

KING OUT OF DANGER

Physicians Report That He is Now Practically Sure of Recovery.

LATEST BULLETINS SHOW NO ANXIETY

Temperature is Normal, His Appetite Improves and Wound Healing.

THOUSANDS CHEER AT THE GOOD NEWS

Popular Comment is that the Last Bulletin is the Best of All.

NOW LITTLE DOUBT OF HIS RECOVERY

Liverpool is Illuminated in Recognition of the Glad Tidings Which Have Come from Buckingham Palace.

LONDON, June 28.—King Edward's improvement was maintained at 1 o'clock this morning.

The Daily Mail this morning says that King Edward's functions are working admirably. The drainage pipe has not yet been removed, but the king's general progress is very sure and steady.

His diet already includes soup, fish and baked apples. It is probable that next week the number of daily bulletins will be diminished.

It has been informally settled, says the paper, that as soon as it is safe to do so his majesty will be moved to Cowes and be placed on board the royal yacht for his period of convalescence.

LONDON, June 27.—"It's the best yet," was the popular comment with which the bulletin posted at Buckingham palace at 11 o'clock tonight was greeted.

A small crowd waited before the palace until the bulletin was brought out and when the good news became known there were "Heavens!" and cheers.

Lord Churchill, the acting lord chamberlain, drove up to the palace just as the bulletin was issued, and he expressed his keen pleasure at the doctor's report of the king's condition.

After learning the contents of the bulletin the crowd at the palace quickly dispersed and the rejoicing which was already apparent in the crowded streets increased with the terms of the latest report.

The 11 o'clock bulletin was: "His majesty's condition is such that all respects satisfactory. The king has had a comfortable day and has made substantial improvement."

TREVES, "LAKING," "BARLOW." The prince and princess of Wales dined at Buckingham palace tonight in company with several other royal personages.

All the diners returned early to their homes. The unanimity among prominent physicians in expressing their opinions as to the case of the king is quite remarkable.

All the professional opinions gathered are distinctly favorable and hopes are again revived regarding the danger of peripneumonia, now almost past and believe his majesty's recovery to be entirely probable.

Liverpool was illuminated tonight in recognition of the good news. The king of Denmark, who intended coming to London today has been dissuaded from so doing by Queen Alexandra, who telegraphed her father that King Edward is making good progress.

Talk of Festivities. The prospect of the king's rapid recovery has led to a revival of the projects for festivities. It has practically been decided that the Indian and Colonial troops here shall be reviewed next Tuesday or Wednesday by the prince and princess of Wales on the Horse Guards parade, Queen Alexandra attending to take the salute on behalf of the king as she did recently at Aldershot. This idea was warmly advocated by the colonial premiers in London, and it has been approved by Joseph Chamberlain, the colonial secretary.

It is likely that as soon as his majesty is pronounced to be out of danger London will indulge in a general illumination. Very few of the illumination devices in the city have been disturbed, their owners awaiting the decision of the prince of Wales in the matter. The prince has not yet ordered the removal of the devices from Marlborough house.

It is not impossible that the abandonment of the naval review set for June 28 will be reconsidered in the interests of the colonial and Indian visitors, who are greatly disappointed at missing this sight. Other entertainments for the king's colonial and Indian guests are being arranged. Thus, if there is no setback in his majesty's progress, there will be a partial revival of the interrupted festivities.

Practically Out of Danger. It is said that after the issue of the morning bulletin Lord Marcus Beresford asked Lord Lister how the king was progressing and that Lord Lister replied: "His majesty is practically out of danger."

The prince of Wales and the duke of Connaught called early at Buckingham palace. Lord Lister and his colleagues were in consultation for a quarter of an hour prior to issuing the bulletin posted at 10:15.

The announcement of a more comfortable state of the king's wounds and his happier natural sleep is followed by an indication of increasing assurance in the minds of those responsible for the official report. It is contained in the last sentence, which indicates that everything is going as well as can reasonably be expected.

As the time approached for the posting of the morning bulletin the crowd about the palace of the king increased appreciably. When the better news of the news contained by the slip of paper attached to the balise-covered board became known something like a cheer broke forth from the assembled people.

Prince Henry of Prussia and other foreign representatives were among the earlier inquirers at Buckingham palace.

Postponement Causes Trouble. That many persons unreasonably felt aggrieved by the postponement of the coronation festivities is shown by the fact that disturbances have occurred in different parts of England. A crowd gathered in the streets at Watford and windows in the house of the chairmen of the council were smashed, together with those of other members of the town coronation committee. Mound police charged the crowd.

Considerable rioting was indulged in at Dunstable. A protest meeting was held and the crowd afterward proceeded to the residences of the mayor and rector, where, amid much shouting, windows were smashed. A mob was then made to the Chilterns hills, where a great coronation bonfire was lighted contrary to orders.

BRING UP HUMBERT CASE

M. Mirman, Socialist, Asks Some Pertinent Questions Concerning Noted Paris Affair.

PARIS, June 27.—The Humbert case was brought up in the Chamber of Deputies today, when M. Mirman (socialist) interpellated the government on the subject.

M. Mirman said he wanted to know why the then minister of justice, M. Monis, had not intervened until May 8, why measures had not been taken to arrest the authors of the swindle and why the then minister of finance, M. Caillaux, had not given orders to collect the 10,000,000 francs succession duty to which the state had a right to claim on the heritage.

Senator Valle, the present minister of justice, when so counsel asked why the duties were not collected. M. Valle could not acknowledge a functionary who had failed to do his duty, because he would be accused of personal spite. But M. Valle should now tell all he knew about the affair and the vote of the chamber should protect him.

M. Firman (nationalist) attacked Attorney General Buloz. After several other deputies had spoken, M. Valle arose and declared that the attitude of Attorney General Buloz had been irreproachable. He, M. Valle, was confident that Mme. Humbert would be arrested and when the case was tried there would be many surprises and lovers of scandal would have ample satisfaction. The affair, however, had no political character and was purely judicial.

The minister then asked the chamber to say if it retained confidence in him. The minister's remark was greeted with cheers and the chamber, 435 to 10 votes, passed a motion of confidence in the government, in the following terms:

"The chamber expresses confidence that the government will prosecute energetically all the culprits in the Humbert affair and give it the purely judicial consequence involved therein."

While the debate was proceeding in the chamber a crowd of several thousand persons was witnessing the removal of the famous safe from the Humbert residence to an auction room. Legal functionaries watched the lowering of the safe by pulleys from the upper story. It weighs 5,000 pounds.

BEGIN TO TIRE OF SIBERIA

Return Movement to European Russia Much Stronger Than It Was in 1900.

ST. PETERSBURG, Thursday, June 12.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.) Official figures showing the emigration to Siberia and the return of former immigrants to European Russia for the year 1901 are published.

The total movement to Siberia is given roundly as 128,700, comprising 94,700 emigrants, 25,000 pioneers or intending emigrants and 9,000 peasants seeking work. There returned 55,000 persons, including 31,000 emigrants, 18,000 pioneers and 6,000 working men.

The return movement is stronger than it was in 1900. The greatest emigration was from Poltava and other thickly populated central provinces, where the land allotments made after the emancipation were most unfavorable to the peasants.

FRENCH GENERAL EXECUTOR

Estate of Late Sidi Ali Will Be Handled by Him for Young Mohammed.

TUNIS, June 27.—A decree has been published in the Gazette to the effect that the personal fortunes and estates of Mohammed, bey of Tunis, and his family, as well as the crown property, will hereafter be managed by the French resident general, M. Pichon.

No expenditures by the members of the royal family will henceforward be legal unless authorized by the resident general. Sidi Ali, formerly bey of Tunis, died there June 11. His son Mohammed was proclaimed by the same afternoon.

EXONERATES THE CADETS

Committee to Investigate Sandhurst Military College Fire Reports Students Not Responsible

LONDON, June 27.—It is understood that the committee appointed to inquire into the origin of the suspicious fire and the Sandhurst military college in its report exonerates the cadets from suspicion of incendiarism and says the disturbances were due to resentment of the cadets at being accused of being connected with the fire which has occurred at intervals in their quarters since April, and which caused a stoppage of the leave of all the cadets.

NO TROUBLE IN SANTIAGO

Report that There Was Great Agitation Among the Negroes Unfounded.

SANTIAGO, June 27.—The reports circulated in the United States by a news agency of great agitation here among the negro element, who were said to be demanding that the revolutionary army be paid and approving of General Bander's plan of taking to the woods, are incorrect.

The city and the province of Santiago are absolutely quiet. The press of both parties advocates paying the soldiers, but there is little discussion of the matter.

African Explorers Are Safe.

LONDON, June 27.—Advises received here from Adia Ababa, capital of Abyssinia, announce the safe arrival there of Fitzhugh Whitehouse of Newport, R. I., and Lord Hindlip, who started from England February 1 on an exploring trip to the Upper Nile.

Both of the travelers were well and had thus far enjoyed a successful trip. They were cordially welcomed by King Menelik. The explorers were to continue their travels round Lake Rudolf and home by way of Masowah, where they expect to arrive in September.

Count is Not a Loser.

VIENNA, June 27.—The report circulated in the United States that Count Rudolf Potocki, an aide de camp to the czar, lost 800,000 at bacarrat in three hours at a club in Warsaw Wednesday night, and afterward attempted to commit suicide, originated in an obscure and unreliable paper of Cracow and is generally regarded here as being entirely unfounded.

Must Comply with the Law.

PARIS, June 27.—At a cabinet meeting held at the Elysee palace this morning M. Loubet signed a decree closing the religious institutions which have not complied with the provisions of the law of associations. One hundred and thirty establishments are involved. Instructions on the subject were sent to the various prefectures this afternoon.

AMNESTY FOR FILIPINOS

Cabinet Decides to Issue General Proclamation of Pardon on July 4.

AGUINALDO AND OTHERS BENEFITED

Desire is to Restore Peace in Archipelago and Substitute a Civil for a Military Administration.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—At the meeting of the cabinet today the terms of an amnesty proclamation to the Filipinos, which it is contemplated to issue on the fourth of July, were agreed upon. The department for some time past has been considering the draft of a law on that subject, and it is necessary to make a number of changes in its text.

In its amended state it was agreed to by the cabinet today and Secretary Root will cable it to Acting Governor Wright for his inspection. If it meets the latter's approval nothing will remain but for the president, if the Philippine civil government bill is a law on that day, to issue the proclamation, which will be, to take on Independence day a general proclamation setting forth terms of amnesty for all political offenders in the islands including Aguinaldo and those held at Guam.

The proclamation is based upon the general objects of the Philippine government bill, namely to restore peace in the archipelago and substitute a civil for a military administration. This is now in conference and the proclamation will not be issued until the Philippine government measure has been agreed upon by both houses and the president has affixed his signature to it.

Text of the Proclamation. The proclamation will declare that a state of peace now exists in the Philippine islands save in the parts of the Archipelago where the United States great amount of trouble and will declare in effect that with the transfer of the government of the archipelago from a military to a civil status all those arrested and held for political offenses shall be restored to liberty, granted full amnesty and allowed to participate in the civil government to be instituted in the islands. While the proclamation is subject to changes in text, the general language of the document is pretty well mapped out.

There was a general discussion today of the treatment that should be accorded the political prisoners of the islands. There is no intention, it is stated, to convict or detain other than political offenders, the benefits of the amnesty being limited to those in custody as a result of breaches of military law, leaving criminal offenders to the action of the proper authorities under the coming civil government. The purpose is to demonstrate to the natives of humanity and generosity dictate our course toward the Philippines. When the islands are turned over to the civil authorities they will not be left without adequate military protection, as no more troops will be ordered home for the present, and every precaution will be taken for the military surrendering of the islands under the new civil administration.

Purchase of Friars' Lands. Another subject under consideration at the cabinet meeting today was the negotiations for the purchase of the friars' lands in the Philippines. Secretary Root took with him to the meeting all the correspondence which has passed between himself and Governor Taft while the latter has been carrying on his negotiations at Rome. It is understood that Secretary Root feels great confidence in a successful outcome of Governor Taft's efforts.

The cabinet also took up the question of naming the naval vessels provided for in the naval appropriation bill and, it is asserted, a decision was reached in that case, but it is desired to carry the matter to the public until the vessels are actually authorized.

The cabinet meeting was held in the president's temporary quarters on Lafayette square and was the first time in eighty-eight years that a regular session of the cabinet had been held outside the White House.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—President Roosevelt and party arrived in Washington on a special train over the Pennsylvania railroad at 10:35 this morning.

The president's special train traveled as the second section of the Federal express. There were no noteworthy incidents during the morning journey. The president was in fine humor. He walked briskly down the station platform on reaching Washington and had almost reached the gates when he recalled that he had not had his gun to the engine crew, his invariable practice on returning from a trip.

Quickly retracting his steps, he reached the side of the engine that had pulled him from Philadelphia and vigorously shook the hand of the engineer, Farmer and another trainman who had climbed into the cab to share the honors. As he turned toward the gates a man roughly brushed against him, seized his hand and exclaimed that he was from Long Island.

"Glad to see you," said the president and he wrenched his hand away and joined Secretary Cortelyou. The White House carriage was in waiting and the president drove directly to his new temporary official quarters.

ESTABLISHES ARMY COLLEGE

Secretary of War Directs Preparation of General Order for Establishment at Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 27.—The secretary of war has directed the preparation of a general order for the establishment at Washington barracks in the city of an army war college for the most advanced instruction of army officers. The proposed college will be under the immediate direction of a board of five officers detailed from the army at large, and, ex officio, the chief of engineers, the chief of artillery, the superintendent of the military academy and the commanding officer of the general service and staff college.

Major General S. B. M. Young was detailed today as president of the college and General William H. Carter and General Tasker H. Bliss have been selected as members of the general board, leaving only two more members to be selected from the army at large.

Until the buildings contemplated at Washington barracks for the use of the college are erected and ready for occupancy the college will occupy temporary quarters in a private building.

CAPTAIN STEELE ON STAND

Tells What He Knows to Board Relative to Alleged Cruelty in Philippines.

MANTLA, June 27.—Captain M. W. Steele, of the Sixth cavalry testified today before the board which is inquiring into the charges of cruelty, etc., brought by Major Cornelius Gardner, governor of Taybas province against American officers and soldiers. He said he left Taybas in 1900 at which time he did not consider the province pacified or tranquilized.

The witness was in Major Gardner's regiment, the Thirtieth Volunteer Infantry. At that time no American dared go through the town unguarded. He said that acting under the orders of Major Gardner and after protesting, he placed the principal residents of Luchan under guard during the vote for the local president and that they complained bitterly of the action taken. Witness left them and when he returned he found they had voted for a criminal who was in jail. He told them they must elect another man. The witness believed they voted for the men they most hated. The man elected president protested and requested to be relieved, but was compelled under threat of being put in the guard house to accept the office. Continuing Captain Steele said that among his brother officers Major Newberry, formerly of the Thirtieth Volunteer regiment, who testified before the board on Wednesday was reputed to have used a perfectly unscrupulous method of obtaining information from natives. Once the witness asked him if he had killed five natives with his own hand and he said he had. He said they started several men with his Mauter pistol. Witness did not ask the reason for this and was not prepared to say that Newberry had actually killed them, but that was witness' impression. He thought it was Major Gardner's policy to get a form of government for the islands, and that they started Major Gardner there testified as to his policy in dealing with the natives of Taybas, saying it was what he understood was War kftj;comlv HR RD LD D DDDD, destroyed by the authorities at Washington, namely to erase from the minds of the people the impression that they entertained of soldiers and to show them where they were wrong. In the meanwhile pursuing the hostile natives with relentless activity.

The major introduced documents, including a report of General Theodore Schwan, commanding him (Gardner) and the Thirtieth regiment of Volunteers.

ROANOKE BACK FROM NOME Brings Back Gold Dust, but No News of the Missing Steamer Portland.

SEATTLE, Wash., June 27.—The steamer Roanoke, under command of Captain Weaver, arrived from Nome this morning. Roanoke left Nome on the afternoon of June 14. At that time a tideline was received of the steamer Portland and Jeanie, and both vessels are now believed to be lost. At Nome it is generally accepted that Portland has been swept far into the Arctic sea.

Captain Weaver reports that nothing had been learned from the review cutter there when he left Nome. That vessel had at that time been two weeks in pursuit of Portland.

The vessels in port when Roanoke left were: Valencia, Indiana, Centennial, Garcon, Elihu Thompson, Newbery and Oregon. The steamer Senator was still in quarantine. The steamer Dora of the Northern Commercial company, which returned to Nome June 17, having given up all hope of finding the unfortunate vessels. Roanoke brought down 100,000 in gold dust and reported a pleasant voyage.

ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE

Annual Convention of American Association Begins Session at Carnegie Institute.

PITTSBURG, June 27.—The annual convention of the American Association for the Advancement of Science began its sessions at Carnegie institute today.

Most of the delegates have arrived and by tomorrow upward of 1,000 visitors will be here. The convention will adjourn on July 3, but the delegates will remain over the Fourth in order to take part in the reception to President Roosevelt on that day.

After the usual address of welcome to-day's session was devoted to the reports of officers and the reading of papers by Robert Fletcher, director of the Thayer school of civil engineering, Dartmouth college; N. Clifford Ricker, dean of the college of engineering, University of Illinois; Charles F. Burgess, assistant professor of electrical engineering, University of Wisconsin, and others.

NOT SHORT OF THE STOCK

Chairman of Colorado Fuel and Iron Company Makes a State-ment.

DENVER, June 27.—J. C. Osgood, chairman of the board of directors of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, today made the following statement for publication:

In view of the false and malicious statements which have recently been published about the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, I have voted the suspension of dividends for 180 days as a share of stock for the past six months. I have not sold a share of stock short. I have not directly or indirectly sold a share of stock for the past six months and the stock I sold prior to that time was for the purpose of reinvesting in the Colorado Fuel and Iron company's 5 per cent debentures.

The statement that there was a "gentleman" or any other kind of agreement to pay dividends for another year is as false as the statement that the company is restrained from discussing the matter of payment or nonpayment of the common stock of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company and action by the board of directors.

RIVAL FOR STEEL TRUST

Certificate of Incorporation for American Steel Foundries is Filed.

TRENTON, N. J., June 27.—A certificate of incorporation was filed here today for the following: The American Steel Foundries, capital \$40,000,000, of which \$20,000,000 is preferred, drawing 6 per cent cumulative dividends. The concern is authorized to manufacture iron, steel and machinery and other materials and all articles partially consisting of the same. Incorporators: Howard F. Wood, K. K. McLaren and Donald H. Mann, all of Jersey City.

LAWYER HAS TRAGIC END

James E. Pearson After Writing Confession of Defalcation and Theft Inhales Gas.

NEW YORK, June 27.—James E. Pearson, 45 years of age, a well known lawyer, whose home is at Hempstead, L. I., and who had an office in Brooklyn, was found dead in his office today. He had killed himself by inhaling illuminating gas. In his hand was the photograph of a woman. He left a letter, in which he said: "It is of no use to me. I have prayed for death and it does not come. Opportunity is given me for the first time in three weeks and I am alone in the office. I must not miss this opportunity, and my family will be better off without me. Ruined, disgraced and unable to live, all good bye, you will all despise me when all is known. I am a defaulter and thief, and where all the money is gone, I cannot tell. My wife and children are left penniless." Pearson had six children.

COMES AS FRIEND OF COURT

Attorney Baldwin Files Brief in Railroad Assessment Mandamus Case.

EXPLAINS ABOUT THE TWO ANSWERS

Says First Was Made in Good Faith and Attorney Who Made It Did Not Appreciate Its Legal Effect.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) LINCOLN, June 27.—(Special Telegram.)—John N. Baldwin, Union Pacific attorney, late this afternoon filed in the supreme court an extensive brief in the mandamus case of The Bee Building company against the Board of Equalization, explaining his appearance. Mr. Baldwin says: "The undersigned, an attorney-at-law gratefully appreciating the permission of this court to be heard with reference to the questions involved in this case, files this brief as a friend of the court."

The document is in response to the brief filed recently by E. W. Smeral for The Bee Building company. In commenting on the two answers of the board it is urged that the first answer was undoubtedly made in good faith, "but without a clear understanding of the legal effect," and that it stated conclusions merely, and not the facts.

Mr. Baldwin next attacks the character of the railroad's brief and insists that it should receive the condemnation of the court, the objection being to Mr. Smeral's discussion of the board's two answers.

It is alleged that in assessing the railroad property the board necessarily assessed both the tangible and intangible. It is also contended that the mandamus will not lie in this case because the Board of Equalization is clothed with discretionary and quasi judicial powers and has already acted.

CANNOT TAX GOOD WILL

Indiana Court Holds This is Not Part of Taxable Property in Case of Indianapolis News.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 27.—The good will of State Board of Equalization is taxed under the Indiana law, according to the decision of the supreme court today, in the Indianapolis News case. The valuation of tangible property as returned for taxation had not been questioned, but the state board having added a large sum for good will, and for the value of the Associated Press franchise. When the paper refused to pay, the state board sued, through a state auditor, to collect. While the complaint alleged that the additional assessment was against the good will of the property and the Associated Press franchise, it did not specify how much either was valued at. Attorneys for the newspaper showed that the Indiana law did not provide a method, nor attempt to provide one for taxing good will and that no other newspaper or other property had been so taxed. The lower court found in favor of the News and the higher court reversed the opinion. It is said that good will is not property and does not come within the statute providing for taxation and the assessment of taxes. The Associated Press franchise, it said, should be taxed at what it may be worth, but that had not been clearly set out in the complaint and the court could not consider it.

The attorneys for the newspaper had held that the Associated Press was not an asset, but an expense.

CONTROL MISSOURI MINES

Claim Made that Morgan Syndicate is About to Absorb Coal Mines of State.

KANSAS CITY, June 27.—The Star says: All the big coal mines in Missouri are to be absorbed by a syndicate controlled by J. Pierpont Morgan, according to R. G. Rombauer of Kirksville, Mo., a coal operator. "An effort was made about a year ago by Mr. Morgan's Chicago representative to organize a syndicate in Missouri," said Mr. Rombauer. "The negotiations were not successful, but a new plan of absorbing the Missouri mines has recently been proposed, and the indications now are favorable for the consolidation of the most important mines in Missouri."

"The Missouri operators have had so much trouble with labor unions and with landlords that many good mines can be bought for reasonable prices," said Mr. Rombauer. He asserted that the plan to consolidate Missouri mines by eastern capitalists was only part of a plan to form a trust to control the coal output of the United States.

CHOOSE TYLER PRESIDENT

Denver Man at Head of International Sunday School Association Next Year.

DENVER, June 27.—The tenth triennial convention of the International Sunday School convention elected Rev. B. B. Tyler, pastor of the South Broadway Christian church of Denver, president for the ensuing triennial. The reports of the general secretary showed a flourishing condition. The convention is making an effort to increase the contributions to \$25,000 annually, and \$15,000 was pledged this afternoon.

The field workers conference elected the following officers: President, E. Morris Ferguson, New Jersey; vice president for northeast, H. S. Conant, Boston; vice president for south, George O. Bachman, Nashville; vice president for west, W. E. Merritt, Tacoma, Wash.; vice president for central states, C. W. Pearce, Chicago; vice president for Canada, A. W. Halpeny; secretary, E. E. Fox, Kentucky.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER

Forecast for Nebraska—Showers Saturday and Probably Sunday.

Table with 4 columns: Temperature at Omaha Yesterday, Hour, Deg., and Hour, Deg. Rows show temperatures for 5 a.m., 7 a.m., 8 a.m., 9 a.m., 10 a.m., 11 a.m., and 12 m.

PICKLING MEN TO COMBINE

Incorporation of Manufacturers and Distributors of Food Products Said to Be First Step.

CAMDEN, N. J., June 27.—Articles of incorporation were filed today by the Association of Manufacturers and Distributors of Food Products, with no capital. The capital of the firms incorporated is \$30,000,000.

The incorporation today is said to be preliminary to the organization of a combination to embrace a number of the largest pickling and preserve establishments throughout the country. A meeting of the officials of these companies will be held in New York June 29. The firms members of the association are: Max Ames, New York; A. A. Knight & Sons, Boston; Perfectus Fruit Closure company, Philadelphia; Curtis Bros., Rochester, N. Y.; Cruikshank Bros., Allegheny City, Pa.; George K. McMechan, Wheeling, W. Va.; Anderson Food company and the Campbell Preserve company, Camden, N. J.; Logan & Johnson, Boston; J. Weiler company, Cipequiat; Exley, Watling & Co., Wheeling, W. Va.; Williams & Bro., Detroit; Ritter Conserve company, Philadelphia.

The officers of the new corporation are: President, William B. McMechan, Wheeling; vice presidents, L. M. Friley, Camden; Frank Cruikshank, Allegheny City; W. H. Ritter, Philadelphia; secretary, W. A. Williams, Detroit.

JUSTICE CHARLES LONG DEAD

Veteran Member of Michigan Supreme Bench Dies After Long Illness.

DETROIT, June 27.—Justice of the State Supreme Court Charles D. Long died here this afternoon after a long illness. Justice Long was a native of Michigan and was in his 61st year. He had been on the state supreme bench since 1887. He served in the civil war as a private in the Eighth Michigan Infantry. In the battle of Williams Island, April 16, 1862, he received wounds which rendered him an invalid for life. A shot shattered his left arm, which had to be amputated above the elbow. At nearly the same time a bullet pierced his hip. This bullet proved impossible to remove and to the hour of his death this never-healing wound, which had to be dressed every day, caused him untold suffering and discomfort.

Judge Long was well known by reason of his suit against Pension Commissioner Lochner, which he carried to the United States supreme court to compel the commissioner to restore his pension to \$72 per month. It had been reduced on the ground that Judge Long was not totally disabled.

TEXAS DROUGHT IS BROKEN

Heavy Rains Fall from Dallas South to Gulf and in Other Parts of State.

DALLAS, Tex., June 27.—The long drought prevailing in Texas was generally broken today. Heavy rains are reported from Dallas south to the gulf and many sections north, east and west have received portions of the downpour. The corn crop is said to be beyond redemption, but cotton will be saved. There was considerable alarm for the safety of the Texas coast, but the day as a whole was reported as a rainy one, with a general clearing and a brightening during the day. It was later learned, however, that no damage had been sustained and that the water was but slightly above normal.

At Houston a high wind prevailed and a heavy rain fell throughout the day. Trees were uprooted and car traffic was suspended in a portion of the city, but no serious damage was done. At Grand Saline the gale was very strong and the water broke over the river banks. No great damage is reported there.

The attorneys for the newspaper had held that the Associated Press was not an asset, but an expense.

MOB MURDERS MISSIONARY

American and British Mission Buildings at Tien Ku Chao Destroyed.

PEKIN, June 27.—The viceroy of the province of Szech Chuan has notified the government that the American and British mission buildings at Tien Ku Chao have been destroyed by a mob and that a missionary has been murdered. His name and nationality was not reported.

An imperial edict has just been issued depriving the local magistrate of Tien Ku Chao of his rank and orders the extermination of the rioters.

Several of the leaders of the outbreak are reported to have been beheaded. Evidently this was an anti-indemnity rising, like those which have occurred elsewhere in China.