

The same manner, regarding both the determination of the strike leaders to wage a peaceful contest and the action of the Union Pacific at Cheyenne. He reiterated his statement that the boiler-makers would rather see the "right" go by default than to win it by force or violent means. "We have had ample time and opportunity to resort to violence," he said, "if that was the course we intended to pursue."

General Manager Dickinson and Superintendent McKee of motive power are still at Cheyenne or other points on the western division. An effort was made to obtain some official information from President Burt's office yesterday as to the progress of the company's side of affairs at Cheyenne, as well as here and other places, but no such information was given out.

Officials Not Easy.
It was stated, however, at headquarters that the company had no reason to feel any undue apprehensive over results that a few days ago and that no reports of violence had been received. And it is positively known that both President Burt's office and General Manager Dickinson are in closest communication with the entire field.
The officials still persist in saying that no new plans have been adopted for filling the strikers' positions and securing a resumption of normal conditions. They have no comment to offer of the reports that 100 men had been secured ready for work at Cheyenne Monday and more were in prospect, except to make the indefinite statement that it may not be so apparent or present difficulty in carrying on its affairs.

The entire shop force at Evanston is still at work. This is an element of strength for the company. Officials are sure that they will lose nothing through this move, despite the claim of the strikers that they will ultimately induce them all to leave work and join the idle army.
Evanston Important Point.
Much interest centers on Evanston. If the men there stand firm and refuse to go out it will have a strong tendency toward influencing others in that section to return to work and thus deal a serious blow to the strikers' cause. But if these men can be induced to join the strikers the company will have lost good strategic ground.
Such are the views of the contending factions.

W. Webster, president of district lodge No. 2 of the International Association of Machinists, who is one of the foremost leaders of the strike and who as a member of the executive committee presided in the final conference with Union Pacific officials, has gone back to his home, Evanston, to command affairs there and also look after things at Cheyenne, his official headquarters. The object of the union in keeping Webster at the center of activity in the east is to endeavor to close in on the company and make the trip complete if possible.
Webster's efforts at present are directed almost wholly toward lining up the Evanston men.

Dickinson and McKee at Cheyenne.
CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 2.—(Special Telegram)—General Manager Dickinson and Superintendent McKee arrived from the east this morning and spent the day in investigating the local situation.
The shops in Cheyenne were not closed as a result of the feeling against Cheyenne, but owing to strike conditions, the same as the Omaha and Armstrong shops were closed. The citizens can rest assured that the shops will be rebuilt, how soon depends upon conditions. The Union Pacific plant will not be abandoned. The company has decided to inaugurate piecework on the entire system, even if it takes years to accomplish it, and will not recede from this decision. It will establish a system of pay which will enable men to earn more by conscientious work than by the time system.

The officials will leave tonight for the west to visit other shops along the line. The last doubt as to whether the Union Pacific intended to fight its boiler-makers and machinists to the last were removed this morning, when additional bunk and supplies were sent to the shops. The company is preparing for a long strike and sending every thing that may be needed to protect its union men. The strikers and locked-out men are confident that their places cannot be filled by competent men for some months to come and say that in the meantime they will strike at the company in unexpected quarters. The strikers assert that a large number of locomotives are already in need of repairs.
Mr. Dickinson stated that there is no truth in the report from Omaha to the effect that Cheyenne is the center of activity in the fight against the strikers and that an effort will be made to establish piecework here before the plan is inaugurated at other shops. Efforts are being made to man the shops here, as elsewhere, and with gratifying success. "There is no more news of a strike waged against union men," Superintendent McKee spoke in the same strain. Four boiler-makers returned to work at Evanston today. The situation remains unchanged at Cheyenne, Rawlins and Green River.

E. W. Grove.
The same must appear on every box of the genuine Lassative Bromo-Quino Tablets, the remedy that cures a cold in one day, 25 cents.

MEN CAUGHT IN A TUNNEL
Without Warning an Entire Hill Settles Down on Railroad Track.

MINNEAPOLIS, O., July 2.—With a rumbling and sliding that could be heard for miles, the tunnel on the Lake Erie, Alliance & Wheeling railroad, near here, collapsed in its entire length early today.
Work was commenced some time ago to uncover and make a cut of the hill and the tunnel, but the great landslide of the men had gone to work this morning and 100 men were preparing to go in, when, without warning, the entire hill settled down on the tracks.
All the sections from here have been taken to the scene. The men on the road will be stopped for quite a while as a result of the disaster.
Later it developed that only four men were caught in the cavern. Their injuries are not serious.

Forest Fire Spreading.

DENVER, July 2.—State Timber Inspector Wells, who returned today from Durango, reports that the forest fire near Durango has burned over twenty-five square miles and is still spreading. It is now burning in the area near Pagan. On Bianco mountain 5,000 acres have been burned over and the fire is still unchecked. This is a valuable timber land and covers the headwaters of the Huerfano river. Its loss will seriously injure the timber industry.

General Debility
Drops in and out there is that feeling of weakness that makes a burden of itself. Food does not strengthen. Sleep does not refresh. It is hard to do, hard to bear, what should be easy.—vitality is on the ebb, and the whole system suffers. For this condition take

Hood's Sarsaparilla
It vitalizes the blood, gives vigor and tone to all the organs and functions, and is positively indispensable for all run-down and debilitated conditions.

W. W. B. Pure cure constipation, 25 cents.

WILL MAKE TRANSFER SOON

Philippine Government Act Will Be Put in Operation at Once.

TO REDUCE THE FORCE OF SOLDIERS

When This Is Done the Census Will Be Taken as Provided for in the Bill and Independence is to Follow.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Chairman Cooper of the house committee on insular affairs says steps will be taken at once to put the Philippine government act in operation. "The next step," said Mr. Cooper today, "will be the complete transfer of authority from the military to the civil officials, except in the Moro country, where there is some lingering disorder. The transfer will be accomplished by a proclamation from the president," which it is understood will be issued July 4. Besides turning over the authority to the civil officials, the change will permit a considerable reduction of the military force in the islands, although a few more will be kept in the Moro country, amounting to 16,000 men. In 1904 we had 79,000 men in the Philippines, so that we soon will have reduced the force by 63,000 officers and men, and the transfer of authority and the act doubtless will lead to a further reduction before long.

The next step will be to take the census, as provided by the act. Governor Taft told me this work would begin as soon as he reached Manila. His plan is to have the work done as far as possible by Filipinos, and the commission will get up its own census system instead of having it done by the census office at Washington, although they are empowered to get census experts from here by making application to the president. The purpose, however, is to make the work thoroughly a local one. It will serve the Philippines as an object lesson. The census will take about a year.

"As to the general effect of the act we have just enacted," added Mr. Cooper, "I share the view of Governor Taft, who said that if this bill became a law we would hear no more of the Philippines than we do of Porto Rico, and that the Philippine problem would gradually disappear."

Mr. Cooper has received the following telegram from President L. G. Schramm, of Cornell, who was head of the first Philippine commission:
"Cordial congratulations on your splendid victory in securing a legislative assembly for the Philippines. Our commission recommended it. Your bill shows constructive statesmanship of the highest order. Filipinos will bless you forever."

OFFICERS FOR RIVER WORK

General Gillespie Completes the Organization of Boards for Various Places.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—General Gillespie, chief engineer, has completed the organization of boards of engineer officers for the execution of certain river and harbor works specially provided for in the river and harbor acts. The boards are as follows:
For improving the waterway at Norfolk, Colonel P. C. Gates, Lieutenant Colonel Charles J. Allen and Major James B. Quinn. Sandy bay, Cape Ann, Massachusetts, Colonel C. R. Suter, Lieutenant Colonel W. S. Stanton and Major S. W. Rosser.
Upper Hudson river, New York, Colonel S. H. Mansfield, Major W. C. Schramm and Lieutenant A. H. Schulz.
Waterway at Lockport, Ill., Lieutenant Colonel O. H. Ernst, Lieutenant Colonel C. J. Allen and Major Thomas L. Casey.
Columbia river, between the foot of the Dalles Rapids and the foot of the Gellie falls, Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Heuer, Major W. L. Marshall and Captain Edward Burr, C. E. Gillette and C. M. McKinsley.
Waterway at Puget sound, Lieutenant Colonel W. H. Marshall, Captain W. C. Langfit and First Lieutenant R. P. Johnston.
Canals and locks at Willamette falls, Major John Mills, Captain W. C. Langfit and Lieutenant R. P. Johnston.
Improvements at the mouth of the Columbia river, Major W. C. Langfit, Captain C. E. Gillette and C. H. McKinsley.
At Galveston and improvement of Trinity river, Texas, Lieutenant Colonel F. M. Adams, Major G. McC. Derby and Captain W. V. Judson.

TAKE CENSUS OF BUFFALO

Eleven Hundred and Forty-Three Fall and Mixed Breeds in United States.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The total number of buffalo, both full and mixed blood, in the United States is 1,443, according to a report submitted to congress by the interior department, based on correspondence with various states. Of this number seventy-two are running wild, of which fifty are in Colorado and the remainder in the Yellowstone National Park. The total number of buffalo or bison domesticated or in captivity, including full and mixed bloods, is 1,371. The total number of the pure-blood buffalo in the United States is 568, and the mixed bloods 175. The total number of buffalo or bison in Canada is 299. Of these 400 are pure blood, running wild, in countries outside North America. In the interior department estimates that there are 128 buffalo or bison, all of which are believed to be in captivity. In the United States the domesticated buffalo appears to be increasing.

STATES TO GET THEIR MONEY

Warrants Issued to Several on Old War Claims, Iowa Being in the List.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Treasury department today issued warrants in favor of the states of Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Michigan, Vermont and Ohio, aggregating \$3,219,324. These warrants cover the claims of soldiers incident to the rebellion and equipment of troops during the civil war, recently allowed by the comptroller of the treasury and for which congress made the necessary appropriation yesterday. The amounts which are being paid the several states are as follows: Illinois, \$1,506,135; Indiana, \$455,850; Iowa, \$65,417; Michigan, \$281,157; Vermont, \$200,458; Ohio, \$46,559.
It is anticipated that several other states which have claims similar to those already paid are being investigated by the comptroller, asking for favorable action.

FILIPINO WANTS THE PEN

Senator Bucargaino to Preserve One Used by President to Sign Bill.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Senator Bucargaino, who has been sojourning in the country, today called upon President Roosevelt and requested the pen with which he signed the Philippine government bill, as he desired to preserve it and eventually place it in some public library in the Philippines. The pen already had been given to Senator Lodge, chairman of the Philippine

WOULD MODIFY NAVAL RULE

William Blacklock, Vice-Consul in Samoa Here to Suggest Change.

REFRESHMENTS NEEDED FOR VISITORS

Fiscal Agent Says Many Tourists Are Not Stopping at Apia Because of New Order Prohibited.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—William Blacklock, United States vice consul and fiscal agent at Apia and Tutuila, Samoa, has arrived in the city today. He is here before the proper officials a statement of the conditions in Tutuila and a series of suggested amendments to the present scheme of government of the island, which experience has demonstrated to be necessary.
It is thought to be desirable that the present system of absolute naval control over the entire island be modified so as to limit the naval commandant in the exercise of his purely naval functions to the naval station proper, leaving him to exercise the functions of a civil governor in the remainder of the island. It also is deemed well to afford the white natives and the few white civilians some sort of representation in the conduct of local affairs through the creation of an advisory council to the governor. A wider discretionary power is also asked for the governor. By a singular omission the natives never have received any acknowledgement from the United States government of their voluntary submission to our sovereignty, and Mr. Blacklock believes it to retain their good will, this should be remedied.
The crying need of Tutuila, according to Mr. Blacklock, is a modification of the present naval order touching the supply of refreshments to visitors of the island. The Oceanic line of steamers has been dropped in favor of Tutuila as a point of call, many tourists and business agents were coming to the latter place and the trade of the island was rapidly developing. In some measure at the expense of German Samoa, Mr. Blacklock believes it to be to the advantage of the United States to prohibit absolutely the supply of wine or other liquid refreshments at the hotels. The immediate effect was to close up the hotels, and Mr. Blacklock is here to urge the State and Navy officials to revert to the old order.

SETTLEMENT SEEMS CERTAIN

State Department Encouraged by China Advice Relative to Indemnity.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The State department is somewhat encouraged by advice just received from China in its hope that the powers will consent to adopt less rigorous measures in the treatment of China. It has been informed that England has consented to indemnity in silver, or on the silver basis, which is in line with the contention of the United States, and now it is thought Japan will do likewise. These three powers, ranged in accord, may influence the remaining signatories to the Peking agreement toward a more liberal construction of the clause relating to the rate of exchange at which the indemnity payments are to be calculated. The situation at Tien Tsin is also improving and it is now said that Russia, England and Japan have taken sides with the United States, holding that the restrictions imposed upon the town are far too severe and should be relaxed. It is confidently expected that this view will prevail and that the powers will soon be able to effect a complete withdrawal from China, save for the legation guards.

CANDIDATE FOR COMMANDER

John McElroy of Washington Urged by Friends for Head of the Grand Army.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Department of the Potomac, Grand Army of the Republic, has a candidate for commander-in-chief of the order. He is John McElroy, managing editor of the National Tribune of this city. His election is urged by the local veterans, in a circular letter just issued, as a tribute to his military services and long participation in the affairs of the Grand Army.
The advantage of locating headquarters at the national capital, in constant touch with congress, the president and other high officials of the government also is pointed out. Mr. McElroy has been a member of the organization for thirty-six years. His military record covered the period from October, 1862, to the close of the war. He served in Company L, Sixteenth Illinois cavalry. He was a prisoner at Andersonville and other places. He has had editorial experience of national reputation for twenty-eight years.

HAY TALKS WITH SENATORS

Secretary Confer with Hanna, Lodge and Spooner About Canal Matters.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Secretary Hay today, by appointment, had a conference with Senators Lodge, Hanna and Spooner, the object being the Isthmian canal act. The discussion centered on the steps to be taken to give effect to that important measure.
As the senators named were largely instrumental in creating the legislation under which the canal is to be built, Secretary Hay desired to seize the opportunity and they left Washington for their homes to thoroughly acquaint themselves with their views as to the proper procedure, in order that the executive branch might be in thorough accord with the legislative in carrying forward the great work of canal construction.
The secretary acquainted the senators with the substance of what had been outlined in the cabinet sessions and it is believed that this has their full approval.

EVERY BILL WAS SIGNED

Records Show that Nothing Presented to President Roosevelt Was Passed.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The records at the capitol show that every bill presented to President Roosevelt was signed by him before congress adjourned. This is exceptional, as it generally happens that some measures are overlooked or forgotten in the hurry. The total number of bills introduced in the house during the recent session was 15,320. Three committees of the house handled two-thirds of these bills and the committee claims having 4,432 of these bills acted on, 2,928 were passed, 5,508 and the committee on military affairs 2,322.
Acting in Private Capacity.
WASHINGTON, July 2.—A report from St. Petersburg to the effect that two agents of the United States government have been at work in that capital, seeking information from the Russian archives respecting the Alaskan-Canadian boundary, has led the State department to make an investigation, for it has not been proved that that errand to Russia. It is now learned that two Philadelphians have been in St. Petersburg looking into the boundary matter, but acting in a purely private capacity. The report, for it has not been proved, geography and to have contributed to the literature of the boundary dispute.
Colonel Michalski Gets a Place.
WASHINGTON, July 2.—President Roosevelt today determined on the appointment of Major Michalski, chief of his army command and friend, as collector of internal revenue, district of South Carolina, vice George E. Keister, who failed of confirmation.

RIOTERS GIVEN A HEARING

Men in Wilkesbarre District Bound Over on Charge of Inciting Disturbances.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., June 2.—A number of justices of the peace in Luzerne county were kept busy today in giving hearings to men charged with inciting and precipitating riots at coal mines. Early this morning Deputy Sheriff Schertz brought four men from Freeland, charged with engaging in a riot at that place. The prisoners were taken before Magistrate Pollock for a hearing. A number of deputies testified that the prisoners gathered in the road leading to one of the mines this afternoon and tried to intimidate some fellow-employees. One of the men pointed a revolver at one of the deputies. The riot act was then read and the mob refused to disperse, the deputy sheriff and his posse put the ring-leaders under arrest.
The magistrate held the defendants in \$500 bail for trial. They could not furnish the bail and went to jail.
County Detective Phillips of Lackawanna county came to Durys today and, going to the William A. Colliery, placed seven of the Coal and Iron policemen on duty there under arrest. They are charged with the shooting yesterday of the Italian whose body was found outside of the barricade. The officers were taken to Beranton and arraigned before Magistrate Howe, who held them in \$1,000 bail.
The Wilkesbarre alliance made its first arrest today. A member of the United Mines Workers named William Weitzer, was arrested, charged with libelling merchants and others. There were fourteen counts against him. Magistrate Van Horn debarred \$500 bail from Weitzer, but was unable to furnish the bond and was sent to jail. The alliance has offered \$5,000 reward for the arrest and conviction of boycotters.

WESSELS BUILT DURING YEAR

Report of Bureau of Navigation Shows Increase as Compared with Previous Twelve Months.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—During the fiscal year ending June 30, 1902, the bureau of navigation reports that 477,981 gross tons were built in the United States and officially numbered, compared with 1,079 vessels of 489,655 tons for the previous fiscal year. The decrease, compared with last year, is in all classes and canal boats, barges, etc. New steel steamers aggregate 278,478 tons, compared with 263,255 tons last year. Included in the total net tonnage are ninety-four vessels, each over 1,000 tons, aggregating 316,082 tons, or two-thirds of the output. Of these large construction forty-one steel steamers of 158,621 tons were built on the great lakes.
The output of completed steel steamers on the seaboard has been below the indications of last July. The launching of nearly every large steamer has been delayed from three to eight months and some are still on the ways which by this time should have been in operation. The delays have been the result of the steel strike last summer and to the great demand for structural steel in all directions; to low ocean freights and the lack of new shipbuilding orders, which has led to a cessation of the output of the yard. Last July 355,000 tons of ocean steel steamers were under construction or under contract, while at present only about 169,000 tons are under construction and so new large seaboard contracts are reported.

DICKY IS VINDICATED

Investigation Shows Consent at Callao Did Not Pad His Expense Accounts.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—United States Consul William B. Dickey has been completely vindicated on the charges against him by Richard R. Neill, secretary of legation at Lima, and as a result of which he was removed from his post at Callao.
Consul Dickey came to this country a few months ago on a leave of absence. When he arrived here he found that he had been removed from his post as a result of Mr. Neill's charges and that Charles V. Herdicks, formerly secretary of legation at Vienna, had been nominated as his successor. The charges made by Mr. Neill included padding of expense accounts. Senator Frye, of whom Consul Dickey is a constituent, interested himself in the case and Dr. Hill, then acting secretary of state, instituted the investigation, assisted by Chief Clerk Michael, which resulted in entire exoneration for Mr. Dickey. As a result of his vindication Mr. Dickey is to be reinstated in the consular service and it is believed that an thorough account will be given by his successor at Callao allowing Mr. Dickey to regain his old position. Mr. Herdicks being provided for otherwise.

CAUGHT ON A HIGH TRESTLE

Three Brothers Face to Face with Death Near Youngstown, Ohio.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., July 2.—Three brothers, Mike, Simon and Luke Shaokvie, were caught on the trestle of the Mahoning Valley Electric line near Struthers, four miles east of here, last night and in an endeavor to escape injury lay down on the edge of the rails.
Luke was struck by the car and died from a fractured skull. Mike had his left arm torn off, leg fractured and nose broken. Simon was critically wounded. Simon was knocked off into a gulley thirty feet below, but escaped with slight injuries.

GET TO GO

Men of Family Must Work, Sick or Well.

Good food and the right kind will carry a man through almost anything. Commenting on the power of Grape-Nuts, an Oakland wife writes of the experience of her husband.
"Two years ago my husband had a pneumonia which left him in a sad condition, unable to work for several months. The doctor said he would have to be very careful or it would turn into consumption. We have a large family and he must work sick or well. I heard of Grape-Nuts was the strongest nourishing food we could find he began on the food with one egg, which would be all he would eat for breakfast.
He left home at four-thirty every morning seven days in the week, and after two years' continued use of the food he is a well man. Even the cough has left him that troubled him so long after his sickness."
"Our youngest child, a boy of four and a half, was a very delicate baby. As soon as he could eat anything we started him on Grape-Nuts and he has grown to be a large child, taking a suit for a boy six years old. He is a very bright, intelligent little fellow. He eats Grape-Nuts was the strongest nourishing food we could find he began on the food with one egg, which would be all he would eat for breakfast.
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DEBATE OVER IRISH LAND

Question Called Up in House of Commons and Warm Words Passed.

ERA OF TURMOIL IS NOW THREATENED

Some Members Assert It Is Impossible to Carry Out Purchase Scheme in Face of Present Agitation.

LONDON, July 2.—A long and heated debate on the Irish land question was precipitated in the House of Commons tonight. Thomas W. Russell, liberal, moved the adjournment of the house to discuss the pending evictions from the estate of Lord de Freyne, in Roscommon county, in connection with which that nobleman recently had written issued against several members of the Irish parliamentary party, whom he charged with conspiracy.
Mr. Russell declared that unless the government intervened to prevent these evictions in the west of Ireland, where there was trouble enough already. He said that he had visited the De Freyne estate three times and that he was thoroughly convinced of the injustice under which the tenants suffered. The people there were the poorest of the poor. He believed one word from Mr. Wyndham, the chief secretary for Ireland, would settle the whole trouble and he thought the reduction of the rents collected on the estate by 50 per cent would not be excessive for those bog lands, which were now renting for more money than was obtained for decent arable land in Ulster county.
Mr. Wyndham replied with some asperity that he was anxious to find Mr. Russell siding against law and order. The rents from the De Freyne estate, he said, had been reduced 37 per cent in the last twenty years and he knew some of the organizers were making money out of the agitation. His advice to the tenants was to pay up.
This statement was greeted with groans from the Irish members.
Hundreds had done so, said Mr. Wyndham, and this remark was met with conservative cheers. Many more would like to pay, the chief secretary added, but were intimidated. Mr. Wyndham said it was impossible to carry out the land-purchase scheme in Ireland when it was interrupted by agitators who desired to make money in the house, characterized Mr. Wyndham's statement as paltry and flippant. He declared that whatever money was paid in rentals on the De Freyne estate was earned by the male population working in the house during the harvest season and he contended that the government was directly responsible for the happenings on the De Freyne property.
After other members of the house had spoken on the subject Mr. Russell's motion for an adjournment was defeated by 221 votes to 122.

DOES NOT MENTION BRYAN

Georgia Democratic Convention Follows Example Set by Other States.

ATLANTA, Ga., July 2.—The democratic met in state convention at noon today to elect a full state ticket. All the nominees, headed by Joseph A. Terrell of Greenville, for governor, were determined in a primary election held June 8, though the names of Colonel James H. Pettit of Savannah and Dr. James H. Clarke of Macon will probably be presented for the gubernatorial nomination.
The following ticket was nominated:
For governor, Joseph M. Terrell; for secretary of state, Phil Cook; for treasurer, Robt. E. Parks; for comptroller general, William L. Wright; for attorney general, John C. Hart; for prison commissioner, Thomas F. Jones; for commissioner of agriculture, O. B. Stevens; for state school commissioner, W. B. Merritt; for associate justice of the supreme court, A. J. Cobb and Samuel Lumpkin; for United States senator, A. S. Clay.
The platform deals almost entirely with state issues, prominence being given to the liquor question. The Kansas City platform is passed over in silence and the name of William J. Bryan is not mentioned.

NAME BUT ONE DEMOCRAT

Minnesota Populists Select State Ticket with Only Slight Fusion.

MINNEAPOLIS, July 2.—One of the democratic nominees, Spurgeon Odell, candidate for secretary of state, is included in the ticket nominated tonight by the state populist convention. The populist ticket follows:
Governor—Thomas J. McElhen, Fillmore.
Lieutenant Governor—John R. Hopper, Otter Tail.
State Auditor—O. S. Reethus, Yellow Medicine.
Treasurer—E. W. Knutvold, Freeborn.
Attorney General—J. F. Steidl, Traverse.
Clerk of the Supreme Court—H. R. Marshall, Marshall.
Railroad and Warehouse Commissioner—F. C. Gibb, Le Sueur.
Secretary of State—Spurgeon Odell, Marshall.
Awnin Loss of Life.
Follows neglect of throat and lung diseases, but Dr. King's New Discovery cures such troubles or no pay, 50c, \$1.00.
Topeka Goes to La Gueyza.
WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Navy department received a telegram from Barcelona for La Guayra, Venezuela, to join Cinchatti in its watch of affairs attending the revolutionary crisis in the republic.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Dr. J. C. Carter.

Very small pill, or easy to take on empty stomach.

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BRUISES, FOR TOXIC LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

Removes Tan, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin Diseases, and restores the skin to its natural beauty, and defies decay. It has stood the test of 40 years and is still the most perfect and reliable of all beauty preparations. It is used by all the highest quality Fancy Goods Dealers in the U.S. and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPIKIN, Prop'r, 812 Grand Ave. St. N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.

BOYD'S Special Mat. July 4

5th TONIGHT AND BALANCE OF WEEK. "The Crusier." Mat. any seat 10c. Night, 30c, 50c, 20c.

FERRIS STOCK COMPANY.

Excursion Steamer The Union Excursion Company's Steamer Henrietta.

makes regular trips from foot of Douglas street, Cornwell, to Erie, Pa. Tickets 1st class, \$1.00. 2nd class, 75c. 3rd class, 50c. No admission to park. Hours for leaving: 7, 8 and 9 p. m. Daily. Round trip tickets return on 1st of August. No admission to park.

BASE BALL Western League.

FOURTH OF JULY COUNCIL BLUFFS AND OMAHA ELKS.

Game called at 2:30 p. m. Admission (including grand stand), 25c. Tickets sold at the grounds only.

RESORTS.

Krug Park 4TH OF JULY.

THE BIGGEST CELEBRATION EVER. LA PALOMA. The Greatest Skit Drama in the States.

BENO TRAPEZE AND SLACK WIRE MARVEL. WALTON BROTHERS. AERIAL EQUILIBRIST. EXHIBITION DRILLS. THE PASSION PLAY.

HUSTER'S CONCERT BAND. Rendering two grand Patriotic Concerts. And scores of other attractions. Join with patriotic Omaha and celebrate Independence Day at the Big Amusement home, Krug Park.

COURTLAND BEACH. Every day and evening.

FREE SHOWS. GRAND DEMONSTRATION THE FOURTH.

Stunt Battery, Drills, Naval Battle, Mock Battle, Fireworks, etc. Admission Free.

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Topeka Goes to La Gueyza.
WASHINGTON, July 2.—The Navy department received a telegram from Barcelona for La Guayra, Venezuela, to join Cinchatti in its watch of affairs attending the revolutionary crisis in the republic.

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