

LAST TRIBUTE TO SAMPSON

All Departments of Government Represented at Obsequies of Admiral.

LARGEST NAVAL FUNERAL IN MANY YEARS

President Roosevelt at Services in Church—Deputy Head of Honorary Pallbearers—Mrs. Sampson Too Ill to Attend.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—With a pomp and circumstance exceeding that of any naval funeral in this country, the remains of the late William Thompson Sampson, rear admiral in the United States navy, were interred at the North Atlantic station during the war with Spain, were today laid at rest.

Every department of the national government was represented. The executive by the president and his cabinet and many prominent officials of the civil service, the legislative by senators and representatives, the judiciary by the United States supreme court and the military and naval services by officers of all ranks. The diplomatic body, accompanied to many cases by their ladies, attended the church services.

The military and naval features of the ceremonies were brilliant and impressive. They were conducted under direction of Rear Admiral Terry, commandant of the Washington navy yard, assisted by Lieutenant Henry George. The funeral escort gathered early. It was composed of the light battery of United States artillery, commanded by Captain Foote, and drawn from Fort Myer; the naval cadets from Annapolis, in strong, a corps that has paraded in Washington before save on several occasions when a president was to be inaugurated; a battalion of blue jackets from the North Atlantic squadron, of which Admiral Sampson formerly was commandant.

Assembly at Church.

Former Admiral Terry, commanding the escort, with his staff, assembled at the church at 9:30. The word of command was given and the cadets swung into line and, headed by the Naval Academy band, marched slowly from the church to the residence of the admiral on New Hampshire avenue, about half a mile away. Here the honorary pallbearers were gathered, headed by Admiral Dewey. The remains, borne on the shoulders of eight stalwart soldiers from the United States steamship Dolphin, were escorted to the church. Here the battalion formed in line on the north and silently saluted, as the remains were carried into the church and placed on the bier in the chancel.

A prominent figure in the pews directly in the rear of the diplomatic body was Lieutenant General Miles. There were also Major General Corbin and the bureau chiefs of the War department. A notable figure was General Longstreet of the confederate army.

The president arrived at the church almost simultaneously with the funeral escort. He was accompanied by Secretary Cortelyou and Captain Cowles, his brother-in-law. The supreme court had meanwhile been seated and within a few moments the soft playing of music by the Marine band, stationed at the entrance of the church, gave notice of the appearance of the funeral party.

Advancing slowly to the words of a psalm delivered by Dr. Tenny Hamlin, the officiating pastor of the Church of the Covenant, the party turned into the main aisle. Behind the clerical and headed by the admiral of the navy, George Dewey, were Sampson's wife and children, and a number of them were in the United States, and in addition there were Admiral Remy, Admiral Watson and Admiral Walker, and many other notable naval chiefs. The war captains were in full uniform and wore black sword knots of crepe.

As the casket, so closely covered with the blue field of the American flag and banked with crimson roses, was gently lowered upon the bier from the shoulders of the bluejackets, the male quartet sang "Lead, Kindly Light."

Meanwhile the mourners, the family of the deceased, save Mrs. Sampson, who was too ill to attend, were seated, then followed the service, very simple, in fact, little more than the funeral ritual of the Presbyterian church.

A bugle note gave the signal for the march and soon the entire long funeral procession was on its way to Arlington. As the Aqueduct bridge was crossed the guns of the president's yacht Sylph boomed out a funeral salute of minute guns.

The burial ceremonies were simple. As the remains were lowered into the grave the Marine band played the beautiful hymn, "Safe in the Arms of Jesus," and then followed the sounding of "taps" by a bugler, marking the last earthly ceremony over the dead officer. The president and his cabinet did not go to Arlington.

Daughters Have Father Jailed.

COLUMBUS, Neb., May 9.—(Special.)—Dennis Dugan of Platte Center, an aged man and former justice of the peace, was bound over to the district court by Justice Hudson in the sum of \$500 on a peace complaint filed by his daughter Anna for herself and her sister Nellie, both grown. The women allege that their father has assaulted them several times, beating and kicking them severely. In default of bond Dugan was sent to jail.

Women Bread

The disfiguration caused by skin disease, even more than the tormenting irritation which is so commonly associated with it. The use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery generally results in a complete cure of eczema, pimples, eruptions and other forms of disease which have their cause in an impure condition of the blood.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery absolutely purges the blood of humors and poisons, and so cures the cutaneous diseases which are a white and blood breeds and feeds. There is no alcohol in the Golden Medical Discovery and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"I was troubled with a crown of my head to the sides of my feet," writes Mrs. Ella Quick, of Cass City, Mo. "I tried to cure it with all the remedies I could get, but it was no use. I had been using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery for several months, and it had done me more good than any other medicine I had ever used. I had been using it for several months, and it had done me more good than any other medicine I had ever used. I had been using it for several months, and it had done me more good than any other medicine I had ever used."

The Illustrated Bee.

DID YOU EVER THINK

It worth while to save your copies of The Illustrated Bee? If you had started three years ago when the publication was commenced, you would now have a really valuable history of the chief events of the life in the central west during that time, illustrated from photographs made on the spot. This in addition to the many special articles prepared exclusively for The Illustrated Bee and the thousands of pictures that have found a place in its pages. It is not too late to begin to save the files now. You will find that it pays you. Each week's number is complete in itself, but a full file is priceless.

CUBA'S NEW PRESIDENT, Tomas Estrada Palma, is really Cuba's old president, for he was first elected president of the Cuban republic on March 29, 1876. He will be inaugurated at Havana on Tuesday, May 20, amid appropriate ceremonies. On the front page of The Illustrated Bee on Sunday will be found a fine picture of Senator Palma, and along with it is printed a short sketch of his life, which has been dedicated to the cause of his native island.

ROYAL READERS AND THEIR STUDIES tells about the literary tastes and accomplishments of a number of European rulers. Some peculiarly entertaining information is given in this article concerning the follies and fads of royalty. What they know and how they acquire and exhibit this knowledge is told by the writer, who has studied the subject closely. The illustrations are made from photographs of a number of well known, but not often pictured crowned heads.

MUNICIPAL BOOK BINDING is the subject of a special article by Victor Rosewater, which will be of service to all who are interested in public library work. It covers one of the problems of administration which all library boards have to contend with and gives the results of actual experience with a book bindery maintained by the public library. The illustrations are from photographs taken by a staff artist especially for this article.

WHITE HOUSE MESSENGERS do not change with administrations. The "eyes and ears" of the president are men who have grown up in the service and have the special training, added to natural adaptation, without which they would be of no value. Only four of "the old guard" in this service now remain. A special article tells about them and gives an idea of their work and its importance to the carrying on of the detail of the president's daily routine.

STORIES OF INDIVIDUAL DARING are always of interest. In his letter this week Frank G. Carpenter recounts some of the numerous instances of personal courage he encountered during his visit to the Philippines. It is always a pleasure to tell of the coolness and devotion of the American soldier, and Mr. Carpenter does this very gracefully. The photographs used for illustrating the article were made in the Philippines.

OTHER FEATURES ARE MANY and varied. An unusual number of independent illustrations appear in the forthcoming number, all of which will be found of great interest. In addition, the regular departments of the paper have been carefully looked after, and it will be found one of the best numbers in the history of the paper. If you are not a subscriber, you should order it at once from your newsdealer.

The Illustrated Bee.

CLARA TAYLOR ARRESTED

Kidnaped Child in Safe Hands and Woman Held for American Officers.

CINCINNATI, May 9.—Mrs. May Tennant Taylor, the mother of Margaret, and her attorney, Thomas H. Darby, have telegraphed both President Roosevelt and Secretary of State Hay at Washington, requesting them to instruct Ambassador Meyer at Rome to ask that Margaret be turned over to the representative of the Commercial-Tribune, who expects to start for Italy with the officer bearing the extradition papers. The indications are now that the Taylor escort from Europe will include several newspaper men besides the officers.

A special from Washington says that the State department has just received a telegram from Consul Pearson, stating that Clara Taylor has been arrested by the Italian police authorities and will be held for the American officers. Little Margaret is in safe hands, and her speedy return to her mother and father in Cincinnati is now assured. The Taylors were identified by Consular Agent Angello of San Remo.

NO PLEA FOR BEET SUGAR

General Manderson Says It is Railroad Business Which Calls Him to Capitol.

BURKE GETS HOMESTEAD BILL THROUGH

Civil Service Examinations to Be Held for Young Men Who Desire to Enter the Revenue Marine Service.

(From a Staff Correspondent.) WASHINGTON, May 9.—(Special Telegram.)—General C. F. Manderson expressed very great surprise today when he was informed that a rumor had been spread that he would be called before the sub-committee on relations with Cuba to tell what he knows about the beet sugar situation. The general stated that if he was called he would insist that a subpoena should be issued, to be served on him in Omaha, so that he might get the mileage and per diem allowance made in such cases. He said, however, he had no intimation whatever that he would be expected to appear in behalf of the beet sugar interests. On the contrary, he said he was here for the purpose of looking after a bill now pending in the committee on interstate and foreign commerce of the house relating to enlarged powers of the Interstate Commerce commission. He was also here for the purpose of filing definite maps of location for the Burlington road from Billings to Great Falls, Mont., a distance of about 200 miles. He stated that a meeting for the purpose of organization will be held in Billings on the 12th inst. and he would file the maps just as soon as received in Washington after they had been passed upon at the Billings meeting. "On this occasion, however," said General Manderson, "I am following in train of Mrs. Manderson, who is regent of the Mount Vernon association, which is holding its annual meeting at this time at the historic home of the first president."

Mrs. Manderson yesterday presented to the association a rare and valuable curio in the form of a plate of semi-china, made at the time when it was desired to make Mount Vernon the capital of the new nation. The plate, which was made by an English firm, is said to be the only one now in existence and came to Mrs. Manderson from ancestors in Massachusetts.

Gets Homestead Bill Through.

The bill to allow the commutation and second homestead entries on the Great Sioux reservation in South Dakota was called up by Representative Burke and passed today in the house. The bill as it originally passed the house did not provide for allowing settlers who had paid for their lands prior to the passage of the free homestead bill the right to make a second homestead entry. This feature was attached by Senator Kittredge in the senate, and it came back to the house in an essential particular a new bill, providing a procedure being to send it back to the committee or to conference. Representative Burke, however, who had been closely watching the measure, was accorded recognition by the chairman of the committee of the whole to call up the bill, before any objection could be made against its consideration, the bill was passed. This measure affects a very large number of settlers in what was formerly the Sisseton and Wapeton and Yankton reservations in South Dakota and gives settlers who paid the Indian price for land prior to the passage of the free home bill the right to enter upon a second homestead wherever the same may be found.

Senator Allison stated today that congress would, in all probability, include in the general deficiency bill the amount of \$456,417, which Comptroller Tracewell of the Treasury department had allowed to the state of Iowa for refund of money paid as interest from July 1, 1861, to July 1, 1881, and for discounts suffered and other expenses incurred in procuring funds to suppress the rebellion against the United States. Rev. Theodore Morning, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Madison, Neb., is in the city, the guest of Representative Robinson. Mr. Morning is on his way to New York to attend the general conference of his church.

Chances in Revenue Service.

Examinations under the direction of the Civil Service commission will be held for eligible candidates for appointment to the grade of cadet in the revenue cutter service throughout all the states on June 17, 18 and 19. In Nebraska examinations will be held at Omaha, Grand Island and Beatrice; in Iowa at Sioux City, Des Moines, Fort Madison and Mason City; in South Dakota at Deadwood, Mitchell, Watertown and Aberdeen, and in Wyoming at Cheyenne. These examinations will give young men an opportunity to secure appointment to Annapolis an opportunity to enter the civil branch of marine service with practically all the rights and privileges of naval officers. Applicants desiring to take the examination should apply to the secretaries of the local Civil Service board in any of the places named for this examination. The salary of a cadet is \$500 per annum and one ration per day. Applicants must be not less than 18 nor more than 25 years of age, nor less than five feet three inches in height, of good moral character and unmarried. In mental examinations proficiency in mathematics will count fifty points in a possible 100.

Postal Matters.

Representative Burkett stated today that he had received information from the Postoffice department that effective July 1 a company and of this true it must follow that the stock has value. I think the question is material and pertinent." The chair persisted in its ruling. Mr. McIntosh took exception.

Rural free delivery routes will be established in Iowa July 1 next as follows: Atlantic, Cass county, four additional routes; area covered, ninety square miles; population, 1,900. Goodell, Hancock county, two routes; area, forty square miles; population, 78.

The following Iowa presidential postmaster salaries have been increased: Onawa and Osage, \$300; Harlan, Jefferson, Milford, Minora, Monroe, Moulton, Montair, Mount Vernon, Northwood, Ogden, Osceola, Panora, Perry, Postville, Prairie City, Pringhar, Red Oak, Rolfe, Ruthven, Sac City, Sanborn, \$100 each. The salary of the postmaster at Pomeroy has been decreased \$100. The postoffice at Carson, Ia., will become presidential on July 1. The salary of the postmaster will be \$1,000.

The postoffices at Green Center, Iowa county, Ia., and Weights, Yankton county, S. D., have been ordered discontinued. The comptroller of the currency has approved the Bankers' National bank of Chicago as a reserve agent for the First National bank of Estherville, Ia. Mrs. Laura A. Comstock of Cheyenne has been appointed a teacher at Rosebud (S. D.) Indian school. Civil service examinations will be held at

Atlantic, Fort Dodge, Davenport, Cedar Falls, Charles City, Clinton, Grinnell, Ia., Beatrice, Grand Island, Neb., and Deadwood, S. D., on May 28, Cedar Rapids and Creston, Ia., May 31 for the positions of clerk and letter carriers in postoffices at these places.

H. CLAY EVANS' STATEMENT

New Consul General Declares He Resigned from Position of His Own Accord.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—In view of the published statements to the contrary it can be said on authority that Commissioner Evans' desire to sever his connection with the pension bureau was not prompted by any suggestion or promise on the part of the president or anyone speaking for him. His resignation as commissioner was a voluntary act and entirely independent of any outside consideration. After the announcement today that his nomination as consul general to London had been confirmed by the senate, Mr. Evans made the following statement:

"I have been said and much has been written about my resigning from the pension bureau. I am exceedingly grateful for the kind treatment and support I have received at the hands of my superiors, the generous support of the press, the approval of the people and the generous and loyal co-operation of a trained and competent corps of employes in the bureau while holding the most trying position in the government.

About 1,500,000 claims have been adjudicated during the period of my incumbency. There have been no scandals connected with the service or any branch of it. The disbursements through its various agencies have amounted to over \$70,000,000. In view of the repeated assertions that I had been forced out of office I desire to say that such a statement is wholly without foundation. President Roosevelt knew from the first that I was anxious to give up the office, and only waited a favorable opportunity. I resigned of my own accord.

GAS OFFICIALS KNOW LITTLE

(Continued from First Page.)

and are sent there to be posted. "Does your auditor or bookkeeper ever see your books here?" "No, sir."

"Then how can he audit the accounts of your company unless he has access to all your books and records—without access to your sundries sales ledger, for example?" Attorney Pritchett objected to this question and President Karr sustained the objection.

"Have you the company's bank book here?" "Yes, sir."

"You may produce it."

This was objected to and a half hour was spent in arguing the point. The objection was finally overruled. Several items were read from the book, one of which was a single deposit of \$4,000, made in November, 1901. It was afterward arranged that Clabough should make a sworn statement from the cashier showing the company's balance in the bank November 15, 1901. At 12 o'clock a recess of two hours was taken.

Doesn't Know Cost of Gas.

The afternoon hearing opened at 2:30, with Secretary Clabough on the stand. "What was the cost of the manufacture of gas per 1,000 feet per month during 1901?" asked Attorney McIntosh.

"I don't know," answered the witness.

"Doesn't the company keep any data on that subject?"

Attorney Pritchett objected to this question. President Karr sustained the objection and Zimman appealed from the ruling.

"I'll call for a suspension of the rules," said Zimman, and to have the question put to a vote.

Hascall suggested that the board go into executive session instead.

Zimman objected to going into executive session. "I shall probably make a number of other objections to the chair's rulings during the afternoon," said he, "and I refer to the committee room every time we won't have much time left for the transaction of business."

Meanwhile Hascall, who stood close to Zimman, was speaking in support of his motion to retire and the chair was rapping for order. The situation was becoming strained.

"Will you sit down and be quiet?" exclaimed Hascall.

Zimman wiped his face with his handkerchief and retorted: "It's for you to keep quiet, you—your audible atomizer."

The chair shouted for order and announced that the question would be settled by a rising vote.

"All in favor of permitting this question to be answered," said he, "will please rise."

Five to Four, as Usual.

Zimman, Hoyer, Lobeck and Burkley stood up.

"All opposed to its being answered will rise."

Hascall, Karr, Trostler, Whitehorn and Mount arose to their feet.

"The question will not be answered," announced the chair.

"Is it true that the common stock of the company controls the company?" was the next question.

This was objected to and the objection was sustained. Mr. McIntosh said:

"We have a property here that is worth a little for purposes of taxation, not very much, but we want to get at what that amount is. When the city comes to buy it, as it will some day, it will be worth more, and then we'll have less trouble in getting at the values. Now, the common stock controls the election of officers, the personnel of the directors, the salaries of officers and nearly all other functions of the company, and if this is true, it must follow that the stock has value. I think the question is material and pertinent."

The chair persisted in its ruling. Mr. McIntosh took exception.

"Can you tell anything about the cost of the manufacture of gas in 1901?"

"I cannot."

"Have you no information whatever in that connection?"

"None."

"Who does know, if anyone?"

Hascall objected to this question and the objection was overruled.

"Well, the controller of the company in Philadelphia knows."

"Is there anyone in Omaha who knows?"

"I don't know."

Some Reorganization Figures.

The examination again reverted to the circumstances attending the reorganization of the company. It was shown that in August, 1897, the gas company bought the present plant, paying for it \$1,700,000 in 5 per cent semi-annual interest-bearing bonds, \$1,250,000 in fully paid up and non-assessable preferred stock and \$2,500,000 in fully paid up and non-assessable common stock, and assumed a bonded indebtedness then on the property of \$300,000.

Isaac Battin, treasurer of the gas company, was the next witness on the stand. He said he knew nothing of the money paid out for the improvement of the company's plant, since he exercised no authority over this department.

"Does your company keep any record of money invested in this way?"

"Objection," he was told.

Addressing the chair, Mr. McIntosh said: "Can it be this board thinks that this company is so keen to disclose the secrets of its management that the board must intercede to prevent such disclosure? The provision of this board is to get at the facts, yet, judging from what I've been hampered here today, one might think it

Advertisement for SYRUP OF FIGS. The illustration shows a woman in a long dress holding a large bunch of figs. Text includes: 'Acts Gently, Acts Pleasantly, Acts Beneficially, Acts truly as a Laxative.' 'Syrup of Figs appeals to the cultured and the well-informed and to the healthy, because its component parts are simple and wholesome and because it acts without disturbing the natural functions, as it is wholly free from every objectionable quality or substance. In the process of manufacturing figs are used, as they are pleasant to the taste, but the medicinal virtues of Syrup of Figs are obtained from an excellent combination of plants known to be medicinally laxative and to act most beneficially. To get its beneficial effects—buy the genuine—manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. Louisville, Ky. San Francisco, Cal. New York, N.Y. For sale by all druggists. Price fifty cents per bottle.'

was more interested in keeping the truth dark. The examination of Mr. Battin was resumed. "Is there any way we can get at the amount spent in improvements from August, 1897, and November 15, 1901?" "No." Battin knows nothing. "How many miles of gas mains have you?" "I don't know." "When you want to know whether you have a main in a street or not, how do you find out?" "I look at a map." "Please produce that map before this board tomorrow morning. Now, Mr. Battin, haven't you had charge of the laying of mains since 1897?" "Yes." "How many miles of mains have you laid in that time?" "I don't know." "As many as five miles?" "I don't know." "As much as one mile?" "I don't know." "Mr. Battin, don't you think that a man who says he doesn't know when he does is telling a falsehood just as much as a man who answers 'yes' when the truth calls for 'no'?" Objections sustained. "Mr. Battin, you may tell just in a word what you know about the Omaha Gas company." "I can't tell what I know about the Omaha Gas company." (Laughter.) Mr. Battin testified that almost his only duty in connection with the management of the company was to countersign checks. George W. Barker, a stockholder of the gas company, was the next witness. He testified that, so far as he knew, there had been no change in the valuation of the property since November, 1901. He estimated that the property of the gas company at the present time is worth \$1,500,000. The franchise fee thought was valuable and the common stock had no intrinsic value and no value, perhaps, beyond a possible "manipulative value." The bonds had never sold at par, but had sold for less than par. At 5 o'clock the board took a recess to 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Advertisement for FLORODORA CIGARS. The illustration shows a pack of cigars with a woman's face on the label. Text includes: 'Good enough for anybody! ALL HAVANA FILLER. FLORODORA BANDS are of same value as tags from STAR, HORSE SHOE, SPEARHEAD, STANDARD NAVY, OLD PEACH & HONEY and J. T. Tobacco.'

Advertisement for WABASH RAILROAD. The illustration shows a train crossing a bridge. Text includes: 'HALF RATES LONG LIMIT. Harrisburg, Pa., and Return with Stopover at Niagara Falls. ON SALE MAY 14-19, GOOD RETURNING UNTIL JUNE 30. ROUND TRIPS AT HALF FARE WILL ALSO BE SOLD FROM HARRISBURG MAY 21-24 TO POINTS IN PENNSYLVANIA, MARYLAND, AND DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA. THINK IT OVER AND TRAVEL VIA THE WABASH. ALL INFORMATION AT CITY TICKET OFFICE, 1415 FARNAM STREET, (FAXTON HOTEL BLOCK), OR WRITE HARRY E. MOORES, GENERAL AGENT, PASSENGER DEPARTMENT, OMAHA, NEBRASKA. :: :: ::

Advertisement for SAPOLIO BLOOD POISON CURED TO STAY CURED FOREVER. Text includes: 'On account of its frightful hideousness, Blood Poisoning is commonly called the King of all Diseases. It may be either hereditary or contracted. Once the system is tainted with it, the disease may manifest itself in the form of Scrofula, Eczema, Rheumatic Pains, Stiff or Swollen Joints, Eruptions or Copper Colored spots on the face, in the throat, or on the tongue, and sore throat, Swollen Tonsils, Falling out of Hair or Eyebrows, and finally a Leprotic Decay of the Flesh and Bones. If you have any of these or similar symptoms, get BROWN'S BLOOD CURE immediately. This treatment is practically the result of life work. It contains no dangerous drugs or injurious medicines of any kind. It goes to the very bottom of the disease and forces out every particle of impurity. Soon every sign and symptom disappears completely and forever. The blood, the tissue, the flesh, the bones and the whole system are cleansed, purified and restored to perfect health, and the patient prepared anew for the duties and pleasures of life. BROWN'S BLOOD CURE, \$1.00 a bottle, lasts one month. MADE BY DR. BROWN, 882 Arch Street, Philadelphia. Sold only by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co., 10th and Dodge Sts., Omaha.'

Advertisement for LAXAKOLA THE GREAT TONIC LAXATIVE. The illustration shows a man's face. Text includes: 'CONSTIPATION is the open door to all diseases. Violent cathartics leave you worse than they find you. There is only one medicine that acts easily, yet surely, upon the bowels while acting as a tonic, and contains valuable vegetable properties which act upon the stomach, liver, kidneys and blood, and that medicine is LAXAKOLA. LAXAKOLA is not only the most efficient of family remedies, but the most economical, because it cures two medicines, viz: laxative and tonic, and at the same time, it cures so much for the money. At druggists, etc., and for free sample to LAXAKOLA Co., 239 Nassau Street, N. Y. For sale by Sherman & McConnell Drug Co. Home Cure Free. This medicine just what it says. During 40 years' practice I discovered an infallible cure for Constipation and Nervous Debility, and will send a full course of the Remedy, lasting three months, to any one on trial, to be paid for if satisfactory. No Cure, No Pay. Simply send your name and address to LAXAKOLA Co., 239 Nassau Street, N. Y. Office over the 11th Street, between Farnam and Douglas Sts., OMAHA, NEB. DR. McGREW (Age 53) SPECIALIST. Diseases and Disorders of Men Only. 30 Years' Experience. 15 Years in Omaha. VARICOCELE cured by a treatment, safe and most natural, that has yet been discovered. No pain whatever, no cutting and does not interfere with work or business. Treatment at office or at home—a permanent cure guaranteed. Hot Springs Treatment for Syphilis. And all blood diseases. No "BREAKING OUT" on the skin or face and all external signs of the disease disappear at once. A treatment that is more successful, and more satisfactory than the "old form" of treatment and at less than HALF THE COST. A cure that is guaranteed to be OVER 20,000 cases cured of venereal and all unnatural weaknesses of men. Stricture, Gleet, Kidney and Bladder cases, Hydrocele cured permanently. CHARGES LOW. CONSULTATION FREE. Treatment by mail. P. O. Box 100. Office over the 11th Street, between Farnam and Douglas Sts., OMAHA, NEB.'