END OF UNIVERSITY YEAR

Thirty-First Commencement Day to Be Observed Today.

CONDITION OF INSTITUTION AND ITS NEEDS

Chancellor Andrews' Address to the Alumni Contains His Views and Recommendations for Future Betterment.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, June 11.—(Special.)—Tomorrow will mark the end of the thirty-first school year of the University of Nebraska. The graduates will be given their diplomas, and then, with the exception of a few receptions in the evening, the seniors will be free from all duties in connection with the university.

The demand for tickets to the commencement exercises tomorrow has been greater than usual, probably because Booker T. Washington is to deliver the oration. The exercises will be held in the Auditorium and the indications are that it will be filled to its utmost.

The alumni of the university had charge of all events incident to commencement today. In the morning J. Irving Manatt, ex-chancellor of the university, delivered the annual Phi Beta Kappa oration. After this came the annual class dinners and reunions. Tonight Judge E. P. Holmes delivered the alumni address, his subject being, "The Tendency of Woman's Social Development."

Report of the Chancellor.

Chancellor Andrews read to the alumni his report on the condition and needs of the university, as follows:

The university has added nothing to its lands this year. The need for larger quarters here in the city will soon be pressing, though it is not so at this moment. A more immediate call for land is heard from the farm, where, large as the present estate is, ampler areas are required that agricultural teaching and experimentation may go on strongly.

No buildings have been erected the last year except the new stock barn, at the farm. There is imperative necessity for two additional buildings at the farm. It is nothing short of cruelty to require the Department of Physics to toil longer without any place wholly its own either for lecturing, for experimentation or for the proper storing of apparatus. The value of our physical apparatus, reasonably abundant and much of it very costly, is diminished several per cent each year by imperfect storage and the necessity for transporting pieces from place to place for use in teaching. No one of the engineering departments has sufficient premises. The shops are too small. The important Department of Domestic Art and Science is forbidden to enlarge for lack of space.

The buildings have been kept in the best repair possible with the limited resources at the disposal of the university, but repairs are badly needed which it is impossible to effect at present for lack of funds. Such economy is viciously costly. The friends of the state ought to insist that wasteful management of this sort be henceforth rendered unnecessary. There ought to be money to make efficient repairs immediately in every case where the need of repairs arises. That is what private owners of first-class business plants always do. Sound economy on behalf of the state would supply the regents with funds to effect repairs upon this precious property as promptly and as completely as the Burlington road does upon its engines and cars.

Spite of poverty something has been accomplished in improving the appearance of the university premises. The Athletic association has conferred a benediction by putting up a new grandstand and a new fence about the athletic field. In securing neatness on the campus faculty and students have co-operated admirably.

The teaching force of the university has the last year suffered few changes. One eminent dean and a valued professor left us a year ago. I refer to Edgran and Brooks, who accepted eligible positions elsewhere at salaries which we could not match. Several other professors have received calls to leave us at higher salaries, but have declined. The work done by the teaching force has been hard, faithful and efficient. Its members have wrought in perfect harmony and co-operation—one of the most delightful features connected with the service of the university.

Student Body Commended.

The student body has been characterized by almost universal zeal in work. University spirit has improved. Few students have been ill and, so far as I know, but one has died. Athletic and debating successes are known to all. The conduct of our students is about all that could be desired. There have been a few cases of cheating in written work, which, of course, according to a university code of morals, is almost unpardonable sin. If this vice does not abate gerater severity will have to be exercised in dealing with it. It may even be necessary to treat it as absolutely unpardonable. When taxed with this fault students nearly always say it is common and not frowned on very seriously in the high schools where they prepared. This is unfortunate if true. Perhaps the question of its truth is worth investigating.

Annoying thefts occur at intervals in various departments of the university. Some of the thieves are no doubt outsiders, but not all. Thief-students do not, I believe, learn their vice here, but we ought to be able to make them unlearn it here. Clear cases of such delinquency should be severely punished.

Spite of all this the moral tone of our student body is higher than that at any other institution with which I have been connected. Of course, being a state university, supported by general taxation, we cannot teach dogma or side with any ecclesiastical organization against any other. When people, however, allege that the university does nothing to advance the interests of religion I always protest. All preachers, all evangelists, all churchmen, such, even, as go furthest in emphasizing rites, forms and ecclesiasticism, boastfully maintain that the very best means which can be used to propagate religion is the influence of noble and upright character. It would perhaps be invidious to compare the influence of the faculty and students of our university in this regard with the corresponding influence exerted at other schools, but, could such a comparison be made and made fairly, the result would, I am sure, convince all that there is in exercise at this university a most powerful, an almost incomparable force for the creation and dissemination of the best results prayed for by all Christian people.

Why the Falling Off.

The number of students connected with the university has probably been somewhat less the last year than for a few years preceding. This falling off is referable in the main to four causes: First, the growth of private colleges in the state. Second, the fees which the university has had to impose on all students owing to the too small amount received the last time from the state. Third, the tuition which, partly for the same reason, it was thought well to require from non-resident students. Fourth, the main cause, I believe, the advance in the cost of living this year over that of previous years. I suppose that the most economical student in the university has been obliged to lay out for living expenses at the very least from $25 to $50 more the last year than was necessary the year preceding.

These causes it will be observed are likely to continue. It will be necessary therefore, if the university shall in numbers as well as in the quality of its work keep up the pace it has set, for its friends by their exertions to counteract and overcome these adverse causes named, to set in exercise, that is, other forces stronger than these which threaten to check our growth.

It is probably known to all present that recently the regents have, partly through affiliation with the Omaha Medical college, established in the university a college of medicine. The first two of the four years of instruction will be given in Lincoln and the last two taken up with more technical study, clinical work, and so on, in Omaha. This is considered a very important new step. It cannot fail of telling results, chief among which will be elevation in the quality of medical and surgical knowledge and practice throughout the Missouri valley. The college of medicine will pay all its own expenses, like the law college at present, not being in any sense a burden upon the university chest.

It may be possible in the course of a few years to erect a college of engineering on a similar basis, affixing certain fees to the excellent instruction given in that department, so that the university treasury may be richer by the sums now necessary to keep up such teaching. This, it seems to me, would be only just, inasmuch as no students are surer than those schooled in engineering of lucrative employment on leaving the university.

To the work now doing in domestic science there should be added as soon as possible corresponding work in domestic art. Ample courses in commercial economics, geography and methods should be instituted. A year or two of hard and first-class work in architecture should be offered and the courses which the Greek department, straining its resources, is at present offering in the history and criticism of fine arts should be erected into an independent professorship. The excellent course in forestry already arranged should be promulgated at once and strongly carried through.

Alumni Can Help.

I am saying these things to the alumni of the university because the advancement pointed out can never be achieved save by your help. You can aid in a variety of ways. You can direct to your alma mater many young people who desire a higher education in some of its forms. More particularly those of you who are teachers can inspire in the breasts of youth a desire for higher education and then turn their footsteps this way. All of you can do something to inform the public and especially members of the legislature, touching the value of the work the university is doing and its need of larger resources that it may compass a still vaster work of good. Lastly, you can make it clear that the funds the state bestows on its university are not of the nature of charity, but invested and invested in the best possible gilt-edged security, yielding two sets of priceless dividends, one estimable in terms of dollars and cents and consisting in an increased valuation of the state's estate, real and personal, and one too precious to be told in any language of money, consisting in bettered civilization and the higher life of mind.

Not even the most enthusiastic alumnus on the grounds duly prizes the university. We need to exalt it more in our thoughts and compel the public to do so. Plan for it and lead others to plan for it, not in a petty or niggardly way, but copiously, immensely, stupendously, as the central glory of our commonwealth. Our state is no longer poor; it is rich and rapidly becoming opulent. There is less danger of our having too little than of our letting abundance minister to what is low, building houses costly but of mud instead of mansions imperishable. I of course do not maintain that the university is the sole source of good direction in strong and noble social construction, but I do say that it is a main and a matchless source, worthy of the most devoted and liberal maintenance.

Law School Graduates.

The graduates of the University College of Law were this morning given the oath of admission to the bar by Chief Justice Sullivan. They are:

Maurice Clifford Atchison,	George Arthur Johnson,
Claire James Baird,	Albert Hayes Keeney,
Terance Tracy Boylen,	Fred Garfield Kidd,
Leo Paris Bulita,	Clifford W. LeRoy,
Edmund James Calloway,	Frank Paul Manchester,
Joseph Ernest Cherny,	Charles E. Matson,
Charles Willard Clapp,	Edwin Richard Mockett,
Hugh Elton Clapp,	Irving Evelyn Montgomery,
John Leo Cleary,	Nels P. Nelson,
Lewis Emery Cottle,	Lin Ithamar Noble,
Donald Alexander Crawford,	Cadwallader William Pace,
Joseph McKinnis Darby,	Aleck Theodore Peterson,
Henry Leonard DeKalb,	William John Reardon,
Oscar Douglas,	Ira Victor Reasoner,
Gerald M. Drew,	John Ferguson Rotruck,
Victor Hugo Duras,	Oscar Otland Smith,
Harvey M. Deval,	Earnest Garfield Speelman,
Herman Virgil Failor,	John B. Spittler,
Olive Gilmor Failor,	Robery Percy Starr,
Lucien Baker Fuller,	Hugh Alfred Stevenson,
Anthony Edward Gordon,	Frederick Arthur Sutter,
Winfield Wilkinson Graves,	Leonard Emerson Telleen,
	Ferdinand Ehrman Thomas
William Raymond Heartt,	John N. Trommershauser,
Charles Benjamin Hughes,	John Elias Willis,
Cassius L. Johnson,	Oliver William Witham.

On recommendation of the examining commission the supreme court also admitted Ashby E. Smith, a practitioner, formerly of Missouri, to the Nebraska bar.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR ELECTS

Convention at Norfolk Names Officers and Awards Banners for Largest Contributions.

NORFOLK, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—At the Monday morning business session of the Fifth District Christian Endeavor convention the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

Rev. Franklin Baker, Second Congregational church, Norfolk, president; Frank Gray, Cedar Rapids, vice president; Miss Lizzie Rees, Norfolk, secretary; Fred Hosford, Albion, treasurer; Miss Bessie Sheldon, Columbus, superintendent missions. Cedar Rapids was fixed upon as the place of meeting for next year.

In the evening State President Arthur S. Chase of Omaha gave an address.

This morning's session was led by Miss Luth of Columbus, superintendent of missions, at which time were read and discussed papers on home and foreign mission work. This was followed by presentation of banners for the largest contributions to missionary work.

Fullerton carried off both the junior banners for home and foreign missions; Columbus First church got the foreign missions banner, while the First church at Norfolk received that for home missions.

After the awarding of banners the convention closed.

Lobbyists Active in Beatrice.

BEATRICE, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—This evening the city is full of politicians, who arrived from all parts of the county this afternoon in order to be on hand for the republican county convention tomorrow. A number of state politicians who are interested in the fight for congressman are in the city. The three candidates who are most prominently mentioned for congress are Hon. M. E. Shultz, Hon. E. H. Hinshaw and Hon. Charles H. Sloan. The fight for state senator, judging from the political aspect here this evening, ties between Hon. L. M. Pemberton of this city and R. W. Laflin of Wymore. The lobbyists are at work this evening and the convention tomorrow promises to be a live one.

Overdose Causes Death.

HASTINGS, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Mrs. Leora Falkenstein of Riverton, Neb., was found dead in bed this morning at the home of Mrs. Emma D. Shiled, who she had been visiting during the past few days. A coroner's inquest was held and it was found that she came to her death by an overdose of poisonous medicine, which she had taken accidentally. The remains will be shipped back to Riverton tomorrow.

Horse Kick is Serious.

HASTINGS, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Henry Altman, a farmer living two miles southwest of town, was kicked by a horse this morning and had his hip bone badly shattered. A piece of the bone was driven into his abdomen.

HOW TO GET MANDAMUS WRIT

Supreme Court Rules on Point as to Time for Application.

RELATOR MUST SHOW CLEAR RIGHT

Question Brought Up in Connection with Case from Lancaster County and Decided Against the Applicant.

(From a Staff Correspondent.)

LINCOLN, June 11.—(Special.)—The supreme court has delivered an opinion in which it is held that, although delay in applying for a writ of mandamus is not an absolute bar, it may be sufficient, in the discretion of the court, for denying the writ. The question was brought to the attention of the court by Christopher G. Reisz, who was plaintiff in the district court in an action of replevin. Judgment having been entered for the defendant, and a motion for a new trial having been denied, Reiss served a proposed bill of exceptions upon the defendant's counsel on the last but one of the eighty days allowed by the court for that purpose. The counsel objected to the allowance of the bill and declined to accept service. Afterward, and some time after the expiration of the period fixed by law, the bill was presented to the trial judge, who refused to settle it, asserting in his order that "it was not presented with 100 days from the last day of the term of court at which motion for new trial was overruled." The proposed bill, together with the order, was presented in the supreme court and allowed to remain for over a year, and until stricken from the record, for want of allowance in the trial court.

The court holds that the relator in mandamus proceedings to compel settlement of a bill of exceptions must show a clear right to have his proposed bill allowed. Hence, where the trial judge, upon hearing evidence, has found that delay in not presenting the bill in the time fixed by the law was due to laches and neglect of relator, the latter will be held to very clear proof that such finding was erroneous and that he is entitled to have the bill allowed notwithstanding.

In a case entitled Wellage against Abbott, appealed from the district court of Douglas county, the supreme court declares that discontinuance of a pending cause and agreement not to prosecute any further claim are sufficient consideration for a promise to pay accrued costs and attorneys' fees. It held that in such case the agreement to pay attorneys' fees is an original and independent contract and is not within the statute of frauds as being a promise to answer for the debt of another.

Clancey in a Hurry.

People at the statehouse are watching with interest the contest between the two delegation tickets in the Fifth ward of Omaha. One of these, advertised as being "anti-machine," and in favor of the nomination of Van Dusen, is headed by Robert J. Clancey, private secretary to Governor Savage. Mr. Clancey has planned for a vigorous campaign in this ward and expects to get assistance from one or two men who hold positions under the jurisdiction of the governor.

This afternoon Mr. Clancey was seen running at a high rate of speed toward the Burlington depot, carrying a grip in one hand and waving a palm leaf fan with the other. The terrific heat had no terror for Mr. Clancey, for he kept up his mad race clear to the platform of the train bound for Omaha. A man who was slowly sauntering along saw Mr. Clancey running, and as the train was late, both being bound for the same destination, they met at the depot.

"What occasions this intense excitement?" the man asked of Mr. Clancey.

"Oh, just a little business in Omaha," exclaimed the genial private secretary, smiling broadly and gasping for breath. "You see, there's some politics up there—a fight, you know, over in the Fifth ward. I have to be there this afternoon."

And then Mr. Clancey indulged in a few uncomplimentary criticisms of the Lincoln street car service, for the car he had boarded at the hotel ran only half way to the depot and then stopped.

Lincoln's Assessment.

The city council, sitting as a Board of Equalization, this morning, decided that it would not receive any complaints against the work of the tax commissioner and his assessors after 4 o'clock Saturday afternoon. The completed figures from the city tax commissioner's books show that over $1,250,000 in valuations was added this year. Here are the comparisons:

Personal, 1901	$ 4,018,825
Personal, 1902	5,139,970
Increase	1,121,145
Real estate, 1901	16,020,350
Real estate, 1902	16,219,265
Increase	188,915
Total assessment, 1902	21,359,230
Total assessment, 1901	20,039,175
Increase	1,310,066

The Sixth ward personal, the totals of which were not available till this morning, is $322,280, as compared with $179,380 last year.

The fourteenth annual commencement exercises of Wesleyan university were held this morning at 10 o'clock at St. Paul's church. Rev. Mr. Quayle of Kansas City, a well-known lecturer, pulpit orator and writer, delivered the commencement address. Degrees were conferred upon eleven young men and women from the college of liberal arts. Diplomas and certificates were also presented to the graduates of special departments and the Normal school.

Bumper Crop in York County.

YORK, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—Yesterday was one of the hottest days here this year. The thermometer registered as high as 102 degrees. Although the heat was oppressive, farmers had no complaint, because they believe that it was the right kind of a day for the growth of crops. A large amount of corn has been cultivated twice. Winter wheat has made a wonderful growth and is at least 25 per cent better than two months ago. Hundreds of acres of alfalfa standing from twenty inches to thirty inches high have been cut. Considerable alfalfa was damaged to some extent by the excessive rains which have fallen in the last ten days. York county will have another bumper crop.

War Veterans to Meet at Beatrice.

BEATRICE, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—At a meting of the district officers of the southeastern Nebraska Grand Army reunion here this afternoon it was decided to hold the Grand Army of the Republic reunion in this city August 13 to 20, inclusive. It is the intention to have a number of prominent Grand Army of the Republic men of the country attend the reunion. An executive committee was appointed as follows: S. S. Peters, chairman; R. L. Gilmore, quartermaster and treasurer; G. L. Cole, Fred Brother and W. H. Edgar. W. H. Walker was appointed adjutant and secretary of the district.

Five Poisoned at Plymouth.

FAIRBURY, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—Five men and two women connected with a traveling show were poisoned at Plymouth, this county, Saturday night and on Monday night the two women, Mrs. E. W. Dilger and Miss Myrtle Boyles, were given a second dose of poison. The troupe, which comprised twenty-two members, boarded in its own car, and those who partook of rice cooked for supper were affected, none very seriously except the two women. The poison taken was strychnine. No motive can be ascribed to anyone for the act and there is no clue to the perpetrator.

THAYER DELEGATES NAMED

Representatives to State Convention Favor Dinsmore for Governor, but Others Are Not Instructed.

HEBRON, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—Thayer county republicans met today and selected delegates to the state and congressional conventions. The delegates to both conventions go uninstructed, but the state delegation is quite largely in favor of J. B. Dinsmore for governor.

The sentiment of the county is about equally divided between Sloan and Hinshaw for congress.

The following delegates were chosen: State convention—R. H. Marks, Thomas Lapners, Frank Hitch, C. W. Guile, V. Rawcek, D. A. Crandall, R. Tweed, C. Beisner, H. J. Bauer, F. Wilcox, H. P. Harding, C. L. Richards, William Galbraith, D. W. Brown, N. E. Botton, James Dinsmore, H. W. Bever.

Congressional—S. R. Easly, W. D. Fisher, G. W. Bailey, J. H. Eberman, B. F. Clay, C. E. Kerr, James Wilson, F. Beisner, D. M. Williamson, L. P. Luce, J. M. Marsh, John Hoatson, D. W. Brown, John Watson, F. M. Wethcrald, W. H. Jennings, George Muth.

Resolutions were adopted endorsing President Roosevelt in his vigorous policy toward Cuba and the Philippines and pledging him support in behalf of the country's welfare. The convention was large and enthusiastic.

Saline Indorses Pope for Congress.

WILBER, Neb., June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The Saline county convention unanimously passed resolutions that in John D. Pope it recognizes a true republican, a man of sterling integrity, in whose candidacy it takes just pride and invited him to select delegates to the congressional convention.

Herschet Smith of Tobias was invited to select delegates to the float representative convention of Saline and Gabe counties.

C. B. Anderson of Crete was nominated for senator, Curtis W. Ribble and Delbert A. Stetson of Norfolk for representatives, B. V. Kohout of Wilber for attorney, Staley of Dewitt for commissioner. All were named by acclamation.

The state delegation is: F. I. Foss, T. A. Vore, C. B. Goodell, Anton Dredla, W. O. Southwick, C. H. Justice, J. D. Pope, W. S. Love, E. W. Miskell, A. Thomas, J. W. Hartman, William Abbott, J. W. Ingles, J. F. Blandin, G. F. Sawyer, H. Allpress, W. C. Davison, Dr. Humphrey, Harry Price and William Drehot.

Congressional—H. M. Wells, G. H. Hartings, F. I. Foss, S. H. Weston, W. O. Southwick, G. Hulschizer, W. T. Morse, G. A. Taylor, G. A. Tyson, William Kaup, T. F. Ellermeier, J. H. Grimm, Dr. Humphrey, Edgar Rossiter, F. R. Wild, C. H. Culdice, H. McCurgar, C. B. Anderson, A. S. Sands, H. Jennings and F. J. Sadilek.

Three Overcome by Gas.

NEBRASKA CITY, June 11.—(Special.)—Late yesterday afternoon three men, H. W. Aird, Will Hill and Daniel Crumes were overcome by the fumes from the gas company's mains. Mr. Aird was making a pipe connection, when he was choked by the gas. Young Hill, who is employed in Aird's shop, was working in the front yard of his home when he was caught and rendered unconscious. Crumes was working for the gas company in the street, when his lungs filled with the fumes. All will recover.

Storm Follows Hot Spell.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—Yesterday afternoon the mercury registered 95 in the shade, being the hottest day here this season.

Soon after a discourse by Evangelist Smiley in the large tent last evening a terrific electrical storm came from the southwest. The large tent was blown down, limbs were blown from trees and a number of large trees were leveled to the ground. Telephone and telegraph wires were badly twisted and in places broken.

Hypnotist Has Woe.

EXETER, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—Marshal Martindale received a telegram from the chief of police at Trinidad, Colo., asking him to arrest a Mr. Kellar, stopping at the Phillips house here. It was alleged Kellar jumped a board bill at Trinidad. Kellar came to this city some three weeks ago, declaiming himself to be a noted hypnotist, and gave a series of entertainments in that line in the opera house.

Billiard Hall for Humboldt.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—The controversy over allowing a billard hall to locate in this city has been brought to an abrupt termination by the issuance of a permit to the applicant by Councilman Unland, president of the council, during the absense of Mayor Nims at Falls City, where he was called this week on jury duty.

Kearney Will Celebrate the Fourth.

KEARNEY, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—At a meeting of the citizens of Kearney, called by Mayor Roe, it was decided to vigorously celebrated the Fourth of July at this place. Several hundred dollars have already been raised for the purpose of subscription and the committee on arrangements promises a glorious time.

New Line Into Gibbon.

GIBBON, Neb., June 11.—(Special.)—A telephone line is coming into town from the southeast. It is a farmers' mutual line and starts from Shelton. The matter of a line to connect Lowell and Butler with this town is being agitated and will undoubtedly be constructed.

FOUR OF FACULTY RESIGN

Three Resignations Accepted by Kansas University Regents and Another is Announced.

LAWRENCE, Kan., June 11.—The board of regents of the University of Kansas has accepted the resignations of E. E. Evans, demonstrator in anatomy; E. H. Powell, assistant professor of mechanical drawing, and S. W. Williston, professor of history. H. Foster Jones, assistant professor of English, also gave notice of his intended resignation.

The board accepted from Mrs. George Chase Robinson a life size portrait of Robert J. Walker, fourth territorial governor of Kansas, who secured the free ballot for Kansas.

OLD MISSOURI ON RAMPAGE

River is Within Two Feet of the Danger Line and is Still Rising.

KANSAS CITY, June 11.—The Missouri river is nineteen feet above low water mark and continues to rise. The danger line is twenty-one feet, which will not be reached unless there are heavy rains soon.

IOLA, Kan., June 11.—At noon today the water began falling and it is thought the danger is over. Part of the Missouri Pacific track was washed out this morning in spite of the elaborate precautions taken to prevent an occurrence of that kind. Zollie Oliver, a colored man, was drowned today.

LYNCH IS BEHIND THE BARS

Man Elected to Parliament Under Arrest on Charge of High Treason.

ENGLISH GOVERNMENT STILL RESENTFUL

Colonel Lynch Fights with the Burghers, but He is Not to Be Allowed to Surrender with Them.

LONDON, June 11.—Colonel Arthur Lynch, who fought with the Boers in South Africa, and who, in November last, was elected to represent Galway in the House of Commons, was arrested this morning on his arrival at New Haven from Dieppe, France. Colonel Lynch, who was accompanied by his wife, was brought to London and was afterward taken to Bow street police station.

Subsequently Colonel Lynch was arraigned at the Bow street police court on the charge of high treason and was remanded until Saturday, June 14, after formal evidence of his arrest had been presented.

The prisoner, who was described on the charge sheet as a "journalist," sat in the dock, apparently unconcerned, until the magistrate asked him if he had anything to say in reply to the charge. Then he arose and replied almost inaudibly, "No sir." He did not apply for bail and was taken to the cells.

The Irish nationalists in the House of Commons today questioned the ministers on the subject of the arrest of Colonel Lynch. They wanted to know why the colonel had not the same right to surrender as other burghers. The government leader replied tersely, "He is not a burgher."

John Redmond, the Irish leader, and J. G. Swift MacNeil, nationalist, then turned to the secretary of state for home affairs, Mr. Ritchie, and asked him why he had not fulfilled his ministerial duty in informing the house of Colonel Lynch's arrest on the charge of high treason.

Mr. Ritchie denied that it was his duty to so inform the house, but when the Irish members appealed to the speaker the latter upheld the nationalist contention that the usual practice was to inform the House of Commons of such an incident through the speaker.

Further questions were ruled out of order and the subject was dropped.

Lieutenant Colonel John Phillip Nolan (nationalist) applied this afternoon for the release of Colonel Lynch on bail, but the magistrate said he had no power to grant the request.

FRANK SIEGEL ON TRIAL

President of Defunct Commission Company Faces Charge of Embezzling Funds.

KANSAS CITY, June 11.—Frank Siegel, formerly president of the defunct Siegel-Saunders Live Stock Commission company, was brought to trial here today on a charge of embezzling $8,000 of the company's funds. Siegel was indicted last summer by the grand jury on five counts.

Frank Rockefeller, the Cleveland millionaire, who was heavily interested in the company and whose losses have been placed at close to $500,000, will be one of the witnesses called.

In his opening statement County Prosecutor Hadley said that he would prove that Siegal had lost $23,000 of the company's funds speculating in sugar. The attorney for the defense admitted that $9,000 was lost in sugar, but declared that the other officers knew of it and that Mr. Rockefeller approved of it.

Frank Siegel is a prominent cattleman, well known throughout the west.

WOMAN MADE CITY TREASURER

Succeeds Her Retiring Husband After Serving as His Deputy Five Years.

KANSAS CITY, June 11.—Mrs. Lillian J. Adams was today appointed city treasurer of Kansas City, Kan., by Mayor Craddock, to succeed her husband, John Adams, who retired last night. Mrs. Adams had been her husband's principal deputy for the last five years.

Good appetite and cheerfulness follows the use of Prickly Ash Bitters. It purifies the blood, liver and bowels and makes life worth living.

THUNDERSTORMS AND COOLER

Cessation of Hot Wave Promised for the Grain Raising Region of the West.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Forecast:

For Nebraska, Kansas, Indian Territory and Oklahoma—Showers, thunderstorms and cooler Thursday; Friday fair.

For Iowa—Showers Thursday; cooler in extreme western portion; Friday fair in west, showers in east portion.

For Illinois—Showers, thunderstorms and cooler Thursday; Friday partly cloudy, probably showers; fresh south winds, becoming variable.

For Missouri—Showers, thunderstorms and cooler Thursday; Friday showers, except fair in northwest portion.

For North Dakota—Fair Thursday; cooler in northwest portion; Friday fair.

For South Dakota—Showers Thursday; Friday fair.

For Colorado and Wyoming—Showers and thunderstorms Thursday; Friday fair.

Local Record.

OFFICE OF THE WEATHER BUREAU, OMAHA, June 11.—Official record of temperature and precipitation compared with the corresponding day of the last three years:

	1902.	1901.	1900.	1899.
Maximum temperature	90	91	80	82
Minimum temperature	70	70	56	64
Mean temperature	80	80	68	73
Precipitation	.00	.00	.00	.00

Record of temperature and precipitation at Omaha for this day and since March 1, 1902:

Normal temperature	71
Excess for the day	9
Total since March 1	401
Normal precipitation	.19 inch
Deficiency for the day	.19 inch
Total rainfall since March 1	6.90 inches
Deficiency since March 1	4.07 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1901	3.04 inches
Deficiency for cor. period, 1900	3.08 inches

Reports from Stations at 7 P. M.

CONDITION OF THE WEATHER.	Temperature at 7 p. m.	Maximum temperature.	Precipitation.
Omaha, clear	80	90	.00
Valentine, cloudy	74	80	.00
North Platte, cloudy	78	84	.00
Cheyenne, cloudy	72	[illegible]	.00
Salt Lake City, clear	86	88	[illegible]
Rapid City, cloudy	78	80	T
Huron, cloudy	66	76	T
Williston, clear	64	76	.00
Chicago, cloudy	78	82	.00
St. Louis, part cloudy	92	98	.00
St. Paul, cloudy	70	76	.00
Davenport, raining	74	82	.02
Kansas City, clear	90	94	.00
Havre, part cloudy	70	74	.00
Helena, clear	74	76	.00
Bismarck, cloudy	68	70	.00
Galveston, clear	84	86	.00

T indicates trace of precipitation.

L. A. WELSH, Local Forecast Official.

Dyspepsia is Catarrh of the Stomach.

Many Women Have Catarrh of the Stomach and Do Not Know It.

Pe-ru-na Cures Catarrh Wherever Located.

Miss Moore Suffered for Years With Catarrhal Dyspepsia—Ordinary Remedies Failed to Cure—Pe-ru-na Made Her Well and Strong.

Miss Amanda Moore, Marshall, Tex., writes:

"I have suffered for several years past with acute dyspepsia and trying several remedies without any help, decided that it was my fate to suffer through life. Last winter I took Peruna for a severe catarrh, the effects of a cold and you can imagine my joy when I found that this wonderful remedy not only cured my catarrh but helped my dyspepsia.

"I took three bottles and found myself well and strong. I can now eat heartily and have gained twelve pounds and have good reason to praise Peruna."—Miss Amanda Moore.

For the most acute cases of dyspepsia and the most chronic and stubborn cases of catarrh of the stomach Peruna is an unfailing cure.

Mr. E. E. Gaston, of Milton, Iowa, in a recent letter to Dr. Hartman, says:

"My wife has been sick with stomach trouble for almost three years.

"During that time we doctored with three of the best doctors in this part of the country, but they did her no good. She fell off in flesh from 134 pounds to 80 pounds, and was unable to do anything; in fact, was confined to her bed a good part of the time. Everything she ate she would throw up, even water. The last doctor we had examined her and said she had cancer of the stomach, and said he could do her no good except to give her something to relieve the pain, and that he would not advise us to have an operation performed. This coming from one whom I have always had great confidence in, you cannot imagine my feelings and thoughts.

"It was then we decided to quit doctoring and try Peruna, and from the beginning it helped her. She is now able to do all the housework. She is gaining in flesh and I think will soon be back to her former weight.

"To make a long story short, we owe her life to Peruna, for I am satisfied had we not tried it she would now be in the grave."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be glad to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

BROWNELL HALL

Graduates of five of the best known colleges of America included in corps of instructors. Music, Art and Modern Languages taught by women of extended residence in European capitals, under the instruction of the best masters. Gives good general education and prepares for any college open to women. Principal's certificate admits to college. Out-door sports, splendid gymnasium under direction of professional instructor. MISS MACRAE, Principal, Omaha.

MOVE BEFORE IT IS HOT.

It is anything but pleasant to have a hot office in which to work during July and August. The time to remedy this is now.

There is no building in Omaha so well constructed with reference to the comfort of its tenants in all kinds of weather as The Bee Building. The court, with its fountain is not only a source of delight to the eye, but furnishes perfect ventilation and the thick walls and southeast exposure make it an ideal summer office building.

There are not many vacant rooms in the building, but the movement in and out of the building has left a few of the very choicest rooms at your disposal.

List of vacant rooms in

The Bee Building

Ground Floor.

Rental. Per Month.

ROOM H: 18x43 feet. Faces Seventeenth street and has windows along the alley. This is a large, light room, and the rental price includes heat, light, water and janitor service. It has an entrance both on The Bee Building Court and Seventeenth street .... Price $65.00

First Floor.

SUITE 101: There is no finer office suite in Omaha than this one. It is located just on the right hand of the great marble stairway, and has unusually large windows looking upon the front entrance way of the building. It fronts on Farnam street. One room is 17x19 and the other 8x19. It has a burglar-proof vault, marble mantel-piece, hardwood floors, and will be frescoed to suit tenant .... Price $75.00

ROOM 104: This room is just at the head of the main stairway on the first floor. It would be a very desirable office for some real estate man or contractor. The floor space is 16x18 feet .... Price $30.00

Third Floor.

ROOM 308: This room is 21x8 feet and is very conveniently located near the elevator. A sign on the door can be readily seen in stepping off the elevator .... Price $15.00

ROOM 338: This room is 17x32 feet and will be divided to suit the tenant. This room is particularly adapted for some concern needing large floor space and is a decidedly handsome office, having an entrance facing the court and windows looking out upon Seventeenth street. It has a very large burglar-proof vault, hard wood floors and is one of the choicest offices in the building .... Price $50.00

Fourth Floor.

ROOM 401: 15x13 feet. This room is next to the elevator and faces court. It has a large burglar-proof vault and is well ventilated. Has good light, and for the price furnishes first-class accommodations .... Price $17.50

Fifth Floor.

SUITE 514: This is a very large room, 17x43 feet. It faces west, but is very light and well ventilated. It is very seldom that space of this size is offered in The Bee Building. It could be used to advantage by some firm employing a large number of clerks, or requiring large floor space—a wholesale jeweler, or manufacturer's agent, who would like to be in a fire-proof building, or it will be divided to suit the tenant .... Price $50.00

ROOM 521: This room faces the court and is 18x14 feet. It has a burglar-proof vault, and as it is near the telegraph office and on the same floor with a number of grain firms, it would be a particularly good room for a grain firm desiring first-class accommodation .... Price $30.00

Sixth Floor.

SUITE 610: This consists of two rooms, both 18½x11½. Each of them has a large burglar-proof vault, have been newly decorated and are rooms where any business or professional man may be comfortable. Price for the two $35.00

R. C. PETERS & CO., Rental Agents. Ground Floor, Bee Building

WESTERN PACKING OUTPUT

Considerable Increase Noted in Number of Hogs Sent to Market During Week.

CINCINNATI, June 11.—(Special Telegram.)—The Price Current says: There is a considerable increase in the marketing of hogs. Total western packing for the week is 495,000, compared with 400,000 last year. Since March 1 the total is 5,575,000, against 6,540,000 a year ago. Prominent places compare as follows:

	1902.	1901.
Chicago	1,865,000	1,780,000
OMAHA	625,000	675,000
Kansas City	555,000	1,040,000
St. Joseph	456,000	513,000
St. Louis	308,000	520,000
Indianapolis	272,000	306,000
Milwaukee	118,000	192,000
Cincinnati	116,000	150,000
Ottumwa	109,000	141,000
Cedar Rapids	106,000	123,000
Sioux City	247,000	213,000
St. Paul	165,000	155,000

Too Great a Risk.

In almost every neighborhood someone has died from an attack of colic or cholera morbus, often before medicine could be procured or a physician summoned. A reliable remedy for these diseases should be kept at hand. The risk is too great for anyone to take. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has undoubtedly saved the lives of more people and relieved more pain and suffering than any other medicine in use. It can always be depended upon.

LADIES CAN WEAR SHOES

one size smaller after using Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder to be shaken into the shoes. It makes tight or new shoes feel easy; gives instant relief to corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age. Cures and prevents swollen feet, blisters, callous and sore spots. Allen's Foot-Ease is a certain cure for sweating, hot, aching feet. At all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Don't accept any substitute. Trial package FREE by mail. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

A BEAUTIFUL WOMAN

is often distressed by Gray or Bleached Hair.

Imperial Hair Regenerator

is the only sure and harmless remedy for either. It is absolutely safe, easily applied, and leaves the hair soft and glossy. It is unequaled for Beard or Mustache. ONE APPLICATION LASTS MONTHS. Sample of hair colored free. Privacy assured. Send for pamphlet.

Imperial Chemical Co., 135 W. 23d St., N. Y. Sold by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.