

The minority stockholders," said Mr. Morgan. "You bought your stock on the open market."

"Not a share," he replied. "What had you learn when you came home about the discussions and as to who had control of the road?"

"By we, you mean yourself and Mr. Hill?" "Not at all, I mean J. P. Morgan & Co. and their associates."

Mr. Morgan said that the corporation were put on the Burlington board in carrying out a community of interest plan.

Old Scheme of Hill's. The project of the holding company for the Northern Pacific common stock had been contemplated for a considerable time—

far back as two years. Mr. Morgan said that Mr. Hill had had him two years ago about organizing a holding company which would throw the Northern Pacific and Great Northern interests together.

"I told Mr. Hill that we could work together," said that witness, "but that we could not form any closer alliance, as that was against law. The idea of forming the Northern Securities company was never thought of previous to May 3," Mr. Morgan said.

Mr. Morgan further explained that after the experience of May 3 he became more strongly imbued with the idea of forming a holding company for the Northern Pacific stock. "This was what occurred to me," Mr. Morgan continued.

"I might die or the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. might be dissolved and in such an event I wanted the Northern Pacific stock to be in safe hands, that the stockholders might not suffer. I did not care who went into the company so long as the Northern Pacific interests were safe, as they would be if I held a majority of the stock."

"Such a majority you could not have without Mr. Hill going in with you?" asked Mr. Lamb. "I could," Mr. Hill did not have control, nor did I."

Mr. Morgan later testified that he had made a large sale of Northern Pacific stock to J. E. Hill.

"How much was it?" asked Mr. Lamb. "I can't remember," replied Mr. Morgan. "Somebody has testified here that it was \$10,000,000 worth," said Mr. Lamb.

"Well, that may be." This seems rather a large transaction. Can you not tell us something about the negotiations?" asked Mr. Lamb.

"A \$10,000,000 purchase of stock does not seem a very big transaction to me. I have forgotten the details," said Mr. Morgan. "Hill and I worked together for some time with him any time. If it had been different I'll tell you an instance of what I could have done. Say that I had bought the Northern Pacific stock in the Great Northern rather high and Hill wanted to buy Northern Pacific."

Mr. Morgan testified that he had been asked to put his Northern Pacific stock in a company that was so large that nobody could buy it. It was deposited in a small company it might be bought.

Mr. Morgan testified that he had been asked to put his Northern Pacific stock in a company that was so large that nobody could buy it. It was deposited in a small company it might be bought.

Mr. Morgan testified that he had been asked to put his Northern Pacific stock in a company that was so large that nobody could buy it. It was deposited in a small company it might be bought.

Mr. Morgan testified that he had been asked to put his Northern Pacific stock in a company that was so large that nobody could buy it. It was deposited in a small company it might be bought.

Mr. Morgan testified that he had been asked to put his Northern Pacific stock in a company that was so large that nobody could buy it. It was deposited in a small company it might be bought.

DELAKEY ESCAPES CORDON

Kitchener Makes a Determined Effort to Capture Boer Leader.

GETS SOME GUNS AND A FEW OF HIS MEN

Large Number of Cattle Captured—British Column Makes a Raid

Night March to Fight Delahey Gone.

LONDON, March 25.—Incomplete reports of the result of the combined movement of British columns against General Delahey have enabled Lord Kitchener to announce the capture of about 100 prisoners, three 15-pounders, two pom-poms and quantities of stock, wagons, etc.

In a dispatch dated from Pretoria at noon yesterday Lord Kitchener says: "At dusk, on the evening of March 25, the combined movement against Delahey was undertaken by columns of mounted men without guns or heavy equipment."

The columns started from Commando's Drakensberg and moved rapidly all night, and at dawn, March 25, occupied positions along the line from the commando's Drakensberg to the Kooi house line. The troops moved rapidly eastward, keeping a continuous line of communication with the enemy against the block houses of forcing an action.

The result has now been reported. Delahey's column, after the commencement of the action, captured 100 prisoners, two pom-poms, two machine guns, 100 mules, carts and wagons, and a large quantity of stores. The troops covered eighty miles in twenty-four hours. "Covered" means that the column have not yet reported their results.

Lord Kitchener in a later message says: "The reports are now in. The total number of prisoners is 100."

CECIL RHODES DEAD

(Continued from First Page.)

suits, as all his enterprises were systematized so thoroughly as not to need the master mind which was so necessary to their inception.

Owing to the very great success of the DeBeers mines, the British Chartered South Africa company and other Great Northern companies, Rhodes' fortune had been steadily accumulating. He lost money by the war, but what he made he must have been trifling compared with the many millions he possessed.

He never lost his open-handed, but somewhat reckless, methods of handling money. Not long ago he walked into the office of one of his confidential associates and threw down a bundle of notes, bonds, etc., saying: "Invest these for me," and went out without waiting to have them looked at. Inspection revealed the fact that they amounted to more than £1,000,000.

How they were invested Mr. Rhodes never knew, or cared for months later, as that night he went off on one of his wandering tours and refused to allow himself to be bothered with the details of the investment of his millions until he returned to England.

The news of Mr. Rhodes' death reached London too late to excite comment either on the stock exchange or in the afternoon newspapers. The bulletin announcing his death, which was sent from Capetown at 6:25 p. m., reached the newspaper offices just as the final editions were going to press.

Some of the half-penny sheets turned out on the evening of the event, but none of the papers did not have the bare announcement of his death.

Thornton was deserted when the news arrived, so there was not a flutter in the market. "Tickers" soon disseminated the news in the club and hotels, where it formed the main topic of conversation, but the event has been so thoroughly discounted that it can hardly be said to have caused a ripple of excitement.

RHODES A PIONEER OF EMPIRE

Earl Grey Furlishes Personal Estimate of Character of Deceased.

NEW YORK, March 25.—Earl Grey before sailing for England gave to the Associated Press an interview concerning Cecil Rhodes, the earl having received cablegrams from South Africa which led him to believe that Mr. Rhodes had died.

Lord Grey knew the monous South African leader intimately, having served with him on the board of the British South Africa company, and the intimacy grew when the earl was governor of Rhodesia. Lord Grey said:

DOLLIVER FOR THE OLEO BILL

Iowa Senator Arraigns the Industry as Lawless.

SAYS IT WORKS UNDER FALSE PRETENSES

Delivers Forceful Argument for Measure Providing Tax Upon Product Which He Declares is for Dairy Interests.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Throughout today's session of the senate the oleomargarine bill was under discussion. The debate was interesting at all times and some phases of it were amusing.

Mr. Stewart of Nevada declared that the proposed legislation was unnecessary and that there was no more reason for taxing oleomargarine than for taxing colored butter.

The principal speech of the day was delivered by Mr. Dolliver of Iowa. He spoke forcefully and throughout commanded the attention of his colleagues and many members of the house who had come to the senate to hear him.

Mr. Dolliver, in support of the bill, said he had been much impressed by the cheerfulness of Mr. Hearst of Massachusetts explained that his reason for supporting the bill was that it was a tax on an evident fraud.

Mr. Dolliver, in support of the bill, said he had been much impressed by the cheerfulness of Mr. Hearst of Massachusetts explained that his reason for supporting the bill was that it was a tax on an evident fraud.

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

Mr. Dolliver declared that "the only way to break up a nest like this was to reduce to a minimum the profits of raceality."

BARLESON CRITICIZES SECRETARY

of State and Hitt Defends Him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Barleson of Texas criticized Secretary of State and Hitt defended him.

NOT ALLOWED TO GIVE BAIL

Neely, Rathbone and Reeves Are Placed in Havana Prison.

SPANISH LAW PRECLUDES ANY BONDS

Counsel for Former Director and Treasurer of Cuban Postoffice Department Will Appeal Their Cases.

HAVANA, March 25.—Este G. Rathbone, the former director of posts, who was arrested last night after having been sentenced the day previous to ten years' imprisonment and to pay a fine of \$35,324, as a result of his connection with the Cuban postal frauds, remained in the Vivac prison all night.

While Mr. Rathbone was talking about the sanguinary battles of the civil war and contrasting the percentage of loss with other decisive battles of the world, Mr. Burleson of Texas raised a laugh by asking him to furnish some comparisons with the bloody battle of Gettysburg and San Juan.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

Mr. Burleson secured the floor and reverted to the resolution passed by the house some time ago calling on the secretary of state for information relative to the refusal of the State department to grant a request preferred some time ago, in behalf of Rev. Dr. Hiram W. Thomas and wife, who desired to enter the Boer lines in South Africa for the purpose of distributing relief to noncombatants.

TO YOUNG LADIES.

From the Treasurer of the Young People's Christian Temperance Association, Elizabeth Caine, Fond du Lac, Wis.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I want to tell you how grateful I am to you for using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I suffered for

MISS ELIZABETH CAINE

eight months from suppressed menstruation, and it effected my entire system until I became weak and debilitated, and at times felt that I had a hundred aches in as many places. I only used the Compound for a few weeks, but it wrought a change in me which I feel from the very beginning. I have been very regular since have no pains, and find that my entire body is as if it was renewed. I gladly recommend Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound to everybody."

At such a time the greatest aid is Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It prepares the young system for the coming change, and is the surest reliance for woman's life of every age.

Young women who are ill to write her for free advice. Address Lynn, Mass.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER

DR. J. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER.

As you ladies will use some cream, GOURAUD'S CREAM is the best. It is the best of all the skin preparations. It is the best of all the skin preparations.

A Wise Woman will try and preserve her beauty. A few drops of the oil of the highest quality.

Imperial Hair Regenerator restores gray or bleached hair to any color, and cures itching scalp.

Man wants but little here below. Said a morbid poet long years ago. I'm prone to doubt that ancients at sage when I look at the Bees' great "Want Ad" page.

Specialist in all diseases and disorders of men.

Dr. Searles & Searles, Omaha, Neb.

WOOD WANTS MAINE RAISED

Urges War Department to Recover Sunken Shell of the Fated Ship.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Wood has brought under the attention of the War department, through the medium of a formal letter, the propriety of making some arrangements for the raising of the wreck of Maine from the ooze and mud in which it lies embedded in Havana harbor.

ALLEGED FORGER IS JAILED

Moses Schwartz, Charged with Forgery Aggravating \$100,000, Captured in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—Moses Schwartz, who was wanted in New York for alleged forgery on the Seventh National bank aggregating \$100,000, was arrested here today by Detective Sergeant McNaught of New York and Detective Meyer of this city.

LOST LAKE

Said to Be Fabulously Rich in Course Gold.

Prospecting for gold makes husky men even if they don't always find the gold. Sometimes these men can tell interesting tales.

Joseph Morehead, whose headquarters are in Elgin, Ore., writes: "Last fall I came down here, attracted by the rich strikes in the Baker City fields. On my arrival I heard a 'fairly story' of a 'lost mine' in the Blue Mountains which was said to be fabulous rich in the best physical and mental workers, including football and baseball players, athletes of all kinds, editors, doctors, ministers, lawyers, business men and other brain workers."

Catarth

The best authorities say, is a disease of the blood.

Therefore local applications cannot cure.

Being a constitutional disease it requires a constitutional remedy—Hood's Sarsaparilla.

By thoroughly purifying the blood, this great medicine reduces the inflammation of the mucous membrane and stops all catarrhal discharges of the nose, throat, stomach, bowels, bladder and generative organs.

Catarth is especially dangerous in persons who inherit or have acquired a predisposition to consumption.

In these and all other catarrhal cases, Hood's Sarsaparilla so thoroughly renovates the blood and restores strength and vigor that it permanently cures.

In fact, because of the character of the disease, and the peculiar merit of the remedy, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the common-sense treatment for catarrth.

"I was a sufferer from nasal catarrth, gradually growing worse. I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla which completely cured me of that troublesome disease." MARY DOAN, 1615 Arrow Ave., Indianapolis, Ind.

Be sure to get Hood's Sarsaparilla

It is sold everywhere. Prepared by C. I. HOOD & CO., Lowell, Mass.

H. F. PETRIE,

The Well Known Home Mover of Omaha Says He Would Not Take \$7.00 a Bottle for It.

CRAMER CHEMICAL CO.

ALLEGED FORGER IS JAILED

Moses Schwartz, Charged with Forgery Aggravating \$100,000, Captured in Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, March 25.—Moses Schwartz, who was wanted in New York for alleged forgery on the Seventh National bank aggregating \$100,000, was arrested here today by Detective Sergeant McNaught of New York and Detective Meyer of this city.

LOST LAKE

Said to Be Fabulously Rich in Course Gold.

Prospecting for gold makes husky men even if they don't always find the gold. Sometimes these men can tell interesting tales.

Joseph Morehead, whose headquarters are in Elgin, Ore., writes: "Last fall I came down here, attracted by the rich strikes in the Baker City fields. On my arrival I heard a 'fairly story' of a 'lost mine' in the Blue Mountains which was said to be fabulous rich in the best physical and mental workers, including football and baseball players, athletes of all kinds, editors, doctors, ministers, lawyers, business men and other brain workers."