert Ballard, of 16th and H, deposited \$75 to her credit in his bank at that place, packed his trunk and hid himself to Omaha to bank in the smiles of another woman. The bankers notified Mrs. Ballard that the money was on deposit subject to her order and Mrs. Ballard grew suspicious. Investigating, she found that Ballard had left town, taking with him most of his clothes. She immediately swore out a warrant charging him and Ida Weber of Omaha with criminal intimacy, and Deputy Sheriff H. F. Duval notified the Omaha police to look out for them. The couple was arrested Saturday night and taken back to Atlantic by the deputy sheriff Sunday afternoon. Ballard is the proprietor of a hotel in Atlantic and Ida Weber was employed by him. She left Atlantic some time ago, since which time she has resided at 2318 South Twentieth street, Omaha. Ballard followed her here Saturday.

FOR THE OLD PEOPLE'S HOME

Women's Christian Association Will Give Musicales at First Congregational Church.

At the First Congregational church on Thursday evening, September 11, will be given a musicale, for the benefit of the Old People's Home, formerly called the Old Ladies' Home. This entertainment is being conducted under the management of the Women's Christian association and a meritorious program is assured.

MORE SOLDIERS THAN BEFORE

Department of the Missouri Finds Itself Gaining Numerically in Recent Months.

The report of the adjutant general of the Department of the Missouri shows the total strength of the troops in this department at this time to be 5,143 officers and men, a larger number than has been in the department since its reorganization and 600 more than were reported last month. Next month the number will be increased by the arrival of the Twenty-fifth Infantry.

Major Muhlenberg, chief paymaster of the department, arrived in Omaha Sunday and will report for duty this morning. He has been carried on the rolls as absent on leave, but since his return from Cuba has been attached to the office of the paymaster general at Washington. The arrival of Major Muhlenberg will relieve the office with the exception of Judge Advocate, Major John A. Hull, who has been assigned to that position, not having reported.

At the close of the second day of the preliminary firing at the rifle competition of the army, now in progress at Fort Sheridan, Sergeant Archie Deberry of the Twenty-second infantry was in the lead, with one other man from that regiment, Corporal Foster, standing eleventh in the list. Sergeant Oelkers of the Sixth stood fifth and Sergeant Wey of the engineer corps stood eighth in the list. There are twenty-eight men from the different departments in the competition, and it is now believed that the showing of the Department of the Missouri will be above the average.

CLAN-NA-GAEL HAS OUTING

Sixteen Hundred Wearers of the Green Spend Day at Missouri Valley.

The third annual picnic of the Clan-na-Gael was held yesterday at Missouri Valley, Ia., and over 1,500 wearers of the green from Omaha and South Omaha were in attendance. These left Omaha in two sections, the first train leaving Union station at 9 o'clock with over 800 aboard, and the second soon after noon, with almost as many. The first section was accompanied by Casey's band, which furnished music for the occasion.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

Judge Hollenbeck of Fremont is at the Dellone.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Bassett of Sidney are Omaha visitors, registered at a downtown hotel.

C. E. Adams, Jr., formerly with E. M. Bartlett, has formed a law partnership with Searle & Adams.

S. H. Dare of Savannah, Ga., general traveling passenger agent of the Plant system, is the guest of the proprietor, A. S. Lee of the Dellone.

Colonel E. H. Crowder, judge advocate, U. S. A., who has recently returned from the Philippines, arrived in Omaha yesterday, and is the guest of friends.

W. T. Coard of Rapid City, S. D., who has more or less known who is to be with it in Omaha arranging to get rid of some of them. He stops at the Dellone.

J. W. McCammon, managing editor of the St. Joseph News, was in Omaha last evening to meet Mrs. McCammon, who was en route from Salt Lake City to her home.

Paymaster General J. C. Muhlenberg, U. S. A., with Mrs. Muhlenberg, who was en route from Salt Lake City to her home.

Dick Ferris was in Omaha yesterday at the Dellone. He had come from Minneapolis, where he had been in the stock company to play this winter, and was en route to Lincoln, where one of his subordinate companies is furnishing warm weather diversions.

John White of Chicago, secretary of lodge No. 4, Benevolent Protective Order of Elks and who seconded Kentucky's nomination for the presidency, arrived in Omaha yesterday, accompanied by his wife. They brought an elegant grand lodge badge to Colonel Davenport of the military staff, who was but who was unable to attend last week's sessions.

DIED.

DIRKSON—W. D., aged 46 years, at 2722 Parker street. Funeral today at 2 p. m. Friends invited.

MILITARY MEN FOR TEACHERS

Secretary of War Asks for List of Eligible Instructors for College Soldiers.

At the request of the secretary of war the adjutant general of the Department of the Missouri has forwarded to Washington the names of all company officers in the department who have served for ten years in the regular establishment, and are competent to act as instructors of military science at schools and colleges in the country.

According to orders recently issued by the department it is expected that 10,000 pupils at colleges, schools and universities in the states and territories shall be under military instruction. The order provides that 100 officers shall be detailed at such schools or colleges, but that no college or school shall be given a military instructor unless it shall guarantee to have at least 100 pupils under military instruction during the term quarterly in writing to the adjutant general of the army showing the progress made by the pupils under their charge.

The instruction contemplated by the department is somewhat more extensive and thorough than that which was given before the Spanish war. The pupils are to be formed into companies and battalions, are to be provided with small arms similar to those used by the cadets at West Point, and the instruction is to cover not only the field of theoretical science, but target practice upon the range and in galleries.

The schools are to be divided into two classes: in the first schools and colleges; in the second are the normal and preparatory schools. The course of study at the schools of the first class and at the agricultural schools will be practically the same, but at the military schools the course will be higher. There is but one military school in this department, that located at Fort Leavenworth, and it will open in September with ninety officers from the regular army as pupils and a complete corps of instructors and assistants. This year there has been no provision made for the instruction of civilians at the military school, but it is understood that as soon as graduates of the schools and colleges who are regular army officers are stationed become sufficiently familiar with the branches they will be admitted to the higher school of instruction.

In addition to the small arms issued, provision is made for supplying in small number pieces of field artillery—three-inch guns of the muzzle-loading type—so that batteries may be organized at the schools. A complete record of all of the pupils at the schools will be kept and from the most proficient will be taken officers of volunteers when such officers are required. From those colleges which make military science an integral part of their course of study the names of the three most proficient in the service will be taken and inserted in the army register.

AMUSEMENTS.

The fine weather of yesterday proved opportune for Krug Park to establish a record for the number of people who were present, passing over the Fourth of July by nearly 5,000. The crowds that thronged the lawns, groves and promenades were so dense that it was difficult to permeate at times. Probably the principal drawing feature was the double balloon ascension and attempt at record-breaking by the noted aviator, J. Waldorf Hall, and like a week ago, owing to an accident, all were doomed to disappointment. On account of the wind the start was not made until after dark, and as the monster balloon stood upright in the moonlight it reminded one of the phantom airships of record-breaking days.

On Sunday next the double ascension and attempt to make a high record will be repeated by J. W. Hall and H. Hall, and on Wednesday the regular weekly ragtime concert will be the special feature.

SEIL, KEEPS IT UP.

"During a period of poor health some time ago I got a trial bottle of DeWitt's Little Early Balm, and I can say I feel like a new man. I took them and they did me so much good I have used them ever since." Safe, reliable and gentle, DeWitt's Little Early Balm neither grieves nor distresses, but stimulates the liver and promotes regular and easy action of the bowels.

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JEW'S HOLD MASS MEETING

Riots at Funeral of the Late Rabbi Joseph Are Discussed.

SPEAKERS COUNSEL TEMPERATE ACTION

Committee is Appointed to Draw Up Resolutions of Sympathy to Be Sent to New York Brothers.

A mass meeting of Jews of Omaha was held Sunday afternoon for the purpose of discussing the recent riots which took place in New York at the funeral of the leader of the faithful in America, the late Rabbi Joseph. About 200 people were present.

The meeting was called to order by Harry B. Zimman. The first speaker was Judge Levy of South Omaha. He said that at the funeral of the late chief rabbi, whose devotion to his people called out 40,000 of them, not only those present, but the entire Jewish people of the country were faulted. He remarked that in every age and under every sky the Jews had been oppressed, but that in every case they have proved themselves to be law-abiding citizens. That in America—the first time—the Jews are upon an equality with other races and they have the power to make themselves not only tolerated but respected.

"Jerusalem was never conquered but by the Jews themselves," he continued. "The Jews were divided, and they are divided here—there are Russian, German, Polish Jews and other Jews, jealous of each other when they should be united. We have too many societies, too many congregations. Let us get together and we will be respected, because we will be powerful."

Judge Levy was followed by Edward Rosewater, who opened his remarks by saying that when invited to take part in the meeting he knew not what to say except to give the doctor's prescription: "Keep your feet warm and your head cool," for there may be something done which would do more harm than good. "Since the time I spoke with the committee," he said, "I have looked the matter up, and I find that the Jews in New York have appealed to the mayor of the city and that a grand jury is investigating the matter; that policemen near the scene of the riots have been called upon for explanation, so that all can properly do in this case at this time is to adopt resolutions of sympathy, showing that as far west as Omaha the Jews feel insulted."

INTERFERENCE WAS UNWARRANTED.

"In the 40,000 people in the procession following the remains of Rabbi Joseph, many had been in this country but a few years. They did not understand conditions. The interference with the funeral was unwarranted; it was an outrage. You have got to stand a certain amount of abuse because of the prejudice against the race. It will be found in every walk of life, not only with the poor, but it extends to the Rothschilds. They may sit in the house of lords, but when their backs are turned they must answer the indictment of being Jews."

"The most instructive feature of the deplorable incident in New York is that in that 40,000 who marched in the procession there were more Jews than in any like number of people of any nation or race, and I will venture to say that there were not only fewer paupers, but fewer rich men. The majority of the vast concourse were men and women who toil hard for an honest living year in and year out. The character of the riot was drawn 300 years ago. It was as false then as it is now, but it has been accepted. You must live this prejudice down by good behavior. It may take years; it may take centuries. You must carry the burden; others have carried it for centuries, and you can carry it better than America than to any other land."

"There is no danger of any crusade against the Jews in this country. Your freedom and equality before the law is assured, though there is nothing to assure your social equality. I hope you will go through this matter in a deliberate, cool way—don't denounce, but sympathize."

Henry Zimman then spoke briefly, saying that the suggestions of Mr. Rosewater should be carried out, and that an appeal to the president would do no good; that the Jewish people of New York have the moral sympathy of every self-respecting citizen of New York; they have abundant money and the services of the best lawyers. There is no danger of anti-Semitic movement.

Upon motion of I. Kasal, a committee was appointed to draw up resolutions of sympathy to be sent to New York.

SEASONABLE FASHIONS.

Misses' Corset Cover 4204—Well fitted corset covers are essential if the gown is to give any degree of satisfaction. This pretty one is designed for and suits girlish figures to a nicety, as the slight gathers at the front provide needed fullness over the bust. In the case of the original the material is fine muslin, with a tiny frill of lace and heading threaded with ribbon as a finish, but cambric, long cloth and the exquisitely dainty Paris muslin are all correct.

The corset cover is plain and smooth at the back, but is gathered at both upper and lower edges at the front and is fitted by means of shoulder and underarm seams. The basque portion can be secured to the lower edge or omitted and the cage finished with heading or an undercasing, as preferred.

The quantity of material required for the medium size (14 years) is 1 1/2 yards 36 inches wide, with 2 1/2 yards of edging and 3/4 yards of heading to trim as illustrated.

The pattern 4204 is cut in sizes for misses of 12, 14 and 16 years of age.

For the accommodation of The Bee readers, these patterns, which usually retail at from 25 to 50 cents, will be furnished at a nominal price, 10 cents, which covers all expense. In order to get a pattern enclosed 10 cents, give number and name of pattern wanted and bust measure.

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Exceptionally Low Rates Every Day. From Missions River: \$20.00 Ogden and Salt Lake, \$20.00 Butte and Helena, \$22.50 Spokane, \$25.00 Portland and Ashland, San Francisco, Los Angeles, San Diego and many other California points. Correspondingly low rates from intermediate points. City Ticket Office, 124 Farnam St. Tel. 314

(Issued Under Authority of the Railroads of Nebraska.)

Statement Showing Value of Products, Cost of Production and Net Earnings of Various Industries in Nebraska.

The census of 1900 reports the following to be the profits made and axes paid by the following industries in the State of Nebraska:

Table with 5 columns: Industry, Value of Product, Cost of Production, Net Earnings, Taxes Per cent of net earnings. Rows include Bread and Bakery, Cereals and Shop Construction, Flour and Grist Mills, Malt Liquors, Millinery and Custom Work, Printing and Publishing Papers, Printing—Book and Job, Saddlery and Harness, Meat Packing.

The beet sugar industry was one of the few which showed a loss in 1900. From the reports it would appear that they lost \$40,861 in operation, but it was not from excessive tax, because with \$1,967,242 capital invested, they only paid taxes amounting to \$3,859.

These statements show that in all that class of property, not real estate, which is reported for taxation in Nebraska, that not over 4 per cent of the true value is returned for assessment, and the holdings of personality that is assessed is so small as to practically amount to nothing.

Railroads of Nebraska Pay 10% Per Cent of Net Earnings for Taxes.

Manufacturers' Net Earnings are Twice as Large as those of Railroads, but they pay less than One-Quarter as much Tax.

Railroads Paid in 1901, \$1,161,331.18 Taxes.

OMAHA KEELY INSTITUTE. One of the best equipped of the Keely system of institutes, the only Keely institute in Nebraska. Cures Drunkenness, Cures Drug Users. Booklet free. Address all letters to T. S. 1945 Home Treatment for Tobacco Habit, cost \$5

Dr. Lyon's Perfect Tooth Powder. AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century. DAVIS & COWGILL IRON WORKS. MANUFACTURERS AND JOBBERS OF MACHINERY. GENERAL REPAIRING A SPECIALTY. IRON AND BRASS FOUNDRIES. 1501, 1503 and 1505 JACKSON STREET, OMAHA, NEB. Tel. 538. SCHAEFER'S CUT PRICE DRUG STORE. Tel. 747, 9. W. Cor. 16th and Chicago.