

pointed he said: "Ah, never mind, Mr. Mayor; we will take this up later."

The lawyers began to amend their application for the writ of mandamus again, by striking out of the document the name of Fire Chief Heller.

While this was going on W. J. Branch went to the telephone and called up W. J. Kierstead. It was a one-sided conversation as far as the hearers were concerned, but after Mr. Branch had said "Yes" into the receiver for a few minutes he turned around and said:

"Mr. Kierstead is the appointee of the mayor and he says that he is to look up the rooms and report for duty tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock. He says that he will be here at that time and will open the office for business and then be ready to listen to our claims for recognition."

Will Gurley in with it.

Will Gurley followed F. T. Ransom into the room at this time and they announced that the application for the writ had been filed before Judge Estelle, who had issued the writ.

The appointees then went into executive session and J. E. Ball, late clerk in the office of the collector of internal revenue, was called before them. It was said when he left that he would probably be a candidate for the place of clerk to the board.

City Attorney Connell dropped in, but made no comment as to the matter.

It was after 8 o'clock. The men were getting hungry and looking toward the door with longing eyes. In a few minutes Chief Dineen appeared with Officer Fennell and was placed in charge of the rooms on the half of the governor's appointees. The new board then adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

## WRIT AGAINST OLD BOARD

### It Commands Surrender of All Books and Property to Governor's Appointees.

The preliminary writ of mandamus which was signed by Judge Lee Estelle upon the application of W. F. Gurley and Frank T. Ransom, without the preliminary of a hearing for and against the writ, was not served on all the respondents until late last night. The judge did not sign it, it is said until 5:30, or half an hour after his usual time for leaving the courthouse and it did not reach the sheriff's office until 5:15. Deputy Sheriff Wright took the writ before starting on the trail of the mayor, the four old members of the board and Clerk Kierstead. He found Mr. Collins at a restaurant at 7:30 and the others later. The writ originally named Chief Dineen, but after he had been named he was struck before service was made.

In substance the writ commands Frank E. Moore, as mayor of the city of Omaha and ex-officio chairman of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners, and Matthew H. Collins, Frank A. Kennedy, Patrick C. Healey and George Mead, members of the board, and William I. Kierstead, clerk of the board, to turn over to the relations in the case, J. W. Thomas, Lee W. Sprague, W. J. Branch and C. C. Wright, the officers of the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners, together with all books, papers and records of all kinds belonging to the Board of Fire and Police Commissioners, or in its possession or under its control, together with all property belonging to said office.

It commands Frank E. Moore, as mayor of the city of Omaha and ex-officio chairman of the board, to recognize the relations as the fire and police commissioners of the city and execute and carry out any and all orders that the relations may issue as a Board of Fire and Police Commissioners may properly adopt.

It commands that all the appointees and officers of the fire and police departments of the city, holding their offices subject to the orders and control of the relations, recognize the authority of the relations, together with Frank E. Moore as mayor of the city and to report and turn over to the order of the board any and all property, books, records or papers which any members of said departments may have in their possession as a member of said department.

## PROCEEDINGS AT THE HOTEL

### Record of the Executive Transactions of His Excellency, the Governor.

A tower clock on an opposite corner marked 5:30 on the time of the governor's arrival at the Millard hotel. He slipped into the building from the Thirteenth street side, through the headquarters of the Christian convention committee, and was lifted quickly to the second floor, where Mercer, Gurley, a representative of the World-Herald, who had been given the details in advance, and the members of the new board had been waiting—the first mentioned gentleman since early in the forenoon. He came from the station in a carriage from the Palace hotel and this was sent across the corner onto Dodge street, where it would be out of sight.

With the governor, as his stage manager, chairman of the board of directors and director of campaign, was J. E. Ball, who arrived at 5 a. m., registered as from New York, through possessing the Lincoln car, and engaged rooms 148-149-150 on the fourth floor, near rooms 122-124, in which Mercer formally opened his campaign headquarters today. Mr. Mercer was the doorman of the meeting and chairman of the credentials committee, but after the commission had been delivered to the new members and they had been sworn in by a notary he withdrew into inner apartments to be out of the way when the governor's car arrived.

Fifty minutes after the governor's arrival, at 5:45, the four new commissioners filed out with W. F. Gurley as bell wether of the flock and the newspaper man as its rear guard, and took the carriage for the trip to the city hall. The meeting at the hotel was secret and after the party left the governor and Mercer were reluctant to face the music alone, the latter replying that "all the things are at the city hall."

Mr. Ball was kept swinging pendulum-fashion between the hotel and the new headquarters, as a bearer of messages.

When he came down the hill on trip No. 3 at 5:55 he had in the carriage with him Mayor Moore, who remained until 5:50 with the governor alone, but declined to commit himself as he was leaving the hotel.

Chief Dineen, chief of the police, and the sheriff, who had been invited, were told that when he went to the governor told him that he had appointed a new board and hoped that the mayor would recognize it.

"There is no intention," he is quoted as saying, "to remove any of the officials if

they will carry out the orders of the board."

The chief replied by saying that he was the appointee of the mayor and would rather stay down and out than to antagonize the men who appointed him, and to this the governor is said to have replied:

"You will not be called upon to antagonize the mayor or his policy, and I hope that you will stay in office."

At 5:55, or shortly after, he had issued that preliminary writ of mandamus against the mayor, Judge Lee Estelle of the district court called, remaining until 7:50.

Meanwhile, the four new commissioners had their triumphal march through the main streets of the city. Mr. Gurley, having led the cohorts up the hill, proceeded to lead them down again. He walked in front with Member Branch, who in the ample shadow of his abdominal armor. Then came Member Sprague, the juvenile of the bunch, skipping along alone in a new suit and new make of glasses, both turned up at the bottom. After him was Member Wright, who avoided close proximity with the others for reasons obvious to anybody who could see the gentleman's afflicted and bandaged neck. In the rear walked Mr. Thomas, accompanied most industriously in an effort to keep out of the terribly enervating arms of one Frank T. Ransom, who, for some reason, appeared to feel called upon to make a general demonstration of affection and approval.

Very soon after this party arrived at the hotel, which was at 4:45. Tom Blackburn arrived, redolent and stately. From then on it was up to the bartenders. The gentlemen in white transferred to the gentlemen in black for the gentlemen in red wore bottles of rare old vintage that have been opened and served in the past. It was many moons, and the gentlemen in black finally took to carrying their loads, which later became other people's loads, on trays and in buckets. The hotel manager was having the whole revel charged to Mercer, but the congressman found it not and tipped it to the host that the new members should be charged with it, each to pay an equal share.

## LEGAL STATUS OF THE CASE

### City Attorney Connell Talks of Conditions and the Proposed Litigation.

City Attorney Connell last night made the following statement:

"The possession obtained by the newly appointed governor's board is in a state of legal limbo. It is a state of legal limbo because the legal rights of the members of the board are not clear. There is no consent or refusal on the part of the old board to turn over the office to the governor's appointees. At a meeting of the board in the afternoon before it was known that the governor had appointed a new board, the board adopted a resolution which was adopted authorizing and directing the city attorney to take such action as he might deem proper and necessary to protect the members of the old board in their rights. It was an hour after the action so taken and adjournment of the board the governor's appointees entered the office while it was in the custody of a janitor and refused to leave. The mayor, accompanied by the city attorney, thereupon entered the office for the purpose of ascertaining the situation and was informed by Mr. Wright and Mr. Branch that they, together with Mr. Thomas and Mr. Sprague, had been appointed members of the board by the governor and that they were ready to recognize his commissions for his inspection. The mayor responded he had no doubt that the commissions were signed by the governor, but he could not recognize them as members of the board. Mr. Wright then made an motion, which the mayor refused to entertain or consider. The mayor stated that he could not act with them and would therefore retire.

"It was suggested by me as I entered the office that the members of the old board be called together by the mayor as early as 10 o'clock tomorrow morning for the purpose of considering the demand of the members of the new board and either consent or refusal to comply with the same. This was not satisfactory to Mr. Wright, who acted as spokesman for the members of the old board, to which I replied that the possession taken would then be considered as forcible possession."

"Soon after the mayor had retired he had an interview, as I am informed, with Governor Savage at the Millard hotel and was told in substance by the governor that he proposed to seat the members appointed by him if it took the entire militia of the state to do it. Mayor Moore said in reply that there would be no necessity for extreme action, as he was not in favor of violence or disturbance of the peace. Mayor Moore may not be an angel, but he certainly is not as black as he is sometimes painted. No one who knows his army record will question his fearlessness, and in this matter I think he acted most wisely and discreetly. It would have been a great injury to Omaha to have it reported throughout the country that there was a conflict between the mayor and police on one side and the governor and militia on the other. If there is any one thing more that another that demonstrates the correctness of local self-government and the justice of the original decision of the supreme court in favor of home rule it is the secret and arbitrary and proposed violent manner of the governor in seating his own appointees for the purpose of controlling the police and fire departments of the city of Omaha.

"In regard to the action of the old board containing the right of the members of the new board proceedings in a peaceable and orderly way will be taken in the courts to vindicate and establish their contention. This will be done by an action in the nature of quo warranto. I have no doubt about the ultimate outcome of such an action if law and justice are to prevail. The questions which will be raised in the proposed action are not in any manner covered or determined by the recent decision of the supreme court in the case of Wright against Savage. In fact, the decision in this case clearly recognizes the right of at least one member of the old board to hold office and exercise the powers and duties of the office. The decision declares that the judgment in the Moore case is res adjudicata so far as the rights of the members of the old board are concerned for the terms to which they had been appointed. Consequently, Kennedy, who was one of the defendants in the Kennedy case, obtained a judgment in his favor for the term which he is still occupying. His term of office, which was in controversy before the supreme court, will not expire until April, 1903. Notwithstanding this fact and notwithstanding the explicit declaration of the supreme court in his favor Governor Savage has appointed another person to take his place before his term expires and that declared in substance that he would remove Kennedy and seat his own appointee through the streets of Omaha should be deluged with blood.

"In the proposed action of quo warranto I shall rely largely on the judgment rendered by the supreme court in the Kennedy case, which judgment was in favor of Mr. Kennedy and the other members appointed by the mayor and council, sustaining their plea that the judgment in the original Moore case was res adjudicata. It seems to me that it is now merely a question whether the changed views of the judges of the supreme court be to prevail or whether the solemn judgments of that court shall control.

"The great barrier and preventive of anarchy in this country are the

judgments of our courts and the respect of the people for such judgments. If courts can break away from their own judgments and overturn them merely because the judges have changed their views regarding the law on which such judgments were based what can we expect from the common people? The result will be a little time that judgments of courts will have no more consideration or respect than edicts issued from street corners.

"For the present with regard to their legal right so to do, the members of the board appointed by the governor will have control of the fire and police departments. The governor's board being in possession and assuming to act will be the board de facto. As such it will be the duty of the chief of police, the chief of the fire department and the men of these departments to obey the orders of the governor's board. The mayor, however, who is by law ex-officio chairman of the board, will not act with or in any way recognize the governor's board."

## INTENSIFIES OATS BATTLE

### Judge Chetlain Issues Twenty-Five More Injunctions Restraining Payment of Margins to Longs.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Judge Chetlain today issued twenty-five more injunctions as a result of a legal action that is being waged over the recent corner in July oats. At the request of Walte, Thorburn & Company, the complainants in the former injunction suits, nineteen bills were issued against the Bank of Montreal, restraining the officers from paying over margins to the Bank of Trade firms to whom the complainants had made such short sales of July oats.

There is a remarkable difference in the nature of the petition on these bills, however, from those that were granted. The petitions in this instance instead of alleging conspiracy to corner July oats, state that the margins can be paid only by the illegal use of an authority inequitable and unjust. Ten of the injunctions issued today were at the request of Pratt and Buckley, another board firm.

These latter injunctions are against individual board firms to prevent them from collecting margins. The amount of money involved in the Walte, Thorburn case is about \$40,000; in the others about twice that sum.

## LEVINTHAL SUCCEEDS JOSEPH

### Chief Rabbi of the Orthodox Jews at Philadelphia Now Leader in United States.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 4.—Bernard L. Levinthal, for eleven years chief rabbi of the Orthodox Jews of Philadelphia, has been appointed to succeed Chief Rabbi Jacob Joseph of New York as the head of the Orthodox Jews in the United States. The place was made vacant by Rabbi Joseph's recent death.

Rabbi Levinthal came to Philadelphia eleven years ago from Kovno, Russia, to take up the position made vacant by the death of his father-in-law, Rabbi Lazar Kleinberg.

It was he who started the Kosher Beef Association to inspect the meat eaten by the Orthodox Jews and see that the animals were killed according to the Jewish law. The rabbi has been active in the Zionist society, founding the branch in this city.

He is vice-president of the Federated Jewish Societies of the United States. He was also last week elected vice president of the Jewish Orthodox Society of Rabbin of the United States.

## STRIKE IN A POSTOFFICE

### Special Delivery Boys at Pittsburgh Delay the Service for Two Hours.

PITTSBURGH, Aug. 4.—Thirty-nine special delivery boys employed at the postoffice struck today against the payment of the salary of a promoted messenger out of the money set aside for delivery purposes.

For two hours the delivery service was in the meantime the special delivery service was at a standstill. Postmaster Holliday finally convinced the boys that they were violating their oaths and were in open rebellion against the United States government and they reluctantly returned to work.

## DYING CONFESSES MURDER

### Colorado Man Says He Is Guilty of Crime for Which Another Is Now Doing Time.

DENVER, Aug. 4.—On his deathbed William Thompson of Vyas, Baca county, has confessed that he killed his son, Benjamin, aged 13, and that Bob Nicholson, who is now in the penitentiary, is entirely innocent. A petition for Nicholson's pardon was filed with the State Board of Pardons today.

## TO DYNAMITE OPERA HOUSE

### Attempt Made to Destroy Theater at Richmond, Utah, Proves Failure.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Aug. 4.—A special to the Tribune from Richmond, Utah, says that an attempt was made last night to dynamite the opera house in that city. The dynamite was placed in the theater late in the evening and noticed the odor of coal oil and a heavy search resulted in the finding of a burning fuse leading to a keg of giant powder in the midst of a large pile of oil-soaked paper.

It did not headwind in drinking anti-Champagne. Cook's Imperial Extra Dry is the proper wine.

James Burton Adams Quits.

## OLD TREATMENT.

### Food Stomachs Made Over.

Improper medicine knocks out so many stomachs as bad food, but proper food will never always restore the health that nature intended.

I suffered with chronic constipation for a long time and two years ago became an invalid, being unable to retain anything on my stomach," says Mrs. F. H. Huns of Milwaukee, Ky.

Physicians pronounced it extra of the stomach and bowels. In fact, the entire alimentary canal was involved, caused they said, by continued use of purgatives. For several weeks I could not retain more than a teaspoonful of any kind of food at any time and at this stage of my illness a friend suggested that I try Grape-Nuts.

I commenced by taking only a teaspoonful at a time of the wine poured, while boiling over two teaspoonfuls of the Grape-Nuts. In five days I was able to digest a teaspoonful of the Grape-Nuts themselves and in less than a month could digest an ordinary meal. I can eat anything now, after having used Grape-Nuts for nearly two years, and am entirely cured of constipation. It is a wholesome, pure and inexpensive food.

## NODISORDER AT SHENANDOAH

### Quiet Reigns During Day in Mining Town, Despite the Threats.

STRIKERS ATTEND FUNERAL OF BEDDALL

Remember that Work is to Be Resumed Still the Talk, but Inspector Has Received No Notification from Operators.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Aug. 4.—While the situation in this region is calm, the troops camped here showed more activity today than they have for any time since they were ordered to Shenandoah. The greater part of this vigilance was due to the fact that the funeral of Joseph Beddall, who died as a result of injuries received in Wednesday night's riot, took place today.

Beddall was a brother of Deputy Sheriff Thomas Beddall, who was one of the principal figures in the fight, and a nephew of Sheriff S. B. Beddall. These men, attending the funeral, and in consequence there were many rumors spread that they would be attacked. These rumors reached the headquarters and General Gobin decided to take every precaution possible to prevent any unwelcome incidents while the funeral was being held without too great display of military force.

A platoon of the governor's troops was stationed on one of the town's principal streets near headquarters and one battalion of infantry of the Twelfth regiment was held in readiness in camp to march on short notice. Provost Marshal Parquet kept a watchful eye on matters with a detail of men.

The funeral services were held at William Penn, a mile from here. The body was escorted by the Shenandoah lodge of the Masonic Order and the members of the lodge and through the principal streets to the cemetery, which is located on a mountain north of the city. A crowd lined the streets, the majority of the people being striking miners. Nothing occurred to disturb the funeral and after it was over the platoon of cavalry was withdrawn.

Company H of the Twelfth regiment was placed on duty at Indian Ridge colliery of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company near the foreign quarters. It was done so that a town constable could be asked in case any was attacked while making arrests of persons who were in last week's riot. The services of the soldiers, however, were not needed.

Rumors of a resumption of work in this territory are still in circulation, but there is nothing to indicate that these reports have any foundation whatever. Work in the Shenandoah district nineteen collieries operated by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company, which formerly employed 13,000 men, and six collieries owned by the Lehigh Valley Coal and Iron company, which employed 8,000 men, were closed. Besides these there are several individual collieries. The mine inspector for this district said today that where a coal company desires to place a mine in operation it is compelled by law to notify the mine inspectors of the district in which it is located, so that the case can be taken in to see whether it is safe to permit men to enter it. Up to this time, he said, he had not received the slightest intimation that the companies are about to resume work.

Strikers Called to Arms.

The eighth regiment had another call to arms last night. It was called in the vicinity of the stable saws, a man, stealthily approach the horses and was commanded to stop. He probably did not see the sentry because the instant he heard the soldier's command the provost marshal and the sentry of the side of the hill. Three bullets were sent after him, but he escaped. The sentry on the next post also saw a man running in the darkness, and he, too, fired at the being figure. The sound of the shooting alarmed the guard and the people called to arms were immediately sounded.

The whole regiment was quickly in line and Company H was sent out to investigate, but the mysterious person had disappeared. The sentry who was called to investigate reported that the man was not again disturbed. Colonel Hoffman was of the opinion that the intruders were about to make an attack on the horses by hamstringing them or otherwise injuring them so as to make the animals useless. He is sorry the intruders were not captured or crippled by the sentry bullets. He considers it an extremely severe offense to injure the horses.

The camp today was quiet. Both regiments were put through drill and other camp exercises. The commissaries have been indulging in some light shooting. The eighth regiment, in a test call to arms, had one company in double quick ready in one minute, and the whole command in three minutes.

Col. Hoffman ordered Company H of the Twelfth regiment to scale a very high oak bank, and the feat was accomplished in thirty seconds. Captain Ott, commander of the governor's troop of cavalry, took a dash west across the country toward Girardville this morning. The troop returned shortly before noon.

The arrest of six men who took part in the riots of last week was made today. The funeral of Joseph Beddall, who was killed in last week's disorder, took place today. Everything is quiet in the region.

Resolutions at Headquarters.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Aug. 4.—The day having passed without resumption of mining in the strike region, there is no report at President Mitchell's headquarters tonight. There was some fear that work might be attempted at Wood colliery of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western company near Plymouth, Pa., and a large number of strikers and their wives were stationed in the vicinity, but when it became known for a certainty that the mine would not resume the strikers returned to their homes.

Officers of the coal companies state the only information that would be given out was that when the operators get ready to resume work they would do so, but how soon they would not say. The strikers are watching the collieries very closely and also the movements of all men who go in and out of the work.

In the street railway strike has been without incident on the Ironville division. The union men are operating cars on schedule time in accordance with an agreement reached at a conference concluded early this morning, but tonight there is strong evidence of a renewal of the strike in sympathy with the men on the Hamilton and Ashland divisions.

The strike in the Kentucky and West Virginia towns is still on, the company refusing to recognize the use of the relations of the discharged men. As a result of visits between the committees today it is said to be definitely decided that the Ironville men will again go out unless the company makes terms with the other divisions. It is said that the company has been laboring with the idea of making a meeting to discuss the strike are being held at Huntington, but no decision is expected until late tonight.

CHICAGO, Aug. 4.—Six hundred and fifty blacksmiths, blacksmiths' helpers and body builders in the car shops of the Pullman Palace Car company at Pullman went on strike today for an increase of 10 cents a day. A meeting between representatives of the men and the officers of the company has been arranged for tomorrow.

CLARKSBURG, W. Va., Aug. 4.—United

States Marshal C. De Willott and Sheriff J. W. Doolittle arrived tonight with six of the striking miners recently imprisoned for alleged violation of Judge Jackson's injunction. Judge Gott will tomorrow hear the writ of habeas corpus granted the prisoners.

Street Railway Strike.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Aug. 4.—No violence has been manifested here in the street railway strike. All the cars are being operated by men, but they are being patronized by little. At present there seems to be no effort to settle the strike on this side of the Ohio river. In the manufacturing district of the city many cars were struck with eggs today.

ASHLAND, Ky., Aug. 4.—No effort is being made today by the Camden company to run cars on this side of the river.

CATLETTSBURG, Ky., Aug. 4.—The strike on the Camden Interstate line is serious here today, many motorists being dragged from cars and handled roughly. Stones were thrown through the cars at Clayfield and ties were piled upon the track. On all grades the tracks were grooved. Traffic has been entirely suspended here, but the officials are trying to run cars to Ashland. The court qualified the working union men as deputy sheriffs and they are heavily armed.

General Gobin has been issued for the first battalion of the Twelfth regiment, commanded by Major Undergraff, to hold itself in readiness for instant marching. Company "B" of the same regiment is doing duty today at the Indian Ridge colliery company, close to the camp.

General Gobin declines to say why the order was issued to the battalion or why the soldiers are at the colliery.

Telephone Strike Is Renewed.

NEW ORLEANS, La., Aug. 4.—Only four of the Cumberland Telephone company's line men went on a strike which was called yesterday were assigned to duty today and some of the nonunionists were retained. This responded the strike and the men who were put to work were called off. The electrical workers of the New Orleans Railway company's lines all went to work today and some of the nonunionists were retained. This responded the strike and the men who were put to work were called off.

Conference Is Held.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 4.—Prominent coal operators of Jackson county, Ohio, were in conference here today with representatives of miners' unions. Neither party was willing to say what was the object of the conference, but the announcement was made that the Jackson operators and the union coal miners are in complete harmony and will continue in that relation, notwithstanding the strike east of the Ohio.

E. W. Grove.

The name must appear on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day, 21 cents.

## DEATH IN ELECTRIC CHAIR

### Aaron Halle Pays Extreme Penalty at Sing Sing for Murder of His Sweetheart.

OSBURN, N. Y., Aug. 4.—Aaron Halle was put to death in the electric chair in Sing Sing prison today for the murder of Mary McCarthy, whom he shot and killed in a New York department store May 17, 1900.

Halle, who was a bartender, killed his sweetheart because she had refused to marry him. He sought her at her work for a final interview. He was seen to whisper to her and she replied, "No, no." Then Halle drew a revolver and fired several times. After she fell he calmly walked away.

The case was carried on technicalities to the United States Supreme court. A final appeal was made to Governor Odell for commutation of sentence on the ground that Halle was insane at the time when the crime was committed, but the application was denied.

## MONTANA HAS EARTHQUAKE

### In One Section of the State Shock Is Reported to Have Been Quite Severe.

HELENA, Mont., Aug. 4.—An earthquake visited Missoula county last evening, causing slight damage. It lasted about two seconds, vibrations being quick and short. At Bonner one of the large dynamo at the electrical plant was shaken from its adjustment. At Clinton the shock was quite severe, the operator reporting that several old buildings collapsed.

## TRACY IN ROCK LAKE COUNTRY

### Outlaw Is Again Seen and Believed to Be Hiding West of Harrington.

SPOKANE, Wash., Aug. 4.—Harry Tracy, the outlaw, is believed to be hiding in the Rock Lake country west of Harrington. He was seen three miles north of Odessa at 8:30 o'clock last evening, traveling north.

## HOT WEATHER IN KANSAS

### If the Heat Continues Without Rain Corn Crop May Be Injured.

WICHITA, Kan., Aug. 4.—Today is the third successive scorcher. The temperature is above the 100 mark. There have been no hot winds to injure the corn, but a continuance of such heat without an early rain will cut down the yield materially.

Look out for malaria. It is a seasonal ailment. A few drops of Prickly Ash Bitters is a sure preventive.

Wife Husband and Wife Dead.

ARTICANAR CITY, Kan., Aug. 4.—The bodies of a husband and wife were found today at their home, three miles north of Burgen, a settlement in the northeastern part of Cowley county. Each had a bullet hole through the head and a large number of bullets were found lying on the floor of the kitchen. The bodies were found between 8 and 9 o'clock and had been shot about 10 o'clock on a fair day. An indication point to suicide.

## TO SEARCH FOR BOYACA

### Ranger Ordered to Sea from Panama to Locate Missing Steamer.

MANY LIVES SAID TO BE IN DANGER

Was sent with Supplies to Government Troops, but Rebels Are in Control of Port and Expeditious May Have Failed.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 4.—Captain Porter of Ranger has cabled the Navy department from Panama that the governor of Panama requests that Ranger go to sea and endeavor to locate the steamship Boyaca, which, it is feared, has been lost, and aboard which were a large number of people.

The department has authorized Ranger to proceed on this mission. It is not known here whether Boyaca is a warship or not. The text of Captain Porter's dispatch is as follows:

Governor of Panama requests Ranger to search for Boyaca, supposed broken down and in distress. Many lives in danger. Consul advised.

NEW YORK, Aug. 4.—The vessel reported in Captain Porter's dispatch is undoubtedly the Columbia gunboat, Reg. No. 5, which arrived at Panama on July 28 after having taken troops and provisions to General Morales Berti, at Agua Dulce. It was at this port that a severe battle with the revolutionists was begun on July 20, and it may be that Boyaca was sent with reinforcements to Agua Dulce.

Boyaca's rudder was recently found to be in bad order and the repairs made to it were conducted rapidly and not very thoroughly.

Accident May Have Occurred.

General Salazar, governor of Panama is of the opinion that some accident has happened to the gunboat, which has left it helpless.

United States Consul General Gunder and Captain Porter of Ranger have sent telegrams to Washington asking permission for humanity's sake to search for the ship.

The government gunboat, Chuchito, which was sent from here with ammunition could not deliver its cargo, because the port of Agua Dulce has been captured by the revolutionists. Water communication between the government troops at Agua Dulce and Panama is consequently interrupted.

A government officer, who was captured by the revolutionists in January, during a previous battle at Agua Dulce, has made a report from General Herrera's camp and reached Panama.

He reports that many revolutionists are deserting, partly because they are forced to fight against members of their own political party, as well as on account of the heavy losses the revolutionists are said to have sustained every day since the beginning of this battle.

General Salazar, military governor of Panama, today told a representative of the Associated Press that if General Herrera's forces were not defeated within five days he would march with all the force he has in Panama to attack the revolutionary leader's rear guard.

General Salazar has received a telegram from the Colombian minister of war asking if reinforcements are needed and if they are he will send them immediately.

Report Defeat of Rebels.

Telegraphic communication with San Carlos was established this afternoon, and at 5 p. m. General Salazar received a telegram from San Carlos saying that some of the forces belonging to the revolutionary forces had passed the town in flight. They reported the defeat of the revolutionists at Agua Dulce. This news has not been confirmed and details and further information are awaited.

The United States cruiser Ranger is reported to have gone to Agua Dulce for the purpose of bringing the wounded back to Panama. Details news of the engagement is expected when it returns.

The government gunboat Boyaca, which is missing, left here Tuesday with reinforcements for General Berti. It was attacked by the revolutionary fleet and obliged to retreat. Since that time nothing has been heard of Boyaca, but being faster than the revolutionary gunboat Padilla, it is believed to have escaped.

Piles Cured Without the Knife.

Itching, blind, bleeding or protruding piles. No cure, no pay. All druggists have long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One authorized by the manufacturers of Pape Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how complicated, free case and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure, no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by Parle Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

## FIRE RECORD.

### Elevator at Avoca.

AVOCA, Ia., Aug. 4.—(Special.)—During a thunderstorm early yesterday morning lightning completely destroyed the Des Moines Elevator company's elevator. The building was valued at \$2,000. At the time there were 600 bushels of wheat and corn in store. The loss is covered by insurance. The fire department confined the fire to the one building.

Hot weather saps the vital energy and makes the hardest workers feel lazy. To maintain strength and energy use Prickly Ash Bitters. It is the friend of industry.

## Big Fair for Shenandoah.

### Seventeenth annual fair of the Shenandoah Fair Association will open in this place next Tuesday, August 13.

The present outlook is for the best fair in the history of the organization. Everything is being prepared on a scale from two to three times as large as ever before. The stables are filling with horses for the races already, many entries having been scheduled.

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. Mother's Friend is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer dependent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of Mother's Friend. "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. \$1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, sent to any address free upon application to BRADFORD'S REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.



**Tickets**  
1324 Farnam St.,  
Omaha.

**Imperial Hair Regenerator**  
It is every woman's constant ally. STANDARD HAIR COLORING. For Gray or Bleached Hair. The application of this Regenerator by the hair, no matter how thinning, is absolutely harmless and in fact stimulates the hair to grow again. APPLICATION LASTS MONTHS. A small bottle of Free Trial Colored Hair. Imperial Chemical Co., Ltd., 10, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C. 4, England. Sold by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., Omaha, Neb.

**Your Hot Weather Friend**

**STORZ & Co. Omaha**  
BEER

STORZ & Co. Omaha  
TELEPHONE 1260

**Hotel**  
10th and Douglas Sts.  
Omaha's Leading Hotel

**Special Features:**  
LUNCHEON FIFTY CENTS.  
DINNER 75 CENTS.  
SUNDAY 50 C. DINNER, 10 C.

Steadily increasing business has necessitated an enlargement of the cafe, doubling its former capacity.

**Eczema**

How it reddens the skin, itches, oozes, dries and scales.

Don't suppose it is better, but crust or scab.

The suffering from it is sometimes intense. Local applications are resorted to, but they only irritate.

It proceeds from humors inherited or acquired and persists until these have been removed.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
positively removes them, has radically and permanently cured the worst cases, and is without an equal for all cutaneous eruptions.